

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 2231

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1878.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

CONTAINS a column of local and general news for the district. Papers regularly sent to the office of this paper, and are returned to the subscribers at once, but it will be sent to the office of the subscriber if it is not sent to the office of the subscriber. Advertisements for the paper are received at the office of the printer, and are published at the office of the printer. New subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper. Orders for discontinuance of the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter. Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for two shillings and sixpence. Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions. Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

"The Weekly Times" with which is incorporated the "Economist" and "Town and Country" Newspapers. Enlarged to TWENTY PAGES or ONE HUNDRED WIDE COLUMNS. PRICE THREEPENCE. The Cheapest Weekly Paper in Australia.

Every Farmer should subscribe. It contains reports of the weather, and is a most valuable market paper. Every Gardener should subscribe. It is the gardener's chronicle, and no amateur can afford to be without it. Every Sportsman should subscribe. The turf prices are written by thoroughly competent writers. Cricket, Football, &c., will be fully reported. Every Squatter should subscribe. The station information of the "Economist" now appears in "The Weekly Times."

Every household should be furnished with "The Weekly Times." Agricultural, Horticultural, Mining, Political, Social, Sporting, Shipping, Commercial, and General News, will be found in "The Weekly Times." Novels by the best English authors; the Penny Magazine; Tales and Stories; Cable Telegrams from Europe; International Telegrams; and all the Town and Country News. Price THREEPENCE in any Town in Victoria. Post, 3s. 6d. per quarter. Office—Collins-street, Melbourne. Local Agent—H. P. HENNINGSEN.

EPPS'S COCOA,

BREAKFAST. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operation of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." See article in the "Civil Service Gazette." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 1-lb. and 1-lb. packets and tins (not damageable in tins), labelled thus:— JAMES EPPS & CO., HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS, 43 Thredenald-street, and 170, Piccadilly, Works Euston Road and Cannon Town, London.

Carriages & other Vehicles.

AT 181 KING-STREET. CARRIAGE-BUILDERS. By special appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh. Also to His Excellency Sir G. F. Bowen, K.G.M.G. STEVENSON & ELLIOT Invite inspection of THE LARGEST STOCK of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES & WAGGONS IN THE COLONIES. MANUFACTURE & SHOWROOMS, 177, 179, and 181 King-street, MELBOURNE.

H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER & NEWS AGENT, HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

A. T. THOMPSON, WATCHMAKER, MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT, FEW DOORS FROM ROFFS' CORNER.

A. T. T. can now supply Watches (and second-hand) at prices which will defy competition. All work sent by Mrs. Sands, as agent, or by post, will receive best attention.

THE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINES.

ALL PERSONS desirous of seeing an illustration of the Wonderful Improvements which science is making in machinery are respectfully invited to inspect the LATEST, and by far the BEST SEWING MACHINE ever manufactured, viz.—
The Wertheim.
THE WERTHEIM is acknowledged the Superior Machine ever introduced, and for beautiful and ingeniously simple contrivances certainly distances all competitors.

The Wertheim, FOR WHICH THE UNDERGROUND is now being made, can be confidently guaranteed to do all the works usually done by ordinary machines, and, in addition, several varieties impossible to be accomplished by ordinary machines.

ALL THE Wertheim Machines have the PATENT LOOSE WINDING WHEEL, which, by the mere turn of a screw, becomes disconnected from the Machine, and revolving alone, allows the Operator to fill the Bobbin with the Machine itself remaining at rest.

EXTRA ACCESSORIES (including Adjustable Hemmer, Adjustable Binder, Ruffler, Coilers, &c.) are supplied with each WERTHEIM, without any Extra Charge.

Illustrated Price Lists on Application. INSTRUCTIONS FREE.

PRICES FROM £4 10s.

EASY TERMS. P. DE BAERE, AGENT, BEAUFORT.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING. CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Shepparton Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Salford's Gully, Main Lead, Raglan, Charlton, Waterloo, Burranbeet, Bannagar, Middle Creek, Shirley, Traralgon, Burrumbidgee, Learmonth, Strathgairn, Skipton, and Carriagman.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES, ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS, MINING SCRIPT, REPORTS, &c., PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS, POSTERS, DRAPER'S HANDBILLS, CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS, SOIREE & DINNER TICKETS, MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c. PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE AT MELBOURNE PRICES. Office: Lawrence-street, Beaufort.

The "Graphic,"

The New Illustrated Weekly Newspaper, PRINTED ON FINE TONED PAPER AND ENLARGED WITH THE MOST HIGHLY FINISHED ENGRAVINGS, Combining Literary Excellence with Artistic Beauty. Copies on sale by MR. HENNINGSEN.

European Merchandise.

An English Firm, of good standing and long experience, exporting to all parts of the world, and Manufacturing in Twelve Departments of Birmingham Goods, will execute Orders with care and despatch, at lowest English prices. Direct Orders must be accompanied with all or part cash. Orders through London Agents cash, on delivery of Goods. Illustrated Book sent on application to JOHN BELL, Globe Works, Birmingham. Responsible Agents throughout Foreign Provinces sold on Commission. An illustrated book can be seen at the "Riponshire Advocate" Office.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE. We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the pretence of a "Rival of former years." The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is crowded with the importations of 1874. Reasons why the "WHEELER AND WILSON" Sewing Machine is far superior to the "Singer." The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair. The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order. The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer. The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer. The W. and W. is more simple in action. The W. and W. is less wear and tear. The W. and W. is better finished. The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes. If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested. We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction. LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines. BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. Instruction Given Gratis. P. DE BAERE, WATCHEMAKER, Sole Agent for Beaufort. MELBOURNE AGENTS FOR THE RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE. MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH 85 COLLINS STREET WEST.

EXTENSIVE BUILDING ADDITIONS

Being now in full progress at
A. CRAWFORD'S

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT-STREET.

CONDENSATION OF THE DEPARTMENTS,

And STILL GREATER AND MORE DECIDED REDUCTIONS

On all goods on hand, rather than risk having them destroyed or injured by lime and dust, and to have the satisfaction of opening the new premises with an entirely new stock. The present Dress Room will be pulled down, and will, when the alterations are completed, form part of one of the grandest show-rooms in the Australian colonies. In the meantime EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS will be given in Silks and Dress Stuffs, the only aim being to convert the stock into cash. Fancy Dress Stuffs, Satin Cloths, Black Lustres, Broad Cord, Wool Poplins, Costume Serges, Silks, Irish Poplins, French Merinos, Serpes, Silks, Irish Poplins, and all other goods, etc., will be reduced to prices which will form irresistible attractions, and should keep crowds of eager customers constantly at the counters.

In consequence of the Blanket Fixtures being required to fit up the temporary Dress Room, immense BARGAINS will be given in White and Colored Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Window Curtains, Table Covers, Carpets, Floorcloths, Matings, &c., etc.

The present opportunity being of such a monetary advantage to heads of families, hotel-keepers, and parties furnishing, it should not be lost sight of, as it is seldom so favourable a chance occurs.

IN MANCHESTER GOODS

Great bargains will be given during the alterations. Prints, Calicos, Table Linen, Sheetings, Towellings, Shirtings, Flannels, Piques, Quiltings, Gretounes, Hessians, Brown Hollands, etc., etc., will be sold at and under cost price.

It being important to open the new Show Rooms with an entirely fresh stock of

MILLINERY AND UNDERCLOTHING,

Ladies will find most tempting inducements presented throughout the whole department; and part of the Spring Goods being already forward, they will be cleared out with the other portions of the stock, irrespective of value or newness, at the reduced prices. Hats and millinery bonnets at one-third the regular price. Millinery Trimmings and Ornaments, in bewildering variety, at half the original cost. Ladies' and Infants' Underclothing, of all descriptions, and under cost price. Thousands of pairs of Stays, slightly soiled, and all at job prices.

COSTUMES AND MANTLES

Having become such an important branch of the trade, the new rooms will be supplied with nothing but the newest goods, the latest designs, most fashionable materials, and finished with the most artistic skill. The whole of the present stock will therefore be cleared out at less than the cost of material and trimmings.

FANCY GOODS,

An immense stock, and an endless variety of Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Parasols, Ties, Cuffs and Collars, Buttons, Fringes, &c., etc., at less than Melbourne cost. 20,000 yards Sewed Muslin Edgings, at less than manufacturers' cost.

To fully appreciate the bargains offered in the

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They only require to be seen. Gentlemen's Tweed Trousers and Vests, of the best quality, manufactured from Geelong, Ballarat, West of England, and German Tweeds, at less than the cost of the cloth. They are all beautifully finished, well cut, and substantially made. Paget, Tommy Dodd, Sac, and other Coats, at equally reduced prices. Gentlemen's Overcoats and Ulsters, at sale prices. Black and White Rubber and Reversible Waterproof Coats, at cost price. Great bargains in Molaskin Trousers, Shirts, Hats, Ties, Braces, Belts, Collars, &c., etc.

A splendid stock of Geelong, Ballarat, Warranbelloch, West of England, and German Tweeds, at mill prices.

Goods made to order at the shortest notice. Patterns sent free by post to any part of the colony.

BOOTS and SHOES

Will be sold during the alterations at and under Melbourne cost. A splendid stock of Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes, of all kinds, at prices which will be an immense advantage to heads of families and others.

The Sale will be continued during the time of the Alterations. Prompt advantage should therefore be taken of the opportunity.

A. CRAWFORD, MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Capital—£2,000,000 sterling. The only English Assurance Company registered under the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1873," and having secured assets in Victoria.

The Risks of Fire, Life Rates, the lowest with safety. All Colonial Funds are invested in Colony.

Directors: W. K. Thomson, Esq., J.P., Chairman. H. J. Langlois, Esq., J.P. W. W. Couche, Esq., J.P. G. H. P. Webb, Esq. John Roberts, Esq., Secretary.

Form of proposal and all information may be obtained from **JOSEPH DRUCE,** Agent for Beaufort. Head Office—Queen Insurance Buildings, Queen-street Melbourne.

AUSTRALIA FELIX INSURANCE COMPANY

(Limited). FIRE, MARINE, and GUARANTEE. Registered Capital, £300,000. Subscribed Capital, £100,000. Offices—90 Collins street west, Melbourne.

Directors: Honorable William Bates, Chairman. Alderman O'Grady, J.P., Vice-Chairman. John Danks, Esq., J.P. C. J. Han, Esq., J.P. George Shaw, Esq. Manager: George A. Terry.

This Company is prepared to accept Risks at the Lowest Current Rates of Premium.

Beaufort Agent: **JOHN B. HUMPHREYS.**

BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY

(Limited). Incorporated under the Companies' Statute, 1875. CAPITAL, £300,000 STERLING.

Registered Offices.—Late the Oriental Bank Corporation Premises.—Lyford Street.

Directors: R. F. Hudson, Esq., A.D. Chairman. R. B. Gibbs, Esq., J.P. William Cameron, Esq., J.P. A. Anderson, Esq., J.P. J. P. Jennings, Esq. MANAGER: J. J. Jones.

AUDITORS: George Perry, Esq.—J. B. McQuie, Esq. VALUERS FOR BEAUFORT DISTRICT: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, HAVELOCK STREET.

I. & J. ROFF,

TAILORS AND MANUFACTURERS, MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT EAST.

OUR NEW GOODS FOR THE WINTER SEASON are now open, and contain a carefully selected stock of all the latest patterns in Colonial, Belgian, Banookburn, and West of England Tweeds and Coatings, made to order by best makers, and which we can therefore confidently recommend. We desire also to state that notwithstanding the depression in this district, and the consequent keen competition in its trade, we are in a position to offer to our Customers all the advantages which cash, skill, and a life's experience in the tailoring trade can secure. Our Prices will necessarily be the lowest possible in the trade.

TWEED SUITS, AS USUAL, TO MEASURE, £2 10s.

OUR READY MADE GOODS are now nearly equal to bespoke and comprise every description of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, made to order, especially for this district. A good stand style always obtainable. Indigo Blue, Grosvenor, and Diagonal Coats, warranted not to fade. Topcoats and Paquet Coats, plain and fancy. Very Handsome Patterns in Men's Trousers and Vests. Youths' Trousers and Vests, in great variety.

Children's suits, in all colors and varied materials. White shirts, broad and narrow plaits, all sizes and prices. Hats—Tyrolean, Oxford, Prince of Wales, West minister, and various styles. Children's Shirts, Boys' Hats and Caps, Scarfs, Collars, Ties, &c. In Molesting, and all other Working Men's Clothing made to order, and in the best style of goods at the right price.

EUCALYPTUS EXTRACT.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy at Rome, according to communication received from the Consul-General, for Italy, at Melbourne, upon the instructions from the Minister for Foreign Affairs, dated 14th March, 1878.

Dr. Cruikshank, Health Officer for the City of Santhura, the discoverer of the medical properties of the Extract of the Eucalyptus and Globulus, has pronounced the extract to be the most reliable remedy for all external inflammation of whatever kind, inflammation of the chest, and lungs, all throat affections (bronchitis, diptheria), all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds of all kinds, and of most serious nature, all disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, &c., &c. The extract is proved as the surest cure for insidious throat affections (to be applied by means of a feather), and the best disinfectant and preventive of contagion in scarlet or typhoid fever—more reliable than quinine in cases of intermittent fever.

For reports of effected cures, where medical aid was of no avail, see our Saturday's advertisement in the Melbourne "Age." To be had of all Chemists.

CAUTION. The genuine article is made up in vials, bearing on the labels our trademark and signature. Other preparations of the gum (turpentine) are most dangerous in consequence of their nature, for the most of the diseases our Extract is recommended for, therefore ask for Sander and Sons' Extract in vials with our label trademark and signature thereon. Every vial is accompanied by directions for use, and reports of cures.

The "Australian Journal"

PUBLISHED MONTHLY. TALKS and ESSAY by COLONIAL WRITERS. Select Poetry. The Doctor. Gardening. The Essayist. Men of the day—with illustrations. The Ladies' Page. Scientific Notes and Comments. Chess. Answers to Correspondents &c. &c.

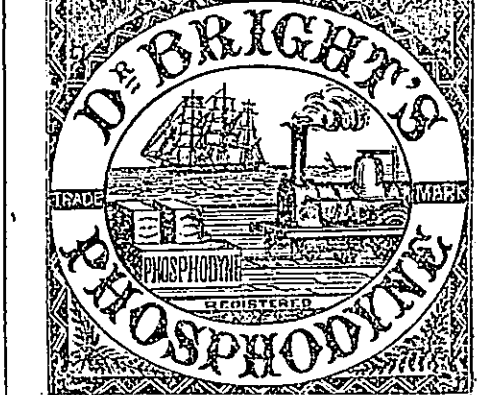
Printed on COLONIAL PAPER with COLONIAL INK and by COLONIAL LABOR. SIXTY-FOUR PAGES. Price Sixpence.

H. P. HENNINGSEN agent Beaufort.

Oxygen is Life.

ALTHOUGH the modern Materia Medica include a number of remedies for human ailments, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the vitality is falling, Phosphorus is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known. It will work effects such as nothing else will produce, and it possesses the great advantage of not causing, when its use is relinquished, the habit of depression. In the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form where SOLID PARTICLES of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is, therefore, necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, DATED OCTOBER 11TH, 1869.



(OZONIC OXYGEN), The New Curative Agent, and only Reliable Remedy for Nervous and Liver Complaints.

This Phosphodyne combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be unequalled for its power of replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and in developing the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while retaining all its extraordinary properties, and as a specific remedy for all the known therapeutic agents of the present day for the speedy and permanent cure of—

Nervous Prostration, Shortness of Breath, Trembling of the hands and Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Nutrition, Nausea in the Head and Ears Mental and Physical Debility, Loss of Energy and Appetition, Consumption (in its first stages only), Tinnitus, Eruptions of the Skin, Impaired Sight and Memory, Nervous Fancies, Inappetence for Study or Impoverished Blood in its various degrees, Premature Decline, and all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause. The action of the Phosphodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and flesh generating agent known; therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly increases the functions of assimilation to such a degree, that were for years an emaciated, anæmic, calverous, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity, and the patient will return to a state of robust health. The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the organisation; for instance, it assists nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rekindles the osseous, muscular, nervous, membranous and organic systems. It operates on the system without exciting any heat or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric and animal matter which has been wasted, and exerts an important influence directly on the spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive, tonic, and invigorating character, maintaining that buoyant energy of the brain and brilliant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which many persons experience in all their ailments.

The beneficial effects of Phosphodyne are frequently shown from the first day of its administration, by a remarkable increase of nervous power, with a feeling of vigour and comfort to which the patient has long been accustomed. Digestion is improved; the appetite increases wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the eyes brighter; the skin clear and healthy; and the hair acquires strength, showing the imperceptible action of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nutrition.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain degree of activity in the previously debilitated nervous system; its use enables the patient to return to their sound state and perform their natural functions. Persons suffering from Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred symptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may rest assured of an effectual or even speedy cure by the judicious use of this most invaluable remedy.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold only in Cases at 10s. 6d. by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe. Full directions for use in the English, French, German, Italian, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Danish, Turkish, Persian, Hindostani, Maltese, Bengali, Chinese, and Japanese languages accompany each case.

CAUTION.—The large and increasing demand for Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne has led to several imitations under similar names; purchasers of this medicine should, therefore, be careful to observe that the words "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne" are blown in the bottle, and that the directions for use are printed in all the languages as above, without which you can possibly be deceived. Every Case bears the Trade Mark and Signature of Patentee.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR—Victoria: Felton, Grimwade, and Co., Melbourne. South Australia: F. H. Faulding and Co., Adelaide. New South Wales: Elliott Bros., Sydney. Queensland: Berkley and Taylor, Brisbane. New Zealand: Kempthorne, Prosser and Co., Dunedin and Auckland.

Export Agents—Frans, Lesclapart and Evans, 40 Bar tholomew Close.

W. C. STRONGE,

Land, Stock, Commission, and Insurance Agent.

Cash advanced on the ensuing Clip. Fencing Wire all sizes on sale. Auction sales attended to.

WILLOBY-STREET, BEAUFORT.

"For the Blood is the Life."

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE. TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

THE GREAT BLOOD-PURIFIER and RESTORER. For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scary, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Face, Cures Scrofula Sores, Cures Cancerous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Cleans the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value. Thousands of Testimonials from all parts.

WONDERFUL CURE OF ULCERATED SORE LEGS OF 18 YEARS STANDING. Messrs. C. Mumby and Company, Pharmaceutical Chemists, Gosport, write as follows:—"Sir—We have received the enclosed testimonial, and have much pleasure in forwarding it to you. As we obtained the medicine from us, we can vouch for the truth of his statement."

27th February, 1875. I, Charles Luker, keeper of the Royal Engineers' Office, at Gosport, having had ulcerated sore legs for the last 18 years, which broke out while stationed at the Cape of Good Hope. Since my return to England I have tried everything in the way of patent medicines I could hear of, and have had the best advice both in Government and private hospitals, but obtained no permanent relief; on hearing, three months ago, of your medicine, I was induced to try them, and, wonderful to relate, after having taken one large bottle of Blood Mixture, and applied two 4s. 6d. pots of your Miraculous Salve, my legs are perfectly healed.

You are at perfect liberty to make what use you like of this, as I think all who suffer from similar diseases should try the same.

CHAS. LUKER, Late Serjt. R. Engineers. Witness—W. J. Sparrow. To Mr. F. J. Clarke, Lincoln.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d. each, and in Cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the greatest majority of long-standing cases; by all CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and Strains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

EXPORT AGENTS. Burgoyne, Burghills and Co., Coleman-street, London Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London. Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London. Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London. And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS. ROCKE, TOMPKITT & CO., Melbourne. HENNINGSEN & CO., Wholesale Druggists. FITCH & FRENCH. SYDNEY AGENTS. ELLIOTT BROTHERS & CO., Wholesale Druggists. ED. ROW & CO. ADELAIDE AGENTS. FAULDING & CO., Wholesale Druggists. BEISBANE AGENTS. BERKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists. ELLIOTT BROTHERS & CO., Wholesale Druggists. NEW ZEALAND AGENTS. KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & CO., Wholesale Druggists. Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of Every description executed at the "RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE. Lawrence-street, Beaufort. And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

BOOK BINDING

ON REASONABLE TERMS. MINING, SCRIPT, CALL, RECEIPTS, DE-LIVERY BOOKS, &c., Prepared on the shortest notice.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a good general supply of produce brought into the market on Tuesday. We quote the following:—Oats, 5s. to 5s. 2d.; wheat, 4s. 9d.; flour, L10 5s.; Cape barley, 5s. to 5s. 3d.; English barley, 6s. 6d. to 6s. 9d.; mangel hay, L4 to L4 10s.; potatoes, L2 1s. to L3; straw, L1 10s. to L2 5s.; cabbages, 1s. 7d. to L2 5s.; bone-dust, L6 15s.; rye grass, 5s. to 7s.; bran, 1s. 2d.; pollard, 1s. 7d.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business continues dull, no improvement being noticeable during the last week. There is no attention to notice in breadstuffs, wheat being still quoted at 4s. 6d., with very little offering. Oats have advanced to 5s., and are scarce at that figure, no good samples coming forward. Butter and eggs are freely supplied, and 10d. per dozen is the ruling figure for the latter. The following are the ruling figures for the week:—Wheat, 4s. 6d.; oats, 5s.; pollard, 1s. 6d.; bran, 1s. 1d.; barley, none; maize, none; flour, L10 to L11; potatoes, Warrnambool, none; ditto, Ballarat, L4; fresh butter, 10d. to 11s.; ditto butter, 9d. to 10d.; cheese, 7d. to 8d.; eggs, 10d.; hay, sheaves, L3 15s.; trussell, L4; straw, wheaten, L1 10s.; oats, L2; chaff, 4s. 6d.; onions, 3s.; carrots, 1s. 6d.

BALLARAT LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. HEYDUN, LEONARD, and Rowe report the following sales:—Fat Sheep—35 crossbred ewethers for Mr. W. T. Rowe, Glenfane, at, from 16s. 9d. to 19s. 6d.; 19 crossbred ewethers for Mr. W. Sutherland, Stockyard Hill, at, 16s. 1d.; 472 crossbred and merino ewes for Mr. F. Bucknall, Cotswold, the former to 13s., averaging 12s. 7d., the latter to 10s. 6d.; 475 crossbred merino ewethers and 113 ewes for Mr. John Grace, Warrnambool, at from 8s. 2d. to 11s. 1d.; 2000 ewethers for Mr. H. H. Wettenhall, Carr's Plains, for delivery after shearing, at a satisfactory price. Fat Lambs—151 from Silesian Downs, at 11s.; 60 for Mr. F. Bucknall, Cotswold, at 10s. Store Stock—1000 six-tooth and full-mouth ewes, delivered after shearing, at a satisfactory price.

GEELONG LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. GEORGE SYMOND AND CO. report the following sales:—Fat Cattle.—A full supply of prime and good quality, the best being Sir S. Vaughan's, of Leppent, which sold up to L17 17s. 6d. Fat Sheep.—A moderate supply, and for the best quality prices were higher. Our sales were 200 crossbred ewethers, for Mr. B. Fletcher, at 18s. Fat Lambs.—A few of this season's came to hand, and sold at extreme prices. We sold 30 ditto, at 14s. Store Stock.—Sheep are in fair demand, and we have sold on the Wimmera 1659 ewethers; and in the yards, 63 mixed young cattle.

The Stawell correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" says:—"Is not it a shame! Young Tracey, the bank clerk, has not won the £100 after all. The individual who sold him the ticket entered his name on the wrong block, and the man who pockets the £100 is one Williams, of Stawell; he having held the winning ticket. If I were Tracey I would 'make' for that ticket seller."

A Skull Threepined with a Pickaxe cannot be mended, but the head-splitting headache provoked by a disordered stomach can be permanently cured by soothing the gastric sympathetic nerve which connects the stomach with the brain. *Materia Medica* affords no corrective of disturbance and weakness in the abdominal region, no eradicator of any of the causes productive of brain and nerve excitement more reliable than *Udolpho Wolfe's Scliaman Aromatic Schnapps*.

The quarterly reports of the mining surveys and registrars for the quarter ending 30th June, 1878, were laid before the Assembly (says the "Telegraph") on Tuesday. The estimated yield was 187,594 oz of silver, 122,601 oz of which was obtained from quartz, and 64,993 oz from alluvial. The quantity exported was 80,994 oz.

"Tasman," a Victorian contributor to the "Hobart Town Mercury," says:—"The fact that no assistance was proffered to the Loch Ard survivors, and no attempt was made (except privately) to recover the bodies from the wreck, is, and must remain for all time, a standing disgrace to the most incompetent Government that has so far been allowed to hold office in Victoria."

The receipts on the Victorian railways for the week which ended on the 29th August were £20,720 8s. 6d. The sum received in the corresponding period of last year was £19,475 1s. 1d.

The "Herald" writes:—"The emoluments of the Governor of Mauritius are really greater than those of the Governor of Victoria. In Mauritius there are allowances on the Indian scale, while the cost of living and of entertaining is far less than at Melbourne. It will be remembered that Sir H. Barkly gladly accepted Mauritius, though the Governorship of Victoria was then worth £15,000 a year. At Mauritius there are two Government Houses, kept up at the public expense; one near the town of Port Louis (the capital of the island), and the other on the hills of the interior, eight miles from the capital, where the Governor lives nearly all the year, and where the climate is delicious and healthy. After the troubles of the last few months in Victoria, we should think that Sir George Bowen will enjoy the perfect repose of a Crown colony where he can do much as he likes. It is curious that the only two Governors of Victoria who have been re-employed, viz., Sir H. Barkly and Sir G. Bowen, have both been appointed to Mauritius. Mauritius is the Malta of the Indian Ocean, and the presence of an Imperial garrison and Queen's ships renders the society very agreeable.

In a late issue of the "Wallaroo Times" it is stated that a singular circumstance, which shows the extraordinary sagacity sometimes possessed by dogs, took place at Mr. Trinidad's, who resides at the Cross Roads, near Mounta. His little child, about twelve months old, was in the garden, accompanied by an English terrier, when the dog suddenly seeing an adder about to spring at his companion, instantly leaped over it as it knelt to attack and kill the adder was to the faithful animal but the work of a moment; unfortunately, however, it was bitten in doing so, and died shortly afterwards. Mr. Trinidad always set a very high value on the dog, and deeply regrets its loss—the more particularly as it lost its life in saving that of the child.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWSPAPERS.

Agnew, A. Barry, John; Burton, J.; Bygraves, J.; Beard, Mrs.; Blackmore, P.; Boyd, A. Collins, E.; Cummings, Miss. Ellis, Mrs. Johnston, Frank. Lynch, P.; Lines, W. P.; Lytle, Sam. McDonald, John; McIntosh, Neil; McCallin, E. Mrs.; Miller, H. Mrs.; Moulton, Mr. Pryke, C. Stephens, Thos. Thillyer, J.; Topper, George; Tinner, Mr.; Thomson, T. Wilson, George Mr. THOMAS LEWIS, Postmaster. Beaufort, September, 6th 1878.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1878.

From some unaccountable rascal our usual telegram from Melbourne did not come to hand last evening.

One of those acts, the enormity of which no pen can describe, was perpetrated on Tuesday night last. Mr. Henningsen, of this town, has had in his possession for some ten years, a Newfoundland slut, which, by its docility and kindness to children, had become a great favorite with the residents of Beaufort. To its owner, too, it was invaluable, as, besides being an excellent watch-dog, it had become very clever in doing all kinds of tricks, after years of careful training. Mr. Henningsen was away from home during the week, and on Wednesday morning last Mrs. Henningsen discovered the poor animal dead in its house. The body presented all the appearances of strychnine poisoning, and beyond a doubt some evil-disposed person has given it the poison during the night. Mr. Henningsen offers a reward on any advertising columns, and it is to be hoped the perpetrator of such a dastardly deed will be brought to justice, and severely punished.

The secretary of the Beaufort Juvenile Fife and Drum Band acknowledges the following donations to the band fund with thanks:—Mr. John Wilson, Travalla (per Mr. McKenzie), £1; Mr. Gaunt (barrister, Ballarat), 10s.

On Saturday morning last two young men named David Vaughan and William Steele were arrested in Beaufort charged with uttering a base coin, representing a sovereign, knowing the same to be a counterfeit. On Friday night they went into Sharp's Beaufort hotel, and called for a drink, tendering for payment a coin known as a "keep your temper sovereign." The landlady of the hotel noticed that the coin was a spurious one, and informed them of the fact, when they said they had received it from some man in the street. They then proceeded to Mrs. Sand's greengrocer's shop, and there again tendered the counterfeit coin in payment for some fruit, and on the young girl that served them saying she had not sufficient change, they said they would take what change she had, and the remainder in fruit. They then proceeded to the Golden Age hotel, and repeated the performance. They were being watched, however, and on Saturday morning were arrested. They were admitted to bail, themselves in sureties of £50 each, and one of £100, to appear on the 10th inst., when they will be further remanded to the 19th instant.

The Young Duke Company have obtained some excellent prospects in their mine during the past week, and it is suggested that steam machinery should be erected on the ground at once, the prospects held out being sufficient to warrant such a proceeding, and it is feared the ground cannot be worked to advantage, owing to its wet nature, without steam appliances.

High holiday is proclaimed for Thursday next, when the Beaufort Fire Brigade will hold a demonstration, to consist of hose and ladder practice, the christening of the new bell, and at night a torchlight procession and concert. From the programme issued it will be seen that a good evening's entertainment may be expected, the principal feature being the *debut* of Mr. Jackson's singing class. The whole is to be concluded with a ball, in which the lovers of the dance may revel to their heart's content.

Mr. W. C. Thomas, the newly elected member for the North Riding, took his seat on Thursday last, and, although the business before the Council did not give him an opportunity of displaying much of his tact as a councillor, his *debut* may be considered a satisfactory one. He was elected a manager of the Beaufort United Common, and also a member of the local water commission.

An accident which may have resulted fatally occurred to a young man named Robert Urwin on Monday last. It seems he mounted a young horse without a saddle, and was thrown violently on to his head. On the following morning he could not lift his head up, the vertebra of the neck seemingly benumbed, but now he has almost completely recovered, and is about again, not much the worse for his shaking.

Attention is directed to an announcement in another column convening a public meeting, to be held in the shire hall, on Friday, the 13th inst., for the purpose of nominating a trustee in the place of Mr. Joel Tompkins, resigned.

On the rising of the Riponshire Council on Thursday last, the newly-elected president, Cr. Wetherpoon, invited those present to indulge in a glass of wine in honor of the occasion, and a very pleasant hour was spent, the proceedings taking the form of a *conversazione*, when numerous toasts were drank, including that of the health of the retiring president, that of the newly-elected one, "the shire of Ripon," "the officers of the shire," "the Press," and numerous others to the tune of some excellent champagne, those toasted responding in suitable terms. Some very high eulogiums were passed on the late president, the officers of the Council, and the representatives of the Press, and altogether a very pleasant and jovial hour was spent.

The attention of owners of goats is directed to a commonage notice which appears elsewhere.

It is announced elsewhere that excursion tickets will be issued by the first train from Ballarat and intervening stations to Ararat on Tuesday, the 10th instant, in order to allow visitors to proceed to the Ararat Agricultural Society's show.

Owing to the inability to visit his constituents through illness Mr. Robert Simson has withdrawn from the contest for the representation of the Western Province. Mr. W. Ross will therefore be duly elected. This gentleman was at the Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, yesterday, when he was interviewed by several of the electors in this district.

An infant, scarcely four days old, has been found on a doorstep in Geelong.

We have received the "Temperance News" for the current month. It is, as usual, replete with useful information to teetotalers.

A casting, weighing nine tons, was successfully made at the works of the Phoenix Foundry, Ballarat, on Tuesday evening last. The cast is a new beam for the pumping gear of the City of Ballarat Company.

The "Evening Post" London correspondent wired the following yesterday under date of 4th September:—"There has been a terrible loss of life on the River Thames. One of the large steamers had taken a large number of persons on a pleasure excursion down the river Stearns, at the month of the Medway. The steamer had proceeded on the return trip, and had not started for when signals of distress were made, and the almost immediately afterwards she sank. The cause was the dividing of the steamer into two parts. The loss of life was enormous, being variously stated at from 500 to 550 persons."

An "Argus" cablegram says:—"The match between the Australian Eleven and Sussex, played at Brighton, resulted in a victory for the Australians by seven wickets. At the match between the Australian Eleven and the Players, at the oval, there was a very large attendance," the Australians winning by 8 runs.

"The Ballarat Courier" says:—"In consequence of an error in the statement of the schedule of the insolvency of Sydney Hancock, of Beaufort, among the causes of insolvency, is stated 'being sold off under a judgment summons,' which should read 'being served with a judgment summons'."

In the "Argus" telegram of the Victorian awards at the Paris Exhibition we notice the following items which possess much local interest: Silver medals—P. Russell, Skipton, for merino wool; Donald Gunn, Barrumbeet, for Frampton wheat.

RIPONSHIRE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1878.

Present: Crs. Oddie, president (in the chair), Wetherpoon, Adams, Thomas, Lewis, Cushing, and Forrest.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Cr. Forrest proposed Cr. John Wetherpoon as president for the ensuing year. Cr. Lewis seconded, and it was carried.

Before vacating the chair, Cr. Oddie, in a few well-chosen words, thanked the members of the Council for their attendance and their assistance in the transaction of the business of the Council; and also thanked the officers for the able manner in which they had fulfilled their duties; and finally eulogised the Press for the fair and impartial manner in which they had reported the proceedings of the Council during his term of office.

Cr. Wetherpoon, in taking his seat as president, thanked the members for the honor they had conferred on him, and remarked that he hoped the proceedings of the Council would continue to be marked by the absence of all bickerings and abuse which had been characteristic of its proceedings since its first formation. It was now one of the largest shires in the colony, and the manner in which the business was transacted was a pattern to many of the other kindred shires.

Cr. Lewis proposed a vote of thanks to Cr. Oddie for the faithful and efficient manner in which he had fulfilled the duties of president.

Cr. Forrest seconded the motion, remarking that he (Cr. Oddie) had fulfilled the duties of president far better than he had expected he would have done.

The motion was carried unanimously.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Survey Department, Ballarat, requesting more definite information for the survey of roads in the north riding.—The engineer is instructed to comply with the request.

From Shire of Warrnambool re Diffusion Rating Bill, and asking co-operation in re-introducing it to Parliament.—The request to be complied with.

From the official assignee in the estate of James Nolan, stating that there were no dividends, and hence no funds were available to pay the shire rates.—Secretary to write, informing the assignee that the shire has the first claim, Cr. Wetherpoon remarking that he was aware of some assets in the estate.

From the health officer, East Riding, reporting several cases of scælatinia in his district.

From J. Tardem, asking the Council to clear the balance of a road leading from Amphitheatre to Beaufort.—Referred to the north riding members and the engineer.

From D. Carmichael, Shirley, offering to make an exchange of roads with the Council so that the public road might run parallel with the railway.—Referred to the north riding members and the engineer.

FINANCE.

The following accounts were passed for payment, on the recommendation of the Finance Committee:—	
Salaries	£73 6 3
Mrs. Dolan	1 10
E. Whiting	2 0
Mr. Glehnst	5 5 0
Dr. Johnson	2 2 0
Election expenses	0 15 6
D. McDonald	12 16 6
C. Boyd	2 9 0
Lanney fees	10 3 6
Advertising	5 0 0
Poumkeeper	87 11 3
Surface Labour	37 17 0
John Helier	11 10 0
John Shohan	13 3 0
Murchison and Co.	18 12 7

The valuer and collector reported as follows:—"I have the honor to report that the valuation of rateable property in the shire was commenced on the 30th ult. Legal proceedings were taken against defaulting ratepayers on the 22nd ult., and verdicts obtained in each case where they had not been previously settled. A set-off for work and labor done put in by Mr. D. McAllister, of Raglan, was successfully resisted. A few more cases will be heard on the 19th instant, at the Beaufort Police Court. I beg to recommend that the name of Edward Ryan be struck out of the rate-book for 1878 as occupier."

The valuer also submitted the usual declaration required by the provision of the local Government Act, 1874, re the valuation of property within the shire for the year 1878.

The Secretary reported:—"In compliance with the council's instructions pertaining to the complaint made by Mr. McIntosh, of the managers of the Beaufort United Common unduly withholding from him the sum of £5, being an order made in an impounding case in which he was the defendant, I presented a written statement thereof to the police magistrate, when he stated, in the presence of Mr. McIntosh, that the order made was for damages in favor of the managers of the said common; and that the bull being illegally impounded, it was competent for the poumkeeper to release the same, without payment of trespass fee as provided by the 15th section of the Pounds Act, 1874."

TENDERS.

Contract No. 277, making a tank, cutting drains, etc., at Waterloo.

J. E. Watkin £36 17 0
E. Close 34 1 6
The tender of E. Close and Co. was accepted.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

A letter was read from Mr. A. Ball, asking that the council would grant him a supply of water for mining purposes.—Referred to water supply committee.

The returning-officers for the various ridings were appointed as follows:—Cr. Lewis, for the West Riding; Cr. Wetherpoon, North Riding; Cr. Oddie, for the East Riding.

Cr. Thomas was appointed a member of the management of the Beaufort United Common, and a member of the water commission.

It was also resolved that any two members of the council could sign contract agreements.

Leave of absence was granted to the rate collector in order to be present in Melbourne to give evidence on the lands commission.

Cr. Cushing asked that the engineer be authorised to employ labor to destroy the Cape weed on the roads in the West Riding, which request was acceded to.

It was resolved that certain dams at Snake Valley be placed under the control of the Council.

On the motion of Cr. Forrest it was resolved that the secretary write to the Ballaratshire, asking for their experience in the Cape weed nuisance.

The members of the various ridings, in conjunction with the engineer, were authorised to call for tenders for the necessary works throughout the year.

BEAUFORT COUNTY COURT.

THURSDAY, 5TH SEPTEMBER.

(Before His Honor Judge Hackett.)
James Cowans v. Charles Andrews, L21 10s. 6d., on bill of exchange.—Mr. Gaunt for plaintiff. No appearance of defendant. Order for amount, and L5 14s. 6d. costs.

John Adamthwaite v. Mary White, Mr. Gaunt for defendant.—The defendant had paid L2 into court in settlement of the claim, which the plaintiff had drawn without giving notice, and His Honor awarded the defendant L2 costs.

Managers Beaufort Common v. Stephen Chapman, to recover L6 13s. 4d., commonage fees.—Mr. Gaunt for plaintiffs. L2 10s. 6d. had been paid into court. Order for L4 2s. 10d., and L2 16s. 6d. costs.

George Davidson, v. James Downie, to recover L19 10s., damages incurred by certain cattle and sheep, the property of defendant.—Mr. Gaunt for plaintiff. No appearance of defendant. Order for amount, and L4 10s. costs.

James Thompson v. Sydney Hancock, to recover L19 under a judgement summons.—The defendant had filed his schedule, and hence the proceedings were nullified. The court then adjourned.

LOCAL LAND BOARD.

At the Beaufort Local Land Board, held on Thursday, 5th September, the following applications were dealt with by Messrs. Tenison Greene, acting district surveyor, and George Manners, M.M.B.:—

SECTION 19.
Thomas White, parish of Langi-Kel-Kel, 100a.—Recommended.

SECTION 49.
Philip Blackmore, parish of Beaufort, 20a.—Recommended, subject to a re-survey of six acres in the south-east.

William Keane, parish of Entraroben, 20a.—Recommended subject to special reference to Mining Board.

SECTION 20.
Neil McIntosh, parish of Entraroben, 20a.—Recommended subject to special reference to Mining Board.

SECTION 20.
George Escol, parish of Entraroben, 20a.—This was the same piece of land applied for by Neil McIntosh, and the application was not entertained.

MISCELLANEOUS.

William James Ranson, (19th section license), parish of Lexington, 44a. 8r. 22p.—To show cause why the land should not be forfeited. The fencing had been burnt down, but no good log fence was erected. Little or no improvements had been made on the land. The explanation was considered satisfactory, and it was recommended that the land should not be forfeited.

WATERLOO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Friday.
I am glad to see that the trustees of the Waterloo cemetery are making some improvements in the shape of clearing away the scrub, and cleaning up the paths. They have also planted a good number of trees this season. It is to be hoped they will have better luck with them than they had with the last lot they planted, for the dry season and the grasshoppers destroyed the whole of them with one exception.

The church committee have decided to build a stable for the accommodation of the visiting minister's horse, a requisite which was much needed, as the nearest stable is a good distance from the church.

The New Victoria Company obtained 19oz. 10dw. of gold for the first five days of this week.

THE COLONIAL MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

A meeting of the shareholders of The Colonial Mutual Fire Insurance Company (Limited) was held last Thursday, Mr. F. E. Beaver, J. P., in the chair. The chairman said the company was initiated less than three months ago, since which time the whole of the shares had been applied for; indeed, the applications were considerably in excess of the number to be allotted, resulting in the necessity of reductions in various applications which had been made with great care, the allotment being made on the basis of distributing the shares as far as possible among those who could and would bring business to the company. All arrangements had been completed for the commencement of business in the fire department on Monday next, 2nd September. Arrangements were in progress in the other colonies for opening branches, and the co-operation of various gentlemen had been secured in connection with the respective local boards, while in New South Wales the board had been completed with the names of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. William Wilkins, James Byrnes, J.P., J. E. Burns, M.L.A., and Sir J. George Longfines, M.L.C. Sir J. G. Longfines had been invited to act as vice-president for New South Wales, and Mr. Rev. H. Plow Kane for Victoria, and both gentlemen had accepted the office. A strong desire had been expressed by various shareholders that a further issue of shares should be made, with a view to secure the most extended co-operation as insurers, and that would form a matter for the early attention of the directors. The suggestion was favorably received by the meeting. After reading a statement of receipts and expenditure the meeting terminated. A vote of thanks to the chairman and provisional board being proposed by Mr. Charles Kemot, M.L.A., and carried with acclamation. The election of seven directors was proceeded with, and a poll having been demanded it was taken up to six o'clock p.m. The result was announced at half-past nine o'clock in the presence of a considerable number of shareholders, and the chairman declared the following gentlemen to be duly elected:—Messrs. F. E. Beaver, 811 votes; A. T. Clark, 736; David Spence, 702; J. H. Halliburton, 587; Henry Franks, 524; J. P. Levia, 449; and J. Harris, 418.

A return (says the "Telegraph") showing the number of inmates of the various lunatic asylums of the colony in June last, was laid before the Assembly on Tuesday. In Yarra Bend there were 981, at Ararat 377, at Beechworth 419, at Ballarat 116, and at the Cranmore licensed house 19—showing a total of 2042.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

Thursday Evening.

The Lands Commission now sitting has demonstrated beyond all question that the Lands Office for some years past has required purging. Starting with the McLean enquiry, the business has shot out by personal recriminations between parties concerned, until at last the matter has become rather bewildering; and, as the "Telegraph" of Wednesday last observes:—"Charges of a recriminatory nature continue to be made at each fresh sitting; each day brings new disclosures, so that it may be safely asserted that if one-half of the crimes have been committed as alleged the room where the commission sits holds about as choice a collection of rogues as can be seen in an ordinary day's tour."

It seems to me that Byron Moore is, in a shuffling lunging sort of a way, a schemer, that some men might mistake for a tolerably clever fellow. The course he has adopted seems to point to the fact that he has stumbled on to the very correct notion that you frequently serve your own cause by succeeding in drawing your adversary into ridicule, as by so doing the main issue as against yourself is thereby partially lost sight of. Mr. Moore, during the past week, has been working, and with some show of success too, to draw both Mr. Stacey and Mr. McLean into ridicule; the one through some cock-and-a-bull story in which Mr. Francis is concerned, and the other through a belief in spiritualism. But unless I have formed a mistaken estimate of Mr. Stacey's mental caliber—and mark, my acquaintance of him dates back for over twenty years—he will not allow Mr. Moore to escape him by a shallow trick like this, after leaving in the McLean enquiry so completely brought him to his knees. I shall probably be able to-morrow evening to telegraph the result of this rather exciting piece of business.

Mr. Gannson has at last thrown off the mask, and quitted the Ministerial side of the House, at least so far as to take his seat in the Opposition corner. This must be an immense relief to the Ministerial party. It must have been very irksome to the Government to have had the man sitting on their side of the House, and having to treat him as a partisan. Mr. Gannson's speech in the House last night is, of course, regarded as an open declaration of opposition, and it must be admitted that a great deal of the speech contains truths that it will be difficult for the Ministerial party to controvert; and if the speaker could only have been believed, the verdict would have been that the speech was a good one. But honesty of purpose from the member for Ararat is an idea embodied in a dose that no sane man is yet prepared to swallow, and those in Melbourne most likely to understand the ins and outs of the hon. member's movement merely regard it as the result of bad luck.

It is thought from a few words he dropped last evening that Mr. Gannson intends trying to start a party of his own, but it may be safely asserted from the specimens that the House have seen of him lately, including the breaking up of old personal friendships (as, for instance, with the Hon. John Woods), coupled with long strings of insults of the grossest character, that there is not, at least at the present time, the most insignificant number who would feel inclined to enroll themselves under his banner.

The following letter from a Chairman to the editor of the "Danully Express" is not by any means bad: "I think it deserves a reprint."—"To the Editor of the 'Danully Express.' Dear Sir:—My first look now sees papers too much like the one in Hen Nun Shen see and Gite E, all a same English man eilem Eamin, too much like a good Chinaman no more eilew Chow, I think so some one ask ministe to maken collection in every one give little ma-din six or seven pound. Wellie good, you see."—Goy Wah Sing, Danully, 30th August, 1878.

WAR IN NEW CALEDONIA.

SEVERE WINDSTORM.

Information from New Caledonia is to hand by the steamship Wotonga. The information is to the effect that on the 29th August the hostile natives made a formidable attack on the European military, and succeeded in driving in the outposts. A severe battle ensued, in which the natives fought hard, but were finally compelled to retreat, with the loss of thirty-five killed and twenty-three wounded. They returned with reinforcements, expecting the French troops to be out of their guard. Fortunately, however, this was not the case, and the troops, being prepared, resisted the onslaught with great effect, defeating the rebels, and killing sixty-three or sixty-four, thus making a total of 100 killed in the engagements on this one day. Several soldiers were seen to fall. The convicts, seeing the difficulty of the situation, are uneasy, and a combined attempt to escape has been made. The guards challenged the runaways, but as they took no heed, the former fired, and a noted convict, who was making a desperate attempt to escape, was pierced by four balls, and then fell dead with a despairing cry, and uplifted hand, either in the vain hope of protecting himself, or in imprecation of his pursuers.—"Herald" telegram.

Mr. Longmore had the pleasure of having his portrait drawn on Thursday by Mr. J. G. Francis. While the member for Warrnambool was speaking, Mr. Longmore interjected something about "mischief making." Mr. Francis said he would be sorry if he was half as mischievous as the Minister of Lands, in fact or in appearance—a sally at which the House laughed heartily. "That peculiar smile of the hon. gentleman," says Mr. Francis, "is enough to set a mob of hyenas by the ears. It would be much more reasonable if the Minister of Lands were to speak more and grin less."

We ("Geelong Times") understand that owing to the stoppage of nearly all kinds of money investment, owing to the constant onsets of fresh taxation and the war on capital, the storehouses of this town are in a most deplorable state of destitution, there having been literally a stoppage of bread and butter in this particular "paradise of the working-man." We hear of several families who are contemplating a removal to Sydney. Pleasant prospects!

A NINETEENTH CENTURY SLAVE-DEALER.

The "most prominent Spaniard in Cuba" died at Havana on the 5th of May, and was buried with all but regal honors.

BOXES ON THE EARS.

The blindness of the late King of Hanover was occasioned, it is understood, by an accidental, and by no means violent, blow upon the eye.

POPULAR, SAFE, AND EFFICACIOUS.

DR. D. JAYNE'S STANDARD FAMILY MEDICINES. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throats, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Pleurisy.

A CRACK SHOT.

A marvellous marksman has arrived in New York. His name is Dr. Carver, and he is supposed to be the most wonderful rifle shot in the world.

The "Gippsland Times" says that a memorial is about to be got up at Sale, praying the Governor-in-Council to annul the solitary confinement portion of the sentence passed by Judge Molesworth on the woman Fitzgibbon.

NOTE.—Why should I be without a PAIN-OR-EGAN, when I can get my choice of a splendid assortment, at far less than Melbourne prices.

GARDENING FOR SEPTEMBER.

This month the garden will be a constant source of attraction, what with shrubs making their spring growth and the many varieties of bulbs, and other blooming plants.

The work of planting out shrubs, etc., should be pushed forward without delay.

FAMILY MEDICINES.

DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT

cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throats, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Pleurisy; is a prompt and certain pectorant in Consumption, and all Pulmonary and Bronchial Disorders.

TONIC VERMIFUGE

Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge is a remedy especially adapted to cure many of the ordinary ailments of Children, and to save them from much suffering.

AGUE MIXTURE

Dr. D. Jayne's Ague Mixture an unfailing Curative for Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, and all complaints of a like nature.

SANATIVE PILLS

Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills are known all over the world as a mild, prompt and effective purgative of established efficacy in Liver Complaints, and all Bilious affections.

English Mail.

Table showing ship departures for Melbourne, London, and other ports with dates and ship names.

Victorian Railways.

Table showing train schedules between Melbourne and Stawell, including arrival and departure times.

BEWARE OF

Of Holloway's Pills and Ointment. I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Australia to the fact that Messrs. Henry, Curran and Co., Wholesale Druggists, of New York, have Agencies in various parts of New York.

BEAUFORT POST OFFICE.

Table showing train schedules for the Beaufort Post Office, including destinations like Melbourne, Geelong, and Ballarat.

Time Table, 1878.

Table showing train schedules for various lines including Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, and Traralgon.

THE NAME OF MR. MOSS & CO.

Advertisement for THE CELEBRATED WOLF'S BRAND SCHNAPPS featuring a wolf's head logo and text describing the product's quality.

GOVERNMENT ANALYTICAL CHEMIST

It having come to our knowledge that certain unprincipled persons are in Melbourne and the interior of the colony are retailing under the name of Wolf's Schnapps a spurious adulterated article.

HOLLOWAYS OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Bruses, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds. THERE is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment.

WHOLESALE AGENT:

W. FORD AND CO., 67 SWANSTON STREET, MELBOURNE.

FLORINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.

A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.

If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer" for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour.

THE GENUINE WOLF'S BRAND SCHNAPPS

Sole Agents for Australia and New Zealand: M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

THE GENUINE WOLF'S BRAND SCHNAPPS

It is our duty to call the attention of the public to the fact that the name of the Wolf's Brand Schnapps is being used by unprincipled persons in various parts of the colony.

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Advertisement for THE CELEBRATED WOLF'S BRAND SCHNAPPS featuring a wolf's head logo and text describing the product's quality.

THE GENUINE WOLF'S BRAND SCHNAPPS

It is our duty to call the attention of the public to the fact that the name of the Wolf's Brand Schnapps is being used by unprincipled persons in various parts of the colony.

HOLLOWAYS OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Bad Bruses, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds. THERE is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment.

WHOLESALE AGENT:

W. FORD AND CO., 67 SWANSTON STREET, MELBOURNE.

Piles, Fistulas, and Eruptions.

The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulae of long standing, after they have resisted other applications, have been so numerous and notorious throughout the world that any effort to give an adequate statement of their number or character would be vain.

Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone, and Gravel.

The Ointment is an essential remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:

- List of ailments treated by Holloway's Pills and Ointment, including Bad Legs, Fistulas, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, etc.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.

No family is without these Pills. Their long tried efficacy in curing disorders of the liver and stomach, stimulating the bowels, and purifying the blood, has secured for them an imperishable name throughout the world.

How to Enjoy Life

Is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of effecting all imperfections in the blood, is by the use of Holloway's Pills.

Our Mothers and Daughters.

The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills.

Debilitated Constitutions—Bad Coughs.

In general debility, mental depression, and nervous depression, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills. They soothe and strengthen the nerves and system generally.

Indigestion and its Cure.

Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the bane of thousands, who pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these Pills according to the assiduous directions.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

- List of ailments treated by Holloway's Pills, including Ague, Bilious Complaints, Dropsy, etc.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's establishment, 541, Oxford-street, London.

Dr. L. L. SMITH,

The only legally-qualified medical man advertising in the Colonies.

On all affections of the Nervous System, (no matter what cause arising).

On all broken-down constitutions.

On all diseases arising from early indiscretions.

On Gonorrhoea.

In these colonies, those excesses which we have indulged in "hot youth" tell upon us with fearful interest.

Our regrets are useless, our repinings futile. The sole idea should be the chance we possess of remedying the ills we already have, or combating the effects likely to result.

Before negotiating with a merchant, before engaging with a confidential clerk, before employing a barrister, a careful man makes enquiries as to their standing, their length of occupancy or residence; and, in the case of a lawyer or agent, he asks for their legal qualifications and as to their capabilities of transacting the business he confides in them.

Strange to say, however, in the selection of a medical man, the sufferer frequently omits these necessary precautions, and without regard to fitness, qualification, experience, and ability for the particular ailment requiring treatment, he consults the nearest quack, whose experience and practice, perhaps, are in quite an opposite direction.

Let it be remembered that so many a wretched man, ruined in health, and who has bankrupt in spirit, hope and money? Have I not forewarned pointed out to them that I, Dr. L. L. Smith, am the only legally qualified medical man advertising in the colonies? Have I not also pointed out, at my own expense, these very quacks, and exposed the various nostrums they are selling—such as Phosphoric Essence of Life, &c.—and had them analysed and found them to consist of "burnt sugar and flavoring matter," and the certificates I have given to be at least forgeries. It is for this reason that I step out of the ethics of the profession and advertise to give to those who require the services of my branch an opportunity of knowing they can consult a legally qualified man, and one, moreover, who has made this his special study.

Dr. L. L. Smith is the only legally qualified medical man advertising, and he has been in Melbourne 24 years in full practice on

Nervous Diseases, Loss of Power and Debility, Syphilitic Diseases, Want of Constitution, Gout and Rheumatism.

Dr. L. L. SMITH can be consulted by letter.—Fee £1. Medicines forwarded to all the colonies.

Dr. L. L. SMITH, 182 Collins street east, 'Late the Residence of the Governor,' MELBOURNE.

Printed and published by HENRY DAVIES for the proprietors, at the office, Lawrence-street, Melbourne, Victoria.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a good general supply of produce brought into the market on Tuesday. We quote the following:—Oats, 4s. 10d. to 5s.; wheat, 4s. 6d. to 4s. 10d.; flour, 110s. to 115s.;...

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There is but little change in the local market since our last report. Wheat is still quoted at 4s. 6d., with few buyers, while flour is easier at 110s. For good fresh butter, 10d. is now the ruling figure, and 8d. for potterd. We quote as under:—Wheat, 4s. 6d.; oats, 4s. to 4s. 3d.;...

BALLARAT LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. HARBURN, LEONARD, and ROWE report the following sales:—Fat Cattle—80 head for Messrs. Robertson Brothers, Colons (FFB brand), station-bred bullocks from L12 10s. to L14, 10s. to L18 10s.; 84 bullocks for Messrs. Stewart Brothers, Warrage, and others, at from L6 to L7 10s. 6d.; Fat Sheep—300 merino wethers for Mr. Albert Backnell, Rodingborough Vale, to 14s., averaging 13s. 4d.; 256 for Messrs. McLean Brothers, Kinloch, crossed bred wethers at 13s. 10d., merino wethers 12s., ewes 9s. 6d.; 315 wethers and ewes for Messrs. J. and J. Berwick, Middle Creek, to 13s. 3d.; 687 wethers and ewes for Mr. C. Lucas, Turkeyda, to 11s. 6d.; 300 for Messrs. C. Keith, Elmhurst, and others, at market rates. Fat Lambs—222 for Messrs. C. and J. Degraevs, Silesian Downs, P. Backnell, Cotswold, and others, from 7s. to 9s. 6d.; Store Stock—1700 5-year-old ewes for delivery off the shears, at a satisfactory price.

GEE LONG LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. GEORGE SYMONT and Co. report the following sales:—Fat Cattle.—A full supply of prime beef. There was a large attendance of the trade, but prices were lower. We sold a fat cow for Mr. D. Morrison at market rates. Fat Sheep.—A fair supply of good quality. Prices were a trifle lower than last week. Our sales were, for Messrs. Fletcher and Ritchie—300 crossed bred wethers, at 15s.; ditto ewes, at 10s. 6d.; Store Stock—Sheep: We have several inquiries for wethers, but very few lots offering, and have sold on the Wimmera 1659 wethers, 280 ewes; and 150 bullocks.

The quantity of wool exported from New Zealand from July 1st, 1877, to June 30th, 1878, was 61,947,455lb., valued at £3,483,957.

A New Zealand paper says:—The majority of the 355 settlers who have just arrived in the Lady Jocelyn are middle class farmers, and they bring to the country, it is stated, through the National Bank, £100,000.

Mr. C. L. Clapperton, Esq., of Amphitheatre station, has been duly elected a councillor for the West Riding of the Shire of Lexton.

An aboriginal named "Black Charlie" has been fined at the Omeo police court for keeping two unregistered kangaroo dogs which he used to obtain game for his luhra and pianinies.

Two men have obtained verdicts against the Government at the Sydney District Court, for loss of horses through insecure railway fences.

A Sydney telegram says:—Edwards, the New Zealand telegraph man, was successful in his attempt to walk 110 miles in twenty-four hours, but he succeeded in walking 102 miles and 300 yards.

A gentleman at Stockton, who when at work is in the stove-carving line, being charged at the Stockton Borough Police Court with being drunk and disorderly, made the following explanation:—"The reason of the disturbance was," said he, "that my wife has a very fond habit of throwing bricks, etc., at me. After I went to bed she came down, and as I was telling the officers what had happened they took me." And the magistrates found him 5s. and costs. Ah, well! we all have our idiosyncrasies, and women, though they are angels in disguise, have their pet foibles. Life with a woman who has a habit of throwing bricks, etc., must be charmingly full of incident.

A terrible scene witnessed in the Melbourne goal, should be calculated to strike terror into the hearts of the larkkin and rowdy and criminal classes. The three young men, John Randall, John Allan, and William Tremaine, who were convicted at the General Session on Monday for assaulting and robbing with violence, received a sentence extremely severe, but not too severe considering the aggravated circumstances of their crime and the necessity of making a public example of them. Randall and Allan, the eldest of the three, were sentenced to five years in Pentridge, and to receive twenty lashes in the Melbourne goal before being sent to the Stockade. Tremaine, the youngest, was ordered to be imprisoned for three years and to receive twelve lashes. The flogging took place yesterday afternoon, the cut-of-nine falls being wielded by Gately, the common hangman, who hid on the strokes with great force. It was a notable sight to see three young men such as the prisoners, strong and healthy, bare their backs to the hangman's lash, and winching and cowering under his terrific blows, every one of which brought the blood. The fearful punishment should be a warning to every larkkin in the colony.—Age.

A new warlike appliance is about to be introduced into the British service, and will probably be known as the "hond torpedo." Like the grenades of half a century ago, they are intended to be thrown by the hand into the enemy's boats, or over parapets, or stockades, but instead of being shells exploded by a fuse, as the grenades were, they will consist entirely of gun cotton pulp and compressed into a cake or ball of 3lb. or 4lb. weight. A long cord is attached to each charge, the other end of which is connected with a kind of pistol held by the operator. The torpedo is pitched into the required position, when a touch on the trigger of the pistol detonates the gun-cotton, and an explosion follows. Such an experiment has shown to be sufficient to shatter in atoms a five-ton block of granite. One which was lately applied would annihilate a boat's crew, and, in the hands of daring men might work great destruction by being thrown into large ships.

A writer in a Sydney journal says:—"It is hinted that the Prince of Wales comes to Australia, the faithful Commons of Great Britain will consent to an exceptional vote of £100,000 for royal expenditure at the anti-poison."

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Agnew, A.; Abbot, J. T.; Baird, J. H.; Berry, John; Bygraves, Jas.; Collins, E.; Cross, Murdoch; Ellis, L. Miss.; Flowers, Mrs.; Forbes, J. B.; Johnston, F.; Lynch, P.; Lines, P. W.; Lytle, J.; McIntosh, Miss; McIntosh, R.; Moulton, Mrs.; McCollin, E. Mrs.; McCracken, Mrs.; McDonald, J.; O'Brien, P.; Topper, G.; Thomson, T.; Thelby, J. Welsh, Mrs. W. H.; Wilson, Geo.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1878.

By the consent of the committee of the Agricultural Society the old show grounds are being converted into a cricket ground. As at present the enclosure is hardly large enough for playing cricket in, it has been decided to purchase the blocks of ground on the north and east sides, and extend the fence. During this week active preparations have been going on. The trees which stood in the enclosure have been grubbed up, a wicket prepared, and great alterations made in order to make the ground suitable for the wielders of the willow to indulge in their favorite pastime. This looks like business on the part of the local cricket club, and we may look forward to some excellent cricket during the coming season on the new ground.

The attention of creditors in the estate of the late James Panther, of Raglan, is directed to a notice in our advertising columns.

The company of miners (which we have been led to believe designated themselves the Young Duke Company, but should have been the Telegraph Company) have been trying to come to terms with the owners of the mining plant now standing idle on the Market Square reserve during the past week with the view of shifting it to the site of their present claim, because, as we intimated last week, they find steam machinery necessary to the proper working of the ground. Whether they have come to terms with the proprietors or not we are not in a position to state, but it is considered more than probable that some amicable arrangement will be arrived at.

The two young men, William Steele and David Vaughan, who stand charged with uttering a counterfeit sovereign, surrendered themselves to their bail on Tuesday last, and were further remanded to the 19th inst.

At the meeting of the Ararat Mining Board at Stawell on Monday last, Mr. Reading stated that when in Melbourne lately he saw Mr. Gausson, and asked him what he meant by charging the Ararat Mining Board with corruption. Mr. Gausson denied that he had accused the board of acting improperly, and that he did not wish for the total abolition of the boards, but simply a modification, as they were useless in their present form.

We have received from New York a decided novelty in printing. It is a miniature copy of the "American Mail and Export Journal." It is about one-third the size of the ordinary publication, and notwithstanding its minuteness, the letter press is exceedingly clear and distinct. It forms a striking example of the progress and enterprise of our American cousins in the art of printing.

The party of miners sinking on the old Ding Dong lead are now down 70ft., and expect to bottom in a few days. They have a deal of water to contend with, which makes it necessary to sink with a whim, and also renders the progress made but slow.

In answer to a letter written to the Education Department, requesting that the State School at Raglan should be fenced, the correspondent, Mr. A. Cumming, has received a reply to the effect that there are no funds available at present.

At the public meeting convened by the president of the shire of Ripon yesterday, for the purpose of nominating a trustee for the Beaufort Cemetery, vice Mr. Tompkins (resigned), Mr. H. P. Henningsen was nominated to fill the vacant office.

Attention is directed to a few words of thanks from Mr. William Ross, the newly-elected member of the Legislative Council for the Western Province, which appear in our advertising columns.

An "Argus" telegram, dated Thursday says:—"A fat reef, carrying gold, was struck to-day in the Prince Alfred claim at a depth of 1,026ft. from the surface. It is about 8in. wide, but looks likely to increase. Gold has been seen in the drivings from the reef found in the West-Scotchman's."

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" says:—"The blackfellows are improving wonderfully. I was up at the Treasury the other day to see the Chief Secretary, and was rather astonished when the orderly told me that Mr. Berry was cosseted with a black man. Of course I at once jumped to the conclusion that the interview was that wonderful man Black Henderson, or, as he is better known—'Snowball.' However, when if the interview came out, I was astonished to find that he was a blackfellow from Coranderk, and I ascertained from the Treasurer that 'Jimmy' had come as a deputation of one to ask for a railway pass to go up the country to get shearing work. Even the blackfellows have come to understand the milking of the State cow.

THE FIRE BRIGADE DEMONSTRATION.

On Thursday last, after 2 o'clock, Beaufort presented quite a holiday appearance, all the principal places of business being closed, and numbers of people, in their holiday attire, were to be seen wending their way to the fire brigade station, the scene of the various competitions to be undertaken by our gallant firefighters. The practice took place in High street, opposite the fire station, and was witnessed by a good number of spectators. The various manoeuvres gone through were successfully accomplished, and the hose and ladder practice was considered excellent. The two teams (the captain's and lieutenant's) worked with a will, and great rivalry seemed to exist between them, the consequence of which was that some good work was done. The proceedings were greatly enlivened by the presence of the Beaufort Brass Band and the Juvenile Fife and Drum Band, each of which, in turn, discoursed some excellent music. The duties of judge of the various events were undertaken by Mr. Peach (of the Ballarat Brigade), and the time was taken by Mr. A. Thompson, also of the Ballarat Brigade, both of whom gentlemen gave every satisfaction to those concerned. The following are the results of the various events:—

Run 200 yards, run two 25ft. lengths of hose, and throw two jets over a rope 10ft. high.

Captain Prentice's team—Hose-officer C. Trompf, H. Adams, Jas. Day, T. Day, M. Minto, E. Adamthwaite, J. Provis, and E. Carter.—Time: first water, 49 sec.; second do., 68 sec. Lieutenant Barnes's team—Apparatus officer Trompf, E. Whiting, C. Loft, H. Loft, S. Baker, A. Flowers, W. Williams, and John Day.—Time: first water, 42 sec.; second do., 68 sec.

Second event.—Run 100 yards, fix hydrant, and show water.— Captain's team, 28 sec.; Lieutenant's team, 49 sec.

Alarum Race.—Eight men, to run 100 yards, put on overcoats, fix hydrant, and show water.— Captain's team, 35 sec.; Lieutenant's team, 39 sec.

After the first event had been run off, Miss Trompf christened the new fireball the "Hero of Beaufort," with the usual formula, the few words spoken on the occasion being perfectly inaudible to the spectators. The alarm race wound up an excellent afternoon's sport, and then, at 7 p.m., came the

TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.

The brigade, headed by the Beaufort Brass Band, and the rear being brought up by the Fife and Drum Band, marched through the principal streets, displaying all sorts of fireworks on their line of march with very good effect, although the brightness of the moon somewhat interfered with it. Several splendid sky rockets were also discharged from the brigade house during the procession.

THE CONCERT.

Before 8 o'clock the Societies' hall was filled with a brilliant audience, and before the rising of the curtain sitting room could not be obtained. To say that the concert was a treat is not saying too much, as some of the numbers presented were excellent. The lion's share of the honors of the evening were bestowed on Miss Wilson for her splendid rendering of the several songs set down for her. Mr. Jackson's class acquitted themselves very creditably, although, in point of numbers, there were rather many for the size of the hall. Mr. McDuff, as pianist and organist, cannot be too highly complimented on his success on both these instruments, and to this gentleman's skill may be attributed a good deal of the success of the entertainment.

The brass band opened the proceedings with a rather noisy overture, but which was no fault of the players, when Mr. McDuff came forward, and explained, that owing to illness, Mr. Ware, a gentleman whose name appeared on the programme to sing some comic songs, would not be able to present, but Mr. McDuff stated that the breach would be filled by some others present, which was fully complied with, "Hardy Norsemen," by the Tonic Sol Fa class, came next, and was gone through with credit, the tenors being heard to good advantage. Miss Wilson sang "Jessie's Dream" in a decidedly finished style, and at once became a favorite with the audience. Mr. Curran, a decidedly quaint comique, created some fun by his singing of "Fined forty shillings and take him away." The Jackson Family, with their now well-known ability, followed with the pretty party song "A wake, awake," and received a loud round of applause for their rendering. Mr. McDuff then sang "The Death of Nelson," accompanying himself, which spoilt the effect of the song, but he deserves praise for his attempt at making the song effective. Some of those pests to all decent audiences, and who cannot be kept out, interjected a dismal howl as the singer retired, the baseness of which conduct cannot be described. "Come like a beautiful dream" was rendered very nicely by Mrs. Greig, with a little want of expression perhaps, which probably was an oversight on the part of the singer. Mr. Curran created a deal of merriment by his capital rendering of that quaint song "Lord Lovel." "I'm waiting my darling for thee" was undertaken by Miss Yates, but this young lady cannot be complimented on her success, as this class of music is not suited to her voice. Mr. E. Carter, who has a very promising voice, sang "Still I love thee," very prettily for a new beginner, and the chorists by the Tonic Sol Fa class was especially good. Miss A. Ingram, a diminutive young lady, sang "Come birdie, come" in a capital style, her intonation being perfect, and her strict adherence to time, coupled with a sweet voice, completed a faultless rendering. Miss Wilson then gave "I want you to be my Robin" with such good taste and finish that an encore was demanded, to which she responded by singing "Dearest, we shall meet again" in a manner which again "brought down" the house. "Learning to walk" was done full justice to by Mrs. Greig, after which our old friend B. H. Stuart created some fun by his singing "Is nice to be a father," giving the audience a taste of his old days of excellence in this line.

Although Mr. Stuart appeared to be "out of puff" an encore was insisted on, and in response he gave a spirited rendering of "Finigan's waltz," which brought the first part of the entertainment to a close.

The Tonic Sol Fa class opened the second part by singing "The March of the Men of Harlech" in a pleasing manner. "Speak to me" was not done justice to by Miss Yates, a want of pathos disfiguring an otherwise creditable rendering. Mr. Curran might very well have substituted something else for his song of "Billy Nut, the Post," as there is nothing in it, and it is decidedly vulgar, although not void of merit. Mrs. Greig created a very pleasing impression by her rendering of "Constance." Miss Yates deserves credit for her singing of "I'm waiting till my ship comes in," but without the dance it falls rather flat. It is a song hardly suited for a concert of this kind, and is given more expression to when the accompanying dance is given, and the singer is attired in tight-fitting hose. "The Bonnie Hills of Scotland" was a treat as sung by Miss Wilson, and the fair singer was rewarded by a well-merited round of applause. A pretty little song, "I'm looking out for you," was given with excellent taste by the Jackson Family, the youngest member of the quartette, a little lady, singing the solo part with a precision and sweetness very pleasing to the audience.

Mr. B. H. Stuart, in a most laughable and extravagant make-up, caused the house to echo with laughter by his singing "Babylon's a falling," and was called upon to repeat the dose, when he gave a melody of his own which created a deal of amusement. The sweet and pathetic song "Driven from Home" was sung very nicely by Miss Julia Ingram, although, perhaps from nervousness consequent on a first appearance, she did not give vent to her voice, but her rendering was not without merit, and the concerted chorus was beautified by the assistance of the Jackson Family. The Tonic Sol Fa Class brought the concert to a close by singing "The Star of Peace" excellently, this being decidedly their best effort during the evening.

Before the audience dispersed Captain Prentice came forward and thanked those present for their attendance, remarking that the committee had done their utmost to place before them a programme which would be acceptable, and he hoped they had been successful.

Before closing this notice we may give Mr. Jackson a word of praise for the manner in which he has tutored his class, and we have no doubt we shall have the pleasure of hearing again from him and his musical pupils, and that at no distant date.

THE BALL.

To say that dancing was impossible, owing to the crowded state of the hall, would not express the true state of affairs when the first set of quadrilles was announced by the M.C. (The brass band discoursed the music, and the followers of Terpsichore, although under difficulties, kept it up till the small hours of Friday morning.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not identify ourselves with the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

FAIR REPRESENTATION SECURES GOOD LEGISLATION.

To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate.

SIR,—That this colony has suffered for the want of proper representation is a fact patent to all, and hence a reform is sought, to avoid, in future, the extremes of now being suffocated by the two high temperature, with hot winds coming over the large estates; and then, to a too low, even freezing point, that makes those tremble who are exposed, horrified at what might come. What, I ask, will secure the desideratum and avoid the evil? Not the suggestion of the Legislative Council—that is not enough; not the reform legislation of the Assembly—that is too much; one reserving that obstructive power, the other depriving the Council of all power, and the wealthy of all representation; one House so constituted that every man and every interest should have justice and a just hearing.

The amalgamation of the two Houses suggests itself from the conference of the past—trying to settle in a reasonable way their disputes, and the following attention in the constitution would make an appeal to the country final.—Let every electoral district send, say three members, seat by three classes of people. Let each class send its man.—The electoral right and ratepayers to £20 send their man, and ratepayers above £20 to £50 send their man, and those above £50 send their man, no one voting for other than his candidate; the highest ratepayers shall not vote for the lower (as now), more than the lover for the higher.

A House so constituted would be able to represent every man and every interest, and any measure passing such a House should be law, for it would be right, and right is right. We do not require a House of Lords. One such House is enough for any nation. Besides the Council of this colony cannot compare with the House of Lords. The Council is responsible to the country for its acts; the House of Lords is not. The Council claim to be legislative; the House of Lords do not; but, by an hereditary right, take a seat in a certain mansion built by State, and review the proceedings of legislators at home and abroad. Ask them to take £300 a year and they would ask, "What for?"

Yours, etc., X.

A GRIEVANCE.

To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate.

SIR,—As a parent I have to complain of the way in which the boys comprising the Juvenile Fife and Drum Band were treated at the concert on Thursday night by being huddled together in the back of the hall, where they could experience no comfort at all. If the fire brigade wanted to give the boys a treat, why did they not provide seats for them in the front, like they did for the brass band? Had I known they were to be treated thus, I, for one, would have paid the admission for my son to the concert.

Beaufort, Sept. 13th, 1878.

A foreigner has been arrested with plans of the defence of Singapore in his possessions.

MELBOURNE.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Friday Evening.

Tenders were opened to-day for the South Yarra and Oakleigh railway, the lowest being that of J. H. Higgins and Co., at £48,868 4s. 2d.

A petition from the unemployed to the Legislative Assembly was numerously signed here to-day.

Barnard, the handicapper, who recently received serious injuries in Sydney, is now recovering.

DOINGS IN GENERAL.

By "SPLITTER."

My informant wasn't far out about the new president. Cr. Wotberspoon is chosen to rip the table, and proclaim "Order, gentlemen." And it's only his right tha the should be placed at the head of the table. He has served Beaufort long and faithfully, and my only regret is that his old friend Joel has retired from the table. Had he not thought fit to retire from serving the most severe of masters, the public, he would undoubtedly have filled the position now held by Mr. Wotberspoon. My advice to Mr. Wotberspoon is "to keep his head up, and fight low." Exercise firmness in giving decisions, and give all discussions before the council his earnest and deep consideration before expressing an opinion. Show no favor, but treat all alike, and success is sure. The right man in the right place is not always the rule in the administering of public affairs, but I don't think I am far wrong in foreshadowing an exception to the rule in the case of our new president.

Some time since I read in your columns a letter signed "Old Digger," setting forth a proposition to start a mammoth prospecting company, the scrip to be 6d. each. I've been waiting to hear something more about it, but up to the present I have been disappointed. The idea is a good one, and is within everybody's reach. Even supposing the spec. should it be started, resulted in failure, no one would be ruined over it. Why don't some of our speculative cavils make a start at it? Haven't they got a "sprat" left? It's no use saying there's good quartz reefs about Beaufort, because it has been said so often, and the truth of it is beyond a ghost of a doubt. I've been trying to make myself believe that Beaufort is not getting worse and worse, but I am afraid I will have to give way, and yield to the popular howl, and say "Beaufort's done." And who can wonder at it if nobody makes a stir to live it up! If we all sit down, with our hands in our pockets, and witness it "going down" without making a struggle to raise it up, "down" it will go. Let us all unite in getting up a swindle of some sort; the bigger the swindle the better it will be. If we don't wake up, people residing a few miles out of Beaufort will forget that there ever was such a place. Get up a gigantic something, publish it to the world, set people talking about it, and Beaufort is herself again. By this means foreign capital will be imported. Just imagine a number of gents, talking in Sydney, or anywhere else you like, and all at once one of the company says, "Did you hear of the prospecting company over in Victoria, at a place called Beaufort? Gold in any quantities (of course the prospectus would set forth this.) The fever catches, in a few hours Sydney is deserted, and Beaufort is besieged with speculators. In a few weeks numbers of claims are started, gold is struck, and the deed is done. Beaufort is redeemed! "Is all very easy talking." I hear some one say. But to him I would say, "That remark is stale." I say, Mr. Editor, I find I've been going it, so if you can find room for it I will cut this subject for the present.

There has been a great deal said and written lately respecting imparting religious instruction to children in State schools, and as to whether such instruction shall be given during, or after, school hours. My opinion is that the State school is not the proper place to teach children religion at all. To express such an opinion as this without attempting to give my reasons for so thinking would be cowardly, so here goes. In the first place the school would have to be divided into sects, and hence breed a feeling of disagreement amongst the children; a sneering one at another, and such remarks as "Go home, your Roman," "Dry up, Ranter," and numerous such pretty remarks as these. In a town where I lived previous to coming to Beaufort, there used to be pitched battles between Catholics and Protestants. Whichever lot were released first from their religious lesson would wait for the other lot, and at it they would go, like demons, the religious instruction trampled under feet, and only adding more viciousness and reality to the battle one set against another. To preach religion to children after they have been confined in school for two hours or so is to waste time. It results in no lasting good. The words are spoken to unwilling ears, and the intention of instilling into the young minds the rudiments of religion, and for laying the foundation, as it were, for their guidance through this world, is frustrated. The proper place to culture the young mind in religion is round the family fireside or table. One lesson delivered by the parent to his family, in good terms and with earnestness, would be productive of more lasting good than the preaching of a century to a lot of children in a State school. In this way truths that may fall from the parson's lips are never forgotten, but take hold of the young mind, and often are productive of much good. Outside of all this there is the fact that all parents would not like to have their children scared by details of everlasting fire, brimstone, blue fire, devils, and all this sort of thing; at least, I for one wouldn't. Yet this is the most approved doctrine of the present day. The preacher that can vomit the most fire, blue devils, and hold out threats of being entirely chewed up if you don't do as he says is the covvy that wears the best broadcloth and the whitest linen. The system can never be carried out, and a blessing it will be if it never is.

It is said "Ze watches over his own," and I don't doubt it for a moment. One night during this week a gentleman, a resident of Beaufort, who by profession is a squatter of the "cockatoo" persuasion, and also a dealer

in chaff and slaughtered flesh, had occasion to inspect a machine of some kind which lays idle on a vacant piece of ground not a hundred miles from your office, and adjoining a private house. The good lady who occupied the house had a great dread of night marauders, and on going out perceived the shadow of a man hovering about close to the house, and all at once to disappear. The gentleman had inspected the outside of the machine, and had crawled inside to have a look at the internal workings of it. The lady, aided by the working of her feverish imagination, came to the conclusion that he was intent on robbing the premises, and, arming herself with a stout stick, proceeded to the spot where he last was seen. On making a close survey of the situation only a portion of the man's body was to be seen (and that wasn't his head), at which the lady aimed a most terrific blow with the stick (which was by no means a twig), but, whether owing to the unsteadiness of the lady's nerves, or the darkness of the night, she missed her mark. Upon this the rather scared intruder exposed himself to view, and, with a sickly smile, his hand placed carefully on the spot at which the lady aimed the blow, remarked, "Is that you, Mrs.—?" "Yes it is me," responded the lady, "and I'd like to know what you're doing prowling about here at night?" In the silence of the darkness a shadow of a man was to be seen making off at a furious pace, and under his breath he was heard to remark "That was a narrow shave."

The following application under the Land Act, 1869, has been refused, owing to it being granted to another applicant:—Annie Ormiston, 12a. 3r. 16p, parish of Raglan.

The following applications for land under section 20 have been approved:—William Pitcher jun., parish of Raglan, 31a. Or. 35p.; Thomas Jess, jun., parish of Raglan, 40a. Rents and fees payable at Ararat.

Under section 20 the following applications are approved, and the balance of rents to complete purchase are payable as follows:—James Cowan, Trawalla, £23 2s., at Ballarat. William Free, Raglan, £56, at Ararat.

The issue of a new license to John Bell, 20a, parish of Raglan, has been approved of.

The following licenses are in arrears:—Section 494 John—Lamprey, Bunorong; Duncan McAllister, Raglan. Section 47—Alice Thompson, Trawalla; Harriet Thompson, Trawalla.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Cable News.

(FROM THE ARGUS.)

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Five hundred and three bodies have been recovered from the Princess Alice, the excursion steamer which came in collision with another steamer off Woolwich.

It was during riots which occurred in Albania that Mehmet Ali Pasha and his suite were murdered. Complete anarchy reigns in the province.

A telegram from Calcutta of the 8th inst., published in "The Times," states that it is reported that the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, the present Governor of Madras, will be appointed Governor of the colony of Victoria.

Severe fighting has taken place in the Herzegovina at Loshitz, in which the Austrian troops were defeated with a loss of several hundreds, and they have retreated to Zavalje.

A fourth of the British force stationed at Cyprus is sick from fever.

There are 103,000 destitute persons in the fever districts of the United States. The number of deaths is increasing, and the epidemic is spreading.

The European factories have been pillaged by the native inhabitants at Dahomey on the west coast of Africa.

LONDON, Sept. 11.

There is serious opposition to the Austrians in old Bosnia, and the campaign is not likely to conclude this season.

There are 36,000 insurgents, with 40 guns, collected for the defence of five towns.

The Austrians are likely to occupy Albania. The Australian July mails via Torres Straits have been delivered.

Delagoa Bay, on the African coast, and now in the possession of the Portuguese, will probably be ceded to England.

The Australian cricketers have subscribed £100 towards the fund being raised in aid of the sufferers by the Princess Alice disaster off Woolwich.

BERLIN, Sept. 11.

Dr. Nobeleg, who fired and wounded the Emperor of Germany Unter den Linden, has died from his self-inflicted wounds.

REUTERS telegram from Adelaide states:—"Frank Scarr and exploring party, from Blackall, Queensland, are reported to have arrived at Tennents Creek station, on the overland telegraph line, and report finding five horses, and evidence of a party having been murdered by the blacks, on a tributary of the Herbert River. The horses are recognised as belonging to Proud's party, who started from the Herbert last November."

A well-known and popular firm of landholders in the Colac district have within the last few days, in view of the threatened "turn of the screw" by the imposition of the extra land tax threatened by Mr. Berry, sold their estate, which was not a very large or overgrown one. They found it necessary (states the "Reformer") to take £60,000 less than they were offered for the same land two years ago, and even at this sacrifice were glad to clear out.

Friday's "Argus" says:—"Mr. Woods yesterday made a voluntary apology to the House for his 'Botany Bay' allusions with regard to Mr. Gausson on Tuesday. He was led away by temper, and, moreover, he did not mean to say anything of the kind, but merely to indicate that the member for Ararat was a 'political larkkin.'" Mr. Gausson was not in the House when the explanation was made, and it was a good thing that he was not present."

The "Geelong Advertiser" remarks:—"Samuel Brown, of Grafton, New South Wales, laborer, who on Friday last surrendered his estate into the hands of the Chief Commissioner, with a simplicity which is by no means usual, says in his explanatory affidavit, 'I attribute my insolvency to losses in playing cards.'"

MELBOURNE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

Thursday Evening.

Things have been rather lively in the House this week on one or two occasions. In the first place a most distinguished row occurred between Mr. Woods and Mr. Gaunson, when language passed on either side that every gentleman in the House must have felt grieved to listen to. On the same evening Mr. Berry, Mr. Kerford, and Major Smith got at it, and though the language was not in this case of such a forcible character as that used by the two first-named belligerents, still it was of a sufficiently bitter character to leave considerable ill-will behind it.

In the Assembly this evening the Loan Bill will be the principal business before the House, and, if possible, a division will take place, probably at a late hour. This evening's "Herald" informs us that "the impression is general that the Upper House will refuse to assent to the bill, at any rate until further information is afforded as to the proposed lines of railway." This may be the case, but at any rate this is the first I have heard of the matter.

The Exhibition Bill passed the Assembly Committee last evening; but the rumour is very general that it will meet with very powerful opposition in the Council; and it may be mentioned that the appropriation of the Carlton Gardens as a site for the Exhibition building does not by any means meet with general approval.

The following interesting episode in the District Court to-day may perhaps give the advocates for retrenchment in the civil service a chance of favourably distinguishing themselves:—"Mr. Gibbs, Registrar-general was in the box giving formal evidence as to the registration of public companies, when Mr. Purves commenced. 'I suppose your time is of no consequence?' Witness: 'Yes.' Mr. P.: 'Then the public service is inconsequential to your absence?' Witness: 'No, I make arrangements to carry on the duty.' Mr. P.: 'But the duty could not go on without you.' Witness: 'Well I suppose it could.' Mr. P.: 'Then you're a superfluity, sir. That'll do.' Witness stood down. Mr. Purves raising his previous remarks by audibly saying that he would not like to see another Registrar-general.' I wonder how Mr. Gibbs felt after this, and whether he would have subscribed liberally to a testimonial to Mr. Purves had one been started on the spot, in recognition of his services as a zealous reformer and energetic M.P.

Dr. Shade, the so-called spiritualist and medium, has been denounced by the Melbourne evening journal as an impostor and a humbug. The journal has challenged the doctor to submit his manifestation to five gentlemen of standing, to be selected by the conductors of the "Herald" in conjunction with a friend of the Doctor's; but up to the present time the challenged one has made no sign.

The Commission to inquire into the working of the Land Act has finished the hearing of the case of Mr. Byron Moore, but their decision in reference to it will not be known until next week, the Commission meeting again next Tuesday.

The long and anxiously looked for re-pearance of Mr. William Creswick, the eminent Shakspearian actor, took place on Saturday evening at the Prince of Wales Opera-house; and it is, I suppose, needless to say that his reception was a most enthusiastic one by a house filled almost to suffocation on the footlights to the ceiling. The piece selected for the opening performance was Shakespeare's grand tragedy of "Othello," Mr. Creswick, of course, taking the title role, some Shakspearian students may read in, I propose to give a short sketch of Mr. Creswick's manner of rendering this character. I first saw the tragedy of "Othello" out thirty-eight years ago, at the old Victoria Theatre, in a place called the New Cut, the Surrey side of the Thames. I cannot remember the name of the actor who took the chief character; but I well remember his manner of rendering it; and I may add, that even then I have many times seen it in a very similar manner. The Moor represented as a man sooty black, a jealous, raging, uncalculated, brutal ruffian, rigidly deep study, aided by a high order of intelligence, has guided Mr. Creswick to produce a character of a very different order. I saw him as the Moor on the stage, it is evident almost at once that the character depicted was that of a surprisingly cultured man; and I think that the Shakspearian student will agree that there is in the original text to justify this interpretation of the character. In the speech the Senate Othello tells us that Desdemona said "She wished that Heaven had made her such a man." Desdemona was a highly-cultivated daughter of a great Venetian noble, and it is hardly likely that she would have expressed such a wish about an uneducated ruffian. Again, I take it that another note to the character may be found at the close of the play. Othello says, "I have done state some service, and they know it." It is remembered the Venetian republic at this time was in the meridian of its splendor, and any other than a man of great attainments could hardly have won a place to have made an acknowledged mark. These keynotes to warrant Mr. Creswick's interpretation of the character of Othello are perhaps sufficient. There are two Shakspearian characters that I have always retained a sort of ideal of in my mind's eye, namely, those of Othello and Richard the Third. Mr. Creswick's Othello comes nearer to the ideal than any I have yet seen. Macready's Othello was very fine; but I must pay Mr. Creswick the compliment of saying that I like his best, and further, I think it so fine that I am on the tiptoe of expectation to see his "Richard the Third." In concluding scene Mr. Creswick discards original text, and instead of falling upon bed, and dying "upon a kiss," he falls in the centre of the stage, and thereby producing very much preferable concluding tableaux in the old conventional style. The play the occasion of my witnessing it went so smoothly that I suppose Mr. Creswick was supported. But Mr. Creswick is very unlike the great picture in our National Gallery of "Moses bearing the tables of the Law," he dwells and puts out of sight every thing in his immediate neighborhood; at least was the case with myself, and so as I

have spun out this letter sufficiently long, and as, moreover, it is drawing on to bed-time, I will come to a close.

PARLIAMENTARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM THE ARGUS.)

In the Legislative Council on Tuesday the Constitution of the Council Bill, which has been under consideration for so many weeks, was introduced afresh, in order that it might be passed by an absolute majority on the second reading. Twenty members voted for it, and none against, so that the requirements of the Constitution Act were fully complied with. The bill was passed through committee, and arrangements entered into for reading it a third time and sending it down to the Legislative Assembly to-day. Mr. Wallace got leave to introduce his bill for authorizing mining on private property. The measure is in substance the same as the bill of last session, but there are alterations which will be fully explained in the second reading.

In the Assembly on Tuesday the time was for the most part wasted. The Government selected the Exhibition Bill to take the place of their postponed loan proposals, in the expectation that the measure would be passed *pro forma*. The second reading was agreed to without a word being spoken, and the clauses were being rushed through committee, when F. L. Smyth interfered with a protest against any idea of using the gardens for a sheep and cattle show. Mr. Munro endorsed the protest, and declared that the people would not stand anything of the sort, but would resist a cattle show in the gardens by physical force. Mr. Casey, speaking from his Parisian experience, also opposed the plan, while Sir John O'Shanassy defended the *bona fides* of the suggestion which had been rudely assailed. This was the last heard on the cattle subject. Members discussed first the site, both the Royal-park and St. Kilda-park finding advocates, while Mr. Francis recorded his opinion that there ought to be no exhibition at all. After this floodgate of talk were opened, and without interference from the chair, hon. members wandered over a number of topics. Mr. Gaunson and Mr. Woods had a quarrel; the members of the City Council aired their grievances, and at 11 o'clock Mr. Berry accused members of the Opposition of speaking against time, a remark which was warmly resented by Mr. Kerford. Mr. Berry protested that he would not stand the interjections of the member for Bechworth. Mr. Kerford said he would behave as he liked. Major Smith ejaculated, "We will turn you out," and Mr. Kerford laughed boisterously. There was no making any progress with business, and at 20 minutes past 11 the Chief Secretary consented to progress being reported and the adjournment of the House.

Several more hours were spent by the Assembly on Wednesday in discussing the Exhibition Bill in committee. The speeches, as before, were of a desultory character, the main question raised being whether or not the City Council had approved of the action of the mayor in taking the Paris Commissioners to the Carlton-gardens and putting them in possession of the site. Mr. Carter and Mr. Bayles and other city councillors repudiated the affair, and it was said that only the respect entertained personally for Mr. Pigdon and the respect due to his office prevented proceedings being taken against him and the commissioners for trespass. These gentlemen, it was alleged, had no more right to pull up trees than any other citizens. "Is not the mayor the most powerful member of the council?" asked Mr. Longmore. "No," was the reply, "the town clerk is." Mr. Gaunson at some length criticised the Exhibition Commission, the most prominent member of which he said was a hatter—and a mad hatter to boot. Mr. F. L. Smyth's amendment to restrict the control of the commissioners to the 20 acres required for exhibition purposes was negatived by 40 votes to 15, but the discussion was discussed on the details, and the bill was finally put through committee by what the speaker termed "a surprise." Progress was allowed at half-past 12 to allow private business being called on. Just before the dinner hour private business was postponed as usual, but instead of adjourning, Ministers put the chairman in the chair again, and in a thin House disposed of the Exhibition Bill in two minutes. On the reassembling, Mr. Service called attention to a proceeding which he described as most unusual. The Speaker said he hoped nothing of the sort would ever occur again, but Mr. Berry declared that so far as he was concerned, he should be as sharp in pushing on public business as possible.

The Loan Bill occupied the Legislative Assembly on Thursday from 5 o'clock until half-past 11. The position taken by the Opposition was clearly explained by Mr. Service, who was the first speaker, and who addressed himself fully to the subject. The Opposition think that the Government are borrowing to stimulate the colony rather than to meet its *bona fide* demands, and they think that the sum should be reduced to about £3,000,000. The railways to be made should be described, as usual, in a railway bill. The items representing unproductive works should be omitted, the works being provided for gradually out of revenue, and the rate of interest should not be increased from 4 to 4½ per cent. without the English financial authorities being consulted. One of Mr. Service's hits was his quotation of Mr. Berry's speech on the loan of 1876, when the hon. gentleman joined the hon. member for Malbon, denouncing the plan of borrowing money for undescribed railways as dangerous and unheeded. The debate which followed was taken part in by Sir Bryan O'Loughlin, Mr. Mirams, Mr. J. B. Patterson from the Government side, Mr. A. K. Smith, Murray Smith, Mr. Gaunson, Mr. Francis from the Opposition benches. Mr. Mirams departed from the beaten track by pleading strongly for a national bank of issue, which would render a loan unnecessary, and would cure many of our evils. Mr. Murray Smith, who spoke with accustomed point, said if he believed in the doctrine of the metempsychosis, he should suppose that in Mr. Mirams we had received John Law, who made all the people of France rich, until they were one morning and found themselves ruined. He pointed out that confidence had not been lost in England in private enterprise in Australia. Two large Trust Companies had been recently easily and successfully floated. The existing depression referred to Government securities, and one of its causes was the bad faith of the Government on

Black Wednesday to individuals, and the inflammatory language of Ministers, Mr. Berry, Mr. Patterson, and Mr. Longmore being special sinners. Why, the latter gentleman said that if he were in England he would incite the peasantry to repudiate the national debt! Mr. Lyell, who intended to address himself to the question of the alteration in the interest, was shut out. As the Opposition admit that a loan is necessary, and only desire the bill amended in committee, no division was taken, and the bill was read a second time *nem. con.* It is to be dealt with in committee on Tuesday next.

To the Electors of the Western Province.

GENTLEMEN,—Owing to the retirement of Mr. G. L. ... I have been returned unopposed. Although thus relieved from giving expression to my feelings on the occasion so effectively as I could otherwise have done had the election been decided by the votes of the electors, I must not omit to thank you for the very hearty reception my candidature has met with throughout the Province—a reception all the more gratifying to me, as affording the best proof that I was right in responding to the call of the electors. For the benefit of those who are curious to know how I mean to dispose of my salary, I take this opportunity of stating that I do not intend to profit by it further than repaying myself the necessary expenses of my election. In my opinion, a candidate should not be saddled with this cost where he is called upon to enter into a contest, and against his own inclination. If at any future time the vexatious question is fairly put to the constituencies—which has never yet been done—and that it is answered in the affirmative, I shall reserve to myself the right of disposing of the payment in any way I think proper. In the hope that my public career may justify the confidence you seem inclined to place in me,

I am, yours obediently,

WM. ROSS.

The Gums, September 13, 1878.

Beaufort, Etc. United Common

BALANCE SHEET YEAR ENDING 31st JULY, 1878.

Table with financial entries: To Balance in bank at previous audit, Cash in hand, Depreciation for year ending 31st July, 1877, etc.

LIABILITIES.

Table with financial entries: Herdsman's salary for July, Secretary's do., Printing and advertising, Stationery, etc.

Audited, and found correct. JOHN HUMPHREYS & J. LOCKHART, Auditors.

August 10th, 1878. J. W. BROWNE, Secretary.

WANTED, by a First-class FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, an ACTIVE AGENT for Beaufort and district.

RE JAMES PANTHER, Deceased, Intestate.—Pursuant to the provisions in that behalf contained in the "Statute of Trusts, 1851," Notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having any claims against the estate of James Panther, late of Beaufort, in the colony of Victoria, farmer, deceased, who died on the third day of May last, and administration of the estate was on the 18th day of July last granted by the Supreme Court of the colony of Victoria to Mary Ann Panther, of Beaufort, widow, the widow of deceased, are hereby required to SEND PARTICULARS of such CLAIMS on or before the first day of October next to the said Mary Ann Panther, as such administratrix, at the office of William Edward Nickolls, auctioneer, Beaufort; and notice is hereby given that after the said first day of October next the said Mary Ann Panther will proceed to distribute the assets of the said James Panther, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said Mary Ann Panther may then have had notice, and the said Mary Ann Panther will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person, whose claims she shall not then have had notice.

Dated this second day of September, 1878.

MARY ANN PANTHER, Mark

Witness: ROBERT THOMSON.

Hairdressing! Hairdressing!

WILLIAM FUBBARD begs to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that he has commenced business as a Barber, Hairdresser, etc., in the premises next door to Mr. H. A. Glyde's, chemist, Neil street, Beaufort, and trusts, by strict attention to business and civility, combined with skilful workmanship, to merit their patronage.

W O O L.

GEORGE SYNNOT & CO.,

W O O L B R O K E R S,

HIDE, SKIN, and TALLOW SALESMEN, STATION AGENTS,

ARE prepared to make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES on the ENSURING CLIP of WOOL either for Sale or Shipment to London, by public auction every TUESDAY and THURSDAY.

They act as selling or shipping brokers only, and consignments, whether in large or small lots, are carefully valued, and have prompt personal attention.

Charges: Lowest ruling in the colony.

During last season they submitted over 7000 bales with results satisfactory to constituents.

Consignments from any Railway Station in the colony will be at once attended to.

O N S A L E.

WOOLPACKS, FENCING WIRE, and all kinds of STATION REQUIREMENTS.

Geelong, 12th August, 1878.

Geelong Wool Market.

T O W O O L G R O W E R S.

GENTLEMEN,—We have much pleasure in intimating to our constituents and those who may favour us during the coming Wool Season, that consequent on the increased quantity of Wool offered for sale in Geelong, it has been found necessary to have two instead of one sale during each week. Acting, therefore, under this arrangement, we shall hold a sale of WOOL on TUESDAY and THURSDAY in each week during the season.

We are also prepared to Ship Wool on owners' account, either consigned to our agents, or agents, and to advance on same if required; the facilities for shipping wool from Geelong being much greater than from any other port in the colony.

The increased support we have received each year since we commenced business is a guarantee that those by whom we have been employed are satisfied our efforts have been directed for their benefit, and while soliciting an increased measure of support, we assure those who have hitherto, and those who may in the future favour us that everything shall be done to conserve their best interest, and a strict surveillance kept, so that full value may be obtained for all wool consigned to our care, whether it be in large or small parcels.

Trusting to a continuance of support,

We are, yours faithfully,

HUKLUND & BURNETT,

Stock and Station Agents, and Wool Brokers.

Moorabool street, Geelong, 21st August, 1878.

Geelong Wool Sales.

WE beg to announce that in view of the yearly increased support awarded to this market, it has been found necessary to establish a second day's sale. We shall therefore hold Public Auction Sales of Wool on each TUESDAY and THURSDAY throughout the coming season. The latter day will be set apart for the sale of small lots of greasy wool (four bales and under), only suitable for the local demand from manufacturers, scourers, and spinners, whose purchasing power is showing a marked improvement each season.

Every lot of wool is carefully valued by us prior to sale, and we fix a reserve up to full market value. Our long and successful experience forms a guarantee that the owners' interests will not be neglected.

An examination of the respective charges of Melbourne and Geelong will show a saving to growers by selling here instead of Melbourne.

SEVEN SHILLINGS PER BALE, including the freight on to Melbourne. And where owners are not satisfied with the price bid, and prefer changing the London market, our sole charge for receiving, warehousing, and delivery is ONE SHILLING PER BALE.

Railway freight from Beaufort to Geelong, 4s. 6d. per bale; to Melbourne, 6s. per bale.

Dennys, Lascelles, and Co.,

WOOL BROKERS, GEELONG.

Wool Season 1878-79.

RICHARD MELLISH & CO.

WOOL, HIDE, SKIN, and TALLOW BROKERS.

ARE prepared to make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES on WOOL and other PRODUCE consigned to them for sale or shipment, and to advance on same if required.

All account sales and proceeds rendered promptly, at the lowest current scale of charges.

WOOL SALES are held on TUESDAY and THURSDAY.

Sheepskins, Hides, & Tallow on WEDNESDAY.

FENCING WIRE, WOOLPACKS, ETC.,

At Lowest Rates.

MOORABOOL STREET, GEELONG.

PURE CLYDESDALE STALLION

SIR CHARLES

Will Stand this Season at

ST. ENOCH'S, STOCKYARD HILL.

SIR CHARLES is a rich Bay horse, strong, active, good-humoured, splendid feet, with plenty hair, rising eight years old, and a perfect model of the breed. Exhibited seven times, and obtained four first and three second prizes.

PEDIGREE.—Sir Charles, by Prince Charlie (imported), dam Jessie, by George Buchanan (imported); grand-dam Kate, by George the Fourth (imported to New South Wales by Mr. C. Thompson, of Clydesdale); great grand-dam a mare imported by said G. T., the breeder of Kate.

Prince Charlie and George Buchanan are well-known to be two of the best and purest horses imported to Victoria; and George the Fourth and the great grand-dam were considered the best imported to New South Wales previous to 1850.

Terms: £4 4s. One mare in five Free.

Also the Steeplechase Horse

KING OF CLUBS,

By Ace of Clubs (imported), dam mare by Flatcatcher (imported), dam of hurdle-race horse, The Deer; grand-dam Arab mare, dam of steeplechase horse All Fours.

KING OF CLUBS is a rich chestnut, stands 16 hands, powerful and muscular, is fast, clever jumper, and has good paces.

Terms: £5 5s. One mare in five Free.

Good grass paddocks, having permanent water. Every care taken, but without responsibility.

Notice given when mares are stinted, after which, if not removed, 2s. per week will be charged for grass. Mares to be paid for on removal. Apply

MR. GEO. ROBERTSON,

Manager, St. Enoch's.

August, 1878.

J. S. BROOKS,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

Boots made to measure. Perfect fit guaranteed.

Repairs neatly executed.

SHAPE, STYLE & DURABILITY.

Country orders punctually attended to.

SELLING-OFF.

FURNITURE, &c., &c.,

AT

W. BAKER'S

FURNITURE MANUFACTORY

Opposite the State School and 4 doors from Gunn's corner Beaufort.

PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER HANGING

Estimates for General Repairs.

Experienced Workmen Sent to all Parts of the Colony

PUBLIC ATTENTION

Is invited to the RECENT GREAT IMPROVEMENT

Added to the

SINGER FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

In their Patented Triple Action Fly-wheel,

Which affords several important facilities to the operator in working.

N O E X T R A C H A R G E.

Price of Family Machines, £7 10s.

SEWING MACHINE Purchasers will act wisely in inspecting the genuine merits of the Singer Sewing Machine, and to especially avoid purchasing any of the various "IMITATIONS" offered in this market, all of which lack the recently patented improvements, and the thorough perfection of the original machine.

The annual Sale of Singer's Sewing Machines in Victoria exceeds that of all other makers combined.

Time payments extending, if required, to twelve months.

Genuine Singer Needles, Duplicate Parts, and all other requisites.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO.,

AGENTS, BEAUFORT.

IRON STORE, NEILL-STREET, BEAUFORT.

BENJAMIN MOORE,

DEGS to thank his friends and customers for the liberal support hitherto accorded him, and would take this opportunity of informing them that he is now opening some special lines of WINTER GOODS, of excellent quality, and which will be offered at very reasonable prices, in order to effect a thorough clearance. All kinds of Drapery and Groceries at proportionately low rates.

DRAPERY, MILLINERY, HOSE, HOSIERY,

In all of which newest Goods at Lowest Prices.

Men's Ready-Made Goods in COLONIAL TWEEDS, at Prices never before quoted in the district. TROUSERS and VESTS, Best Material.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

In great variety, and only the best maker's are kept in stock.

A Large Stock of

G R O C E R I E S.

W I N E S A N D S P I R I T S.

Of the Best Brands at Lowest Prices.

CROCKERY, LAMPS, GLASSWARE, OILMEN'S STORES.

THE TIMBER YARD

Is replete with all kinds of Softwood, Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Skirtings, and Hardwood for building and mining purposes.

HIGHEST PRICE given for SHEEPSKINS

HIDES, TALLOW, &c. WM SMITH, Butcher Beaufort, March 23rd, 1877

SINGING CLASS.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR BEGINNERS.

THE SYSTEM TAUGHT will be the Tonic Sol Fa. The Adult Class meets every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 8 o'clock. Juvenile Class meets on the same evenings, at half-past 6.

Terms on application to JOHN JACKSON.

HARRIS & TROY,

PRODUCE DEALERS, BEAUFORT

Agents for

Broadbent Bros. and Co.,

Wm. McCulloch and Co.,

Permewan, Wright and Co.

FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY

AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS.

COMMODIOUS AND FASHIONABLE

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

For Visitors to Ballarat during the Exhibition or Easter Holidays.

Terms, 2s.; either by meal or day.

MRS. O'DEE'S.

Corner of Dawson and Eyr-streets, Ballarat.

PIANO, GAS, AND BATH.

X. GASSER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

42 BRIDGE STREET, BALLARAT.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery of every description on Sale.

COLONIAL JEWELLERY MADE TO ORDER.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

GEORGE GREENWOOD, SADDLER AND HARNESSMAKER,

begs to return thanks to his patrons for past favours, and to inform them he has REMOVED to the shop next door to the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock street, where he would so far continue the liberal support hitherto accorded him.

All kinds of harness in stock and made to order. Also, Ladies' and Gents' Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Spurs, Brushes, Sponges, Chamois, and all other Horse appointments, at Town Prices. Repairs neatly and promptly executed. Beaufort, 13th March, 1878.

THE AVOCA

CORDIAL MANUFACTORY

AND LIQUEUR EMPORIUM,

(ESTABLISHED 1857.)

J. B. SMITH & SON,

PROPRIETORS.

J. B. SMITH in returning thanks to his friends and the public in general, for the large amount of support accorded him during the last twenty-five years, respectfully begs to inform them that he has taken his son into partnership in this business, and that they are now prepared to supply the very best Cordials of every description, and trust, by strict attention to business, and vouching a really first-class article, to merit a continuance of that support formerly accorded to him.

Wines and Spirits, Wholesale and Retail.

Ats and Porter of the Best Brands.

ADVENTURES IN THE NORTH.

The Cooktown correspondent of the Sydney "Evening News" telegraphed on Tuesday "About two months ago a small decked boat containing three men, from Port Douglas, including Mr. R. A. T. Purdie, late a storekeeper, set sail from Cooktown, for Tort Morsley. The party made Lizard Island, where they cast anchor with the view to replenish their stock of water. Purdie was left in the boat, and while his two companions went inland to recover some stock stolen overnight by the aborigines, he put to sea in consequence of an attack by the aborigines. When his companions returned they signalled him, and he returned. Next day his companions went again inland, and returning at evening saw the boat a long distance at sea, and rapidly disappearing from sight. The two men left on the island subsisted for six days on crayfish till rescued by a New Guinea trader, which fortunately put in at Lizard Island for shelter. No trace could be found of Purdie, and it was thought that he was either drowned, or had, with rascally cruelty, forsaken his companions for some hidden motive. Add the fact that he was known to have 500 sovereigns with him, and here was plenty of incentive for rascals to work upon. A few days ago the Spitfire, while searching for the white woman reported to be amongst the blacks, touched at No. 3, Howick Group, and to the utter astonishment of the party found the modern Robinson Crusoe camped on the beach. His story showed that he had passed through some wonderful adventures and hairbreadth escapes. He said there was no design in leaving his companions unarmed, and without food, among the savages of Lizard Island. He could not help it. The boat drifted, and he was blown about here and there on the ocean for some days. He could not manage the boat nor steer. Eventually the frail craft ran on a sand bank not far from the mainland. With great difficulty and risk he managed to get provisions and water on to the island. The weather then became rough, and the boat was smashed, shutting out all hope of escape by that means. The appearance of the Spitfire was most acceptable. He had no provisions and no water, and there was no prospect of obtaining either one or the other on the island, as it is barren of vegetation and animal life. The Spitfire took Purdie on board and returned with him. He looks very thin, having had a most trying time, but is otherwise in good health.

A SINGULAR DEATH.

A Marseilles contemporary states that a soldier has died in the military hospital under the following singular circumstances:—He had been suffering for some weeks from severe attacks of headache, which totally incapacitated him from his duties, and eventually forced him to enter the hospital. Here the next morning he was found dead in his bed, and there being no assignable cause for his death a post-mortem was ordered. The results of the medical examination revealed the mystery. In the man's brain was found a thick tuft of hair, which science is of opinion had been there since his earliest childhood, and growing with his growth, had ultimately occasioned death. The young man's parents, on being questioned, stated that in his infancy he had received a violent blow on the head from the fall of a chimney ornament, and that after the bruise had healed the mother remarked that the hair on the injured spot had turned upwards, but thinking the matter of no importance, she paid no attention to it. Until within a few weeks of his decease, the young man had never complained of headache or other indisposition; but on the night previous to his admission to the hospital he spoke of a tickling sensation in the crown of his head, accompanied by acute pain in the same region. The faculty at Marseilles state that to find a case similar to the one which has been exciting their curiosity, it is necessary to go back 50 years, at which epoch a woman died under the same circumstances.

THE DEMON BOWLER.

"Vanity Fair" of 13th July has a capital full-length portrait of the "demon bowler," the name by which Mr. Spofforth is known in English cricketing circles. In its letterpress, "Vanity Fair" supplies the following information concerning the parentage of the "demon bowler":—"Born one-and-twenty years ago in Sydney, Mr. Spofforth is Australian by origin and breeding; yet, like all the better kind of Australians, he is not distinguishable from an English gentleman. He comes, indeed, of a good English family, being the son of the late Mr. Edward Spofforth, of Howden, Yorkshire, who some forty years ago distinguished himself by accompanying Captain, afterwards Sir George Grey on an expedition to rescue the survivors of an exploring party which had adventured into the interior. He subsequently married in New Zealand the daughter of Captain McDonnell one of the earliest settlers in that colony, established himself near Sydney, and in due course of time presented to his adopted colony the boy who has become known as the "Demon Bowler." Mr. Spofforth has been assisted to the trade of banking, which he is still learning, rather than practising, in the New South Wales Bank. The love of athletic pastimes, which has been imported from home by the Australian colonies only to be increased and improved upon, seized him at an early age, and from his school days up he has been known for his quick eye, true hand, and good judgment as a bowler. He is widely of excellent manners, modest, and diffident, and has become a favorite with all who have known him in England. One of his sisters married a brother of Lady Lytton, whose step-sons are considered by the Australian cricketers to be the finest batsmen they have encountered since their arrival in England."—"Argus."

It is reported in Canada that Lord Dufferin has made numerous notes in the course of his travels in the Dominion and in the States, and that a work based on these will appear after his return to England. Attempts are constantly made to persuade the public by those who sell and import deleterious concoctions of unwholesome liquor and some other ingredients, that these vile compounds are in no respect inferior, and are, in fact, similar to Udotho Wolfe's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps. Only those who have never used the genuine article are imposed upon.

THE LAW V. ART-UNIONS.

The following we take from the "Argus" Sandhurst correspondent under date of Monday last:—"The prosecution instituted by the Crown against Mr. Karl Van Damme and an employe named Thomas Healy, in connection with the sale of tickets in the Riverina Property at the City Police Court. Originally, it may be remembered, the complaint was laid against Mr. Van Damme, he being charged with having illegally sold tickets in various parts of the Riverina. Since the adjournment of the case last week, however, this charge was withdrawn, and fresh summonses were issued, in which the complaint was confined to the Property Distribution scheme mentioned. Mr. Van Damme was charged with having "assisted in managing a certain lottery called the Riverina Grand Distribution of Freehold Properties, by which prizes of lands and houses were to be drawn and competed for, the lottery not being a distribution or raffle exempted by the provisions of the 5th section of the Police Offences Amendment Statute 1872." Mr. Healy was charged with having sold to Sergeant Webb a ticket in the lottery there by contravening the provisions of the Act No. 532 and the 31st section of the Police Offences Amendment Statute 1865. Mr. Hughes appeared for the prosecution, and Pennefather for the defence. The former, in opening the case, said the Crown only desired to vindicate the law, and were prepared to withdraw the prosecutions if Mr. Van Damme would publicly state that he was not aware that he was breaking the law, and promise not to sell more tickets. The defendants were not present at this stage, but Mr. Pennefather declined to accept the proffered compromise. The case was then gone on with. Mr. Hughes explained the prohibitions of the law under which proceedings were taken in respect of lotteries, stating that a person establishing or being a party to a lottery, selling or disposing of tickets, or attempting to sell or dispose of them, as also a person managing or conducting, or assisting in managing or conducting a lottery, was liable to be dealt with under the Act. He drew the attention of the Bench to the wording of the section, and also to the fact that the drawing was to take place in another colony, upon which fact he believed the defence would rest, but the present proceedings were brought for the sale of tickets in an illegal scheme. He (Mr. Hughes) believed he would be able to clearly prove the case, and he would not press for heavy damages. The defendants entered the court whilst Mr. Hughes was addressing the Bench, and after having been informed of the offer made under the part of the Crown to withdraw the cases under the conditions stated, Mr. Van Damme said he had resigned all his agencies. He had not been aware that he had been violating the law, and would never have accepted the agencies if he had known they were illegal. He intended to have nothing further to do with them, and as for the particular art union in respect to which the action was brought, he could promise not to sell any more tickets in connection with it, for they had all been disposed of. Mr. Healy promised not to sell any more art union tickets, and the cases were then withdrawn.

GENERAL NEWS.

A meeting of the Suez Canal shareholders was held in Paris on 11th June and a report read from M. de Lessers showing that 1,633 vessels passed through the canal in 1877, an increase of 176 as compared with the previous year. The total receipts amounted to 39,000,000f., or 3,000,000f. more than 1876; and the net profit was 4,500,000f., of which there will be 3,195,000f. to be divided among the shareholders. Some of the denunciations (writes "Atticus" in the "Leader") are more successful than others in extracting the larger silver coins from the pockets of the faithful. A suburban congregation that ought to have known its duty better had backslid into threepenny-bits, and defaced and "holy" sixpences. A great church festival was at hand; a bishop was announced to preach; it was known there would be a large attendance. There was, and when the time for making the collection arrived, the bishop in his full canonicals went round himself and collected the offerings of his flock. There never was such a collection before or since in that church. Big silver, gold, and notes poured into the plate. The people who came, provided only with "church money" borrowed from their neighbors, and the result was a grand success. This might serve as a hint to church managers. When the last train from Sandhurst reached Rochester on Friday night there was a considerable number of persons on the platform, some of them waiting to go on to Echuca, and some of them anxious to meet relations and friends who were expected to be returning home. To the intense astonishment of both classes, it was discovered (states the "Riverina Herald") that there was not a single passenger carriage nor a guard's van attached to the train. The explanation of this, as it afterwards turned out, was that the driver had mistaken the signal at Elmore, and started before the passenger carriages were coupled to the goods and sheep trucks. The train was at once sent back to Elmore, and in about half an hour returned with the passengers who had been left behind. The delay this occasioned resulted in the train being an hour behind time when it reached Echuca. Tuesday's "Ararat Advertiser" states:—"Young girls cannot exercise too much caution in taking situations with people of whom they have little knowledge, and without the full concurrence of their friends. Last week the sergeant of police received intimation to make enquiries respecting a young girl from Ballarat, whose friends were anxious to learn of her whereabouts. They informed the police that the girl, they believed, had taken a situation with some woman either at Ararat or Horsham. Fearing that she had been entrapped for immoral purposes, enquiries were made at all likely places without any result. On Saturday, Sergeant Watson's attention was directed to a place in Barkly street, in close proximity to the police camp, which, it appears, has recently been rented by a person from Ballarat under an assumed name. Here the missing girl was found, and was forwarded to her friends yesterday morning."

The officials connected with the Melbourne and Hobson's Bay Railway are anxiously (says the "Age") awaiting the time when they will enjoy equal privileges with the other Government railway employes of occasional holidays. Many of the men who have been employed for upwards of twenty years have never had a week or a day's holiday during the whole time of their service.

The total quantity of dead meat imported into ports of the United Kingdom during 1876 was 1,167,530 cwt., the value being £2,923,184; whereas the quantity imported in 1877 was 1,581,420 cwt., of the value of £4,117,808.

Holloway's Pills, and Ointment.—During piercing winds and excessive variations of temperature everyone is more or less liable to internal and external disease. Throat, chest, liver, bowels, kidneys, and skin, all suffer in some degree, and may be relieved by rubbing in the Ointment, added by proper doses of the Pills, for administering which full directions accompany each box; in truth anyone who thoroughly masters Holloway's "instruction," will, in remedying disease, exchange the labor of an hour for the profit of a lifetime. All bronchial, pulmonary, and throat disorders require that the Ointment should be thoroughly well rubbed upon the skin twice a day with considerable briskness, great persistence, and regularity.

NOTE.—Why should I be without a PIANO or ORGAN, when I can get my choice of a splendid assortment, at FAR LESS than Melbourne prices, and pay for them by monthly instalments, or, if preferring a liberal discount, for cash at R. H. Sutton and Co.'s, new Pianoforte and Organ Warehouse, 31 Sturt-street, Ballarat. ESQUIRE THE FACT.—[Advt.]

GARDENING FOR SEPTEMBER.

This month the garden will be a constant source of attraction, what with shrubs making their spring growth and the many varieties of bulbs, and other blooming plants, successively coming into bloom at this season, forming varied subjects of interest, ever new. Some of the most prominent flowering plants of this month, and worthy of note, are Cantua Dependens, a beautiful showy plant at this season; Beckia nicotia, Thymomela Mitchellii, Diosma Ericoides, Adenandra uniflora, and Ceanothus paniculatus; the last-named is a very free-blooming shrub, and, if trained to a single stem, forms one of the most handsome shrubs in the garden. Boronia Megastigma is now blooming fine, and as a perfumed plant, no garden should be without it; its fragrance is truly delightful.

The work of planting out shrubs, etc., should be pushed forward without delay; all annuals of former sowings that are large enough may now be planted, and fresh sowings made, saving freely of the following:—Nemophila, Rhodanthes, Aquilegia, Silenes, Phlox Drummondii, Cinna, Aconitum, etc.; plant out from stock, bed Verbena Patens, and fill all vacancies in borders; woody plants of Verbena should be replaced with young healthy stock, which will be much more satisfactory in the blooming season. Plants of the showy striped and blotched Petunias should be put out, so that they may get established before the hot weather sets in when they are most showy plants of the season. Now is the best time to plant out all climbers; young plants put in now, and protected from frost, will thrive much better than those that were put in much earlier.

Roses in pots will require attention, such as breaking out unnecessary shoots, applying liquid manure if required, keeping off green fly, etc. Sow in the open border the variegated Japanese Maize, and the double sun-flower Helianthus, fl. pl. Anemones, Tulips, Hyacinths, and Ranunculus will be in bloom during the month; opportunity should be taken to mark the choicest sorts, so as to get rid of all inferior kinds. Borders that have been dug some time will now need hoeing at once, cleaning at the same time, and thinning out patches of annuals. Continue to hoe walks, hand-weed verges, etc.

THE ORCHARD.—Grafting should now be brought to a close as soon as possible. Apples and Pears that have not fairly pushed their shoots may yet be done early this month; grafts that were put on last month, where clay is cracking, should be re-covered. Vines may be grafted as soon as they begin to shoot; the most successful mode is what is termed cleft-grafting, and if done below the surface, and earthed up after the operation is performed, the chances of success will be much greater; this is the best plan to utilize an established but inferior variety. Vines done this way generally bear the second year. All kind of fruit trees should be thoroughly cleaned of aphid, red spider, scale, etc., this being the best season for doing it, before the buds break into leaf. Peaches that are infested with black aphid should be frequently syringed with soap and water, not too strong, or it will injure the young leaves; towards the end of the month disbudbing and breaking out of useless shoots should receive prompt attention. Strawberry beds should be cleaned and thoroughly mulched with some clean litter or tan, to prevent the fruit from getting dirty and thereby useless.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Hoe and thin out the following crops of Peas, Spinach, Carrots, Parsnips, Onions, etc. The planting of the main crop of potatoes should be finished early this month. The forcing of Sea-kale must still be attended to. Asparagus beds must be formed and put into order, as the shoots will begin to show early in the month. Peas of the large growing kinds may now be put in, such as Mel-an's Advance, Veitch's Perfection, Climax, Yorkshire Hero, Beck's Prize-taker, etc.; in French Beans a good sowing may be made of Early Yellow and Pale Dun, which are both hardy and good early dwarf varieties; sow also of the Zebra Runner, which requires to be sown and planted three feet between the rows; this is one of the most prolific beans grown, being of excellent flavor and good size. Cucumbers and Melons that are large enough may be planted on prepared ground, care being taken that they do not suffer from cold wet. A sowing may be made of Vegetable Marrow, Pumpkin, Squash, etc. Sow Lettuce in drills where they are intended to stand; plant out leeks, make fresh sowings of Mustard, Cress, and Radish, and keep up the linings of Cucumber beds which may be more freely supplied with air as the season advances.—"A. Australian Journal."

English Mail.

Table with columns: Day, Date, Time, Destination. Includes entries for Melbourne, Ararat, Hamilton, and Portland.

Victorian Railways.

Table with columns: Line, Direction, Station, Time. Lists routes between Melbourne and various regional centers.

F A R E S.

Table with columns: Destination, First-class, Second-class. Lists fares to various locations.

Zealand Post Office.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at, Mails close at. Lists shipping schedules for various ports.

The mails for Ararat, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Bunagar, and Traralgon are despatched twice daily.

Mails for Main Lead, Raglan, Charlton, and Waterloo are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sailor's Gully (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

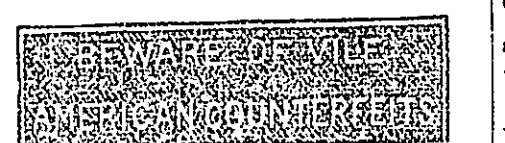
APPLICANT TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste; it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes healthy as a butterfly. It soothes the child, it softens the bowels, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1d. per bottle. Manufactured at 493 Oxford-street, London.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarse-ness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 1d. per box. People troubled with a "hacking cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as similar troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp and each box.—Manufactured by John J. Brown & Sons, Boston, United States. Depot, 493 Oxford-street, London.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hysterical, Tremulous, Indigestion, and Want of Power, &c., whose memory, Lassitude, and all the symptoms of debility are due to a permanent cure by the new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these ailments. Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne is some-times sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form of these solid particles of Phosphodyne are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

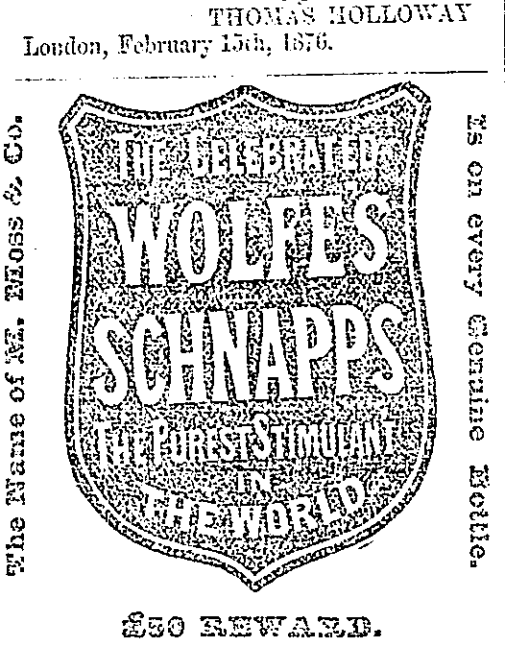
FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Prepared by Henry C. Gallup, 493 Oxford-street, London.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer" for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original color, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," prepared by Henry C. Gallup, 493 Oxford-street, London, and sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle.



Of Holloway's Pills and Ointment. I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Australasia to the fact that Messrs. Henry, Curran and Co., Wholesale Druggists, of New York, have Agencies in various parts, and that their Travellers are going all over the country vouching Spurious Imitations of my Pills and Ointment, which they make in New York, and which bear no resemblance to my Pills and Ointment. I must earnestly appeal to that sense of British justice, which I feel sure I may venture upon among you, my kind countrymen and countrywomen in their distant homes, to assist me, as far as may lay in their power, in denouncing this shameful American Fraud, by cautioning their friends lest they be duped into buying villainous compounds styled "Holloway's Pills and Ointment" with any New York label thereon.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London" printed thereon. On the label is the address, 533, Oxford-street, London, where alone they are manufactured. I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant, THOMAS HOLLOWAY, London, February 15th, 1876.



It having come to our knowledge that certain unprincipled persons in Melbourne and the interior of the colony are retailing under the name of Wolf's Schnapps a spurious adulterated article, we hereby GIVE NOTICE that in order to prevent a continuance of such practices, and TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC from IMPOSITION, we have initiated measures whereby a full exposure of such practices will be effected and made public, and further action will be taken with the view to PROSECUTE OFFENDERS under the Act of Parliament which inflicts a Fine or Imprisonment on such offenders. The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of offenders.

THE GENUINE WOLF'S SCHNAPPS IS NATURALLY MORE COSTLY THAN OTHER COMPOUNDS, WHICH THE GOVERNMENT ANALYTICAL CHEMIST OF N.S.W. HAS FOUND TO CONSIST OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPIRITS MIXED AND OTHERWISE MIXED. Hence the attempts of unscrupulous dealers to substitute them upon the unwary. We therefore the ASSISTANCE of the PUBLIC in carefully looking for our name on the top label of the wrapper of each bottle, and in rejecting all other kinds, no matter under what pretence they are offered.

Sole Agents for Australia and New Zealand: M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY. Holloways Ointment. Bad Legs, Bad Brains, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds. THERE is no medicinal preparation which has been so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body both locally and constitutionally. The Ointment rubbed about the part affected enters the pores as salt permeates meat. It quickly penetrates to the source of evil, and drives it from the system. Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Croup, Sore Throat, and Shortness of Breath. Relieved all congested throats elongated uvula, whooping cough, croup, croup wheezing from accumulated mucus, and other difficult cases of respiration also palpitation, stitches and shooting pains in the chest, which are cured by rubbing the healing Ointment over the chest and back for at least half an hour twice a day assisted by appropriate doses of Holloway's Pills.

This invaluable remedy has greater power over gout and rheumatism than any other preparation. None need remain in pain if its removal be set about it in good earnest, by using this infallible remedy according to the printed instructions alluded to each pot. All settled aches and pains are remediable in the same manner. Gout and Rheumatism. There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due cleansing with warm water. It acts by stimulating the absorbents to increased activity, by preventing congestion and promoting a free and rapid circulation in the parts affected, thereby speedily and effectually it cures a...

Pills, Fistulas, and Excortiations. The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted other applications, have been so countless and notorious throughout the world that any effort to give an adequate detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to know that the Ointment has never proved inefficient.

In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone, and Gravel. The Ointment is sovereign remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief. Whenever this Ointment has been used it has established its own worth, and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy in all disorders of the kidneys.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:—Bad Legs, Fistulas, Sore Throats, Bad Brains, Gout, Skin Diseases, Burns, Glandular Swell, Scalds, Chilblains, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Chapped Hands, Piles, Ulcers, Corns (Soft), Rheumatism, Wounds, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Sore Nipples, Stiff Limbs, Scalds. The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 533, Oxford-street, London; also by all the most respectable Vendors of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four lozenges; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce. Full printed directions are affixed to each Box and Pot, and are in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.

No family should be without these Pills. Their long tried efficacy in correcting disorders of the liver and stomach, stimulating the bowels, and purifying the blood, has secured for them an imperishable name. They are the most powerful and comfortable of all short continuance effects a complete cure. Invalids may look forward towards this refreshing and revivifying medicine with the certainty of obtaining relief.

How to Enjoy Life. It is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of expelling all impurities is to take Holloway's Pills, which have the power of cleansing the blood from all noxious matters, expelling all humors which tend to impoverish it, and thereby purify and invigorate and give general tone to the system. Young and old, robust or delicate, may alike experience their beneficial effects. Physicians admit that these Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of health by purifying and regulating the fluids, and strengthening the solids.

Our Mothers and Daughters.

The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and purest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages, and most precious at the turn of life, or when entering into womanhood.

Debilitated Constitutions—Bad Coughs.

In general debility, mental depression, and nervous exhaustion, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills. They soothe and strengthen the nerves and system generally, give tone to the stomach, elevate the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a total and most delightful recovery in his whole system. Thousands of persons have testified that, by their use alone, they have been restored to health after all other means have proved unsuccessful.

Indigestion and its Cure.

Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the bane of thousands, who pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these Pills according to the accompanying directions. They strengthen and invigorate every organ subservient to digestion, and effect a cure without debilitating or exhausting the system; on the contrary they support and conserve the vital principle by a complete purification of the blood.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in world for the following diseases:—

- Ague, Piles, Asthma, Rheumatism, Bilious Complaints, Retention of Urine, Itchiness on the Skin, Scalds, or King's Evil, Bowel Complaints, Sore Throats, Debility, Sore and Gravel, Dropsical Swellings, Secondary Sympoms, Female Irregularities, Tertian Fevers, of all kinds, Ulcers, Gout, Venereal Affections, Headache, Vertigo, or all kinds, Indigestion, Weakness from whatever cause, &c., &c., Lumbago.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 533, Oxford-street, London; also by all the most respectable Vendors of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four lozenges; and the smallest pot of Ointment one ounce. Full printed directions are affixed to each box and pot and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

Is there no hope? the sick man said;

"The silent doctor shook his head," "While there is life there's hope," he cried, "Zigzag, down, outside, out, away out."

DR. L. L. SMITH,

(The only legally-qualified medical man advertising)

On all affections of the Nervous System, (no matter how weak arising.) On all broken-down constitutions. On all diseases arising from early indigestions. On Gout. On Rheumatism.

IN these colonies, those excesses which have indulged in "hot youth" tell upon us with fearful interest. Our regrets are useless, our repentings futile. The sole idea should be the chances we possess of remedying the evils we already have, or combating the evils likely to result. Hide it as he may, put on as good an exterior as he can, still is the victim of his passions that he is a living lie, and that sooner or later his vices will discover him to the world. Our faith, our obligations to society at large, the welfare of our future offspring, and the duty we owe to ourselves, forbid procrastination, and point us out to us, not to wait till the ravages break out in our constitutions.

Before negotiating with a merchant, before engaging with a confidential clerk, before employing a solicitor, a careful man makes enquiries as to their standing, their length of occupancy or residence; and, in the case of a legal adviser, both as to his legal qualifications and as to his capabilities of transacting the individual business he is consulted upon. Strange to say, however, in the selection of a medical man, the sufferer frequently omits these necessary precautions, and without regard to fitness, qualification, experience, and ability for the particular ailment requiring treatment, he consults the nearest man, whose experience and practice, perhaps, lies in quite an opposite direction. In such a case, that so many are advised, and, arrived in health, and are bankrupt in spirits, hope and money! Have I not years pointed out to them that I, Dr. L. L. Smith, am the only legally qualified medical man advertising in the colonies? Have I not also presented, at my own expense, these very queries, and expressed the various nostrums they are selling—such as Phosphodyne, Essence of Life, &c.—and had them analysed and found them to consist of "Burnt Sugar and Favoring Matter," and the certificates I have procured to be all forged? It is for this reason that I step out of the ethics of the profession and advertise to give those who require the services of my branch an opportunity of knowing they can consult a legally qualified man, and one, moreover, who has made this his special study.

Dr. L. L. Smith is the only legally qualified medical man advertising, and he has been in Melbourne 24 years in full practice on

Nervous Diseases, Loss of Power and Debility, Syphilitic Diseases, Want of Condition, Gout and Rheumatism.

Dr. L. L. Smith can be consulted by letter.—Fee £1. Medicines forwarded to all the colonies.

Dr. L. L. Smith, 182 Collins Street East, (Late the Residence of the Governor), MELBOURNE.

Printed and published by HENRY BARNES for the proprietors, at the office, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, Victoria.

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 225.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1875.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence-street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

New subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for two shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

"The Weekly Times"
With which is incorporated the "Economist" and "Town and Country" Newspapers.

Enlarged to TWENTY PAGES or ONE HUNDRED WIDE COLUMNS.

PRICE THREEPENCE.
The Cheapest Weekly Paper in Australia.

Every Farmer should subscribe. It contains the latest and intelligible agricultural news; and special attention is paid to carefully-compiled market reports.

Every Gardener should subscribe. It is the gardener's chronicle, and no amateur should be without it.

Every Sportsman should subscribe. The turf pages are written by thoroughly competent writers. Cricket, Football, &c., will be fully reported.

Every Squatter should subscribe. The station information of the "Economist" now appears in "The Weekly Times."

Every household should be furnished with "The Weekly Times."

Agricultural, Horticultural, Mining, Political, Social, Sporting, Shipping, Commercial, and General News, will be found in "The Weekly Times."

Published by the late English author, the Perrybingle Papers; Tales and Stories, Cable Telegrams from Europe; International Telegrams; and all the Town and Country News.

Free TRIESTE in any Town, in Victoria, for one shilling per quarter.

Office—Collins-street, Melbourne.
Local Agent—H. P. HENNINGSEN

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
H P P'S COCOA,
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which saves many a heavy doctor's bill. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 4-lb. and 1-lb. packets and tins (not damaged in tins), labelled thus:—
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
48 Throgmorton-street, and 170, Piccadilly,
Works Euston Road and Camden Town, London.

Carriages & other Vehicles.
AT 181 KING-STREET.
CARRIAGE-BUILDERS
By special appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh.

Also to His Excellency Sir G. F. Bowen, K.G.M.G.
STEVENSON & ELLIOT
Invite inspection of
THE LARGEST STOCK
of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES & WAGGONS
IN THE COLONIES.
MANUFACTURE & SHOWROOMS,
177, 179, and 181 King-street,
MELBOURNE.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER,
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,
HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

A. T. THOMPSON,
WATCHMAKER,
MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT,
FEW DOORS FROM ROFF'S CORNER

A. T. T. can now supply Watches (new and second-hand) at prices which will defy competition.
All work sent by Mrs. Sanders, as agent, or by post, will receive best attention.

THE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINES.

ALL PERSONS desirous of seeing an illustration of the Wonderful Improvements which modern science is making in machinery are respectfully invited to inspect the LATEST, and by far the BEST SEWING MACHINE ever manufactured, viz.—

The Wertheim.
THE WERTHEIM is acknowledged the most Superior Machine ever introduced, and for beautiful and ingeniously simple contrivances certainly distances all competitors.

FOR which the undersigned can be confidently guaranteed to do all the works usually done by ordinary machines, and in addition several varieties impossible to be accomplished by ordinary machines.

ALL THE **Wertheim Machines** Have the **PATENT LOOSE WINDING WHEEL,**

Which, by the mere turn of a screw, becomes disconnected from the Machine, and revolving alone, allows the Operator to FILL the Bobbin while the Machine itself remains at rest.

EXTRA ACCESSORIES (including Adjustable Hemmer, Adjustable Binder, Sewing, &c., &c.) are supplied with each WERTHEIM, without any Extra Charge.

Illustrated Price Lists on Application. INSTRUCTIONS FREE.
PRICES FROM £4 10s.

EASY TERMS.
PETRUS DE BAERE,
AGENT,
BEAUFORT.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stockport Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Snider's Gully, Main Road, Haglan, Charlton, Watson, Burambun, Bunagar, Middle Creek, Shirley, Traralgon, Burrambeet, Learmonth, Strathgairn, Shipley, and Carriagah.

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,
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PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,
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CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,
SOURCES & DRAWING TICKETS,
MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c.,
PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE
AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence-street, Beaufort.

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The New Illustrated Weekly Newspaper,
PRINTED ON FINE TONED PAPER AND EN-
BELISHED WITH THE MOST HIGHLY
FINISHED ENGRAVINGS,
Combining Literary Excellence with Artistic Beauty

Copies on sale by
M. R. HENNINGSEN.

European Merchandise.
An English Firm, of good standing and long ex-
perience, exporting to all parts of the world
English and European Merchandise, of every description,
and Manufacturing in Twelve Departments of Birmingham, will execute Orders with care and despatch,
at lowest English prices. Direct Orders must be
accompanied with all or part cash. Orders through
London Agents cash, on delivery of Goods. Illustrated
Book sent on application: J. JOHN PELL, Globe
Works, Birmingham. Responsible Agents treated with
Foreign Produce sold on Commission.
An illustrated book can be seen at the "Riponshire
Advocate" Office.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."
TRIUMPH OF THE AGE
We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the
put of our "Rival of former years."
The Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence
of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is or...
with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the
"WHEELER AND WILSON"
Sewing Machine
Is far superior to the "Singer."
The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better.
The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last
a lifetime, and run for years without repair.
The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer.
The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of
order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away
and break. The Singer has heavy machinery to tire
and weary the feet, as the Singer.
The W. and W. is more simple in action.
The W. and W. has less wear and tear.
The W. and W. is better finished.
The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superior-
ity of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in
the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted
one challenge to have the machines publicly
tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to
give entire satisfaction.
LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler
and Wilson's Machines.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
Instruction Given Gratis.

P. De BAERE,
WATCHMAKER,
Sole Agent for Beaufort.

MELBOURNE AGENTS
FOR THE
RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE
MESSRS. GORDON & GUTCH
85 COLLINS STREET WEST.

ALTERATIONS IN SEWING MACHINES.

EXTENSIVE BUILDING ADDITIONS
Being now in full progress at

A. CRAWFORD'S
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET.

Necessitates the
CONDENSATION OF THE DEPARTMENTS,
And
STILL GREATER AND MORE DECIDED
REDUCTIONS

On all goods on hand, rather than risk having them
destroyed or injured by fire and dust,
and to have the satisfaction of opening the new
premises with an entirely new stock. The
present Dress Room will be pulled down, and
will, when the alterations are completed, form
part of one of the grandest show-rooms in the
Australian colonies. In the meantime EXTRA-
ORDINARY BARGAINS will be given in Silks
and Dress Stuffs, the only aim being to convert
the stock into cash. Fancy Dress Stuffs, Satin
Cloths, Black Laces, Russell Corsets, Wool
Poplins, Costume Serges, Silks, Irish Poplins,
French Merinos, Serge, Silks, Irish Poplins,
Towellings, Shirtings, Flannels, Piques, Quilts,
Flourcloths, Matting, &c., etc., will be reduced to
prices which will form irresistible attractions,
and should keep crowds of eager customers
constantly at the counters.

In consequence of the Blanket Fixtures being
required to fit up the temporary Dress Room,
immense BARGAINS will be given in White
and Colored Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes,
Flourcloths, Table Covers, Carpets,
Windcloths, Matting, &c., etc.

The present opportunity being of such a
monetary advantage to heads of families, hotel-
keepers, and parties furnishing, it should not
be lost sight of, as it is seldom so favourable a
chance occurs.

BEAUFORT AGENT:
JOHN B. HUMPHREYS.

BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY
(Limited).
Incorporated under the Companies' Statute, 1875.

CAPITAL, £200,000 STERLING.
Registered Offices.—Late the Oriental Bank Corporation
Premises.—Lyford Street.

Directors:
R. F. Hudson, Esq., M.D., Chairman.
R. B. Gibbs, Esq., J.P.
William Cameron, Esq., J.P.
A. Anderson, Esq., J.P.
J. P. Fenning, Esq., J.P.

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AUDITORS:
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VALUER FOR BEAUFORT DISTRICT:
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transacts every description of banking business suited
to the requirements of local constituents, including that
of CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

The Directors invite application from Settlers, landed
Proprietors, Farmers, and others, requiring advances
on freehold property, or to complete purchases of land
from the Government or private parties either now
or for a term of years. Principal and interest
can be made payable at convenient dates to the borrowers,
as may be agreed upon.

Cash Credits opened on the security of freehold prop-
erty, and on the security of a system passed great
advantage and convenience to business. Particulars as
to terms of loans, and any other information can be
had on application to the local valuer, or at the head
Office.

I. & J. ROFF,
TAILORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT EAST.

OUR NEW GOODS FOR THE WINTER SEASON
are now open, and contain a carefully selected
stock of all the latest patterns in Colonial, Belgian,
Baugeois, and West of England Tweeds and
Coatings, made to measure, by the best workmen,
and by no means therefore unduly recommended. We
desire also to state that notwithstanding the depression
in this district, and the consequent keen competition
in the trade, we are in a position to offer to our
customers all the advantages which cash, skill, and
a life's experience in the tailoring trade can secure. Our
Prices will necessarily be the lowest possible in the
trade.

TWEED SUITS, AS USUAL, TO MEASURE,
£2 10s.

OUR READY MADE GOODS
are now nearly equal to bespoke and comprise every
description of ready-made clothing, and are made
by ourselves, especially for this district. A good
fit and style always obtainable.

Judicial Blue, Grosgrain, and Diagonal Coats, war-
ranted to measure, and in great variety.
Frock, Beaufort, and Patent Coats, plain and fancy.
Very Handsome Patterns in Men's Trousers and
Vests.

Boys' Trousers and Vests, in great variety.
Boys' suits, in all sizes and varied materials.
White shirts, broad and narrow plaits, all sizes and
prices.
Hats—Tyrolean, Oxford, Prince of Wales, West
Country, and all the latest styles.
Crucian Shirts, Boys' Hats and Caps, Scarfs, Collars,
Ties, &c.

In Melbourne, and all other Working Men's Clothing
and Underclothing, we keep the right class of goods at
the right price.

I. & J. ROFF,
Corner of Havelock-street and Main Road

SANDERS AND SONS
EUCALYPTUS EXTRACT.
UNDER the distinguished patronage of His
Majesty the King of Italy at Rome, ac-
cording to communication received from the
Consul-General for Italy, at Melbourne, upon
the instructions from the Minister for Foreign
Affairs, dated 14th March, 1875.

Dr. Crikshank, Health Officer for the City of
Sandhurst, the discoverer of the medicinal
properties of the Extract of the Eucalyptus
Gloulus, has pronounced the extract to be the
most reliable remedy for all external inflamma-
tion of whatever kind, inflammation of the
chest, and lungs, all throat affections (bronchitis,
diphtheria), all pains of rheumatic nature, neural-
gia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds
of all kinds, and of most serious nature, all dis-
orders of the bowels, diarrhoea, etc., &c.

The extract is proved as the surest cure for
inside throat affections (to be applied by means
of a feather), and the best diaphoretic and pre-
ventive of contagion in scarlet or typhoid fever—
more reliable than quinine in cases of intermit-
tent fever.

For reports of effected cures, where medicinal
aid was of no avail, see our Saturday's advertise-
ments in the Melbourne "Age."
To be had of all Chemists.

CAUTION.
The genuine article is made up in vials, bearing
on the labels our trademark and signature. Other
preparations of the gum (turpentine) are most
dangerous in consequence of their nature, for the
most of the diseases our Extract is recommended
for, therefore ask for Sanders and Sons' Extract
in vials with our label, trademark and signature
thereon. Every vial is accompanied by directions
for use, and reports of cures.

A. CRAWFORD,
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY

Capital—£2,000,000 sterling,
The only English Assurance Company registered
under the "Life Assurance Companies' Act, 1873," as
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First Risks at reduced rates. Life Rates, the lowest
with safety. All Colonial Funds are invested in
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Form of proposal and all information may be obtained
from **JOSEPH BRUCE,**
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AUSTRALIA FELIX INSURANCE COMPANY
(Limited).
FIRE, MARINE, and GUARANTEE.
Registered Capital, £200,000.
Subscribed Capital, £100,000.
Office—99 Collins street west, Melbourne.

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This Company is prepared to accept Risks at the
Lowest Current Rates of Premium.

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Prices will necessarily be the lowest possible in the
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Frock, Beaufort, and Patent Coats, plain and fancy.
Very Handsome Patterns in Men's Trousers and
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Boys' Trousers and Vests, in great variety.
Boys' suits, in all sizes and varied materials.
White shirts, broad and narrow plaits, all sizes and
prices.
Hats—Tyrolean, Oxford, Prince of Wales, West
Country, and all the latest styles.
Crucian Shirts, Boys' Hats and Caps, Scarfs, Collars,
Ties, &c.

In Melbourne, and all other Working Men's Clothing
and Underclothing, we keep the right class of goods at
the right price.

I. & J. ROFF,
Corner of Havelock-street and Main Road

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animal vitality is falling, Phosphorus is decidedly
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DEBRIGHT'S
PHOSPHODYNE
THE NEW CHEMICAL AGENT, AND ONLY RELIABLE
Remedy for Nervous and Liver Complaints.

This Phosphoric combination is pronounced by the
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the most valuable of all the known therapeutic agents
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Nervous Prostration Shortness of Breath
Liver Complaints Trembling of the hands and
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Dizziness Impaired Nutrition
Noises in the Head and Ears Mental and Physical De-
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Consumption (in its first
stages only)
Hypochondria Timidity
Female Complaints Eruptions of the Skin
General Debility Impaired Sight and Memory
Flatulence Nervous Fancies
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Business Nervous Debility in all its
Stages
Lassitude Premature Decline
And all morbid conditions of the system arising from
whatever cause. The action of the Phosphodyne is
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COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a good general supply of produce brought into the market on Tuesday. We quote the following:—Wheat, 4s. 11d. to 5s. 3d.; barley, 4s. 9d. to 4s. 10d.; flour, L10 5s. to L12 5s.;...

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There is no change worthy of note either in breadstuffs or feeding grains. For wheat 4s. 6d. is still the ruling figure, and L10 5s. to L10 10s. is quoted for flour, with a hardening tendency, attributable to the greatly increased export trade. In dairy produce there is no alteration. Onions are particularly scarce, being hardly obtainable at 3s. The following are the quotations:—Wheat, 4s. 6d.; oats, 5s. to 5s. 2d.;...

BALLARAT LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. HEDDERLY, LEONARD, and ROWE report the following business:—Fat cattle—40 bullocks (light weights) for Mr. T. McGrath, Ellerslie, to L7. Fat sheep—105 for Mr. Albert Bucknall, Rodborough Vale, crossed bred wethers from 14s. 10d. to 27s.;...

GEELONG STATION PRODUCE MARKET.

Messrs. GEORGE SYMOND and CO. report the following sales:—Sheepskins.—We offered about 3000 skins to a numerous attendance of local and metropolitan buyers. Competition was exceedingly brisk, and we were enabled to clear all out at prices fully equal to last week's. We sold:—Best butchers' merino skins from 54d. to 68d. each; medium, from 52d. to 62d.;...

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Abbott, J. T.; Agnew, A.; Adamthwaite, J.; Blackmore, P.; Boyd, L.; Baldwin, W.; Berry, John; Ballantine, W.; Collins, E.; Crasswell, Miss; Cerf, E.; Cameron, John; Ellis, Thos.; Gore, J.; Inghold, H.; King, Mr.; Lynch, J.; Lines, P.; Lytle, J.; McIntosh, Miss; McDonald, John; McMillan, E.; Malbaecker, C.; McIntosh, R.; McDougall, Miss; Notnagel, Jacob; Pryke, E. Mrs.; Pryke, Charles; Topper, G.; Thelby, J.; Turner, Mr. THOMAS LEWIS, Postmaster. Beaufort, September 20th, 1878.

Death.

WILSON.—On the 17th September, at his residence, Neill street, Beaufort, Thomas Wilson, butcher, aged forty-three years.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1878.

Many of our readers will read with regret the following telegram which we received from East Chilton yesterday evening:—Mrs. H. BARNES, while on riding at Mount Wyllepho on Wednesday last, was thrown from her horse, breaking her leg and slightly disfiguring her face.

Particulars relating to the following stud horses will be found in our advertising columns:—Sir Charles, King of Clubs, Se-rang, Leo, Surprise, and Gairbaki.

The hon. secretary of the Beaufort Juvenile Fife and Drum Band wishes to acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of £1 on behalf of the land fund from Mr. Alex. Wilson, Mount East.

In consequence of the success which attended the first issue of 50,000 shares in the Colonial Mutual Insurance Company, it has been decided by the directors to make a second issue. Particulars will be found in our advertising columns.

At the police court on Thursday when the case of the Traunt Officer v. Sarah Owens was called on the unfortunate woman Owens commenced a tirade of abuse against the traunt officer and Sergeant Woods, and made such a wild statement when asked why she did not send her children to school, that it was too evident the poor creature is a fit subject for a lunatic asylum, and some steps should be taken to have her taken care of, as she is undoubtedly not fit to remain alone with her two daughters. In answer to the question why she did not send her children to school she stated that they had been outraged, and went on with a deal of conversation unfit for publication, seemingly laboring under the delusion that there were numbers of spirits working against her, and contemplating her destruction. This is a case in which something should be done at once, as there is no saying what deed she may commit in her madness, and then it will be regretted that something was not done in the matter. We are informed that she and her two little daughters are often in a state of semi-starvation from the want of proper food, and although food has been offered her she will not accept of any, nor allow her children to do so. Surely this is a case which commands itself to the attention of the charitable individual.

The correspondent for the North Riding School Board of Advice has received intimation from the department that the necessary furniture for the teachers' room at the Beaufort State school will be forwarded, and the address in the school yard is to be cleared away, after the inspector has reported thereon. It is our painful duty to have to record the death of Mr. Thos. Wilson, butcher, of this town, which took place at his residence, Neill street, on Tuesday evening last, at the early age of forty-three, after a lingering illness, extending over a period of seven months. The deceased was highly respected by all who knew him for his quiet and unassuming manner, which was testified to by the large number of persons who followed his remains to their resting-place, the Beaufort Cemetery, on Thursday. He leaves a widow and six young children to mourn his loss. The Rev. Mr. Arnold read the Church of England burial service at the grave in a very impressive manner. Attention is directed to Messrs. Wother-spoon Bros. and Co.'s announcement of the arrival of shipments of seasonal goods which appears in our advertising columns. The Telegraph Company have decided on removing the plant now erected on the Market Square to the Young Duke site, and have commenced pumping the water out of the shaft, so as to enable them to draw the shaft. The prospect obtained must be very good, when it is considered that the men have at least three months' work before them, to say nothing of the enormous expense they are going to incur. The company sinking on the Ding Dour lead were unable to batton their shaft owing to the quantity of water they had to contend with, and have commenced sinking another shaft higher up on the reef.

The juvenile cricketers of Beaufort are commencing operations for the coming season. They have marked out a new piece of playing ground between the railway line and the show yards, and made a good wicket. They will open the season to-day with a scratch match. The woman Smith, arraigned for the murder of her son at West Melbourne, has been acquitted. The Minister of Lands (says the "Argus"), was applied to on Tuesday, on behalf of certain sawmill owners, to establish regulation granting an area of four square miles to each mill, and restricting the number of splitters in these areas. Mr. Longmore considered that the second request was for the purpose of preventing railway contractors from starting small mills, and declined to ask that the other matters, he stated that the deputation should present their case in writing, and he would give it careful consideration.

Thursday's "Argus" says:—"The continuous break has been out of order for some time past, has been overshooting stations, and otherwise been behaving itself badly. The explanation given by Mr. Woods is, that the break has been tampered with. A self-acting valve has been stuffed first with cinders and afterwards with fragments of wood, and consequently has not worked, and on attempting to apply the break the drivers have found it useless. Mr. Woods emptied a tin of cinders on the table of the House, and said they had been taken out of the valve. The apparatus could easily be thrown out of gear in that way. "That shows the disadvantage of that way," said Mr. McIntyre. "No," said Mr. Woods, "it shows the disadvantage of Mr. Woods' tampering with it." The Minister added that a watch had been set, and inquiries were being made, and it was hoped the culprits would be detected. The circumstance has little to do with the question raised by McIntyre, but the production of the cinders was a melodramatic point which told upon Mr. Woods' auditors.

A monster concert was given by a number of singing associations in the gardens of the Tuileries in Paris on Sunday afternoon, July 7. The performers numbered 24,000, comprising French, Belgian, Dutch, and Swiss musicians. The origin of the name "Bendigo" has time after time led to much controversy. Now, the origin of the name is thus accounted for. A few old residents are yet in existence who will remember that station near the country, now forming the Sandhurst district. On this question (says the "Independent") we have been shown an extract from a letter received by Dr. Pounds from Mr. Grice, which should put the matter at rest for ever. Mr. Grice writes:—"Tell your friends who want to know the origin of Bendigo, that it was named by Tom Myers, Heap and Grice's overseer, in 1841. Tom himself was a bit of a dab with his fists, and a great admirer of the boxer Bendigo; hence the name." From "Tom Myers" these well-known localities, Myers' Platand Myers' Creek take their names.

A Californian paper describes a variety of wheat grown in Oregon in glowing terms, and if the account is not too highly colored, we should lose no time in importing it to Australia. The wheat of Taos grows from three to four feet high, and is rust proof. The berry is very large, measuring on an average half an inch in length, and weighs about four pounds heavier to the bushel than the common wheat. The average crop is from 70 to 100 bushels to the acre. We have information from several respectable and credible gentlemen that there has been an instance within their own knowledge of a farmer receiving 120 bushels to the acre, and the next year, from a spontaneous growth upon the same ground, he received 61 bushels. To many it will appear impossible that one acre of ground should produce that quantity of wheat, and hence to them the above statement will appear incredible; but as we have reliable and satisfactory proof we do not in the least doubt its entire correctness. The flour made from this wheat is not surpassed by the best made from white wheat.

Further evidence is accumulating (says the "Argus") of the unpopularity of Mr. Longmore's interference with the borrowing powers of selectors. At the meeting of the Echuca Chamber of Commerce on Monday, Mr. Shackel moved the following resolution:—"That this chamber representing (as it does) the commercial interest of this and surrounding district, deem it most expedient that the hon. the Minister of Lands be made aware of the great injury that is being caused to the trade and commerce of this district by the regulations of the Lands department, whereby Crown lessees under the 20th section of the Land Act 1869 are compelled to obtain the sanction of the Governor in Council before they can either mortgage or transfer their leases; or before they are permitted to pay up the balance of rent, in order to enable them to convert their leaseholds into freeholds, and to request that the hon. the Minister of Lands do cause the said regulations to be revoked." Mr. Shackel remarked (says the "Advertiser") that there would be no difficulty in raising £500 in the district to test the legality of the regulations. The motion was carried.

The "Ararat Advertiser" says:—"If we are correctly informed, a singular fatality has marked the career of three young men who came to Australia together about six months ago. The first of them met his death at the hands of the Queensland blacks, another was killed in a mine at Ballarat, and the third met with a similar fate on Saturday last, in the Big Hill claim at Stawell. The latter, Michael McParland, is said to be a nephew of Sergeant McParland, formerly in charge of the police station at Ararat.

The "Colo Reform" says:—"The Government advertisements have been withdrawn from this journal, but they duly appear in another column gratuitously for the convenience of our readers. We do not particularly mind the temporary loss if so petty a piece of spite can please the Ministry and their friends; and we have no doubt but that Government advertisements will appear in the "Reformer" long after it ceases to be in Mr. Berry's power to hinder or to forward them."

A "Ballarat Star" correspondent writes:—"Some amusement was caused at the Church of England tea meeting at Smythesdale on Tuesday evening, by the Rev. Mr. Herbert, a returned missionary from China, who kept the audience in countenance by narrating that China was a great place for convicts, and the method pursued by the inhabitants of the Flowerly Land to prevent these animals from braying was to tie a brick to their tails! He did not state, however, if the method was an efficacious one. If so, its introduction into Parliament-house would be beneficial."

The weather during the past week has been delightful, and the crops, grass, and orchards are already evidencing the good effects of the seasonable weather. The latter in and around Beaufort now present a splendid appearance, all the trees being laden with blossom, and should the frosts not be severe we may expect a plentiful supply of fruit. The grain crops, as a rule, are looking healthy, and free from all such deleterious agents as rust, smut, &c., and no destructive weeds have as yet put in an appearance. Altogether the country is looking well, and promises a good harvest.

BEAUFORT POLICE COURT.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19TH.

(Before H. J. Alley, Esq., P.M.)

Ah Moon was charged with stealing a cradle, the property of Seymour Baker, on the 24th July last. Prisoner pleaded not guilty. The complainant deposed to having found the cradle in the accused's possession, and also swore to the identity of the property stolen. The accused stated that he made the cradle himself, and could tell the exact dimensions of the stolen property. His worship sentenced the prisoner to one month's imprisonment.

David Vaughan and William Steele were brought up charged with uttering a base coin. Mr. Gaunt appeared for Steele, and stated that the coin was merely a whit marker, and did not in any way resemble a sovereign, and hence asked that his client should be discharged. His worship held the point to be fatal, and discharged both prisoner. Sergeant Woods intimated that the accused would again be brought up on a charge of attempting to impose by tendering such coin.

Shire of Ripon v. Peter Gallagher, 17s. 6d.—Order for amount, and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. Chum Pow, 12s.—Order for amount, and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. John Phillips, 10s. 6d.—Order for amount, and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. James Cleeland, 15s. Settled.

Same v. E. A. Thomson, 18s. 6d.—Order for amount, and 2s. 6d. costs.

John Roycroft v. Ah Long.—Mr. Gaunt for defendant. This was a case in which the complainant sought to recover L3 damages, said to be caused by the defendant damaging a certain waterhole through allowing sludge to run into it, and also damaging a paddock, the property of complainant, situated in Jonathan's Gully. Mr. Gaunt, in defence, stated that no willful damage had been meant, as the sludge followed the natural course of the creek, and hence asked that the case be dismissed. Dismissed, with L1 10s. costs against complainant.

Truant officer v. Sarah Owens.—The defendant made an awfully wild statement, and showed unmistakable signs of insanity, and hence the case was dismissed.

Same v. William Grant.—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. P. Ballantyne.—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs, to be paid within a week.

Same v. E. Thomas.—Fined 5s. and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. G. Halpin.—Dismissed.

Same v. Thomas Caulfield.—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. D. Mulcahy.—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. R. Granger.—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. William Guy.—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs.

Same v. Martin Fitzpatrick (two cases)—Fined 2s. in each case.

Same v. John McDougall (two cases)—Fined 5s., and 2s. 6d. costs in each case.

The court then adjourned.

WATERLOO.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

I see by your last week's issue that Mr. Jackson's tonic sol fa class rendered some very nice music to the late concert. I paid the other night to hear the class here, and I think they are making very good headway. Of course the Beaufort class has the advantage, because they practice two nights in the week, while the Waterloo class only practices one. But I think if they will only stick to it, under the able tuition of Mr. Jackson, we shall soon have a good choir here in a very short time. I have always been under the impression that there was the makings of a good choir here, and now I am fully convinced of it.

I believe that the Hobart Pasha Company have put down two bores on their claim, one on the reef, and the other on the wash, from which they obtained a very nice prospect. The next, I believe, is to be the shaft and plant, which is to be started very shortly.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

The following mining lease has been declared void:—No. 863, dated 30th April, 1878; G. P. Sinclair; 104a. 2r. 25p; Waterloo flat. The issue of new licenses to the following applicants has been approved:—Parish of Beaufort—Samuel Baldwin, John Griggs, H. H. Jackson, Valentine Notnagel, and John Notnagel. Parish of Raglan—John Bell, Peter Dossay, Bryan Galloway, William McFarlane. Parish of Tiawalla—Malcolm Boyd, Francis Ellis, and Robert Geerson. Parish of Langi-Kal-Kal—Bernard McKay.

The following applications under the 20th section of the Land Act 1869 have been approved:—John Pope, Parish of Buangor; Thomas Jess and Allan Wilkinson, parish of Raglan.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Whenever the weather is variable, and the temperature constantly changing, the weak and delicate need be very careful to repel the first symptoms of disordered action or ill-health. The serofulous remedy the means of finding these noble remedies which originate and prolong their sufferings. The Ointment should be rubbed twice a day over the skin, as far as possible to the part affected. It will penetrate and act most wholesomely and energetically on the diseased structures. It manifests a wonderful power in removing all taints from the blood, and consequently in curing a multitude of chronic ailments which seemed to be almost irremediable.

The intercolonial sailing race in Sydney between Laycock and Messenger resulted in the former winning by half-a-dozen lengths. The "Geelong Advertiser" states that the railway line from Warrenteele to Gordons has been commenced. An "Argus" telegram, dated Thursday, says:—"James Evans, a prisoner working a gang of 17 on the Ballarat-road, effected his escape yesterday afternoon. He is a young man about 20 years of age. He was convicted at Kilmore of housebreaking, and had 13 months to serve. He was seen near the Great Western making his way through the bush towards Stawell, the warders and police being on his track."

DOINGS IN GENERAL.

By "SPLITTER."

I would draw the attention of the police to the pranks carried on by a lot of young scamps, as soon as they are liberated from school, who, by way of amusement, endanger the life of a poor inoffensive Chinaman, who is trying to keep body and soul together by fossicking on the Yam Holes, near the school. One evening this last week it was a shameful sight to see some half-dozen of these juvenile larrikins stoning poor John, and keeping him in constant dread, as if one of the stones intended for his head had hit his mark John would have been a fit patient for some hospital. The names of each of these young scamps is known to me, and if I see them at the same game again I shall undoubtedly publish their names. If this scene had only occurred once or twice, I would have taken no notice of it, but when it takes place every evening for a week I think it is time it was stopped. I have heard some people say, "Why don't the master of the school chastise them?" What rubbish this is. It is not the master's duty to punish his pupils for misdeemeanors perpetrated outside the school yard, or outside of school hours. The parents are the proper persons to mete out the punishment so richly deserved by these boys.

I hear that the engine erected on the Market Square site is to be shifted. Why don't they give the ground a fair trial before they shift it? The chances of a good payable claim are just as good at the Market Square site as where the plant is to be shifted to. Everything is in position, the shaft good, and all ready to go to work. Why not all hands go to work with the plant where it is, and test the ground before removing the engine, etc. Some hundreds of pounds were spent in placing the machinery where it now is, and just as all the dirty work was done, the spec was abandoned. Nothing was proved, except that there was gold there, but whether it was payable or not was never ascertained. It does seem a foolishly undertaking to transfer a valuable plant of this description from a certain site to another, months of hard work are before the men engaged in the work before they can expect a return of any sort, and then it is only a lottery as to whether they ever get paid for their labor.

Their bell has been christened "The Hero of Beaufort." What inventive genius suggested this name? I have been puzzling my wits all this week to try and find out where it applies, but alas, I have not been successful. I suppose I must put it down to my dullness of intellect, but, hang me, if I can see how the name is at all applicable to a fire bell. My old woman says they ought to have christened the tower too while they were about it. As a name for the bell I suggested the "rescue-bell," but Mrs. S. says that is hardly expressive enough, as after the firemen are roused up, it would require another bell to put them out of bed. I told her it was rather cruel on her part to say such a thing about our firemen, but she doesn't seem to see it. But "What's in a name?" There's another thing Mrs. S. is not satisfied about, and that is that the bell should have been christened with cold tea. How she came to discover this was by mere accident. One of the young splitters was standing under the tower when the bottle was broken, and some drops of its contents happened to fall on her white dress, and on examining the stains Mrs. S. pronounced these stains to be caused by drops of fat falling thereon, hence she came to the conclusion that the bell was christened with holloway's Peppor, or some other choice brand, and not Ciqnot at all. It's of no use me expressing my opinion on the subject to her, as I would only get laughed at for my trouble. If any one doubts the above statement call at the Chateau de Splitter will satisfy their curiosity.

There are two classes of persons of whom I have a particular dislike, and undoubtedly many of my readers resemble me in this respect, and these are an eavesdropper, and one who employs his or her time in manufacturing scandal and energetically circulating it to the detriment of their neighbors or fellow-townsmen. A very bad specimen of the latter type lives and has his being on Beaufort. To describe this monster with any degree of accuracy is a task I do not profess to be able to undertake, but I will do my best. A dwarfish individual, who seems as if some trouble were weighing on his mind (and I don't doubt but what such is the case), who has a decidedly happy knack of prying on the cupboards of other people for his meals, and has been known to walk a distance of five miles each way with the prospect of a cheap dinner. He is always to be seen prowling about indulging in his nefarious practice of spreading unfounded scandal, with his hands thrust deep into his pockets, and with a sickly smile he will accost you, and then nabobism his newly-laid batch of scandal. During the past week it has pleased this insignificant nobody to spread a report to the effect that a respectable miner's daughter has been tampered with by a Chinese. The report has not the slightest atom of truth in it, nor can it be imagined where the instigator of it caught up the idea. This elfin scoundrel has picked a certain Beaufort tradesman's place of business as a suitable place wherein to circulate his lies, and the sooner this tradesman kicks him out the better for him and his business. This report he has spread industriously, and, as I said before, there is not a particle of truth in it. What does such a wretch deserve? If the father of the girl so scandalized were to tar and feather him, and then apply a burning ironbrand I could not blame him. I have not mentioned any names, but I feel it would only be just if I did so, and for the present I shall content myself with the remark that the description I have given of the ruffian will find him, and that he will be hunted off the township.

MELBOURNE. FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT. Thursday Evening. The second line of rails on the Ballarat and Geelong line of railway seems to be done, as it is, I suppose, well known it has been long a moot question in the railway department as to whether a second line of rails is required on the road in question, and whether or not it would be advisable to take one set up and utilise them for the heavy traffic on the Gippsland line. The result of a deputation from Ballarat and Geelong on the subject to

the Minister of Railways seems to have somewhat settled the question. Mr. Woods pointed out to the deputationists—first, that a single line of rails would be able to carry three times the present traffic on the line; secondly, that the rails, being eighty-pound ones, are wanted for the Gippsland line; and, thirdly, he refused to give an assurance that the second would not be taken up. So, putting all this together, it is not difficult to understand what the minister intends to do.

The debate that took place last night in the House in reference to the money that had been expended in the Government workshops in introducing the "Woods continuous brake" on to the Government lines could not have been totally without satisfaction to the inventor. Mr. Gaunson and Mr. McIntyre, as might have been expected, were rough enough to suit the roughness of the matter, and in all probability the view of the matter enunciated by Mr. Service will be the one generally adopted, except by opponents of the Minister of the road order. Mr. Service stated that Mr. Woods had done what was, in all probability, a very good thing, but in a wrong way. Mr. Berry not only defended his colleague, but highly complimented him on his success in his introduction of reforms and improvements in the management of the railways, and progress having been reported at 12 o'clock without anything definite in the matter having been arrived at, the chances are that so far as Parliament is concerned we have heard the last of the matter.

Some time since three pictures possessing a world-wide reputation were brought to this country for exhibition. The pictures referred to were by the late John Martin, and the subjects were "The Plains of Heaven," "The Last Judgement," and "The great day of His Wrath." These pictures, I am given to understand, were left by the artist for the benefit of his children. The artist has been dead some years, but the family still retain possession of them, considerable sums having, it is stated, been netted by exhibiting them in various parts of the world. For some time past they have been on show at an establishment in Collins street, the admission fee having been one shilling. Taking the subjects of the pictures into consideration, I felt some doubts as to the soundness of the investment, and the result was I did not pay the Collins street establishment a visit. But on Saturday afternoon I strolled into the National Gallery, and to my surprise I found Martin's three pictures hung in the first room; and, on inquiry, I found that they had been lent to the trustees before their final removal from the country. The first of the three that I took a look at was "The Plains of Heaven." I recollect on a previous occasion, when criticising a work of art in this journal, using the expression that "pictures are adelectors;" but it must be remembered that bad pictures, like bad persons and bad school teachers, only what I suppose may be termed educate backwards. After a superficial glance of a few minutes at "The Plains of Heaven," the question occurred as to the standpoint from which these pictures are to be criticised. Is it to be from a theological standpoint? Well, if so, let us see what the result will be. The *tout ensemble* of the picture is exceedingly pretty; there are beautiful sylvan glades and grassy knolls, with crowds of pretty girls playing harps. In the centre of the picture is a delightful bright blue lake, upon flat gondolas and barges of exquisite design, and loaded with what I suppose is intended to be regarded as an anglic freight. These pretty vessels are gaily decorated with flags. Beyond the lake, in the far distance, is a city displaying grand architectural design, and from whence I suppose the pretty girls with the harps and the folks on the lake have emerged on a sort of holiday trip. Well, all this, you see, seems to agree that in Mr. Martin's theological Heaven there must be musical instrument makers, boat-builders and shipwrights, flag weavers, architects and builders of cities, stonemasons and laborers, and perhaps keen competition in the way of tenders for contracts; and when these trades are not busy, indirection meetings by means of the unemployed; and why not for if in Mr. Martin's Heaven there are harps, gondolas, flags, and beautiful buildings, it necessarily follows that there must of course be the producers of them. Now, this does not exactly fit my notions of the great unknown state to which we are all rapidly and surely drifting, and consequently from a theological standpoint I must regard Mr. Martin's "Plains of Heaven" not only as a failure, but as the most outrageous absurdity that it has ever been my fate to look upon; and if, in common with others, it is intended as an educator, the sooner it is put behind the fire the better; and as this is my idea of the picture from a theological standpoint, I decline to criticise it from any other. Let it not be supposed for a single minute that the foregoing is written in any other spirit than that of serious earnestness. Happily the onward march of rationalism, steered by the light of science and education, is fast carrying us clear of the old materialistic notion of Heaven, and it is rapidly becoming buried in the same tombs as the fire, brimstone, and pitchfork of that other place not usually mentioned in polite society. The next picture, namely, "The Last Judgement," may be dismissed in company with "The Plains of Heaven," with the additional condemnation of presenting in some of the central figures of the picture the vilest abortions of the human form that it is almost possible to conceive. "The Great Day of His Wrath" is certainly the picture, the easiest to be tolerated of the three, and from the improved character of the drawing of the figures, the probability is that it was the latest one printed. It is certainly a grand specimen of coloring, and represents the earth breaking up into chaos, apparently by some appalling and tremendous volcanic eruption. This picture must excite a sensation of profound awe in the minds of the most insensible; but I could not help proclaiming to myself whilst gazing at the three pictures together, "The nature of the subject matter of these works has, doubtless, for a good purpose, been hid from our knowledge by an all-wise creator." And then the question occurred— "Does it not savour of presumption, bordering on profanity, to portray such stupendous subjects in a picture at all?" The subjects being so completely out of the range and power of the human mind to grasp in any way. These three pictures must have been the work of three years of the artist's life, and a worse than woful waste of time it has been.

MINNIE WARREN'S DEATH.

The following is from a San Francisco paper: Minnie Warren, the youngest, brightest, and prettiest of Mr. Barrum's seven, died in Middleboro, Mass. in childhood. She was the youngest of a family of eight children, all of whom, except herself and her sister Lavinia, now Mrs. Tom Thumb, were of ordinary size. When Minnie was eleven years of age she joined the Tom Thumb troupe, and for fifteen years she travelled almost continually, visiting nearly all the civilized parts of the globe. She was 40 inches in height, and never attained a weight to exceed forty-five pounds, being considerably shorter than and more slender than Mrs. Thumb. She was twenty-seven years of age at the time of her death. To a pretty face she added pleasant disposition and winning ways. And she became the favorite of Mr. Barrum as well as of the public. When Tom Thumb was married to Lavinia Warren, the general opinion was that Commodore Nutt would take Minnie for his bride, but the little Commodore had set his affections on Lavinia, and his little heart was lighted when General Thumb won her from him. "Never mind, Commodore," the jovial Barrum said, "Minnie Warren is a better match for you. She is younger than you are, while Lavinia is several years older." "Thank you, sir," the Commodore said stily, "I would not marry the best woman living. I do not believe in women anyway." Time renewed Commodore Nutt's grief, and he partly renounced his attentions to Miss Minnie. But, after his disappointment in love, it is said he became a fast young man, and Minnie, like a wise young lady, discouraged his addresses. A few years ago Barrum found another Lilliputian, Major Newell, who was christened General Grant, jun., and added to the Tom Thumb combination. The Major was bright and intelligent, and he and Minnie became great friends. About a year ago they were married, and they lived happily together with General Thumb and wife in Middleboro. Their last tour together was in the Western States, from which they recently returned. Mrs. Newell is described as looking forward to maternity with great anticipations of happiness, and no misgivings. Her husband, however, had gloomy forebodings, and expressed the greatest solicitude. Her death was a shock to her family. The child died at birth. It weighed five pounds and ten ounces. Four hours later the mother died from exhaustion. Mrs. Newell's death caused deep sorrow in Middleboro, where she and her sister were most loved. A gentleman who was with Mr. Barrum for several years says Major and Mrs. Newell were the smallest wedded pair that ever lived. One smaller couple is mentioned by Marco Polo in his travels in Tartary. They were each twenty-five years of age, and 12 and 11 inches in height respectively. They married by order of the Khan, and their fourth son was 6ft 2in in height. There are some doubts as to the correctness of Polo's figures. General Tom Thumb and wife have grown corpulent in the last few years, and do not appear so diminutive as in their younger days. The General has been wealthy, but lived extravagantly, and spent a fortune in yachting and other sports, and possesses only a moderate competency. He is forty-one years of age.

ATROCITIES IN THE PACIFIC.

The German barque John Cesar has returned to Sydney from a cruise to the South Sea Islands, and brings news of the massacre of five Wesleyan teachers, the following account of which is given in the "Sydney Evening News":—About Easter five of the Rev. George Brown's teachers, named respectively Levi, Silas, Timothy, Ben, and another, who were stationed at Malakoa, New Britain, and who were friendly with the coast tribes, incautiously ventured inland some ten miles. The bush natives, who are hostile to the coast natives, surrounded the teachers and attacked them with spears and clubs, killing the whole party, who were unarmed, and therefore perfectly defenceless. The poor fellows were quickly despatched, and their remains cooked and eaten at a native feast, and amid the most barbarous ceremonies. The news of the horrible affair soon spread to the adjacent stations, on the Duke of York Island, where Mr. Brown resides. Two days after the event an expedition was formed to avenge the death of the teachers, who were Fijians, and by the joint action of Mr. Brown's party and the friendly coast natives a strong force was organized and a movement made against the offenders. They arrived at the village where the massacre took place, and routed a large body of natives. After the first skirmish, however, the natives showed fight with spears, arrows, and slingshots. Bush fighting and skirmishing continued throughout the day. The friendly natives and teachers had the advantage of a great many muskets, besides bows and arrows, and they think they gave it the enemy "pretty hot." The number killed and wounded was estimated at between 50 and 150. From a most authentic source we learn that one of those killed was a Fijian clergyman of long and faithful service in the missionary cause, and his death is very much regretted by the teachers and natives. Mr. Brown and his party destroyed the native village, and the hostilities ceased, when the bush natives caved in, and were glad to make terms at any price. Mr. Brown estimates the killed at called fifty and eighty men. At an island called Muea, one of the Duke of York group, one of Godfrey's traders named Schessler was attacked by natives, one of their spears piercing a buttock; but he escaped uninjured, and organized a party to fight the offenders, and after pursuing them for some days, three or four of them were killed. Frank Curran who left Sydney in the John Cesar, was one day out coasting with natives of Muea Island, and was not afterwards seen. The natives reported that the boat capsized, and Curran was drowned; but afterwards it was reported that the unfortunate man had been taken on shore, murdered, and then thrown into the sea. Fever and ague have been very prevalent in the group, and the sufferings of the Europeans have been very great. Mr. Anderson, one of the Godfrey's traders, died from the disease on the John Cesar while at New Britain. A naturalist, named Ebner, died on the Island of Muea from the same disease.

Large quantities of compressed hay are about to be sent out from England to Cyprus.

FATAL BOAT ACCIDENT IN HOBSON'S BAY.

A most melancholy case of drowning occurred on Sunday afternoon in Hobson's Bay, under circumstances painful in the extreme. About mid-day Mr. Emerson, solicitor, accompanied by Mr. Davis, a gentleman engaged in the office of Messrs. Wisewould and Gibbs, solicitors, left Sandridge in the yacht Egerton, which belonged to Mr. Emerson. They intended to go for a short sail round the Bay, and after getting away from the moorings, proceeded down as far as the lightship off Williamstown. There they dropped anchor, and threw out some lines for the purpose of fishing. After waiting a while without catching anything, Mr. Emerson expressed his desire to return home; but as his companion wished to have a short cruise, they ran down again in the vicinity of the lightship, they made a tack for St. Kilda. Mr. Davis went forward to attend to one of the sails, and Mr. Emerson remained at the helm. While the boat was rounding the head, the boat was suddenly, and was latter gentleman, turning round, and was horrified at seeing his friend disappearing over the side. It seemed as if he had either slipped, or tripped against a rope, and fallen into the water. Mr. Emerson at once threw an oar for the unfortunate man to catch at, but he either did not see it, or had completely lost all presence of mind. He could do nothing but struggle purposelessly in the water, uttering during the while despairing cries of "Oh Emerson! Emerson!" He was apparently unable to swim, and Mr. Emerson at once endeavored to bring the boat, which had sped a few yards away, near enough to lift the drowning man out of the water on board. With that view he had to turn his head round again, but, before he could do this, the unfortunate man disappeared suddenly beneath the surface, and was seen no more. Shocked by such a sad termination to the day's outing, Mr. Emerson sailed again and again over the place where his companion had sunk, but could find no further traces of him, and he was at last reluctantly compelled to give the search up as hopeless, and return to report the melancholy circumstance. The deceased gentleman, Mr. Davis, was only thirty-five years of age, and has left a wife and one child. "Telegraph."

GENERAL NEWS.

Sadler's Wells theatre was put up for sale at the auction mart, Tokenhouse-yard, on July 30th, by order of the Court of Chancery. For a little time no bids were forthcoming, but some one having offered £500 that was doubled by another bid, and on £2,000 being reached, and no likelihood of any advance on that sum being obtained, the auctioneer declared the theatre "not sold."

There was discovered 14 years ago on a hill at Montpensier Rion (the Paris correspondent of "The Times" states) a gold ring believed to have belonged to the Black Prince. It weighs 13 grammes, is set with a ruby, is inscribed *Sigillum secretum*, and has a Latin device round the circle. A woman, a rag-collector, discovered it, and alleged that the mayor gave her 40s. on account, promising to divide the proceeds between her and the Commune. The Mayor having sold it in 1876 for 8,600l. Baron Jerome Pichon, she claimed half the price, but the tribunal consulted her, holding that she sold the ring for the 40s.

It is now claimed that through the instrumentality of paper of one of the most puzzling problems connected with iron ships has been solved. Before the Serapis started on her last voyage to India, her bottom was coated with paper by means of a peculiar sort of cement, the invention of Captain Warren. So far as it has gone, the experiment seems to have been completely successful. In addition to her trip to India and back, the vessel had lain in harbor for two months, which, as all naval men know, tries antiseptic compositions much more severely than ocean sailing. But on being docked it was found that the paper had afforded perfect protection from marine incrustations, except in those few parts where it was rubbed off.

This being the twenty-fifth year of Mr. Spurgeon's ministry, it is proposed to present him with £5,000 as a testimonial. Mr. Spurgeon has expressed his desire that the whole of the amount raised should be devoted to the purposes of his congregation, and especially to the providing a permanent maintenance for the aged inmates of the almshouses in connection with the Metropolitan Tabernacle.

From time to time (says the "Age") glowing accounts are given of the prosperity of New South Wales, and injurious comparisons are made by the Conservative journals between the state of the working man in Victoria and that of his fellows in the sister colony. The following extract from a private letter from New South Wales, quoted in the "Gippsland Mercury," gives the other side of the question:—"Work is fearfully scarce over here; scores of men are looking for employment, and will work for almost any wage."

There are about 100 persons (says the "Age") still in arrears with their land tax, and the Government are about to issue writs in all cases. If the amounts are not at once settled, the defaulters will be amerced in costs—which, in some instances, will exceed the amount of the tax due.

An accident (says the "Pleasant Creek News") which terminated fatally happened on Saturday afternoon at that portion of the Big Hill Company's lease which is being worked on tribute by Messrs. Polgreen and party. The victim is a young man, named Michael M'Parland, a nephew of the landlord of the Quartz Miners' hotel, Main street. Deceased was working, with six others, in the drive during the day-shift. One of them observed M'Parland to be lying doubled up as though injured. The accident society's ambulance was procured as soon as possible, and M'Parland was conveyed thereon to his uncle's residence, where he lingered for two hours before death relieved him of his sufferings. Deceased was a young man, about twenty-two years of age, and had only been employed in the work of mining for about a week.

Wednesday's "Ballarat Star" says—"I is not probable that in future white camellias will be worn by young gentlemen at promenade concerts. Not many weeks ago about two dozen young men received anonymous notes in a lady's handwriting, imploring each to wear a white camellia at the next Academy of Music concert, where he would be addressed by the writer of the note. Many hearts were fluttered, wardrobes were turned over, and the hairdressers and the florist interviewed, and at the concert the display of white camellias by chaste young men was a startling one. Many a lady turned to gaze and blushed at the ardent look shot in her direction by the youth at whose purple and fine linen she had directed the glance of wonderment. The sequel is a tale of woe of young men in tight boots walked round and round the hall until their feet were quivering masses of pain, and the gay smiles which their features wore when they entered the hall were exchanged for gloomy frowns, as in each camellia-wearer they discerned a possible rival. When the last song had been sung, the dread conviction had flashed across each that he had been 'sold,' faded camellias in numbers shot into the gutter outside, and under a certain joker keeps his success a greater secret than heretofore, more than one of the twenty-four will make matters lively for him."

His Excellency the Governor, we ("Argus") understand, has communicated to Ministers that his departure from the colony will take place in January next.

GARDENING FOR SEPTEMBER.

This month the garden will be a constant source of attraction, what with shrubs making their spring growth and the many varieties of bulbs, and other blooming plants, successively coming into bloom at this season, forming varied subjects of interest, ever new. Some of the most prominent flowering plants of this month, and worthy of note, are *Cantua Dependens*, a beautiful showy plant at this season; *Beckia plicata*, *Thrypomonema Mitchellii*, *Diosma Ericoides*, *Azandra uniflora*, and *Cianthus pubescens*; the last-named is a very free-blooming shrub, and, if trained to a single stem, forms one of the most handsome shrubs in the garden. *Boronia Megastigma* is now blooming fine, and as a perfumed plant, no garden should be without it; its fragrance is truly delightful.

The work of planting out shrubs, etc., should be pushed forward without delay; all annuals of former sowing that are large enough may now be planted, and fresh sowings made, sowing freely of the following:—*Nemophilas*, *Rhodanthes*, *Aquilegia*, *Silenes*, *Phlox Drummondii*, *Cinivas*, *Acerolimus*, etc.; plant out from stock, *bel Verbenas Petunias*, and other soft-woody plants where wanted, and fill all vacancies in borders; woody plants of all varieties should be replaced with young healthy stock, which will be much more satisfactory in the blooming season. Plants of the showy striped and blotched *Petunias* should be put out, so that they may get established before the hot weather sets in when they are most showy plants of the season. Now is the best time to plant out all cuttings; young plants put in now, and protected from frost, will thrive much better than those that were put in much earlier.

Roses in pots will require attention, such as breaking out unnecessary shoots, applying liquid manure if required, keeping off green fly, etc. Scw in the open border the variegated *Japanese Maize*, and the double sun-flower *Helianthus*, fl. pl. *Anemones*, *Tulips*, *Hyacinths*, and *Ranunculus* will be in bloom during the month; opportunity should be taken to mark the choicest sorts, so as to get rid of all inferior kinds. Borders that have been dug some time will now need hoeing at once, cleaning at the same time, and thinning out patches of annuals. Continue to hoe walks, lawn-wood verges, etc.

THE ORCHARD.—Grafting should now be brought to a close as soon as possible. Apples and Peas that have not fairly pushed their shoots may yet be done early this month; grafts that were put on last month, where clay is cracking, should be re-covered. Vines may be grafted as soon as they begin to shoot; the most successful mode is what is termed cleft-grafting, and if done below the surface, and earthed up after the operation is performed, the chances of success will be much greater; this is the best plan to utilize an established but inferior variety. Vines done this way generally bear the second year. All kind of fruit trees should be thoroughly cleaned of aphid, red spider, scale, etc., this being the best season for doing it, before the buds break into leaf. Peaches that are infested with black aphid should be frequently syringed with soap and water, not too strong, or it will injure the young leaves; towards the end of the month budding and breaking out of useless shoots should receive prompt attention. Strawberry beds should be cleaned and thoroughly mulched with some clean litter or tan, to prevent the fruit from getting dirty and thereby useless.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Hoe and thin out the following crops of Peas, Spinach, Carrots, Parsnips, Onions, etc. The planting of the main crop of potatoes should be finished early this month. The forcing of *Saukalo* must still be attended to. *Asparagus* beds must be formed and put into order, as the shoots will begin to show early in the month. Peas of the large growing kinds may now be put in, such as *McLean's Advance*, *Violet's Perfection*, *Cinivas*, *Yorkshire Hero*, *Beck's Pricemaker*, etc.; in French Beans a good sowing may be made of *Early Yellow* and *Pale Dan*, which are both hairy and good early dwarf varieties; so also of the *Zebra Runner*, which requires to be staked and planted three feet between the rows; this is one of the most prolific beans grown, being of excellent flavour and good size. Cucumbers and Melons that are large enough may be planted on prepared ground, care being taken that they do not suffer from cold or wet. A sowing may be made of *Vegetable Marrow*, *Pumpkin*, *Squash*, etc. *Sea Lettuce* in drills where they are intended to stand; plant out leeks, make fresh sowings of *Mustard*, *Cress*, and *Radish*, and keep up the linings of *Cucumber* beds which may be more freely supplied with air as the season advances.—"Australian Journal."

English Mail.

Table with columns: Day, Time, Destination. Includes Melbourne, Sydney, Perth, etc.

Victorian Railways.

TIME TABLE.

Table with columns: From Melbourne, To, Time. Lists routes to Sydney, Perth, and other Victorian cities.

FARES.

Table with columns: Destination, First-class, Second-class. Lists fares to various locations.

Beaufort Post Office.

TIME TABLE, 1878.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at, Mails depart at. Lists mail schedules for Beaufort.

The mails for Ararat, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Bunger, and Traralgon are despatched twice daily.

Mails for Shirley, and Erambeen are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Mails for Main Lead, Raglan, Cherriton, and Waterloo are despatched three times a week—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sailor's Gully (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the pain from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 11d. per bottle. Manufactured at 493 Oxford-street, London.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarse-ness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 11d. per box. People troubled with a "hacking cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as similar troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box.—Manufactured by John I. Brown & Sons, Boston, United States. Depot, 493 Oxford-street, London.

OXYGEN IN LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphorus.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphorus (Oxygen Phosphorus), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures all distressing maladies. Solicit all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. See. CAUTION.—Phosphorus is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges, which should be generally known that every form where solid particles of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

FLORINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.

A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Prepared by Henry C. Gallup, 493 Oxford-street, London.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling out, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer." For it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," prepared by Henry C. Gallup, 493 Oxford-street, London, and sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle.

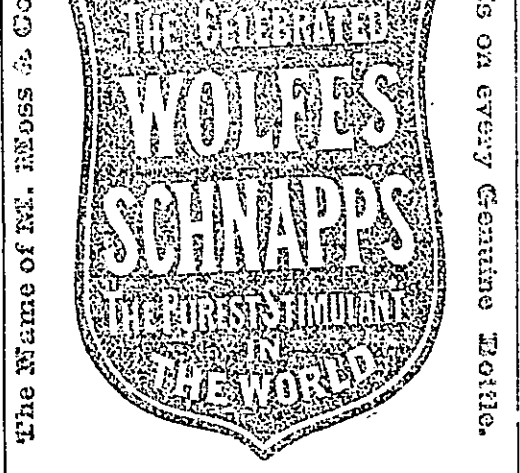
HOLLOWAYS PILLS.

Of Holloway's Pills and Ointment. I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Australasia to the fact that Messrs. Henry, Curran and Co., Wholesale Druggists, of New York, have Agencies in various parts, and that their Travellers are all over the country vending Spurious Imitations of my Pills and Ointment, which they make in New York, and which bear the name of "Holloway's Pills and Ointment" whilst on other labels of this trashy stuff it is omitted, the better to deceive you, but the words "New York" are retained. Much of this filthy stuff is sold in the Auction Rooms of Sydney and elsewhere, and readily finds its way into the back settlements. These are vile frauds, as I do not allow my Medicines even to be sold in any part of the United States; they are only made by me at 533, Oxford-street, London.

The same people are circulating a report that my business is about to be formed into a Company, which is entirely false. I most earnestly appeal to that sense of British justice, which I feel sure I may venture upon asking from my kind countrymen and countrywomen in their distant homes, to assist me, as far as may lay in their power, in denouncing this shameful American Fraud, by cautioning their friends lest they be duped into buying villainous counterfeits of "Holloway's Pills and Ointment" with any New York label thereon.

Beau Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines here the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London" engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533, Oxford-street, London, where alone they are Manufactured.

Signed THOMAS HOLLOWAY London, February 15th, 1876.



£50 REWARD.

If having come to our knowledge that certain unprincipled persons in Melbourne and the interior of the colony are retailing under the name of Wolff's Schnapps a spurious adulterated article.

We hereby GIVE NOTICE that in order to prevent a continuance of such proceedings, and TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC FROM IMPOSITION,

we have initiated measures whereby a full exposure of such practices will be effected and made public, and further action will be taken with the view to PROSECUTE OFFENDERS under the Act of Parliament which inflicts a Fine or Imprisonment for such offences.

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of offenders.

THE GENUINE WOLFF'S SCHNAPPS Is naturally more costly than other compounds, which the GOVERNMENT ANALYTICAL CHEMIST of N.S.W. has found to consist of "various kinds of Spirits, adulterated and otherwise mixed."

Hence the attempts of unprincipled dealers to substitute them upon the unwary.

We claim the ASSISTANCE of the PUBLIC In carefully looking for our name on the top label of the wrapper of each bottle, and in rejecting all other kinds, no matter under what pretence they are offered.

Sole Agents for Australia and New Zealand: M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

Holloways Ointment.

Had Legs, Bad Breasts, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds.

There is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon as "Holloway's Ointment" for the cure of all the above ailments. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body both locally and constitutionally. The Ointment rubs into the part affected, causes the pores to open, and it quickly penetrates to the source of evil, and drives it from the system.

There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be rubbed over the affected parts after their de-fomentation with warm water. It acts by stimulating the absorbents to increased activity, by preventing congestion and promoting a free and copious circulation in the parts affected, thence speedily and effectually it cures a...

Piles, Fistulas, and Echariations.

The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted other applications, have been so countless and notorious throughout the world that my effort to give an adequate detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to know that the Ointment has never proved inefficient.

In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone, and Gravel.

The Ointment is a sovereign remedy for the best rubbed twice a day into any language, over the region of the kidneys, into which it gradually penetrates, and in almost every case give immediate relief. Whenever this Ointment has been used it has established its own worth, and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy in all disorders of the kidneys.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:—

Table with columns: Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, etc., and corresponding treatments like Echariations, Gout, Glandular Swell, etc.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 533, Oxford-street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicine throughout the Civilized World, in boxes and pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each Box and Pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

How to Enjoy Life.

It is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of expelling all impurities is to take Holloway's Pills, which have the power of cleansing the blood from all noxious matters, expelling all humors which it is not possible to, and thereby purify and invigorate and give general tone to the system.

Our Mothers and Daughters.

The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably cured without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and purest medicine for all diseases connected with the stomach, nerves and system generally, give tone to the stomach, excite the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a full and most delightful circulation in his whole system.

Debilitated Constitutions—Bad Coughs.

In general debility, mental depression, and nervous depression, there is no medicine which operates so quick a cure as these famous Pills. They soothe and strengthen the nerves and system generally, give tone to the stomach, excite the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a full and most delightful circulation in his whole system.

Indigestion and Its Cure.

Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the base of all those ailments which pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these Pills according to the accompanying directions. They strengthen and invigorate every organ subservient to digestion, and exert a cure without debilitating or exhausting the system; on the contrary they support and conserve the vital principle by a complete purification of the blood.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Table with columns: Ague, Anemia, Asthma, etc., and corresponding ailments like Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, etc.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 533, Oxford-street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicine throughout the Civilized World, in boxes and pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen, and the smallest pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each box and pot and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

Is there no hope? the sick man said.

"The silent doctor shook his head. "While there is life there is hope, he cried."

DR. L. L. SMITH.

(The only legally-qualified medical man advertising)

On all affections of the Nervous System, (no matter what cause arising).

On all broken-down constitutions.

On all diseases arising from early indiscretions.

On Gout.

On Rheumatism.

On these colonies, those excesses which we have indulged in "hot youth" tell upon us with fearful interest.

Our regrets are useless, our repentings futile. The only idea should be the changes we possess of remedying the ills we already have, or counteracting the effects likely to result. Hide it as he may, put on as good an exterior as he can, and let the victim continue that he is living to the world. Our faith, our obligations to society at large, the welfare of our fellow-creatures, and the duty we owe to ourselves, forbid procrastination, and point out to us, not to wait till the ravages wreak out in our constitutions.

Before negotiating with a merchant, before engaging a confidential clerk; before employing a barrister, or a legal adviser, both as to his legal qualifications and as to his capabilities of transacting the individual business he consults him upon. Strange to say, however, in the selection of a medical man, the sufferer frequently omits these necessary precautions, and without regard to fitness, qualification, experience, and ability for the particular ailment requiring treatment, he consults the nearest man, whose experience and practice, perhaps, lies quite in the opposite direction.

Let us caution that so many unprincipled men, perjured in health, and are bankrupt in spirits, hope and money! Have I not before pointed out to them that I, Dr. L. L. Smith, am the only legally qualified medical man advertising in the colonies? and have I not also pointed out, at my own expense, these very quacks, and exposed the various nostrums they are selling, such as Phosphorus, Essence of "McLean's Advance," and had them analyzed and found them to consist of "Burnt Sugar and flavoring matter," and the certificates I have provided to be all genuine. It is for this reason that I step out of the ethics of the profession and advertise to those who require the services of my branch an opportunity of knowing they can consult a legally qualified man, and one, moreover, who has made this his special study.

Dr. L. L. Smith is the only legally qualified medical man advertising, and he has been in Melbourne 24 years in full practice on.

Loss of Power and Debility, Syphilitic Diseases, Want of Condition, Gout and Rheumatism.

Dr. L. L. SMITH can be consulted by letter.—Fee £1. Medicines forwarded to all the colonies.

Dr. L. L. SMITH, 182 Collins Street East, (Late the Residence of the Governor), MELBOURNE.

Printed and published by HENRY BAUNES for the proprietors, at the office, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, Victoria.

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 226.]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1878.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence-street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove efficient, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

New subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding sixpence, will be inserted for two shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Inserted advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per line for the first two insertions, and two shillings per line for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

"The Weekly Times"
With which is incorporated the "Economist" and "Terra and Country" Newspapers.

Enlarged to TWENTY PAGES or ONE HUNDRED WIDE COLUMNS.
PRICE THREEPENCE.
The Cheapest Weekly Paper in Australia.

EVERY Farmer should subscribe. It contains reliable and intelligible agricultural news; and special attention is paid to carefully-compiled market reports.

Every Gardener should subscribe. It is the gardener's chronicle, and no amateur can afford to be without it.

Every Sportsman should subscribe. The turf pages are written by thoroughly competent writers. Cricket, Football, &c., will be fully reported.

Every Quaker should subscribe. The station information of the "Economist" now appears in "The Weekly Times."

Every household should be furnished with "The Weekly Times."

Agricultural, Horticultural, Mining, Political, Social, Sporting, Shipping, Commercial and General News, will be found in "The Weekly Times."

Novels by the best English authors; the Perrybangle Papers; Tales and Sketches; Cable Telegrams from Europe; International Telegrams; and all the Town and Country News.

Price THREEPENCE in any Town in Victoria Per post, 3s. 6d. per quarter.
Office—Collins-street, Melbourne.
Local Agent—H. P. HENNINGSEN

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EPPS'S COCOA,
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many a heavy doctor's bill. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in 3-lb. and 1-lb. packets and tins not damaged in transit, labelled thus:—
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
40 Thredneedle street, and 170, Piccadilly,
Works Easton Road and Capoen Town,
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Carriages & other Vehicles.
AT 181 KING-STREET.

CARRIAGE-BUILDERS
By special appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh.

Also to
His Excellency Sir G. F. Bowen, K.G.C.M.G.
STEVENSON & ELLIOT
Invite inspection of
THE LARGEST STOCK
of
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES & WAGGONS
IN THE COLONIES.

MANUFACTURE & SHOWROOMS,
177, 179, and 181 King-street,
MELBOURNE.

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BOOKSELLER,
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,
HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

A. T. THOMPSON,
WATCHMAKER,
MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT,
FEW DOORS FROM ROFF'S CORNER

A. T. T. can now supply Watches (new and second-hand) at prices which will defy competition.

All work sent by Mrs. Sands, as agent, or by post, will receive best attention.

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ALL PERSONS desirous of seeing an illustration of the Wonderful Improvements which modern science is making in machinery are respectfully invited to inspect the LATEST, and by far the BEST SEWING MACHINE ever manufactured, viz.—
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THE WERTHEIM is acknowledged the most Superior Machine ever introduced, and for beautiful and ingeniously simple contrivances certainly distances all competitors.

FOR which the undersigned is AGENT, can be confidently guaranteed to do all the works usually done by ordinary machines, and in addition several varieties impossible to be accomplished by ordinary machines.

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PATENT LOOSE WINDING WHEEL,

Which, by the mere turn of a screw, becomes disconnected from the Machine, and revolving alone, allows the Operator to Fill the Bobbin while the Machine itself remains at rest.

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EASY TERMS.
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The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stockyard Hill, Lake Colonsmith, Sailor's Gully, Main Road, Bagin, Charlton, Waterloo, Eymouth, Bunzard, Middle Creek, Shiber, Praxilla, Barrumbier, Leamouth, Streamlin, Skips, and Carraghan.

EVERY Gardener should subscribe. It is the gardener's chronicle, and no amateur can afford to be without it.

Every Sportsman should subscribe. The turf pages are written by thoroughly competent writers. Cricket, Football, &c., will be fully reported.

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Every household should be furnished with "The Weekly Times."

Agricultural, Horticultural, Mining, Political, Social, Sporting, Shipping, Commercial and General News, will be found in "The Weekly Times."

Novels by the best English authors; the Perrybangle Papers; Tales and Sketches; Cable Telegrams from Europe; International Telegrams; and all the Town and Country News.

Price THREEPENCE in any Town in Victoria Per post, 3s. 6d. per quarter.
Office—Collins-street, Melbourne.
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EPPS'S COCOA,
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many a heavy doctor's bill. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

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HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
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Works Easton Road and Capoen Town,
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By special appointment to H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh.

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FEW DOORS FROM ROFF'S CORNER

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The Wertheim.

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Wertheim Machines
PATENT LOOSE WINDING WHEEL,

Which, by the mere turn of a screw, becomes disconnected from the Machine, and revolving alone, allows the Operator to Fill the Bobbin while the Machine itself remains at rest.

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INSTRUCTIONS FREE.
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EXTENSIVE BUILDING ADDITIONS
Being now in full progress at

A. CRAWFORD'S
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET,

Necessitates the

CONDENSATION of the DEPARTMENTS,
And

STILL GREATER and MORE DECIDED
REDUCTIONS

On all goods on hand, rather than risk having them destroyed or injured by lime and dust, and to have the satisfaction of opening the new premises with an entirely new stock. The present Dress Room will be pulled down, and will, when the alterations are completed, form part of one of the grandest show-rooms in the Australian colonies. In the meantime EXTRA-ORDINARY BARGAINS will be given in Silks and Dress Stuffs, the only aim being to convert the stock into cash. Fancy Dress Stuffs, Satin Cloths, Black Lustres, Russel Cord, Wool Poplins, Costume Serges, Silks, Irish Poplins, French Merinos, &c., &c., will be reduced to prices which will form irresistible attractions, and should keep crowds of eager customers constantly at the counters.

In consequence of the Blanket Fixtures being required to fit up the temporary Dress Room, immense BARGAINS will be given in White and Colored Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Window Curtains, Table Covers, Carpets, Floorcloths, Matting, &c., &c.

The present opportunity being of such a monetary advantage to heads of families, hotelkeepers, and parties entertaining, it should not be lost sight of, as it is seldom so favourable a chance occurs.

IN MANCHESTER GOODS

Great bargains will be given during the alterations. Prints, Calicos, Table Linen, Shootings, Towellings, Shirtings, Flannels, Piques, Quiltings, Cottons, Hessians, Brown Hollands, &c., &c., will be sold at and under cost price.

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Ladies will find most tempting inducements presented throughout the whole department; and part of the Spring Goods being already forward, they will be cleared out with other portions of the stock, irrespective of value or newness, at the reduced prices. Hats and millinery bonnets at one-third the regular price.

Military Trimmings and Ornaments, in bewildering variety, at half the original cost. Ladies' and Infants' Underclothing, of all descriptions, at and under cost price. Thousands of pairs of Stays, slightly soiled, and all at job prices.

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Having become such an important branch of the trade, the new rooms will be supplied with nothing but the newest goods, the latest designs, most fashionable materials, and finished with the most artistic skill. The whole of the present stock will therefore be cleared out at less than the cost of material and trimmings.

An immense stock, and an endless variety, of

FANCY GOODS,
Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Parasols, Ties, Collars, Buttons, Fringes, &c., &c., at less than Melbourne cost. 26,000 yards Sewed Muslin Edgings, at less than manufacturers' cost.

To fully appreciate the bargains offered in the

READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They only require to be seen. Gentlemen's Tweed Trousers and Vests, of the best quality, manufactured from German, Ballars, West of England, and German Tweeds, at less than the cost of the cloth. They are all beautifully finished, well cut, and substantially made. Paper, Tommy Dodd, &c. and other Coats, at equally reduced prices. Gentlemen's Overcoats and Ulsters, at sale prices. Black and White Rubber and Reversible Waterproof Coats, at cost price. Great bargains in Mole-skin Trousers, Shirts, Hats, Ties, Braces, Belts, Collars, &c., &c.

A splendid stock of Goelong, Ballarat, Warranboole, West of England, and German Tweeds, at mill prices.

Goods made to order at the shortest notice. Patterns sent free by post to any part of the colony.

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Will be sold during the alterations at and under Melbourne cost. A splendid stock of Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes, of all kinds, at prices which will be an immense advantage to heads of families and others.

The Sale will be continued during the time of the Alterations. Prompt advantage should therefore be taken of the opportunity.

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MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

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The only English Assurance Company registered under the "Life Assurance Companies' Act, 1873," as having secured assets in respect of the

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THE BALLARAT BANKING COMPANY (Limited) transacts every description of banking business suited to the requirements of local constituents, including that of CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

The Directors invite application from Settlers, Landed Proprietors, Farmers and others, requiring cash advanced on freehold property or to complete purchases of land from the Government or private parties either temporarily or for a term of years. Principal and interest advanced and convenient to borrowers. Particulars as to terms of loans, and any other information, can be obtained on application to the local valuer, or at the head Office.

I. & J. ROFF,
TAILORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
MAIN ROAD, BALLARAT EAST.

OUR NEW GOODS for the WINTER SEASON are now open, and contain a carefully selected stock of all the latest patterns in Colonial, Belgian, Bannockburn, and West of England Tweeds and other materials, made up by the best makers, and which we can therefore confidently recommend. We desire also to state that notwithstanding the depression in this district, and the consequent keen competition, we are in a position to offer to our Customers all the advantages which cash, skill, and a life's experience in the tailoring trade can secure. Our Prices will necessarily be the lowest possible in the trade.

TWEED SUITS, AS USUAL, TO MEASURE,
£2 10s.

OUR READY MADE GOODS

Are now ready to be seen and comprise every article of Men's, Youths' and Boys' Clothing, made up by ourselves, especially for this district. A good fit and style always obtainable.

Includes Blue Grosgrain, and Diagonal Coats, war rent not to fade.

Frock, Beaufort, and Paget Coats, plain and fancy. Very Handsome Patterns in Men's Trousers and Vests.

Youths' Trousers and Vests, in great variety. Boys' suits, in all sizes and varied materials. Fine shirts, broad and narrow plaits, all sizes and patterns.

Hats—Tyrolose, Oxford, Prince of Wales, West minister, &c.

Cranean Shirts, Boys' Hats and Caps, Scarfs, Collars, &c.

In Mole-skin, and all other Working Men's Clothing and Underclothing, we keep the right class of goods at the right price.

I. & J. ROFF,
Corner of Haunfray-street and Main-Road

SANDERS AND SONS
EUCALYPTUS EXTRACT.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy: at Rome, according to communication received from the Consul-General, for Italy, at Melbourne, upon the instructions from the Minister for Foreign Affairs, dated 14th March, 1878.

Dr. Crikshank, Health officer for the City of Saultur, the discoverer of the medical properties of the Extract of the Eucalyptus Globulus, has pronounced the extract to be the most reliable remedy for all external inflammation of whatever kind, inflammation of the chest and lungs, all throat affections (bronchitis, diphtheria), all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, &c., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds of all kinds, and of most serious nature, all disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, &c.

The extract is proved as the surest cure for inside throat affections (to be applied by means of a feather), and the best disinfectant and preventive of contagion in scarlet or typhoid fever—more reliable than quinine in cases of intermittent fever.

For reports of effected cures, where medical aid was of no avail, see our Saturday's advertisements in the Melbourne "Age."

To be had of all Chemists.

CAUTION.
The genuine article is made up in vials, bearing on the labels our trademark and signature. Other preparations of the gum (myrrourin) are most dangerous in consequence of their nature, for the most of the disease our Extract is recommended for, therefore ask for Sanders and Sons' Extract in vials with our label, trademark and signature thereon. Every vial is accompanied by directions for use, and reports of cures.

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Printed on COLONIAL PAPER with COLONIAL INK and by COLONIAL LABOR.

SIXTY QUARTO PAGES.
Price Sixpence.

H. P. Henningson, agent, Beaufort.

Oxygen is Life.

ALTHOUGH the modern Materia Medica include many valuable remedies for human afflictions, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the animal vitality is failing, Phosphorus is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known. It will work effects such as nothing else will produce, and it possesses the great advantage of not causing, when its use is discontinued, the slightest reaction or depression.

CAUTION.—PHOSPHORUS is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form where SOLID PARTICLES of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the medicine should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, DATED OCTOBER 17TH, 1869.



(OZONIC OXYGEN),
The New Curative Agent, and only Reliable Remedy for Nervous and Liver Complaints.

This Phosphoric combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be unequalled for its power of replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nervous substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while relieving all its extraneous properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the known therapeutic agents of the present day for the speedy and permanent cure of—
Nervous Prostration
Liver Complaints
Palpitation of the Heart
Dizziness
Noises in the Head and Ears
General Debility and Apoplexy
Hypochondria
Female Complaints
General Debility
Indigestion
Flatulence
Incapacity for Study or Business
Sick Headache
Lassitude
And all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause. The action of the Phosphodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and flesh generating agent known; therefore, a universal medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the functions of assimilation to such a degree, and so vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health. The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the organism; for instance, it excites nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous, membranous and organic systems. It operates on the system without exciting any morbid action upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and exerts an important influence directly on the spinal marrow and nervous system of a nutritive, tonic and invigorating character, maintaining that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant, and energetic, entirely overruling that dull, listless, and sluggish disposition which many persons experience in all their actions.

The beneficial effects of Phosphodyne are frequently shown from the first day of its administration, but a remarkable increase of nervous power, with a feeling of vigour and comfort to which the patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is improved; the appetite increases wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the eyes brighter; the skin clear and healthy; and the hair acquires strength, showing the importance of the action of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nutrition.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain degree of activity in the previously debilitated nervous system; it so enables all debilitated organs to return to their sound state and perform their natural functions. Persons suffering from Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred symptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may rest assured of an effectual or even speedy cure by the judicious use of this most invaluable remedy.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold only in Cases at 10s. 6d. by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

Full directions for use in the English, French, German, Italian, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Danish, Turkish, Persian, Hindostani, Madrasse, Bengalee, Chinese, and Japanese languages accompany each case.

CAUTION.—The large and increasing demand for Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne has led to several imitations under similar names; purchasers of this medicine should, therefore, be careful to observe that the words "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne" are blown in the bottle, and that the directions for use are printed in all the languages as above, without which no case possessing the genuine. Every Case bears the Trade Mark and Signature of Patentee.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR—
Victoria.....Paton, Grimwade, and Co., Melbourne.
South Australia.....F. H. Fiddling and Co., Adelaide.
New South Wales.....Elliott Bros., Sydney.
Queensland.....Berkley and Taylor, Brisbane.
New Zealand.....Kempthorne, Prosser and Co., Dunedin and Auckland.

Export Agents—Evans, Lescher, and Evans, 60 Bartholomew Close.

W. C. STRONGE,

Land, Stock, Commission, and Insurance Agent.

Cash advanced on the ensuing Clip.

Fencing—Wire all sizes on sale.

Auction sales attended to.

WILLOBY-STREET, BEAUFORT.

"For the Blood is the Life."

CLARKE'S
WORLD FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE

TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs
Cures Blackheads, or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scurvy Sores
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter
From whatever cause arising:

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a good general supply of produce brought into the market on Tuesday. We quote the following:—Oats, 4s. 11k to 5s. 3d.; wheat, 4s. 9d. to 4s. 10d.; flour, L10 5s. to 10s. 6d.; peas, 3s. 3d.; English barley, 6s. 6d.; Cape barley, 5s. to 5s. 1d.; mangel hay, L4 to L4 2s.; sheaves, L2 15s. to L3; straw, L1 15s. to L2 2s.; potatoes, L2 15s. to L3; bone-dust, L5 15s. to 1s. 7d.; rye grass, 6s. to 7s.; bran, 1s. 2d. to 1s. 7d.; maize, 5s. 6d.; carrots, L2.

ABARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

The markets still continue without change of any moment, except in oats, in which there is a reduction of 2d. to 3d. per bushel, according to quality, the price now being 4s. 10k to 5s. Wheat and flour are unchanged. A decline in Ballarat potatoes is noticeable, 6s. to 70s. being now the figures. Fresh butter is coming in abundantly, and does not command more than 9d. per lb. The following are the quotations:—Wheat, 4s. 6d.; oats, 4s. 10d. to 5s.; pollard, 1s. 6d.; bran, 1s. 2d.; barley, none; maize, none; flour, L10 5s. to L10 10s.; potatoes, Warrnambool, none; ditto, Ballarat, 6s. to 70s.; fresh butter, 9d.; lard, 10s. 6d.; tallow, 11d.; bacon, 8d.; eggs, 7d. to 8d.; chickens, 8d. to 9d.; hens, 7s. 6d.; turkeys, 12s. to 14s.; ducks, 12s. to 14s.; geese, 12s. to 14s.; onions, 3s. to 4s.; carrots, L3 10s.—Advertiser.

BALLARAT LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. HERRNAN, LEONARD, and Rowe report the following sales:—Fat cattle—20 head for Mr. F. Bucknall, Annandale, to L8 7s. 6d.; 31 head for Mr. F. Bucknall, Cotswold, and Mr. James Finch, Horsham, at market rates. Fat Sheep—61 crossed and merino wethers for Mr. James Gordon, Mount Beckwith, to L7s. 9d.; 323 for Mr. Albert Bucknall, Roulborough Vale, crossed wethers at L5s. 8d., ewes at L4s. 4d.; merino wethers at L5s. 10d., ewes at L6s. 3d.; 66 crossed for Mr. S. Morton, Lake Dolac, wethers at L5s., ewes at L2s. 9d.; 120 merino wethers for Mr. D. Lenagan, Tontello, at L2s. 2d.; 253 crossed and merino wethers for Messrs. J. and J. Beveridge, 34 Mile Creek, to L1s. 6d.; 148 merino wethers for Mr. John Douglas, Ascut, to L10s. 8d.; 300 merino ewes for Mr. Frederick H. Bucknall, Cotswold, at L11s.; 250 for Mr. H. Bucknall, Kilgobbin; 244 Lams.—105 for Mr. Frederick Bucknall, Cotswold, to 9s., averaging 8s. 6d.; 40 for Mr. A. Bucknall, Roulborough Vale, at 7s. 9d. to 8s.; 42 for Mr. H. Bucknall, Kilgobbin, to 8s. 9d.; 56 for Mr. William Sutherland, Stockyard Hill, at 8s.

GEELONG STATION PRODUCE MARKETS.

Messrs. GEORGE SYMOND and Co. report the following sales:—Sheepskins.—We offered 3426 skins at our sale on Tuesday, when there was a large attendance of local and metropolitan buyers. In consequence of the better feeling ruling in the London market, prices were slightly in advance of last week, and we cleared all our catchers' skins at the following satisfactory prices:—Best medium, from 40d. to 54d.; station skins, of which we had a large supply, to 73d. per lb., one extra superior lot reaching 81d.; lamb skins, to 36d. each. Hides.—We had a large supply, and disposed of all as follows:—Wet salted to 23d. per lb.; good conditioned, to 31d.; and caskins, to 5d. per lb. Tallow.—We sold rough fat at 23d. per lb.; and rendered tallow, at 25d.

Messrs. DAVID GUTHRIE and Co. report the following sales:—Sheepskins.—We submitted a large supply of skins at our warehouse on Tuesday to a full attendance of buyers. Quotations were quite as firm as last week; for first class merinos the competition was very spirited. We sold best crossed for 5s. 4d. to 5s. 4d., some extra large to 7s.; medium from 4s. 2d. to 4s. 2d.; best merinos from 4s. 3d. to 4s. 9d.; medium and small from 3s. 2d. to 4s.; station skins from 47d. to 73d., some superior to 81d.; and lamb skins from 22s. to 23s. Hides.—We only had a small supply, and sold best cross sorts from 24d. to 33d., and caskins to 2d. Tallow.—There is no change in this market, prices ruling at about late rates. Kangaroo Skins.—We have sold a large parcel of skins of all sizes at 51d.

The Arab horse (Lagard) which carried Lord Napier, of Magdala, through the Abyssinian war, was shown at the late Brisbane exhibition, and took first prize in his class.

A Sydney man named Osman Day, a free-thinker, has been fined £5, or in default three months' imprisonment, for using profane and blasphemous language concerning the piety of Christ in Hyde Park, Sydney, on Sunday afternoon.

Two lads named John Clemons and James Dohel have been drowned in a dam at Cotop while bathing.

Travelers have in many instances been convicted and executed by evidence that was elicited through the agency of a dream or some vague ghost story. It is not generally known, however, that two men were executed in the North of England, a little more than two hundred years ago, by the testimony of a ghost. In 1681, a woman named Annie Miller was murdered at Chester le Street. Her ghost appeared to a miller who resided in the neighborhood, and told him the story of her murder. He informed the magistrates, who issued warrants for the arrest of John Walker and Mark Sharp. These two men were tried at the next Durham Assizes, found guilty, and executed upon no other evidence than the story of the miller.—Newcastle Courant.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Berry, John. Corl, E. Ellis, E. Gore, J. Hancock, S. King, Mr. Lowe, Miss; Lacey, Miss; Lines, P. W.; Lynch, P.; Lytle, J. O'Brien, Mrs. Pryke, E. Ross, John. Stevens, W. Thilly, J.; Topper, G.; Thompson, T.; Tanner, Mr. Vance, Lucy. Whitefield, J. jun.

THOMAS LEWIS, Postmaster.

Beaufort, September 27th, 1878.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1878.

Our attention has been called to a practice indulged in by a number of youths in Beaufort of breaking the windows, and damaging the roofs of untenanted houses. One house in particular that our attention has been drawn to presents a deplorable wreck, caused by these young "sports." Everything movable has been carried away, the windows (which were at one time boarded up) smashed, and several holes made in the roof by huge boulders hurled on to it by these youthful depredaters. An eye will be kept on them, and the first that is caught at it will, we have no doubt, be made an example of.

The party sinking in the old Ding Dong Lead are now down between sixty and seventy feet with their second shaft, and have a good deal of water to contend with, but should it not increase, they will be able to master it.

The Telegraph Company are progressing favourably with drawing the shafts out of the old Market Square shaft, and expect to complete the work in a day or two.

An accident happened at the chain on the Market Square on Thursday, when a miner named William Ethevon had a narrow escape from being smothered. He was engaged in the shaft drawing the shaft, and the shaft gave way, and the sand and drift came in to such quantities as to nearly bury him. To make matters worse, some of the shafts had come down, and jammed his feet, so that he could not move. However, after an hour's work he was extricated from his perilous position. Had the shaft not held together the unfortunate man would undoubtedly have been smothered.

Our readers' attention is drawn to Mrs. Gann's announcement in our advertising columns of the arrival of new seasonable goods of every description.

Tenders are invited by the Shire of Ripon for various works in the North Riding, particulars of which appear elsewhere.

During the past week the weather has been of a very stormy nature, heavy showers of rain, interspersed with hail, having fallen. The farmers are rejoicing, as the crops are now looking well, and the copious downpour of rain has heightened their hopes of a plentiful harvest.

By an announcement in another column it will be seen that the Beaufort Brass Band purpose holding a ball and supper on the 31st October. During the winter the band have provided some excellent music at those social evenings, the quadrille assemblies, and as a fitting conclusion to these gatherings they have decided to hold a ball and supper, and no expense will be spared to make the affair a success.

Under the able leadership of Mr. Prout the music will be first-class, and the committee will spare no pains in providing a supper worthy of the occasion. The tickets are to be had at the nominal sum of 7s. 6d. (lady and gentleman).

The railway department notify in our advertising columns that tickets will be issued at excursion fares by the G. & N. train on the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th October, to enable visitors to be present at the Geelong National Agricultural Show.

The attention of those interested is directed to the announcements of the various wool-dealers which appear in our advertising columns.

A meeting of the Beaufort Cricket Club is convened for Monday evening next, at the Golden Age hotel, when the business to be transacted will be of an important nature.

A reward of £20 is offered by Mr. McKenzie, the manager of the Traxwalle estate, for such evidence as will convict persons who are in the habit of appropriating sheep off the run.

The "Ararat Advertiser" states that a valuable brood mare, the property of Michael Kennedy, of Tatyoon, was killed last week by the bite of a small brown snake.

An extraordinary story comes from Bengal, writes the "Bombay Gazette." A village about eight miles from Calcutta has been taken possession of by large monkeys. The inhabitants had to fly from the monstrosities, who are now living on the food left behind by the villagers.

It was decided in the Assembly on Thursday night, by 33 votes to 25, to purchase Mr. Marshall Wood's statue of Her Majesty the Queen.

A supply Bill for £111,100 was passed through all its stages in the Assembly on Thursday.

Messrs. Bannister and Cazaly, of Ballarat Juvenile Exhibition notoriety, were each presented with a gold watch and chain on Wednesday evening last in recognition of their services in connection with the exhibition.

Another deserted infant has been found in Richmond. She was named Kate Buckingham, after the street in which she was found, and forwarded to the Industrial Schools for sixteen years.

An opossum has been shot at Elmore, which measured 36 inches long, 21 inches around the waist, with large black paws and ears, and with fur 1 1/2 inches long.

A Dunmore farmer named Ballantine has been had in Ballarat by the match-box trick to the tune of £25.

A box fixed in the County Court building, Melbourne, for the purpose of receiving contributions to the Children's Hospital, was wrecked off on Friday last, and carried away, containing, it is supposed about £3 or £4.

The Rev. C. H. Spurgeon is contemplating a trip to the colonies for the good of his health, which has been rather precarious of late.

Lady Duffy died at her residence, Hawthorn, on Saturday morning last, aged fifty-two years. By special request of the deceased lady, the funeral was a private one.

Woodlands won the Wagga Wagga Cup on Wednesday, with Highlander second, and Swiveller third.

William Howard Carlton, the waif discovered in the streets of Carlton last week, has been adopted by a benevolent lady in Melbourne.

Mr. Gillibrand, the manager of the Bank of Victoria at Dunolly, died very suddenly on Wednesday last.

The South Australian Ministry has resigned, and Mr. Morgan has undertaken to form a new one.

A Cooktown telegram in the "Evening News" states that Port Moresby, New Guinea, has been deserted by its population, it being supposed that rich gold has been discovered.

The endorsement of Baron Rothschild is the best guarantee of the soundness of commercial paper. The autograph of that great financier on the back of a negotiable instrument would make it as good as a bank note.

In like manner the endorsement of the distinguished physicians who, have, above their own signatures, approved and recommended Udoilpho Wolfe's Schickman Aromatic Salinappas as a pure and most desirable stimulant, diuretic, and stomachic, is conclusive as to its efficacy.

A diabolical outrage was perpetrated at Geelong on the night of the 18th inst. A selector named J. Humphreys went out in the morning to look his horses (two draught nags), and was horrified to find them lying on the ground dead. On examination it was found (states the "Ovens and Murray Advertiser") that they had been shot during the night; five large bullets were extracted from the head of one, and one unusually large bullet from the head of the other. Both of the mares were heavy in foal, and the entrails of one of them were protruding. By this cruel act Mr. Humphreys has been deprived of the means of cultivating his land.

The receipts from the Government railways for the week ending the 20th September were £23,894, against £20,843 for the corresponding week of last year.

Good land in the Ararat district (says the "Advertiser") still seems to command a fair price. A block of 112 acres on the Fierly Creek has been disposed of by Mr. Michael Kennedy to Mr. John Ware, at £4 per acre.

A sad accident occurred at Costerfield on the 20th inst. "The Melbourne Times" relates that Samuel Dodd, a lad of 15, his brother William, and other boys were returning home from the Alison mine, South Costerfield, where they had been at work. On arriving at the Bombay shaft (over 100ft. deep) three of them went down to the first level by means of ladders. Samuel Dodd said he would see the bottom, and he continued to descend, till he reached the end of the ladders, when his candle went out. The two other boys then heard him breathe heavily, struggle a little, and say "Oh." They then heard a noise at the bottom as though he had fallen. The boys at once ran for help. Several attempts were made to get the deceased to the surface, but owing to the foul air in the shaft it was impossible to do so for nearly two hours.

When found at the bottom of the shaft he was standing on his head, quite dead. It is supposed he fell a distance of about 20ft.

The Warracknabeal correspondent of the "Horseshoe Times" says:—"I regret to have to record a fatal accident of a singular nature which took place on Saturday, the 13th inst., at sheep-hills, to a lad named Elliott. He had climbed a tree for some purpose or other, and got upon a limb which was unable to sustain his weight. It gave way with him, and fell heavily to the ground. He at once rose up and exclaimed 'I am all right!' or 'I am not hurt!' which were the last words he ever spoke, as he immediately fell down again, and expired instantly."

Two ingenious rogues, named John Smith, better known as "Gassy Smith," and Andrew Miller, were arrested (says the "Age") at Sandridge, last Friday, under the following impudent circumstances:—Miller, with doleful countenance, stated that his poor wife had suddenly dropped down dead at the wash-tub, and he and his friend were trying to raise funds from the benevolent public to bury her. In the outset they went to Mr. Gabell, the undertaker, and bargained for a coffin 3 feet 8 inches long, and then got a shilling from another party to buy candles for the wake. In this manner they soon collected about 10s., with various promises amounting to another 10s. The dimensions of the proposed coffin looked rather suspicious, and that, together with some other dubious features, aroused the suspicions of the police who quickly discovered that the whole affair was an impudent swindle, and they then arrested the fellows at once. Mrs. Miller, the ostensible corpse, a stout robust woman of large proportions, came afterwards to the station, and appeared justly indignant at the idea of pressing her body into a 3 feet 8 inches shell. They were remanded till Thursday.

Wednesday's "Argus" says:—"A return was ordered by the Legislative Council three months ago of the free passes issued by the Railway department during a portion of the reign of the present Government. Attention was yesterday called to the fact that the paper had not yet been presented. From an explanation given by Mr. Cuthbert, it appeared that Mr. Woods appointed a clerk specially to prepare the return, and intimated at the time to the representative of the Government in the Upper House that the work would take a month to perform. Mr. Cuthbert promised yesterday, as much more than one month had elapsed, to again speak to Mr. Woods. Mr. Anderson remarked that the number of passes issued must have been very large, since it had taken such a long time to prepare a list of them."

A reward of £20 is offered by the Government for the discovery of Thomas O'Connell, who left Sir Samuel Wilson's station, near Colac, on the 22nd May last, in company with one Thomas Kerwin, in charge of a flock of sheep for Marathron, near the Anakes, and has not been heard of since the evening of the 25th of May, when he parted from Kerwin, at Shelford, to search, as it is alleged, for two missing horses, and was afterwards seen about five miles west of Shelford on horseback, by a man named Edward Williams, whom he told that he was then going to rejoin his mate. O'Connell is nineteen years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, has dark hair and complexion; has no beard, whiskers, or moustache; is of slovenly gait; wore black two coat, dirty mouskint trousers, and black felt hat, and has usually a white handkerchief round his neck.

An account of a man being killed by a blow from a cricket ball is given by the "Sydney Evening News" as follows:—"An extremely painful casualty, attended with a fatal result, occurred to a man named Harvey, aged twenty years, at Pymont on Saturday, 14th inst. Harvey was, with a number of cricketers, assembled to play a match. He was in the act of measuring the wicket ground, preparatory to commencing the game, when he was violently struck at the back of the ear with a cricket ball, which was hit by one of the cricketers in practice. The force of the blow was sufficient to lay Harvey prostrate on the ground, although at the time a fatality was not feared. He was conveyed to his home and medically attended to, but without avail, as he gradually sank, and on Friday succumbed to his sufferings. He was in the employ of Lasseter and Co., and was much respected. He was single, but leaves a widowed mother, of whom he was the sole support."

It comes hard on a generous spirit (says the "Ballarat Courier") when he is not properly appreciated, and such must be the feelings of the donor of a special prize at the late Juvenile Industrial Exhibition. Having given a work-box to be presented to the young lady who could produce the best pair of knitted handkerchiefs, the lucky winner was duly handed over her prize on Tuesday; but unfortunately, she has been disappointed, and, to express her vexation, has prepared a most elaborate memorial about the size of a soap-plate, stamped with the name of the donor, and intends to return it to the committee for representation to the giver of the prize.

Appropos of Mr. Longmore's freaks (says the "Gippsland Times") says:—"These constantly recurring outrages upon constitutional principles of Government, fraught, as they are with dire injury to whole classes of people, cannot much longer be tolerated. Surely that section of the community to which the Berry Ministry owes its existence will fall away from the worship of the unworthy idols it has set up. But if a reform is to be effected the power to achieve it will not lie only with the discontented of the Liberal party. There is a large number of men in this colony who do not make use of their political privileges, but who should take warning by what they see going on around them. If (says an old Edinburgh reviewer) we could suppose a people perfectly indifferent to political measures, and without any disposition to take part in public affairs, the most perfect forms and institutions of liberty would be among them a dead letter. In proportion as a people move near to slavish apathy, their constitution becomes so far vain, and their best laws impotent." This is fast becoming the condition of the colony of Victoria.

The following extraordinary advertisement appears in the "Herald" of Tuesday:—"Academy of music.—To 'Tahite' (Reporter to the 'Australasian.')—Truly 'the pen is mightier than the sword,' but a horsewhip in a woman's hand seems to be mightier than either. I have watched and waited in vain. You take great care of your handsome person. The weather is getting wet and my temper is getting cool. I see no way out of this unpleasant state of things but by resorting to the fashion of my forefathers, requesting you to name time and place, and choose your own time and place, and choose your own weapons. —NRLX. MAHER. P.S.—Do you think to drive me to suicide, and so get the fee for a coroner's inquest? You never will. I am not the right sort of woman. 24th September, 1878."

A telegram from Sydney in Monday's "Argus" states that "Serjeant Wallings, of Dubbo, was shot while in pursuit of a prisoner, who, after jumping over a wire fence, shot Wallings dead while he was in the act of following him. Another constable, also in pursuit, had his horse shot under him."

MELBOURNE.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Friday Evening. The following is from this evening's "Herald":—"WAGGA WAGGA RACES.—Two-year-old Handicap.—Bonnie Bear, 1; Barones, 2; Quily, 3. Mile Handicap.—Fairy, 1; Peradventure, 2; Vampire, 3. Weather fine, and a large attendance.

A Sydney telegram says:—"The prospects of Victoria assisting at the Sydney International Exhibition, on the ground that Sydney assists Victoria, has caused a favorable impression as indicating the true feeling which should actuate the two colonies."

A thorough reform of the post office is announced, and all incapables are to be dismissed.

MELBOURNE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Thursday Evening.

At the time of the return of Sir John O'Shanassy as representative for Belfast in the Legislative Assembly, I made a remark in this journal something to the effect that, notwithstanding the well-known political talents of Sir John, his return would be a source of regret from his expressed disapproval of the Education Act, were it not for the thoroughly firm and safe position of that great national blessing. Sir John had not been long in the House before he made his first attack on the act, which, happily, proved abortive; and now we have his second attempt, which, of course, can only be successful by Mr. Berry and his supporters turning traitors, and betraying the trust reposed in them by the constituencies. It will be seen from the following extracts from the so-called "amendment" of the Education Act that the effect, if carried, would be to practically again introduce the denominational system; and, of course, as a result, all the hearburnings and narrow-mindedness naturally attendant on it will be once more allowed to have its baneful sway over the minds of the rising generation. The clauses in the amending act that vitally attack the principles of the act as it at present stands, are, first, clause 2, which reads as follows:—"This act shall apply to every school, except as hereinafter provided, of which the trustees, or if there be no trustees, the principal teacher shall in writing request the Minister of Public Instruction that such school may be examined in pursuance of this act." Then in clause 5 we have what is being fished for in all its bare ugliness. Here it is:—"Out of the moneys provided by Parliament in each year for the purposes of public instruction in the Education Act, 1872, to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be paid to the trustees, or if there be no trustees, to the principal teacher of every school so examined, in respect of each child who shall, in that year, have passed such examination, a sum equal to the average cost of the education of a child in the State schools for the year next preceding." Of course it is thoroughly well known that the present movement, the same as on the occasion of Sir John's last attempt, is emphatically in the Roman Catholic interest; but for my own part I care not whether the movement is Roman Catholic or Protestant, I view the matter purely in reference as to what its beneficial effect would be on our glorious educational system; a system for which we have had compliments and congratulations from all parts of the civilized world; and are we now, after having achieved this enlightened stride in civilisation, to stultify ourselves by a cowardly retrograde movement merely for the purpose of achieving the hopeless hope of pacifying and conciliating a few religious bigots as represented by the Roman Catholic clergy? But as I have remarked, Sir John O'Shanassy can only carry his point by Mr. Berry and his followers turning traitors and betraying the trust reposed in them by the constituencies. "The cartoon in the 'Melbourne Punch' is this week on this subject. It represents a fictitious scene from 'Faust.' Mephistopheles is represented by Archbishop Goold, who is looking down on his victim, represented by Mr. Berry. The demon reminds 'Jerry' that he has kept to his part of the bargain by giving him the R.C. vote at the last general election, and he calls upon his victim to fulfil his part of the compact, by passing the Amending Education Act. Will 'Jerry' dare do this? I can only say that, if he uses his majority for such a purpose, my opinion is that he may prepare himself to speedily bid a farewell, a long farewell, to power in Victoria; for most assuredly he would be by so doing drawing down upon himself and his party such a raging storm of indignation as, with his present popularity, would overwhelmingly overwhelm him. The cartoon in 'Punch' is, of course, intended to convey the hint that a long-existing understanding stands between Mr. Berry and the R.C. church dignitaries. The result will, of course, prove the truth or falseness of the insinuation. It is, of course, well understood that the present Opposition would leave no stone unturned to damage the reputation of the party at present in power; but I think that in this matter, as represented by their facetious organ 'Punch,' they have gone too far; 'Jerry' has never been such a fool as to enter into such a compact as is hinted at in this week's cartoon.

A joke (writes the "Telegraph") is all very well in its place, but there is such a thing as joking out of time; and so a butcher, named Powell, learned to his cost at Pruhon on Monday. He was charged at the police court with driving a vehicle at night without lights. "I had plenty of lights in the cart," said he. "I had red, a one, your worship," promptly rejoined the sergeant. "I had at least fifty," retorted the defendant, in a positive manner, "but they were all sheep's lights." For a moment a broad smile stole in the magisterial countenance, but it was instantly banished, and, with becoming gravity, the offending butcher was fined 6s. for the breach of law, and sent to goal for twenty-four hours for his unhappy joke.

An instance of astonishing fecundity has been reported to us ("Geelong Times") from Elston. A Mr. Patrick Heninberry of that place has in his possession a ewe which last season gave birth to three ewe lambs. Strange to say each of these offspring have this year been equally prolific. Should they keep on at this rate, Mr. Heninberry's stock will soon be an immense one.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALIFORNIAN MAIL.

(REUTERS TELEGRAMS.)

AUCKLAND, Tuesday.

The City of Sydney arrived here early this morning with the San Francisco mail. SUMMARY OF NEWS. There was a collision on the London, Dover, and Chatham Railway, in which eight persons were killed and thirty wounded. The Mussulman population of Belgrade propose to emigrate en masse.

The Porte asks the Czar to assist him in suppressing the outrages which are taking place in Roumelia.

Out of the Russian army of occupation there are 20,000 sick. Garibaldi has written a letter endorsing the principles of socialism.

Samuel Wild, a cotton spinner at Rochdale, has failed for £100,000. There are 3000 looms idle at Oldham in consequence of the weavers' strike against a reduction of wages.

England contemplates a new national loan of five millions. The "Constitutional" says that President McMahon intends to resign in October.

Mr. Rivers Wilson holds a portfolio as Minister of Finance in the Khedive's new Ministry in Egypt.

A fanatic claiming to be Christ was shot at by the police at the head of a numerous following in Italy, and wounded. His adherents claim that his life was saved by a miracle.

Dr. Nobling before his death appeared to be quite insane. He was watched by experts.

Mr. Colin Campbell, a liberal, was elected for Argyllshire, to replace the Marquis of Lorne.

General Tollenen has refused to embark more troops, as the British fleet does not withdraw from its present position.

It is stated that Italy promises Greece assistance at the present juncture. At the International Monetary Conference Mr. Goschen, the English representative, said that England reserved the right to maintain the gold standard.

A Russian army of occupation, 80,000 strong, will be stationed in Bessarabia. A thousand delegates from the Christian Association are holding a world's convention at Geneva.

Captain Martin, a West Indian merchant, has failed for £300,000.

Five hundred Catholic journalists participated in the Press Pilgrimage at the anniversary of the Pope's exaltation.

The Right Hon. Auslin Henry Lyard, the British ambassador at Constantinople, is pressing Asiatic reforms on the Porte.

Spain is issuing a five million colonial loan. The Fenians, who were liberated at the repeated request of the United States Minister, are to reside out of England during the continuance of the original term of their sentence.

A large portion of Kissingen, in Germany, has been destroyed by fire. The Russians are returning from San Stefano, via Olessa.

Typhoid fever is raging at Bristol. It is attributable to the poisonous quality of the milk supplied.

Messrs. Virtue and Laydon, publishers, have failed for £200,000.

In consequence of the strike at Paris, the West Scottish ironmasters have reduced their rate of wages 10 per cent.

The "Times" says that England will never again guarantee a Turkish loan or help to raise one.

There is a deficit in the Prussian Budget of 2,000,000 marks.

An American schooner, the Enchantress, came in first at the Royal Yacht Squadron Regatta, but the Formosa won on time allowances.

The port of Aleppo is the point the English Government wish to acquire on the mainland of Syria.

Typhus fever is increasing at Cyprus. One-fourth of the troops and two-thirds of the doctors are stricken down with it. General Wellesley and staff are compelled to live under canvas, Greek owners of premises demanding such exorbitant rates for their use.

The insurgent force in opposition to Austria numbers one million of well armed men.

A large portion of Kats has been destroyed by fire. The Queen has invited Earl Beaconsfield to Osborne. Two thousand cotton operatives have struck at Bristol. Great damage has been done in Western India by the floods.

Diplomatic arrangements between Great Britain and the Holy See have not been established, and no communications have passed. A collision occurred on the Cincinnati railway, causing the death of twelve persons and twenty wounded.

There is a general strike of shoemakers in Chicago, and the proprietors talk of introducing Chinamen.

O'Leary has finished his walk of 400 miles in 122 hours.

Gold has been discovered on the snow ranges of the Siyoho Mountains. In four months one man realised 300 lb weight of gold.

Another revolution has taken place at San Domingo, and much misery and anarchy prevail.

At Morocco the presence of the cholera is denied.

On Saturday morning last a large stone was deposited on the Portland railway line, about seven miles from Hamilton. The driver of the morning train noticed the obstruction, but too late to stop the train. The consequence was that the guard-iron of the engine was carried away by the stone, but the evident intention of the scoundrel who had placed the stone on the line was not effected, as the obstruction fortunately did not prove sufficient to throw the train off the line. The "Age" states that the matter has been reported to the department and the police.

At the meeting of the Shire Council of Grenville on Thursday, it was resolved to reduce the salary of the engineer by £60, and that of the secretary by £10 per annum; and it was also agreed that from and after the 1st November all surface men be discharged for four months.

The tender of the Fulton Foundry Company, for the supply of 5000 tons iron pipes was finally accepted on Thursday.

LEGISLATIVE INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM THE ARGUS.)

The Legislative Council on Tuesday the 24th inst. considered the Mining and Private Property Bill...

A Reuter's cablegram from Sydney says:—The Government are offering £200 for the apprehension of the murderer of Senator-Sergeant Wallings, near Dubbo...

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—During piercing winds and excessive variations of temperature everyone is more or less liable to internal and external disease...

The Legislative Council was chiefly occupied with the Loan Bill on Wednesday. Though serious objection was taken to some of the terms in the schedule...

Beaufort Cricket Club. A MEETING of the above club will be held at the Golden Age Hotel on MONDAY, at 8 p.m. sharp.

WHEREAS from time to time sheep have been missing from Foreman's Paddock (adjoining the Beaufort and Stockyard Hill road)...

WILLIAM FURBER begs to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that he has commenced business as a Barber, Hairdresser, etc., in the premises next door to Mr. H. A. Gyle's, chemist...

shortly after the dinner hour, Mr. Gaunson and Mr. Bent addressed themselves with renewed vigor to the fourth clause, and were replied to by Mr. L. L. Smith, and those gentlemen occupied the House until nearly 11 o'clock...

A Reuter's cablegram from Sydney says:—The Government are offering £200 for the apprehension of the murderer of Senator-Sergeant Wallings, near Dubbo. It is proposed to erect a monument to the memory of this officer.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—During piercing winds and excessive variations of temperature everyone is more or less liable to internal and external disease. Throat, chest, liver, bowels, kidneys, and skin all suffer in some degree...

Beaufort Cricket Club. A MEETING of the above club will be held at the Golden Age Hotel on MONDAY, at 8 p.m. sharp. Business: Election of secretary, etc.

WHEREAS from time to time sheep have been missing from Foreman's Paddock (adjoining the Beaufort and Stockyard Hill road) and some have been recovered with pieces of broken straps and ropes...

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Preliminary Announcement.

A GRAND BALL AND SUPPER BEAUFORT BRASS BAND. Will be held under the auspices of the BEAUFORT BRASS BAND on THURSDAY, 31st OCTOBER, in the Beaufort Societies' Hall.

SHIRE OF RIPON. TENDERS, addressed to the President of the Shire of Ripon, and enclosing 5 per cent. deposit, will be received at the shire Office until 11 a.m. on THURSDAY, 28th October, for Contract No. 278, North Riding...

DAVID GUTHRIE & CO. HAVE much pleasure in informing their constituents and others interested in consigning clips during the ensuing season, that it has been found necessary...

THE THOROUGHBRED SIRE LEO. Will stand this season at CHEPSTOWE, MOULT EMU, 20 miles west of Ballarat, 10 miles from Skipton, and 35 from Ararat.

SALES OF FAT AND STORE STOCK. Hold every Monday At the Corporation Yards, Geelong; and of SHEEPSKINS, HIDES AND TALLOW, at our Warehouses.

Geelong Wool Market. TO WOOL GROWERS. GENTLEMEN.—We have much pleasure in intimating to our constituents and those who may favour us during the coming Wool Season...

Richard Mellish & Co. WOOL, HIDE, SKIN, AND TALLOW BROKERS. ARE prepared to make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES on WOOL and OTHER PRODUCE consigned to them for sale or shipment.

Wool Season 1878-79. RICHARD MELLISH & CO. WOOL, HIDE, SKIN, AND TALLOW BROKERS. ARE prepared to make LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES on WOOL and OTHER PRODUCE consigned to them for sale or shipment.

Wool Sales are held on TUESDAY and THURSDAY. Sheepskins, Hides, & Tallow on WEDNESDAY. FENCING WIRE, WOOLPACKS, ETC., at Lowest Rates.

Wool. GEORGE SYNNOT & CO., GEELOG, WOOL BROKERS, HIDE, SKIN, AND TALLOW SALESMEN, STATION AGENTS.

ON SALE. WOOLPACKS, FENCING WIRE, and all kinds of STATION REQUIREMENTS. Geelong, 12th August, 1878.

Geelong Wool Sales. WE beg to announce that in view of the yearly increased support awarded to this market, it has been found necessary to establish a second day's sale.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL. GEORGE GREENWOOD, SADDLER AND HARNESSMAKER, RETURNS to return thanks to his patrons for past favours, and to inform them he has REMOVED to the shop next door to the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock street, where he would so like a continuance of the liberal support hitherto accorded him.

J. S. BROOKS, BOOT & SHOEMAKER. HAVELock STREET, BEAUFORT. Boots made to measure. Perfect fit guaranteed. Repairs neatly executed.

Dennys, Lascelles, and Co., WOOL BROKERS, GEELOG. Railway freight from Beaufort to Geelong, 4s. 6d. per bale; to Melbourne, 6s. per bale.

Wool Season, 1878-9.

GUTHRIE & COMPANY, WOOL MERCHANTS. WOOL WAREHOUSE, Lydiard street, Ballarat.

Wool scouring works and TANNERY, at Breakwater, Geelong. DIRECT SHIPPERS TO LONDON AND YORKSHIRE MARKETS. Cash Buyers. No Charges.

SURPRISE and GARIBALDI. Surprise, by Surprise, out of Gipsy (imported). Garibaldi, by Wellington, out of Gipsy; Wellington, out of Matchless (both imported by Neil Black and Co.)

THE THOROUGHBRED SIRE LEO. Will stand this season at CHEPSTOWE, MOULT EMU, 20 miles west of Ballarat, 10 miles from Skipton, and 35 from Ararat.

THE PURE IMPORTED ENTIRE ARAB HORSE SERANG. SERANG is a beautiful Bay Arab, 5 years old, 14 hands high, with great legs and muscular power...

PURE CLYDESDALE STALLION SIR CHARLES. Will stand this season at ST. ENOCH'S, STOCKYARD HILL.

SIR CHARLES is a rich Bay horse, strong, active, good-tempered, splendid feet, with plenty hair, rising eight years old, and a perfect model of the breed.

Good grass paddocks, having permanent water. Every care taken, but without responsibility. Notice given when mares are stunted, after which, if not removed, 2s. per week will be charged for grass.

Good OPPORTUNITY FOR BEGINNERS. THE SYSTEM TAUGHT will be the Trade Set. The Adult Class meets every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 8 p.m.

W. BAKER'S FURNITURE MANUFACTORY. Opposite the State School and 4 doors from Gunn's corner Beaufort.

PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER HANGING. Estimates for General Repairs. Experienced Workmen Sent to All Parts of the Colony.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

J. S. BROOKS, BOOT & SHOEMAKER. HAVELock STREET, BEAUFORT. Boots made to measure. Perfect fit guaranteed. Repairs neatly executed.

Dennys, Lascelles, and Co., WOOL BROKERS, GEELOG. Railway freight from Beaufort to Geelong, 4s. 6d. per bale; to Melbourne, 6s. per bale.

BEAUFORT HOUSE.

New Goods, Drapery, Millinery, Boots, and Fancy Goods. MRS. GUNN.

BOOTS, GROCERIES, and GENERAL STOCK. Will be found Well Assorted. EARLY INSPECTION INVITED.

1878-9. SPRING AND SUMMER SEASONS. ARRIVAL OF FIRST SHIPMENTS OF NEW and FASHIONABLE DRAPERY GOODS AND NOVELTIES.

65 CASES and 25 BALES. EX LOCH MARIE, LOCH GORRY, and OTHER RECENT ARRIVALS. SPECIAL NOTICE. JOB FLANNEL PURCHASE.

30 Pieces 7-8 and 44 Medium Welsh Flannels, bought at a Large Discount, under Exceptional Circumstances. These are just to hand, and will be offered 25 per cent. under PRESENT MARKET RATES.

SHOW DAY, SATURDAY, 28th SEPTEMBER. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

IRON STORE, NEILL-STREET, BEAUFORT. BENJAMIN MOORE, DRAPERY, MILLINERY, HOSIERY.

Men's Ready-Made Goods in COLONIAL TWEEDS. At Prices never before quoted in the district. TROUSERS and VESTS, Best Material.

BOOTS AND SHOES. In great variety, and only the best maker's are kept in stock. A Large Stock of GROCERIES. WINES AND SPIRITS.

Of the Best Brands at Lowest Prices. CROCKERY, LAMPS, GLASSWARE, OILMEN'S STORES. THE TIMBER YARD.

Is replete with all kinds of Softwood, Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Skirtings, and Hardwood for building and mining purposes.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS, BEAUFORT. Broadbent Bros. and Co., Wm. McCulloch and Co., Permewan, Wright and Co.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery of every description on Sale. COLONIAL JEWELLERY MADE TO ORDER.

W. E. NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, LAND, ESTATE, and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT. Havelock-street, Beaufort, and Queen-street, Ararat.

WILLIAM FURBER begs to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that he has commenced business as a Barber, Hairdresser, etc., in the premises next door to Mr. H. A. Gyle's, chemist...

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANIES. United Capital: £2,200,000. HON. H. MILLER, CHAIRMAN.

HIGHEST PRICE given for SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW, & WM SMITH, Butcher, Beaufort, March 26th, 1877.

W. E. NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, LAND, ESTATE, and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT. Havelock-street, Beaufort, and Queen-street, Ararat.

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THE EDUCATION ACT.

The following is the text of the bill entitled "A Bill to further Amend the Law relating to Education," brought in by Sir John O'Shanassy and Mr. Brophy.:-

1. Except where the contrary is expressed nothing herein contained shall affect the Education Act 1872.

2. This Act shall apply to every school, except as hereinafter provided, of which the trustees, or if there be no trustees, the principal teacher, shall in writing, request the Minister of Public Instruction that such school may be examined in pursuance of this Act.

3. No school shall be deemed to be within the meaning of this Act in which for the subjects of reading, writing, arithmetic, the school fees exceed in the whole the rate of 2s. 6d. for each week for any single scholar.

4. The Minister of Public Instruction shall cause every school under this Act to be examined once at least in every year in the same subjects, and in the same standard of education as those by which state schools are then examined.

5. Out of the moneys provided by Parliament in each year for the purpose of public instruction, anything in "The Education Act 1872" to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be paid to the trustees, or if there be no trustees to the principal teacher of every school so examined, in respect of each child who shall in that year have passed such examination, a sum equal to the average cost of education of a child in the state schools for the year next preceding.

6. For every scholar from any school under this Act who passes in the University of Melbourne the matriculation examination, or the examination required for admission to the civil service, the principal teacher of such school, if such scholar shall have been in attendance thereat for not less than 12 months next preceding such examination, shall be entitled to receive out of the moneys aforesaid a bonus of in the former case £10, and in the latter case of £7. Provided that not more than £10 in the whole shall be paid in respect of any scholar who may have passed both these examinations.

7. In the case of schools situated in thinly-populated districts, the Governor in Council may, if he think fit, order that every scholar passing any such examination as aforesaid may be counted as though he were two or any such higher number as the Governor in Council may think that the exigency of the case requires, and every such order shall be published in the "Government Gazette," and may from time to time be varied or repealed.

8. If any principal teacher be aggrieved by the examination of his school he may, within 14 days from the date of such examination, appeal in writing, setting forth the grounds of his complaint, to the Minister of Public Instruction, and the Minister shall thereupon, either in person or by some officer appointed by him for the purpose, hear and determine the matter, and his decision thereon shall be final.

9. Every officer appointed to examine schools under this Act and hereinafter called "examining inspectors" shall inquire into and report to the Minister of Public Instruction upon the general condition and discipline of every school that he examines, and upon the building, furniture, and sanitary condition thereof, and may at any time visit every such school without notice for purposes of inspection, and make any suggestion as to the improvement and better management of the same that he thinks fit.

10. If the Minister of Public Instruction thinks that such report is unfavorable he shall send a copy thereof or of such part as he thinks fit to the trustees or managers, if any, of the school, and to the principal teacher, and may from time to time make further inquiries into the condition of such school, and shall specially state in his annual report whether any, and if any, what steps have been taken to remedy the defects so indicated.

11. Every trustee or teacher of any school under this Act shall give to the examining inspector or to the Minister of Public Instruction, or any person appointed by him for the purpose, full and true answers to every question that he may ask on any subject connected with the school, and full opportunity and assistance in the inspection and examination thereof; and if any such trustee or teacher fail therein the Minister of Public Instruction may refuse to certify for the payments then due to such under this Act. But neither the Minister of Public Instruction nor any examining inspector shall give any direction whatever in relation to any such school, or in any way interfere in its management.

12. Every examining inspector shall give to every principal teacher in his district at least one week's notice of the day upon which he intends to hold an examination of such teacher's school; and upon the day so appointed for such examination the principal teacher shall give to the examining inspector a list of the scholars who have been not less than three months in his school, and whom he proposes to present for examination, and such list shall be in such form as the Minister of Public Instruction may from time to time direct, and shall be verified by the statutory declaration of the teacher, which declaration the said examining inspector is hereby empowered to take; and the examining inspector shall fill up the said list in the presence of the teacher, and shall forthwith transmit it at his report of the examination to the Minister of Public Instruction.

13. The Minister of Public Instruction shall include in his annual report a report upon the administration of this Act during the preceding year.—From the "Argus."

An amusing incident is said to have occurred at a church in Connecticut. The clergyman desired to call the attention of the congregation to the fact that he would administer the rite of baptism to children. Previous to having entered the pulpit he received from one of the elders, who was quite deaf, a notice to the effect that he had the new Sunday school books ready for distribution. After the service the clergyman began the notice of the baptismal service thus:—"All of those having children and desiring to have them baptised will bring them this afternoon." At this point the deaf elder, hearing the name of children, supposing it was something in reference to his books, rising said—"And all those having none, and desiring them, will be supplied by me for the sum of twenty-five cents each."

CAPTAIN WEBB'S SWIM.

The announcement that Captain Webb was to attempt to swim in the Thames for thirty-six consecutive hours has for some time past caused much interest, and opinions as to the possibility of such a feat being accomplished by the hero of the Channel have been fairly divided. The start was fixed for the morning of the 2nd August at six, from the shore in North Woolwich Gardens, where a tent had been pitched for him to undress, and shortly after the hour named Captain Webb, who had covered himself with Spermaceti oil, instead of the porpoise oil which he used when he crossed the Channel, entered the water. A small steam launch for the accommodation of the umpire, &c., together with two small boats, one of which carried the necessary refreshments, accompanied the swimmer. After plunging into the water Captain Webb kept to near the Middlesex shore, and thus experienced great inconvenience by finding himself close to the Gasworks, which render the water most offensive at that spot. The morning, with the exception of a little drizzling rain, was fine, and at first all went well. By 10 o'clock Webb arrived off Greenhithe, when the tide turned, and he turned with it. A strong breeze had by this time sprung up, but having his back to the wind, and by keeping close to the Essex shore, he managed to avoid the worst of the surf. Passing the Cornwall training-ships shortly before 11 he was enthusiastically cheered by the lads on board, and shortly after noon he had passed Erith Church. At intervals he had been supplied with some beef, a little ale, and some beef tea. In Raynham Reach, owing to his getting into an eddy, severely injured progress was made for about an hour, and the weather continued to change for the worse, the water being both lumpy and dirty. The swimmer now began to show signs of fatigue, and Mr. Gulston, the umpire, told him that, owing to the violence of the breeze, it was no use contending against impossibilities. Captain Webb, however, persevered until arriving at Woolwich, when he was obliged to give in, and retired to the shore, after having been in the water for nine hours.

SYDNEY.

A contributor to the "Ballarat Courier" from Sydney gives the following, which does not say much for the morals of the great Treacle metropolis.—Sydney is without mistake the worst place I have visited in the colonies for filthy language in the streets. Anyone going down George street between eight and ten in the evening, will every five minutes, if he is accompanied by a lady, wish she was hard of hearing.

The penny-ainers of Sydney are without doubt outspoken. No going behind the bush to tell the whole truth. As an example, I send you the following from a new weekly journal called "Life"—Why don't the police put down the many cafes and dens of infamy that are open all night in Sydney? We shrug our shoulders, and can only solve the conundrum in our own fashion.—(1.) That the head of our police force is incompetent to superintend the execution of the law. (2.) That the night-houses are frequented by so many big bugs that interference with such sweet pleasures would be visited with a terrible vengeance. (3.) That the emolument attached to blindness exceeds those accruing to duty. (4.) That if you smoke yourself, you cannot interfere with another's weed. (5.) That the law, or instructions are not half stringent enough. This is plain speaking, with vengeance; and there may be more truth in it than exaggeration. But, if that is hot, what think "The Courier" readers of the following ament the lawyers at the police courts:—

On receiving justice I will rejoice To see such rogues before thy shrine! A snivelling pack, whose greedy maws They fill with garbage of the law. Who reel in court with cross-mark'd faces, And damn their suffering clients' cases! For what care they, the dirty elves When they are doubly-damned themselves? They have not honesty, nor sense, Nor zealous, nor eloquence; E'en legal lore these rogues all lack, And save their scaly crests of black, Their noses red, protruding toes, Their dirty shirts, and ragged clothes, Their touting, lies, and ev'ry phase Of dunning laws in right-o'-ways: One thing there is—and very sure, These scoundrels know nought of the law.

Larrikinitis is in full vigour, and I must say, larrikinitis seems as plentiful as their male friends, the hoodlums. As for tobacco-smoking, almost every boy you meet over five years carries his cutty, and the number of old drunken lags knocking about all over the city is legion. As for loafers, cripples, blind beggars, and hurly-burgies, Sydney knocks all the places I have visited into fits.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEBUILDERS.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" gives the following, which may be read with advantage by persons about to erect new residences:—"How few people comprehend that the air penetrates into the soil for a great distance, and rises, particularly at night, bringing up with it all the noxious gases with which it has come in contact. Hence the necessity that in the case of one-storied houses a current of air should pass underneath, or that the floor should be well elevated. A friend of mine has forcibly drawn my attention to this. For a long time he lived in a three-storied house in the city, and enjoyed capital health, sleeping on the second floor. However, in the fulness of time he married, and brought his bride to a pretty cottage orna, in one of the most salubrious suburbs. A few months after shifting his health began to decline, and his chest troubled him greatly. Being somewhat of a scientific turn, he began to study out the cause. It was soon apparent. When he returned home late at night as soon as he opened the door and entered the house he noticed a strong, earthy, mephitic smell, and on stooping down to the boards he at once smelt the foul gases rising up, as in a vapour from the earth, being attracted by the heat of the rooms. On examining the house it was found to be built right on the earth, the floor being only separated from the ground by small joists. My friend moved at once into a two-storied house, and his health returned. Now as one storied houses are the rule in country districts, it would be well for people to think over what I have written. A strong draught under the floor will do much to destroy the gases, and the beds should be as high as possible."

Under the heading of "Waifs of the Sea," the "Hobart Town Mercury" writes:—"Two pieces of paper, one of which has spent many months on the sea, the other only a few days, have recently come to light on the West Coast. One was found enclosed in a square bottle picked up by Messrs. L. Castray and R. Wilson, at Bluff Point, near the Arthur River, on the 7th of this month. The writing upon it is as follows:—"August 17th, 1877.—Ship Timaru, from Glasgow, bound to Otago, New Zealand; 65 days at sea; all well; lat. 43 deg. 57 min. long." (the paper at this point is worn away). The document is signed 'T. H. Taylor, master,' who adds, 'if found please report.' The other paper was enclosed in a pickle bottle found by Mr. J. W. B. Castray between Macquarie Harbor and the Henty River on the 15th August last. It appears to have been dated 8th August, 1878—seven days before the ship was picked up—and was prepared in lat. 34 deg. 20 min., and long. 143 deg. 5 min. The writer says:—"Checked onboard for fun by the surgeon of the Carlisle Castle, and by whom this will be picked up, if ever.—H.B." Nautical men find it interesting to ascertain the direction of the currents by these papers. It is a little curious that they should have been cast into the sea at widely different places and times, and been found on the same coast within a short period of each other.

NOTE.—Why should I be without a PAINO or ORGAN, when I can get my choice of a splendid assortment, at FAR LESS than Melbourne prices, and pay for them by monthly instalments, or, if preferring a liberal discount, for cash at B. H. Sutton and Co's. new Pianoforte and Organ Warehouse, 31 Sturt-street, Ballarat. EXQUIRE THE FACT.—[Advt.]

GARDENING FOR SEPTEMBER.

This month the garden will be a constant source of attraction, what with shrubs making their spring growth and the many varieties of bulbs, and other blooming plants, successively coming into bloom at this season, forming varied subjects of interest, ever new. Some of the most prominent flowering plants of this month, and worthy of note, are Cuntia Dependens, a beautiful showy plant at this season; Beckia plicata, Thryptomena Mitchellii, Diosma Ericoides, Alexandria uniflora, and Ciantinus punctatus; the last-named is a very free-blooming shrub, and, if trained to a single stem, forms one of the most handsome shrubs in the garden. Boronia Megastigma is now blooming fine, and as a perfumed plant, no garden should be without it; its fragrance is truly delightful.

The work of planting out shrubs, etc., should be pushed forward without delay; all annuals of former sowing that are large enough may now be planted, and fresh sowings made, sowing freely of the following:—Nemophila, Rhodanthus, Aquilegia, Silenes, Phlox Drummondii, Cinuosa, Acroclium, etc.; plant out from stock, bed Verbenas Petunias, and other soft-woody plants where wanted, and fill all vacancies in borders; woody plants of Verbenas should be replaced with young healthy stock, which will be much more satisfactory in the blooming season. Plants of the showy striped and blotched Petunias should be put out, so that they may get established before the hot weather sets in when they are most showy plants of the season. Now is the best time to plant out all climbers; young plants put in now, and protected from frost, will thrive much better than those that were put in much earlier.

Roses in pots will require attention, such as breaking out unnecessary shoots, applying liquid manure if required, keeping off green fly, etc. Saw in the open border the variegated Japanese Maize, and the double sun-flower Helianthus, fl. pl. Anemones, Tulips, Hyacinths, and Ranunculus will be in bloom during the month; opportunity should be taken to mark the choicer sorts, so as to get rid of all inferior kinds. Borders that have been dug some time will now need hoeing at once, cleaning at the same time, and thinning out patches of annuals. Continue to hoe walks, hard-wood verges, etc.

THE ORCHARD.—Grafting should now be brought to a close as soon as possible. Apples and Pears that have not fairly pushed their shoots may yet be done early this month; grafts that were put on last month, where clay is cracking, should be re-covered. Vines may be grafted as soon as they begin to shoot; this is the most successful mode in what is termed cleft-grafting, and if done below the surface, and earthed up after the operation is performed, the chances of success will be much greater; this is the best plan to utilise an established but inferior variety. Vines done this way generally bear the second year. All kind of fruit trees should be thoroughly cleaned of aphid, red spider, scale, etc., this being the best season for doing it, before the buds break into leaf. Peaches that are infested with black aphid should be frequently syringed with soap and water, not too strong, or it will injure the young leaves; towards the end of the month disbanding and breaking out of useless shoots should receive prompt attention. Strawberry beds should be cleaned and thoroughly mulched with some clean litter or tan, to prevent the fruit from getting dirty and thereby useless.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Hoe and thin out the following crops of Peas, Spinach, Carrots, Parsnips, Onions, etc. The planting of the main crop of potatoes should be finished early this month. The forcing of Seakale must still be attended to. Asparagus beds must be formed and put into order, as the shoots will begin to show early in the month. Peas of the large growing kinds may now be put in, such as McLean's Advancer, Veitch's Perfection, Climax, Yorkshire Hero, Beck's Prize-taker, etc.; in French Beans a good sowing may be made of Early Yellow and Pale Dun, which are both hardy and good early dwarf varieties; so also of the Zebra Runner, which requires to be staked and planted three feet between the rows; this is one of the most prolific beans grown, being of excellent flavour and good size. Cucumbers and Melons that are large enough may be planted on prepared ground, care being taken that they do not suffer from cold or wet. A sowing may be made of Vegetable Marrow, Pumpkin, Squash, etc. Sow Lettuce in drills where they are intended to stand; plant out leeks, make fresh sowings of Mustard, Cress, and Radish, and keep up the linings of Cucumber beds which may be more freely supplied with air as the season advances.—"Australian Journal."

English Mail.

Table with columns: Day, Destination, Date. Includes Melbourne, London, and other routes.

Victorian Railways.

TIME TABLE.

Table with columns: From Melbourne to Stawell, Arrive at, Depart from, etc. Lists various stations and times.

F A R E S.

Table with columns: From Melbourne to, First-class, Second-class. Lists fares to various destinations.

Seaford Post Office.

TIME TABLE, 1878.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at, Mails depart from. Lists Seaford and surrounding areas.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!

Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly natural and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the pain from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers every where at 1s. 13d. per bottle. Manufactured at 493 Oxford-street, London.

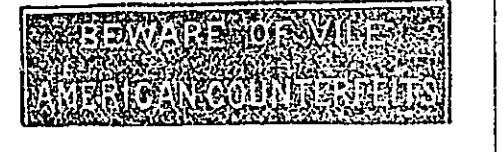
THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.

All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be greatly benefited by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "Lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 13d. per box. People troubled with a "lacking cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as similar troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp attached to each box.—Manufactured by John J. Brown & Sons, Boston, United States. Depot, 493 Oxford-street, London.

OLYMPIAN IS LIFE.—Do. Bright's Phosphodyne. Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Indigestion of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., who cease admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphodyne (Ozone Oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the exhausted constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. See CAUTION.—Phosphorus is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form where solid particles of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

FLORELIN—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.

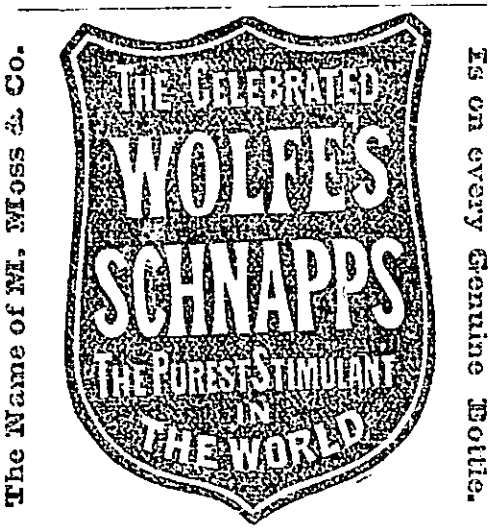
A few drops of the liquid "Florelin" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florelin" being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Prepared by Henry C. Gallup, 493 Oxford-street, London.



Of Holloway's Pills and Ointment. I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Australasia to the fact that Messrs. Henry, Olman and Co., Wholesale Druggists, of New York, have Agencies in various parts, and that their Travellers are going all over the country vending Spurious imitations of my Pills and Ointment, which they make in New York, and which bear some resemblance to my trade mark, but are entirely different in their nature, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of expelling all impurities is to take Holloway's Pills, which have the power of cleansing the blood from all noxious matters, expelling all humors, which tend to impoverish it, and thereby purify and invigorate and give general tone to the system. Young and old, robust or delicate, may alike experience their beneficial effects. Myriads affirm that these Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of health by purifying and regulating the fluids, and strengthening the solids.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, London" engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533, Oxford-street, London, where alone they are Manufactured.

THE GENUINE WOLF'S SCHNAPPS



£50 REWARD.

It having come to our knowledge that certain unprincipled persons in Melbourne and the interior of the colony are retailing under the name of Wolf's Schnapps a spurious adulterated article.

We hereby GIVE NOTICE that in order to prevent a continuance of such proceedings, and TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC FROM IMPOSITION,

we have initiated measures whereby a full exposure of such practices will be effected and made public, and further action will be taken with the view to PROSECUTE Offenders under the Act of Parliament which inflicts a Fine or Imprisonment for such offences.

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of offenders.

The GENUINE WOLF'S SCHNAPPS is naturally more costly than other compounds, which the GOVERNMENT ANALYTICAL CHEMIST of N.S.W. has found to consist of "Different kinds of Spirits sweetened and otherwise mixed."

Hence the attempts of unscrupulous dealers to substitute them upon the names of the PUBLIC. We should be extremely desirous of the PUBLIC in carefully looking for our name on the top label of the wrapper of each bottle, and in rejecting all other kinds, no matter under what pretence they are offered.

Sole Agents for Australia and New Zealand:

M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

Holloway's Ointment.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds. THERE is no medicinal preparation which has been so thoroughly tried upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body both locally and constitutionally. The Ointment rubbed around the part affected enters the pores as salt per se, and it quickly penetrates to the source of evil, and drives it from the system.

Relaxed and congested throats elongated uvula ulcerated or curdled tonsils whooping cough, croup wheezing from accumulated mucus, and other difficulties of respiration from colds, croup, diphtheria and whooping cough, may with certainty be cured by rubbing this healing Ointment over the chest and back for at least half an hour twice a day assisted by appropriate doses of Holloway's Pills.

There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due fomentation with warm water. It acts by stimulating the absorbents and promoting a free and copious circulation in the parts affected, thence speedily and effectually it cures a cure.

Pills, Fistulas, and Exhortations.

The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted other applications, has been so countless and notorious throughout the world that any effort to give an adequate detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to know that the Ointment has never proved inefficacious.

In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone, and Gravel.

The Ointment's sovereign remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief. Whenever this Ointment has been once used it has established its own worth, and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy in all disorders of the kidneys.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:—

Table with columns: Bad Legs, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, etc. Lists various ailments treated by the medicine.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 533, Oxford-street, London; also by every respectable Vendor of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each Box and Pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.

NO body should be without these Pills. Their long tried efficacy in curing disorders of the liver and stomach, stimulating the bowels, and purifying the blood, has secured for them an imperishable name throughout the world. A few doses produce a most short continuance effects a complete cure. Invalids may look forward towards this rectifying and revivifying medicine with the certainty of obtaining relief.

How to Enjoy Life.

Is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of expelling all impurities is to take Holloway's Pills, which have the power of cleansing the blood from all noxious matters, expelling all humors, which tend to impoverish it, and thereby purify and invigorate and give general tone to the system. Young and old, robust or delicate, may alike experience their beneficial effects. Myriads affirm that these Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of health by purifying and regulating the fluids, and strengthening the solids.

Our Mothers and Daughters.

The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and purest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages, and most precious at the turn of life, or when entering into womanhood.

Debilitated Constitutions—Bad Coughs.

In general debility, mental depression, and nervous depression, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills. They soothe the system, strengthen the nerves and system generally, give tone to the stomach, elevate the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a total and most delightful revivification in his whole system. Thousands of persons have testified that, by their use alone, they have been restored to health after all other means have proved unsuccessful.

Indigestion and its Cure.

Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the bane of thousands, who pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these Pills according to the accompanying directions. They strengthen and invigorate every organ subservient to digestion, and effect a cure without debilitating or exhausting the system; on the contrary they support and conserve the vital principle by a complete purification of the blood.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Table with columns: Ague, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Debility, Dropsy, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil, Sore Throat, Stone and Gravel, Secondary Symptoms, Tic-Doloureux, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Virus of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c., &c.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's establishment, 533, Oxford-street, London; also, by every respectable Vendor of Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Boxes and Pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen, and the smallest pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each box and pot and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

"Is there no hope? the sick man said; The silent doctor shook his head."

"While there is life there is hope, he cried."

"Ergate, dnas, uninus, cat, apes cat."

DR. L. L. SMITH,

(The only legally-qualified medical man advertising) CONSULTS.

On all affections of the Nervous System, (no matter how long continued.)

On all broken-down constitutions.

On all diseases arising from early indiscretions.

On Gout.

On Rheumatism.

On these colonies, those excesses which we have indulged in "hot youth" tell upon us with fearful interest.

Our regrets are useless, our repentings futile. The sole idea should be the chances we possess of remedying them by us already have, or combining the efforts likely to result. Hitherto it has been, just as good an exterior as the sea, still is the virtue consists that he is a living lie, and that sooner or later his views will discover him to the world. Our faith, our obligations to society at large, the welfare of our future offspring, and the duty we owe to ourselves, forbid procrastination, and points out to us, not to wait till the ravages break out in our constitutions.

Before negotiating with a merchant, before engaging with a confidential clerk; before employing a barrister, a careful man makes enquiries as to their standing; their length of occupancy or residence; and, in the case of a legal adviser, but as to his legal qualifications and as to his capabilities of transacting the individual business he is consulted upon. Strange to say, however, in the selection of a medical man, the sufferer frequently omits these necessary precautions, and without regard to fitness, qualifications, experience, or ability for the particular ailment requiring treatment, he consults the nearest "man," whose experience and practice, perhaps, lies in quite an opposite direction.

It is astonishing that so many are driven mad, are ruined in health, and have bankrupt in spirits, hope and money? I have not too far ventured to tell them that I, Dr. L. L. Smith, am the only legally qualified medical man advertising in the colonies? I have not also proceeded, at my own expense, these very queries, and exposed the various nostrums they are selling,—such as Phosphodyne, Essence of Life, Sec.—and had proved to be all forgeries. It is for this reason that I step out of the ethics of the profession and advertise to give those who require the services of my branch an opportunity of knowing they can consult a legally qualified man, and one, moreover, who has made this his special study.

Dr. L. L. Smith is the only legally qualified medical man advertising, and he has been in Melbourne 24 years in full practice on

Nervous Diseases.

Loss of Power and Debility.

Syphilitic Diseases.

Want of Constitution.

Gout and Rheumatism.

Dr. L. L. SMITH can be consulted by letter.—Fee 2l. Medicines forwarded to all the colonies.

DR. L. L. SMITH, 182 Collins street, ast. Late the Residence of the Governor, MELBOURNE.

Printed and published by HENRY BARNES for the proprietors, at the office, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, Victoria.