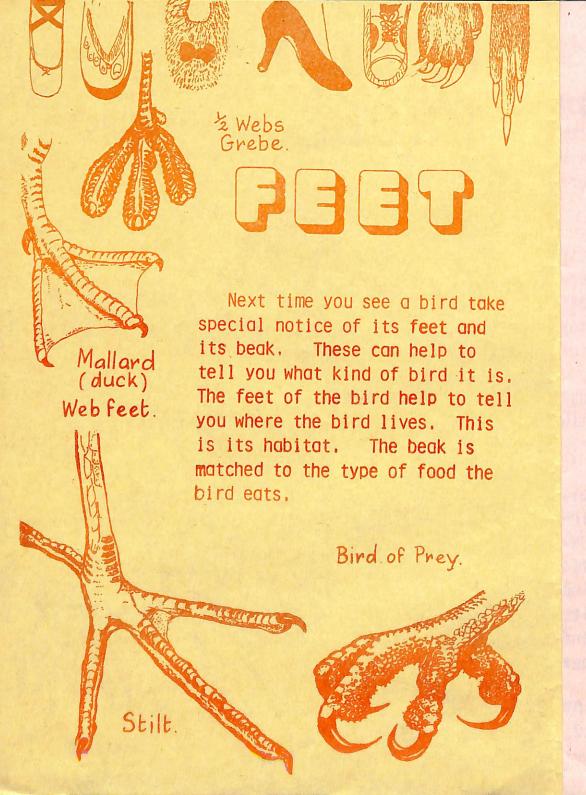
## NATURE PROBE

Supplement to Nature Notes

Vol. 10 No. 9 November 1984





Perching birds have 3 toes facing forward and a very strong toe facing backwards.

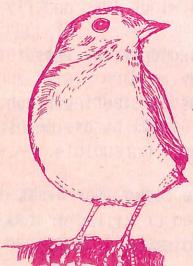
All <u>Sea Birds</u> have webbed feet.

All <u>Waterbirds</u> swim. They have webbed feet or "half-webs". Water hens have no webs.

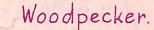
Wading-birds have stilts. These are long legs with long toes.

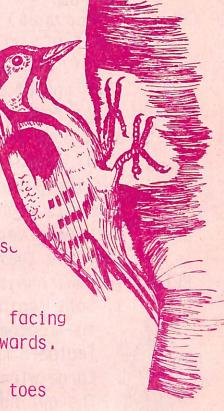
<u>Cuckoos</u> and <u>Parrots</u> have 2 toes facing forwards and 2 toes facing backwards.

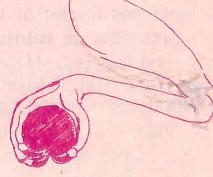
<u>Hawks and Owls</u> Have very strong toes and sharp talons.



Perching Bird.







City mice have
it easy!
Owls have eaten so
OWLS City mice have many of

living mousetraps

Most owls are nocturnal. They have special features that make them very good at finding and capturing their food in the dark.

EYES Owls cannot see in complete darkness, but there is usually light from the moon and stars.

They have large eyes to collect this light.

Their eyeballs cannot move. They are fixed in their sockets, but the owl can twist its head nearly all the way around. The owls night-time vision is 100 times better than mans.

Owls have very good hearing. Because they make no sound when EARS they fly they can hear movements and sounds of prey.

FLIGHT The owl has silent flight.

1. Soft feathers. The owl can move its wings silently because the feathers are soft. They do not make the noise that stiff feathers make as they move through the air.

2. Large wings and light weight. The owl has very large wings but a lightweight body. This means that it can flap its wings less and fly slowly.

## CAPTURE of PREY

to capture and kill its prey.

and beetles, lizards and small marsupials, next day,

## CHECK THE MEANINGS

TALONS - is the name for the claws for birds of prey. RODENT - rats and mice who have teeth that never

- is a creature hunted or killed or food by another animal or bird.

## OWL PELLETS

The owl has powerful talons and strong legs If possible the owl swallows its food whole. That means skin, feathers, bones and all.

It has a special hooked beak for tearing flesh. It does not use the fur, etc for food. These are formed Its food is mainly rodents, small birds, moths into oval pellets which are brought up and spat out the

> stop growing. NOCTURNAL - creature that is active at night.

It usually nests in adeep tree hollow.

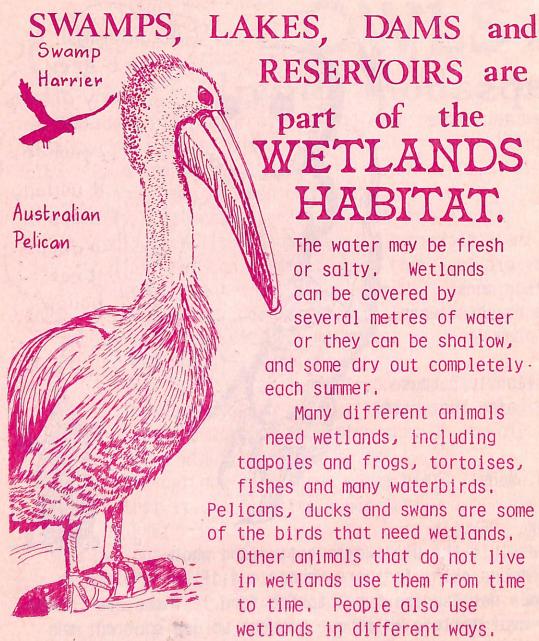
The barn owl

isn't seen

very often,

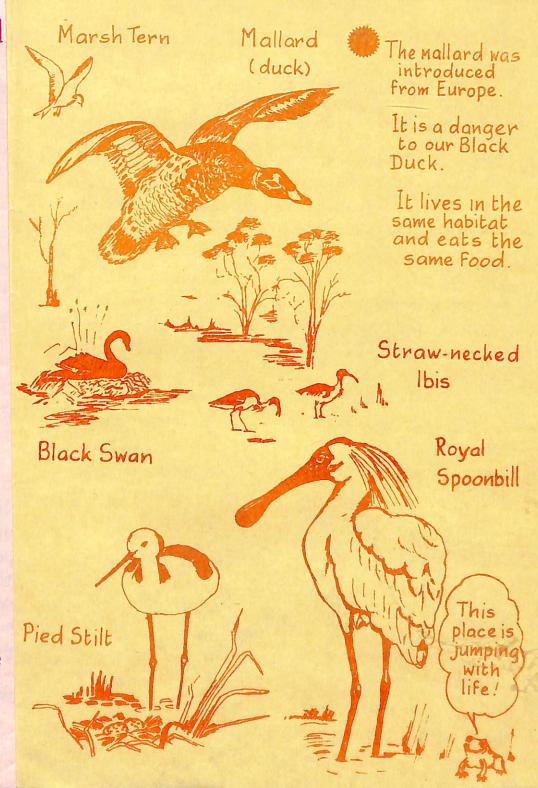
but it is

common.



If we take care of our wetlands and look after the plants and animals and birds that live there we will still be able to enjoy them in the future.

Thank you to Rowena Myers from the Arthur Rylah Institute for Environmental Research, for this article.





Each year there are more and more people on earth. Each year people are using more land for growing crops and grazing animals. Sometimes forests are destroyed and wetlands drained. People are using more and more land just to live on. Man has made big changes to the world using the

machines he has invented. Man also pollutes the air and waters with wastes, garbage and chemicals.

Animals need places to live.

Animals and birds need food and water.

Over 80 species of birds have become extinct since 1600. The Dodo is a bird that is extinct. Man caused its extinction. Find out how this

happened.

Iam extinct.

