

ERNST GOTTLOB WANKE

PART 1

VC 28051-1

( $\pm$  1821 - 7.8.1897) + children  
aged 76 yrs. #1-7

Gottlob arrived in Melbourne on the "Dockenuden" in April 1849. The first three German ships to arrive in Melbourne — the "Wappeus", the "Goddefroy", and the "Dockenuden" — contained bounty immigrants. At the time, the Australian Govt. was paying a bounty for German immigrants, especially vinecutters, whom it hoped would stabilize the agricultural community here.

The Dockenuden had sailed from Hamburg <sup>ca. Nov. 1848</sup> with 106 souls. Three died en route, five disembarked at Rio when the ship called there for water, and a baby was born during the voyage. The ship therefore arrived at Melbourne with 99 passengers, of whom Gottlob, aged 28, and his wife Anna, 35, were two. The shipping list, attached, shows their place of origin as Berlin, and their religion as Protestant. Both could read and write, and Gottlob gave his occupation as a surgeon.

# List of German Immigrants of "Doekentander"

No	Name	Calling	Age
91	Fritz Kaueran	Architekt Carpenter	31
92	Marie Kaueran	wife	25
93	Theodor Kaueran	Soldier	27
94	Aug: Theod: Künning	Farmer	31
95	Lothar Wanke	Surgeon	28
96	Anna Wanke	wife	35
97	Paul von Müller	Farmer	23

## Cabin Passengers

Kustav B Schmidt	Farmer	Dresden	Protestant.
Charles Julius Enet	Clerk	Hamburg	do

Sailed from Hamburg with 106 Souls

## Died on the Passage

1848 Nov. 12 - Bertha Padel aged 18 months	} 3 Souls
1849 March 4 - Eugen Karstens " 20 years	
" " 22 Augusta Schultz " 19 "	

Called at Rio for water & c. left there

H W D Kullfen	} <u>5</u> " 8
Johann Heitmann	
Carl Voges	
George Lötner	
Frederike Lötner (wife)	

Born on the passage

1849 March 13<sup>th</sup> a male child (mother Pauline Padel)

99 Souls



**Shipping Intelligence.**

**ARRIVED.**

April 20—*Shamrock*, steamer, 200 tons, G. Gilmore, commander, from Launceston 18th, and George Town 19th instant. Passengers—cabin—Mr. Bostock, Miss Bostock, Mrs. Champley, Mr. Peters, Major Frazer, Messrs. Sinclair, Winter, Nolan, Cullen, Austen, Mr. and Mrs. Young, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. Blacklair and family, Messrs. Officer, M<sup>r</sup>Nabb, Gifford, Falconer, 33 in the steerage.

April 21—*Dockenhuden*, barque, 388 tons, J. Meyer, commander, from Hamburg, December 4th, and Rio de Janeiro, February 16th. Passengers—cabin—Messrs. Julius Enet, and G. B. Schmidt; and 97 in the steerage, Mr. Gottlieb Wanke, Surgeon Superintendent. Westgarth, Ross and Co., agents.

**CLEARED OUT.**

April 20—*Osprey*, ship, 768 tons, Honeyman, master, for Lima, in ballast. Passenger—Mrs. Honeyman.

April 20—*Hooghly*, s<sup>h</sup>ip, 466 tons, William Hear master, for London. Passengers—Dr. Baird, N., Messrs Dalgety, and E. Dr. Byron, Watson, and J. Farver.

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April 22—*Capitain*, for Sydney.  
 April 23—*Shamrock*, for Sydney.  
 April 23—*Hooghly*, for London.

**IMPORTS.**

April 21.—*Shamrock*, from Launceston—6 barrels fruit, Pittman; 1 case apples, Cowan; 1 cask apples, Moore; 4 cases fruit, Bell; 1 package plants, Mr. La Trobe: 25 packages fruit, Bowater; 4 casks fruit, Williamson; 1 bale tweeds, 59 packages luggage, 26 packages fruit, 30 bags oats, 10 bags beans, 6 bags flour, 8 horses, 2 half-tierces tobacco, 2 tons hay, 6 cases fruit, Order; 26 packages fruit, Short. For Sydney—5 barrels, 3 packages fruit, 3 cases preserves, Order: 1 bale calicoes, Bennett; 10 packages fruit, O'Neil; 23 packages fruit, Agnew; 14 cases fruit, Rattenbour; 8 packages, Robinson; 9 cases, Antonia.

April 21.—*Dockenhuden*, from Hamburg—9 packages merchandise, Westgarth, Rees, & Co.; 1 box W. Dutton. For Adelaide—1 case Eberlein; 2 boxes, George Pollock; 1 box, M. Meyer & Co.; 1 box, A. Wickman; 1 package seeds, L. Fisher; 3 packages, Stokeman; 1 box, Lehnkuhl; 4 cases, 1 package, 5 baskets merchandise, Order.

**Shipping Intelligence.**

**ARRIVED.**

May 1—*Caiina*, schooner, 55 tons, Taylor, master, from Port Albert 30th ult. Passengers—cabin—Mrs. Lenon and three children, Mrs. Gillen, Mr. M<sup>r</sup>Laren, and 3 in the steerage.—F Pittman, agent.

May 2—*Swan*, brig, 149 tons, Woods, master, from Launceston 27th, and Circular Head 30th ultimo. Passengers—(Cabin)—Mr. C. Bentani, Mr. D. Allen, Mr. A. C. Flowers, Mr. A. Flowers, Mr. Edsell, Mrs. Park, and 10 in the steerage. W. B. Hatch, agent.

May 3—*Barbara*, schooner, 16 tons, Follarton, master, from Geelong, with 34 bales tailow, 18 bales wool, 69 bags potatoes.

**CLEARED OUT.**

May 1—*Enterprise*, schooner, 50 tons, Ball, master, for Circular Head, in Ballast. Passenger.—Mr. Joseph Day.

May 2—*Mary Shepherd*, barque, 625 tons, John A. M<sup>r</sup>Donald, for Guam, in ballast.

May 2—*Lord George Bentinck*, barque, 600 tons, E. D. Edgell, for Calcutta, in ballast. Passengers—Mr. Mitchell, and Mr. John C. Wilson.

May 2—*Zenobia*, barque, 360 tons, G. Godberson, for Sourabaya.

May 3—*Fairy*, schooner, 29 tons, Jennings, master, for Circular Head, in ballast.

May 3—*Dockenhuden*, ship, 388 tons, Meyer, master, for Adelaide. Passengers—Cabin—Messrs Julius Enet and David Ray, and 27 in the steerage, with part of original cargo from Hamburg.

**SAILED.**

May 1—*Annie*, for Launceston.  
 May 2—*Shamrock*, for Launceston.

**IMPORTS.**

May 1—*Caiina*, schooner, from Port Albert—20 bags oats, tubs butter, 1 hogshead ditto, J. Jamieson's tallow, Turnbull Brothers; 1 bale W. and H. Be... 6 ditto sheepskins undies

**THE ARGUS,**  
**FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1849.**

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED.

Friday, May 18—The brig *Sarepta*, 330 tons, Williams, master, from Swansea 22nd November. Passenger—Mr John Wine.

Saturday, May 19—The schooner *Captain Cook*, 74 tons, Athorn, master, from Circular Head. Passenger—Mr Dewhurst.

Monday, May 21—The cutter *Thomsons*, 40 tons, Roberts, master, from Circular Head.

Same Day—The barque *Dockenhuden*, 388 tons, Meyer, master, from Melbourne. Passengers—Julius Enet, and David Kay, in the cabin; Carl Fried Lius, Julius Roell, Carl Holscher, Emelie Holscher, Auguste Holscher, Munica Goesch, Emelie Dietz, Maria Dietz, Reinhola Feller, Julius Pollack, Heinrich Schlichting, J. Wilhelm Trincke and wife, Joseph Hardegen, Auguste Collmann, Heinrich Bardenhagen, Heinrich Schroder, Heinrich Wilse, Auguste Tldener, Frederick Muller and wife, Samuel Muller, Heinrich Gustav Christen, Johann Hecker, Reinhold Bruchmann, Friedrich Meyer, Auguste Bolzmann, Auguste Theodore Bruning, David Kaycomeon Baardin.

CLEARED OUT.

Saturday, May 19—The barque *John Mitchell*, 402 tons, Douglas, master, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mr and Mrs Allen, Mr Mrs Charles and children, and Mr D. Thomas in the cabin; Mr In and three children, and the inter Achurst w children.

Cargo of the *Captain Cook*—65 tons potatoes, 1200 paling, Order.

Cargo of the *Thomsons*—13 500 paling, 4 tons potatoes, Order.

Cargo of the *Dockenhuden*—13 boxes merchandise, 7 packages do., 2 bales paper, 1 sample do., Order. Part of original cargo from Hamburg.

EXPORTS.

Cargo of the *John Mitchell*—50 barrels tar, 20 pockets hops, 19 cases, 19 bales 10 catoteels, 65 boxes, 4 chests, 2 bags, 25 casks, Order; part of original cargo from London.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.

*Ancient Briton* (ship), 411 tons, Jones, master, discharging cargo from Newport. Beck & Co., agents.

*Bountiful* (ketch), 58 tons, Clark, master, lying in the stream. In charge of the Admiralty Court.

*Cacique* (barque), 141 tons, McKie, master, laid on for Hobart Town. W. C. Crane, agent.

*Captain Cook* (schooner), 74 tons, Athorn, master, discharging cargo from Circular Head. J. Newman, agent.

*Cecilia* (barque), 300 tons, Byron, master, loading for London. John Hart, agent.

*Dockenhuden* (barque), 388 tons, Meyer, master, just arrived from Port Phillip. H. C. Stakemann, agent.

*Duchess of Clarence* (barque), 274 tons, Cole, master, discharging cargo from Liverpool and Cape Town. Beck and Co., agents.

*Elizabeth* (schooner), 76 tons, [unclear] master, discharging cargo from [unclear]. [unclear] & Co., agents.

The South Australian Register.

ADELAIDE: WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1849.

THE "DOCKENHUDEN."

This German emigrant ship arrived here from Port Phillip on Monday evening, after having landed the larger proportion of the passengers at Melbourne—where the payment of their own passages seems to have been, and very justly, no small recommendation. Those who have arrived here are two gentlemen in the cabin, and twenty-seven of those who are equally welcome in the steerage.

Our papers from Port Phillip are of no later date than May 4th, and their general contents are not particularly interesting. We cannot consider important the [unclear] valuable [unclear] of coal [unclear]

A story passed through the family tells that Gottlob's wife died on the passage out from Germany, and that he married a widow whose husband had died on the way out.

There is the essence of truth in this, though facts have become distorted with time.

Early Church Records (Book 1, 5 of 5, #3234 and #3235) show that Gottlob's wife and infant son died in 1849. His wife Anna Maria (nee Hahn, I think) died in Melbourne on 23 May 1849 and is buried at the Independent Burial Ground — the cemetery of the Independent Church in Melbourne.

Presumably she died of complications arising from childbirth, for she had given birth to their son Andreas Gottlob six days earlier, on 17 May 1849. Andreas died, aged 13 days, on 30 May 1849 and is also buried in the Independent Burial Ground.

Gottlob remarried on 24 May 1850 to a widow named Pauline Krumbiegel (or Krumbugel), at the Independent Church. They were married by Mr. Morrison, who had also buried his wife and child a year earlier.

Certificates verifying these facts are attached.

We do solemnly declare that we hold communion with  
the Independent or Congregational denomination of  
Christians

3915



Gottlob Weiske.  
Juncker Strömkingol.

I Alexander Morrison Minister of the Independent  
Church Melbourne do hereby certify that Gottlob  
Wanke of Melbourne Widower, and Paulina  
Krumhiegel of Merric Creek near Melbourne  
Widow were married by me on the 24<sup>th</sup> day of May  
1850 in the Independent Chapel Melbourne  
in the presence of Gottlieb Thiele, Philippine Thiele,  
Frangott Vorweg, Wilhelmine Vorweg, & Johanne  
Schumann.

Gottlieb Thiele.

Philippine Thiele

Frangott Vorweg.  
Wilhelmine Vorweg.

Johanne Schumann

Alexander Morrison

Minister

Home of Dec 20	let within	34 years	Other	Other	Home of Dec 20
Ann Marie Kohn Walle 32314 Rudolf Gottl-Wanke 3235 Joseph J. Smith 3236 E. G. Walker 3237	Walker Kohn 5 do. Walker	15 days 17 years 12 years	do do do	23 May 1849 of Mother 30 9 30 7	18 June 1849 do

- Certify the above to be a true  
 & correct return  
 of the  
 Minister

Wm. Brown  
 June 26. 1845





Pauline had emigrated to Australia on the "Wappeus". The List of Emigrants shipped by order of W<sup>m</sup> Westgarth Esquire of Melbourne and under H.B.M. Commissions Grant, to Port Phillip, shows that the Wappeus sailed from Hamburg under Captain Petersen. Included on the list of passengers were ...

J.A. Krumbugel, Agriculturalist, 33, from Dresden, Wilhelmina, 27, Jane Sister 22, Pauline 1 ....  
1 male adult, 2 female adults, 1 female child.

The list of emigrants landed from the Wappeus shows only Pauline Krumbugel, 27, of Dresden, servant, Protestant, reads and writes. There is no mention of the other three who left Germany with her. There is no trace of their deaths in Early Church Records. Perhaps they did die en route to Australia, as family folklore suggests.

Relevant Emigration lists are attached.

It seems that (i) Wilhelmina and Pauline are the same person (ii) it is unclear whether the 1-year-old baby belonged to Wilhelmina or her sister-in-law Jane. (iii) Pauline Wilhelmina must have been born ca. 1822.





# MEDICAL BOARD OF VICTORIA

ALL LETTERS SHOULD BE  
ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY

BOX 4790  
MELBOURNE, VICTORIA  
AUSTRALIA

555 COLLINS STREET  
MELBOURNE

TELEPHONE 616 8071  
(AREA CODE 03)

BS:CF

February 19, 1988.

Mr. D. Aumann,  
RMB 7100,  
YARRAM, VIC. 3971.

Dear Mr. Aumann,

I refer to your letter dated 19 January, 1988 requesting information about Ernest Gottlob WANKE.

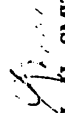
The Medical Board of Victoria have no record of a medical practitioner by that name.

You also requested information regarding institutions in Germany which E.G. Wanke may have attended. The Medical Board of Victoria does not have this information and suggests you contact the:-

German Democratic Republic Consulate General,  
96 Albert Road,  
South Melbourne. 3205.

Telephone: 699-9966.

Yours faithfully,

  
J. H. SMITH  
SECRETARY

Family folklore refers to Gottlob variously as Dr. Wanke, as a ships surgeon, as an almost-qualified doctor or as a doctor whose German qualifications were not recognised in Australia. Certainly his dental kit still exists, as does his set of chemists scales. However, the Medical Board of Victoria has no record of Gottlob Wanke ever having applied for registration... see attached letter.

Note that, if he applied for registration pre-1851, it would have had to be to the Medical Board of N.S.W. I have not yet checked this out.

Gottlob seems to have become a prominent member of the German community in many respects. There are several references to Gottlob in the Argus (eg. 23.9.1850, 24.12.1850, 26.12.1850, 6.1.1851, 11.1.1851, 22.4.1851, 14.5.1851). These show that he was Treasurer of the German Union, 54 Bourke St., Melbourne (23.9.1850), and that he was a member of the German Benevolent Society (11.1.1851).

He also conducted most of the services in Mr. Morrisou's Church and agreed, sometime around 1849-50, to perform the duties of pastor, if called upon to do so. A unanimous call could not be issued, however, as Gottlob subscribed to the views of the "old" or orthodox Lutherans, and was not acceptable to the heterodox party. (See "Under the Southern Cross" p.262).



GERMAN IMMIGRATION.

Minutes of the German meeting held at the Bull and Mouth Hotel, Monday, 16th Sept.  
 Dr. Gumbinner opened the business by a suitable introductory speech, in consequence of which, after having been called to the chair, he laid before the meeting to be taken into consideration the sketch of the fundamental rules for the society. After a few trifling discussions the said sketch was accepted. The first chapter comprehending the whole tendency of the society, runs as follows:—

The chief object of the society under the name of German Union, (Deutscher Verein), is to assist one another, and in uniting, if possible, all Germans of Port Phillip, to give assistance to new arriving German immigrants, to watch over the German interests, to protect them, to promote moral, benevolent, brotherly feelings, and to keep the German name respected amongst our fellow colonists.

Besides the weekly meeting of Monday, another one will be held every Thursday, where instructive and humorous discourses will be delivered. According to the rules the Directory to be in office during a year was chosen, and Dr. Gumbinner elected President; Mr. J. A. Markert, Vice-president; Mr. Oscar Gruenert, Secretary; Mr. G. B. Schmidt, Vice-secretary; Mr. G. Wanke, Treasurer.

A thanksgiving letter, directed to the committee for German Immigration, and to be handed to Mr. Westgarth, was read and carried.

We give a copy of the letter and we give it *verbatim*, because, although requested to correct any slight error, there is an air of earnest truthful simplicity about it, which for us to touch, would only be to spoil:—

Gentlemen,—At the formation of our society, (the German Union), whose members are increasing, we feel bound ourselves to express to you a feeling with which the breast of every one was filled since long time, namely, the feeling of the most upright, warmest, and sincerest gratitude. Gentlemen, since long time you have spared neither pains nor means to assist our countrymen our brothers so kindly, so humanely, and in so indefatigable, benevolent, and generous a manner. You unremittingly endeavored to give an asylum to the unsheltered, employment to the unemployed, care to the suffering, and support to the indigent, and these benefits in so high a degree enjoyed Germans, our brothers from you; Gentlemen, so brave philanthropists.

Though such actions are rewarded by the gratifying remembrance they leave in the mind, and though expressions of thanks how true and sincere soever they may be, cannot increase so vivifying and awful a feeling, yet the members of the German Union deemed it their duty to express thanks. To meet you, gentlemen, upon the noble path you go, for the welfare of our arriving countrymen, to co-operate with you, and to do all our possible to lessen a part of your burden, this is the task which the members of the German Union have proposed themselves. Our forces are strengthened by knowing that a body of the most influential and esteemed citizens of this colony have united themselves for one of the noblest purposes the welfare of our brothers; and we confidently hope that with your assisting hands, and with the help of God, we may attain to you in the accomplishment of the said object.

CHRISTMAS CELEBRATION.

THE following Gentlemen have kindly consented to receive any contributions in aid of the Funds for Christmas Boxes, to be given to British Orphans and German Children of every denomination.

Messrs. Westgarth, Ross, and Co. Market-square.

Messrs. J. Pullar and Co. Collins-street.

Mr Germain Nicholson, ditto.

Mr William Clarke, ditto.

Mr A. E. Cohen, ditto.

Mr Thomas Nicholson, Elizabeth-street.

Mr Hentschel, lithographer, Swanston street.

Mr Wauke, Great Bourke-street.

The Christmas Celebration will take place on Wednesday, the 25th December, 1850, at St. Patrick's Hall, at half-past seven p.m.

The German Union,

J. A. MARKERT

Chairman.

GERMAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—A meeting of this society was held on Thursday, the 9th instant, at the Bull and Mouth Hotel, Mr Markert in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. The Secretary of the Society Dr Schroetteringk, laid before the meeting the fundamental rules of the Society, to which several alterations and additions were proposed by the directory and carried. According to these rules, the entrance money will be two shillings and sixpence—the monthly contribution one shilling, and the payments to be made to sick members two shillings per week, the sickness to be attested by a physician. A proposal of Mr Altman to grant twelve shillings per week during sickness was rejected. The treasurer, Mr Brahe, acquainted the members with his having paid into the Union Bank of Melbourne, £12, the amount now in cash, to which future payments would be added, and the cheques drawn by him (Mr Brahe) and two sureties, Messrs G. Wanke and G. Thiele. The Treasurer was happy to state that during the last quarter, no applications for support had been made, and this he deemed to be a convincing proof of the healthy climate of Victoria. It was announced that the number of members, ladies included, amounted to thirty-three. After some further routine business, the meeting broke up.

GERMAN EVANGELISCH—LUTHERISCH Church.—At one of the last meetings of the members of the Evangelisch Lutherisch Church of this city, the following gentlemen were chosen wardens (Kirchenvorsteher) of this church, to act jointly with the Rev Mr Ruprecht, namely—Messrs G. Wanke, G. Thiele, Tranggott, Jeremy Hempel, senior, Ernst Altmann, H. Lang, August Wernicke, Moritz Helm, H. Runge, and Eroderich Culert, secretary. Mr August Jantich was appointed collector. According to the copy of a letter kindly communicated by Captain Stanley Carr to a German meeting held at the Barracks last Saturday evening, Mrs Carr, at the greatest exertions to procure a German school for this Colony, but up to the 15th of December 1850, the date when the letter was posted, nothing decisive had been settled and further particulars were promised by one of the mails.

Chapter 33

THE FIRST LUTHERAN CONGREGATION  
IN MELBOURNE

THE LUTHERANS who had arrived in Melbourne in 1849 on the vessels *Godeffroy*, *Wappaus* and *Dockenhuden* soon met every Sunday afternoon for divine service, at first in a hall, later in Mr. Morrison's church. Among those who took a lively interest in carrying on the service were the brethren Franke, G. Thiele, T. Vorweg and G. Wanke. As the congregation grew, the question of calling a minister came up for consideration. Mr. Wanke, who had conducted practically all the services, questioned and urged by some of the members, declared himself willing to perform the duties of pastor if unanimously called for that purpose, in accordance with the right and power given by Jesus Christ to a Christian congregation, as confessed by the Lutheran Church in the Smalcald Articles, which state: "Wherever there is a true church, the right to elect and ordain ministers necessarily exists. Just as in case of necessity even a layman absolves, and becomes the minister and pastor of another."

A meeting was called to discuss the matter, but it soon became evident that a unanimous call could not be issued. Mr. Wanke belonged to the "Old" or orthodox Lutherans, who had placed themselves under the spiritual charge of Pastor Fritzsche, and hence was not acceptable to the heterodox party. However, a resolution was passed by the majority that steps be taken to call a Lutheran pastor from Germany. Attempts were made to procure such a minister; but nothing eventuated.

A LUTHERAN PASTOR OR NONE AT ALL

With regard to the statement that some of the early Melbourne Lutherans had placed themselves under the spiritual charge of Pastors Fritzsche and Meyer, there is a letter in the archives, written on December 24, 1849, in which a Mr. Wachner, addressing the Missionaries, Meyer, Teichelmann and Schuermann, declares: "We want only a Lutheran pastor or none at all." Other letters are extant which show the close contact there was between the Melbourne Lutherans and the Australian Lutheran Synod led by Fritzsche.

GEHRICKE

Early in 1851 intelligence had reached the Melbourne congregation that one of the missionaries at Moreton Bay, Queensland, would, in all probability, be willing to accept a call to Melbourne because of the partial failure of mission work among the Queensland aborigines. One of the missionaries, by the name of W. Gehricke was therefore sounded as regards his willingness to accept a call. In a letter dated May 10, he inti-

mates his willingness to accept if the Melbourne people were convinced that God desires him to be their pastor. He also gives a brief but interesting account of his life, stating, among other things, that he was born into this world in 1813, and reborn a new creature in 1839. He also states that he had not been ordained a pastor, but simply commissioned to preach the gospel to the heathen.

In the meantime, before the Melbourne people had received Gehricke's reply to their enquiry, a man by the name of Ruprecht unexpectedly put in an appearance in Melbourne (see chapter 21). He offered his services to the Lutheran community as their pastor and was accepted by a large section. Those who were not willing to accept him, were not moved by any objection to his person, but by the fact that they had already made request for a minister from their homeland.

The Germans in Melbourne were divided into various religious factions, two parties predominating, the State Church Lutherans and the Free Church Lutherans. The former refused to accept Candidate Ruprecht because they were expecting a pastor from overseas. They charged those who accepted Ruprecht with a breach of promise inasmuch as they had signed the call for a man from overseas. "What would happen if a pastor came in response to this call? We would have two pastors and would be insufficient to maintain them." A controversy ensued, which even resorted to the public press as the floor for debate.

SERMONS UNSATISFACTORY

Anyway, the minister from Germany never came. Ruprecht, despite his many likeable qualities, could not long give satisfaction to the people because of the rationalistic views he had imbibed, which were reflected occasionally in his sermons. The members of the congregation had also become acquainted with the "opinion" given by Fritzsche with regard to Ruprecht's doubtful theology. At any rate the wardens of the congregation informed him that his sermons were unsatisfactory to many of the people, chiefly because he did not preach Christ and Him crucified, and that the changes he had made in the liturgy, particularly the omission of the Creed, had also caused great resentment. They assured him that they had the kindest feelings towards him and made the friendly suggestion that he should make a serious study of the Scriptures and the Confessions of the Lutheran Church, which they believed to be in accord with the Scriptures. They were withdrawing the call solely for reasons of doctrine and principle, not because of any ill-feeling against his person.

A remarkable thing now happened; namely, most of those who had formerly been in opposition to Ruprecht, now rallied round him, espousing his cause. A meeting of his sympathizers was called and an attempt made to unite the various bodies on the basis of doctrinal indifference; but the meeting ended in confusion. Many of the Germans having caught the gold fever, soon after left Melbourne for the goldfields; and Ruprecht's career in the city came to an end.

Gottlob applied for naturalization on 8 Nov. 1850, and was granted his Certificate of Naturalization on 16 Dec 1850. (Documents attached).

His first purchase of land was at the German settlement at Westgarthtown, where he bought 30 acres of land at £1 per acre. By agreement, he donated one acre towards a Church/School reserve. His block was No.31, of the 1851 subdivision of Section 25, Parish of Keelbundora, County of Bourke, and he made this land purchase on 30 April 1851. It is interesting to note that block no.30 had been spoken for by a German named Krumbugel who never proceeded with the purchase. (Was this J.A. Krumbugel, who died before he purchased the land; or was it Pauline, who didn't go through with the purchase because she had married Gottlob by then ?? ).

Gottlob must have come to an arrangement with Frederick and Johanne Charlotte Gründell about 1851. Gottlob swapped his Westgarthtown block for Grundell's block at Fitzroy, each party paying a nominal £150. Gottlob sold his land on 4 Nov. 1851 and he bought the other block on 14 Jan 1852 (O 230 8 Oct 1851/14 Jan 1852)  
see map on next page

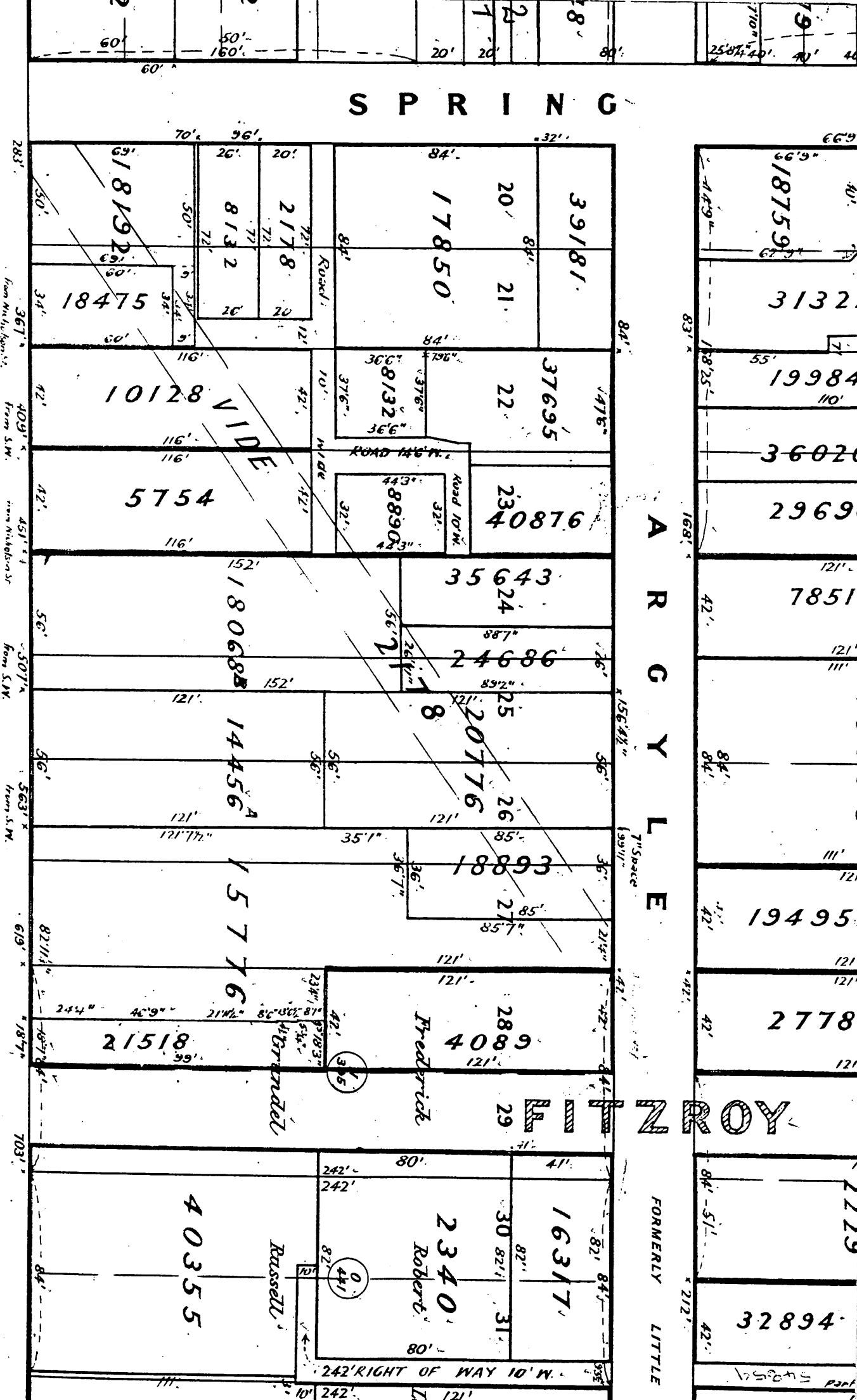


# JOHNS TON

# SPRING

# ARCYLE

FORMERLY LITTLE



ROAD 146' W.

ROAD 10' W.

Frederick

Robert

Russell

283' x 367' x 409' x 451' x 507' x 563' x 619' x 703' x  
From N.W. 1/4 Sec. 15  
From S.W.  
From N.W. 1/4 Sec. 15  
From S.W.  
From S.W.  
From S.W.

242' RIGHT OF WAY 10' W.

Gottlob then proceeded to sell this land at a handsome profit.

These blocks are in Jika Jika, sec. 83.

- |   |     |                              |                                      |
|---|-----|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 572 | 14 Sep. 53 }<br>15 Sep 53 }  | Conveyance to William Moonee, £ 400  |
| 3 | 81  | 26 Oct 53 }<br>27 Oct 53 }   | Conv. to Charles McNicoll £ 131/15/- |
| 4 | 77  | 15 Nov. 53 }<br>22 Nov. 53 } | Conv. to Solomon Lyon Marks £ 126    |

The last quarter of his Fitzroy holding, Gottlob had to mortgage to Wm. Burnley & other trustees of the Union Benefit Building & Investment Society. 26 845 . £ 240. This was taken out in May 1855, repaid Nov. 1856 42 320

- |    |     |                            |                                 |
|----|-----|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 44 | 176 | 21 Dec. 56 }<br>6 Jan 57 } | Conv. to Francis Crawford £ 180 |
|----|-----|----------------------------|---------------------------------|

For map of these subdivisions, see over.

As did many other Germans, Gottlob went goldmining. He was unsuccessful. According to "Early days of Berwick" he went to Castlemaine where he narrowly missed finding a fortune. He returned to Melbourne where he worked as a hairdresser. It is interesting to note that the Bounty List from the Dockswheden shows Gottlob as a barber, and in his application for naturalization he gave his occupation as hairdresser.

(LITTLE)

661' ARGYLE

ST

from Gov. Rd 787' 800'

33' w

COPIED FROM  
RGO SEARCH  
#2340

15776

15776

15776

27

1416  
1577

Application of  
Francis  
Macardew  
2680  
22320  
McArthur

(44)  
176

Crawford

1089

William

(1)  
572

11515

Noone

STEEL

Marks

IRON

Charles

(3)  
81

McArthur

Application of  
William Hudson  
Michael Brady  
No 16317

Application of  
William Wellwood  
No 2340

John Jones

(188)  
5351

Joseph

(P)  
698

14453

Ramsay

Henry

Robert Scott

(19)  
400

Hoyt

No 3181

LRD no 0-719  
17795 - 144-879  
Number of 5163/Sec 215

Space made  
5/13/215

JOHNSTON

ST (Gov. Road) 1 chain wide

5010000 - The for 1/18

Do his Excellency de Charles Augustus Fitzroy,  
Knight's Companion of the Royal Garter, Governor in Chief of the  
Order, Captain General and Governor in Chief of the  
Province of New South Wales and its Dependencies

J. Franke

The Memorial of ~~the~~ Hon. Genl. of Melbourne  
respectfully sheweth,

That your Memorialist is the nephew of Baron von Bismarck  
in Prussia, and is  
aged 27 years, and is

That your Memorialist arrived in the colony of  
New South Wales by the ship "Dorchester" in the month of  
April 1849 and has been resident there since that date,

That your Memorialist begs to refer your Excellency to  
the annexed certificates of character, and of the correctness of  
the statements therein contained, from respectable persons, to  
whom your Memorialist has been known since his arrival  
in the colony.

That your Memorialist being desirous of establishing  
himself for life in this colony, and that on those grounds  
your Memorialist is desirous of availing himself of the  
privileges granted to him by the Act of Council 11 Victoria.

That your Memorialist therefore respectfully requests  
that your Memorialist should be permitted to avail himself of the  
privileges granted to him by the Act of Council 11 Victoria.

Respectfully submitted  
J. Franke  
of the Colony of New South Wales

That your Excellency may be pleased to grant to your  
Mentor, as an ex-gratia under the provisions of the  
said Act, concerning upon your Memorials the privileges  
of a Natural Born British Subject, with the restrictions  
as to your Excellency may seem meet.  
Your Obedience will ever prove

Gotthard Wencke

McLaurin November 8<sup>th</sup> 1850

We the undersigned beg hereby to certify, we have  
known Gotthard Wencke since his arrival in the colony and  
believe him deserving the indulgence he seeks.

Wm. Fleming Jackson  
George Fred

Alexander Pinner (captain) James Pinner  
John McPherson

**NEW SOUTH WALES.**

**CERTIFICATE TO NATURALIZE, UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF AN ACT OF THE GOVERNOR AND COUNCIL, XI VICTORIA, No. 39.** *Goldthorpe*

WHEREAS, in accordance with the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the Eleventh year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act to amend the laws relating to Aliens within the Colony of New South Wales," *Goldthorpe* of *Melbourne*

has presented to me a Memorial, in the form and manner prescribed by the said recited Act, praying that *he* — may be naturalized; And Whereas, I have enquired into the truth of the circumstances set forth in the said Memorial, I the Governor aforesaid do hereby Certify that it has been established to my satisfaction that *Goldthorpe* is a native of *Berlin in Prussia* years

of age, and that having arrived by the *Ship Frederick* in *April 1849* he is now residing in *Melbourne* and *wishing to establish himself*

*for life in this Colony* he desires to

obtain the advantages of the said Act; and I do therefore grant to the said *Goldthorpe* (upon his taking before one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, the Oath prescribed by the said recited Act,) all the rights and capacities within the said Colony of New South Wales, of a natural born British Subject, except the capacity of being a Member of either the Executive or Legislative Council.

GIVEN under my Hand and Seal at Government House, Sydney, in New South Wales aforesaid, this *Seventeenth* day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and *fifty*

L.S. (Signed)

*Charles Fitz Roy*

By His Excellency's Command,

(Signed) *William Lawson*

ENTERED on Record by me, this *Seventeenth* day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and *fifty*

*W. C. G. G. G.*  
for the COLONIAL SECRETARY AND REGISTRAR.

Gottlob purchased 640 acres at Harkaway at Govt. auction on 29 Mar. 1853. At £1/8/- per acre, this came to £896, of which he paid £90 deposit.

He had paid off the balance of this purchase by August 1853.

His property, "Hillcroft", underwent numerous subdivisions. They are outlined in the following pages...

No. of Lots	Ally.	Section	County	Parish	Extent		Wine not sold	W. seal from Mellor	W. seal Mellor	Name	Residence	Levies Mellor	Paid by Mellor	Balance Mellor	Paid by Mellor	Total
					Sold	Unsold										
					817	112	568					54	59	127	2103	2350
35	Por 44		Benwick	Handwritten	33	1	20		£2	£0.10/-	Thomas James Rankinell	Melloness	26		315	351
36	7		Handwritten	Handwritten	40				1.10/-	1.10/-	Charles Baxter	"	5	54	60	
37	8		"	"	40				"	"	William Wilson	Brighton	5	54	60	
38	9		"	"			40		No offer							
39	6	Moorington	Benwick	"			597		£1							
40	7	"	"	"	600				£1		Robert Gardiner	Benwick	60	54	600	
41	8	"	"	"	632				1.9/-		do	"	92	824	916	
42	9	"	"	"	640				1.9/-		Gottlob Wauke	Melloness	90	806	896	
43	10	"	"	"	632				1.5/-		Samuel Crowley	Benwick	80	710	790	
44	11	"	"	"	159	3	15		1.14/-		William Wilson	Brighton	29	257	288	
45	12	"	"	"	263	2	20		1.12/-		Robert Gardiner	Benwick	42	371	413	
46	13	"	"	"	320				1		do	"	32	238	320	
47	14	"	"	"	320				"		Thomas Grant	Melloness	32	235	320	
48	15	"	"	"	632				2.10/-		Robert Gardiner	Benwick	158	1422	1580	
49	16	"	"	"	552				1.14/-		John Cox	Melloness	97	364	461	
50	18	"	"	"	400				9.5/-		Robert Gardiner	Benwick	370	330	700	
51	19	"	"	"	603	1	5		4		Robert Allan	Edinboro	244	2159	2403	
52	27	"	"	"	314				4.9/-		Robert Gardiner	Benwick	159	1042	1331	
53	Por A	1	Benwick	Handwritten	350	1	3		1		James Gordon	Melloness	111	99	110	
54	B	"	"	"	400				1.10/-		John Hamilton	"	90	307	400	
55	A	1049	"	"	440				1.15/-		James Wilson	W. Thunders	100	92	102	



# LAND PURCHASE.

GRANTEE Gottlob Wankle  
 DATE 25<sup>th</sup> August 1853  
 COUNTY Marrington  
 A. 6110 R. 0 P. 0

Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom  
 of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the  
 Faith, and so forth:—

To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:—

Whereas in conformity with the Laws now in force for the Sale of Crown Lands in our Colony of VICTORIA, and Our Royal Instructions under Our Signet and Sign Manual, issued in pursuance thereof,

Gottlob Wankle of Melbourne has become the Purchaser of the Land hereinafter described for the Sum of Eight hundred and Ninety six Pounds Sterling; Now Know Ye, THAT for and in consideration of the said Sum for and on Our behalf, well and truly paid into the Colonial Treasury of Our said Colony, before these Presents are issued, And in further consideration of the Quit-Rent hereinafter reserved, WE HAVE GRANTED and for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, DO HEREBY GRANT unto the said

Gottlob Wankle his Heirs and Assigns, Subject to the several and Admeasurement Six hundred and forty acres be the same more or less, situated in the County of Marrington Parish of Berwick Section

nine Bounded on the North by a line bearing East eighty chains, on the East by section eight bearing South eighty chains, on the South by sections fourteen and fifteen bearing West eighty chains, and on the West by a Road one chain wide bearing north eighty chains being the Land sold as Lot No 42 in pursuance of the Proclamation of the nineteenth day of February, One thousand eight hundred and fifty three

with all the Rights and Appurtenances whatsoever thereto belonging; To Hold unto the said

Gottlob Wankle his Heirs and Assigns for ever, YIELDING and Paying therefore Yearly unto Us, Our Heirs and Successors, the Quit-Rent of One Peppercorn for ever if demanded; PROVIDED Nevertheless, AND WE DO HEREBY RESERVE unto Us, Our Heirs and Successors, all such parts and so much of the said Land as may hereafter be required for making Public Ways, Canals, or Railroads, in, over, and through the same, to be set out by Our LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR for the time being of Our said Colony, or some Person by Him authorised in that respect; AND ALSO, all Sand, Clay, Stone, Gravel, and Indigenous Timber, and all other Materials, the natural produce of the said Land, which may be required at any time or times hereafter for the construction and repair of any Public Ways, Bridges, Canals, and Railroads, or any Fences, Embankments, Dams, Sewers, or Drains, necessary for the same, together with the right of taking and removing all such Materials; AND WE DO HEREBY FURTHER RESERVE unto Us, Our Heirs and Successors, the right of full and free ingress, egress, and regress into, out of, and upon the said Land, for the several purposes aforesaid; In Testimony whereof, We have caused this Our Grant to be Sealed with the Seal of our said Colony.

WITNESS Our Trusty and Well-beloved CHARLES JOSEPH LA TROBE, Esquire, Lieutenant Governor of Our said Colony and its Dependencies, at Melbourne, VICTORIA, aforesaid, this twenty fifth day of August, in the seventeenth Year of Our Reign, And in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand eight hundred and fifty three

L.S. (Signed) C. J. La Trobe  
 in Register of Land Purchases No 12 page 200  
 ENTERED of Record by me, this twenty fifth day of August  
One thousand eight hundred and fifty three

John Foster COLONIAL SECRETARY AND REGISTRAR.

John Foster

27002

124

41635

<p>8000</p> <p>Sect 9</p> <p>Gottlob Wanke</p> <p>640 acres.</p> <p>£ 896.</p> <p>Proclaimed 19 Feb 1853.</p> <p>Auction. 29 Mar 1853</p> <p>Title 25 Aug 1853 #27002</p>	<p>7900</p> <p>Sect. 8.</p> <p>Robert Gardiner.</p> <p>632 acres.</p>
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SUBDIVISION 20 May '54 / 2 June '54

<p>12/537</p> <p>John Aurisch</p> <p>£ 406</p>	
<p>625</p> <p>12/538 Charles Aurisch £70</p> <p>Gottlob Wanke</p>	
<p>2100</p> <p>12/536 Wilhelm Aurisch.</p> <p>£ 220</p>	<p>1900</p>

<p>1650</p> <p>30/989 18 Sept 1855 / 20 Sept 1855</p> <p>Gottlob had to mortgage this for £ 250 to Thos Clarke and Fredk. George Moule</p>	<p>1850</p>
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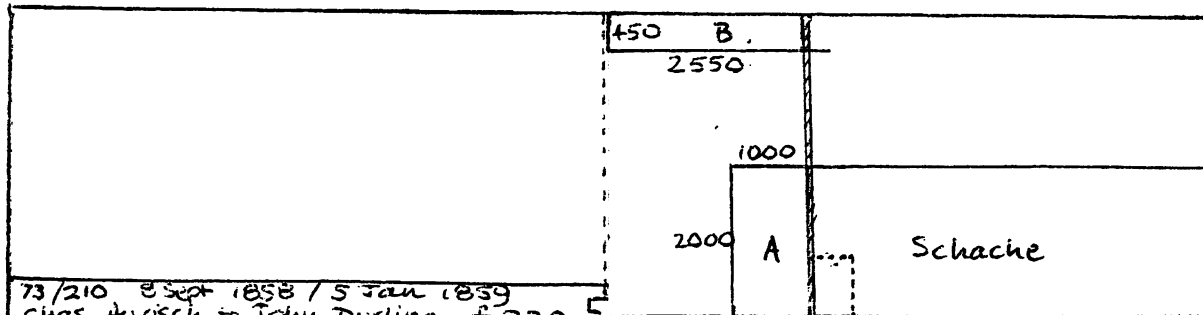
7900

	<p>35/539      20 Feb 1856 13 Mar 1856</p> <p>Robert Gardiner to Gottlob Wanke</p> <p>£ 390</p>
	<p>33/825      27 Dec 1855 19 Jan 1856</p> <p>Robert Gardiner to John &amp; Peter Brisbane</p> <p>£ 834</p>

<p>3250</p> <p>5333</p> <p>375</p>	<p>35/556 Conveyance John Aurisch to Gottlieb Weist</p> <p>7 Mar 1856 13 Mar 1856</p> <p>£ 100</p>
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	<p>5300</p> <p>35/570 6 Mar 1856 / 13 Mar '56 Gottlob W. to Gottlieb Schache £ 208. Re-done 58/808 4 Feb. 1858 due to a minor error in measurements</p>
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2000  
2000

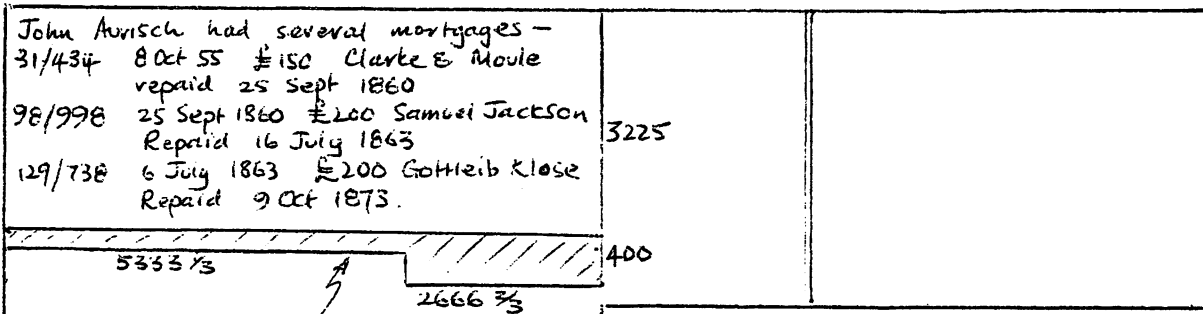


\* 73/210 8 Sept 1858 / 5 Jan 1859  
 Chas. Aurisch to John Durling £220

By 7 Apr. 1858, 61/534, Gottlob had repaid £250 to Clarke & Moule, and once again had the title to this piece of land.

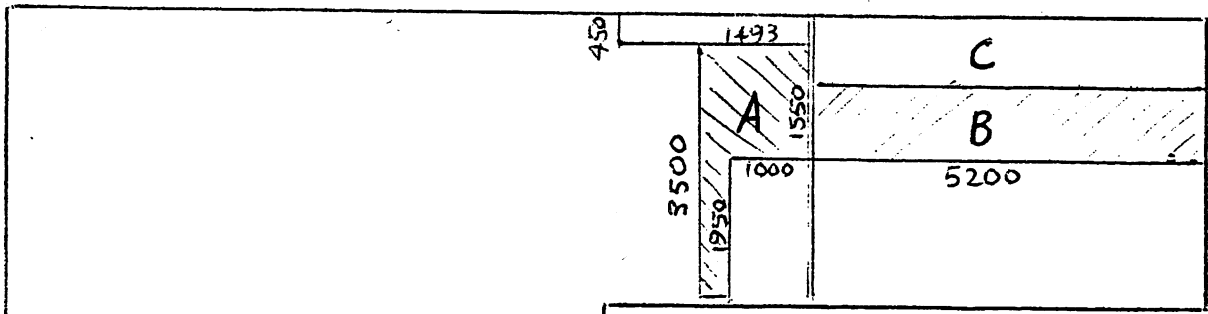
- A. 72/247 Gottlob Wanke to Gottlieb Wanke  
 7 Dec 1858 / 8 Dec 1858  
 £25
- B. 72/248 Gottlob Wanke to Louis Linsing  
 7 Dec 1858 / 8 Dec 1858  
 £34 / 8 / 6

\* Charles Aurisch must have had his sights set on another piece of land, for on 30.9.1859 he purchased 118 acres at Navre Worran, allotment 6, Sect. 23, for £184/3/3.

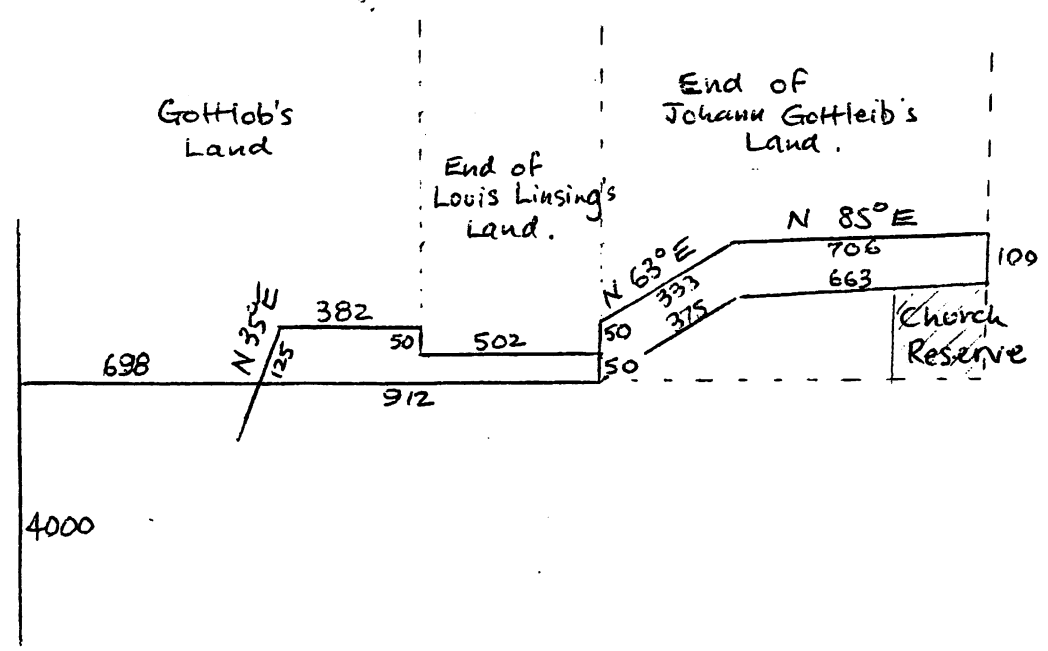
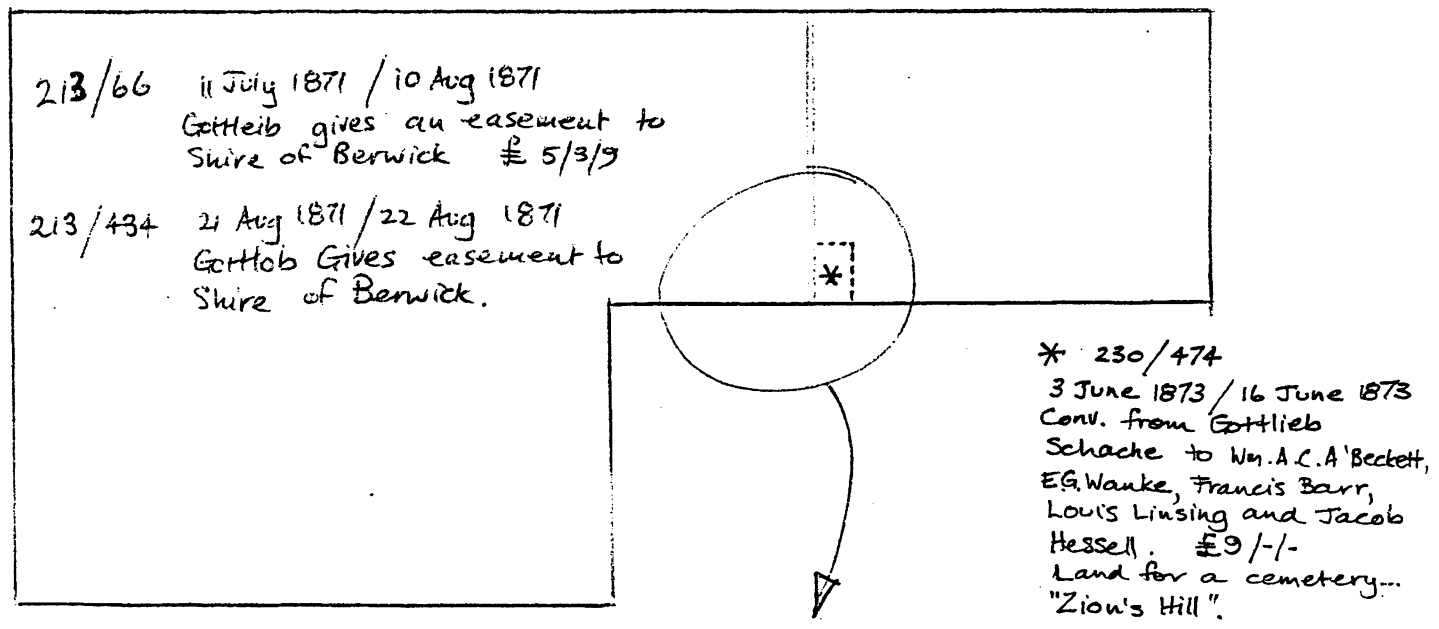
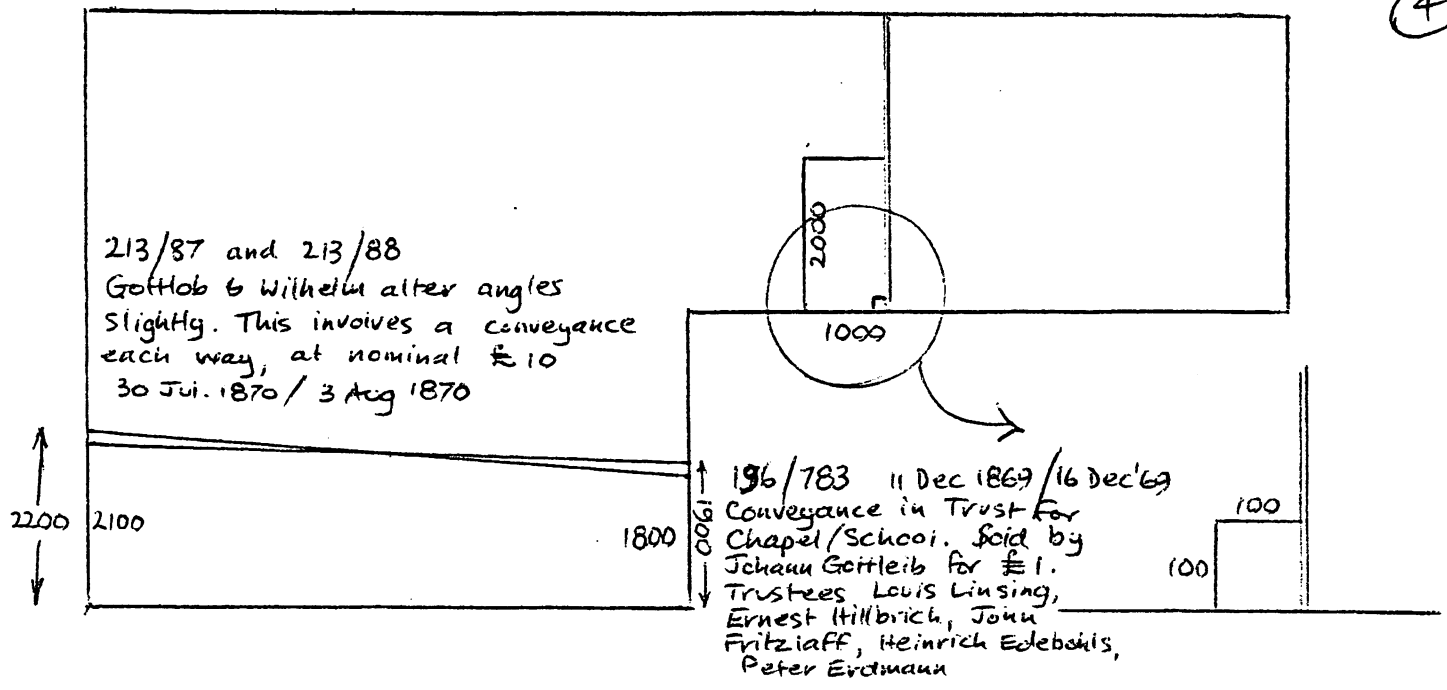


John Aurisch had several mortgages -  
 31/434 8 Oct 55 £150 Clarke & Moule repaid 25 Sept 1860  
 98/998 25 Sept 1860 £200 Samuel Jackson Repaid 16 July 1863  
 129/738 6 July 1863 £200 Gottlieb Klose Repaid 9 Oct 1873.

173/51 21 July 1867 / 4 Sept 1867  
 John Aurisch sold this strip to Johann Lindau



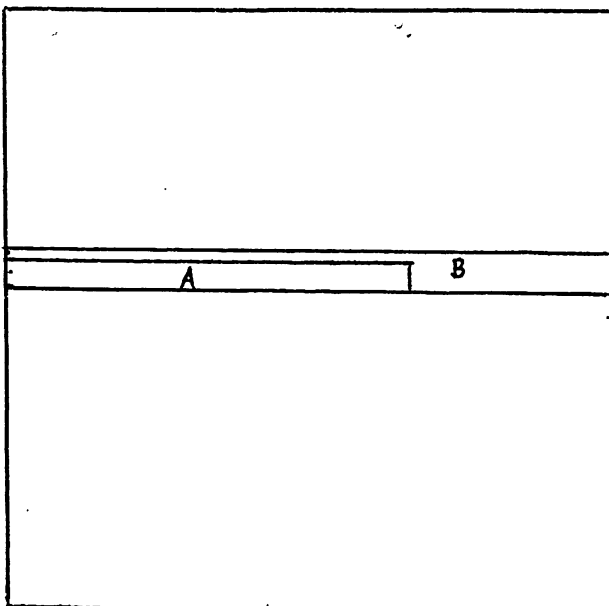
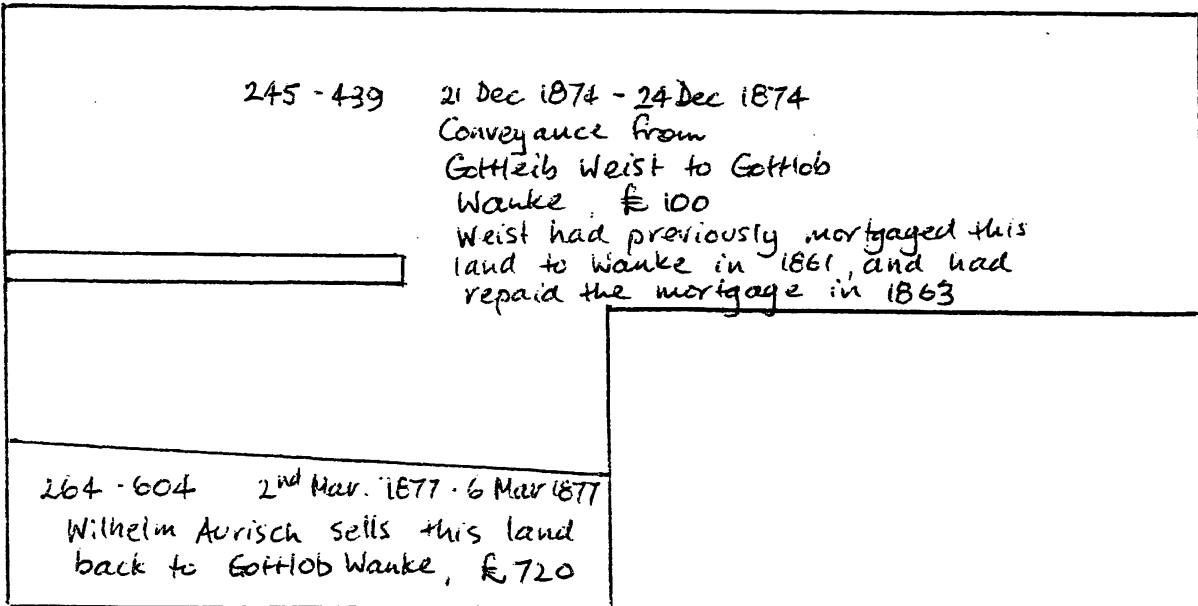
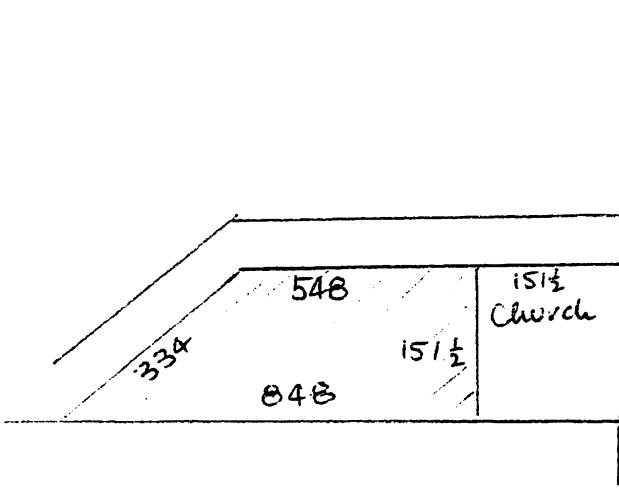
- A 161/247 21 June 1866 / 25 June 1866  
 Sold to Louis Linsing £99
- B. 162/376 21 June 1866 / 1 Aug 1866  
 Sold to Eleonore Scholtz £104
- C 196/668 14 Oct 1869 / 13 Dec 1869  
 Sold to Wilhelm Meyer £117



228/393 8 Apr. 1873

Conveyance of land from  
Johann Gottlieb Wanke to  
Jacob Hessel

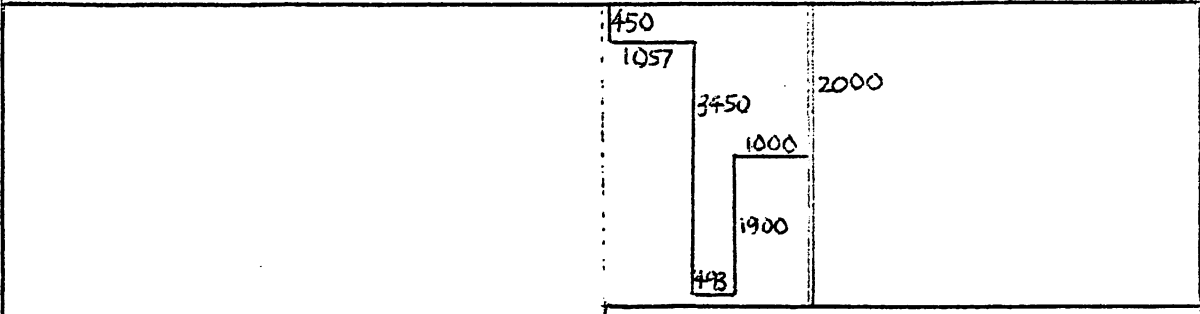
£5



A 263-336 30 Dec '76 - 5 Jan 1877  
Gottlob sells this land to  
Johann Lindau. £130

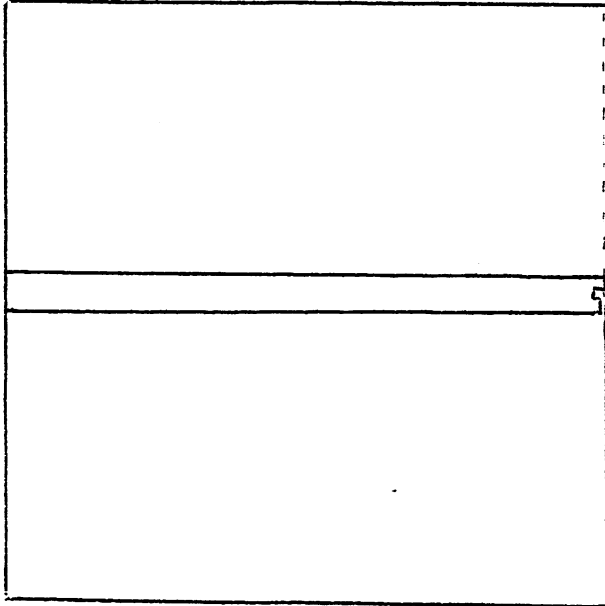
B. Lindau consolidates land into  
one title and lives there till  
1903.  
He then sells the lot to Martha  
Dewar for £800. She has to  
mortgage the land back to  
Lindau and doesn't own it  
outright till 29 Aug 1906.  
On 30 Dec 1907 she sells to  
Patrick & Julia Cooney for £525  
He also mortgages the land, but  
owns it by 7 Dec 1909, on  
which date he sells it to  
George Robert Bailey for £600

2550



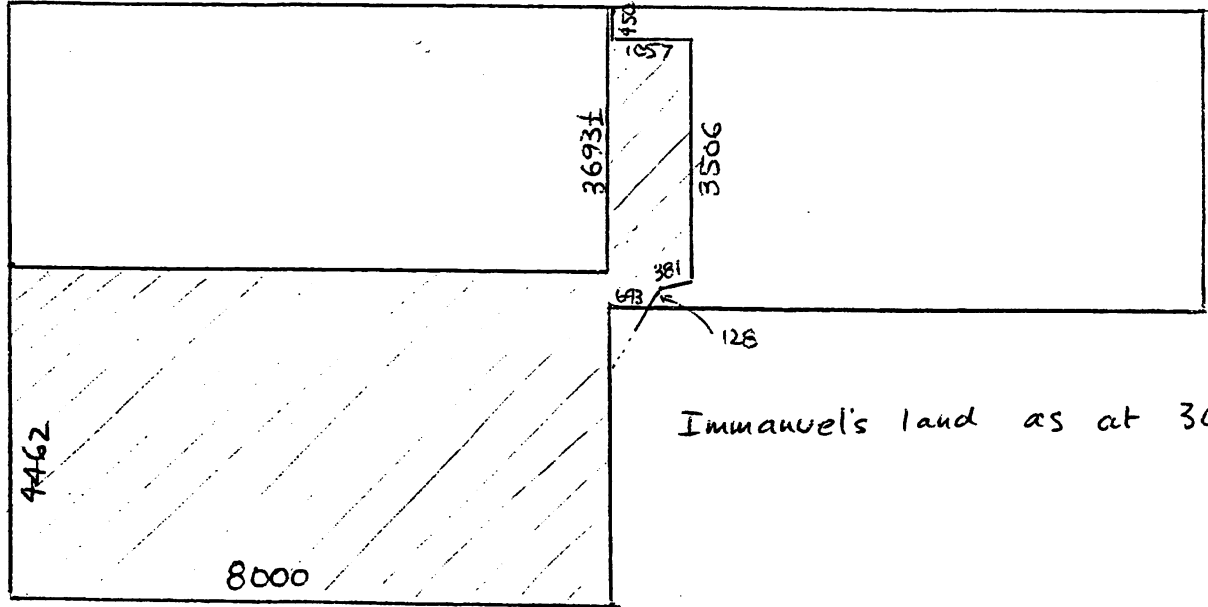
307-63 13 Jan 1883 - 15 Jan 1883  
 Louis Linsing sells his land  
 to Thomas Stone, £ 890

339-425 4 July 1887 - 5 July 1887  
 Thomas Stone sells his  
 land to James Mackie  
 £ 1700.



376-837 4 Oct 1892 - 7 Oct 1892  
 John Durling mortgages his land  
 to Wm. Avrisch for £ 125. He dies  
 on 24.5.1894. His wife Elizabeth  
 repays mortgage 22 Apr. 1896.  
 She mortgages the land for  
 £ 150 on 16, 17 Sept 1902  
 418-965 to John Richards, and  
 repays this on 9 Aug 1905.

431-312 29 Aug 1905, 30 Aug 1905  
 Elizabeth Durling sells this  
 land to Immanuel Wanke.



Immanuel's land as at 30 Aug 1905

Gottlob must have been pleased with Australia, for he wrote and induced his older brother Johann Gottlieb to come out, with his wife Helene, his two sons and his four daughters. They arrived on the "Alster" on 13 Sept. 1855.

The history of the Johann Wanke family is traced separately, in another document.

Gottlob and Pauline had only one child, Immanuel Gottlob, born on 24 May 1856.

When Gottlob died, on 7 Aug. 1897, aged 76 years, he left an estate of £2417/17/7. [Wills, 1895 - 1900, Series 65, #398]. He left his estate to Pauline, and upon her death the estate went to Immanuel. Presumably, Gottlob was in failing health in the later part of his life, for his will was only made on 20 May 1897,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months before his death.

Pauline died on 9 Sept. 1904. Her death shows her maiden name as Schurmann. Both Gottlob and Pauline are buried at the Harkaway Cemetery.



In order to guard against imposture, persons in Irish, Marriages, and Deaths must be satisfied to insert their names in the Argus in order to secure their insertion.

DEATHS

FRITCHIE.—On the 7th August, at Fitchie, 299 Cardigan-street, Carlisle, the wife of a son.

MARRIAGES

TRIPP—WAGMAN.—On the 10th August, 1897, at St. James's Cathedral, Kelly son of Alfred Canon Beecher, George Ross, youngest daughter of Turner, of Melbourne, Devonshire, England (Silvers Wedding). Present address Bovey, Carlisle street, St. Eilda.

DEATHS

DAVEN.—On the 8th August, at Moorogona Industrial, Minnie Christina (Cio), second daughter of Edmund Davern, Eilon, Co. Limerick, Ireland.

EVANS.—On the 2nd August, at North Merrivale, K.L.P., South Wales, Mary, the beloved wife of David Evans.

HERRINGS.—On the 6th August, at Portland-street, West Melbourne, Colonel W. J. Harrington, late of the 1st Battalion, in his 71st year.

LANE.—On the 7th August, Mary Ann, the beloved wife of George Lane, Brinkley, the 9th August, aged 58 years. Interred in the New Cemetery.

MCCULLOUGH.—On the 19th May, at Malden Island, South Island of N. Z., McCullough, of dearth, Albinington, aged 50.

O'CALLAGHAN.—On the 6th August, at her residence, Lyons-street, Ballarat, Julia O'Callaghan, wife of the late William O'Callaghan, ex-M.L.A. for the Wimmera, and beloved mother of J. J. O'Callaghan, Nhill, and of David, Mrs. J. J. O'Callaghan, Pteroy, aged 67 years. Buried in Lyons-street.

WALKER.—On the 6th August, at his residence, Hudson, Harroway, father of Immanuel Walker, head of Pauline, aged 3 months. A colonist of 48 years.

PULLMAN.—On the 9th August, at the residence of Sir Stephen, Mr. L. Hegmannson, 9 Moor-street, N. Richmond, Fanny Herbert, wife of the late Ambrose Wilson, aged 80 years. Tasmanian papers please copy.

IN MEMORIAM

GRUDY.—In loving memory of my dear husband, Thomas William Grudny, who departed this life August 10, 1894.

FUNERAL NOTICES

Funeral notices for August 10, 1894.

same notice appeared in the Age.

Ernst Gottlieb Warrick of Harroway, share of Harroway, County of  
Harroway, being of Victoria Warrick for her share for the form of her share after her share  
request with my wife Fannie Warrick for her share of Harroway and Harroway and Harroway  
to my only son Fannance Warrick of Harroway and Harroway Warrick of Harroway and Harroway  
of this my will be witness hereof. I have herewith set my hand this twentieth day of May in the year of our Lord One  
thousand eight hundred and ninety seven. Ernst Gottlieb Warrick. Warrick the testator  
and my hand appeared to be his last will and testament in the presence of no witness of no witness at the same time with me the witness  
at his request and in the presence of such other have herewith subscribed our names, as witnesses—Mr R. Beckman  
—Max Dehmann of Harroway

The Wanke and Aurisch families were linked together not only in land subdivision, but in marriage.

In 1879, Immanuel married the second daughter of Wilhelm and Caroline Aurisch, Bertha Nathalia. Bertha had been born on 22.5.1857. Rumour has it that Immanuel had been promised Wilhelm's oldest daughter, Annie. However, she eloped with Peter Jurgen Bade and so Immanuel had to settle for the next sister. The marriage was celebrated at Harkaway.

Immanuel and Bertha had 15 children, but four of these did not survive childhood.

Their children, in order, were:-

1. Pauline Franziska (1880 - 1918)

m. Ferdinand Weiland

children: Daisy and Alan.

2. Emma Elwina (24.7.1881 - 31.5.1882)

She died at age 10 months, of a heart condition.

3. Magdalena Elwina (10.7.1882 - 27.9.1882)

She died at age  $2\frac{1}{2}$  months of (what seems to be) cot death. An inquest was held [1882 # 1147 ... attached].

She had been left in the care of her grandmother Pauline and Selina Dubberke while Immanuel and Bertha went to church. She was dead when they returned. There had been no accidental dropping, or foul play, and the verdict was death by natural causes.

1  
Mentioned in my note the circumstances after the death of Magdalen Alton  
Wanda Eben Wanda Wanda Wanda on  
the 27th Sept at Frankfurt

She was a sister to Wanda Bruno's  
day born daughter. The father  
of deceased who was always a Jew  
and there were her very medicine  
on 27th of Sept. I was deposed quite  
well at 7.15 pm when they were and Peter  
to church about 9 pm. When we returned  
deceased was dead. My mother and Selma  
trike he had been left in charge of the  
She was to my knowledge had any  
Wanda?

Wanda Bruno's sister was the  
deceased in charge of the deceased, baby was  
in the presence of the deceased  
with a letter which there was a  
for the baby to be on. She was  
self-titled was sitting in the  
and going in and out of night  
and Selma's sister who was dead  
after her to deceased  
Wanda Bruno's sister was the  
deceased in charge of the deceased, baby was  
in the presence of the deceased  
with a letter which there was a  
for the baby to be on. She was  
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with a letter which there was a  
for the baby to be on. She was  
self-titled was sitting in the  
and going in and out of night  
and Selma's sister who was dead  
after her to deceased  
Selma Bruno's sister was the  
deceased in charge of the deceased, baby was  
in the presence of the deceased  
with a letter which there was a  
for the baby to be on. She was  
self-titled was sitting in the  
and going in and out of night  
and Selma's sister who was dead  
after her to deceased

Wanda Bruno's sister was the  
deceased in charge of the deceased, baby was  
in the presence of the deceased  
with a letter which there was a  
for the baby to be on. She was  
self-titled was sitting in the  
and going in and out of night  
and Selma's sister who was dead  
after her to deceased

James Buchanan - 10.

Sept. Mrs. W. the day and hours the  
 was given in the previous history & the present  
 last-est. No one took the child out of the  
 previous history until I saw it dead while I was  
 in the room. The child was perfectly good as  
 the time I was in the room I was not at all  
 touched by. I saw the child taken a pale  
 & its eyes open. I touched her & she was cold  
 & I called my name. Selina Dubler  
 Bethan W. the nurse having been charged  
 down declares I was the mother of  
 deceased who was in weeks old. I was  
 at church on Sept. 27 or about 7-18 per  
 I left the child in charge of my nurse when  
 Mrs. W. was there. The child previously to this  
 was always in good health. She never to  
 the nurse's side had any pain or use of the bed  
 she met with no accident that I know of. I  
 found the child dead when I came into her  
 Church. I had warned to <sup>half</sup> before committal was  
 of use of no use I found the child in the  
 back when she died the hall. It was then  
 buried. There it is in my own view  
 found the child Selina Dubler her sister  
 deceased generally in the previous history  
 of generaly left her history when she was  
 weeks - & on that evening put her in the  
 basket with a pale nurse (dearly sister) & she  
 completed. This he has also taken to sleep. Part  
 Any health when the child was put to bed  
 I had been seen then she got to her  
 a little to nurse deceased have no idea of the  
 the

The Cause of death in this case

Bertha Sparks

Thomas Shree Surgeon having been  
 duly sworn deposes that a Negroes  
 qualified in the said practice, & that  
 he said the evidence & exhibits examined  
 deponent had examined him there present  
 above him was taken of the cause of  
 death

The Oath of the Surgeon

I have made a post mortem examination  
 there are no signs of violence externaly the  
 marks on the back was caused by the  
 child lying in time here & distance before  
 death. In the manner the organs were all  
 healthy the lungs very slightly congested  
 the heart was full of blood as also in the  
 can see that blood was of a dark or Venous  
 character. The primary stroke was of the  
 it had been that perfectly or it had not  
 that was the cause of death. The lungs  
 and Strangulate the heart health. The  
 it were healthy. This is a sufficient  
 not in frequent cause of death. The  
 OATH

The Oath of the Surgeon

The above was taken in full before me  
 this 11th day of September 1882

James Thompson

Having seen the above evidence we  
day considered the facts of the case of  
us of opinion that decedent neglected  
Miss Wattle did not return same

James Buchanan Esq

Sep 23<sup>rd</sup> 1882

4. Hermann Immanuel (8.6.1883 — 31.7.1974)  
More on Hermann later...

5. Ernst Edward (24.10.1884 — 14.5.1889)  
Died, aged 4½ yrs, of diphtheria.

6. Alfred Richard (21.1.1886 — 20.5.1889)  
Died, aged 3 yrs 4 mths., only six days after his brother, from the same diphtheria epidemic.

All four Wanke children are buried at Harkaway.



7. Oscar Wilfred (1887 - 20.6.1970). He married Minna Ida Weist (1892 - 14.7.1968) who was a descendant of Johann Wanke's oldest daughter Karoline (see Johann Gottlieb Wanke history elsewhere). The couple had four children ... Ron, Evelyn, Cyril and another son who died at birth.  
(These last two are buried at Box Hill)

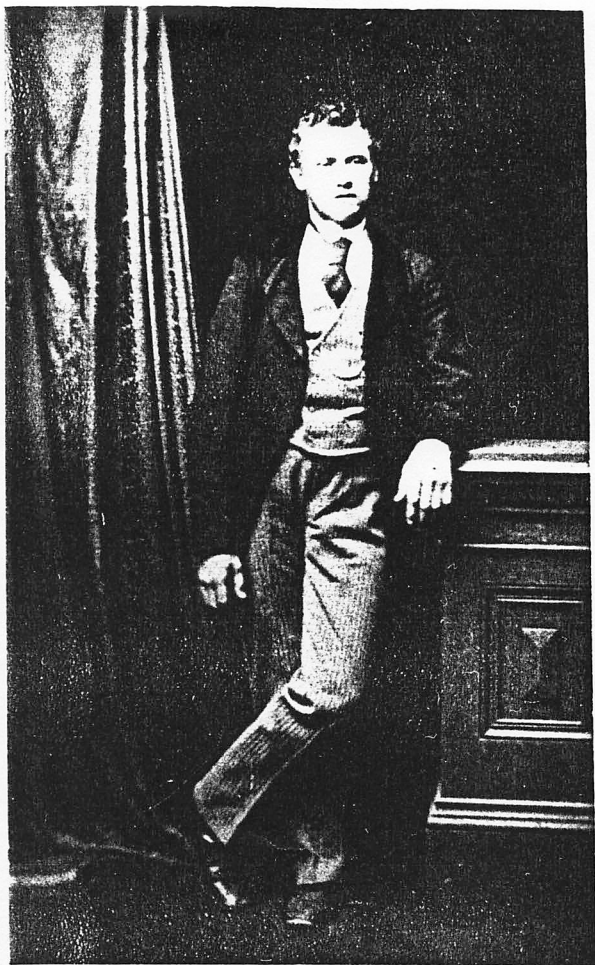
Dear - the inventor of the Wanke family -  
Eornie Eade says a small hold is contained  
in the office. Wilfred had  
the gate to come by  
the gate to the house a  
the gate to the house a  
the gate to the house a



*Stewart & Co.*

217 & 219, BOURKE ST EAST  
MELBOURNE

Immanuel and Bertha Wanke  
Children, L. to R., Hermann, Artie,  
Oscar, Pauline



Immanuel Wanke, 19 April 1876



Bertha Wanke nee Horisch.



Immanuel & Mr. Gunnalson, family friend.