Telephone Ringwood 123 Season 1925-26

Established quarter

FLOWERS

for Home and Market



Gladioli Bulbs as We Grow Them.

PRICE LIST

of Choicest Flowering Bulbs, Perennials, Roses, etc., grown by

W. MURFET

NEW STREET RINGWOOD, VIC.

"Ringwood and Croydon Mail" Print. Phone Ringwood 65.



To My Customers



All plants and bulbs listed here are suitable for house decoration and the cut flower trade. They are also most suitable for beautifying the home garden, as they flower over a long period, are very hardy, and easily grown. The plants will all last a number of years, and can then be increased by divisions of the root clumps or cuttings of the branches. This is important, and shows their superiority to seedlings which will usually last only a season. I have about 18 acres under nursery and flowers for cutting situated half a mile from Ringwood Railway Station, and adjoining the railway line on the west, or Melbourne side of Ringwood. All plants and bulbs are grown in the open, thus ensuring hardiness and lessening the liability to disease.

In Summer and Autumn Plant:—Anemones, Babianas, Beladona Lily, Daffodils, Fresias, Gladioli (spring flowering), Hycinths, Ixias, Iris Bulbous, Lachenalias, Muscarri, Narcissus, Ranunculus, Scillas, Tulips, Triponias, Watsonias.

In Winter and Spring Plant:—Ageratum, Calliopsis, Chrysanthemums, Carnations, Cannas, Dahlias, Dielytra, Gladioli (summer flowering). Helianthus, Iris Tuberous, Liliums, Montbretias, Lily of the Valley, Pyretheum, Physostegia, Perennial Aster, Primroses, Roses, Rudbecca, Shasta Daisy, Violets.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Terms are cash with order.

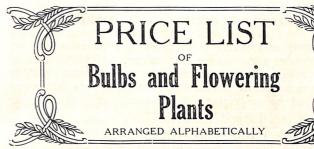
Goods are delivered Free to rail or post office, and travel at purchaser's risk and expense.

All goods are carefully packed free of charge, and will travel to any part of the Commonwealth in good condition, providing, of course, there has been no delay in transit.

Every care is taken to send out goods fresh and true to name, but we give no guarantee as to name or freshness or arrival. Any mistakes that we think was our fault we will be pleased to remedy, if notified immediately on receipt of goods. Not less than 6 at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate, and 500 at 1000 rate.

Please write name and address plainly, adding name of Railway Station and Post Office. Postage should be added if wanted sent that way, and freight where the railway is a prepaid one. Send approximate amount, which can be adjusted after delivery. Please add exchange to cheques, and address communications to—

W. MURFET, NURSERYMAN, NEW STREET, RINGWOOD, VICTORIA.



ANEMONES.

Plant February, March April. Height 12 inches.

A bulbous plant that will give a wealth of bloom through the winter and spring if planted early. Plant 9 inches in rows 2 feet apart.

If wanted early, water in the autumn, to start them growing, manure liberally. All colors, mixed, 1/doz., 6/100.

AGERATUM.

Plant June to October. Height, 18 inches.

In parts subject to heavy frost, late planting is to be recommended. The flowers of this hardy perennial are of a pale blue. The plant has a very vigorous constitution, and flowers continuously throughout the year. Excellent for edging large beds, or clumps for large beds; plant 15 inches apart in rows 2ft. 9in. apart. My plants are much superior to seedlings. 2/6 doz.; 15/100.

BABIANAS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1 foot.

Bedford blue is the only variety of these I grow. It has a nice light blue color, very vigorous and hardy, flourishing under any conditions or soils. Bulbs 1/6 doz.; 10/100.

BELADONA LILY.

Plant December to May. Height, 18 inches.

As this plant flowers in February and March, a season is lost if planted too late. The large bulbs are very hardy, and blooms sometimes while in a box, if not planted. Once established, will flower in the weeds with very little attention. 6d. each, 5/ doz., 30/ 100.

CANNAS.

Plant June, July August. Height, 3 feet.

A gorgeous and stately flower to grow in clumps in the back row of your flower beds. They flower right through the spring, summer and autumn. Any garden soil suitable, pro-

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viding plenty of moisture is available. Principal colors are scarlet, yellow, pink, orange, and spotted. The scarlets, of which I have some very large, brilliant varieties, are the most showy. When left to form a good clump, they are a blaze of red for six months of the year. Strong plants in separate or mixed colors, 1/ each, 10/ doz.

CALLIOPSIS (COREOPSIS).

Plant June to September. Height, 2 feet.

For decorative work, this flower is in great demand. It blooms continuously from November to July. Lancelator, an improved American strain, very large flowers of bright deep yellow, with long stiff stems. Plant 15 inches apart in rows 2ft. 9in. apart. Plants 2/6 doz., 15/100.

CARNATIONS.

Plant August-September. Height, 18 inches.

As I grow these only for the cut flower trade, "Mona," a very large, bright rose pink variety, is the one I favor most. This is much the strongest growing variety I have tried, very free flowering, remaining in bloom throughout the year. Large flowers on long strong stems. Plant 15 inches apart in rows 2ft. 9in. The spring is much the best time for planting. Cuttings available any time. 1/ doz., 5/ 100. Plants available August and September only, 5/ doz., 20/ 100.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Plant July, August, September. Height, 18in. to 3ft.

The Chrysanthemum is one of my specialities, mainly because it is indispensable for florist's work. Coming into bloom, as it does, when most other flowers are going to rest for the winter, and remaining in bloom about three months. It also has remarkable lasting qualities, remaining fresh if stood in water for over a fortnight. It will also grow anywhere. Travel anywhere with rought handling without injury. Those listed below are a selection from the best varieties. For field culture, plant 18 inches apart, in rows 3 feet apart. The tops of the plants should be pinched off when young to cause branching low down. The plants I offer are all sturdy field grown, that has been transplanted to give a good rooting system. 6d. each, 5/ doz., 20/ 100.

Australian Gold.—Golden yellow, large incurving flower, strong grower.

Cricket Ball.—Very bright deep yellow, round ball-like flower of great substance; splendid keeper and strong grower. Early Plum.—A vigorous early plum-colored variety, largely grown by the trade; flowering over a long period.

Edith Cavill.—Deep bronzy chestnut, bright and vigorous.

Golden Champion.—Bronze shade of golden yellow.

Good Gracious.—Light silvery pink; large incurving flower.

Gloriosa .- A nice yellow decorative; very early.

H. V. West.—Deep yellow, long broad petals.

Late Plum.—A very popular market variety, flowering after most others have finished.

Lilian Bird Pink.—A fine decorative variety, with quilled petals. Stands up against all weather. Grown largely for market.

Lilian Bird White.—Similar to above, except color.

Lilian Bird Yellow.—A new variety that we offer for the first time.

Louisa Pocket .- A very large white, winner of many prizes.

Mrs. Kennel.—Both yellow and white in these. Large midseason flowering.

Mrs. A. J. Wellar.—Chestnut and gold. Short sturdy grower.

Mrs. R. Luxford.—Indian red, very rich color, large flower.

Mrs. Norman Baylis.—Large, bright yellow, early.

Pocket's Late Bronze.—Deep bronze. The latest of all; flowering mid-winter.

President Harrison.—Wine red. Strong grower; stands up well.

Ruby Jones.—Large flower; very deep yellow; late.

Rose Day.—Beautiful clear pink.

Red Chief .- Amaranth red; very distinct and free flowering.

Souci d'Or.—Orange brown. A decorative variety of nice coloring; free flowering; splendid habit and constitution; very early.

Sunset.—Another early variety of good habit. Color, a mixture of yellow and bronze. Too small for show purposes, but a beauty for decorative work.

Syringa.—Pink.

Syringa.—Pale Yellow.

Syringa.—White. The Syringa family all have the same tall growth, with wiry stems that seldom break with the wind. They are not as free flowering as some varieties, but are valuable for their lateness, flowering well into July in my garden. They all have nice shaped incurving flowers.

Available July, August, September. Height, 2ft. to 4ft. The Dahlia is a very easy plant to grow, and will bloom over a long period if planted early (August and September). Large tubers planted at this time starts blooming about January 1st, and will continue till about the end of April. soil should be worked very deeply, and given plenty of The varieties I offer manure, and water when necessary. are most suitable for cutting, giving long, wiry stems and good lasting qualities. They are also bright in color and free flowering. Plant 2ft. apart in rows 3ft. 6in. apart.

Named varieties, as below, 1/ each, 8/ doz., 60/ 100. Named Pompons, in 12 varieties, 1/ each, 8/ doz., 60/ 100. White Cactus, best sorts, mixed, 1/ each, 8/ doz., 60/ 100. All sorts, mixed, large clumps, 5/ doz., 30/ 100.

Border King (Cactus) .- A large rich scarlet.

Countess of Lonsdale (Cactus) .- Salmon pink; very free flowering, and exceptionally good lasting qualities; compact bushy growth.

Empress of India (Decorative) .- Deep maroon, tall grower, long stiff stems; ideal for cutting.

Marien Walton (Cactus) .- Beautiful shell pink; large flowers. Miss Jeckell (Decorative) .- Brown splashed with shining gold. Very largely grown for cutting, and is a general favorite.

Mrs. Winborne (Pompone) .- Deep maroon scarlet, larger than most pompoms; exceptionally free flowering on perfect

Phoebe (Pompone) .- Beautiful bright orange, perfect habit and strong constitution.

Samuel Sue (Cactus) .- White, lightly shaded pink; much used for wedding bouquets; large flower, strong grower.

White Lady (Decorative) .- A compact round flower of snowy whiteness; perfect stems and habit, and remarkably productive.

DAFFODILS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 12 to 18 inches.

A most desirable flower, blooming in the depth of winter and early spring, when good flowers as a rule are very scarce. Plant 3 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart. Mixed varieties. A good assortment of long and short trumpets and cup varieties, 1/doz., 6/100. If selection is left to me, I can supply a dozen good varieties at 3d. each.

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W. MURFET, FLORIST and NURSERYMAN Princepts.—A large trumpet early flowering variety. Very

largely grown for market. 1/doz., 6/100.

l'ceticus.—White perianth, flat cup, with scarlet ring. 3/ doz., 20/ 100.

Empelor.—A giant trumpet variety, fine substance; late. 1/6 doz., 10/ 100.

DIELYTRA (BLEEDING HEART).

Plant June, July, August. Height, 18 inches.

Spectabiles.—Rose and white, heart shaped flowers; very beautiful for pot culture or the garden; very easy to grow. 1/6 each.

FRESIAS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 9 inches.

This sweetly scented bulb is too well known to need describ-Can be grown in pots, boxes, clumps or borders. For the latter purpose, plant three rows close together, spacing the bulbs about 2 inches apart, and the rows two inches apart. Plant not more than two inches deep. 1/doz. 6/100.

GLADIOLI (Summer and Autumn Flowering).

Available May 15th to December 15th. Height, 2ft. to 4ft. The Gladiolus has been a speciality with me for many years. I won first prize at the Ringwood Shows for best twelve spikes five years in succession. At the 1925 Show, when something like 200 spikes were staged, I won first for best single spike (variety, Emile Aubrum). I have a large collection of this popular bulb, and can supply most varieties that are worth growing. To grow large spikes for exhibition, the largest and best shaped varieties opening many flowers at once should be selected. I would recommend the following twelve as being amongst the best for that purpose :-- American Beauty, Byron L. Smith, Charlemagne, Emile Aubrum, Golden Measure, M. M. Sully, Mrs. T. Rattray, Prince of Wales, Purple Glory, Rouget de Lylle, King Pearl, Lavandula Major. The soil for Gladioli should be enriched with well decayed manure or bonedust, or both for preference. Work the soil deeply and thoroughly. Plant in rows 2ft. 6in. apart, spacing the bulbs 3 inches apart—a little wider if show blooms are required. Around Melbourne we usually plant from July to early in February. A month or six weeks after flowering, and before the tops die off, the bulb should be lifted, the tops cut off, and the bulbs stored in a dry place until next planting season. A few of the more hardy varie-

By planting at intervals, say one lot each month, starting in July, and finishing the first week in February, they will flower right through from December to June. November-December planted bulbs flower in 10 to 12 weeks. Earlier and later planted ones take a little longer. Keep your ground well worked, and water once a week if very dry. We know of no flower that will give such a variety of coloring, or such a wealth of bloom as the gladioli will, and no other flower will last as long when cut and placed in water. Mixed varieties as dug.

These contain a large number of varieties, including some real good sorts, and will make a fine show—2/6 per doz.; 12/6 100, £5 1000.

Extra Choice Mixed.—Although not named, these are taken from named varieties, and are all real good sorts that will make your garden brilliant for many months—5/ per doz., 20/100.

100 Named Varieties, my selection, 50/.

200 Varieties, £5. Both these collections contain a large number of high-priced Bulbs, and are all separately named.

*Varieties marked thus have long spikes of well placed flowers that are excellent for exhibition.

	Each.	
	s.	d.
*Adelaide De Luxemberg.—Light pink and cream.		
good straight spike, and nice delicate color	1	6
Ameer Very rich crimson, with darker shadings	1	0
Ali.—Light blue of medium size	0	9
Ada.—Soft scarlet powdery, white throat, petals beau-		
tifully ruffled	0	6
*Alexander Edward.—Crimson scarlet	0	6
Alwyn.—Clear blue, one of the best in color	1	0
*Amaranth.—Carmine rose; very large and bright	1	0
America.—Shell pink; a general favorite	0	6
*American Beauty.—Deep rose; a perfect flower, with		
extraordinary long spike; always well placed	2	6
Atlanta.—Rosy violet, cream blotch	1	0
AuriculaLight blue; very dainty for decorative work	0	6
Autumn Glow Salmon scarlet, deeper throat, lined		
yellow	0	6
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W. MURFET, FLORIST and NURSERYMAN Each s. *Averill.—Rosy salmon, yellow blotch, very long spike 1 Baronet.—Soft scarlet, with deeper markings Bernard.—Violet-purple: one of the largest in this color 0 B. J. Hulot.—Deep violet, nice color and good consti-Blue Jay.—Light blue: good flower, but slow to increase 1 Brenchleyensis.—Deep scarlet, with many open flowers 0 *Byron L. Smith.-Light layender, pink; very clear and beautiful Blue Bird.—Light violet blue, with dark blue spots ... Bordeau.—Wine red, shaded carmine *Chalemagne.—Rosy red; exceptionally long and wellformed spike; grand show variety 1 6 Chicago White.—A strong white, with pale lavender *Challenger.—Very rich dark scarlet, large spike Chris.—Intense deep crimson, all of one color Catharina.—Light blue, deeper centre, very free flower-Catleva.—Lilac rose, white blotch; nice decorative *Captain Brandt.—Bright scarlet, dark shading, very *Constance.—Rich salmon, lower petals orange; very free flowering Colombia.—Orange scarlet, powdery white throat ... Do: othy.—Cream, lightly tinted pink; nice clear color Dr. Quick.—Bright rosy purple; large showy variety Dawn.—Salmon, strong grower 1 *Dorothy Duglas.-Light salmon red, tall, well formed 1 Dignity.—Light fawn, strong grower, late *Duchess of York .- Deep violet blue; one of the best and largest we have in this color Dairy Maid.—Creamy white, of medium size *Elegance.—Rosy salmon, cream and lilac centre, good *Everland Kirkland.—Salmon pink; a very graceful and well-formed spike Eclaireur.-Fiery red, dark red blotch; large flower *Empress of India.—Crimson maroon, very deep rich NEW STREET, RINGWOOD, Phone: Ringwood 123

Each Leonie.—Cream, bright crimson spot; nice refined flower	s.	d. 6
	U	0
*L. Immaculie.—Pure white, long spike, strong consti-	0	0
tution	0	6
Lily.—Shell pink, long spike; well placed flowers	0	9
*Libesfeuer.—Brilliant red, long, well placed spike	0	9
Locksley.—Dark crimson, clear white blotch	0	6
*Loveliness.—Creamy buff; large flower, perfect spike	0	6
*Leontes.—Buff, purple spot, splendid spike	2	6
*Lavinia.—Pink and cream; good for all purposes	1	6
*La Comete.—Lilac, white blotch, long spike	2	0
Lord Nelson.—Orange shaded yellow, free bloomer	1	0
*Lindenow.—Clear cream, with no other markings	2	6
*Myrtle.—Light pink; good for decoration and show	1	6
Marshall Foch.—Light pink; an improved America	0	6
*Mahdi.—Rich purple maroon; well opened flowers	1	6
Marie Leomorne.—Soft scarlet, cream throat	0	9
*Mary Pickford.—Creamy white; large spike, flowers		
well placed	2	0
Marie Leon Flushed pink, crimson blotch, very robust	0	6
Miss Priant.—Rose pink, purple throat	0	6
*M. M. Sully.—Ivory white, crimson blotch, long spike	2	U
Mrs. Green.—Pale pink, purplist red blotch; tall strong		
grower	0	6
*Mrs. Dr. Norton.—Silver pink, cream lips. large spike		
of well placed flowers	1	-0
*Mrs. Francis King.—Light scarlet; large flower	0	6
*Mrs. T. Rattray.—Bright rose, perfect spike; cham-		
pion show flower	7	6
*Mrs. F. Pendleton.—Heavily flushed pink, clear red		
blotch blotch	1	0
Niagara.—Flaked creamy buff; large flower, strong		
grower	0	9
Nimrod.—Deep coppery crimson, spotted chocolate, very		
large	1	6
Odin.—Rich orange salmon, large flowers	0	9
Orange Grove.—Beautiful orange, long spike; with		
many open flowers	0	6
Papilio Rose.—Pink, cream lip; very attractive	1	6
Panama.—Deep rose pink; large flower, strong grower	0	6
*P. Gilhooley.—Bright scarlet, ivory blotch; good show		
flower	2	6
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Each	S	д.
Pink Fashion.—Light pink, flaked a deeper shade	0	6
Princepts.—Very bright scarlet, white lips; large flower	0	6
*Prince of Wales.—Salmon and cream, perfect spike,		
very beautiful	0	()
*Purple Glory.—Glowing purple maroon, deeply flaked;		
very large	2	6
Prince of India.—A very rich trown, shaded orange.		
Its very striking color makes it popular with all	1	6
Pride of Haarlem.—Cherry rose, buff shading, splendid		
for decoration	2	0
Pastel.—Light salmon pink	0	9
electival.—Snowy white, large well opened flowers	5	0
Queen Consort.—Lavender blue, scarlet lips	0	6
Red Canna.—Clear red; large flower, long spike	0	6
*Rouget de LylleReddish orange, perfect spike,		
many open flowers	1	6
*Reliance.—Bright orange crimson, chocolate throat	1	6
Rose Pearl.—Clear light pink, improved Wilbrink	0	9
*Renown.—Cream, yellow centre, perfect spike	2	6
Rubina.—Orange scarlet, very large	1	0
Sadie.—Crimson maroon, yellow spot	0	6
*Saphir.—Deep violet; the richest of its color we have		
seen	1	6
*Schwaben.—Lemon yellow; large flower, strong grower	1	0
*Sentinel.—Salmon pink, crimson blotch; very large	1	0
*Titan.—Salmon pink, purple spot; extra large flower		
and spike	2	0
Tommy Atkins Bright scarlet, yellow band; very		
showy	0	9
Trevor.—Deep scarlet, darker scarlet markings; very		
rich	0	9
Violet de Parma.—Violet, feathered white	ì	0
*Verge Lorraine.—White, blue centre, very striking	1	6
*Venus.—Creamy white; large, well opened flowers	1	0
*Victor.—Brilliant scarlet, clear white spot, extra large	1	0
War.—Deep red; good large flower	0	9
White Giant.—One of the largest white varieties	1	0
Willie Wigman.—Creamy white, carmine blotch, very	_	
distinct	0	6
Wilbrink.—Light rose pink; very large flower, and tall	0	Ŭ
growing	0	9
Wyreema.—Deep lavender pink; a very bright, uncom-	U	J
mon color	0	6

W. MORFEI, FLORISI and NORSERIMAN II
Each s. d. White City.—Large flowering white 0 9
Zephlyn.—There are very few Gladioli in my list whose
flowers face both ways on the spike. This is one
of the few exceptions. Listed entirely on account
of its enormous size and pure whiteness 1 0
PRIMULINEUS HYBRIDS.
These are quite distinctive in color and form from the other
summer flowering Gladioli. The rich orange, bronze, buff
and yellow shades make them much in demand for decorative
purposes. The flowers are quaintly hooded.
Alice Tiplady.—Orange saffron; a general favorite 1 0
Arlon.—Light salmon;; good spike 0 9
Atlanta.—Light orange pink 0 6
Cosmos.—Bronze; nice for table decoration 0 6
Darling.—Orange yellow, cream throat; tall growing 0 9
Fire Queen.—Bright scarlet; very scarce 1 0
Hermoine.—Orange, shaded salmon 0 6
Lena.—Bright apricot, tinted green; most uncommon 0 6
L. Unique.—Creamy yellow, overlaid bronze 0 6
Maiden's Blush.—Light pink; very attractive, in great
demand 0 6
Mai.—Amber; tall growing 0 6
Myra.—Salmon over yellow ground, yellow throat 1 0
Orange Brilliant.—Very bright orange 0 6
Phyllis Kelway.—Clear rich yellow; the finest in color
of all the yellows we have tried; very strong grower 0 6
Psyche.—Salmon red; a good bright color 1 0
Prince of Orange.—Orange; very free flowering 0 6
Rose Laisante.—A new variety of a rose pink shade 0 9
Robin Hood.—Dark bronzy red; tall grower 1 0
Rosalla.—Yellow shaded orange, lower petals golden
yellow
Salmon Beauty.—Deep rich salmon, lighter throat 0 9
Thechla.—Pale yellow 0 6
Ulrica.—Salmon, nicely ruffled 0 9
Vanessa.—Salmon and orange 0 6
Yeoman.—Salmon pink, petals ruffled 0 6
All Bulbs listed 6d. each are 5/ per doz.; 30/ 100; 9d.
each, 7/6 per doz., 40/ 100; 1/ each, 10/ per doz. Dearer
ones in proportion.
Not less than 6 of a variety at dozen rates; 50 at 100
rate.

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GLADIOLI (Spring Flowering).

Available February, March, April. Height, 2ft. to 3ft.

These Gladioli flower only in the spring, and cannot be made to flower any other time. They are, on the whole, not quite as large as the summer and autumn flowering varieties. but they serve a very useful purpose, flowering, as they do. before the other varieties start (October, November, December). Very useful for decoration, lasting a week or more. and opening every bud. Mixed, including those listed and a few others, or named, 2/6 doz., 10/100.

Crimson King .- Red, white lines, latest one to flower.

Insignis.—Deep maroon red, purple lines (late).

Mr. Madew.—Violet rose, mid-season; very tree flowering.

Ne-Plus-Ultra (Victoria) .- Crimson lake, white lines; large and early; can be left many years in the one place.

Streaked Beauty.—White, red streaks, very showy.

The Bride.—Pure white; much used for florist's work.

HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflower).

Plant June, July, August. Height, 3 feet.

A remarkably easy plant to grow, and very showy in the garden; also most useful for cutting. Plant several together to make a good clump, or in rows 3 feet apart, placing the plants 18 inches apart. Plants, 2/6 doz.; 15/ 100. Double Flowering, 5/ doz.

HYCINTHS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1 foot.

A most beautiful and sweet-scented bulb, with a wide range of coloring. We can supply the following colors:— Blue, White, Pink, Yellow, Red, Violet, at 1/ each, 10/ doz., or mixed colors, as dug, 6/ doz.

IRIS (Bulbous).

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1ft. to 2ft.

All the bulbous Iris are most useful for cutting, having good stiff stems, and remaining fresh for over a week. Blue is the predominating color, and the most beautiful.

Spanish Iris.—Blue or mixed, 1/6 doz., 10/100.

Dutch Iris.—Larger and earlier than above, 2/6 doz., 15/100. Tingatan.—Improved Spanish, very large blue, 1/6 doz., 10/ 100.

Reticulata.—Deep blue or violet shade; very beautiful, 6d. each; 5/ doz.

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IRIS (Herbaceous or Tuberous Rooted).

Plant June, July, August. Height, 1ft. to 2ft.

A very beautiful class of plant when in bloom. They should be left undisturbed for a number of years to form large clumps. They will then make a very fine show. Plant 15 inches apart in rows 2ft. 6in. apart.

Kaempferi (Japanese Iris).—A very vigorous variety if given plenty of manure and water in the early part of summer. Plants 6d. each, 5/ doz., 30/ 100.

F'ag or Ge: man Iris. - A well-known species that will grow anywhere with little attention. Large violet or mixed colors, 6d. each, 5/doz., 30/100.

Iris Stylesa.—A winter flowering species, blooming right through the winter. Color, bright lavender blue. 6d. each, 5/ doz., 30/ 100.

It is Siberica.—White or blue can be supplied in these. They make a fine cut flower, and are free flowering. 9d. each. 7/6 a doz.

IXIAS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1ft. to 2ft.

A very hardy and free flowering bulb, needing very little attention. The following colors can be supplied :- White blue eye. Scarlet, Yellow, White red streaks, and Mauve. 1/ doz., 6/ 100.

LACHENALIAS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1 foot.

Most of these varieties has spotted leaves. The flowers are bell-shaped, hanging thickly all round the stem. be grown in pots, borders, clumps, or in rows 2 feet apart. spacing the bulbs 2 inches apart. Price, 3/doz., 20/100 Aurea .- a pure deep yellow, good stems.

Nelsoni .- Yellow bells, tipped red.

Tricolor.-Yellow tipped, and shaded green.

Quadricolor .- The bells of this variety have a purple border. Very scarce, 6d. each, 5/ doz.

LILIUMS (Lilies).

Plant May, June, July. Height, 2ft. to 4ft.

These gorgeous flowers make a very fine display if well grown. They like rich soil and plenty of water up to flowering time. Most varieties will throw roots on the bottom of the stem, above the bulb, so they should be planted fairly deep. About 6 inches is not too much. Three planted near each other will make a nice garden clump. For field culture.

- Auratum.—This variety is harder to grow than some of the other sorts. It is one of the most beautiful when well grown. The flowers are white, with gold bands, hence the name of golden-rayed lily of Japan. 2/6 each.
- Candidum (Madona Lily).—Pure white: very fragrant, Will Early, 1/ each, 10/ doz. grow anywhere.
- Candidum, Fl. Pl.—A double-flowering variety of above. I imported these quite recently, I cannot say if they will be much improvement on the single. Supply limited. 2/ each.
- Croceum.—Deep orange, lightly spotted; very beautiful, 1/6
- Erectum.—Scarlet, with rather short stems. 1/ each, 10/ doz.
- Humboldt Hybrid.—Orange and scarlet: very beautiful. 1/ each, 10/ doz.
- Henryi.—Golden yellow; tall branching habit; very hardy. 1/ each, 10/ doz.
- Longiflorum (Xmas Lily).—Large white trumpet-shaped; flowering at Christmas time. A general favorite, and 6/ doz., 40/ 100. very easy to grow.
- Speciosum Rubrum.—White, spotted pink. 1/ each, 10/ doz.
- Speciosum Magnificum.—Heavily flushed and spotted deep pink. 1/ each, 10/ doz.
- Tiger inum (Tiger Lily).—The best known of all the lilies. Will grow almost anywhere, and is very beautiful. Bright orange, with chocolate spots. 6/doz., 40/100.
- Tigerinum Fl. Pl.—A double form of above. 1/ each, 10/ doz.

LILY OF THE VALLEY.

Plant June, July, August. Height, 1 foot.

White, bell-shaped flowers, with a very nice perfume. They prefer a shady place in rich moist soil, and should not be disturbed for a number of years. Roots, 2/6 doz., 15/ 100.

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MARGUERITES.

Plant July, August, September. Height, 2ft. to 3ft.

The daisy-like single marguerite is well known to most people. I have a very large flowering single white, which makes an enormous bush, about six feet in diameter, and flowers continuously for nine months of the year. I also have the double white and double yellow. Plants, 6d. each, 5/ doz., 30/ 100, Cuttings, 1/ doz., 5/ 100

MUSCARI (Grape Hycinth).

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1 foot.

A dainty little bulb for borders, pots, etc. The flowers resemble a miniature bunch of grapes. Their novel shape and bright blue color makes them very popular. Very easy to grow in any soil. They keep well when cut. 1/6 doz., 10/ 100.

MONTBRETIAS.

Plant May, June, July. Height, 2 feet.

One of the most hardy bulbs we have. They will grow anywhere with very little attention. Most useful for cutting. The three main colors are yellow, orange, and scar-2/6doz., 15/100.

Star of the East is a light orange. It is double the size of 1/6 each. most other varieties. Very scare.

NARCISSUS (Jonquils, etc.).

Height, 1 foot. Plant February, March, April.

This list includes the Polyanthus Narcissus, or cluster Those with one flower on a stem are generally known as daffodils. A list of these will be found under the heading of daffodils. All Narcissus are well known and No manure should come in contact with the easily grown. bulb. They should be lifted about every four years, divided up, and planted in fresh ground. Plant in double rows about three inches each way and 2ft. 6in. between the rows, or in clumps of half a dozen, about 3 inches distance between each

Campanellas.-Rich yellow; quite distinct from other yellows; rush-like leaves. 1/doz., 6/100.

Double Roman.-White, with double orange centre; four to six flowers on a stem. A general favorite; very early. 1/6 doz., 10/ 100.

Grand Monark.—White, lemon cup; very large flower trusses on long stems: late. 1/6 doz. 10/100.

Grand Prime.-White, vellow cup; a little earlier than Monark; very free flowering. 1/doz., 6/100.

Paper White.—Pure white, early and valuable for floral work. 1/ doz., 6/ 100.

Soliel d'Or.—Yellow, orange cup. A well-known variety. Very largely grown for market. 1/doz., 6/100.

White Perle.—Creamy white, strong grower; late. 1/6 doz., 10/100.

PHYSOSTEGIA.

Plant June, July, August. Height, 3 feet.

Alba has long spikes of white flowers; something similar to the garden Erica in appearance. 2/6 doz., 15/100.

Virginica.—A pink variety of above, 6d. each, 5/ doz. Both excellent for cut flower work.

PYRETHEUM.

Plant June, July, August. Height, 2 feet.

Double white daisy-like flowers. Largely grown by the trade for white floral work. Very easy to grow, and blooms continuously from November to July. Plant 18 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart. 2/6 doz., 15/100.

PERENNIAL ASTER.

Plant June, July, August. Height, 3 feet.

These are also known as Easter Daisy, Michaelmas Daisy, etc. Most people are familiar with the white one that blooms at Easter time. There are also some other fine colors, such as Blue, Purple, Pink, etc. I grow them in large quantities for the cut flower trade. Plant 18in, by 3ft. Separate or mixed colors, 2/6 doz., 15/100.

PRIMROSES.

Height, 9 inches. Plant, June, July, August.

Most people are familiar with the Primrose in some form or other. I can supply about six distinct colors in single flowering varieties, including Yellow, Heliotrope, Cream, Magenta, etc. Separate or mixed, 3/doz., 20/100.

Also the Double Mauve, or Heliotrope variety. This is most beautiful, and very popular with my customers. flowers continuously from May to October with me. 6d. each, 5/ doz., 40/ 100.

Double Magenta, very rare, 1/ each, 10/ doz.

RANUNCULUS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 2 feet.

These tiny tuberous-rooted bulbs will produce a large bushy plant, that will be covered with bright blooms in the early spring, and remain in bloom for several months. They need a well-drained soil, preferably a raised bed, not too wide and fairly rich. Plant only one inch deep, in rows 2ft, 6in. apart, spacing the plants 1ft. apart. I usually place two together. All colors, mixed, in St. Brigid or other strains,

ROSES.

Plant, June, July, August. Height, 5ft, to 10ft.

To grow good roses, fairly rich land and plenty of water is necessary. Given this and a reasonable amount of cultivation, they will bloom right through the spring, summer and autumn. If the flowers are picked regularly, it will assist the plant to keep blooming by causing young shoots to form where the flower stem was cut. This need not be done until the last bud on the branch has opened.

If selection is left to me, I will send only the best kinds in assorted colors.

3 Standards (2ft. 6in. stems), 2/6 each, 30/doz.

Bush Roses, 9d. each, 6/ doz.

Climbing Roses, 9d. each, 6/ doz.

Remember the above low price applies only when selection of variety is left to me. Write for special quote for 100 lots in Red, Pink and White, suitable for cut flower trade.

RUDBECKIA.

Plant June, July, August. Height, 3 feet.

This flower would be grown much more if better known. The large double yellow bloom on their long branching, wiry stems are very beautiful. They are easy to grow, and very useful for cut flowers.

Golden Glow is the one we grow most of. 2/6 doz., 15/100.

SCILLAS (Wood Hycinths).

Plant February, March, April. Height, 1 foot.

A very hardy bulb that can be naturalised in the grass in . some soils. The bell-shaped flowers hang all round the stem, hence the name of "Bluebells" that is so often applied to them. The blue variety is much the best. I grow it in quantities for cutting. Price, 1/doz., 6/100; also in mixture, containing Blue, White and Pink, same price.

SHASTA DAISY.

Height, 18 inches. Plant June, July, August.

Very largely grown for cut flowers and floral work. The large white flowers are very lasting when placed in water. They also flower over a long period. Arthur Chapman, a new variety, is the largest. The stalks sometimes grow three to four feet long, with blooms up to six inches in diameter. Giant is another remarkably large one, and continues in bloom later than most other sorts with me. It flowers right through the summer, and continues well into July. Purity is the earliest one to bloom. It has very long snowy white petals. with very small centre, which adds much to its beauty. have tried many varieties, and would recommend the above three as the best for all purposes. All one price, 2/6 doz. 15/ 100.

TRITONIA.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 9 inches.

Brilliant orange in color, making a very bright spot in the garden if planted fairly thick, about 12 bulbs on a square root of land, placed not more than 2 inches deep. hardy and easy to grow. 1/doz., 6/100.

TULIPS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 18 inches.

Julging from the demand I have for Tulip Bulbs, I would say it comes next to the Gladioli for popularity. Although I grow large quantities, the supply is seldom equal to the demand. A few people report failures to me, but I must think it is neglect, or a peculiarity in their soil that makes it unsuit-With me they are most hardy and easy to grow. Nearly every matured bulb will flower, and I have never had them decay, or show any signs of disease. They should be planted in well-worked soil, about 4 inches deep and 3 inches apart, in rows 2 feet or 2 feet 6 inches. Keep free from Nothing further is needed. As they flower in September and October, no watering is necessary. should be given sparingly, and never come in contact with the bulb.

As a cut flower the Tulip is very rare and beautiful. It will last in water over a week. Some of the best varieties are nearly as large as a tea cup.

I give here a description of a few of the many varieties I grow. If selection is left to me, I can supply a good assort-

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ment from those listed and a number of other good varieties. Those marked D are the Darwin species, noted for their large blooms, long stiff stems, and generally flowering later than the other species. C are Cottage varieties, bright colors, long stems, mid-season flowering. Bulbs of named varieties, 6d. each, 5/ doz., 30/ 100. One each of 24 varieties separately named, my selection, for 10/. Mixed varieties, all colors, 3/ doz., 20/ 100.

Ant Roozen (D) .- Rose pink, edge of petals a lighter shade.

Carmen (D).—Bright rosy carmine, blue centre.

Clara Butt (D).—Bright salmon and rosy pink; very popular.

Doris (C).—Soft rosy lilac, centre blue and green.

Edmee (D).—Cherry rose, edged silvery rose.

Europe (D).—Orange scarlet, very bright.

Golden Beauty (C).—Deep golden yellow.

Grechen (D).—Silvery pink, round cup-shaped flower.

Inglescombe Scarlet (C).—Deep vermilion scarlet, black base.

Picatee (C).—White margined rose.

Prince of Austria.—Orange; very early.

Pride of Haarlem (D).—Carmine, interior salmon scarlet.

Paliza (D) .- Dark violet, shaded red.

Salmon Queen (C).—Salmon pink.

The Fawn (C).—Fawn, or dove color.

VIOLETS.

Plant May to September. Height, 9 inches.

There are about a dozen varieties of this popular plant. I have tried most of them, and consider Italia and Princess of Wales the best two. Italia is of purple shade, with very large pointed petals on a long stem. Early and continuous bloomer, with plenty of good faliage. Princess of Wales has blue flowers; the petals are more rounded, stems very long and stout, foliage large. I won first prize with this strain at the Ringwood Spring Show several years ago, with nine competing against me. Plants of both varieties available right through the winter. 1/doz., 5/100, 30/1000.

WATSONIAS.

Plant February, March, April. Height, 2ft. to 4ft.

A most hardy and sturdy growing bulb, making very large clumps if left undisturbed for a number of years. several bulbs together to make clumps in your garden. For large beds, space them 6 inches apart, in rows 2ft. 6in. apart.

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1/6 doz., 10/100. Good mixture, including those listed and a number of other good sorts, 1/doz., 6/100.

Alba.—Pure white, large branching habit; tall, strong grower. Cocinnea (Coral Bells).—Red, tipped white; dwarf growth.

Flowering very early (about September), free flowering. Largely grown for market.

Early Scarlet.—This variety blooms in the winter and early spring.

Majestic.—Deep rose pink, tall branching habit. October flowering.

Aubra.—Ruby pink, of strong sturdy growth. November flowering.





Flowers for Market.



MANY of my Customers are interested in growing a few flowers to sell. This is a most interesting and profitable business if conducted on right lines. I make a specialty of catering for this class of customer. I can supply all the varieties necessary for the large or small grower, varieties that will give a continuous supply of cut flowers for every week of the year. I will be pleased to answer any question on this subject, and would welcome a visit from persons interested. Those interested in Gladioli will find March the best month for inspection. I usually have between two and three hundred varieties flowering at this time.



W. MURFET, Nurseryman and Storist, New St., Ringwood, Vic.

