

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875

PRICE SIXPENCE.

NO 51.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

Contains a complete summary of local and general news
for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly
or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige
us by immediately forwarding their names to the office
of this paper, in order that such errors may
be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our
subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be
impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless
we are warned by them when neglect takes place.
Advertisements sent in without a written order as to
number of insertions, will in all cases be continued
until countermanded, and no advertisement can be
withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the
office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.
Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after
7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.
Now subscribers are only charged from the time of
ordering the paper.

Communications of a literary nature must be ad-
dressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and
address of the writer, not necessarily for publication,
but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this
rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to
contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted,
Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding
twenty-four words, will be inserted for two shillings
per line. Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be
charged 6d. for each insertion.
Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above
mentioned, will be charged 1s. per line, for the first two inser-
tions, and two shillings per line for all subsequent inser-
tions.
Business and double column advertisements, if ordered
for extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale,
in proportion to the number of insertions.

MELBOURNE AGENTS
FOR THE
RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE,
MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH,
85 COLLINS STREET WEST.

ONE BOX OF
CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary
Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional,
Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d.
each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.
Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Export agents.
Burgoyne, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London.
Newbery and Sons, 97 Newgate-street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

Melbourne agents.
FELTON, GRIMWADE & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
E. & M. KEOGH, Wholesale Druggists.
HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
FITCH & FRENCH.

Sydney agents.
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
ED. ROW & Co.

Adelaide agents.
FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Brisbane agents.
BERKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

New Zealand agents.
KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Druggists,
DUNEDIN.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."—See Deu-
teronomy, chap. xii., verse 23.
CLARKE'S
World-fam'd Blood Mixture.

TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
HEGREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities,
not too highly recommended.
For scrofula, scurvy, skin diseases, and sores of all
kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
It Cures all sores
Cures Ulcerated sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated sore Legs
Cures blackheads, or Pimples on the Face
Cures surry sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures blood and skin Diseases
Cures Glandular swellings
Clears the blood from all Impure Matter,
From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted
free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitu-
tion of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to
give it a trial to test its value.
Thousands of Testimonials from all parts.
Sold in bottles 2s. 3d. each, and in Cases, containing
six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a
permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing
cases.

BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VEN-
DORS throughout the world.
Sole proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Export Agents.
Burgoyne, Burdidge & Co., Coleman-street, London.
Newbery and Sons, 97 Newgate-street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

Melbourne Agents.
FELTON, GRIMWADE & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
S. & M. KEOGH, Wholesale Druggists.
HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
FITCH & FRENCH.

Sydney Agents.
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.
ED. ROW & Co.

Adelaide agents.
FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society.
INSTITUTED 1821.
THE rates of this society are the same as other
offices.
This office is distinguished by its liberality and prompt-
ness in the settlement of claims, £2,750,750 having
been paid to insured parties by fire.
In proof of the public confidence in the principles and
conduct of this establishment, it will suffice to state
that the total business now exceeds £100,000,000.
Losses promptly settled in Melbourne.
Largest branch—Chief Office—
44 Queen-street, Melbourne.
F. YENCKEN, Agent.
BEAUFORT DISTRICT AGENT—
JOHN RIEDY.

**The National Mutual Life Associa-
tion of Australasia (Limited).**
No Privileged Foundation Policies.
Reasonable Rates. Age taken as at nearest
Birth-day.
Liberal Conditions as to Travel and Residence.
Policy not Forfeited so long as it has Surrender
Value.
Surrender Value Given after Two Years.
All Profits Divided Among the Assured.
Directors.
E. Twombly, Esq., Chairman.
J. M. G. Carter, Esq., Vice-Chairman.
R. Jack, Esq.
Hon. E. Langton, M.P.
Jas. Ferguson, Esq., M.P.
Matthew Lang, Esq.
Actuary and Secretary:
John M. Templeton, F.I.A.
Head Office:
No. 1 Market-building, Collins-street, Mel-
bourne.

AGENT FOR BEAUFORT:
G. WILSON
Chemist, Neill-street.
I. & J. ROFF,
Tailors and Manufacturers,
MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT EAST.

OUR NEW GOODS for the SPRING SEASON are
Now Open, and contain a carefully selected
stock of all the Latest Patterns in Colonial, Belgian,
Hannockburn, and West of England Tweeds and
Coatings, made to our order by the best makers,
and which we can therefore confidently recommend. We
desire also to state that notwithstanding the depression
in its trade, we are in a position to offer to our
Customers all the advantages which cash, skill, and a
life's experience in the tailoring trade can secure. Our
Prices will necessarily be the lowest possible in the
trade.

Tweed Suits, as usual, To Measure,
£2 10s.
OUR READY MADE GOODS
Are now nearly equal to bespoke and comprise every
description of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing,
made by ourselves, especially for this district. A good
fit and style always obtainable.
Ludglo Blue, Grosvenor, and Diagonal Coats, war-
ranted not to fade.
Tweed, Beaufort, and Pigeot Coats, plain and fancy.
Very Handsome Patterns in Men's Trousers and
Vests.
Youths' Trousers and Vests, in great variety.
Boys' suits, in all sizes and varied materials.
White shirts, broad and narrow plaits, all sizes and
prices.
Hats—Tyrolese, Oxford, Prince of Wales, West-
minster, Crimean Shirts, Boys' Hats and Caps, Scarfs, Collars,
Ties, &c.
In Moleskins, and all other
Working Men's Clothing and Underclothing
We keep the
Right Class of Goods at the Right
I. & J. ROFF,
Corner of Humffray-street and Main Road.

Arrival of Autumn Drapery.
The following shipments are now being
shown at the
BRUNSWICK HOUSE
Ex Allanshaw Thermopylae
Den Votrich and Ascalon.
Thomas Stevens

T. ROGERS
Deems it unnecessary to state the Stock
embraces all the latest materials.

In the Dress Department,
Homespun, Serges, Silk and Wool Repps,
Satin Cloths, Choice Selections Japanese
Black and Colored Silks.

Very Large Lot of Wineys, all shades.
The Shawl, Mantle Fur, Stay and Under-
clothing Departments have lately received
special attention.

The Millinery Department
Still maintains its former position for
quality and artistic design. While the
Manchester Department
Has long been noted for giving the best
value in the district in
Calicoes, Sheetings, Blankets, Flannels, &c

In CARPETS and Furnishing, all should
call and inspect, the stock being unusually
good value.

Men's Outfit Department.
Includes: Suits, Hats, White and Colored
Shirts, Hosiery, Umbrellas, Travelling Bags,
and Portmanteaus. Colonial and English
Tweeds and Colored Moleskins.

In the Boot Department
Style and Durability are combined, best
fitting, and one of the largest selections in
Victoria.

PATTERNS BY POST—FREE.
T. ROGERS,
BRUNSWICK HOUSE, BALLARAT

**SADDLERY, SADDLERY,
SADDLERY.**
GEORGE GREENWOOD,
SADDLER & HARNESS MAKER.
BEGS to inform his customers, and the public in
general, that he
Has Commenced Business
In Neill-street, Beaufort, next door to Mr. George
Wilson, Chemist, and opposite the Commercial Hotel;
and hopes by Good Workmanship and Moderate
Charges to merit a share of patronage.

O. N. S. A. L. E
AT THE
Ballarat Saw Mills
Scotch Flooring, Lumber and Shaving
Cedar, Clear Pine and Kaum.
Hickory, Hornbeam, Beach and Ash.
Naves, Spokes and Felles.
Bent Wheelwrights' Stuff.
Galvanized Iron and Ridding.
Doors, Sashes and Windows.
Building and Mining Timber.

SMITH BROTHERS.
MARK BARNES,
BUILDER,
BEAUFORT.
A. T. THOMPSON,
PRACTICAL
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
VICTORIA STREET, SEBASTOPOL.
Orders left with Mrs. SANDS, Storekeeper, or
Mr. GEORGE ISON, Tailor.

On Sale
AT
**JEREMIAH SMITH'S
TIMBER YARD,**
Corner of Livingstone and Willoby Streets,
American shelling boards
Do lumber do
6 x 1 T and G Scotch flooring
6 x 3 do do flooring
American and Baltic deals, all sizes
4 out pine weatherboards
6 do do
American clear pine
in 2in, 1 1/2in, 1 1/4in, cedar, wide and narrow boards
Colony table legs, all sizes
French encasements, doors, sashes
Mouldings, architraves, skirtings
Broad palings and shingles.
A stock of all sizes of hardwood always on hand.
Also, GEEHONG LIME.
NEXT TO POLICE STATION.

J. S. BROOKS,
BOOTMAKER,
HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.
BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and the
surrounding district, that he has
Commenced Business
In the premises lately occupied by Mr. J. PATIENCE,
and trusts by strict attention to business, and executing
work in first-class style, combined with moderate
charges to merit a fair share of public patronage

THOMAS BARKLEM,
General Smith, Machinist,
WHEELWRIGHT & SHOEBING SMITH,
BALLARAT ROAD, BEAUFORT.
(Next the Agricultural Showyards.)

Plain and Ornamental Printing
Of Every description executed at the
"RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE
NELL STREET, BEAUFORT

BOOKBINDING
ON REASONABLE TERMS.
Mining Scrip, Call Receipts, Delivery
Books, &c.,
Prepar'd on the shortest notice.

THOMAS MALPINE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Tinsmith and Ironworker
HAVELOCK-STREET, BEAUFORT.

T.M.A. begs to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and
the surrounding district that he has Commenced
BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. GEO.
PATIENCE, and intends selling all goods at Ballarat
prices.
Hawkers and Storekeepers supplied at Ballarat
prices

Water Laid On.
MANCHESTER HOUSE,
HAVELOCK STREET,
R. A. PAULL
IS now showing a Large and Varied Stock
of Seasonable Goods, in

**Drapery, Clothing
Boots and Shoes.**
INSPECTION INVITED

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
HENRY DAVIS,
Wholesale & Retail Butcher,
NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

H. D. begs to return his sincere thanks to the in-
habitants of Beaufort and the surround-
ing district for the patronage accorded him since com-
mencing business, and takes this opportunity of stating
that he has removed to the above address, next to
GUNN'S STORE, where he hopes to merit the con-
tinuance of patronage hitherto bestowed on him.

**SPRING
AND
SUMMER**
Purchases, 1874.
Large Arrival
OF THE
Newest and Choicest
GOODS
Of the SEASON
In every Department, at
A. CRAWFORD'S,
Mitchell's Buildings,
STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

A. CRAWFORD begs to intimate that he is now
Showing a Magnificent assortment of
New and Choice Goods,
In EVERY DEPARTMENT, Suitable for the
Present and Approaching season, having opened
within the last few weeks,
837 Cases and Packages
OF
DRAPERY, &c.
320 Trunks of
BOOTS & SHOES,

Which, for variety, style and quality will
be found Superior to any he has ever
had the pleasure of offering, and not
to be equalled by any house in the interior
of the Colony.

The vast increase in the returns
with every extension recently made has
placed A.C. as the largest buyer of
Drapery and Boots, &c., in the Mel-
bourne markets, and, as a matter of
course, having a corresponding outlet,
enables him from the very extent of his
purchases to secure goods at such extra-
ordinary low prices, as none but a large
buyer can command—this fact must be
patent to all. Believing also that by the
extension of railways placing nearly all
the outlying districts within an hour's
journey of Ballarat, a very considerable
increase can yet be effected in the returns
this season notwithstanding the present
great depression in the district, he has
therefore marked the whole of the above
purchases considerably under the usual
rate of profit with a view to this. So
that buyers of every description of
Drapery Goods, Household Furnishings,
and Boots, &c., will do well to inspect
the stock contained in Mitchell Build-
ings, prior to making their purchases.

A. CRAWFORD,
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
Sturt-street, Ballarat.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
RUPERT SMITH,
Butcher and Produce Merchant,
BEGS to intimate to the public that he has REMOVED
to his NEW PREMISES, OPPOSITE the ME-
THUENIST CHAPEL, BEAUFORT, where he hopes to
receive a continuance of the patronage which he
has hitherto been favored.
NOTICE—LAKE DOUG SALT can be had in
quantities at the same price as at the works, carriage
added.

F. R. Scharp,
WATCHMAKER, &c.
BEAUFORT HOTEL,
NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.
COLONIAL LITERATURE.
The Australian Journal
PUBLISHED MONTHLY.
TALIS and ESSAY by COLONIAL WRITERS
Select Poetry,
The Doctor,
Caricature,
The Essayist,
Men of the day—with Illustrations,
The Ladies' Page,
Scientific Notes and Comments,
Chess,
Answers to Correspondents, &c., &c.
Printed on COLONIAL PAPER,
with COLONIAL INK,
and by COLONIAL LABOR.
SIXTY QUARTO PAGES.
Price Sixpence.
H. P. Henningsen, agent, Beaufort.

B. H. STUART,
PLUMBER, GALVANIZED IRON AND
ZINC WORKER.
HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.
WATER Laid On.
TANKS, ALL SIZES, MADE TO ORDER.
Roofing, Spouting, Ridging, etc., always on
hand, and fixed on the shortest notice,
in town or country.
Baths, Pumps, etc., of all descriptions, Fixed and
Repaired.

**THE MUTUAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF VIC-
TORIA—Limited.**
HEAD OFFICES,
20 Market-building, Collins-street, west,
Melbourne.
FOR
FIRE ASSURANCE, ANNUITIES,
ENDOWMENTS.
This Society is a strictly Mutual one. The Profits are
divided among the Policy holders only. There are
no shareholders.
DIRECTORS:
George Mann, Chairman.
George H. B. Webb, Harold Selwyn Smith,
James Lorimer, Allan R. Macdonald, M.D.
Robert M'Donnell,
Solicitor—Hugh J. Chambers.
CONSULTING ACTUARY:
Professor Wilson, University of Melbourne.
SYNDICAL MANAGERS:
Cornelius Gavin Cassy, Edwin M. James.
Rates of Premium very moderate.
DURHAM NICHOLSON,
Secretary.

Carbazotate of Ammonia
WAS first introduced to the notice of the profession
and the public about two years ago, and had
for its sponsor the *Officine di Farmacia* of London
and Paris, including Dr. Dugast-Beaupre, Beau-
mont, Thuraux, and Manojas, of Paris; Bell, Carter,
and Williams, of London. It is manufactured
only by F. C. Carter and Co., of Manchester, for whom
the undersigned acts as agents in the distribution of this
invaluable medicine. Its power over many diseases is
truly marvellous, one dose gives relief, and one bottle
usually cures Acute Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia,
Lumbago, Low Fever, Ague, &c. It is given in all
cases where the use of quinine is indicated, and has this
advantage over that drug, that headache never follows
its use.
Dr. Beaumont supplies the following cases:—No. 1.—
Ague with fever. Sulphate of quinine had no effect;
cured in four days. Case 2.—same disease; cured in
five days; quinine had been given for seventeen days
with no good effect. Case 3.—Termin Ague; com-
pletely cured in eight days. Case 4.—Facial Neuralgia;
instant relief, and a cure in two days.
Dr. Beaumont draws the following conclusion from his
long use of the drug. He says: "It is very efficacious in
intermittent fever, much superior to quinine, and that
by giving a teaspoonful three times daily, the paroxysms are
instantly relieved, and no bad effects follow." It cures
quinine, the physiological action of which it much
resembles.
Sold in bottles containing 22 doses at 6s. per bottle.
A liberal allowance to the trade.
HOOD & CO., 147 Elizabeth-street, Melbourne.

**HOOD & CO'S
CORN SOLVENT**
Is a safe and certain Cure for Corns.
In Bottles 5s. 6d. each.
The above preparations are on sale at the office of this
paper.
Holloways Pills.
Sir, I take leave to inform you that Messrs.
Myers and Solomon of Sydney advise me under
date 31st July, 1874, that some cases of pills
labelled "Holloway's Pills, New York," have
been sold in their city to Hawker's and others.
They have also sent me a box of pills which are
spurious imitations of mine. My medicines are
neither made nor sold in any part of the United
States. In the Melbourne "Argus" of June 25th,
1874, is a letter signed "Henry L. Harting" (a
copy of which I enclose) in which he called
himself my authorized travelling agent. This
is false as I neither know the man nor have I
had correspondence with him. It therefore,
may be, that he is travelling for the purpose of
disposing of the spurious make of medicines to
which Messrs. Myers and Solomon have been
pleased to call my attention.
I am, Sir,
Yours faithfully,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY.
533, Oxford Street, W.C.
London, 23rd September, 1874.

"THE GREATEST SEWING MACHINE."
TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.
We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the
puff of our "Rival of former years."
The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other
goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence
of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is overstocked
with the importations of 1871.
Reasons why the
"WHEELER AND WILSON"
Sewing Machine
Is far superior to the "Singer."
The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better.
The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last
a lifetime, and run for years without repair.
The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer.
The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of
order.
The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away
and break, as a Singer.
The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire
and weary the feet, as the Singer.
The W. and W. is more simple in action.
The W. and W. has less wear and tear.
The W. and W. is better finished.
The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superi-
ority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in
the fact that Singer's agents, has never accepted
our challenge to have the machines publicly
tested.
We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine
to give entire satisfaction.
LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler
and Wilson's Machines.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
Instruction Given Gratis.
P. De BAERE,
WATCHMAKER,
Sole Agent for Beaufort.

JOHN RIEDY,
BEGS to intimate to the inhabitants of Beaufort and
the surrounding district that he has OPENED A
GENERAL STORE, LARRY-STREET, near the Rail-
way station, where he intends to keep in stock, Groceries,
&c., of first-class quality.
Just Received a Large and Assorted Stock of
Cocoa, Cloves, Peppermint, Raspberry, Lemon
Syrup, Essences, Hair Oil, &c., &c.

CASH SYSTEM.
Small profits and quick returns.
Firewood on sale.
Agent for Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society.

The "Riponshire Advocate"
Circulates in the following districts—
Beaufort, Camglam, Stockyard Hill, Main
Lead, Charlton, Waterloo, Dunngor, Middle
Creek, Shirley, Skipton, Lake Goldsmith
Travalla, Sailors' Gully, Lillirie, Burrumbeet,
and Streatham.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Ball Tickets and Programmes
Address and Business Cards
Mining Scrip, Reports, &c.
Pamphlets, Circulars, Billheads
Catalogues, Delivery Books
Soires and Dinner Tickets
&c., &c., &c.
PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE
AT MELBOURNE PRICES.
Office: WELL STREET, BEAUFORT.

Baths! Baths! Baths!
Plunge and Shower Bath ... 6d
Hot Baths at a quarter of an hour's notice 1s
AT
JESSE BROOKS,
UMBRELLA MAKER, HAIRDRESSER, &c., &c.
BEAUFORT.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,
CIRCULATING LIBRARY
HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

TATTERSALL'S HOTEL,
DOVETON STREET BALLARAT,
Adjoining Rittersbank, Englestone, and Co.'s C
Repository.
THOMAS DIGGINS, PROPRIETOR.

The house is detached from the lot, and completely
furnished for the convenience of private families. Hot
and Cold Baths.
GOOD STABLING.
JOSEPH BRUCE,
BEAUFORT.
Sodawater and Cordial Manufacturer.

Limejuice, Raspberry Vinegar, Cloves, &c
Sold in any quant
AGENT FOR
MAGILL AND COGHIAN
BREWERS, BALLARAT.

THE GRAPHIC,
The New Illustrated Weekly Newspaper,
PRINTED ON FINE TONED PAPER and
BELLSHED WITH THE MOST HIGHLY
FINISHED ENGRAVINGS,
Containing
Literary Excellence with Artistic Beauty

Copies on sale by
MR. HENNINGSEN

Commercial.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE MARKET.

The market on Wednesday was still small, no doubt partly occasioned by the severity of the weather. A little more wheat, however, came forward, but the price is yet advancing, and flour is also rising in price.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat is slightly firmer, and we may look for a good advance in this staple shortly. Oats are easier, and seem very dull of sale even at the low rate quoted.

BALLARAT LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Fat Cattle.—The supply this week was 374 head, consisting generally of good and prime quality. There was a full attendance of both town and country buyers, and sales were particularly brisk at satisfactory rates.

GEELONG STATION PRODUCE MARKET.

MESSRS. GEORGE STOTT AND CO. REPORT.—Wool.—We offered 31 bales on Tuesday, with the following result:—Greasy fleeces, 8d. to 10d. per lb.; greasy lambs, 7d. to 9d. per lb.;

Unclaimed Letters & Newspapers.

Adamthwait E. Allen Mrs. Buchanan Miss J., Bristol Jas., Baehaus W. H., Bradford, H. J.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875.

BEAUFORT has at the present time a Cricket Club and Athletic Sports Club, both of which are now fairly established, but strange to relate that, although these clubs have been established for a considerable period, neither of them is possessed of a piece of enclosed land where they could hold their meetings or matches.

Mr. John Byrne announces in our advertising columns that he has leased the billiard tables of the Golden Age Hotel.

Lovers of the beautiful art will do well to pay a visit of inspection to the drapery windows of Messrs. Wetherpoon Bros. and Co. On passing which yesterday afternoon, we noticed a really splendid display of winter dresses, etc., which will meet the taste of the most fastidious.

The Golden Fleece Company washed up yesterday and obtained 9oz.—The Wellington Company's yield for the week, 21oz. 12dwts. 1gr.

We have received a copy of "Whitehead's Map of Victoria, revised to date, with the new counties distinctly colored, and alphabetical key." The Map is published at the low price of 1s., which will bring it within the reach of all.

A complimentary banquet was given on Monday evening last at the Whitehouse's Union Hotel, to Mr. William Moss, a very old resident of Ballarat, who is about to leave this city to take up his quarters in Beaufort.

Police.

BEAUFORT.—THURSDAY, 29th APRIL, 1875. (Before P. G. Crespigny, Esq., P.M.) Timothy Foley v. Crossley and Fraser.—For the sum of £2 3s. 6d., for work and labor done.

Ararat.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT. News from this place that would be likely to interest Beaufort public, is scarce; almost as much so in fact, as Mark Twain imagines Jacob had been had in nature neglected to create women; in which case Mark says that they would have been "Scarcie, Sir, almighty scarce."

any, by reason of the armed conflict likely to arise from the wholesale occupation of the new goldfields by swarms of male Chinese, well provided with fire-arms.

A grass-widows' association has been established at Woods Point (says the "Waltham Chronicle"), for the purpose of protecting those of the fair sex who have been deserted by their worst halves, and the co-operation of deserted sisters is earnestly asked for.

An illustration was furnished during a trial at the recent sittings of the Criminal Court, says the "Argus," as to the strange notions which juries sometimes possess as to the discharge of the duties which the law devolves upon them.

Correspondence.

THE PROSPECTING GRANT.

To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate. Sir,—In your last issue Mr. Manners has again endeavored to defend his conduct re the prospecting grant. He, although, he took up the space of one and a quarter column, did not deny that he endeavored to injure the miners to the best of his ability.

Stray Shots.

Doubtless the Railway Department has many sins (both of omission and commission) to answer for, but that the art of telling at sight the difference between a first and second class passenger was, that I am aware, never until lately the necessary qualification of a ticket clerk.

love and good fellowship. I cannot but think that all this might have been avoided had the Catholics not gone out of the colony for their new Ballarat bishop.

We have no evidence, as yet, of what the policy of the Government will be in the approaching session of Parliament. That some great change is necessary in the political world is evident.

The weather here for the past week has been very unsettled; and wet winter weather seems to have completely set in; and as a result the important works being carried on at the railway station have been somewhat retarded, more especially in the matter of the goods shed.

Leasing Lake Burrumbeet.

A public meeting was held at Smythesdale on Thursday evening at the Mechanics' Institute to protest against the granting Mr. J. K. Baird's lease of Lake Burrumbeet.

A Word for Mining.

When men connected with the mercantile interest have sneeringly decided mining as mere gambling, I have before now suggested that, without mining, some of their legitimate frequent renewals—sometimes retirement by the drawers. I am edified in observing how very general this view has become.

How to Obtain Inoculating Lymph.

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mining affairs has made itself felt everywhere—in every department of trade from the loftiest to the lowest. Importer and retailer alike recognise the proximate cause of the badness of trade. It will be said that much money has been lost in mining speculation, and that is true enough. The real defect has been that those who have supplied money have not also supplied management. If the furnishers of capital had devoted some time and earnestness to the thorough carrying-out of the projects with which they connected themselves, there would not have been the waste of force implied by mis-spent money. In California men of capital have not considered it beneath their attention to give time to mining development, and some of their steadily yielding mines represent millions sterling. In mining there are symptoms of reviving interest, due to improved prospects and results. As is often the case, a change of this kind displays itself at several points simultaneously. Without entering too minutely into details, the points whence encouragement comes are Sandhurst, Stawell, and Creswick.—"Egles" in the "Australasian."

The death of O'Hara Burke.

A gentleman who has recently paid a visit to Cooper's Creek supplies the "Sydney Evening News" with an account of his wanderings. In his report the following occurs:—"An old gin whom I spoke to recollected the explorer, and helped to cover Burke's body with bushes after his death. She also affirmed that Burke had not died of starvation, but had been shot by 'another one whitfellow.' This is a somewhat startling statement, and a rather different version of affairs to what is commonly believed. The gin could scarcely have invented such a story, and she persisted in saying that she had actually seen a whitfellow, who answers in every way to the description of King, come behind Burke when he was stooping at the fire roasting a duck, and shot him in the side. After the lapse of all these years, and the death of King, against whom this fearful charge is brought, it might be considered advisable to let the matter rest; but now that the country is being quickly settled in the neighborhood, the traditions of the blacks will become better known to white men, and this subject will therefore, sooner or later, be mooted. And it is right that King's character should be cleared from so foul a blot, if there is no foundation for the report; while, on the other hand, if true, no one could be accused reasonably of exposing the perpetration of so dastardly a crime. It will, no doubt, be in the recollection of some that King, after his return to Melbourne, told the Expedition Committee that there was some secret in connection with the expedition that he would not divulge while living. There was some mystery to conceal at all events, and I have not heard that it was cleared up after King's death, which took place a year or two ago. It was then generally supposed that King's secret was connected with Gray's death on the return journey from Carpentaria, and who was said to have been so ill-used by Burke as to cause his death. Wills, however, fully exonerated his chief from this imputation, but it was notorious that both King and Gray had not very kindly feelings towards Burke, on account of the latter being very strict with them on the journey." The Melbourne "Daily Telegraph" says:—"The story circulated about the death of O'Hara Burke invites attention to the authentic details of the fate of that leader and his comrade, the single-minded, faithful, and courageous Wills. A few words will suffice to recall the situation. As to the tale of the gin, which has received so much publicity, a dozen reasons could be cited to show its inherent untruth. Murder on King's part was not only not committed, but Burke was a dying man, to whom death would merely have been a happy release from suffering. The body, when found by Howitt, showed no trace of violence, and it is incredible that if he had perpetrated the outrage King would have left the corpse, as he did, unburied. He expected relief daily, and he would have been confronted with evidence of the crime. Our object in writing will be attained if the Victorian press and the Sydney calumny at its proper value, and to pay attention to no more marvels from the aborigines. King, as every student of the history of the expedition knows, has full right to the high position he occupies—that of a follower tried in terrible adversity, and proved faithful to the last. Mr. Weston Phillips writes to the same journal:—"I will first mention that I was a member of Mr. Howitt's party, who resented King, and was one detached from the main party at Menindie, on the Darling; to accompany him (King) to Melbourne; and in the many camp fire yarns we had during that long journey about the events of the expedition and the deaths of his companions, I never heard him say a word that did not perfectly agree with the published narrative, of the truth of which I am thoroughly convinced, and which is borne out by the written testimony of both Burke and Wills up to the time of their deaths. I do not know to what extent settlement has gone on at Cooper's Creek since I left it, but I think not sufficient to allow of the natives, especially the old ones, to be able to tell such a story in intelligent English; and if the gentleman who visited Cooper's Creek, had to depend on the interpretation of signs for his yarn, I can only say I know from experience how utterly one may be mistaken in their meaning, and he must be a clever man indeed to get so good a story from such a source. I may add that I think during my travels with King I had more conversation with him than any of those members of committees and others who interviewed him after his return, and I never heard him mention anything in connection with the expedition which he intended or wished to keep secret, and I never heard him speak otherwise than favorably of Burke's treatment to the party on the journey."

General News.

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Railway Accident.

On Saturday night last a serious accident, which might have been attended with fatal consequences, occurred on the North-Eastern line, between Wallan Wallan and Kilmore. The afternoon goods train left the Spencer-street station at the usual hour, Samuel Fowler being the guard, and Duke acting as engine-driver. From all that can be gleaned respecting the matter, it appears that the guard had not the most implicit confidence in the capability of the engine-driver, and before starting expressed to him a hope, that he would not "stick" this time. The train proceeded at the rate of about twenty miles an hour, and on arriving near Wallan Wallan it came to a standstill. Fowler left the van, and went forward, when he found that the engine-driver and his assistant had allowed the fire to go down. He roused them up, and they, discovering their situation, proceeded at once to coal, and in a short time the train once more started. Having proceeded a couple of miles the train again stopped. This was a sharp curve in the line. The guard, from the van where he stood, shouted to the engine-driver to enquire what was the matter. Almost immediately the engine started forward with such suddenness and force that the coupling irons connecting some of the trucks were snapped, and the engine, with a couple of trucks, started off, leaving the guard's van and a number of empty trucks standing on the line. Before the guard could exactly realise his position he heard the noise of an approaching train coming from the direction of Melbourne. On looking out he saw the lights rapidly nearing, and without having time to show the danger signal, or in fact do more than leap from the van, the approaching engine dashed into the hindmost trucks left standing on the line, and sent them flying in a confused heap of the rails, carrying with them the van in which the guard had been standing a moment before. To use an American phrase, the goods train was virtually telescoped, and a considerable damage inflicted upon a number of trucks, the van and a carriage, in which, fortunately, there were no passengers. In the meantime Duke and the engine had gone out of sight, and it is ascertained the loss of half the goods train with the guard's van was not discovered until a distance of about forty miles from the scene of accident had been traversed. The line was soon cleared of the debris, and the train that had come into collision proceeded on its way. On Monday the matter was reported to the Commissioner of Railways, who thereupon suspended the guard pending further enquiry. Yesterday Fowler forwarded a full report of the accident to the Commissioner, and remained in attendance during the greater part of the day to give such additional information as might be required. Mr. Gillies, however, was unable, it would seem, to attend to the matter, and so no further steps were taken. Should Mr. Gillies be able to attend to his duties to-day, probably something further may be heard of the occurrence, but at present the utmost reticence is observed, no one apparently being more ignorant of an accident having happened than those who are supposed to be the best authorities on the subject. Damage to the extent of several hundreds pounds sterling has been sustained. The battered carriage was brought down to Melbourne yesterday, and forwarded for repairs to Williamstown. The Railway Department is an exception to almost every other administrative branch of the government service, inasmuch as the information of the most vital interest to the public is studiously concealed from the Press, for no other purpose apparently than with a view to concealing the bungling of the officials.—"Wednesdays' Age."

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The "Albury Banner" reports that a case of snakebite, fortunately unattended by fatal results, occurred last week on the Mitta Mitta. On the afternoon of Thursday, the 1st inst., Mrs. Neilson, the wife of a selector residing a few miles beyond the Junction, had occasion to go into a garden to cut a cabbage, and while so engaged, she was suddenly bitten twice in the leg by a large black snake. With considerable resolution and presence of mind

Mrs. Neilson immediately rushed for the house, and seizing a common table knife cut out the portion bitten, thus inflicting, as may be imagined, a very nasty wound and causing a great deal of bleeding. A messenger was then at once despatched to the Junction for brandy and ammonia, which were freely administered, and the patient, we understand, has since experienced no ill effects other than those which might naturally be expected to follow upon the loss of blood and shock to the system. "There can, however, be very little doubt that Mrs. Neilson owes her life to her own courage and promptitude of action in excising the bitten part before the poison had time to enter into circulation."

The "Liverpool Post" states that an action involving the question of right to throw bonnets to actresses is about to be brought against the manager of a Liverpool theatre. An elderly gentleman almost nightly for some time took his place in the stalls, prepared with bouquets, and threw them with great regularity to certain ladies at certain points of the performance; sometimes rising on their acceptance of the nosegays, and acknowledging the honor by profound obsequies. The manager at length interfered, and legal proceedings are threatened.

"Lecton"—To be sold on 7th May—Bay mare, small blaze, collar marked, like 86 over blotch and O underneath of shoulder.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—All diseases springing from bad blood, various districts, of over heated atmospheres can be cured by these noble remedies: Fever, ague, influenza, bronchitis, diphtheria, stomach complaints, and bilious disorders are easily met and readily conquered by these unrivalled medicaments. Both act harmoniously in preserving the pure and best materials of the body, and in expelling all that is redundant, either by purgation. Thus the cure is not slight and ephemeral, but complete and permanent; as thousands who have personally tested their power have gratefully testified. Invalids in all quarters of the globe, whose listlessness of mind and sallowness of complexion warned them, and their friends of some underlying disease, have been thoroughly renovated by Holloway's remedies.

Government Advertisements.

Department of Railways and Roads, Melbourne, 28th April, 1875. VICTORIAN RAILWAYS. ALTERATION OF TRAIN. On and after the 1st prox: the train now leaving Beaufort for Ararat at 12.27 p.m. will start at 12.42 p.m. D. GILLIES, Commissioner of Railways and Roads.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE WEST RIDING OF THE SHIRE OF RIPON, NO. 228.

It is hereby notified, that Messrs. J. RYMPLE ADAMS and GEORGE EXELL have been duly ELECTED Members of the Board of Advice for the School District of West Riding of the Shire of Ripon. WILLIAM LEWIS, Returning Officer. Maxwell, 29th April, 1875.

M. R. JOHN DELL begs to Return his Sincere Thanks to the Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society for their promptitude in settling his Claims for loss and damage sustained by the burning of his House, Furniture and effects at Main Lead on the 14th inst. Beaufort, April 29th, 1875.

FOR SALE Cheap, a WAGONETTE, suitable for double or single harness. Apply, Mrs. SAUNDERS, Beaufort.

TO LET, the premises lately occupied by Mr. G. WINSILL, opposite the Court House. Apply, H. P. HENNINGSEN.

TO LET, the OFFICE lately occupied by Messrs. Cobb and Co., near the Railway Station. Apply, H. P. HENNINGSEN.

TO LET, a SIX-ROOMED HOUSE, apply to H. P. HENNINGSEN, Stationer, Beaufort.

Shire of Ripon. TENDERS addressed to the President of the Shire of Ripon, and enclosing 5 per cent. deposit, will be received at the Shire Office, until 11 a.m. on Thursday, 6th May, 1875, for the following works:—Contract No. 218.—Building a Log Bridge over Ferry Creek by P. Wilkinson and forming approaches. Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Shire Office, Beaufort, and the Man of Kent Hotel, Snake Valley. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

H. H. JACKSON, Shire Engineer. Beaufort, April 26th, 1875.

Golden Gate Alluvial Gold Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

All shares in accordance with the (15th) FIFTEENTH call of (s.) ONE SHILLING per share, will be Sold by Public Auction, at the Nag's Head Hotel, Clunes, at 12 o'clock noon, on May 8th, 1875. T. DREWRY, Manager.

Wellington Gold Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

All shares in accordance with the (8th) EIGHTH call of (s.) ONE SHILLING per share, will be Sold by Public Auction, at the Nag's Head Hotel, Clunes, at 12 o'clock noon, on May 8th, 1875. T. DREWRY, Manager.

Richmond Quartz Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

NOTICE.—A CALL (the 10th) on the Capital of the Company of ONE SHILLING per share has been made due and payable to the manager at the office of the Company, on Wednesday, 22nd Apr. 1875. J. W. BROWN, Manager.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS OF THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE. The name of the Singer Sewing Machine is well known to all, and the absence of the Singer trade-mark, will be detected by the purchaser. Any person caught selling a counterfeit machine, will be prosecuted without further notice. Illustrated price list sent free. Sewing Machines for 1875. The returns just published show the Singer Manufacturing Company's sales, as usual, the Singer Manufacturing Company, 219, 708. Being 45,677 machines in the excess of any other company.

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Stanford and Co. SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S SEWING MACHINES. Corner of Bourke and Russell Streets, Melbourne. Sewing Machines Repaired.

SALVAGE GOODS.

Ex "Blencathra." WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., WILL OFFER ON SATURDAY, 17th instant, and the following days, Twenty Cases of Perfectly Sound DRAPERY. Saved from the Wreck of the Blencathra. All Fine, New and SEASONABLE GOODS. Great Bargains! Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

An Opportunity seldom met with of securing First-class Goods considerably under their English Cost, comprising Blankets, Flannels, Counterpanes, Shirtings, Towels, Wineys, Home-spuns, Figured Lustres, French Merinos, Satin Cloths, Twill Poplins, Diagonal Serges, etc. MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS. Hats in all the newest shapes.

THE IRON STORE, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

LATER AMERICAN NEWS.

By the ship Glory of the Sea, the "Sydney Morning Herald" is in receipt of San Francisco journals to the 14th March.

The last night of the Pennsylvania Legislature (13th March) is thus described:—"The House continued in session till morning, amid a most distracting scene of confusion.

The "Evening Journal" (Republican) of 9th March, commenting on the Civil Rights Bill, in a leader entitled "Bearing its Fruit," proceeds as follows:—"As predicted before the passage of the bill, it has begun to bear fruit; we said mischievously-inclined persons would wound on the less peaceable; and, as in the case of the theatre last Saturday night, for the less respectable colored people to intrude themselves in places that cannot be agreeable to themselves, invariably must be distasteful to the whites.

The opening of the Richmond Theatre on 9th March, for the first time since the passage of the Civil Rights Bill, attracted an immense crowd, both inside and outside, in anticipation that negroes would attempt to exercise the new law.

At New Orleans, on 9th March, the Civil Rights Bill was practically illustrated at the St. Charles Theatre, where State Senator Stamps and colored friends occupied seats in the parquette, to witness Davenport as Sir Giles Overreach.

At Alexandria, on 6th March, the "Gazette" has a report from Fauquier county to the effect that on Saturday last a colored man named Haines went to the house of his mistress, between Markham and Piedmont, and with a hatchet made a murderous assault upon her and her two children, cutting them terribly.

In 1874 the Federal authorities spent 752,000 dol. upon permanent improvements at the Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois, and 544,000 dol. more in 1874, making 1,496,000 dol. in two years.

An episode of the Beecher-Tilton trial is reported in the New York journals:—"On Friday night, as Deacon Ovington was getting ready to go to Europe, a clerk from Morris and Pearsall's office served him with a subpoena to produce two letters that were written on Friday, 10th July, one sent to Munroe place, where the Plymouth Church Investigation Committee were in session, and the other to Mrs. Tilton, at her residence in Livingstone-street.

Letters from Mexico report that the late riotous and murderous attacks on the Protestants in different parts of the Republic have excited a strong and general feeling in the towns in favor of the prosecuted doctrine.

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was awakened next morning by her farewell words. He told his counsel of this dilemma, and after every sort of reasoning they concluded to search the books of the American District Telegraph Company.

Congress refused to pass Clayton's bill to require a stamp on imitation champagne. It was not voted down in the open House, but was smothered in committee.

A well-dressed colored man, and a young white woman visited the City-hall in New York, and made known their desire to be married by Mayor Wickham, but the latter replied firmly, "No, sir, it can't be done.

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GENERAL NEWS.

The "Peak Downs Telegram" reports that news has been received from Ainaac of two murders and a death from thirst in the western districts. The first was the murder of a quiet black boy, by the so-called civilized blacks, within half a mile of the township.

A shocking depravity was revealed at an inquest, upon the body of Rosina Ingram, says the "Maryborough Standard," a woman who has lived or the last seven years with a German named Preuss, in a miserable hut about a quarter of a mile from Maryborough.

English Mails, 1875.

Table with columns: Leaves Melbourne, Arrives at Melbourne, and specific dates for various days of the week.

Victorian Railways.

Table with columns: From Ballarat to Ararat, From Ararat to Ballarat, and specific times for various routes.

Table with columns: Ballarat to, Fares, and specific rates for different classes of service.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at Beaufort, and Mails close at Beaufort.

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POPULAR, SAFE,

AND EFFICACIOUS.

DR. D. JAYNE'S STANDARD FAMILY MEDICINES.

EXPECTORANT

DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Pleurisy; is a prompt and certain palliative in Consumption, and all Pulmonary and Bronchial Disorders, in action freeing the Lungs and Bronchial tubes of irritating and obstructing matters, and healing the ulcerated surfaces.

TONIC VERMIFUGE

Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge is a remedy especially adapted to cure many of the ordinary ailments of Children, and to save them from much suffering. It utterly destroys Worms, the great pests of children, and purges the system of them.

AGUE MIXTURE

Dr. D. Jayne's Ague Mixture an unfailing Remedy for Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, and all complaints of a like nature. It breaks up the chills, and assists in restoring the Liver and Digestive organs to a healthy condition; it also exercises a tranquillizing effect on the nerves, and has a most excellent tonic properties, which enable it when taken in conjunction with the Sanative Pills, to eradicate the disease.

SANATIVE PILLS

Dr. D. Jayne's Sanative Pills known all the world over as a mild, prompt and effective purgative of established efficacy in Liver Complaints, and all Bilious affections, Headache, Disordered Stomach, Dyspepsia, Female Diseases and Diseases of the skin. In small doses they are alterative and gently laxative, in large doses actively cathartic.

W. FORD AND CO., 67 SWANSTON STREET, MELBOURNE

The Garden.—April.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Cabbage, cauliflower lettuce, spinach, and turnips should be sown. Early potatoes may be planted largely. Celery and leeks to be transplanted into trenches. Dig up any vacant ground, in readiness for autumn cropping; the soil is pulverised and sweetened by exposure to the atmosphere. Cabbage and cauliflower plants should be planted largely. If dry, water as last month.

FLOWER GARDEN.—Proceed with propagation of favorite plants by layering, cuttings, or otherwise. Plant at the end of the month a few hyacinths, tulips, anemones, ranunculi, and narcissus, for early blooming. Sow stocks, larkspur, mignonette, &c. Take care that carnations, azaleas, rhododendrons, and the like plants, do not suffer from want of water. Climbers must be regulated, the stronger-growing kinds cut back, and others neatly tied up. All decayed flower stems or leaves to be removed; walks to be kept neat and orderly.

FARM.—The plough will be in active use this month, unless the weather is very unfavourable. Sow turnips for sheep—also oats, Cape barley, rye, and tares, for green feed. Continue the use of the horse-hoe amongst drilled crops. Look to your manure heap, collect everything that is convertible into manure, and, when thoroughly rotted, cart on to your land.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Coughs, and Influenza.—The soothing properties of these medicaments render them well worthy of trial in all diseases of the respiratory organs. In common colds and influenza the Pills, taken internally, and the Ointment rubbed over the chest and throat, are exceedingly efficacious. When influenza is epidemic this treatment is the easiest, safest, and surest. Holloway's Pills purify the blood, remove all obstacles to its free circulation through the lungs, relieve the over-gorged air tubes, and render respiration free, without reducing the strength, irritating the nerves, or depressing the spirits; such are the ready means of escaping from sufferings inflicted by colds, coughs, bronchitis, asthma, and other chest complaints, by which the health of many people is seriously and permanently injured in every country.

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Beware of Imitations of the SINGER MACHINE.

SPURIOUS SINGER'S made of inferior metal, are in the market; but they can easily be detected by the absence of the Singer trade-mark, with the name of our firm written underneath. Any person caught selling counterfeit machines as a genuine Singer will be prosecuted without further notice. Illustrated price lists sent post free.

Stanford and Co. SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Corner of Bourke and Russell Streets, Melbourne. Machines Repaired.

NEW HOME NEWSPAPER THE "EUROPEAN MAIL"

Published every fourth Friday for despatch by the Mail via Marseilles. THE EUROPEAN MAIL is only 13s. per annum, postage paid, to anybody anywhere. THE EUROPEAN MAIL is sold by all Booksellers and News Agents. THE EUROPEAN MAIL is the best advertising medium for Australasia. THE EUROPEAN MAIL Office is Colonial Buildings, Cannon-street, London. THE EUROPEAN MAIL Victorian Agency is with Messrs GOSCH AND GORDON News Agents, Melbourne. THE EUROPEAN MAIL Local Agency is with H. P. HENNINGSEN.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS

NO FAMILY or person should be without these Pills their long tried efficacy in correcting disorders of the liver and stomach, stimulating the bowels and purifying the blood, has secured for them an imperishable fame throughout the world. A few doses produce cure, a short continuance effects a complete cure. Invalids may look towards this rectifying and purifying medicine with the certainty of obtaining relief. How to Enjoy Life. It is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of expelling all impurities is to take Holloway's Pills, which have the power of cleansing the blood from all noxious matters, expelling all humors which taint or impoverish it, and thereby purify and invigorate and give general tone to the system. Young and old, robust or delicate, may alike experience their beneficial effects. Myriads affirm that these Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of health by purifying and regulating the fluids, and strengthening the solids. Our Mothers and Daughters. The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and purest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages, and most precious at the turn of life, or when entering into womanhood. Debility, Loss of Power, Indiscretions of Early Youth, &c. Nervousness, In all the above cases, arising from errors and yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease. DR. L. L. SMITH, (The only legally qualified medical man advertising these colonies), 182 COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (Late the residence of the Governor.) Private entrance is in Stephen-street, South. Consultation fee by letter £1. Medicines forwarded to all parts of the colonies so packed as to avoid exposure. Books written by Dr. L. L. Smith Post free; postage stamps. Means of Prolonging Life 1s. 6d. Medical Household Sketches, No. 1. 3s. 6d. Do do do, No. 2. 3s. 6d. Weakness and Sterility 3s. 6d. Medical Almanac, 1875. 6s. Printed and published by HENRY BARNES, for the Proprietors, at the office, Neil-street, Deafour, Victoria.

Debilitated Constitution.—Bad Coughs.

In general debility, mental depression, and nervous irritability, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills. They soothe and strengthen the nerves and system generally, give tone to the stomach, elevate the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a total and most delightful revolution in his whole system. Thousands of persons have been restored to health after their use alone, they have been restored to health after all other means had proved unsuccessful. Indigestion and its cure. Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the bane of thousands, who pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these pills, according to the accompanying directions. Their strengthening and invigorating effect is subservient to digestion, and effect a cure without debilitating or exhausting the system; on the contrary they support and conserve the vital principle by a complete purification of the blood.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

- Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blisters on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Debility, Dropsy, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 533, Oxford street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce. Full printed directions are affixed to each box and Pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds.

THERE is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body, both locally and constitutionally. The Ointment rubbed around the part affected enters the pores as salt permeates meat. It quickly penetrates to the source of the evil, and drives it from the system. Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throats and Shortness of Breath.

Relaxed and congested throats, elongated uvula ulcerated or turgid tonsils, whooping cough, croup, wheezing from accumulated mucus, and other difficult cases of respiration, also palpitation, stitches and shortness of breath, may be cured by rubbing this healing Ointment over the chest and back for at least half an hour twice a day, assisted by appropriate doses of Holloway's Pills.

For Glandular Swellings, Stiff Joints and Diseases of the Skin.

This invaluable unguent has greater power over gout and rheumatism than any other preparation. None need remain in pain if its removal be set about it in good earnest, by using this Ointment, and by according to the printed instructions affixed to each pot. All settled aches and pains are remediable in the same manner. Gout and Rheumatism. There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due fomentation with warm water. It acts by stimulating the system to increased activity, by preventing congestion and promoting a free and copious circulation in the parts affected, thence speedily and effectually it ensures a cure.

Piles, Fistulas, and Excoriations. The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted all other applications, has been so countless and notorious throughout the world that any effort to give an accurate detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to know that the Ointment has never proved inefficient.

In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone and Gravel. The Ointment is a sovereign remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief. Whenever this Ointment has been once used it has established its own worth, and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy in all such cases. Whenever the printed instructions are followed, all such ailments and pains are remediable in the same manner.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:—

- Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Glandular Swellings, Scurvy, Stiff Joints, Scalds, The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 533, Oxford street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce. Full printed directions are affixed to each box and Pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

'Look then into thy Heart and Write.'

THE above sentence read carefully will tell all that I could in a thousand lines. It is not too late, and that to a large number of cases continually coming under my treatment.

Many who "Look into their hearts" at the reading of this advertisement, and who ponder over it, will say, I know I should write, but I have a great secret, which I have hidden deep down, and I fear every day something will shortly show itself by some plain symptom and make that secret known to all eyes. I have a great secret to be pointed at as an object of pity or scorn.

"Look into thy heart" and say it is not better for me to seek aid and get relief by writing to one man in whom I have confidence, with whom my secret is safe, and whose aid and counsel will cause my life hereafter to be happy, making me say with the proverb—"Rejoice, O Young Man, in thy Youth."

"Look then into thy heart and write," for hundreds have written to me when I had been too late, and who, in place of having "Children like olive-branches round about their table," have their homes desolate, and feel it a reproach upon their inhumanity to live.

"Look then into thy heart and write" and remember that "As the days, so shall thy strength be," and that if you do not write down your case, no eyes but my own see it that reflectively and physically can be given to you and that in place of sinking into a dishonored and premature grave, you can feel that in the words of Wordsworth—"An old age serene and bright, and lovely as a Lapland night, shall lead thee to thy grave."

Debility, Loss of Power, Indiscretions of Early Youth, &c. Nervousness, In all the above cases, arising from errors and yielding to the passions, no time should be lost to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR. L. L. SMITH, (The only legally qualified medical man advertising these colonies), 182 COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE, Opposite the Melbourne Club, (Late the residence of the Governor.) Private entrance is in Stephen-street, South. Consultation fee by letter £1. Medicines forwarded to all parts of the colonies so packed as to avoid exposure.

Books written by Dr. L. L. Smith Post free; postage stamps. Means of Prolonging Life 1s. 6d. Medical Household Sketches, No. 1. 3s. 6d. Do do do, No. 2. 3s. 6d. Weakness and Sterility 3s. 6d. Medical Almanac, 1875. 6s. Printed and published by HENRY BARNES, for the Proprietors, at the office, Neil-street, Deafour, Victoria.

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE.

NO. 52.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1875.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

Contains a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning, would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

New subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue insertions to be sent to the printer, and not to the office.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Horses, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for two shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered for extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE,

MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH,

88 COLLINS STREET WEST.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Export agents.

Burgoyne, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London.

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Arley and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

Melbourne agents.

FELTON, GRIMWADE & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

S. & M. KEOGH, Wholesale Druggists.

HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

FITCH & FRENCH.

Sydney agents.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Ed. Row & Co.

Adelaide agents.

FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Brisbane agents.

BEKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

New Zealand agents.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Druggists DUNEDIN.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."—See Deuteronomy, chap. xii, verse 23.

CLARKE'S

World-fam'd Blood Mixture.

TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

For cleansing and purifying the blood from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.

For scrofula, scurvy, skin diseases, and sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It cures all sores

Cures Ulcerated sores on the Neck

Cures Ulcerated sore Legs

Cures blackheads, or Pimples on the Face

Cures surly sores

Cures Cancerous Ulcers

Cures blood and skin Diseases

Cures Glandular swellings

Clears the blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial, test its value.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts.

Sold in bottles 2s. 3d. each, and in Cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases.

BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

Sole proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Export Agents.

Burgoyne, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London.

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Arley and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

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FITCH & FRENCH.

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Ed. Row & Co.

Adelaide agents.

FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Brisbane Agents.

BEKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

New Zealand Agents.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, DUNEDIN.

Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society.

INSTITUTED 1821.

THE rates of this society are the same as other offices.

This office is distinguished by its liberality and promptness in the settlement of claims, £2,700,789 having been paid to insureds for losses by fire.

In proof of the public confidence in the principles and conduct of this establishment, it will suffice to state that the total business now exceeds £100,000,000.

Losses promptly settled in Melbourne.

Victoria branch—Chief Office—

44 Queen-street, Melbourne.

E. F. YENCKEN, Agent.

BEAUFORT DISTRICT AGENCY—

JOHN RIEDY.

The National Mutual Life Association of Australasia (Limited).

No Privileged Foundation Policies.

Reasonable Rates. Age taken as at nearest Birthday.

Liberal Conditions as to Travel and Residence.

Policy not Forfeited so long as it has Surrendered Value.

Surrender Value Given after Two Years.

All Profits Divided Among the Assured.

DIRECTORS:

R. Twentyman Esq., Chairman.

J. L. McClure, Esq., Vice-chairman.

G. D. Carter, Esq.

R. Jack, Esq.

Hon. E. Langton, M.P.

Jas. Ferguson, Esq., M.P.

Matthew Lang, Esq.

Actuary and Secretary:

John M. Tompkinson, F.I.A.

Head Office:

No. 1 Market-buildings, Collins-street, Melbourne.

AGENT FOR BEAUFORT:

G. WILSON

Chemist, Neill-street.

I. & J. ROFF,

Tailors and Manufacturers,

MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT EAST.

OUR NEW GOODS for the SPRING SEASON are

Now Open, and contain a carefully selected stock of all the Latest Patterns in Colonial, Belgian, Bannockburn, and West of England Tweeds and Coatings, made to our order by the best makers, and which we can therefore confidently recommend. We desire also to state that notwithstanding the depression in this district, and the consequent keen competition in its trade, we are in a position to offer to our Customers all the advantages which cash, skill, and a life's experience in the tailoring trade can secure. Our Prices will necessarily be the lowest possible in the trade.

Tweed Suits, as usual, To Measure, £2 10s.

OUR READY MADE GOODS

Are now nearly equal to bespoke and comprise every description of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, made by ourselves, especially for this district. A good fit and style always obtainable.

Indigo Blue, Grosgrain, and Diagonal Coats, warranted not to fade.

Frock, Beaufort, and Peaget Coats, plain and fancy.

Very Handsome Patterns in Men's Trousers and Vests.

Youths' Trousers and Vests, in great variety.

Boys' suits, in all sizes and varied materials.

White shirts, broad and narrow plaits, all sizes and prices.

Hats—Tyrolase, Oxford, Prince of Wales, Westminster, &c.

Crinane Shirts, Boys' Hats and Caps, Scarfs, Collars, Ties, &c.

In Molesters, and all other Working Men's Clothing and Underclothing

We keep the

Right Class of Goods at the Right

I. & J. ROFF,

Corner of Humfray-street and Main Road.

Arrival of Autumn Drapery.

The following shipments are now being shown at the

BRUNSWICK HOUSE

Ex Allanshaw Thermopyle

Ben Vordick and

Thomas Stevens Ascalon.

T. ROGERS

Deems it unnecessary to state the Stock embraces all the latest materials.

In the Dress Department,

Homespun, Serges, Silk and Wool Repps,

Satin Cloths, Choice Selections Japanese

Black and Colored Silks.

Very Large Lot of Winceys, all shades.

The Shawl, Mantle Fur, Stays and Under-clothing Departments have lately received special attention.

The Millinery Department

Still maintains its former position for quality and artistic design. While the

Manchester Department

Has long been noted for giving the best value in the district in

Calicoes, Sheetings, Blankets, Flannels, &c

In CARPETS and Furnishings, all should call and inspect, the stock being unusually good value.

Men's Outfit Department.

Includes Suits, Hats, White and Colored

Shirts, Hosiery, Umbrellas, Travelling Rugs,

and Portmanteaus. Colonial and English

Tweeds and Colored molesters.

In the Boot Department

Style and Durability are combined, best fitting, and one of the largest selections in

in Victoria.

PATTERNS BY POST—FREE.

T. ROGERS, BRUNSWICK HOUSE, BALLARAT

SADDLERY. SADDLERY. SADDLERY.

GEORGE GREENWOOD,

SADDLER & HARNESS MAKER.

BEGS to inform his customers, and the public in general, that he

Has Commenced Business

In Neill-street, Beaufort, next door to Mr. George Wilson, Chemist, and opposite the Commercial Hotel; and hopes by Good Workmanship and Moderate Charges to merit a share of patronage.

ON SALES

Ballarat Saw Mills

Scotch Flooring, Lumber and Shelving.

Cedar, Clear Pine and Kauri.

Hickory, Hornbeam, Beach and Ash.

Naves, Spokes and Relloes.

Bent Wheelwrights' Stuff.

Galvanized Iron and Ridging.

Doors, Sashes and Weatherboards.

Building and Mining Timber.

SMITH BROTHERS.

MARK BARNES,

BUILDER,

BEAUFORT.

A. T. THOMPSON,

PRACTICAL

Watchmaker and Jeweller,

VICTORIA STREET, SEBASTOPOL.

Orders left with Mrs. SANDS, Storekeeper, or Mr. GEORGE ISON, Tailor.

On Sale

AT

JEREMIAH SMITH'S

TIMBER YARD,

Corner of Livingstone and Wilby Streets,

American shelling boards

Do lumber do

6 x 1 T and G Scotch flooring

6 x 3 do do fitting

6 x 2 do do flooring

American and Baltic deals, all sizes

4 out pine weatherboards

6 do do

American clear pine

in, 2in, 1in, 1 1/2in, cedar, wide and narrow boards

Cedar table legs, all sizes

French casements, doors, sashes

Mouldings, architraves, shirtings

Broad palings and shingles.

A stock of all sizes of hardwood always on hand

Also, GEELOG LIME.

NEXT TO POLICE STATION.

J. S. BROOKS,

BOOTMAKER,

HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and the surrounding district, that he has

Commenced Business

In the premises lately occupied by Mr. J. PATIENCE, and trusts by strict attention to business, and executing work in first-class style, combined with moderate charges to merit a fair share of public patronage

THOMAS BARKLEM,

General Smith, Machinist,

WHEELWRIGHT & SHOEBING SMITH,

BALLARAT ROAD, BEAUFORT.

(Next the Agricultural Showyards.)

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of every description executed at the

"RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE

VELL STREET, BEAUFORT

BOOKBINDING

ON REASONABLE TERMS.

Mining Scrip, Call Receipts, Delivery

Books, &c.,

Prepar on the shortest notice.

THOMAS MALPINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tinsmith and Ironworker

HAVELOCK-STREET, BEAUFORT.

T. M. A. begs to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and the surrounding district, that he has Commenced BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. Geo. PATIENCE, and intends selling all goods at Ballarat prices.

Hawkers and Storekeepers supplied at Ballarat prices

Water Laid On.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

HAVELOCK STREET,

R. A. PAULL

IS now showing a Large and Varied Stock of Seasonable Goods, in

Drapery, Clothing

Boots and Shoes.

INSPECTION INVITED

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

HENRY DAVIS,

Wholesale & Retail Butcher, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

H. D. begs to return his sincere thanks to the inhabitants of Beaufort and the surrounding district, for the patronage accorded him, since commencing business, and takes this opportunity of stating that he has removed to the above address, next to GUNN'S STORE, where he hopes to merit the continuance of patronage hitherto bestowed on him.

SPRING

AND

SUMMER

Purchases, 1872.

Large Arrival

OF THE

Newest and Choicest

GOODS

Of the SEASON.

In every Department, at

A. CRAWFORD'S,

Mitchell's Buildings,

STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

A. CRAWFORD begs to intimate that he is now Showing a Magnificent assortment of

New and Choice Goods,

In EVERY DEPARTMENT, Suitable for the Present and Approaching season, having opened within the last few weeks,

837 Cases and Packages

OF

DRAPERY, &c.

320 Trunks of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Which, for variety, style and quality will be found Superior to any he has ever had the pleasure of offering, and not to be equalled by any house in the interior of the Colony.

Mr. A. Wilson moved and Mr. G. Wilson seconded—that Mr. Tait be requested to hold over his resignation for six months.—Carried.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

Gentlemen,—In presenting to your notice the third annual report, we think there is cause for congratulation in the rapid strides made by the club since its being started three years ago to the late meeting, which favored by fine weather, came off so successfully, that we are justly entitled to claim a position among the premier sports clubs of the colony. While regretting that the balance to hand over to our successors is not larger than at the time of our taking office, we would draw your attention to the many heavy expenses arising from various causes which it will be unnecessary to incur again to such an extent, and to the extra amount of prize money given this year, £19 10s., as against £59 2s. 6d. last year, or a sum of £40 16s. 6d. more than last season. A proposition was made to your committee by the Athletic Club to assist in enlarging and forming the agricultural reserve. The society was instructed to wait on the owner of the land surrounding the reserve, in company with the secretary of the Cricket Club, and ascertain upon what terms he would be willing to sell as much of the land as the clubs would require. They accordingly waited on Mr. Minchin, but he is not disposed to sell any of his land without selling the whole, about 3 acres, and as that would be considerably in excess of what would be required, it will be for this meeting to decide whether any steps shall be taken as to forming a ground, and if so, how and where. In conclusion, we would recommend that votes of thanks be passed to the following public bodies and gentlemen for services rendered:—The Agricultural Society, The Shire Council, Messrs. Ten Brink, Rippon, G. Ison, Jackson, Wotherspoon, Hon. R. Simpson, T. Knight, J. Watson, G. Wotherspoon, H. Baker, D. G. Stewart, Nolan, the Police, and the Auditors.

BALANCE SHEET.

Dr. Receipts.—To balance from 1874, £56 1s. 11d.; interest on deposit, 19s. 4d.; members' subscriptions, as by members' book, £46 12s.; nominations and acceptances, as by nomination book, £58 17s. 6d.; sale of gates, Ingram, £40; sale of booth, No. 1, Ingram, £12 5s.; sale of booth, No. 2, Ingram, £8; sale of fruit stalls, Cowans, £4; sale of fancy stalls, £2; sale of chance table, £2; concert, at doors per G. Wotherspoon, £12 6s.; concert, at doors per Secretary, 15s.; tickets sold, Male, £1 5s.; tickets sold, Nolan, £1; tickets sold, Campbell, 12s.; tickets sold, De Baere, 11s.; tickets sold, G. Wilson, 2s.; tickets sold, Graves, 3s.; Ingram, overcharge to members at gates, 11s. 6d.; total, £221 15s. 3d. Cr. Expenditure.—By Stevens, work at yards, 1874, 12s.; Barnes and Co., printing, 15s. 4s.; cheques for prizes, 137s. 10d.; A. T. Thompson, cup, 15s.; De Baere, lockets, £3 19s.; Stevens, work at yards, £12 1s. 6d.; Barnes and Co., printing, £15 5s.; Hemmingson, £8 8s. 6d.; "Amarat Advertiser," £2 18s.; "Geelong Advertiser," £2 12s. 6d.; "Evening Post," £1 5s.; Uren, concert, £5 2s.; train expenses, £1 10s.; F. R. Scharp, hotel expenses, concert company, £2 5s.; Societies' Company, rent of hall, £1 10s.; J. A. Wilson, hire of piano, £1 1s.; Hehir, dance music, £1 10s.; Byrne, dance music, £1 1s.; Baker, painting hurdles, etc., £1; Moore, timber, etc., £1 3s. 5d.; Mitchell, brass band, £5 10s.; Ingram, luncheon, committee, £5 9s. 6d.; Wotherspoon Bros. and Co., £1 0s. 10d.; R. A. Paull, 7s. 11d.; D. McDonald, bill posting, £1; carriage, ropes and pegs, 6s.; Walker, carpenter, 7s. 6d.; postage stamps, £2 15s. 9d.; Secretary's expenses, handicapping, £1 18s.; telegrams, 18s.; refreshments, committee, £1 3s.; donation, Fire Brigade, 10s.; refund, overcharge at gates, 11s. 6d.; refund, E. Ingram for Thompson, 6s.; W. Watts, powder for starter, 2s. 6d.; H. Gunn, caps, 1s.; Bank, exchange on cheques, 1s.; members' subscriptions, remaining unpaid at date, £1 11s. 6d.; balance in Bank of Victoria, £40 13s. 4d.; less unrepresented cheque, £5 10s.; £53 3s. 4d.; total, £221 15s. 3d.

The meeting then adjourned.

General News.

A respected Highlander last week favored the "Creswick Advertiser" with a rare preventive against measles, assuring our contemporary that if practised it would be found invaluable. It is more nor less than keeping a bottle of Scotch whisky on the mantelpiece. He says he recommended it to a neighbor, who tried it, and although measles were on the right and on the left of his friend's house, they never entered his. Our contemporary is afraid it would take more than one bottle to keep it out of some people's dwellings if they adopted the above.

Our "Courier" Melbourne correspondent says:—"A meeting of the Volunteer Commission was held on Tuesday afternoon at the town hall. Mr. Martin read a quantity of correspondence which had been received, and brought up some reports from Colonel Anderson. A return was brought up of the persons between twenty-five and forty-five available for a militia, showing that there were 139,000 persons so available. Mr. Sullivan suggested that all from the age of eighteen be included, and the secretary said he would do so, which will increase the number to 173,902. A letter was also read from the Treasurer, stating that Majors Suggold, Monie, Radcliffe, and Clarke were willing to give evidence before the commission. At this stage, Colonel Anderson, attended by Captain Dall, arrived. The chairman said it was desirable that Colonel Anderson's reports should be sent to all the orderly-rooms throughout the colony, where they could be seen by each individual member of the forces. Colonel Anderson said he would have the reports posted in all the orderly-rooms, where the men could see them. How they were to get the opinion of the men on the reports was a more difficult question. He would not counsel the nomination of delegates, but would take the senior, or senior and junior, officers in each rank, upon some fixed principles. Sir George Verdon was of opinion that the men should be allowed to make their opinions known to the commission, and not through the commanding officer, which was agreed to. After Colonel Anderson had answered a few questions put by different members of the commission, the further proceedings were adjourned for a week.

The "Dunolly Express" informs its readers that the Rev. Mr. Bath, Wesleyan minister, states his belief that there will yet be a war in Germany, in which England, and even Australia, may probably be engaged. He also stated a fact that may not be generally known, viz., that war was declared by France against Germany the day after the public proclamation of the dogma of infallibility by Pope Pius the Ninth.

The larrikins of Sale, believing that "union is strength," have formed themselves into a corps. They have a captain, and also a lieutenant; scouts are thrown out to watch for the approach of policemen, and they play high jinks.

The "Dunedin Star" states that one of the strangest scenes ever witnessed in a Roman Catholic Church took place in Oamaru, where the clergyman in his robes denounced from the altar certain members of his congregation. Father Donovan in very strong language stated that the promoters of the recent H.A.C.B.S.'s ball, in consenting in difference to other people's feelings to leave out the Pope's health, were unworthy of the name of Irishman or Roman Catholic, and that they should be shunned and avoided by his congregation. The proceedings are likely to form the subject of litigation in a law court at the suit of the members of Father Donovan's congregation, unless an ample apology is made to the men so publicly spoken of by him.

The "Amarat Advertiser" says:—"A number of trucks from the railway station by some means got started on the rails on Thursday afternoon, and gathering impetus, ran with great speed towards the Green Hills. They were soon perceived, and an engine being at once despatched in chase, overtook them somewhere about the cutting opposite the meccosse, and brought the runaway back."

A smart shock of an earthquake was felt at Nareeb Nareeb, about eight o'clock in the morning of Friday last. A boy who was saddling a horse in the stable describes the sensation as if the roof were falling in. The shock was also felt by a gentleman who was sitting near a window at Hopkins Hill house. He mistook the rumbling noise which accompanied the phenomenon for a carriage coming up the drive, but the shaking of the window sash indicated the true cause of the disturbance. A contractor, who is an old railway man, working on the road half-way between Chatsworth and Ararat, thought that the noise was from a train on the Ararat railway, but thinking of the distance, and observing that the sound passed away to the south-west, he came to another and proper conclusion. All these persons agree as to the time and the intensity of the shock.—"Hamilton Spectator."

The desire of females to obtain employment under the Government as telegraphic operators and postmistresses is greatly on the increase, judging from the number of applications received by the Postmaster-General. It may save disappointment if such applicants are informed that at present there are sixty-two names on the list, of females who have passed their examination in telegraphy, for whom employment cannot be found, and they have the first claim to any vacancies that may occur. There are also upwards of 200 more whose names are now on books of the classes at the Public Library, besides others who are being taught at Ballarat, Sandhurst and elsewhere. In fact, with those who have passed and will pass shortly, there will more than enough to supply all the vacancies for several years to come.

A correspondent of the "Sydney Morning Herald" after remarking that in the early days of the colony, when girls were sent to the factory at Parramatta for misconduct, their hair was cut short as a punishment. A lady who had not been in Sydney for many years arrived in the city the other day to see the Agricultural Show, she was astonished to see so many girls in town with their hair cropped short on their foreheads, and anxiously inquired of a friend whether the old factory still existed!

In alluding to the recent decision of England concerning the St. Petersburg Conference, the correspondent of the "Times" says that while encouraging the smaller Continental States, the resolution of England not to take part in the St. Petersburg Conference has, on the other hand, rather embarrassed them. Preferring, as most of them would, to follow the initiative taken by England and simply to decline any further co-operation, they have to think twice before they can take that course. England is a great power in an exceptional position; they are small, and cannot go out of their way to give offence to the great military Powers by which they are surrounded. Like England, they may be convinced of the impossibility of framing a measure, which would be a fair compromise between the interests of the stronger and the weaker; they may be equally sure that the project as drawn up by the Brussels Conference is entirely in favor of the large military powers, but for the moment they are not asked to accept this project, but, only, in order just to please the Emperor of Russia, to discuss the subject once more. . . . England—had she been willing to bring about a combination of the smaller Powers—might have succeeded perhaps, but among these latter were those who were most anxious to find a way to escape. . . . As it is, the first thing aimed at seems to be to stipulate in some form or other for entire freedom of action, and to guard from the beginning against participation in the conference being construed into an acceptance of all the points of the Brussels Protocol as the basis of negotiations. It may therefore be assumed as certain that there will be scarcely one of these smaller Powers which, while agreeing to take part in the new conference, will not make some reserve in one form or other. Some time back, when a deputation waited upon Earl Kimberley in reference to Fiji, the question was asked the leader, the Duke of Manchester, if the annexation of Fiji would satisfy them; and the reply was, he wasn't sure. The duke by this time is quite certain on the subject, viz., that England's mission of colonization and annexation in Polynesia has not been ended by the acquisition of "Cathay's kingdom"; and now all talk of New Guinea. Of course the West set up a claim to a portion of it to the westward; but this need not trouble us—for the present at any rate. What we want is the eastern part, lately explored by Captain Moresby, of the Basilisk, and as much more as we can get, I suppose. Upwards of a month ago at a meeting of the Colonial Institute to hear Mr.

Chesson read a paper on Fiji, the Duke of Manchester, who was in the chair, hinted at the close that he hoped a movement would soon be inaugurated for establishing ourselves in New Guinea. It is already on foot. Three weeks back there was a crowded and influential gathering of the Royal Geographical Society, presided over by Sir Henry Rawlinson, to hear Captain Moresby read a paper on the late explorations of the Basilisk. From the number of colonists present, it might have been supposed to be a meeting of the Colonial Institute, Captain Moresby's address was listened to with the most marked attention, and his description of what he had seen of the country, its productions and capabilities, was regarded as most satisfactory. The experience gained in Fiji had already shown the evils that might be expected to result were a white population suddenly to take up its abode in New Guinea, unchecked by legal authority, and a general opinion, I may say, was expressed that the home Government ought not to lose no time in taking steps to establish British authority in the country. The "Hour," the "Morning Post," and the "Morning Advertiser" have each had leaders in support of the same view.

The "Herald" observes it would appear as though the information of the death of John Mitchell, recently twice elected to a seat in the House of Commons, for Tipperary, promulgated here, has arisen through a mistake. The telegram announcing Mr. Mitchell's death appeared in the morning journals of the 22nd of March, under date London, March 20th. In the telegraphic summary published by our morning contemporaries of to-day, no mention is made of the circumstance, but the death of Mr. Mitchell, M.P., Chairman of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, is announced. As the news by the mails contains an obituary up to the 3rd of April, or fourteen days after the alleged death of a John Mitchell, it appears as though the mistake arose through the person sending or writing out the European telegram jumping at the conclusion that the deceased was John Mitchell. Of course we cannot say that John Mitchell is not dead; we merely point out certain facts as they have been shown to us, and give an explanation of how the mistake—if mistake it be—has been made.

With reference to Lake Drummond, the opinion in this quarter (writes our "Star" (Cartham correspondent) seems to be in favor of any scheme that would tend to utilize that splendid expanse of water, where at present not a boat is to be seen or scarcely a fish to be caught. This statement can be borne out by those who go in the "flood season" for the eels. They camp on the margin of the lake for weeks waiting for the overflow, and during their spare time they try for the other fish, but rarely catch anything. What success then can the amateur fishermen expect, who has perhaps only a few hours to devote to the sport? If the lake were stocked with fish it would be a genuine benefit to this inland district, and if Mr. Baird's project is denied to him, he will deserve the community's thanks for waking up the local representative bodies to take some action; we shall then see if those who are so anxious to oppose a private undertaking, will be ready to assist publicly. While on the subject of the lake, I wonder that Ballarat enterprise has not placed a small steamer on it, to carry private parties in holiday times across to the south shore in connection with the railway, it would be a fine trip, and the beautiful natural avenue of trees there would be a very attractive place of resort.

The latest news about the Beecher trial is given as follows in a San Francisco despatch published in the New Zealand papers:—"The trial has reached its 55th day. Beecher is giving evidence. The balance of evidence has been all on Tilton's side. As the defence is opened up Tilton is losing caste. It is difficult to predict which side will be blackest at the close, but one thing is already assured, namely, that the Plymouth Church has always been strong in kissing. Beecher kissed Mrs. Tilton, and Mrs. Moulton kissed Beecher; and it has been affirmed that Tilton's practice has ever been to kiss the lady friends of the family, and Mrs. Tilton the gentlemen. When this was disclosed, court a jurymen named Jeffrey failed. The Plymouth Church subscribed 12,000 dollars to pay Beecher's expenses."

Mr. Haylock, mayor of Carisbrook, was fined £10 on Tuesday, for selling liquor without a license. A borough councillor named Swalling is also being proceeded against for a like offence.

This month of May we have just entered upon a prolific of anniversary days both at "Home" and in these colonies. The 24th is the birthday of her Majesty the Queen; the 1st was that of the late Duke of Wellington, who was born in 1769; on the 20th May, 1410, William Caxton, the first English printer, was born, 465 years ago; on the 5th May, 1853, the new constitution of Victoria was proclaimed, and on the 31st, 184 New Zealand was proclaimed a British colony. It has been a gloriously eventful month all through in many other instances, such as the commencement of the Empire of the first Napoleon, in 1810; the sale of land in Melbourne at £210 per foot in 1853, and the opening of the first Victorian railway in 1857—incongruous events certainly, but of importance.—"Avoca Mail."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—All diseases springing from bad blood malarious districts, or over heated atmospheres can be cured by these noble remedies. Fever, ague, influenza, bronchitis, diphtheria, stomach complaints, and bilious disorders are easily met and readily conquered by these unrivalled medicaments. Both act harmoniously in preserving the pure and best materials of the body, and in expelling—all that is redundant, effect, or corrupt. Thus the cure is not slight and ephemeral, but complete and permanent, as thousands who have personally tested their power have gratefully testified. Invalids in all quarters of the globe, whose listlessness of mind and sorrowfulness of complexion warned them and their friends of some "undermining" disease, have been thoroughly renovated by Holloway's remedies.

London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

WANTED, AN AGENT FOR BEAUFORT. Apply THOS. W. MOULE, Acting Secretary, 107 Collins-street, West, Melbourne.

LOST, A GOLD BROOCH between Thomas' Mill and the Reservoir. Finder will be rewarded on returning the same to this office.

Warrior Extended Quartz Gold Mining Company, Limited.

NOTICE.—A Call (the 11th) of ONE PENNY per share on the capital of the company has been made, due and payable at the office of the company, Lexion, on Wednesday, the 12th May, 1875. T. NICHOLLS, Manager.

Warrior Extended Quartz Gold Mining Company, Limited.

NOTICE.—All shares forfeited for non-payment of calls WILL BE SOLD by Public Auction, at One o'clock, at the Commercial Hotel, Talbot, on the 17th of May, Monday, 1875. T. NICHOLLS, Manager.

Golden Gate Alluvial Gold Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

A CALL, the 16th of (1s. 6d.) One Shilling and Six pence per Share, has been made due and payable to me, at the Office of the Company, Fraser-street, Chace, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of May, 1875. T. DREWETT, Manager.

Wellington Gold Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

A CALL, the 10th of (1s.) One Shilling per Share, has been made due and payable to me, at the Office of the Company, Fraser-street, Chace, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of May, 1875. T. DREWETT, Manager.

Richmond Quartz Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

NOTICE.—A CALL (the 10th) on the Capital of the Company of ONE SHILLING per share has been made due and payable to the manager at the office of the Company, on Wednesday, 12th May, 1875. J. W. BROWNE, Manager.

TWO HOURS AT HOME.

Mechanics' Institute, Ballarat.

KENNEDY'S FAREWELL.—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, May 10th, 11th, 12th. Prior to his departure for California. Admission, 2s. 6d. THOS. KENNEDY, Agent.

Tenders.

ARE called for the BUILDING of a ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH at Beaufort. Plans and specifications can be seen at COWAN'S, HOTEL, Beaufort, from the 5th to the 12th May, 1875. Tenders returnable on the 13th May 1875, at 12 noon, and addressed to the Rev. J. HOGAN, Ararat.

To Parents and Guardians.

WANTED, a respectable, intelligent LAD, as Apprentice to the Printing Business. Apply office of the Journal.

HENRY QUOCK PING.

CHINESE DOCTOR.

Will visit Beaufort on Tuesday.

Public Notice.

WE have this day appointed Messrs. HARRIS and TROY as our Beaufort Agents, and hope that all favors entrusted to us will be continued to Messrs. HARRIS and TROY, who we can assure our patrons will meet a continuance of prompt and immediate delivery at lowest scale of charges. BROADBENT BROS & CO. Prop. James Blandston.

28th April, 1875.

Shire of Ripon.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS IN ARREARS.

ANY person whose RATES REMAIN UNPAID after the 10th day of June next, will not be entitled to be placed on the Ratepayers' Roll for the present year. J. W. HARRIS, Acting Secretary, Shire of Ripon. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort.

Shire of Ripon.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS IN ARREARS.

LEGAL proceedings will be instituted against all persons whose RATES REMAIN UNPAID after the 10th day of June next. J. W. HARRIS, Acting Secretary, Shire of Ripon. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort.

Shire of Ripon.

LEASING OF TOLLS.

TENDERS will be received at the Shire Office, Beaufort, up to noon of SATURDAY, 23rd May, 1875, for Leasing the Stouffville Toll-Gate for a period of seven months, commencing on the 1st day of June, 1875. The conditions contain no exemptions from payment of toll beyond those contained in the "Shires Statute." Tenders must be accompanied with a cash deposit of £10. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. J. W. HARRIS, Acting Shire Secretary. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, May 8th, 1875.

BEAUFORT.

SALE BY AUCTION.

At the Agricultural Show Yards. EDWARD MACCABE has received instructions from Mr. Rupert Smith, to Sell by Auction, on MONDAY, 10th May, at Eleven o'clock sharp, at the risk of the former purchaser, Mr. M. L. McDonald, of Ascot Heath Station, Davonmore. 70 Head of Store Cattle.

ALSO,

At Lake Boloke Salt Works.

On FRIDAY, 14th inst., at 11 o'clock. At risk of Former Purchaser. 50 Cords of Firewood. 1 Corn Crusher. 1 Dry. 1 Grindstone. 20 Tons of Oaten Straw. A quantity building materials and Sundry other Goods. E. MACCABE, Auctioneer, Ararat.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS OF THE SINGER MACHINE.

SUPERIOR SINGERS' make of inferior metal, are in the market; but they can easily be detected by the absence of the Singer trade-mark, with the name of our firm written underneath. Any person caught selling a counterfeit machine as a genuine Singer will be prosecuted without further notice. Illustrated price lists sent post free.

Sewing Machine sales for 1875. The returns just published show the Singer Manufacturing Company victorious, as usual.—The Singer Manufacturing Company, 210, 738. Being 45,977 machines in the excess of any other company. Stanford and Co. SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY. Corner of Bourke and Russell Streets, Melbourne. Machines Repaired.

SALVAGE GOODS.

Ex "Blencathra."

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO.,

WILL OFFER ON

SATURDAY, 17th instant, and the following days,

Twenty Cases of Perfectly Sound DIAPERY.

Saved from the Wreck of the Blencathra. All Fine, New and SEASONABLE GOODS.

Great Bargains! Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

An Opportunity seldom met with of securing First-class Goods considerably under their English Cost, comprising Blankets, Flannels, Counterpanes, Shirtings, Towels, Winceys, Home-spuns, Figured Lustres, French Merinos, Satin Cloths, Twill Poplins, Diagonal Serges, etc. MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS. Hats in all the newest shapes.

THE IRON STORE,

NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

BENJAMIN MOORE

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks to his numerous customers for the support that has been accorded to him since commencing business at the above address. He also takes this opportunity to state that he is selling GROCERIES, &c., at the lowest remunerative prices.

The Drapery Department will be found replete with all the Latest Autumn and Winter Novelties.

The TIMBER YARD is under the personal supervision of Mr. Moore, and a extensive stock is always kept on hand to select from.

BEAUFORT HOUSE,

BEAUFORT.

ARRIVAL OF WINTER GOODS,

Ex BLENCATHRA.

Great Bargains! Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

MRS. GUNN has very great pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Beaufort and district, that she has secured the services of MISS AUDLEY, from Collins-street, Melbourne, as manager of the Dress-making and Millinery Departments.

Mrs. GUNN will be supplied with the Latest and Newest Styles in

DRAPERY AND GENERAL CLOTHING

THE GROCERY AND PROVISION DEPARTMENT

Will receive constant supplies, which will be sold at as low prices as possible consistent with the quality. This Department will be under the immediate supervision of Mr. JAMES GATHIE.

FOR SALE, Cheap, a WAGONETTE, suitable for double or single harness. Apply, Mrs. SANDS, Neill-street, Beaufort.

TO LET, the premises lately occupied by Mr. G. W. Wain, opposite the Court House. Apply, H. P. HENNINGSEN.

TO LET, the OFFICE lately occupied by Messrs. Cobb and Co., near the Railway Station. Apply, H. P. HENNINGSEN.

TO LET, a SIX ROOMED HOUSE, Apply to H. P. HENNINGSEN, Stationer, Beaufort.

Notice.

POISON will be laid on the TRAWALLA and LILLING ESTATES after this notice. Any Dog or Pigeon found trespassing with a DOG or FOWL on the above Estates after this notice are hereby warned that he or they will be PROSECUTED according to law. ALEX. MCKENZIE, Manager. Trawalla, April 24th, 1875.

BEAUFORT

Furnishing Warehouse

NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

WM. BAKER, Proprietor,

Cabinet Maker, Turner, Upholsterer, and Undertaker.

HAS REMOVED his stock to his manufactory. He opposes the State school, were he will sell at Greatly Reduced Prices.

W. E. NICKOLS,

Land, Estate, and General Commission Agent.

Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Co. (Limited).

Agent for the Victoria Fire, Life, and Guarantee Insurance Company.

ABSTINEE'S AGENT

Money Broker.

MORTGAGES EFFECTED.

Rents and Debts Collected.

Office: Havelock-street, Beaufort.

Agents in all the principal towns in the Colonies.

VICTORIAN FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, & SAVINGS INSTITUTE

Head Office, Market Street, Melbourne.

Capital, £1,000,000.

Chairman of the Board of Directors: The Hon. H. Miller.

Fire Insurances effected at the lowest current rates. Premiums—Every information as to rates, etc., can be obtained of the Agent.

JOSEPH COLLIE, Secretary.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Head Office, Market Street, Melbourne.

Capital, £1,000,000.

Chairman of the Board of Directors: The Hon. H. Miller.

Fire Insurances effected at the lowest current rates. Premiums—Every information as to rates, etc., can be obtained of the Agent.

JOSEPH COLLIE, Secretary.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS.

BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY (Limited).

Incorporated under the Companies' Statute, 1844.

Capital, £200,000, Sterling.

Registered Offices.—Late the Oriental Bank Corporation Premises.—Lyall-street.

DIRECTORS: R. F. Hindes, Esq., M.D., Chairman; R. B. Gibbs, Esq., J.P.; William Cameron, Esq., J.P.; A. Anderson, Esq., J.P.; J. P. Fenning, Esq.

MANAGER: I. J. Jones.

AUDITORS: George Perry, Esq.—J. B. M'Quib, Esq.

VALUER FOR BEAUFORT DISTRICT: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, HAVELOCK STREET.

THE BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY (Limited) transacts every description of banking business subject to the requirements of local constituents, including that of CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

The Directors invite application from Settlers, Landholders, Proprietors, Farmers and others, requiring cash advanced on freehold property, or to complete purchases of land from the Government or private parties either temporarily or for a term of years. Principal and interest can be made payable at convenient intervals to the borrowers, as may be agreed upon.

Cash Credits opened on the security of freehold property or personal security; a system possessing great advantages as to loans, and any other information can be had on application to the local valuer, or at the Bank Office.

HOMOEOPATHIC Books and Medicines, Collins and Fox's Books and Botanic Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c.

Hair, Tooth, Nail, Shaving and Cloth Brushes. Langton's, Moller's, and De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil. Rosetter's, Ayers, and the Mexican Hair Restorers. Feeding Bottles, Trusses, Breast Pumps, and Nipple Glasses. Essence of Roman for Curdling Milk. Bowen's Sago, Bloor's Food, with all other Druggists' sundries.

Agent for the National Mutual Life Association.

GEO. WILSON,

DISPENSING & FAMILY CHEMIST, BEAUFORT.

Agent for the National Mutual Life Association.

ENGLISH ITEMS.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council have affirmed the decision of the Court of Arches as to the legality of the Exeter reredos.

Captain Boyton, who is now in London, has received a cable despatch announcing that his life-saving dress has been adopted by the United States Government for the whole of the Navy.

The three richest men in the House of Commons are Conservatives, but they are all self-made men, with no family arms.

The chair of National History in St. Andrew's University, vacant by the death of Professor Macdonald, has been filled with the appointment by the patron, the Marquis of Ailsa, of Professor H. Alleyne Nicholson.

Mr. Norward, the senior member for Hull, intends, in committee on the Bank Holidays Extension and Amendment Bill, to move the insertion of a clause to include within its provisions all persons engaged in post-offices, mines, workshops, and factories, as also on farms, milways, and in dwellings-houses.

Mr. Justice Huddleston, the recently-appointed Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, took his seat for the first time in the Central Criminal Court on 3th March.

It is a curious fact that none of the scholarships in connection with the London School Board have yet been won by any scholar of a board school.

Mr. Beecher's friends dread that he will not be able to sustain to the end the ordeal through which he is now passing, for his health is visibly breaking down.

Prudden's great picture "Venus and Adonis" has been sold by auction at the Hotel Drouot for £2670.

Miss Nightingale, a young lady belonging to Newcastle, has obtained a verdict of £500 against Captain Perry, a naval commander at Simon's Bay, for breach of promise of marriage.

The acquaintance commenced in a romantic way about five years ago, and the plaintiff, upon defendant's invitation, was about to sail for the Cape to be married, when she heard that he had led another lady to the altar.

Both the University crews are now practising on the Thames. The aggregate weight of the Oxford men is about 2½ stone over that of their opponents.

The service of plate to be presented by the corporation of the City of London to the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh in commemoration of their marriage, has been on view at the Mansion House.

The Queen has, on the recommendation of the Prime Minister, granted a pension of £200 a year to Mr. Wood, in recognition of his labors at Ephesus.

Messrs. Moody and Sunkey, the American revivalists, have held services at the Agricultural Hall and at Exeter Hall.

The Earl of Limerick succeeds Earl Percy, M.P., as Grand Master of the Mark Degree of Freemasons of England.

The standard of recruits enlisted for the infantry regiments attached to the brigade depot at Woolwich has been raised.

Recruits are, therefore, not to be less than 5 feet 6 inches high, nor measure less than 34 inches round the waist.

The Ministry of the Duchy of Coburg has given permission to the Society for Cremation in Cotha to carry its principle into practice; and measures are accordingly being taken to that effect.

Mr. Mackenzie has given notice in the Canadian House of Commons of a resolution for presenting an address to the Governor-General in favor of a complete amnesty of the persons concerned in the North-West disturbance in 1869, excepting Rieth, Lepine, and O'Donohue.

The "Globe" is informed that an attack by natives has been made upon British traders in the Benin river, and that some of her Majesty's vessels of the West Coast of Africa squadron have proceeded to that place to protect the traders, and, if necessary to chastise the attacking tribe.

The Russian semi-official military paper, the "Invalide," announces that England has supplied 6,000 rifles to the East Turcoman tribes, and that one of Major Napier's objects in travelling north of Mesched probably was to instruct the Turcomans in the use of the new weapons.

The Dutch Government has received a despatch from Acheen, dated the 3rd inst., announcing that on the 28th ult. the Dutch captured Mandarsa Potti, only sustaining slight loss. The squadron returns to the west coast. The health of the troops is very unsatisfactory.

Chevalier von Etterreich, who saved the life of the present Emperor of Austria when an attempt was made to assassinate him on the 18th February, 1853, died at Vienna on the 5th inst., aged 75. He was knighted by the Emperor for this service, and was made honorary citizen of several Austrian towns.

A grand carnival ball was opened in the new Paris Opera House at midnight on Sunday, for the benefit of the poor of the city. It is estimated that about 9000 persons were present.

The Accoltellatori recently convicted at Ravenna of a series of murders have, says a "Times" telegram, been planning escape. Their design was to fall upon the turnkeys when they made their rounds at night, gain the lodge of the chief warder, and thence by scaling a wall effect their egress.

The Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh were, it is said, recently taking a drive close in the neighborhood of their Eastwell Estate, when, being overtaken by a heavy shower of rain, they knocked at the door of a cottage which happened to be near, and asked that an umbrella be lent them.

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in their spiritual welfare do not reflect that the May Laws go nothing like so far as the Landrecht under which they admit that their fathers died in the odor of sanctity.

All that the previous speaker has said was not intended to convince the House or to be believed, but was addressed to the public.

All that otherwise would be punishable if printed can thus be printed with impunity.

This explains this fertility of oratory. You have an audience, but you have no hope by speeches of such a kind of gaining votes.

The previous speaker had used another common argument. He has twitted the Minister of Worship as to his success.

I wonder that when he was so lavish of his laurels in another direction he took no heed of success.

Has the attitude of the bishops improved the position of the Catholic Church in Prussia? If so, why the hypocritical complaints with which we are arraigned before Europe, as though we had destroyed the Church?

How does the matter stand? Either the complaint of persecution is a pretence, or you have not had brilliant successes.

That, however, is not the question. The previous speaker and myself are quite agreed on the necessity of the performance of duty.

We are agreed on serving God rather than man, each in accordance with his belief. Each man thinks he knows God better than others.

I, for instance, think I know him better than the previous speaker. Well, I expect no result from this law.

That is immaterial. We are simply doing our duty in guarding the independence of the State and the nation against the oppression of Rome and the universal supremacy of the Order of Jesuits, and we are doing it with God for King and Fatherland.

English Mails, 1875. Leaves Melbourne. Thursday ... January 28

Thursday ... February 25 Thursday ... March 25 Tuesday ... April 20 Tuesday ... May 18 Tuesday ... June 15 Tuesday ... July 13 Tuesday ... August 10 Tuesday ... September 7 Thursday ... October 7 Thursday ... November 4 Thursday ... December 2 Thursday ... December 30

Arrives at Melbourne. Wednesday ... January 13 Wednesday ... February 10 Wednesday ... March 10 Wednesday ... April 7 Wednesday ... May 5 Wednesday ... June 2 Wednesday ... July 28 Wednesday ... August 25 Wednesday ... September 22 Wednesday ... October 20 Wednesday ... November 19 Wednesday ... December 15

Victorian Railways. TIME TABLE. From Ballarat to Ararat. LEAVE—Ballarat, 11.4 a.m., 4 p.m., 11 p.m. Ararat, 11.48 a.m., 11.30 p.m. Beaufort, 12.29 a.m., 12.17 p.m. Bunyip, 1.12 a.m., 1.10 p.m. ARRIVE AT Ararat, 2.5 p.m., 1.50 a.m.

From Ararat to Ballarat. LEAVE—Ararat, 3.15 a.m., 7.45 a.m., 3.30 p.m. Bunyip, 8.25 a.m., 4.24 p.m. Beaufort, 9.11 a.m., 5.27 p.m. Ballarat, 9.50 a.m., 5.07 p.m. ARRIVE AT Ballarat, 10.45 a.m., 6.45 p.m.

FARES. Ballarat to Ararat. First-class. Second-class. Travelling ... 2s 6d ... 1s 6d Beaufort ... 4s 0d ... 2s 6d Bunyip ... 5s 0d ... 3s 0d Ararat ... 6s 0d ... 3s 6d

Beaufort Post Office. TIME TABLE, 1875. Post Town. Mails arrive at Beaufort. Mails close at Beaufort.

Melbourne ... 12.30 a.m., 12.25 p.m., 8.30 p.m., 4.15 p.m. Geelong ... Ditto Ditto Ballarat ... Ditto Ditto Traralgon ... Ditto Ditto

Ararat ... 9.5 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 12 noon, 7.30 p.m. Bunyip ... Ditto Ditto Beaufort ... 4.45 p.m., 12.30 p.m. Shirley ... Ditto Ditto

An additional mail for Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, etc., will be made up at this post-office on and after 12th April, closing here at 10.30 p.m. Mails for Ararat, etc., closes at 10.30 p.m. in lieu of 7.30 p.m.

A mail for Main Lead is made up at Beaufort on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 8.30 a.m.—returning from Main Lead on same days, at 6.30 p.m.

The mails for Ararat, Shirley, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Bunyip, Traralgon, and Eurambeen are despatched twice daily.

Mails for Main Lead, Raglan, Charlton, and Waterloo are despatched three times a week—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sallor's Gully, (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

POPULAR, SAFE,

AND EFFICACIOUS.

DR. D. JAYNE'S

STANDARD

FAMILY MEDICINES.

EXPECTORANT

DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Pleurisy; is a prompt and certain palliative in Consumption, and all Pulmonary and Bronchial Disorders, in action freeing the Lungs and Bronchial tubes of irritating and obstructing matters, and healing the ulcerated surfaces.

TONIC VERMIFUGE

Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge is a

remedy especially adapted to cure many of the ordinary ailments of Children, and to save them from much suffering. It utterly destroys Worms, the great pests of children, and purges the system of them.

AGUE MIXTURE

Dr. D. Jayne's Ague Mixture an unfailing

Remedy for Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, and all complaints of a like nature. It breaks up the chills, and assists in restoring the Liver and Digestive organs to a healthy condition; it also exercises a tranquillising effect on the nerves, and has a most excellent tonic properties which enable it when taken in conjunction with the Sanative Pills, to eradicate the disease.

SANATIVE PILLS

Dr. D. Jayne's Sanative Pills known all

the world over as a mild, prompt and effective purgative of established efficacy in Liver Complaints, and all Bilious affections, Headache, Disordered Stomach, Dyspepsia, Female Diseases and Diseases of the skin. In small doses they are alternative and gently laxative, in large doses actively cathartic.

Sold by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the Colonies.

WHOLESALE AGENT:

W. FORD AND CO.,

67 SWANSTON STREET,

MELBOURNE

The Garden.—May.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Asparagus, rhubarb, and sea-kale beds will want cleaning and manuring. Sow broad beans, peas, lettuce, onions, radish and spinach, for successful crops. Plant out early cabbages and late sowing of celery. Finish manuring and digging all vacant ground, whether wanted for immediate use or not; bear in mind that turning over the ground in a wet state does it more harm than good.

FLOWER GARDEN.—As the dahlias and hollyhocks die off, the stalks should be cut down and cleared away; the former being taken up and housed in a dry shed or cellar. Look over your seedling, annual, and other plants; thin them where thick; and keep slugs and other vermin away.

FRUIT.—Complete wheat-sowing; also sow barley, beans, oats, rye and vetches, for seed. Finish sowing grasses, clovers, and lucerne.

HOLLOWAY'S Ointment and Pills.—Coughs, and Influenza.—The soothing properties of these medicaments render them well worthy of trial in all diseases of the respiratory organs.

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Debilitated Constitution.—Bad Coughs

In general debility, mental depression, and nervous irritability, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills. They soothe and strengthen the nerves and system generally, give tone to the stomach, elevate the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a total and most delightful revolution in his whole system.

Indigestion and its cure. Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is thebane of thousands, who pass each day with unnumbered sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these pills, according to the accompanying directions.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil, Sore Throat, Stomach and Bowel Complaints, Stasis and Gravel, Dropsy, Secondary Sympoms, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Lumbago.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 533, Oxford Street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each box and Pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds.

There is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above affections as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body, both locally and constitutionally.

For Glandular Swellings, Stiff Joints and Diseases of the Skin.

This invaluable ointment has greater power over gout and rheumatism than any other preparation. None need remain in pain if its remedy be set about it in good earnest, by using this invaluable remedy.

Gout and Rheumatism. There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due fomentation with warm water.

Piles, Fistulas, and Excoriations. The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted all other applications, have been so countless and notorious throughout the world that any effort to give an adequately detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to know that the Ointment has never proved inefficacious.

In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone and Gravel. The Ointment is a sovereign remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief.

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Gout

Autumn and Winter Purchases, Every Department.

A. CRAWFORD, MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT-ST., BALLARAT.

Has just opened the most CHOICE and MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT of GOODS suitable for the present season...

Manchester Department. Several bales of all-wool Welsh Flannels, 10 1/2, 15, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, 60, 66, 72, 78, 84, 90, 96, 102, 108, 114, 120, 126, 132, 138, 144, 150, 156, 162, 168, 174, 180, 186, 192, 198, 204, 210, 216, 222, 228, 234, 240, 246, 252, 258, 264, 270, 276, 282, 288, 294, 300, 306, 312, 318, 324, 330, 336, 342, 348, 354, 360, 366, 372, 378, 384, 390, 396, 402, 408, 414, 420, 426, 432, 438, 444, 450, 456, 462, 468, 474, 480, 486, 492, 498, 504, 510, 516, 522, 528, 534, 540, 546, 552, 558, 564, 570, 576, 582, 588, 594, 600, 606, 612, 618, 624, 630, 636, 642, 648, 654, 660, 666, 672, 678, 684, 690, 696, 702, 708, 714, 720, 726, 732, 738, 744, 750, 756, 762, 768, 774, 780, 786, 792, 798, 804, 810, 816, 822, 828, 834, 840, 846, 852, 858, 864, 870, 876, 882, 888, 894, 900, 906, 912, 918, 924, 930, 936, 942, 948, 954, 960, 966, 972, 978, 984, 990, 996, 1002, 1008, 1014, 1020, 1026, 1032, 1038, 1044, 1050, 1056, 1062, 1068, 1074, 1080, 1086, 1092, 1098, 1104, 1110, 1116, 1122, 1128, 1134, 1140, 1146, 1152, 1158, 1164, 1170, 1176, 1182, 1188, 1194, 1200, 1206, 1212, 1218, 1224, 1230, 1236, 1242, 1248, 1254, 1260, 1266, 1272, 1278, 1284, 1290, 1296, 1302, 1308, 1314, 1320, 1326, 1332, 1338, 1344, 1350, 1356, 1362, 1368, 1374, 1380, 1386, 1392, 1398, 1404, 1410, 1416, 1422, 1428, 1434, 1440, 1446, 1452, 1458, 1464, 1470, 1476, 1482, 1488, 1494, 1500, 1506, 1512, 1518, 1524, 1530, 1536, 1542, 1548, 1554, 1560, 1566, 1572, 1578, 1584, 1590, 1596, 1602, 1608, 1614, 1620, 1626, 1632, 1638, 1644, 1650, 1656, 1662, 1668, 1674, 1680, 1686, 1692, 1698, 1704, 1710, 1716, 1722, 1728, 1734, 1740, 1746, 1752, 1758, 1764, 1770, 1776, 1782, 1788, 1794, 1800, 1806, 1812, 1818, 1824, 1830, 1836, 1842, 1848, 1854, 1860, 1866, 1872, 1878, 1884, 1890, 1896, 1902, 1908, 1914, 1920, 1926, 1932, 1938, 1944, 1950, 1956, 1962, 1968, 1974, 1980, 1986, 1992, 1998, 2004, 2010, 2016, 2022, 2028, 2034, 2040, 2046, 2052, 2058, 2064, 2070, 2076, 2082, 2088, 2094, 2100, 2106, 2112, 2118, 2124, 2130, 2136, 2142, 2148, 2154, 2160, 2166, 2172, 2178, 2184, 2190, 2196, 2202, 2208, 2214, 2220, 2226, 2232, 2238, 2244, 2250, 2256, 2262, 2268, 2274, 2280, 2286, 2292, 2298, 2304, 2310, 2316, 2322, 2328, 2334, 2340, 2346, 2352, 2358, 2364, 2370, 2376, 2382, 2388, 2394, 2400, 2406, 2412, 2418, 2424, 2430, 2436, 2442, 2448, 2454, 2460, 2466, 2472, 2478, 2484, 2490, 2496, 2502, 2508, 2514, 2520, 2526, 2532, 2538, 2544, 2550, 2556, 2562, 2568, 2574, 2580, 2586, 2592, 2598, 2604, 2610, 2616, 2622, 2628, 2634, 2640, 2646, 2652, 2658, 2664, 2670, 2676, 2682, 2688, 2694, 2700, 2706, 2712, 2718, 2724, 2730, 2736, 2742, 2748, 2754, 2760, 2766, 2772, 2778, 2784, 2790, 2796, 2802, 2808, 2814, 2820, 2826, 2832, 2838, 2844, 2850, 2856, 2862, 2868, 2874, 2880, 2886, 2892, 2898, 2904, 2910, 2916, 2922, 2928, 2934, 2940, 2946, 2952, 2958, 2964, 2970, 2976, 2982, 2988, 2994, 3000.

Commercial. BALLARAT WHOLESALE MARKET. There was a pretty good market on Wednesday, but wheat and peas are still a little scarce.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET. Owing to the holiday which was observed yesterday, we were unable to obtain our usual market reports, the stores being all closed.

Ballarat Live Stock Market. Messrs. HERRN AND BERNARD REPORT: Fat Sheep—535 merino wethers and ewes for Messrs. T. O. O'Connell, J. Sewell, and D. Thomas, at market rates.

The Fire Brigades Demonstration at Sandhurst. Referring to Monday's doings, Tuesday's "Independent" says:—The first train this morning conveyed a large body of firemen; and when the train arrived at Sandhurst, a large concourse of people met it, and heartily cheered its occupants.

Boot Department. This department is now supplied with the largest and most select stock of boots ever shown in the establishment; the prices will be found to be much cheaper than usually charged for the same class of goods.

Fancy Department. Has been largely increased in all the Novelties in Trimmings, Lace Goods, Ribbons, Embroidery, and Wool Goods, in Scarfs, Hosiery, Cross-Overs, Vests, Jackets, Opera-Hats, Breakfast Shawls, Tippets, Collarlets, Gloves, Mitts, &c., &c.

Ready-made Clothing Department. As usual at this season provision has been made for cold and wet weather, in the shape of Warm, Heavy, Winter Clothing.

Unclaimed Letters & Newspapers. Aitkens Mr., Appleton W. H. Blanchfield Mr., Callaghan Mr., Cantwell Thomas, Cameron J., Foley Timothy, Fisher Cully, Gordon R. K., Green Mr., Gorman Patrick, Gerrard Wm., Haynes Bull and Co., Jones Mrs., McAlister Duncan, McIntosh Neil Mrs., Millins Hugh, Prentice Miss E., Ross John, Stockdale J., Sands R., Topper G., Vance Mrs., Wern W. W., Welling W., THOMAS LEWIS, Postmaster.

To the Electors of the Western Province. GENTLEMEN, I intend to offer myself at the forthcoming election for the representation of the Western Province in Hon. T. M'Kellar, resigned. I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant, WILLIAM VALE, Coleraine, 28th May, 1875.

THE Riponshire Advocate, Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1875. Owing to late advertisements, we are compelled to hold over a portion of the mail news, and several other items.

The Riponshire Advocate. A very sudden death occurred at Raglan on Saturday last. The deceased, Mitchell Welsh, was a fencer employed by Messrs. Deegs, and it appears that he had been fencing through a swamp, the water being up almost to his knees.

Correspondence. DOGS AND SHEEP. To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate. Sir,—On Friday night last, the 21st inst., some dogs made sad havoc with my sheep at Cold Hill, near Beaufort, killing no less than twenty-five; about the same number now remaining are badly torn, and will most likely die, and several have been driven into the ranges and near some paddocks.

THE WARRIOR COMPANY, LEXTON. To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate. Sir,—As I find that an impression is abroad, that I was retained by the Warrior Quartz Mining Company after creating their machinery and have been crushing for them until the late evening, I beg to say that, when the machinery was finished, and the quantity of stone in the bins was placed in charge, and Mr. Guler has been the mining manager of the claim from the commencement. I may say that I am not a director, nor was I promoter of the company, and any interest I have in the company has been by purchase of scrip at the market price.

Ararat. FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT. The excitement caused by the election has now passed away, and everything is once more much as usual; and therefore undisturbed by political agitation, the directors for the gas company may double themselves down to business, get their works finished, and the supply pipes laid as quickly as possible; and this course will aid us in the effort to set through to Mr. Gannon's political principles. All aids in this matter thankfully received.

Ararat. The Education League question has reached Ararat. To every well wisher of our natural system of education (and what right thinking or common sense man is not) this must be subject for congratulation, considering the insane efforts that are being made, and which will in all probability be kept up for its destruction, by the priesthood of that church, of which its own Archbishop of Sydney has ungenerously said, "that battle is her element," and content her normal condition." One of the members of the Ararat Board of Advice has received a communication from the Victorian Education League and Registration Society, in reference to the advisability of establishing a branch of the League at Ararat; and it is the intention to take steps to compass this object. The service that this League proposes to render to the public is to carefully watch events in reference to the Education Act; and to aid in carrying out its principles with integrity; namely, education, free, compulsory, and secular. Is it any use telling this to the Beaufort people, with the view of inciting them to join in the good work? The enemies of our Education Act are in earnest in their efforts for its destruction; and its defenders must be in earnest likewise in working in its defence.

Inquest. An inquest was held on Tuesday last, by the district coroner, T. Hopper, Esq., at Ellis' Mountzema Hotel, Raglan, on the body of Mitchell Welsh, who had died suddenly on the previous Saturday. The following jurymen were sworn—Messrs. C. Tucker (foreman), Millar, Murphy, Myers, Prince, Hutton, Ferguson, Conc, Stevenson, Lilley, and Harrison. Margaret Jane Welsh, deposed—I am the wife of the deceased. He was thirty-eight years of age. He was born at St. Andrews, Scotland. He had been in the colony twenty-three years. On Saturday last deceased came home from work, he had been fencing across a swamp which was about twelve miles from home. He complained of being unwell the previous night, stating that he felt cold and had a pain in his chest. I gave him a teaspoonful of pain-killer, and bathed his feet in warm water. Deceased then went to bed, when he was in bed I gave him a small glass of brandy, he drank about half of it, he would not have any more as he had the headache. Half-an-hour afterwards I gave him some sage, he took a table spoonful. About half-past seven o'clock, he told me to come to bed, as he was not so bad as to require me to sit up. He said he would take me up if he wanted anything. Before I got into bed, deceased said he could drink some tea. He drank about half-a-cupful. While I was undressing he said he wanted a smoke. I gave him his pipe, he took two or three draws, and then put the pipe down. When I was getting into bed deceased changed his position. His eyes looked strange. I then took his head in my arms. He gave two or three struggles and then died. Deceased told me before he died that he gave him pain to breathe and cough. Deceased seemed to enjoy very good health, and was always in good spirits. He had at times complained of a pain in his side after he had been doing heavy work. When I spoke about sending for a doctor, deceased would not allow me. M. D. Croker, deposed—I am a legally-qualified medical practitioner. I have this day made a post mortem examination of the body of the deceased Mitchell Welsh. The body was much decomposed, but no external marks of violence. The stomach, liver, and all the digestive organs were healthy. On lifting the left lung one of the pleura, I found about a quart of serum, the pulmonary vessels of the same side were extensively ossified; the heart was very large and flabby. Deceased died from syncope from heart disease. A verdict in accordance with the medical evidence was returned.

Stray Shots. The rumour that an attempt would be made on the opening of Parliament to oust the Ministry has so far proved false. The Opposition is composed of so many discordant elements; the members are so disunited, each anxious only for his own personal benefit, and so afraid to trust his fellow members, that its very weakness becomes the strength of the Government. Sir James McCulloch would seem to have lost his prestige, and to have forfeited the confidence of the house. His return to freetrade principles after the way in which he pondered to the protectionists has evidently created a doubt in the minds of the public that he is not sincere, and has only done so for the purpose of place and power, and apart from him there would appear to be no one capable of assuming the leadership of the Opposition. The vice-regal speech deals in the usual platitudes. The Ministerial programme is of the vaguest and most misty character, and with the colony in an unprecedented state of depression, no measures are proposed to be brought forward that would tend to alter this state of things. After a long trial of protection and "the natural increase" of population policy, we find trade stagnant, every industry paralysed, and population at a standstill. With a Ministry most, if not every member, of which is an avowed freetrader, we have a protection Government, no promise of any radical change in our fiscal policy, or any mention of any intention to promote immigration, or offer inducements to the surplus population of Europe to come here. Whilst every other country looks upon population as the basis of wealth and power, we deem it a source of weakness and a thing to be avoided. With a vast territory and abundant resources, enough for millions, we are willing that our lands should pass away to a few wealthy men, because our public men have not the courage of their opinions, are but too ready to truckle to the clamours of ignorant and short-sighted demagogues, and allow us to be outstripped in the race for progress and prosperity by our neighbours who "more wisely in their generation," are profiting by our blunders and stupidity, and leaving us in the race far behind. No amount of washing will ever make the Ethiopian white, and no amount special pleading by Mr. G. S. Scarle will ever convince the public that to dress up like a clergyman, decoy ignorant South Sea Islanders on board the Carl, shut them up in the hold of the vessel, and then shoot them down like dogs because they attempted to regain their liberty, were either meritorious and christianlike, or even blameless acts, and that Messrs. Mount and Morris escaped the just punishment for their crimes, is one of those accidents that I fear will leave an indelible stigma on the administration of justice in this colony. It is to be hoped that Mr. Woods' present attempt to open the public libraries and museums, will meet with more success than his former one, and that common sense and intelligence will carry the day, so that the masses may have other means of recreation and enjoyment than the public house and grug shop. Defeated, but not disgraced, our fire brigade maintained the honor of Beaufort at the Sandhurst tournament, and although, but of recent birth, held its own against all comers, and was only beaten by ten in an assembly of some 26 trained and veteran corps, and that only by the accident of the want of pressure in the water pipes. Dr. Dobson has not made much of his action against the "Daily Telegraph." He got well abused by Mr. Ireland, told by the judge that under the law, residence was imperative, and therefore, indirectly that as a lawyer he knew he was doing wrong in attempting to evade the Act, and as a legislator still greater wrong in endeavoring to induce the Minister of Lands to break that law for his benefit. For all which he got £10. Was the game worth the candle? Would it not be well if we bestirred ourselves and endeavored to get the freight on fire wood to Ballarat reduced to the same rate as from Lal Lal and other places. The change of the terms from here to Ararat has not improved our position, and if we do not wish to be altogether "wiped out," we should attempt to utilize one at least of our resources to our own profit and benefit. Ballarat wants wood for domestic and mining purposes, and Beaufort has an almost limitless supply, but from our being heavier handicapped

Mail News. GENERAL SUMMARY. London, 16th April. Mr. Lowther, Under-Secretary for the Colonies, in addressing his constituents at York, declared that the present Government were thoroughly resolved that under no circumstances would they countenance dismemberment of the empire. Sir Charles Duane, on returning to his home in Essex, met with an enthusiastic reception, and a grand banquet to celebrate the event is to be given shortly at Colchester. In the farewell addresses to Sir Benjamin Pine, on his leaving Natal for England, approval of the measures adopted by his Excellency in the Langabale affair is accompanied by expressions of warm sympathy. Mr. James Baird, partner with Mr. Rutherford, has been charged with appropriating to his private use £1500 received from Messrs Caldwell and Hazard, woolbrokers, on consignments of wool from Adelaide, which they had undertaken to sell. Mr. Baird has been admitted to bail. Considerable excitement prevails in Lincolnshire, owing to extensive emigration, promoted by the Labor League, to Canada and New Zealand. Agents are holding meetings nightly, and competing for emigrants. Another lock-out is threatened. The Cospatrick boat, in which Macdonald and his two companions were saved, has been presented to the Crystal Palace. Captain Richard Payne, owing to the severe nature of his wounds, received during the campaign in New Zealand, retires from active service, and has conferred the command of the ironclad Invincible to Captain Jago. The Colonial Office, in reply to a question from Mr. Whally, declared it premature to state whether the Government contemplated establishing a settlement in New Guinea. A paper by Mr. John Forrest, on his journey across the centre of West Australia was read at a meeting of the Royal Geographical Society, on the 12th, Sir George Downen was among the speakers. The Duke of Connaught has returned from Egypt, and is again with his regiment at Norwich. In passing through France he had an interview with Marshal MacMahon. The huge ironclad Alexandra was successfully launched on the 7th inst. at Chatham; the ceremony of christening the vessel was performed by the Princess of Wales, in the presence of several other members of the Royal Family. Acting under the instigation of Dr. Kennedy, some 2000 persons collected in Hyde Park as a demonstration in favour of the chairman. The Doctor uttered a frothy harangue, abused everybody in authority, and declared he would not cease until the Dartmouth prisoner was released. During the Easter parliamentary recess, this incendiary accompanied by Messrs. Whally and Onslow, has visited several of the large towns on his mischievous mission. Everywhere he finds hosts of friends and admirers. The Norwich jury have decided that the responsibility of the Thorp accident in September last rested primarily with night-inspector Cooper, who has been sentenced to eight months' imprisonment. Robson, the telegraph clerk, was acquitted. Cardinal Manning has returned to England, and discussions have been started regarding the recognition of his titles. A handsome testimonial is being raised, the subscription list being headed by the Duke of Norfolk with £1000. He has opened a new Catholic university college at Kensington, and a new church at Canterbury dedicated to Thomas A'Beckett. Captain Shaw, of the London Fire Brigade is in Egypt preparing a scheme for the protection of Alexandria from fire.—Abridged from Ballarat papers.

Godless Education. The Rev. T. F. Bird (says the "Age") delivered a discourse on Sunday night, in the Oxford-street Congregational Church, Collingwood, entitled "Godless Education." He said he would not choose a text, but preface his remarks with the words, "Wisdom is justified of her children," as contained in the 9th chapter of Matthew. He commenced by saying that he believed that this colony had arrived at a crisis in its history, and that if a certain section of the people succeeded in their designs, they would push Victoria back for a full generation. A grave charge had been made against the Government of the day. It had been charged with initiating and carrying out a system of education devoid of morality and religion, and many ministers of religion had been charged with having gone over to the side of the secular enemy. He knew these charges had been successfully and fully answered two years ago; but as the human intellect appeared to travel in circles, the ground of reputation had to be gone over again, as the present system of education was denounced as tyrannical, unjust, and Godless. He believed the time had come for those who had faith in the breadth and soundness of its principles to speak out clearly, and not desistively. It had been implicitly stated that all, or nearly all the ministers of the various denominations would now hail a return to the old denominational system of education with satisfaction. For his part he represented no one, he merely expressed his own sentiments, but he believed he uttered the feelings of a large portion of the Protestant clergy when he denied any such desire. He repudiated with scorn the imputation that because our system of education was simply secular it was therefore Godless. If he thought that the portals of religion were being closed by State interference, he would be one of the first to join the banner raised by Archdeacon Slatery, and fight, not with the blank cartridge of rhetoric, but with real

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powder and shot, while the Very Rev. Archdeacon Slattery led the charge with his free and flashing sword. But all this flux of bad language was untrue in spirit, and might be turned to a better use. The mistake had arisen through confounding principles with methods. If religious instruction could be given, why quarrel about the time and place, and by whom it was given? The work of religious instruction had been thrown on the shoulders of those who were specially charged with the task. To object to this was absurd, because it presumed that everything was profane that had not a veneer of piety. If a boy could not be taught in secular matters without the aid of religion, why not arrange that when a boy was to be taught to be a shoemaker reference should be made to the skins of animals mentioned in Divine records, and that a prayer should be uttered as every peg was driven in? What were the teachers and churches for, if not for the religious teaching of the people? If they could not do their work, if they were a gigantic failure, they ought to hide their heads in shame, instead of clamoring for the State to do their work. If the retrograde step asked for were allowed to be taken, the next generation would be sectaries of the worst type. He asked them to defend by every just and legal means a system of education based on truth and truth, that rendered to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and to God the things that are God's.

Opening of Parliament.

The formal opening of the second session of the eighth Parliament took place on Tuesday. His Excellency read the following speech: Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly. I avail myself of the earliest opportunity of resorting to your advice and assistance. The State system of education under the Act of 1872 is now becoming firmly established, and is cherished by the people as a most valued national institution. The Education Department has as rapidly as possible, and to the utmost limit of the funds voted, erected new and substantial school buildings in those localities where they were most urgently needed. Upwards of 100 buildings are still required to extend the system to places in which there are no schools, and 600 buildings to replace those held under lease and capitulation allowance; and the progress of settlement under the Land Act is constantly creating fresh demands for schools. It is the intention of my advisers to submit proposals which will enable the Education Department to erect the necessary buildings within a very short period. The regulations for the granting of scholarships in accordance with the provisions of the act, by which any child displaying unusual ability is enabled, at the charge of the State, to receive a higher education and to graduate at the University, are working very satisfactorily. There are at present thirty pupils of this class, of whom nine are at the University, and it is intended to extend the number of the scholarships available every year. The necessity of establishing a first-class training institution as a complement to our system of public instruction, by which, under men of eminent ability, a class of teachers worthy of conducting that system for the future will be trained is fully appreciated by my advisers. The regulations already in force are laying the foundation of such an institution, which must be perfected as soon as the more pressing educational requirements of the country are satisfied. A Royal Commission has been appointed for the purpose of obtaining information as to the position and working of societies formed under the Friendly Societies Statute with the view of amending the law and placing them on a more satisfactory footing. Recent occurrences have shown a desirability of enquiring into the condition of the Volunteer Force. A Royal Commission has therefore been appointed to ascertain what improvements can be effected in its management, or whether it is expedient to substitute for it some other means of defence. The commissioners appointed to act with the neighboring colonies in the representation of Australasia at the Centennial Exhibition in Philadelphia, and at an Intercolonial Exhibition to be held in Melbourne during the present year, have received the most gratifying promises of support from the people of Victoria and of co-operation from the commissioners appointed by New South Wales, South Australia, and Tasmania. I have every reason to hope that the products and resources of Australia will not be inadequately represented at these exhibitions. The Kingdoms of Siam and Hawaii, the British possessions of the Straits Settlements and Fiji, the French colony of New Caledonia, and the Dutch possessions in Netherlands-India, have undertaken to send contributions to the Melbourne Exhibition; and there is reason to believe that the Cape of Good Hope, Western Australia, Queensland, and Japan will also be represented. The advantages which will accrue to this and the other colonies of the Australasian group, by the establishment of a free interchange of the growth, products, and manufactures of the various colonies, have occupied the attention of my advisers. Negotiations with this object are now in progress with Tasmania, which my advisers have reason to hope will result satisfactorily, and ultimately lead to a common understanding on this subject among the Australasian colonies. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: The Estimates for the year will be submitted to you without delay. In their preparation, ample provision has been made for the maintenance of the public service, consistent at the same time with a wise economy. Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly: At the general election for the present Parliament, the Government of that day abstained from submitting any other question of policy than that of Constitutional Reform, for the purpose of ascertaining the opinion of the people solely upon that question. The result showed a desire on the part of the constituencies that the radical defect which un-

derlies our Constitution, in the event of an irreconcilable difference of opinion between the two branches of the Legislature, should be cured. During last session of Parliament, earnest and anxious consideration was given to this difficult subject, without, however, arriving at any legislative determination thereon. It will be the duty of my advisers to submit for your consideration proposals on Constitutional Reform, and on the representation of the people in Parliament. I trust that your deliberations will lead to the adoption of such amendments of the law as will meet the acknowledged requirements of the country. The adjustment of the incidence of taxation on a more satisfactory basis is ripe for settlement and demands your most earnest attention. To secure a more equitable distribution of the public burdens, proposals will be submitted to you for raising revenue from sources hitherto exempt from taxation, as well as for altering and remitting certain duties of Customs, thereby affording substantial relief to the great body of the people. The continued increase in the number of applications for selections under the Land Act induced the Government to institute enquiries with a view of ascertaining the classes of persons who were applying for licenses, to what uses the lands previously held under licence were put after the three years' probation had expired, and to what extent transfers by sale or mortgage had been effected. The result of these enquiries will be laid before you. The settlement effected under the Land Act has been of a satisfactory character; but experience has shown that the present law is not sufficiently comprehensive to meet the wants of several classes. A measure proposing to admit of persons selecting who are now debarred, to restore the area of selection to 640 acres, to simplify the procedure for obtaining licences, to make adequate provision to prevent evasion of the law, and to re-adjust the assessment on stock, will be laid before you. To this your attention will be at once invited. Your assent will be asked to a bill to provide for the care and management of State Forests and Timber Reserves. The lines of railway, the construction of which was authorized in 1871, are now completed, and it is gratifying to know that this has been effected at a cost not exceeding the amount sanctioned by Parliament for that purpose. In the case of those lines authorized in 1873, for which contracts have been let, very satisfactory progress has been made; and the permanent survey of the lines which have not yet been placed under contract are now sufficiently advanced to admit of tenders being called for in a few weeks. The promised trial surveys of new lines are, with one or two exceptions, completed; and my advisers will be able to carry out their intention of submitting to you during the present session further proposals for railway extension. A bill will be submitted for your consideration making better and more economical provisions for the public service, and providing for the establishment of superannuation, life assurance, and fidelity funds, in which the members of the public service will have a mutual interest. The present state of the mining industry renders it more than ever necessary that the subject of mining for silver and gold on private lands should be speedily dealt with. The bill formerly submitted to Parliament will be again introduced, and I trust that the wisdom of the Legislature will enable it to arrive at a satisfactory settlement of the difficult question. The necessity of improving the accommodation for shipping in the port of Melbourne has been pressed upon the attention of my advisers. Experience in other countries has shown that the most effective means of accomplishing such an object is to entrust the control of the harbor to a body constituted for that purpose. A bill, therefore, for the establishment of a Harbor Trust has been prepared, and will be duly presented to you. A bill to improve the administration of the laws affecting ships and seamen by the constitution of a Marine Board will also be placed before you. An amendment of the laws regulating the sale of wines, beer, and spirits have been urgently demanded by all who have given attention to the subject. A bill has been prepared for the better regulation of this trade, and in view of the important social consequences which are involved, I commend the measure to your most earnest consideration. The requirements of our municipal and other corporations often make it necessary to give evidence of their bye-laws and proceedings. You will be invited to consider a bill to facilitate the proof in such cases, and so put an end to a difficulty which at present exists. Measures will be brought before you to amend the enactments relating to masters and operatives, and also to facilitate the establishment of councils of conciliation and of arbitration, with a view to prevent as well as to determine differences. Several other measures of importance will be submitted for your consideration. Among these will be bills to establish a Metropolitan Board of Works, to amend the Mining Companies Statute 1871, to amend the Police Offences Statute, and the law with regard to Impounding, Life Assurance, and Pharmacy; also, bills relating to Fugitive Criminals and Absconding Debtors, to the Introduction of Skilled Assessors to assist in the disposal of questions involving technical or professional knowledge; bills relating to Justices of the Peace, Juries, and Attorneys, which, it is believed, will effect desirable alterations in the administration of justice. I commend to your careful consideration these and other measures that will be brought before you, and I pray that your labours may under the blessing of Providence, conduce to the continued prosperity of the country and happiness of the people. Melbourne, 25th May, 1875. Copies of the speech having been handed to the President of the Legislative Council and the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, His Excellency, accompanied by his staff withdrew from the chamber, and most of the spectators retired. Mr. Wilson, the new member for the Eastern Province, and Mr. Belcher, the new member for the South-Eastern Province, then took their seats on the north side of the Council Chamber. Mr. Anderson gave formal notice of his intention to bring in a bill on the subject of

municipal bye-laws. Leave was given, the bill read the first time, and ordered to be read a second time next Tuesday. Mr. Cuthbert moved the appointment of a select committee to draw up an address in reply to His Excellency's speech. Mr. Delecher seconded the motion, which was agreed to. The committee after a short retirement brought up the address in reply, which was almost a fac-simile of the address. The clerk of the Council read the address, when Mr. Cuthbert rose to move the address in reply to the Governor's speech. Mr. Delecher seconded the adoption of the address.

General News.

"The Hampden Guardian" reports the arrest and taking of one Thomas Clinik a distance of 200 miles to Campdown, for disobeying a summons he never received. He was discharged, and left to get home as he could. The "Guardian" pertinently adds:—"It would be satisfactory to learn upon what sort of affidavit the warrant was issued and what was the service sworn to upon which the bench ordered the man's arrest. It might also be interesting to learn who is to blame in the matter for putting the country to the expense of travelling Clinik and his escort 200 miles upon an utterly groundless charge."

On Saturday, 8th inst., the "Sydney Morning Herald" states, "two pigeon flying matches were flown under the auspices of the Colmanian Club. One was from Mount Victoria to Sydney, a distance of 77 miles for all comers. The other was a match for tumblers only, from Liverpool to Sydney, a distance of 23 miles. The weather was beautiful and fine, with a clear atmosphere, which enabled the birds to see a great distance, and facilitated their return home quickly, as the time will show. Mr. Starr's Antwerp Duetter proved himself the victor of the long fly, time 90 minutes; and Mr. Horsfield's black headed hen Blink Bony, showing home first from Liverpool, doing the journey in 27 1/2 minutes. Among the exhibits that are to be sent from Victoria to the Philadelphia Exhibition are a pair of seats made by a prisoner at the Penitentiary Stockade. The "Argus" says they are made of steel and colonial blackwood and are an elegant piece of workmanship. The rapid increase (says the "Age") in the number of lunatics that are crowding our asylums, notwithstanding the increased capacity of such institutions, is likely to lead to departmental enquiry, for the purpose of ascertaining whether some check cannot be put on the increase. There is a strong belief in the minds of many who have been brought into official contact with lunatics, that many of them are committed to these asylums by country magistrates on very slight grounds. The Adelaide races were well attended on Monday, the opening day. The Flying Handicap victory fell to Ada, with Barnaid second, and Wongler third. The St. Ledger fell to Stella, Lucretia and Edith taking second and third places. Time 3min 31sec. In the Two-year old Stakes the horses were placed thus—Improve, Loquacity, Praterite. Time, 1min 25sec. For the South Australian Handicap the Deer ran first with Sunset and Darkie in the second and third places. Time, 3min 10sec. The second day's events were equally well attended, and three events were run. In the Maiden, Loquacity scored the win. Emulation beating Shark for second place. The Adelaide Cup was won by Lurine, Barnaid 2d, Gloom 3. Time, 3 min 40sec, and the Selling race fell to Patch, Darkie taking honours of second place from Norma. Time, 2min 55sec.

Queensland is the latest adherent to the pay principle, a motion in favour of remunerating the representatives to the extent of £200 per annum having been carried in the Assembly of that colony. Both New South Wales and South Australia have repudiated payment of members, propositions to effect the change having recently been negatived respectively at Sydney and Adelaide. Domestic servants are difficult to obtain and hard to keep in Horsham, says the Wimmera Star, and the rate of wages demanded by "helps" is exceedingly high. We understand, that the state of things will shortly be somewhat improved. The directors of the National Labour Bureau recently communicated with one of our townsmen relative to the establishment of an agency in Horsham and the result is that negotiations are now under way for the appointment of an agent. The Hunt Club races and steeplechase which took place at Flomington on the Queen's birthday were productive of genuine sport, the weather overhead being fine and the course in fair order. The hurdle race was won by Lavender, the Maiden Steeplechase was carried off by Dawn of Day, Murgah second. The handicap flat race led to a splendid contest, Onyx winning by a neck only. The Autumn steeplechase was won by Frodigious. The Minyip correspondent of the "Horsham Times" details an amusing incident, which happened there the other day. It is the custom of the Lands Department to send circulars annually to licensees to be filled by them, showing the nature and cost of the improvements effected by them on their holdings during the previous twelve months. Among others a certain selector, evidently of Milesian origin, received one of these circulars and in filling it up—after a long list of miscellaneous improvements—added the following original item of expenditure:—"To expence of getting a wife (a decent girl) to help me to fence, &c., and cost of that same, £100." The resignation of the Minister of Lands is expected should this extraordinary circular come before him.

It is said that one of the leading wool growers of the Western District, who has extensive possession in the Wimmera District states that if he were compelled to comply with the Thistle Statute, he would suffer a loss of several hundred pounds annually. During the past summer when every other kind of vegetation was burned up, thistles could be seen in vigorous growth on the plains of the Wimmera. The result was that sheep and cattle had to depend on them for sustenance, and excellent fodder they made. The heads or "knobs" were eaten off, and portions of the stems, and the sheep appeared to thrive on them. But for the abundance of thistles, it is believed that a large quantity of live stock in the Wimmera district must have died from sheer starvation.

A notorious New York prize fighter and disorderly character was on trial the other day for assault and battery. He was convicted, and just before the judge passed sentence his counsel appealed for mercy, saying that his client intended to leave New York at once. "I know it," said the judge, "he is going to leave it for six months, during which time he will reside in the penitentiary."

The Crown Princess of Germany, daughter of Queen Victoria (writes Cincinnati), is taking a lively interest in the welfare of the lady telegraphists employed at Berlin, and has lately paid a private visit to one of the principal offices, where she expressed her satisfaction with the aptitude and promptness of the fair operators. "The Princess in the meantime is also a close observer, and objects to the fashion of the young lady telegraphists allowing their hair to fall over their shoulders as unbecoming in their position, and desires also that their dress should be simple and unassuming. Kladderatsch, the Berlin Punch, has also taken up the matter in a lively dialogue, and Schultze is asking Muller whether he has seen part of the uniform of the lady telegraphists, consisting of an ornamental black velvet bow with a silver arrow.

"The Northern Territory Times" thus describes a night in Port Darwin. It is as follows:—"First the mosquitoes sweetly sing their evening hymn, and then proceed to extract a gory repast from the prostrate form. Friendly rats gambol playfully over his stomach; troops of dogs outside avail themselves of Dr. Water's permission to bark and bite. Stray horses of the coal-trail breed scurry themselves against his caudex, and then go round, the cover and dance the fandango on piles of bonilli tins and bottles. He knows that the crickets are devouring his inexpressibles, whilst he feels that the cockroaches are making a hearty meal of his toe nails.

At the Cork Assizes, on the 22nd March, Mary MacMahon was convicted of the murder of Mary Sexton, two years ago, in Limerick. The prisoner had been a servant in the employment of a single gentleman, and had been dismissed, and was succeeded in this situation by the deceased. It was the gentleman's habit to dine with his brother on Sundays, and the prisoner took advantage of his absence to murder her successor by cutting her throat. She afterwards put the dead body into a water-cask, and robbed the house. A portion of the stolen property was found on her person, and was evidence against her. Two juries had disagreed about the case, and the venue was changed to Cork.

Holloways Ointment and Pills.—Much water-fitness must be exercised as winter advances, and the earliest evidences of ill-health must be immediately checked, and removed, or a slight illness may result in a serious malady. Relaxed and sore throat, diphtheria, quinsy, throat cough, chronic cough, bronchitis, and many other pulmonary affections will be relieved by rubbing this cooling Ointment into the skin as nearly as practicable to the seat of mischief. This Ointment, so simple and effective, is admirably adapted for the removal of these diseases during infancy and youth. Old asthmatic invalids will derive marvellous relief from the use of Holloway's remedies, which have brought round many such sufferers, and re-established health after every other means had signally failed.

TO LET, the OFFICE lately occupied by Messrs. Colman & Co. near the Railway Station. Apply, H. P. HENNINGSEN.

TO LET, a SIX ROOMED HOUSE, apply to H. P. HENNINGSEN, Stationer, Beaufort.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, a FARM DRAY and a SET of HARROWS. Apply, office of this paper.

WANTED, a COOK for a Survey Camp. Apply, CLARINE SMITH, Surveyor.

WANTED, a BOY to MIND SHEEP. Apply, S. CHAPMAN, Datchet.

NOTICE.—Any person found TRESPASSING upon my land at Bald Hill, Trawalla, will be PROSECUTED. POISON LAID. WILLIAM READ. May 25th, 1875.

Wellington Gold Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

ALL shareholders in the above company who PAID the loan call of (1s.) One Shilling per share, can forward the receipt of same to the office of the company in lieu of cash, to pay the 19th call of 1s. per share now overdue. T. DREWETT, Manager, Clunes, May 20th, 1875.

Shire of Ripon. NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

THE Rate Collector will attend at the office of the Council on the seven days (Sunday excepted) immediately preceding the 10th day of June next, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the payment of rates. J. W. HARRIS, Acting Shire Secretary, Riponshire Offices, Beaufort.

Shire of Ripon. TENDERS addressed to the President of the Shire of Ripon, and enclosing 5 per cent. deposit will be received at the Shire Office, until 11 a.m. on Thursday, 3rd June, 1875, for the following works:— EAST RIDING. Contract No. 153—Cutting about 70 chains of drains, and forming 10 chains of the road on the east side of Mount Egan. WEST RIDING. Contract No. 109—Lengthening two pipe culverts near Mr. Cameron's farm, Lake Goldsmith. Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Shire Office, Beaufort, and the Man of Kent Hotel, Snake Valley. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted. H. H. JACKSON, Shire Engineer, Beaufort, May 20th, 1875.

Thursday, 10th June, 1875. SALE BY AUCTION. WOODNAGGERAK.

Horses, Cattle, Farm Implements, Oats, &c. EDWARD MACCABE has been instructed to SELL by Public Auction on the farm of the late Mr. THOMAS THOMPSON, deceased, situated on the Streamline Road near Shirley, on Thursday, 10th June, at 12 o'clock upon:— Farm Horses, Bays, Allish Cows, young stock, Steers, Heifers, &c.—2 Saddles and Bridles, a quantity of useful Harness, two ploughs, one pair of Harrows, one Reaping Machine, a lot of Corn Sacks, Forks, Rakes, &c., &c.; and about 600 bushels of Oats. LUNCHEON PROVIDED, W. EDWARD NICKOLS, Estate Agent, Beaufort.

Fresh Arrival of Winter Drapery Goods! WOTHERSPOON BROS. & Co. Special Lines. They are now offering the following goods 20 per cent. under usual prices;— 8-4 Grey Blankets, 7s. 6d. 9-4 White Blankets, 10s. 6d. 10-4 Heavy Blankets, 18s. 6d. All Wool Flannels, from 12 1/2d. per yard. 300 pieces Plain and Checked Wines, from 4 1/2d. 3500 yards of Dress Scarfs, all new goods, from 6 1/2d. per yard. A splendid assortment of Silk and Wool Rugs, Japanese Silks, Satin Cloths, Belmont Linens, &c., &c., in all the leading colors. 50 pieces colored Diagonals, only 9 1/2d. Men's Ready Made Clothing Department. 500 Pairs of Men's Knee Trousers, at 5s.

THE IRON STORE, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT. BENJAMIN MOORE

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks to his numerous customers for the support that has been accorded to him since he commencing business at the above address. He also takes this opportunity to state that he is selling GROCERIES, &c., at the lowest remunerative prices. The Drapery Department will be found replete with all the Latest Autumn and Winter Novelties.

The TIMBER YARD is under the personal supervision of Mr. Moore, and a extensive stock is always kept on hand to select from.

BEAUFORT HOUSE, BEAUFORT. ARRIVAL OF WINTER GOODS, EX BLENCATHRA. Great Bargains! Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

MRS. GUNN has very great pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of Beaufort and district, that she has secured the services of MISS AUDLEY, from Collins-street, Melbourne, as manager of the Dress-making and Millinery Departments. Mrs. GUNN will be supplied with the Latest and Newest Styles in DRAPERY AND GENERAL CLOTHING THE GROCERY AND PROVISION DEPARTMENT Will receive constant supplies, which will be sold at as low prices as possible consistent with the quality. This Department will be under the immediate supervision of Mr JAMES GATHIE.

Government Advertisements. CONVEYANCE OF MAILS, 1875-76. FIFTH CALL.

TENDERS are hereby invited, and will be received until Noon of Monday the 7th day of June 1875, for the Conveyance of Post Office Mails, as undermentioned, from the 1st July 1875 to 30th June 1876, for one or three years.

The covers of Tenders for these services must be enclosed "Tenders for Fifth Call." Tenders are required to be written on a form, printed copies of which may be had gratuitously on application at any post office in the colony, and must be accompanied by a bank deposit-receipt for a sum equal to TEN PER CENT. of the amount for which the tenderer is willing to undertake the service; the money to be lodged to the credit of the Deputy Postmaster-General, and to be absolutely forfeited to the Government in case the person whose tender may be accepted shall fail to complete within ten days of the date of notice being given of the acceptance of his tender, the usual bond and contract to the satisfaction of the Government.

The attention of tenderers is drawn to the condition which requires that in cases where vehicles are used, Members of Parliament shall be conveyed free of charge between their residences and Melbourne.

Further particulars may be had on application at any post office in the colony.

SERVICES REQUIRED. 415. To and from Beaufort and Shirley, via Ennambour, three days a week. 416. To and from the Post Office and Railway Station, Beaufort, four times a day. ROBERT RAMSAY, Postmaster-General. General Post Office, Melbourne, 14th May, 1875.

School District, West Riding, Riponshire, No. 228.

TENDERS for Work required to be Executed at State School, No. 228, Lake Goldsmith, West Riding, Shire of Ripon. Specifications and form of contract in accordance with rules of the Education Department to be seen at the office of the Shire Engineer, Beaufort. Tenders to be sent to H. H. JACKSON, Esq. WILLIAM LEWIS, Correspondent. Department of Railways and Roads, Melbourne, 28th May, 1875. VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

ALTERATION OF TRAINS. On and after 1st June the trains now leaving Beaufort for Ballarat and Melbourne at 4.40 and 2.11 a.m. and 5.27 p.m. will start at 4.35 and 1.8 a.m. and 3.48 p.m., and the trains for Ararat now leaving at 12.25 and 5.25 p.m. and 12.42 a.m. will be altered to 12.22 and 5.20 p.m. and 1.7 a.m. D. GILLIES, Commissioner of Railways and Roads.

Golden Gate Alluvial Gold Mining Company, No Liability, Waterloo.

ALL shares in arrears with the Sixteenth Call of £1. (1s. 6d.) One shilling and sixpence per share, will be sold by public Auction at the New's Head Hotel, Clunes, at 12 o'clock, noon, June 6th, 1875.

Skins. THE undersigned is a purchaser of SHEEP and GOATSKINS. ALFRED C. TUCKETT, King-street, Beaufort.

The "BALLARAT STAR" Delivered on Arrival of First Train. SUBSCRIPTION: THIRTEEN SHILLINGS PER QUARTER, Or, 1s. per week. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent.

TRAWALLA. FOR SALE. 120 Acres of Pasture Land. BEAUFORT. FOR SALE, 7 Allotments in Neill-street. Apply, W. EDWARD NICKOLS, Estate Agent, Beaufort.

W. C. STRONGE, Land, Stock, Commission, and Insurance Agent. Cash advanced on the ensuing Clip. Fencing Wire all sizes on sale. Auction sales attended to. WILLOBY-STREET, BEAUFORT.

W. E. NICKOLS, Land, Estate, and General Commission Agent.

Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Co. (Limited). Agent for the Victoria Fire, Life, and Guarantee Insurance Company. ABSENTEE'S AGENT Money Broker.

MORTGAGES EFFECTED. Rents and Debts Collected. Office: Havelock-street, Beaufort. Agents in all the principal towns in the Colonies.

VICTORIAN FIRE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, & SAVINGS INSTITUTE Head Office, Market Street, Melbourne. Capital, £200,000. Unlimited Liability. Chairman, Hon. Henry Miller.

Life and guaranteed Assurances effected at lowest current rates, and in most favorable terms to the Assured. Forms of proposal and every information can be had at the office of the Agent. JOSEPH COLLIE, Secretary. A. G. EDWARD NICKOLS.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY Head Office, Market Street, Melbourne. Capital, £1,000,000. Chairman of the Board of Directors, The Hon. H. Miller.

Fire Insurances effected at the lowest current rates or premiums.—Every information as to rates, etc. can be obtained at the office of the Agent. JOSEPH COLLIE, Secretary. A. G. EDWARD NICKOLS.

BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY (Limited). Incorporated under the Companies' Capital, £200,000, Sterling. Registered Offices.—Late the Oriental Bank Corporation Premises.—Collins Street. DIRECTORS: R. P. Hudson, Esq., M.D., Chairman, R. B. Gibbs, Esq., J.P., William Cameron, Esq., J.P., A. Anderson, Esq., J.P., J. P. Jennings, Esq., M.A.N.S.R. L. J. James.

ADVERTISERS: George Perry, Esq.—J. B. M'Quib, Esq. VALUER FOR BEAUFORT DISTRICT: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, HAVELOCK STREET.

THE BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY (Limited) transacts every description of banking business suited to the requirements of local constituents, including that of CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

The Directors invite application from Settlers, Landed Proprietors, Farmers and others, requiring cash advanced on freehold property, or to complete purchases of land from the Government or private parties either temporarily or for a term of years. Principal and interest can be paid by dates convenient to the borrowers, as may be agreed upon.

Cash Credits opened on the security of freehold property or personal security; a system presents great advantage and convenience to borrowers. Particulars as to terms of loan, and any other information can be had on application to the local valuer, or at the head Office.

A NIGHT IN THE BACKWOODS.

(Continued from our last.)

My baby was sleeping soundly in its cot, and "Terry," the dog, lay snugly before the now cheerful fire. I tried to while away the lonesome time by reading and thinking; but my book proved tedious, and my thoughts became sad. My fears were for Jack. I cried with sheer nervous fright. "What, what can delay him so?" I cried. "Oh, what trouble is in store for me?" Then my better sense came to my aid. What use in idle repining! I made some tea, and drank it, but with little relish.

As I watched my sleeping infant, the stillness of the night was suddenly broken by a wild unearthly yell! The wolves in the swamp meditated mischief. I covered my head with my hands, and my thoughts were for a while, until I had peered and nudged it into another soft slumber. I crept on fresh wood. The night was far advanced, but I could not go to bed. Indeed, I felt thoroughly sleepless; and, drawing my low rocking-chair to the fire, sat down. I must have slept some time when a long low whine from the dog aroused me. He was standing facing the window, his ears erect, his hair bristling, listening attentively.

"Terry, poor boy, good dog," I whispered, trembling, "what is it?"

How long the silence lasted, I cannot say; but at once it seemed to me as if someone or thing was creeping round the shanty—round, slowly feeling its way. There was a crunching sound in the snow, at first faint, now quite distinct. And, now, too, the dog's behaviour changed. With a fierce bark, he dashed forward to the door. At this moment, on the glass of the window, came a violent rapping—a rapping, it seemed, of human fingers! I smothered a shriek, and sank on my knees. Then, again, Jack came before me, and I approached the casement. But the loud barking of the dog, and the crying of the awakened child, stifled all other sound. I opened the shutter, and missing the screen, looked into the darkness. I recoiled with a shriek! A white face was pressed against the glass on the outside—a face so wild and ghastly that it looked nothing of this world. Involuntarily I glanced at the window again. It was there still. Then, tapping on the pane, hands strove to open the sash. With a yell, Terry sprang forward; but I caught him ere he could break through the window, and the face disappeared. But now at the door the knocking was repeated. Holding back the dog, I bent my ear to the chink, and listened.

"Let me in, for God's sake," moaned a hoarse voice. "I am a dying man; let me die in the light. Woman, woman, I beg of you to let me in!"

"Who are you?" I asked. "Do I know you?"

"Let me in. I am dying! He is hunting me!" he screamed; and then as it seemed, fell, for I felt the door shake, and as if he clutched at it.

"The wolves are after him," I thought, and hesitating not an instant, undid the fastening, and opened the door. He had fallen, and lay across the threshold as if dead. Kneeling down, I lifted his head; he was not insensible. At first, I thought it was drink that ailed him, but his face disproved that. He was pinched and white, and like the face of a dying man, as he called himself. I helped him to a sitting posture, then to his feet. He staggered in, and sank down again when he reached the hearth. His hands were benumbed, his teeth chattered with cold, and his clothes were wet and torn. Altogether he looked the picture of wretchedness and misery. His wild eyes were riveted on the door.

"Stutit," he whispered. "Keep him out, for!"

I quickly closed the door and fastened it. Then, giving him a little cordial, it revived him greatly.

"My poor fellow, are you better?" He nodded.

The fire's heat seemed to make him drowsy; so, getting a blanket and some skins, I made him a kind of bed. He lay down obediently, and gradually I saw his eyes close. I looked at him curiously. I was not frightened now. The man before me could not have injured a child, were he so inclined. Worn to a mere skeleton, the wreck of a once powerful man lay there. As the light fell on his face, I saw that he must once have possessed no ordinary portion of good looks. His beard was grizzled, though he was not past the prime of life; but toil and hardship, and, to judge from the sunken eyes and furrowed brow, care and sorrow too had done their work. I pined him, and was glad that no cowardly fear had caused a refusal to his entreaty for admission. Poor fellow! those sinewy hands, feeble as my baby's now, spoke of hard work, a life spent in outdoor toil. I anxiously looked for morning, as well as for the return of my husband. While enduring this sad vigil, the stranger whom I had sheltered suddenly burst into exclamations, like the ravings of a madman.

"Keep him out—keep him out! Don't you hear him?" The man was sitting up, pointing with extended finger. "Keep off!"

he cried; "keep off! Your time is not come yet. Stand there between me and him. Save me!"

I sprang towards him. "There is no one here," said I hastily; "no one, indeed. I am quite alone, except the little child and the dog. You are mistaken." I was terrified, but strove to speak calmly.

"I am not mistaken. Have I been mistaken these ten years? For ten years on this very night, this twentieth of February, I have heard his voice and seen his face. Stand between me and the door. Hark! hear to him! He covered down, shuddering. "Let me die," he murmured. "He said he'd be with me at my dying hour; and he is."

I did so, taking his hand in mine. "You are an angel," he said, his fingers convulsively clenching on mine. "Look at the dog!" he cried. His voice was low and hoarse through excessive weakness.

"Maybe you think it's the horrors of the drink war on me. I haven't tasted liquor since you gave it me, these six months. It only drove me worse when I took it. And I am not mad," reading some such thought in my face. "I thought, if I was, you'd be in no danger, even madness couldn't put the strength to harm into this bag of bones," glancing at his hands lying before him. "No ma'am, I am not mad."

I knelt down, the cowering dog at my side. I prayed earnestly, and when my voice ceased he spoke. "I'll tell you true," he said—"I'll tell you true. Besides, an' I can through your means help another, I know you won't refuse me. I have done hard, maybe a deal of hard, to one that never injured me. An' now I can never repay it, if you don't help me."

His eyes were on mine, and the pupils seemed covered with a film. The effort seemed evident, when he spoke even in the lowest tones; yet in voice and gaze there were signs of strong anxiety.

"I promise you," I replied; "I shall try to have your wishes complied with. All my husband and I can do we will."

"Alas, on my lips; they're parching. Bless you." He was silent for a brief space; then, speaking in a stronger, yet constrained tone, as if he had nerved himself to the task, he said: "Let me say my say. I haven't much time left now. 'Tis ten years ago since I spoke in confidence to any human creature; 't is ten years since I spoke the truth in word or deed! I was a happy contented man. I was a husband and a father, an' my wife was as pure a girl, an' good an' true as ever lived. We rented a small farm in the county Limerick, an' we were happy and honest. I was considered a smart fellow, an' likely to do well; an' Mary had the good word of all the neighbors. Ah! a bitter drop it is—'I'll never meet her again. She's in heaven!"

So things went on fair enough with me for some time; when on a day comin' in from the field, I found my wife cryin', an' lookin' woe-begone, an' flustered somehow, with the flash on her face. She would not tell me the cause. So I went out to my work again, angry a bit at her being secret like with me. I met Mr. Donevan, the agent, by the way, an' he gave me a civil good mornin', an' talked for a bit about the cattle an' the crops, an' was mighty kind cutely. He went his way, and I went mine, I thinkin' what a nice gentleman he was."

The speaker had kept his eyes fixed on me, and never once glanced round. I strove to rise, to get him more stimulant, for his voice had grown alarmingly weak.

"No, no," he said; "I am dyin'; I know it. But if I had twenty years' life in me, and knew the gallows was before me, I'd speak now. Well, one evening, a month after, I found it out. Comin' through a lonely windin' bo'been, I came suddenly on a woman struggling with a man. "Help!" she cried. My heart leaped. I knew that voice. I rushed forward, and with a blow knocked down the villain who held her; and caught my wife in my arms. 'I'll never forget the scowl he gave at me, as, picking himself up, he jumped off; I kept my Mary clinging round me, from following him. "Oh Jim, don't go after him," she said. Then at length she told me how Mr. Donevan had followed her about for a long time, both before and after her marriage, and how the day I found her cryin', he had made proposals to her, if she'd be an honest woman, and how he had threatened her, if she ever told me a word about it, he'd be the ruin of me."

"Well, to cut it short, for I feel the life's going fast from me, we were turned out of our home by the agent; all my little stock and furniture was seized. My wife was at her confinement only two days, and the bed was taken from under her. A neighbour took her in, but the shock and removal killed her. I lost her and her baby together."

In one short week I was a widower and childless, without house or home, or one penny in the world. I did not much care for the poverty, now, though. I met Mr. Donevan the day I buried Mary, an' his wicked face wore a sneering smile, an' he gave me one look, which said to me plainly: "I haven't I kept my word?" But I was determined to be revenged on him who caused my sorrow. It came to my hand, my revenge did, un-

pected. One night, I was comin' along a lonely country road. There was a moon, but the clouds were scudding across it sometimes, an' 'thin all would be dark; and 'thin she'd suddenly appear, lightin' up everythin' quite clear. It was in another country. I was away from my own place, having gone there for work. I had to live somehow, an' was bound to work. All alone I walked, an' all alone in the wide world I thought I was too; when, all of a sudden, a horse's trot sounded on the road, comin' towards me. I moved aside, to let him pass, when he pulled up, an' asked me if this road was not a short cut to K—. The moon shone out, then clear and bright, an' I saw his face, an' heard his voice, an' knew it was him. In an instant he was on the ground at my feet. One blow from the stick sick I carried had felled him on his side. He never stirred after! The frightened horse rushed away, an' I dragged the body into a low ditch. I took his watch, purse, an' some papers that were on him, an' let him go, as if he had been murdered for robbery's sake. I was unknown in them parts. None would ever suspect me, in my own place. If they searched for me, I never know it. I got away from Queens-town by a ship which was short of hands, an' I had at one time lived by the sea, an' been used to boat's, and they were glad to see me. Over the vessel's side I flung, as we left Cork Harbor behind us, the watch and purse, but the papers I kept. They were in one small paper. I put them up; I don't know why, but I did not like to destroy them. They are now in my pocket. I went to San Francisco, an' I went all round the world, but never back to Ireland. I changed my name, an' none who once knew me would have recognized me, I became so changed in looks. But, as it happened, I never met one from my own place. My revenge brought me no comfort."

(To be continued.)

English Mails 1875.

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POPULAR, SAFE,

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DR. D. JAYNE'S

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cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Pleurisy; is a prompt and certain palliative in Consumption, and all Pulmonary and Bronchial Disorders, in action freeing the Lungs and Bronchial tubes of irritating and obstructing matters, and healing the ulcerated surfaces.

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The Garden—May.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Asparagus, rhubarb, and scallot beds will want cleaning and manuring. Sow broad beans, peas, leucine, onions, radish and spinach, for successful crops. Plant out early cabbages and late sowing of celery. Finish manuring and digging all vacant ground, whether wanted for immediate use or not; bear in mind that turning over the ground in a wet state does it more harm than good. If ground is wanted for another purpose, carrots, parsnips, and other tap-rooted vegetables may be taken up and stored.

FLOWER GARDEN.—As the dabbias and hollyhocks die off, the stalks should be cut down and cleared away; the former being taken up and housed in a dry shed or cellar. Look over your seedling, annual, and other plants; thin them where thick; and keep slugs and other vermin away. P. one perennial flowering, laurestin, and other spring-blooming roses. Continue planting over-

greens, and flowering and ornamental shrubs; sowing the same when necessary. Propagate by cuttings, tubers, roots, &c. Attend to hedges, keeping them well clipped; if new ones are required, use hawthorn, furze, orange, or acacia; where a single is required; if light, small hedges are wanted, the small-leaved prickly acacia, C. p. bloom, sweet briar, or privet, are the best.

FRUIT.—Complete winter-sowing; also sow lettuce, beans, peas, and vegetables, for seed. Finish sowing grasses, clover, and lucerne.

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