STATE ELECTRICITY COMMISSION OF VICTORIA

COPY

For E. & M., E.S.D.

23rd March, 1962.

bopy 62/3443

Dear Mr. Byrne,

which you enclosed questions raised by the local Press concerning certain aspects of transway operations at Ballarat, I have to advise as follows:

Guestica 1 - What was the commercial rate for electricity in Geelong in the year immediately prior to the abandonment of transway services?

Question 2 - What was the domestic rate at the same period?

Question 3 * What are both present rates now?

The information in respect of the above is set out in the schedule attached - Appendix A. It is mentioned that the Geelong tramways were taken out of service progressively over the period January to March, 1956, and finally ceased operation on 25th March, 1956. The tariffs shown as being applicable immediately prior to abandonment of the Geelong tramways were those in force at 31st December, 1955. It must be remembered that in the intervening period electricity supply tariffs were increased on three occasions, viz., March/April, 1956, October/November, 1956, and September/October, 1956.

Geelong was reclassified from extra-metropolitan to intermediate tariffs as from 1st January, 1961, and no changes have been made since that date. Industrial tariffs were, of course, on the State-wide uniform basis prior to 1956.

Question 4 - What was the annual power consumption in Geelong the year before trams were abolished?

Question 5 - What was the power consumption in the last full year?

kWhs. Sold (Geeloos Intermediate Tariff Area) (Total all Classes)

Financial year 1954/55 - 105,186,000 * Financial year 1955/56 - 115,921,000 * Financial year 1960/61 - 188,702,000

^{*} includes trams until discontinued in March, 1958.

Question 6 - Were power rates in Geelong reduced -

- (a) because of the abandonment of trams, or
- (b) because of increased consumption?

Both factors have had a bearing on the decision to reduce tariffs at Geeloog. The elimination of annual losses on transpay operations of the order of £30,000 and subsequent discharge of the liability for road reconstruction costs on the former trans routes, combined with increased electrical development generally throughout the area, enabled the Commission to reduce electricity tariffs at Geelong. It should be noted that electricity consumption at Geelong in 1960/61 was nearly 23 times that in Ballarat.

Question 7 " What are the present rates for electricity in Ballarat "

- (a) commercial
- (b) domestie?

The present tariffs are the same as those shown in Column No. 3 of the schedule attached.

Suestion 5 - What was the power consumption in Ballarat in the last full year?

Question 3 - How much electricity do the trams consume to one year (last year)?

Van.

(92,886,000 KWAS. In Bolling Branch)

1980/61 Financial Year

Consumption of power in Ballarat decline, at least temporarily?

Unless one or more large consumers were connected at the same time as transways were abandoned, it could be expected that there might be some temporary decline in total consumption at Ballarat.

However, as the tramways coosume only 1.5% of the total electricity used at Ballarat, any such decline would be of short duration.

Question 10 - If trams were abolished in Ballarat, would

Question II * What was the value of consumption by Ballarat trams?

It is the Commission's practice to charge for electricity used within its own departments and undertakings at cost to the Branch. The charge to Ballarat tramways for electricity during 1960/61 was £7,114. Despite the advantage of this low charge for power and the fact that there are no direct capital charges on the tramway system, a loss of £94,969 was incurred on the Ballarat tramways last financial year.

I trust that the above information will be helpful to

Yours faithfully,

(Sgd.) G. O. REID

<u>läinister of</u> Ele**ctric**al Undertakings.

Hon. M. Byrne, M.L.C., 217 Wendouree Parade, BALLARAT, VIC.

you.

Submitted to the Honorable the Minister for signature.

(Sgd.) L. G. Morrison

ACTING SECRETARY, 23/3/62.

Tariff (Monthly basis)	Sates in force immediately prior to -		Present
	Abandon- ment of Geelong Trams	Introduction of Intermed- iate Tariffs at Geelong	Intermediate Tariffe
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
a) Commercial	er in the second	dga edigungssasa-iris	
(i) Lighting		inflorence in the control of the con	especial and a second
First 20 kWh) Next 50 kWh)	9 - 25 6 -	11.44.	10.3d. 0.4d.
Next 200 kWh Balance	8.0d.	7.94.	7.74.
(ii) Fower & Heating		Microfinance adoption analysis of	orations and a second a second and a second
First 30 kWh)		5.6d. 5.2d.	5. 14.
Next 4,800 kWh Next 20,000 kWh	3.6d. 1.85d.) 1.8d.)	3.44.	3.1d. 2.3d.
Balance Off-peak rate Two rate meter rental	0.9d.	1.134.	10/-
b) Residential			angles richted que mande
Service Charge per room	1/84.	1/11d.	1/94.
Energy charge per kwh	2, 354,	2.7d.	2, 14.
Maximum overall rate	8.0d.	7.06.	7.66.