

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley, English, 5s; Cape barley, 2s 6d; wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; oats, 2s 2d to 2s 7d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L2 to L2 7s 6d; straw, 10s; do; wheaten, L1 5s; peas, 3s to 3s 1d; bran, 10s; pollard, 10s 1d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L5 5s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

The produce market continues fairly animated, and wheat is, if anything, a trifle firmer, the maintenance of the Melbourne price having had a hardening effect on local rates. We have heard of several sales being made at 3s 4 1/2 on Friday, and as much as 3s 5d was obtained for a fair sample, bags returned. Local flour continues to have a good trade at L5 10s, but up-country can be bought for L5, and one lot on Saturday was purchased at L7 15s at platform. The deliveries of wheat have been large at Horsesham, and the price is stronger. During the week the figure rose to 3s 5d, in consequence of grain being required for shipment. It is, however, now steady at 3s 3d to 3s 3 1/2d. A further rise has taken place at Donald where 3s 4 1/2 now rules, and the late improvement to 3s 4d is still maintained at St. Arnaud. The same price is given at Avoca for wheat, and L5 per ton for flour. The Lanesborough quotations are also 3s 4d for wheat, and L5 for flour. Oats in this district have had a fair amount of business at 2s. On Saturday a mixed parcel of fifty-five bags changed hands at 1s 9d. Pollard is a little easier, and can be bought at 9d to 10d. Potatoes have been fairly supplied at last week's rates. A good quantity of chaff has been sent away westward at L2 15s on the trucks. Hay remains unaltered, but as the busy season is being entered upon the supply may be expected to slacken and prices rise correspondingly. Fresh butter is rather scarce and our quotation is a firm one, and cheese is worth 4d to 5d; some loads even realising a little figure. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 7d bags in; oats, 2s to 2s 1d; pollard, 10d; bran, 9d; Cape barley 2s 9d; English, barley, 3s 9d; peas, 2s 9d; maize (crushed), none; maize (whole), none; flour L3 to L3 10s; Warrnambool potatoes, L2 15s per ton; Ballarat do., L2 5s; hay, (sheaves), L2 per ton; hay (trussed) L2 5s per ton; straw (wheaten), 20s per ton; do. (oaten), 30s per ton; chaff, 2s 6d per cwt; carrots, 2s 9d; onions, 5s 6d per cwt; butter (fresh), 9s to 10d per lb; butter (pot), 7d per lb; hams, 11d to 1s per lb; bacon, 9d per lb; cheese, 5s per lb; eggs, 9d per dozen. Advertiser.

SUDDEN DEATH OF PRINCE LEOPOLD.

(FROM THE ARGUS CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, March 28. His Royal Highness the Duke of Albany (Prince Leopold), the youngest son of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, died suddenly to-day (Friday) at Cannes, in the South of France, where he was staying.

His Royal Highness had attended a ball early in the week, and no report of his being ill was received.

Further particulars have been received respecting the sudden death of the Duke of Albany.

It appears that His Royal Highness slipped on the stairs of the club, injuring his knee. He was removed to the villa of Captain Percival, where he was placed in bed, no serious results being anticipated. He read the newspapers, and at supper conversed gaily with those around him.

At 2 o'clock in the morning, Dr. Royle, who was sleeping in the Duke's bedroom, was startled by hearing His Royal Highness breathing heavily. The doctor immediately got up, Captain Percival was sent for, and every attention was rendered to the patient, but without avail. Epileptic convulsions ensued, and in six minutes the Duke died in the arms of his host.

The immediate cause of death was effusion on the brain. His Royal Highness was previously in splendid health, and on the preceding day (Thursday) had written in a cheerful tone to the Duchess of Albany at Claremont, where she was staying, expecting shortly to be confined.

Her Majesty the Queen is seriously prostrated by the shock caused by the sad news. The ex-Empress Eugenie visited the Queen, and stayed several hours endeavoring to console Her Majesty.

The official statement as to the death of the Duke of Albany assigns apoplexy as the cause. It is expected that the Prince of Wales will on Wednesday proceed to Cannes for the purpose of bringing the body of his brother to Windsor.

In consequence of the sudden death of the Duke, the marriage of Prince Louis of Battenberg to the Princess Victoria, eldest daughter of the Grand Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt and the late Princess Alice of England, has been postponed.

The remains of His Royal Highness the Duke of Albany will be interred in the Royal Mausoleum at Frogmore on Saturday. Her Majesty the Queen and the Duchess of Albany, who were greatly prostrated by the death of the Duke, are now rallying from the shock.

The Railway Commissioners have adopted a new rule by which the travelling public will be enabled to obtain periodical tickets at any time during the year, and they will only be asked to pay in proportion to the time during which the tickets are in use.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Barr, J.; Boyd, M. Corkhill, J.; Conway, Mrs. J.; Callcott, R. Emmett, E.; Edwards, C.; Ellis, Miss, Kerr, A.; Keating, J. Luff, G. Mitchell, J.; M'Leod, J.; McDonald, J.; M'Mulhull, J.; Manners, T. Newling, Emily. Phillips, H. Reid, G.; Ramsay, H. Smith, E.; Summer, John; Stewart, W. Summers, J.; Sutherland, Kate; Speikins, J. Trethowan, N. Westbrook, Robert. E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 4th, 1884.

Birth. KLENDER.—On the 1st instant, at East Chadton, the wife of R. M. Klunder of a daughter. Both doing well.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1884.

THE pang of the last separation comes to all alike. The blight and chilling influence of death falls upon the Royal palace and the humble tenement in an equal degree. The dark shadow levels all distinctions, and the poignancy of grief is as deeply realised in the one case as the other. It has been said, but we think fallaciously, that the pride of place and the possession of riches are a great solation in softening the acute edge of the sorrow felt when the grim old harvester gathers in a life that is loved and esteemed, and reckoned as a pearl beyond price. We believe that the idea of the power of riches and high station compensating for the loss of one that has been loved is altogether an empty notion, for to be the people who are thus bereaved in a prosperous or lowly condition, they equally feel the deprivation. If the wishes of their hearts, and the aspirations of their souls could be interpreted, they would be clothed in the beautiful words of the poet Tennyson, "Oh! for the touch of a vanished hand, and the sound of a voice that is still." The icy grasp of death is "a touch of nature that makes the world kin," and one and all feel regret at the loss of a good, useful, and honorable life, and a deep sympathy with those near relatives who mourn over their death. We are sure that such a degree of sympathy is felt for our beloved sovereign, Queen Victoria, in the loss of her youngest son, Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, whose rather sudden death occurred at Cannes, in the south of France (where he was staying) on Friday last, 28th ult. The Queen, like many of her subjects, has lost her loved ones when the years seemed to be laden for them with the promises of higher aim, or the practice of womanly affection and wifely devotion. Prince Albert died when in the possession of those full powers of intellect and ability, and that steadfast purpose which directed their use to the benefit of the nation. Princess Alice yielded up her gentle spirit when she was yet young, the light of a happy domestic circle, the beloved of husband and children. And now another blow has fallen on Her Majesty in the death of a son, who, of all the Princes of the Royal Family, had shown that he possessed a large share of the intellect and ability of his father, whom the nation honored as Albert the Good. The deceased Prince was never very strong or robust, but his death occurred in a very unexpected manner, and appears to have been occasioned by his slipping down stairs causing an injury to one of his knees. The accident, which did not appear serious at first, resulted in a succession of fits, and death from effusion of the brain. In these distant lands we perhaps can hardly estimate that the death of a Prince could be regarded as a national loss, but in this present instance it is so, but it was not the title that shed dignity on the man, but the man that shed lustre on the title. A contemporary writing of the decease of Prince Leopold, observes, "While he was an excellent son and husband, he was one of the most valuable members of Queen Victoria's family to the British people, for he was untiring, when able to leave his house, or to remain in the old country, to make himself useful in this manner. So prompt was he in responding in an acquiescent spirit to any invitation he received to take part in a national or local movement, so effective a speaker was he, so liberal and well-timed were his remarks, and so free was he from anything like the least hauteur, that amongst all the men out of political life, he was unquestionably the greatest favorite in every British circle. He heartily identified himself with science and art, and was enthusiastic in the cause of the education and social and moral improvement of the British race, while he was probably the staunchest advocate of the rights of working men that ever lived in a mansion or palace." It is not difficult to realise that the loss of such a man is national in the truest and highest sense of the word, but it would be hard to measure the degree of sympathy felt for his bereaved and Royal mother, and his young wife, widowed in a little over two years. And we feel sure that sympathy and regret will be felt in all the Australian colonies, for the Queen has earned the fullest measure of love and respect from her subjects, and that which wounds her wounds her people also.

THE Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" supplies the following:—

Although his colleagues think Mr. Speight is rather too much "I," and too little "We," the Railway Commissioners, yet every story that leaks out about him proves him to be a man with a genuinely square head. He recognises that railways are built for the public convenience, and that the public are not clever enough to make a bad thing worse. The extension of the term for which Easter excursion tickets are available to one month is a step in the right direction, and several other popular changes are approaching fruition. The sort of man our new commissioner is may be judged of by an anecdote. It has been customary when cricketers, footballers, &c. come, travelled hither and yonder, were permitted to travel over the New South Wales lines at half fares, but on the Victorian were charged a special and much higher rate. Mr. Speight asked one of his officers the other day why was this, and was told it was in accord with the eternal fitness of things, and that it would be against all the precedents of the Department to make any concession. "D— your precedents," said the commissioner, "if New South Wales can do it we can, and I intend to alter it."

Universality of the use of Wolfe's Schnapps is readily accounted for. It is a natural reluctance on the part of persons, especially invalids, to venture on any untried remedy and it is only when one is talked about, discussed, commented on, referred to, that people seek to test its virtues. Wolfe's Schnapps has been almost a household word in the mouths of the thousands who have been restored, or relieved, by its use, and it is certainly proverbial for the wonderful cures it has consummated since its introduction.

A new and ingenious method of tooth-drawing has just been invented by a dentist of Geneva. A small square of indiarubber, pierced with a central hole, is pushed over the tooth till the upper part is reached. The indiarubber gradually contracts, pulls on the root, and the offending tooth is finally eradicated, without causing the patient any pain whatever. Four or five days are generally required to complete the operation. Very slight bleeding and a slight swelling of the gum are the only inconspicuous experiences.

The Wallaroo correspondent of the "Pleasant Creek News" reports that the farmers in that district are about to join together for the purpose of erecting grain stores both at Stawell and Swanwater, so that they can, for a moderate price, store their own grain and watch the market when such a course is desirable. It is also proposed that the caretaker of these stores take out an auctioneer's license, in order that he may put up the grain to public competition when requested to do so by the owners.

An "Argus" cablegram states that Sir Henry Brougham Lock, K.C.B., Commissioner of Woods and Forests, has been appointed to succeed His Excellency the Marquis of Normanby as governor of Victoria.

The Bible in State Schools League (the "Telegraph") after having suspended active operations for some time in order to give the voluntary system a fair trial, has determined to resume the agitation, as it is considered that the experiment of endeavoring to overturn the religious instruction of the children by voluntary effort has not succeeded.

The English mail closes at the Beaufort Post Office on Wednesday next.

BEAUFORT ATHLETIC CLUB.

The twelfth annual gathering under the auspices of the above club, to be held on Easter Monday, promises to be even more successful than any of its predecessors. The handsome sum of £24 16s is offered for public competition, and as may be seen from the list below the athletes have responded well. This is all the more satisfactory owing to the fact that the committee have decided to devote the net proceeds of the gathering to the improvement of the proposed new recreation reserve and public park at the old reservoir. By way of a novelty the committee have secured the services of a Highland piper, who will discourse music on the grounds in full Highland costume. There will also be merry-go-round and athletic circus on the grounds, and several other novelties. Pedestrians and others are reminded that Tuesday next is the last day on which acceptance will be received for the several local events. In the evening, a company of local minstrels, who designate themselves the "Snowflakes" will provide an evening's entertainment, at the Beaufort Societies' Hall, when the prizes won during the day will be distributed. The following are the handicaps for the principal events:—

BEAUFORT HANDBICAP. 100 yards. G. P. Freeman, Melbourne, scratch. P. Kitz, North Brighton, 2 yds. W. G. Black, Yalla-yalla, 4 yds. J. H. Trezise, Black Lead, 2 yds. E. Stokess, Ballarat, 2 yds. G. Perkins, Sunnyside, 2 yds. Robert Young, Ballarat, 2 yds. W. Wood, Melbourne, 2 yds. D. M'Leannan, Alva, 2 yds. T. Trezise, Black Lead, 2 yds. J. Lyons, Altona, 2 yds. W. D. Harting, Dunkeld, 3 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 3 yds. Jas. Darcy, Ballarat, 3 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 3 yds. "G. A. Murray," 3 yds. R. Waugh, Beaufort, 4 yds. O. Holgate, Horsham, 4 yds. F. W. Wood, Melbourne, 4 yds. "Richmond," Hamilton, 4 yds. H. Phillips, Sunnyside, 4 yds. H. W. Dolman, Sunnyside, 4 yds. C. E. Hunter, Creswick, 4 yds. B. Murphy, Kewell, 4 yds. J. S. Leach, Horsham, 4 yds. J. M. Manson, Hamilton, 4 yds. J. Wright, Creswick, 4 yds. Thomas Cliff, Dobies Bridge, 4 yds. M. Travis, Beaufort, 4 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 4 yds. "C. Clark," Ballarat, 5 yds. Charles Oll, Dunsmuir, 5 yds. T. Wood, Melbourne, 5 yds. P. O'Leary, Mount Egerton, 5 yds. S. A. M'Naughton, Travalla, 5 yds. James Doyle, Ararat, 5 yds. F. W. Wood, Melbourne, 5 yds. H. Ball, Beaufort, 6 yds. W. Ross, Altona, 6 yds. G. P. Freeman, Melbourne, 6 yds. P. Kitz, North Brighton, 2 yds. J. H. G. Black, Yalla-yalla, 3 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 3 yds. G. Perkins, Sunnyside, 4 yds. J. Bradshaw, Horsham, 5 yds. J. H. Trezise, Black Lead, 5 yds. D. M'Leannan, Alva, 5 yds. Robert Young, Ballarat, 5 yds. C. Lyons, Altona, 5 yds. W. D. Harting, Dunkeld, 6 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 6 yds. James Darcy, Ballarat, 6 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 6 yds. W. Ross, Altona, 6 yds. O. Holgate, Horsham, 7 yds. J. H. Trezise, Black Lead, 7 yds. G. E. S. Hunter, Creswick, 7 yds. "A. W. Dolman," Sunnyside, 7 yds. H. Phillips, Sunnyside, 7 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 8 yds. J. Wright, Creswick, 8 yds. J. Ryan, Gordon's, 8 yds. James Leach, Horsham, 8 yds. B. Murphy, Kewell, 8 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 8 yds. Thomas Cliff, Dobies Bridge, 9 yds. S. A. M'Naughton, Travalla, 10 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 10 yds. Thomas Thompson, Ballarat, 11 yds. James Doyle, Ararat, 11 yds. John Adams, Beaufort, 12 yds. F. W. Wood, Melbourne, 12 yds. G. P. Freeman, Melbourne, 12 yds. G. E. S. Hunter, Creswick, 10 yds. James Lawson, Woodend, 11 yds. David Manson, Hamilton, 12 yds. T. Wood, Melbourne, 12 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 12 yds. W. Thomas, Ballarat, 15 yds. G. H. Caldwell, Raglan, 10 yds. J. Reinkens, Hume, 20 yds. Hume Race, 200 yards. James Lawson, Kewell, scratch. D. M'Leannan, Alva, 2 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 2 yds. W. Murphy, Kewell, 4 yds. T. Trezise, Black Lead, 6 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 7 yds. P. Ryan, Gordon's, 8 yds. P. O'Brien, Beaufort, 8 yds. F. W. Clarke, Melbourne, 9 yds. C. Oll, Dunsmuir, 9 yds. W. Milne, Dunsmuir, 9 yds. P. O'Leary, Mount Egerton, 10 yds. G. L. Caldwell, Raglan, 10 yds. HANDBICAP FLAT RACE, 150 yards.—C. Loft, scratch; A. Loff, A. J. Chalmers, 5 yds.; P. Broadbent, 7 yds.; E. Carter, 8 yds.; E. A. Taylor, 8 yds.; M. Pimblett, 8 yds.; J. Murray, 8 yds.; G. Congie, 12 yds.

It is notified in another column that as the lambing season has commenced on the St. Enoch's estate no shooting or coursing can be allowed for the next two months. As Mr. Adams at all times is willing to allow legitimate sportsmen to go on his estate, it is to be hoped that the public will respect this notice and not encroach on the estate until the lambs have got strong.

On Monday next Messrs. Everingham, Greenfield, and Co. will offer some choice land for sale by auction, the property of Mr. J. H. Cameron, public attention is directed to a notice emanating from Mr. S. Nathan, furniture dealer, Melbourne, which appears in our first page.

The manager of the Working Miners Company reports as follows:—"The chamber is completed, and the drive is being continued. Of the drive being reduced to the proper size better progress may be expected."

We have received copies of the current numbers of the "Temperance News" and "Australian Journal."

The following are the reported yields for the week:—New Victoria, 115oz.; Royal Saxon, 75oz.; Hobart Pasha, 50oz.; South Victoria, 20oz.; Waterloo, 17oz.

We have received a copy of the current number of the "Sketcher," which is of more than usual interest. It contains two colored supplements, one depicting a number of incidents experienced by a pair of "globe trotters" on their visiting Austral. The other is entitled "The Bush Hawker," which displays the usual hawker showing his wares to a pair of young ladies. Both pictures are really good. The paper also contains a number of well-executed and interesting sketches, while the reading matter is of a varied character. Copies may be obtained from the local agent, Mr. H. P. Henningsen, at the published price of 1s.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" supplies the following:—Although his colleagues think Mr. Speight is rather too much "I," and too little "We," the Railway Commissioners, yet every story that leaks out about him proves him to be a man with a genuinely square head. He recognises that railways are built for the public convenience, and that the public are not clever enough to make a bad thing worse. The extension of the term for which Easter excursion tickets are available to one month is a step in the right direction, and several other popular changes are approaching fruition. The sort of man our new commissioner is may be judged of by an anecdote. It has been customary when cricketers, footballers, &c. come, travelled hither and yonder, were permitted to travel over the New South Wales lines at half fares, but on the Victorian were charged a special and much higher rate. Mr. Speight asked one of his officers the other day why was this, and was told it was in accord with the eternal fitness of things, and that it would be against all the precedents of the Department to make any concession. "D— your precedents," said the commissioner, "if New South Wales can do it we can, and I intend to alter it."

Universality of the use of Wolfe's Schnapps is readily accounted for. It is a natural reluctance on the part of persons, especially invalids, to venture on any untried remedy and it is only when one is talked about, discussed, commented on, referred to, that people seek to test its virtues. Wolfe's Schnapps has been almost a household word in the mouths of the thousands who have been restored, or relieved, by its use, and it is certainly proverbial for the wonderful cures it has consummated since its introduction.

A new and ingenious method of tooth-drawing has just been invented by a dentist of Geneva. A small square of indiarubber, pierced with a central hole, is pushed over the tooth till the upper part is reached. The indiarubber gradually contracts, pulls on the root, and the offending tooth is finally eradicated, without causing the patient any pain whatever. Four or five days are generally required to complete the operation. Very slight bleeding and a slight swelling of the gum are the only inconspicuous experiences.

The Wallaroo correspondent of the "Pleasant Creek News" reports that the farmers in that district are about to join together for the purpose of erecting grain stores both at Stawell and Swanwater, so that they can, for a moderate price, store their own grain and watch the market when such a course is desirable. It is also proposed that the caretaker of these stores take out an auctioneer's license, in order that he may put up the grain to public competition when requested to do so by the owners.

An "Argus" cablegram states that Sir Henry Brougham Lock, K.C.B., Commissioner of Woods and Forests, has been appointed to succeed His Excellency the Marquis of Normanby as governor of Victoria.

The Bible in State Schools League (the "Telegraph") after having suspended active operations for some time in order to give the voluntary system a fair trial, has determined to resume the agitation, as it is considered that the experiment of endeavoring to overturn the religious instruction of the children by voluntary effort has not succeeded.

The English mail closes at the Beaufort Post Office on Wednesday next.

BEAUFORT ATHLETIC CLUB.

The twelfth annual gathering under the auspices of the above club, to be held on Easter Monday, promises to be even more successful than any of its predecessors. The handsome sum of £24 16s is offered for public competition, and as may be seen from the list below the athletes have responded well. This is all the more satisfactory owing to the fact that the committee have decided to devote the net proceeds of the gathering to the improvement of the proposed new recreation reserve and public park at the old reservoir. By way of a novelty the committee have secured the services of a Highland piper, who will discourse music on the grounds in full Highland costume. There will also be merry-go-round and athletic circus on the grounds, and several other novelties. Pedestrians and others are reminded that Tuesday next is the last day on which acceptance will be received for the several local events. In the evening, a company of local minstrels, who designate themselves the "Snowflakes" will provide an evening's entertainment, at the Beaufort Societies' Hall, when the prizes won during the day will be distributed. The following are the handicaps for the principal events:—

BEAUFORT HANDBICAP. 100 yards. G. P. Freeman, Melbourne, scratch. P. Kitz, North Brighton, 2 yds. W. G. Black, Yalla-yalla, 4 yds. J. H. Trezise, Black Lead, 2 yds. E. Stokess, Ballarat, 2 yds. G. Perkins, Sunnyside, 2 yds. Robert Young, Ballarat, 2 yds. W. Wood, Melbourne, 2 yds. D. M'Leannan, Alva, 2 yds. T. Trezise, Black Lead, 2 yds. J. Lyons, Altona, 2 yds. W. D. Harting, Dunkeld, 3 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 3 yds. Jas. Darcy, Ballarat, 3 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 3 yds. "G. A. Murray," 3 yds. R. Waugh, Beaufort, 4 yds. O. Holgate, Horsham, 4 yds. F. W. Wood, Melbourne, 4 yds. "Richmond," Hamilton, 4 yds. H. Phillips, Sunnyside, 4 yds. H. W. Dolman, Sunnyside, 4 yds. C. E. Hunter, Creswick, 4 yds. B. Murphy, Kewell, 4 yds. J. S. Leach, Horsham, 4 yds. J. M. Manson, Hamilton, 4 yds. J. Wright, Creswick, 4 yds. Thomas Cliff, Dobies Bridge, 4 yds. M. Travis, Beaufort, 4 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 4 yds. "C. Clark," Ballarat, 5 yds. Charles Oll, Dunsmuir, 5 yds. T. Wood, Melbourne, 5 yds. P. O'Leary, Mount Egerton, 5 yds. S. A. M'Naughton, Travalla, 5 yds. James Doyle, Ararat, 5 yds. F. W. Wood, Melbourne, 5 yds. H. Ball, Beaufort, 6 yds. W. Ross, Altona, 6 yds. G. P. Freeman, Melbourne, 6 yds. P. Kitz, North Brighton, 2 yds. J. H. G. Black, Yalla-yalla, 3 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 3 yds. G. Perkins, Sunnyside, 4 yds. J. Bradshaw, Horsham, 5 yds. J. H. Trezise, Black Lead, 5 yds. D. M'Leannan, Alva, 5 yds. Robert Young, Ballarat, 5 yds. C. Lyons, Altona, 5 yds. W. D. Harting, Dunkeld, 6 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 6 yds. James Darcy, Ballarat, 6 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 6 yds. W. Ross, Altona, 6 yds. O. Holgate, Horsham, 7 yds. J. H. Trezise, Black Lead, 7 yds. G. E. S. Hunter, Creswick, 7 yds. "A. W. Dolman," Sunnyside, 7 yds. H. Phillips, Sunnyside, 7 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 8 yds. J. Wright, Creswick, 8 yds. J. Ryan, Gordon's, 8 yds. James Leach, Horsham, 8 yds. B. Murphy, Kewell, 8 yds. G. W. Murray, Woodend, 8 yds. Thomas Cliff, Dobies Bridge, 9 yds. S. A. M'Naughton, Travalla, 10 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 10 yds. Thomas Thompson, Ballarat, 11 yds. James Doyle, Ararat, 11 yds. John Adams, Beaufort, 12 yds. F. W. Wood, Melbourne, 12 yds. G. P. Freeman, Melbourne, 12 yds. G. E. S. Hunter, Creswick, 10 yds. James Lawson, Woodend, 11 yds. David Manson, Hamilton, 12 yds. T. Wood, Melbourne, 12 yds. E. F. Moore, Horsham, 12 yds. W. Thomas, Ballarat, 15 yds. G. H. Caldwell, Raglan, 10 yds. J. Reinkens, Hume, 20 yds. Hume Race, 200 yards. James Lawson, Kewell, scratch. D. M'Leannan, Alva, 2 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 2 yds. W. Murphy, Kewell, 4 yds. T. Trezise, Black Lead, 6 yds. D. Holgate, Horsham, 7 yds. P. Ryan, Gordon's, 8 yds. P. O'Brien, Beaufort, 8 yds. F. W. Clarke, Melbourne, 9 yds. C. Oll, Dunsmuir, 9 yds. W. Milne, Dunsmuir, 9 yds. P. O'Leary, Mount Egerton, 10 yds. G. L. Caldwell, Raglan, 10 yds.

It is notified in another column that as the lambing season has commenced on the St. Enoch's estate no shooting or coursing can be allowed for the next two months. As Mr. Adams at all times is willing to allow legitimate sportsmen to go on his estate, it is to be hoped that the public will respect this notice and not encroach on the estate until the lambs have got strong.

On Monday next Messrs. Everingham, Greenfield, and Co. will offer some choice land for sale by auction, the property of Mr. J. H. Cameron, public attention is directed to a notice emanating from Mr. S. Nathan, furniture dealer, Melbourne, which appears in our first page.

The manager of the Working Miners Company reports as follows:—"The chamber is completed, and the drive is being continued. Of the drive being reduced to the proper size better progress may be expected."

We have received copies of the current numbers of the "Temperance News" and "Australian Journal."

The following are the reported yields for the week:—New Victoria, 115oz.; Royal Saxon, 75oz.; Hobart Pasha, 50oz.; South Victoria, 20oz.; Waterloo, 17oz.

We have received a copy of the current number of the "Sketcher," which is of more than usual interest. It contains two colored supplements, one depicting a number of incidents experienced by a pair of "globe trotters" on their visiting Austral. The other is entitled "The Bush Hawker," which displays the usual hawker showing his wares to a pair of young ladies. Both pictures are really good. The paper also contains a number of well-executed and interesting sketches, while the reading matter is of a varied character. Copies may be obtained from the local agent, Mr. H. P. Henningsen, at the published price of 1s.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" supplies the following:—Although his colleagues think Mr. Speight is rather too much "I," and too little "We," the Railway Commissioners, yet every story that leaks out about him proves him to be a man with a genuinely square head. He recognises that railways are built for the public convenience, and that the public are not clever enough to make a bad thing worse. The extension of the term for which Easter excursion tickets are available to one month is a step in the right direction, and several other popular changes are approaching fruition. The sort of man our new commissioner is may be judged of by an anecdote. It has been customary when cricketers, footballers, &c. come, travelled hither and yonder, were permitted to travel over the New South Wales lines at half fares, but on the Victorian were charged a special and much higher rate. Mr. Speight asked one of his officers the other day why was this, and was told it was in accord with the eternal fitness of things, and that it would be against all the precedents of the Department to make any concession. "D— your precedents," said the commissioner, "if New South Wales can do it we can, and I intend to alter it."

Universality of the use of Wolfe's Schnapps is readily accounted for. It is a natural reluctance on the part of persons, especially invalids, to venture on any untried remedy and it is only when one is talked about, discussed, commented on, referred to, that people seek to test its virtues. Wolfe's Schnapps has been almost a household word in the mouths of the thousands who have been restored, or relieved, by its use, and it is certainly proverbial for the wonderful cures it has consummated since its introduction.

A new and ingenious method of tooth-drawing has just been invented by a dentist of Geneva. A small square of indiarubber, pierced with a central hole, is pushed over the tooth till the upper part is reached. The indiarubber gradually contracts, pulls on the root, and the offending tooth is finally eradicated, without causing the patient any pain whatever. Four or five days are generally required to complete the operation. Very slight bleeding and a slight swelling of the gum are the only inconspicuous experiences.

The Wallaroo correspondent of the "Pleasant Creek News" reports that the farmers in that district are about to join together for the purpose of erecting grain stores both at Stawell and Swanwater, so that they can, for a moderate price, store their own grain and watch the market when such a course is desirable. It is also proposed that the caretaker of these stores take out an auctioneer's license, in order that he may put up the grain to public competition when requested to do so by the owners.

An "Argus" cablegram states that Sir Henry Brougham Lock, K.C.B., Commissioner of Woods and Forests, has been appointed to succeed His Excellency the Marquis of Normanby as governor of Victoria.

The Bible in State Schools League (the "Telegraph") after having suspended active operations for some time in order to give the voluntary system a fair trial, has determined to resume the agitation, as it is considered that the experiment of endeavoring to overturn the religious instruction of the children by voluntary effort has not succeeded.

RIPONSHIRE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, 3RD APRIL, 1884.

Present: Crs. M'Kenzie (President, in the chair), Lewis, Adams, Murray, Smith, Woburnspon, and Cushing.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

From the Hon. P. Russell, complaining that the Council neglects to take steps to clear the adjoining properties to Langi Willit of rabbits.—Received.

From Quong Young, Snake Valley, complaining that his premises at Hard Hill are too highly rated.—Rates to be reduced to five shillings.

From the Department of Water Supply, asking for returns in connection with Beaufort water supply.—Received.

From the Shire of Lexton, stating that Mr. U. H. Jackson's report on the Waterloo water supply has been duly considered and that they are willing to share the expense of legal opinion respecting the legality of diverting the water from the Wimmera.—On the motion of Cr. Smith it was resolved that a legal opinion on the matter be obtained in accordance with the wishes of the Lexton Council, the secretary first to find out whether the springs are in the Ararat or Lexton shire.

From the Hampden Shire Council stating that an order had been made to enter the Bannock estate for the purpose of destroying the rabbits, and asking this Council to take similar means with respect to the land along the Emu Creek.—Received.

From the Lands Department, notifying the gazette of 29. 1. 1884, of land in the township of Beaufort, for public recreation.—Received.

From the District Land Office, notifying that inquiries will be made in reference to Mr. McDowell's selection at Mount Cole, and the road complained of by Mr. Brown.—Received.

From the Government Statist, notifying that a bonus of £9 is has been passed to the collector of agricultural statistics in the shire.—Received.

From James Gibbs, manager of the Saxon Consols Company, asking permission to mine under certain roams at Waterloo.—Permission granted on the usual terms.

From the Secretary for Lands, drawing attention to the regulation which makes it compulsory for managers of commons to publish a certified account of their receipts and expenditure for the year.—Received.

From the Hon. R. Simson, reminding the Council that last year they promised to repair the road at Laugi Kai-Kai, near the racecourse, and asking that the work be done as early as possible.—Tenders to be called for clearing the road.

From the Shire Council of Yea, asking that this Council will appoint delegates to meet at the Town Hall, Melbourne, on a future date, to further consider the suggestions of the Yea Shire Council with reference to the railway fares charged on up-country lines.—No action taken.

From the Railway Department, stating that the joint accounts with the Department, and this Council had been audited, and found correct, and enclosing voucher for £58 9s 3d, being the amount due the Council up to the 30th September last.—Received.

From the North Ovens Shire Council, asking this Council to co-operate in asking Parliament to impose a prohibitory tax on any other description of matches than safety matches, which will only ignite on the box prepared for them.—To lie on the table till next meeting.

From the Department of Agriculture, notifying that no portion of the Government grant for the present year for the improvement of public parks and gardens can be granted in regard to the new recreation reserve at the old Be

Contract No. 191.—Getting stony rise and supplying 300 yards main-pipe metal on the Carran-fall and Erambeen road.

THE RABBIT PEST. A good deal of discussion took place as to the best means of dealing with the rabbit pest on the several properties infested with the pest.

GENERAL BUSINESS. Pursuant to notice the President moved—that for the future no contractor's tender shall be accepted for any work unless fair and satisfactory progress is made on all contracts.

LOCAL LAND BOARD. A Local Land Board was held at the Court-house, Beaufort, on Thursday last, before Mr. J. Blundell, Land Officer.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to the reservation of a frontage to the creek, 4 chains wide, as requested by the Shire Council of Lexton.

49TH SECTION. James Thomas Harris, Erambeen, 20a.—Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to the reservation of a frontage to the creek, 4 chains wide, as requested by the Shire Council of Lexton.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

19TH SECTION. Recommended, subject to approved survey, and reference to Mines.

Working Miners Gold Mining Company, No-Responsibility, Waterloo. NOTICE.—A CALL (the 7th) of Three Pence per share has been made on the capital of the Company, due and payable at the Company's Office, Wellington, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of April, 1884.

Working Miners Gold Mining Company, No-Responsibility, Waterloo. NOTICE.—A MACHINERY CALL of Three Pence per share has been made on the capital of the Company, due and payable at the Company's Office, Wellington, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of April, 1884.

Beaufort Agricultural Society. NOTICE.—A GENERAL MEETING of the members of the above Society will be held at the Shire Hall, Beaufort, on the 12th of April next, at Two o'clock p.m.

Wanted. SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

MONDAY, 7TH APRIL, 1884, At 11 o'clock. On the Ground, Lake Goldsmith.

327 Acres of Arable Land, near the Lake. VERINGHAM, GREENFIELD, and CO. have received instructions from Mr. J. H. Cameron, jun., to offer by public auction, on the ground, at the homestead, as above.

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER. BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors' quantities, and prepare estimates.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, FOR CASH ONLY.

GEO. H. COUGLE, HAVING purchased the Stock and Goodwill of Mr. G. T. at a very low figure, will offer to the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts the very best quality considerably under Melbourne prices.

ON SALE, CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 4d. per plug.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT. Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co., Wm. McCulloch and Co., Permewan, Wright and Co., FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £3,000,000, Reserve Fund, £200,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances on STATION SECURITIES, ENSURING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC., FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

W. BAKER, Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturer, OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT.

John James Trevatt, Shoeing and Jobbing Smith, HAS COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. W. Buchanan, Havelock Street, Beaufort, and respectfully solicits a share of public support.

Synnot, Everingham, & Co., WOOL BROKERS, STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, (Established in 1853).

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER. BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors' quantities, and prepare estimates.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, FOR CASH ONLY.

GEO. H. COUGLE, HAVING purchased the Stock and Goodwill of Mr. G. T. at a very low figure, will offer to the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts the very best quality considerably under Melbourne prices.

ON SALE, CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 4d. per plug.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT. Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co., Wm. McCulloch and Co., Permewan, Wright and Co., FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £3,000,000, Reserve Fund, £200,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances on STATION SECURITIES, ENSURING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC., FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

W. BAKER, Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturer, OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT.

John James Trevatt, Shoeing and Jobbing Smith, HAS COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. W. Buchanan, Havelock Street, Beaufort, and respectfully solicits a share of public support.

Synnot, Everingham, & Co., WOOL BROKERS, STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, (Established in 1853).

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER. BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors' quantities, and prepare estimates.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, FOR CASH ONLY.

GEO. H. COUGLE, HAVING purchased the Stock and Goodwill of Mr. G. T. at a very low figure, will offer to the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts the very best quality considerably under Melbourne prices.

ON SALE, CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 4d. per plug.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT. Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co., Wm. McCulloch and Co., Permewan, Wright and Co., FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

AUTUMN SHOW! AUTUMN SHOW! We beg to intimate to our numerous customers that we are now showing our AUTUMN GOODS direct from the Home Manufacturers.

MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT. This Department, which is so well known, is stocked with Goods to suit all buyers. Calicoes from 2d. ; Flannels, from 3d. ; Shirtings, from 3d. ; Towellings, from 3d. ; Towels, from 1s. 9d. per dozen; and others too numerous to particularise.

Dress and Fancy Departments. Contain all the LATEST NOVELTIES and MATERIALS suitable for the coming season, EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES. Call, and see for yourselves.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. This grand addition to our premises enables us to keep one of the LARGEST RETAIL STOCKS in the colony, and we guarantee to supply First-class Goods at Lowest Prices.

BOOT DEPARTMENT. Is now stocked with the Best Assortment that can be had in the Home and Melbourne markets, at the Lowest Possible Prices.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., IMPORTERS. HAWKES BROS., IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS, Importers of English, American, and Continental HARDWARE.

THE WONDERFUL WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINES. PRICE LIST AND SAMPLES FREE FROM RETAIL DEPOTS AT: 69 SWANSTON STREET AND NEW COFFEE; MELBOURNE; BRIDGE STREET, NEAR ROCKS HEAD; BALLARAT; SANDHURST; STAWELL; MARYBOROUGH; GEELONG; GRAY STREET; HAMILTON.

MELBOURNE SPORTS DEPOT. For REQUISITES for OUTDOOR and INDOOR SPORTS and GAMES. CRICKET, TENNIS, BICYCLES, TRICYCLES.

J. W. HARRIS, MINING AGENT AND SHARE BROKER, BEAUFORT. Member of the Ballarat Stock Exchange.

E. J. STRICKLAND'S AUCTION ROOMS, WOLFE, HIDE, SKIN AND FALLOW. Lydiard-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1869.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat. Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer of Wool, Cattle, and Heavy Stock.

THE ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATH. An unfailing remedy for all Nervous Diseases resulting from the indiscretions of youth, or other causes. In cases of spasm, paralysis, insanity, mental and physical prostration, and debility this bath is universally acknowledged to be the most wonderful remedy ever known.

THE MAGNETIC SPINAL AND WELLS BANDS. Are a valuable substitute for the Electro-Chemical Bath, and in many instances have proved equally efficacious. Price, from 2s.

Wanted Known. THAT on and after MONDAY, 11th inst., I will start a LINE of COACHES between Waterloo and Beaufort to meet the trains at 9 o'clock in the morning, 12 o'clock noon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1884.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at the early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of the paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our necessities to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office of the paper on the day previous to publication. Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6s. shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if inserted or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANCASTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in the Colonies 1862.

Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for Beaufort, is prepared to receive applications for all descriptions of insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Risks accepted on Threshing Machines, Stacks, and Agricultural Produce.

Premiums for the year, £425,355 or £27,870 over 1878.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £238,720 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.

Out of a surplus of £110,736, only £16,897 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

WANTED KNOWN.

I having come to my knowledge that Subscribers to Daily Papers are charged Nine Pence (9d.) a week for the benefit of the printer, I wish to inform them that the "Ballarat Star," "Age," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be delivered in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

EPSS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which will save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Sold simply with boiling water or milk.

Made only in packets labelled—

JAMES EPSS & CO.,

HOMEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

London.

Also Makers of

EPSS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,

BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAVELOCK-STREET, BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT

Of the

WEEKLY TIMES

TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

Or

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Unions held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to the Weekly Times, namely,

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliament Proceedings, and all matters of interest,

TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.

The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper

PUBLISHED IN THE WORLD

At the Price

OF THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT

Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.

In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.

In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Best Telegrams, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the

WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

Subscriptions per post: 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.

Office: 86 COLLINS ST., MELBOURNE.

NOTICE.

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the

GENUINE "WERTHEIM" Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC That EVERY

GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

OF THE

Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a "GNOME,"

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" is PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY TO GUARD AGAINST IMITATION every GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING

MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA Has STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE THE NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz.—

HUGO WERTHEIM, MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly registered in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim, 39 FLINDERS LANE EAST, MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company,

PETUS DE BAERE, Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s. Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival of former years." The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is over-stocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the "WHEELER AND WILSON" Sewing Machine

Is far superior to the "Singer." The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair.

The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer. The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action. The W. and W. has less wear and tear. The W. and W. is better finished.

The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

Reasons every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. Instruction Given Gratis.

F. DE BAERE, W. A. H. M. A. K. E. R., Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of Every description executed at the "RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Chisarton.

BOOKBINDING

ON REASONABLE TERMS

MINING SCHEM, CALLS, RECEIPTS, DE-LIVERY BOOKS, &c., Prepared on the shortest notice

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day Train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, Threepence.

WARD & LIPMAN,

Commission Merchants,

PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.

EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS.

Advances made on Consignments.

Contracts for Railways and Public Works Solicited.

WASHING LIQUID.

MRS. GILLOCH begs respectfully to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that she is manufacturing a "Washing Liquid" which will be found to materially lessen the labor of Washing Clothes, besides giving the clothes a good color. Warranted not to injure any article, of whatever description or texture; it will also take out paint, and improve colored articles.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:—For every 3 gallons of cold water add one half-pint of the Liquid, and add soap to the water in the boiler, and boil for half an hour, then rinse in plenty of water; line and dry, as usual. Soap and suds should be washed out, and place in boiler when fine white clothes are taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes; then dry, and rinse as usual.

Sold in large or small quantities. Single Bottle, 3d.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stockyard Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Sailor's Gully, Main Land, Beach, Chisarton, Waterloo, Erambonee, Buarong, Middle Creek, Shirley, Travalla, Burumbuck, Learmouth, Streatham, Skip, and Carnham.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES.

ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS.

MINING SCHEM, REPORTS, &c.

PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS.

POSTERS, DRAPERS HANDBILLS, CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS, SOIREE & DINNER TICKETS, MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c., PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.

THE DAVIS

SEWING MACHINES

(HAND AND TREADLE), RECEIVED THE ONLY FIRST PRIZE GOLD MEDAL AWARDED AT THE Sydney & Melbourne International Exhibition, 1881.

Only First Prize Adelaide Exhibition, 1881.

IMPORTERS—HENRY BISHOP & CO., 79 BOURKE STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

(Next to the Theatre Royal.)

Local Agents Wanted.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and great advantages may be fully understood and appreciated.

For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public in purchasing Furniture without paying in advance the full purchase money, especially for young beginners in life, and keeping many of whom not having the means to furnish, are obliged to live in furnished apartments or hotels, and who are required to pay the sum down at once, which would be required by the public to purchase. I introduced some years ago, my time-payment system, "BEING" the FIRST to offer to the public its beneficial advantages, and without any extra-charge without distinction, if he be Cash customer or Time-payment. All goods are open for inspection in my establishment, and are guaranteed before purchased, which can be compared with any firm in the City. The great advantage of my Time-payment System is its simplicity, as to enter into an agreement to purchase, the Time-payment system is simple and easy, and at once without delay, the value of the same being paid by weekly or monthly instalments; when they become the property of the purchaser, so that the purchase of a house or apartment, or any other private matter between the customer and myself, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. All goods are at once on completion of arrangement delivered to the full enjoyment of the customer, and no labels or notices are affixed to proclaim they are on Time-payment. My Time-payment System is not to become a unit of want, and is acknowledged by the press as a public boon to which I can also testify personally with great satisfaction by the success of past years, and the patronage I have received from all classes of society.

I solicit your inspection of my large and useful Stock always on hand and ready to go out, which will enable you to judge of the correctness of my representations. I shall always be happy to show you, and give you any further information required.

149 AND 151 BOURKE STREET EAST (Opposite Eastern Arcade), and at 225 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE.

Goods forwarded to all parts of the colony on above terms.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by the Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge and Co., Coleman-street, London

Nowbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMPKITT, & CO., Melbourne.

HAMMONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists, FRENCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists, ED. ROW & CO.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

FAULDING & CO., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BERKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

FOR THE

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE

MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH

85 COLLINS STREET, WAT.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold public sales of WOOL, GRAIN, and TIMBER, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO., Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH

YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT

Without Money or Security

ON S. NATHAN'S

WONDERFUL

TIME PAYMENT

SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Cash Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

THE NEW BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SERGES, SHEETINGS, Etc., Etc.

Are marvellously cheap and particularly well made, and extra finished. Fifty bales of New Blankets, all sizes and qualities, they are the best value ever offered to the public; they are all manufactured by the oldest and best established manufacturing firms in England, and besides, there can be found the pick of the best known Colonial wools, which are always valued, when good, for the purity of their wool and the excellence of the yarn and weaving giving fitness and durability combined.

THE NEW FLANNELS

Are marvellously good value. They may be obtained in every make from the finest to the heaviest, and all at Melbourne wholesale prices in cut lengths to suit family requirements.

NEW CRETONNES, French, and English, an immense variety of styles from the cheapest English to the best French Gobelin, Velvet, and Satin Bed Hangings made to order in any style desired. Some dozens of styles to select from. They can be made plain or handsomely trimmed, to suit the taste of customers.

Thousands of TOWELS at all prices from 3s. 6d. per dozen and upwards, of the finest linen.

LINENS, Brown Hollands, Ticks, Unbleached and White Calicoes, Table Damasks and Napkins, Crash, Furfurs, Muslins of all kinds, and every requisite of Household Drapery, all at Wholesale Prices.

CARPETS AND FURNISHINGS.

The largest stock of Brussels, Tapestry, Velvet Pile, Kidderminster, Felt, Jute, and Manila Carpets in the colony. They are of the newest styles, and the best selected in Victoria. All carpet work finished in first-class style, and laid equal to the best London work by experienced workmen.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS, AND BOYS.

It is the largest in any city out of Melbourne, and is all made and manufactured on the premises and guaranteed equal to garments made to order.

They are cut by the same cutter, who is one of the best in the colony, who has charge of the Tailoring Department; and they are made by the most experienced operatives, under the superintendence of one of the best foremen in the city. Cross sizes are always kept on hand, so that all figures can be fitted, the extra tall and lean, as well as the extra short and stout.

Trousers and Vests, also full Suits, made on the premises, from the best Colonial, English, and German Tweeds, in Boys' Youths', and Men's. Men's Ulsters and Overcoats, all in the newest styles. Boys' clothing of all kinds. Waterproof Tweed Overcoats, and Waterproof Clothing of every kind. Shirts, Hats, Under-clothing, Hosiery, Ties, and Braces, etc., etc., of every kind.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is fully supplied with all the latest styles of Tweeds, including West of England, the various Scotch makes of Tweeds, French, Belgian, Antrim, and Colonial Tweeds, from various mills, new Coatings, Ulsterings, and Vestings a perfect fit guaranteed; samples sent to country customers, upon application, accompanied with a card of direction, for self-measurement.

FANCY GOODS, AND GLOVES, AND UMBRELLAS, Etc.

An immense stock of New Kid Gloves, 2, 4, and 6 Buttons, a few very choice 12 Button Kids. The 2 Button Gloves are real French Kid, they range from 1s. per pair and upwards; and the most celebrated makers' goods kept on hand, in all the latest and every color. All the newest, latest in every variety of goods, and the choice cannot be equalled in the colony. New Ribbons, every shade and width, New Lace-Collars imitation and real.

NEW WOOL SQUARES AND SHAWLS.

In Japanese goods, there are a beautiful variety and excellent stock of choice Curios and useful lines. Fans, Jewel Cabinets, Glass

THE NEW SEASON'S SHIPMENTS

OF SILKS, DRESSES, MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, BLANKETS, HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS, GARTERS, &c., &c.

ARE COMING DAILY TO LAND, AND ARE ON VIEW AS SOON AS THEY ARE OPENED.

A. CRAWFORD,

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS STURT STREET,

IMPORTER OF GENERAL DRAPERY, AND CARPET WAREHOUSEMAN, &c., &c.

Respectfully intimates to the public and his very numerous customers that

THE WHOLESALE AND FAMILY CASH DRAPERY WAREHOUSE SYSTEM IS MORE AND MORE APPROVED DAILY.

For proof of which the constant and regular increase of returns or CASH TAKINGS, is positive evidence of the truthfulness of this system, together with the continued stream of customers every department, from morning until closing time.

THE NEW GOODS ARE OPENING SPLENDIDLY.

And on account of dullness of trade in England, and consequently keener competition amongst manufacturers, quality will be better than usual and prices lower. Manufacturers being aware of the general stagnation of trade, are vying with one another in the production of first-class durable goods, which will not only stand inspection by the most critical experts, but will command a market upon the more popular ground of cheapness. Thus, cheapness will this season be combined with quality of goods, or in the small quantities to suit customers, of other kinds of goods not requiring to be cut in any number or quantity they wish.

And on account of dullness of trade in England, and consequently keener competition amongst manufacturers, quality will be better than usual and prices lower. Manufacturers being aware of the general stagnation of trade, are vying with one another in the production of first-class durable goods, which will not only stand inspection by the most critical experts, but will command a market upon the more popular ground of cheapness. Thus, cheapness will this season be combined with quality of goods, or in the small quantities to suit customers, of other kinds of goods not requiring to be cut in any number or quantity they wish.

And on account of dullness of trade in England, and consequently keener competition amongst manufacturers, quality will be better than usual and prices lower. Manufacturers being aware of the general stagnation of trade, are vying with one another in the production of first-class durable goods, which will not only stand inspection by the most critical experts, but will command a market upon the more popular ground of cheapness. Thus, cheapness will this season be combined with quality of goods, or in the small quantities to suit customers, of other kinds of goods not requiring to be cut in any number or quantity they wish.

And on account of dullness of trade in England, and consequently keener competition amongst manufacturers, quality will be better than usual and prices lower. Manufacturers being aware of the general stagnation of trade, are vying with one another in the production of first-class durable goods, which will not only stand inspection by the most critical experts, but will command a market upon the more popular ground of cheapness. Thus, cheapness will this season be combined with quality of goods, or in the small quantities to suit customers, of other kinds of goods not requiring to be cut in any number or quantity they wish.

And on account of dullness of trade in England, and consequently keener competition amongst manufacturers, quality will be better than usual and prices lower. Manufacturers being aware of the general stagnation of trade, are vying with one another in the production of first-class durable goods, which will not only stand inspection by the most critical experts, but will command a market upon the more popular ground of cheapness. Thus, cheapness will this season be combined with quality of goods, or in the small quantities to suit customers, of other kinds

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 5s; Cape barley, 2s 6d; wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; oats, 2s 2d to 2s 7d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L2 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L2 10s; do, 7s 6d; straw, oaten, L2; do; wheat, L1 15s; peas, 3s to 3s 1d; bran, 10d; pollard, 10d; lard, L6 10s; flour, L8 5s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

The produce market has been very steady during the past week, and prices show but little alteration. At the beginning of the week small sales were being made at the same figure. A lot of twenty bags and another of thirty-six bags were disposed of on Friday at 3s 4d, but returned. Our quotation is a firm one, but it is not improbable that as the agricultural statistics show even a larger surplus than was expected that prices may weaken. Flour has had a good deal of trade at from L7 15s to L7 17s 6d for up-country brands, and L8 to L8 5s for local. In the Horsham market the recent rise to 5s is still maintained, and a few loads that were well competed for brought a half-penny more. There is no alteration in the value of wheat either at Donald, St Arnaud, Avoca, or Landsborough. Several sales of oats have been made in this district at 2s, at which figure two lots of 100 and 200 bags, on Thursday and Friday last, changed hands. Seed oats find business at from 2s 4d to 2s 6d. Enquiries are springing up now for Cape barley at 2s 9d per bushel, and rye at 4s, for sowing for green feed. Pollard and bran have again improved in value. Warrnambool potatoes have firmed in consequence of the increased price at the port, and the short supply coming forward. Hay is being brought in fairly up to requirements. A good demand exists for onions at 7s per cwt. Fresh butter is scarce, and prime potter readily brings 8d. Cheese has run down in price greatly. Almost daily drays arrive with loads of cheese for some new inferior, but 4d is now the top figure. Eggs are very scarce and have advanced to 11d to 1s per dozen. We quote:—Wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 4d bags returned, 3s 6d bags in; oats, 2s; pollard, 11d; bran, 10d; Cape barley 2s 9d; English barley, 3s 3d; peas, 2s 9d; maize (crushed), 1s 8d; maize (whole), none; flour, L7 15s to L8 and L8 5s per ton; Warrnambool potatoes, L2 15s to L3; Ballarat do, L2 5s to L2 7s 6d; hay, (sheaves), L2 per ton, hay (straw) L2 5s to L2 10s per ton; straw (wheat), 20s per ton; do, (oats), 30s per ton; chaff, 2s 6d per cwt; carrots, 2s 9d; onions, 7s per cwt; butter (fresh), 10d to 1s per lb; butter (potted), 8d per lb; hams, 11d per lb; bacon, 9d per lb; cheese, 4d to 4 1/2 per lb; eggs, 11d to 1s per dozen; rye, 4s per bushel.—Advertiser.

EGYPT AND THE SOUDAN.

CAIRO, April 7. It has transpired that the resignation of Nubar Pasha is due to serious differences between him and Mr. Clifford Lloyd, Minister of the Interior. The disputes between them have been referred to the British Government. The latest information received by the Government from Upper Egypt is of a very disquieting character. The whole of the native tribes between Shendi and Berber are in a state of open rebellion, and there is every indication that the area of the disturbances is spreading. Communication with Khartoum by road and telegraph is now completely stopped, and there is reason to fear that the important towns of Berber and Dongala are invested by the Mahdi's adherents. The latest intelligence from Suakin reports that the hostile tribes who were recently stated to be making preparations for renewed hostilities against the tribes who had remained friendly to the British, are now treating for peace. It is reported at Suakin that Osman Digna the rebel leader, has left the vicinity of the Red Sea coast, and has gone to the province of Kordofan, of which the Mahdi was proclaimed Sultan by General Gordon on his arrival at Khartoum. LONDON, April 8. Mr. Gladstone has not as yet come to any decision with regard to the disputes between Nubar Pasha, the late Premier of Egypt, and Mr. Clifford Lloyd, Minister of the Interior, which were referred to him for settlement. CAIRO, April 9. Nubar Pasha denies that his resignation was caused by disputes between himself and Mr. Clifford Lloyd. LONDON, April 9. The "Daily News" this morning publishes a statement to the effect that Her Majesty's Government has repeatedly urged upon General Gordon the advisability of evacuating Khartoum, but that he has declined to do so, being confident of the ultimate success of his mission in regard to the pacification of the Sudan.—Reuter's cablegram. The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" says that as a matter of coincidence, it is worthy of note that at Ellerswick Park races, on Saturday, the first event was one by Ned Kelly, closely followed by Black Tracker. The inquest on the body of William Hawthorn, the victim of the Brighton tragedy, was concluded on Saturday. The jury found that deceased had met his death by a gunshot wound, but by whom there was not sufficient evidence to show. James Hawthorn was then discharged, but was immediately afterwards apprehended on the charge of wilful obstruction.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Barr, J.; Baird, J.; Corkhill, J.; Campbell, D.; Doyle, Jas.; Dutton, Wm.; Eberhart, E.; Johnson, W. I.; Lythgoe, E.; Loft, G.; Mattecker, J.; McDonald, Jas.; Mitchell, and Co.; M'Millan, J.; Pippitt, Mrs.; Phillips, H.; Rogers, Miss; Ramsay, D.; Summer, J.; Summer, Jas.; Smith, E.; Spinks, J.; Tretlowan, N.; Tainsh, A.; Westbrook, R.; E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 10th, 1884.

CORRECT PROGRAMMES of the above sports, with the Names, Colors, and Handicaps of the Competitors, may be had from Mr. HENNINGSEN, at his shop, Havelock street, this (Saturday) evening, or on the sports grounds on Monday morning. Price, one Shilling.

THE Wiponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1884.

ABOUT two or three months since a dastardly outrage was committed at Woolloomooloo, New South Wales, on a woman of the unfortunate class, which resulted in her death. It is sickening to enter into the details of the treatment this outcast was subjected to at the hands of a body of larrikins, except it afforded the opportunity of paraphrasing Shakespeare's aphorism that "Man is the noblest animal of them all" in order to show that man at times, with his innate knowledge of higher and better aims, is even below the standard of "the beast that perishes." It is enough here to say that the unfortunate woman was outraged, brutally ill-used, tortured by fire, left nearly nude, and in such sore distress that when she was discovered in the morning she was in a dying state, and soon summed up a wretched life with a wretched death. But the aegis of the law sheds its protection over the Pariahs of society as well as upon those who walk in straighter paths, so its machinery was set in motion with the result that some of the unworthy tribe, who participated in a deed which is a disgrace to our common humanity, were apprehended. "Save who can" was the motto of one or two of these wretches, and, though we have not the evidence before us, we presume that it was accepted by a jury as being sufficiently corroborative to fix the captivity of the infamous band on one Williams, since after an elaborate trial of several of the hopeful lot he was brought up on another count—a charge of criminal assault, and convicted and sentenced to death, a righteous sentence which should have embraced the whole crowd, who had shown clearly in their lives that they knew not how to live with any regard to decency, or the observance of those moral obligations which are, and will be, bulwarks necessary to the safety of all social relations. In the hands of such a crew, a virtuous woman would have fared no better than her erring sister, because the assailants had evidently smothered the voice of conscience with the incense of unrestrained and lawless passion and licentiousness. But we have noticed this very outrageous case, because we think that the Executive at Sydney have a curious notion of the use of the prerogative of mercy. In the case of the man Williams, they have commuted the death sentence to penal servitude for life the first three years in irons, with three floggings at stated periods. Shakespeare, and he is a very excellent authority, tells us that "the quality of mercy is not strained," but if the revision of the sentence passed on Williams is not the straining of the quality of mercy we should like to know what else it is. The justification of the law is in the punishment of those who, with murder and outrage, try to sweep away the provisions made for the well-being and safety of the law abiding, but it was never intended in the revision of our laws as leaning towards the side of mercy that punishment should take the form of protracted torture. This, in our opinion, is what the Executive at Sydney have inflicted. Three years in irons, three floggings of a severe character, and imprisonment "for his natural life," is straining the prerogative of mercy to its very uttermost tension. This so-called commutation is worse than death, and no doubt its subject thinks so. There is yet another phase of the question, and it is that strenuous efforts are generally made to bring a condemned criminal into a state of sorrow and repentance for the evil he has committed, when it is possible in some cases a ray of light may pierce the hardened nature of the rascal or murderer before the end comes. But in the case of perpetual imprisonment, of a life-long misery, with a vivid remembrance of the scar dealing scourge, and of that time when any gleam of better knowledge in the criminal's nature was "plucked down by the fetters at his feet," we think that the chances of his feeling a sincerity of sorrow and repentance would be infinitesimally small. By all means let justice be tempered with mercy, but not of that kind of mercy which effectually closes the door of Hope both

to the criminal and to the public. If ever there was an impressive lesson read on the nature of responsibility, it is assuredly to be found in that taught by the sad railway accident at the Little River on the Geelong and Melbourne line on Wednesday night, the 2nd inst. In connection with railway traffic the ideal of responsibility is that those who have the management and control of it along any line or any portion of a line should always be at their post when duty requires them to be there, and that they should on no account or occasion relegate their duties to a proxy, whatever good opinion they might have of the abilities or capabilities of their substitutes. The Little River accident is a palpable example of this overweening confidence, and the catastrophe which happened an illustration of resistless force in showing the culpability of shifting duties of the highest responsibility on to shoulders not strong enough to bear the burden. It might be that some would be found who sympathize with the unfortunate position Mr. Biddle, the stationmaster, has placed himself in by his neglecting his obvious duty. But we think that the genuine feeling of sympathy must flow out towards the friends of the dead, and for the sufferers of the shattered and wounded in such a case. Mr. Biddle, on the eventful night in question, deserted his post at a time when his presence was most required, to practice with a choir at a church in the neighborhood where he was organist. It is to be presumed that he had left his post on many previous Wednesday nights on the same mission, and that the fact of nothing awkward accruing had darkened his sense regarding the responsibility he was actually shirking by turning his back on it. He confided in his daughter, who, he declares, was perfectly conversant with the working of the line, and able to carry matters through without risk. But alas! the disaster of last Wednesday night shows otherwise. Miss Biddle carried out a portion of the instructions given to her by her father, but forgot or neglected to comply with the other portion, and through this forgetfulness or neglect the crash came. It is therefore easy to be seen that if Mr. Biddle was in the habit of absenting himself on Wednesday evenings for organ practice, an imminent danger has hovered over all passenger trains on Wednesday nights, when cattle trains were in transit from Melbourne to Geelong. One can pity the poor girl, who was struck with speechless agony when she heard of the catastrophe, but not the parent who assigned to her young brain a greater responsibility than it could carry. Another neglect of duty in this case crops up. The line on which the accident occurred was supposed to be worked on the staff system, and if it had been so regulated the accident could not have possibly occurred. There would appear to be a sort of go-as-you-please arrangement with regard to the working of the staff system on the Victorian lines of railway which is enough to disquiet the feelings of the travelling public. The "Melbourne Herald" states that "another accident similar to the frightful one which occurred between the Werribee and Little River stations on Wednesday, was narrowly averted near Drouin on the Gippsland line, on Friday night last. It appears from the particulars furnished us, that the afternoon mixed train left Sale for Melbourne up to time. It got to Drouin and left all right, but after proceeding a short distance on the way to Melbourne, the passengers were thrown into a state of consternation, by finding the engine had been reversed, and they were returning to the Drouin station. After remaining there a short time, a goods train came through from Melbourne. It is alleged that but for the intelligence shown by the engine-driver and guard of the passenger it would have gone on towards Longwarry, and dashed into the goods train, with a repetition of the horrible result chronicled in the Little River accident. The staff system is supposed to be in operation on the Gippsland line, but as was the case on the Geelong line, it was not observed when it suited the officers to ignore it. In fact some of the passengers state that the staff is not brought into requisition at all on the last trip from Sale to Melbourne. According to this a system which would ensure safety is ignored, apparently through the laziness or carelessness of officials. We can see no other cure for this state of things than in a power given to administer punishment of an exemplary nature in all cases where responsibility is thrust on one side as easily as a coat is taken off, and where other neglect of an obvious duty can be surely traced. If some stringent measures are not taken in spite of commissary and in the face of what would be thought to be a comprehensive and reliable system of management, these terrible accidents will occur. Men, who accept such responsibilities, must be taught to learn that they cannot shuffle them off when they choose, and if they so choose, that the consequences would fall disastrously on themselves. A general meeting of the members of the Beaufort Agricultural Society will be held this afternoon. The manager of the Working Miners Company, Waterloo, reports:—"The men are making good progress with the main drive. Will begin to fix puddling machine next week." The following are the reported yields up till Thursday night:—New Victoria, 120oz.; Royal Saxon, 65oz.; Hohart Pasha, 25oz.; Waterloo, 20oz.; South Victoria, 20oz. Mr. J. Campbell, M.L.C., was sworn in as Postmaster-General on Thursday, and Mr. D. Gillies was also sworn in as Minister of Education. Mr. William Henry Nicholls was elected classifier under the Public Service Act on Tuesday. Mr. Bolton, M.L.A., member for Moita, resigned on Tuesday.

The following tenders for the conveyance of mails in this district were accepted by the Postmaster-General on Monday:—The Post-office and the Railway Station, Beaufort.—Vines and M'Phee, £39. Beaufort and Shirley, via Euramba—Vines and M'Phee, £30. Beaufort and Waterloo, via Main Lead; and to and from Waterloo and Chute, via Raglan; and J. Frasier, £75. Beaufort and Stuckyard hill, via Nerring and Lake Goldsawn—Vines and M'Phee, £32.

The anniversary sermons of the Raglan Sunday School were preached last Sabbath, April 6th, by the Rev. R. Allen, and Mr. A. Neelham. The church was crowded on both occasions, although the building has been enlarged by the addition of a large room, in which the children were placed on class seats. This will serve as a vestry and dining room for the senior scholars. On Monday afternoon the annual picnic was held, and games of various kinds were freely indulged in. Afterwards the children sat down to tea, and it was evident they had not lost their appetites for the work of consumption which was carried on at a great rate. At half-past five the adults, numbering about 125, sat down to a really excellent tea, supplied by Mr. J. Cowans, of Beaufort. At the public meeting the church was packed, and many had to remain outside. Mr. E. Tiley presided. The Rev. R. Allen and Messrs. J. Prentice, A. Neelham, G. W. Lugg, (of Burrambool), and David (of Main Lead), took part in the service. A large number of hymns and recitations were very correctly rendered by the scholars, and too much praise cannot be given to Mr. and Mrs. Lord for training the children. Mr. Lord read the report, which showed that there were 7 teachers and 90 scholars, or an average attendance of 62 scholars. The financial proceeds, including balance in hand £4 10s, amount to nearly £25. This has been one of the best anniversary ever held in Raglan.

A meeting of the members of the Beaufort Jockey Club was held at the Camp Hotel on Monday evening last, when the balance sheet was presented by the secretary, and adopted. The balance in hand amounts to £24, the race meeting having resulted in a loss of about £10. On Thursday last Mr. W. H. Uren, M.L.A., accompanied by Mr. John B. Humphreys, correspondent of the Board of Advice No. 226, presented a petition to the Hon. the Minister of Education from the parents of children attending the Beaufort State School, No. 60, praying that the Minister would grant Miss Jane Greenwood one further examination as a teacher. The petition set forth the high esteem in which Miss Greenwood was held by the parents and children alike, and also bore high testimony to her ability as a teacher. Miss Greenwood had already had five examinations, but had failed each time. After hearing the deputation Mr. Service said that while his sympathies were decidedly with Miss Greenwood, and he believed her to be a very desirable person to have in the employ of the Department, yet he could not grant the prayer of the petition. It would be ruinous to the successful working of the Department to form such a precedent. Mr. Brown, the secretary, stated that the Department laid down the number of examinations at two, and candidates who failed on the second trial are liable to be dismissed. Miss Greenwood had been allowed five chances, as it had been represented that her failure was owing to nervousness. She bore a high character as a teacher, and it was on this account that she had been allowed a fifth and final trial. In justice to others the Minister could not grant the request. The deputation then thanked the Minister, and withdrew.

Mr. W. Uren, M.L.A., who is untiring in attending to the wants of his constituents, waited on the Minister of Mines on Thursday to ask for a reduction from 18in. to 12in. in the size of timber which may be cut in the Mount Cole State Forest. Mr. Uren pointed out that it would be a great boon to the mining community if this concession was made, and the Minister decided to accede to the request. Mr. Uren also interviewed the Railway Commissioners with reference to the scarcity of trucks at the Beaufort station, and Mr. Speight promised to give the matter his attention after the Easter holiday season is over. Our Waterloo correspondent writes as follows under Thursday's date:—"Two fires occurred here within about twelve hours. The first was a Chinaman's hut, which, with its contents, was totally consumed. The other was the shop of Mr. Phillip, bootmaker. The fire took place about 3 o'clock this morning. Mr. Phillip being away from home. The building and its contents, consisting of tools, boots, etc., was totally destroyed, but I hear that he was insured. After the New Victoria has been at work for some ten years the tributors have decided to use horses below. Three of these animals were lowered on Tuesday last, when a large crowd of people assembled to witness the operation. The total eclipse of the moon, which took place on Thursday night, could not be favorably observed in this district, owing to the cloudy sky.

On Sunday last the several churches in Beaufort were draped with black in mourning for the late Duke of Albany. The preachers also referred to the melancholy event in their sermons. The flag at the Fire Brigade station was flying at half-mast during the day. Coming events, it is said, cast their shadows before. This aphorism may be applied with truth to the Beaufort Athletic Club's sports to be held on Easter Monday. The agricultural review presents a lively scene every morning and evening, when the cyclists and pedestrians are doing their trials. At every street corner groups of young people can be heard speculating as to the probable results of the bicycle and footrace events. On Tuesday evening last the committee held a final meeting, when the arrangements in connection with the sports were matured. Providing that the weather is fine there should be a very large attendance on the grounds, and a really excellent afternoon's sport will be provided, the first event being timed to start at 11 a.m. In the evening the Snowflake Minstrels will engage the attention of the public at the Societies' Hall. The minstrels are all local residents, and have been rehearsing actively for some time past, so that a good evening's amusement is guaranteed. The proceedings will be wound up with the usual ball.

Universality of the use of Wolfe's Schnapps is readily accounted for. It is a natural reluctance on the part of persons, especially invalids, to venture on any untried remedy and it is only when one is talked about, discussed, commented on, referred to, that people seek to test its virtues. Wolfe's Schnapps has been almost a household word in the mouths of the thousands who have been restored, or relieved, by its use, and it is certainly proverbial for the wonderful cures it has consummated since its introduction.

The remains of H.R.H. the Duke of Albany were deposited in the Royal Mausoleum at Frogmore on Saturday. The ceremony, which was of the most imposing character, was attended by Her Majesty the Queen and the members of the Royal Family. The agents-general of the Australian colonies sent a magnificent wreath of flowers on behalf of the colonies generally.

The Full Court, on Thursday, gave an important decision as to the powers of managers of commons to impound without any limitation. It arose on a point of pleading in the case of Sanderson v. Fotheringham, an action brought by Mr. T. Sanderson, of the Archbold station, near Dunolly, against the managers of the Bealiba common, for damage done to his sheep through impounding, for which he claimed £250. The question was, whether the managers of commons came within the meaning of the Founds Act, and had to comply with the conditions of impounding there laid down. The Court held that the common law right of the managers of commons to impound was limited by the Founds Act, and the conditions there laid down had to be followed out to make the impounding legal.

The death is announced of Mr. John M'Farland, County Court judge, which took place on Sunday morning. Judge M'Farland was only 46 years of age, and succumbed to an attack of inflammation, which commenced a few days previously. On the day previous to his death, he wrote a letter accepting an invitation to dinner from one of the Supreme Court judges for next week, but soon after doing so serious symptoms developed, and he died the following morning from exhaustion.

Drawings of a device for producing a fall of rain from moisture-charged clouds have been submitted to the Minister of Water Supply. The apparatus is very simple. A captive balloon inflated with about 800 cubic feet of hydrogen is sent up into the clouds, carrying at some distance below it a barrel containing about 50lb. of dynamite. When it has reached the proper elevation, the dynamite is exploded by means of an electric spark conveyed along a wire communicating with the earth. The effect of such a concussion, it is argued, would be to cause an immediate downpour from the rain-charged clouds. By a peculiar mechanical arrangement the balloon would collapse at the moment of explosion, and return uninjured to the earth, ready to be inflated again. In New South Wales the contrivance is to be immediately tested. The drought in some portions of that colony is producing calamitous results among the sheep and cattle, and it is stated that the want of water is rendered more annoying by the frequent appearance at night of heavy rain-clouds, which disappear from the sky by morning. It is thought that such localities present a favorable field for trying the invention. If the results are encouraging the apparatus will probably be constructed by the Water Supply department here. Mr. E. S. Haines, of Punt-road, Richmond, is the originator of the idea.—"Argus."

The "Novoe Vremya" warns Russian mothers of a new religious sect which has given several proofs of its existence. In Rostov, on the Don, an officer engaged a middle-aged nurse for his three-year-old son. She was very attentive, and seemed fond of the child, but after two months she suddenly left the situation and the town. The child began to ail the very next day, lost its memory and suffered continual drowsiness. A week later it died without having been really ill. The corpse was placed in a coffin, when a young Jewess burst into the house, threw herself upon the dead child, and crying bitterly said:—"The same woman poisoned my child. She was my nurse before, and now she has murdered my poor boy!" The woman spoke the truth. It has been found that in Rostov there is a society of child murderers, who poison children by means of narcotics. They are instigated to do so by a fanatical woman, who says, "It is every woman's duty to spare the evils of life to as many children as possible, and make them share in the bliss of Heaven before the earth has contaminated their souls."

Attention has been recently called to the use of iron as a metal for lightning rods. Where the subject has been left in the hands of the manufacturers, lightning rods are made of pure copper, and consequently are far too expensive for general use. In France, America, and other countries, iron rods are in vogue, and found to answer the purpose very well, besides being inexpensive. In Canada a church was recently protected by a large iron rod, 2in. in diameter, and welded at each joint. The upper end of the rod was drawn to a point, and a damp ground connection provided for the lower end. The rod was secured to the church by galvanised iron staples; the total cost was under £3.

A fatal mining accident occurred at Maldon on Saturday night in the German Tribute claim, by which a young man named Thomas Roberts, a son of the mining manager, was killed. The men were being raised from below for the week, and on the cage being lowered for those working at the 240ft. level, the deceased got into it, and took possession of the safety lever. His mate, F. Young, then gave the requisite signal and got in also. The cage then began to descend, which seems to have alarmed the two men. Young jumped out, and says that he hung by the air-pipe, and eventually got back to the level. Roberts remained in the cage, and it is supposed that in using the lever to stop the cage the jerk threw him out, and he fell to the bottom of the shaft. The body was dreadfully shattered. An "Argus" telegram states that the Hon. Phillip Russell, M.L.C., has received a communication from the secretary to the Calcutta Exhibition, stating that his wool exhibit had won a gold medal, but that as the award would probably be struck at the expense of exhibitors, a certificate was forwarded instead.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" supplies the following:—If our detective force were to strive to emulate the following bit of sharp work, they would go a long way to rehabilitate themselves in public opinion. An American stage coach was robbed at five a.m. of £600; a reward was offered at seven a.m.; robbers shot dead and all the money recovered at two p.m. The chronicle goes on to say:—"Coroner's inquest at 3 p.m.; funeral of the thieves at six p.m.; testimonial and banquet to captors at eight p.m.; and the chairman and three guests locked up dead drunk at midnight."

At the Echuca Police Court on Monday a farmer at Gunbower was prosecuted for lighting a fire on his land without giving proper notice to his neighbors, and neglecting to take the precautions required by the act. The fire spread on to the Gunbower station land, and destroyed a quantity of fencing and 200 acres of grass. A fine of £5, with costs of proceedings, was recorded. Mr. Leich, manager of the station, did not press for a heavy penalty, which would otherwise have been inflicted.

The Oxford and Cambridge University boat race was rowed at noon on Monday, and resulted in Cambridge winning easily.

The inquest touching the deaths of two of the victims of the terrible railway disaster near Little River, was concluded on Tuesday at Geelong, the jury finding that the collision was caused through the "line clear" telegram sent to Little River station, without authority, by Miss Biddle, the daughter of the stationmaster at Werribee, who was absent from duty at the time without permission. Mr. Heron, the coroner, said he should construe the verdict as one of manslaughter against Stationmaster Biddle, on the ground of criminal negligence, and he committed him to take his trial at the next assizes on the charge of manslaughter, but admitted him to bail.

A correspondent of the "Fruit Recorder" finds a solution of one pound of common alum to three gallons of water a most effective insecticide. It instantly destroys cabbage and currant worms when applied by means of a common watering pot. He suggests that it be applied to fruit trees.

The Lowan Shire Council at its meeting on Tuesday night decided, in consequence of the Government refusing to give an equal subsidy for rabbit scalps, to increase the amount to 9d per dozen, which with the Government subsidy will make scalps worth 1s per dozen. This action (says the "Argus") has been taken in consequence of the report of the rabbit inspector, which shows that the rabbits are increasing to an alarming extent on the south side of the scrub, and thence to the disputed territory on the South Australian border. During last month the various agents in the Lowan shire purchased nearly 270 worth of rabbit and wild dog skins, the actual number of rabbit skins being over 700 dozen.

The following circular has been received by the head teachers of the State schools throughout the colony:—"Education Department, Melbourne, 3rd April, 1884. Sir, I have the honor, by direction of the Minister of Public Instruction, to forward herewith a card commemorative of the late Prince Leopold, with a request that it may be conspicuously displayed on the wall of your schoolroom. On its first exhibition it is the wish of the Minister that you should address to the scholars a few remarks bearing on the character of the lamented Prince, and calculated to foster in them a sense of their connection with the British Empire, and of loyalty to the Queen. As furnishing materials for these remarks, I append extracts of articles which appeared in the Melbourne journals on 31st ult.—I have, etc., G. WILSON BROWN, Secretary."

The drink statistics of Belgium (the "Times" observes) have a certain amount of interest. The population of the kingdom, amounting now to about 5,500,000, consumes annually alcoholic liquors to the value of 450,000,000fr., which is 65 per cent. more than 30 years ago. Compared with 40 years ago, the number of the insane has increased by 104 per cent., of suicides by 80 per cent., and of condemned criminals by 135 per cent. In 1850 the number of places where alcoholic liquors were retailed was 53,000; it is now 130,000. Although the Belgians are reputed to carry their liquor well, it is generally felt that measures to oppose the evil effects of drink are urgently required.

BEAUFORT ATHLETIC CLUB.

The following are the acceptances for the principal handicap events to be competed for on Monday:—

- BEAUFORT HANDICAP, 100 yards. R. Waugh "T. Treasie" G. Perkins "P. Clara" W. G. Black "T. Wood" J. Doyle Joseph Darcy J. S. Leehane C. E. S. Hunter D. Holgate Charles O'Neil G. W. Hunter "Richmond" "A. W. Dolman" R. B. Skelid "G. Arthur" J. H. Treasie
- BEAUFORT CUP, 200 yards. R. Waugh "A. W. Dolman" G. Perkins "G. Arthur" James Lawson J. H. Treasie W. G. Black "T. Treasie" J. Doyle Joseph Darcy J. S. Leehane C. E. S. Hunter G. L. Calwell "Richmond" D. Holgate W. Murphy O. Holgate S. A. M'Naughton G. W. Hunter J. Reekin C. Lyons Thomas Thompson Robert Young J. Bradshaw
- FREE CREEK PLATE, 400 yards. J. Perkins T. Wood James Lawson Joseph Darcy R. Waugh C. E. S. Hunter G. L. Calwell "Richmond" G. L. Calwell J. Reekin O. Holgate C. Lyons G. W. Hunter Robert Young J. Bradshaw
- BIKES RACE, One mile. E. Loft H. DeBeare A. L. Ronaldson R. Sinclair Alfred Auda H. Smith L. Scharp J. Murray John Auda
- BIKES RACE, Three miles. E. Loft H. DeBeare A. L. Ronaldson R. Sinclair Alfred Auda H. Smith L. Scharp J. Murray John Auda

THE STAFF SYSTEM.

Delays continue to take place to passenger goods trains on the main lines of railway throughout the colony owing to the unrelaxing application of the staff system under the operation of the staff system under the operation of the staff system...

all the several parts of the organism. Sometimes one and at other times another part of the body as a whole may be the least fatigued, and so the first to awake, or the more exhausted, and therefore the most difficult to arouse.

THE RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

A lengthy inquiry was held on Saturday by the Railway Commissioners, in the presence of Mr. Green, the engineer of existing lines; Mr. Barter, the acting general traffic manager; Mr. Miris, the locomotive superintendent, and several officers of the department, into the circumstances attending the disastrous collision near the Little River station on Wednesday night last.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS. ALBANY, April 9. The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's R.M.S. Rome arrived here yesterday morning.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

THE BATTLE OF EL TIB. In a general order issued to the troops in the battle of El Tib, General Graham only praises their gallantry, good discipline, steadiness under fire, and states that all officers worked nobly.

FUNERAL OF ENGINE-DRIVER CRAIK.

The funeral of James Craik, the driver of the passenger train which came into collision with the special goods train near the Little River station on Wednesday night last, took place at the Melbourne General Cemetery on Sunday last.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The House of Commons has rejected Mr. Parnell's bill for the amendment of the Irish Act, the Government declaring its proposals were equivalent to confiscation of rent, though they still hoped to establish a peasant proprietary.

EARLY RISING.

The "Lancet" offers the following advice on the subject of early rising:—"The proper time to rise is when sleep, properly so called, ends. Dosing is not admissible from any reasonable or health point of view."



GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

Easter Excursions. Holiday excursion tickets will be issued to and from all stations (suburban lines excepted) from the 8th to the 10th April, both dates inclusive (Sunday excepted), available for return for one calendar month from date of issue.

NOTICE.

POISON is laid down in the Langi Kal Kal paddocks during lambing. Trespassers with dogs will be prosecuted.

Wanted.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD,

CIVIL ENGINEER.

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any descriptions of buildings, supply Contractors' quantities, and prepare estimates.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes, FOR CASH ONLY.

GEO. H. COUGLE,

HAVING purchased the Stock and Goodwill of Mr. G. Tuff at a very low figure, will offer to the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts Goods of the very best quality considerably under Melbourne Wholesale Prices.

ON SALE,

CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 3d. per plug.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT

CULLIS HILL & CO. 76 & 78 ELIZABETH ST. MELB. CATALOGUES POST FREE.

On Sale

JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

Two doors from the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock Street, BEAUFORT.

ON SALE,

CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 3d. per plug.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,

Havelock Street, Beaufort.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT

CULLIS HILL & CO. 76 & 78 ELIZABETH ST. MELB. CATALOGUES POST FREE.

On Sale

JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

Two doors from the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock Street, BEAUFORT.

ON SALE,

CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 3d. per plug.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,

Havelock Street, Beaufort.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT

CULLIS HILL & CO. 76 & 78 ELIZABETH ST. MELB. CATALOGUES POST FREE.

On Sale

JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

Two doors from the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock Street, BEAUFORT.

ON SALE,

CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 3d. per plug.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,

Havelock Street, Beaufort.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT

CULLIS HILL & CO. 76 & 78 ELIZABETH ST. MELB. CATALOGUES POST FREE.

On Sale

JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

Two doors from the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock Street, BEAUFORT.

ON SALE,

CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 3d. per plug.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £3,000,000, Reserve Fund, £200,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances

STATION SECURITIES, ENSURING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC., FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the season. Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, Leather, etc., three times a week throughout the year.

DAVID ELDER, Manager, I. YOUNGHUSBAND, Auctioneer.

Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouse, Collins Street West.

W. BAKER,

Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturer,

OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT.

A Large Assortment of Furniture in Stock at very Low Prices.

A CALL SOLICITED.

Merchants, Storekeepers, and Hawkers supplied.

Straw Mattresses, from 7s. 6d. upwards.

John James Trevatt,

Shoering and Jobbing Smith,

HAS COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. W. Buchanan, "Lavelock Street," and respectfully solicits a share of public support.

GEELONG WOOL SALES.

Synnot, Everingham, & Co., WOOL BROKERS,

STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, (Established in 1853).

ARE prepared to make Liberal Cash Advances on Wool, etc., consigned to them for sale or shipment to the London market.

Sale days, Tuesdays and Thursdays for Wool, and Wednesdays for Skins, Hides and Tallow.

During the grain season Weekly Sales of Grain will be held at the warehouses.

All consignments of Wool, etc., are carefully valued by members of the firm, and duly protected up to valuations.

When values are not realized the Wool can be shipped to the London Market, at a cost of one shilling per bale.

In consequence of the increase of their business they have just completed extensive additions to their warehouses, which now have a frontage to Clare-street of 250 feet.

The showrooms and large warehouses have been thoroughly renovated and greatly improved, making them as complete as any in the colony, giving ample space to catalogue and display from five to six thousand bales at each sale.

Geelong, as a market for wool, is acknowledged by all who have tried it to be the best in the colony for the sale of either large or small clips, consequent upon the easy and cheap facilities for shipping, and the other charges being about seven shillings per bale in favor of Geelong.

Foreign buyers now this and consequently prefer buying in this market.

Geelong has more Fellmongers than Melbourne, which, with four Woolen Manufacturers, creates an almost unlimited demand for Wool and other Station Produce.

Consignments from any part of Victoria or from any of the colonies will receive our best attention. Woolpacks and all Station Stores on sale at lowest rates.

CLARE STREET, GEELONG.

NOW OPEN.

A Grocery Cash Store, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

IN which none but articles of the very best brands and finest quality are on sale, at lowest possible prices, for CASH. A saving of 5s. in the pound on all purchases guaranteed.

P. M. O'CONNELL.

THE CELEBRATED

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS

THE PUREST STIMULANT IN THE WORLD

Is of every Genuine Bottle.

IN which none but articles of the very best brands and finest quality are on sale, at lowest possible prices, for CASH. A saving of 5s. in the pound on all purchases guaranteed.

P. M. O'CONNELL.

THE PUREST SPIRIT IN THE WORLD.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them.

The public should no longer be duped by injurious, cheap, fiery compounds, imitations of the genuine WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

The public are strongly advised to purchase original unopened bottles, as the Custom Authorities have found it necessary to prosecute a large number of Publicans under the Trade Marks Act, and they have fined up to £10, and £10 10s. costs, for selling inferior spirits over the bar, representing it to be the GENUINE WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY.

SOLE AGENTS.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS

AUTUMN SHOW! AUTUMN SHOW!

We beg to intimate to our numerous customers that we are now showing our AUTUMN GOODS direct from the Home Manufacturers.

MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT.

This Department, which is so well known, is stocked with Goods to suit all buyers. Calicoes, from 2d.; Flannels, from 8d.; Shirtings, from 3d.; Towellings, from 3d.; Towels, from 1s. 8d. per dozen; and others too numerous to particularise.

Dress and Fancy Departments

Contain all the LATEST NOVELTIES and MATERIALS suitable for the coming season, EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES. Call, and see for yourselves.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

This grand addition to our premises enables us to keep one of the LARGEST RETAIL STOCKS in the colony, and we guarantee to supply First-class Goods at Lowest Prices.

BOOT DEPARTMENT

Is now stocked with the Best Assortment that can be had in the Home and Melbourne markets, at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Agents for the Colonies: EASY TREAD, and New Wilson Sewing Machines.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., IMPORTERS.

HAWKES BROS.,

IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

Importers of English, American, and Continental HARDWARE,

HAVE on SALE, at LOWEST PRICES, a LARGE and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of FURNISHING IRONMONGERY, BUILDERS' IRONMONGERY,

Bar Iron, Orb Galvanized Iron, Steel of all Kinds, Powder, Fuze, Plough Fittings, Ryland's Fire, Galvanized Wire, Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' Tools, Kerosene, Boiled, Castor, and Other Oils, Paints, Colors, Glass, Paperhangings, Brushware, Water Pipes, Fittings and Cocks, Leather, Grindery, etc.

Having made alterations in our premises, we are now enabled to offer Furniture, Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bedding Material as low as any house in the colony.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

HAWKES BROS., Neill street, Beaufort.

THE WONDERFUL

WERTHEIM

PRICE LIST AND SAMPLES FREE FROM RETAIL DEPOTS AT

50 SWANSTON-STREET AND NEW COFFEE } MELBOURNE

TAVERN, BOURKE-STREET } BALLARAT

BRIDGE-STREET, next Buck's Head .. } SANDHURST

FALL MALL } STAWELL

MAIN-STREET } MARYBOROUGH

MOORABOOL-STREET } GEELONG

GRAY-STREET } HAMILTON

SEWING MACHINES

FOR REQUISITES FOR OUTDOOR AND INDOOR SPORTS & GAMES.

Price HEAD OFFICES Price

Liste Free. 20s. Liste Free.

CRICKET THE "CLUB" RACER BICYCLES THE "CLUB" SOCIABLE TRICYCLES.

MAKERS' THE COVENTRY MACHINISTS' CO. LIM. COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

Address: 1 LITTLE COLLINS STREET, MELBOURNE.

Agent for Beaufort: F. J. BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS

TO SHEEP FARMERS, SELECTORS, AND OTHERS.

E. J. STRICKLAND'S Ballarat

WOOL, HIDE, SKIN AND TALLOW AUCTION ROOMS,

Lydiard-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1869.

ACTS AS SELLING BROKER ONLY.

E. J. S. is again thanking his numerous constituents, the Sheep Farmers and selectors, for their liberal support during the past season, can confidently recommend this market as the best in the colony.

prices will show. I have therefore much pleasure in soliciting the favor of your support and interest.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE, whether on sale here, Melbourne or Geelong.

Charges—Lowest in the colony.

SALE DAY—THURSDAYS.

Any of the forwarding agents will receive consignments, pay all charges, and forward with dispatch.

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANY

Limited Capital—ONE MILLION STERLING.

Chairman—HON. HENRY MILLER.

FIRE, MARINE, LIFE, and GUARANTER.

24 Market street, Melbourne.

JOSEPH COLLIE, Secretary.

Agent for Beaufort—W. EDWARD NICKOLS.

Wanted Known.

THAT on and after MONDAY, 11th inst., I will start a LINE of COACHES between Waterloo and Beaufort, leaving Waterloo at 9 o'clock in the morning, and Beaufort at 10 o'clock in the morning.

Wanted Known.

THE ELECTRO CHEMICAL BATH is an unfailing remedy for all Nervous Diseases, whether resulting from the indiscretions of youth or other causes. In cases of spermatorrhoea, impotency, mental and physical prostration, and general debility this bath is universally acknowledged to be the most wonderful remedy ever known.

Thousands of persons have been cured after all other remedies have been tried and failed. All who are suffering from the diseases named should at once communicate with

188 BOURKE STREET EAST, MELBOURNE. [CONSTITUTION BY LETTERS FREE.]

The Magnetic Spinal and Waist Bands

Are a valuable substitute for the Electro-Chemical Bath, and have proved equally successful in the treatment of all the above diseases.

HOW LONG BUTTER WILL KEEP.

Commenting on the length of time butter may be kept, the "Exchange" says:—A few years ago while in New Jersey we were being cleaned, a half pound of butter was found in the bottom as good and sweet as when first made. How long it had been there no one knew. The present occupant of the premises had been fifteen years in the place, and the pump being in constant use, there had been no occasion before to have it cleaned. The butter must have been there all this time, and how long before is not that within, but otherwise there was no change. It is not unknown to good dairy folks that butter will keep well in cool, pure spring water, and some have taken advantage of the fact to preserve butter in close vessels under the surface. But we think it is not generally known that it would keep so long and in actual contact with the water. It might be of great value to consider whether this hint about preserving butter might not be taken advantage of so as to initiate a regular plan of preserving butter sweet and fresh until markets or other circumstances favor good prices. It is one of the weaknesses of the butter business that at some seasons prices are ruinously low, and the usual remedy of potting is not a very good cure. The watercourse must be cool and pure. At a high temperature, vegetable matter, which would soon communicate decay to an organic matter in the water; but there are many places where a lagoon of the proper condition of pure well water could readily be constructed. It may not be out of place here to remark that little hints such as these are continually occurring in almost everyone's experience, but only soon to be forgotten. Yet often, if the suggestion be listened to, and the thread followed up, one might get on the track of some good idea that would rapidly make a fortune. We think that new inventions require much study; but the truth is most of our best discoveries have been by accident.

GARDENING FOR APRIL.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Finish manuring and digging ground for winter sets in. Take care that young crops of turnips are kept free from weeds. Continue planting out cabbages, cauliflower, and celery; the latter would be much benefited by an occasional dose of guano-water. Sow peas, (early varieties), broad beans, onions, (early varieties), radish, and spinach. Plant potato-onions, shallots, garlic, rhubarb, and horse-radish. Earth up celery as required. Book to your herb-bed; where necessary, divide the roots, and make fresh plantations. If strawberry runners were not planted last month, let them be this.

FLOWER GARDEN.—This is one of the busiest months in the year: most kinds of evergreens, and ornamental and flowering shrubs, are best transplanted now, and any alterations that are to be made in laying out grounds should be commenced. Take up gladioli, hiums, and other bulbs that have done flowering; store them away in boxes, packed in dry sand. Finish planting hyacinths, tulips, crocuses, narcissi, anemones, ranunculi, iris, &c. Renovate edgings of canonic, thirix, &c. For new plantations of roses the ground should be trenched and heavily manured; if tight soil, some stiff loam should be incorporated with it. Propagate by cuttings any kind of soft-wooded plants you wish to increase; bell or hand glasses are required for this purpose.

FARM.—Oat sowing will commence in some places, but in cold districts, May or June are better months. For clover feed, sow Craggs barley and oats; lucerne, clovers, and grasses of all sorts may also be sown.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ara" writes:—"Travelling, as it is my business to do at intervals, I have observed, as doubtless many of our readers have, a heavy staff hung up on a convenient nail, from which it was attached by the engine-driver, no station-master being in sight, and often I have seen it delivered to the driver by some toddling child. If travellers would make a note of these breaches of discipline and report them to the Railway Commissioners, they would do much to lessen the possibility of such casualties as the Little River one."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—For bad legs, gathered breasts, and scrofulous sores these are genuine specifics. The grateful and earnest gratitude of thousands who have experienced their unrivalled power over these complaints, and who have been raised from prostrate helplessness and a condition loathsome to themselves and others, renders it quite unnecessary to enlarge in this place upon their extraordinary virtues. The parts affected should be bathed in lukewarm water and when the pores are thereby opened the Ointment should be well rubbed in, at least twice a day. It is advisable to take Holloway's Pills in these disorders, as they greatly assist the Ointment's action. The Pills check the fever and inflammation, purify the blood and eject all the morbid matter from the system.

The Intercolonial boat race took place on Saturday on the Lower Yarra, and was won by the Victorians by a length of 24 min. 5 sec. The Victorians took the lead at the start. When near the finish the New South Welshmen made a game effort and crept up alongside their opponents, but the local men went to the willows again and won by nearly a length.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant's in the colony. The name of M. Moss & Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

NEVER RETURN.—It is said that one out of every four invalids who go to foreign countries to recover health never return, except as a corpse. The undertakers, next to the medical men, have the most profitable business. This excessive mortality may be prevented and patients saved and cured under the care of friends and loved ones at home, if they will but use Hop Bitters in time. Read.

REMEMBER THIS.

If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid Nature in making you well when all else fails. If you are constive or dyspeptic, or are suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters is a sovereign remedy in all such complaints. If you are wasting away with any form of Kidney disease, stop tempting Death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters. If you are sick with that terrible sickness Nervousness, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in the use of Hop Bitters. If you are a frequenter, or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious, and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters. If you have rough, pimply, or scaly skin, bad breath, pains and aches, and feel miserably generally, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, and sweetest breath, health, and comfort. In short they cure all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Bright's Disease. 1500 will be paid for each case they will not cure or help. Druggists and Chemists keep.

That poor, bedridden, invalid wife, sister, mother, by a few bottles of Hop Bitters, costing but a trifle. Will you let them suffer?

FLORINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odor arising from decayed teeth, or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.—Aromatic Schnapps, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.—Aromatic Schnapps, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.—Aromatic Schnapps, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.—Aromatic Schnapps, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.—Aromatic Schnapps, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 1d. per box. People troubled with a "hacking cough," "croup," "hoarseness," or "bronchitis," should at once try them, and will find them a most valuable remedy. If allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box.—Prepared by John T. Brown & Sons, Boston, U.S. European Depot, removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

£1 FREE GIFTS!—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

Victorian Railways. FROM MELBOURNE TO STAWELL. LEAVE Melbourne 6.30 a.m., 11.10 a.m., 4.10 p.m. 7 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.13 a.m., 12.57 a.m., 6.15 p.m., 8.22 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 8.52 a.m., 1.13 a.m., 6.35 p.m., 8.37 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 11.20 a.m., 3.50 p.m., 7.15 p.m., 10.35 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 6.40 a.m., 1.21 a.m., 4.25 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.49 a.m., 12.16 p.m., 5.28 p.m., 8.41 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 12.40 a.m., 6.7 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.10 a.m., 1.16 p.m., 6.50 p.m., 1.25 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 9.20 a.m., 1.31 a.m., 7.1 a.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 11.43 a.m., 3.59 p.m., 8.5 p.m., 11.43 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.40 a.m., 1.51 p.m., 6.30 p.m., 8.15 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM STAWELL TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Stawell 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM MELBOURNE TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Melbourne 6.45 a.m., 11.10 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 7 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.49 a.m., 12.16 p.m., 5.28 p.m., 8.41 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 9.20 a.m., 1.31 a.m., 7.1 a.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 11.43 a.m., 3.59 p.m., 8.5 p.m., 11.43 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.40 a.m., 1.51 p.m., 6.30 p.m., 8.15 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Arahata 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Portland 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM ARAHAT TO HAMILTON AND PORTLAND. LEAVE Arahata 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Hamilton 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Arahata 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM HAMILTON AND PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE. LEAVE Hamilton 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 3.5 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 1.14 p.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 11.55 a.m., 4.9 p.m. ARRIVE Hamilton 10.15 a.m., 3.41 p.m., 8.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. FROM PORTLAND AND HAMILTON TO ARAHAT. LEAVE Portland 6.45 a.m., 10.45 p.m.,

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows: Wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 6d; wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; oats, 2s 2d to 2s 7d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L2 10s; straw, 1s 6d to 1s 10s; bran, 1s 6d to 1s 10s; pollard, 10s; rye, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; maize, 2s 6d to 2s 8d; potatoes, 10s; butter, 10s; eggs, 10s; cheese, 10s; wool, 10s; tallow, 10s; oil, 10s; sugar, 10s; flour, 10s; rice, 10s; tea, 10s; coffee, 10s; spices, 10s; sundries, 10s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Owing to the holidays, business in the produce market has been a good deal interfered with, and sales reported are of a very restricted character. On Saturday, two lots of wheat of character, fifteen and twenty bags respectively, were sold at 3s 4d bags returned, and another small lot of 3s 4d bags returned. We understand, too, that some parcels are being landed from up-country at 3s 7d to 3s 7d bags in. A few loads of flour have gone down country as follows: returning potatoes, 10s; local flour, 10s; wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 6d; wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; oats, 2s 2d to 2s 7d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L2 10s; straw, 1s 6d to 1s 10s; bran, 1s 6d to 1s 10s; pollard, 10s; rye, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; maize, 2s 6d to 2s 8d; potatoes, 10s; butter, 10s; eggs, 10s; cheese, 10s; wool, 10s; tallow, 10s; oil, 10s; sugar, 10s; flour, 10s; rice, 10s; tea, 10s; coffee, 10s; spices, 10s; sundries, 10s.

THE TOMATO AS A DIET.

The tomato exhibits one remarkable property. Its hostility to low organisms is due to the presence of sulphur, which is rendered up in an active condition by the process of digestion. Summer diarrhoea, English cholera, and typhoid fever are all due to low organisms. As the diarrhoeal and typhoid germs are destroyed by the sulphur in the tomato, it is not unreasonable to assume that the tomato waters would be more than ordinarily likely to escape such diseases. The fruit acids of the tomato combined with the medicinal effect of the skin and seeds, render it to some extent an enemy of scurvy, as well as a laxative; while its known power over septic conditions would probably contribute to make its use a protection against the poison germs of those diseases, like typhoid, that find their way into the system primarily by the alimentary canal. At the same time, no more than two of three fairly sized tomatoes should be eaten each day, as overeating tomatoes is very injurious to the system. If a tomato shrub be uprooted at the end of the season, and allowed to wither on the bow of a fruit tree, or if it be burnt beneath, it will act not only as a curative, but protective against blight and similar attacks. Abridged from the "Medical Journal."

A TOM CAT.

A Chinaman was some time ago employed to cook for a party of men on a contract job. They of course called him John, that being the name applied to every Chinaman, whether his name be Jim, Fat, or Tom. But this particular Celestial, who had been called John, and protested strongly against being called John, was addressed by his proper name. His name was Tom Kat, or a name which sounded in John's lingo very much like "Tom Cat." This pleased the knookabout hands immensely, so they decided to call him Tom Cat, and John was quite satisfied. Some of the hands were in a township - not far off recently - and when in conversation with a peculiarly fine cat made his appearance, which somebody said was the largest Tom Cat he had ever seen. "Ah," said one of the men, with a sly look, "you have not seen the Tom Cat we have got out camp; he would weigh ten times the weight of that fellow, and his tail is four times the length. And he was made of a dozen bottles of brandy that he could not produce a larger Tom Cat within twelve hours. Whereupon our started the mob, and in two hours they returned with the Celestial in a spring cart, who had been persuaded to come and see his brother. "Who are you?" yelled Bonifacio to the Chinaman, who came along the house in a great hurry, expecting to find another Chinaman who claimed relationship. "Oh!" he cried, "My Tom Kat." "Pah!" "Oh, you are the Tom cat they have been blowing about, are you? Well, if you have come to see your brother, there he is - pointing to the huge cat. Whether the men got the brandy or not we do not know, but the Chinaman decided to be called John after that. He did not know previously that his name was the same as Bonifacio's pet mouse.

INDIGESTION.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND PAPERS.

Connelly, J. B.; Colwell, J. B.; Day, T.; Ellis, M.; Forbes, J. B.; Hampson, H.; Hellyer, Mrs.; Jackson, W. L.; J. R. J.; L. G. G.; M. Millan, Mrs.; M. Donald, J.; Mitchell and Co.; Manners, T.; Phillips, H.; Simons, Jas.; Topper, Geo.; Thompson, M. A.; Westbrook, R.; Wilson, G. E. M. KILDARE, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 18th, 1884.

Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning at 10 o'clock. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1884.

THE TOMATO AS A DIET.

The tomato exhibits one remarkable property. Its hostility to low organisms is due to the presence of sulphur, which is rendered up in an active condition by the process of digestion. Summer diarrhoea, English cholera, and typhoid fever are all due to low organisms. As the diarrhoeal and typhoid germs are destroyed by the sulphur in the tomato, it is not unreasonable to assume that the tomato waters would be more than ordinarily likely to escape such diseases. The fruit acids of the tomato combined with the medicinal effect of the skin and seeds, render it to some extent an enemy of scurvy, as well as a laxative; while its known power over septic conditions would probably contribute to make its use a protection against the poison germs of those diseases, like typhoid, that find their way into the system primarily by the alimentary canal. At the same time, no more than two of three fairly sized tomatoes should be eaten each day, as overeating tomatoes is very injurious to the system. If a tomato shrub be uprooted at the end of the season, and allowed to wither on the bow of a fruit tree, or if it be burnt beneath, it will act not only as a curative, but protective against blight and similar attacks. Abridged from the "Medical Journal."

A TOM CAT.

A Chinaman was some time ago employed to cook for a party of men on a contract job. They of course called him John, that being the name applied to every Chinaman, whether his name be Jim, Fat, or Tom. But this particular Celestial, who had been called John, and protested strongly against being called John, was addressed by his proper name. His name was Tom Kat, or a name which sounded in John's lingo very much like "Tom Cat." This pleased the knookabout hands immensely, so they decided to call him Tom Cat, and John was quite satisfied. Some of the hands were in a township - not far off recently - and when in conversation with a peculiarly fine cat made his appearance, which somebody said was the largest Tom Cat he had ever seen. "Ah," said one of the men, with a sly look, "you have not seen the Tom Cat we have got out camp; he would weigh ten times the weight of that fellow, and his tail is four times the length. And he was made of a dozen bottles of brandy that he could not produce a larger Tom Cat within twelve hours. Whereupon our started the mob, and in two hours they returned with the Celestial in a spring cart, who had been persuaded to come and see his brother. "Who are you?" yelled Bonifacio to the Chinaman, who came along the house in a great hurry, expecting to find another Chinaman who claimed relationship. "Oh!" he cried, "My Tom Kat." "Pah!" "Oh, you are the Tom cat they have been blowing about, are you? Well, if you have come to see your brother, there he is - pointing to the huge cat. Whether the men got the brandy or not we do not know, but the Chinaman decided to be called John after that. He did not know previously that his name was the same as Bonifacio's pet mouse.

INDIGESTION.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND PAPERS.

Connelly, J. B.; Colwell, J. B.; Day, T.; Ellis, M.; Forbes, J. B.; Hampson, H.; Hellyer, Mrs.; Jackson, W. L.; J. R. J.; L. G. G.; M. Millan, Mrs.; M. Donald, J.; Mitchell and Co.; Manners, T.; Phillips, H.; Simons, Jas.; Topper, Geo.; Thompson, M. A.; Westbrook, R.; Wilson, G. E. M. KILDARE, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 18th, 1884.

Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning at 10 o'clock. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1884.

THE TOMATO AS A DIET.

The tomato exhibits one remarkable property. Its hostility to low organisms is due to the presence of sulphur, which is rendered up in an active condition by the process of digestion. Summer diarrhoea, English cholera, and typhoid fever are all due to low organisms. As the diarrhoeal and typhoid germs are destroyed by the sulphur in the tomato, it is not unreasonable to assume that the tomato waters would be more than ordinarily likely to escape such diseases. The fruit acids of the tomato combined with the medicinal effect of the skin and seeds, render it to some extent an enemy of scurvy, as well as a laxative; while its known power over septic conditions would probably contribute to make its use a protection against the poison germs of those diseases, like typhoid, that find their way into the system primarily by the alimentary canal. At the same time, no more than two of three fairly sized tomatoes should be eaten each day, as overeating tomatoes is very injurious to the system. If a tomato shrub be uprooted at the end of the season, and allowed to wither on the bow of a fruit tree, or if it be burnt beneath, it will act not only as a curative, but protective against blight and similar attacks. Abridged from the "Medical Journal."

A TOM CAT.

A Chinaman was some time ago employed to cook for a party of men on a contract job. They of course called him John, that being the name applied to every Chinaman, whether his name be Jim, Fat, or Tom. But this particular Celestial, who had been called John, and protested strongly against being called John, was addressed by his proper name. His name was Tom Kat, or a name which sounded in John's lingo very much like "Tom Cat." This pleased the knookabout hands immensely, so they decided to call him Tom Cat, and John was quite satisfied. Some of the hands were in a township - not far off recently - and when in conversation with a peculiarly fine cat made his appearance, which somebody said was the largest Tom Cat he had ever seen. "Ah," said one of the men, with a sly look, "you have not seen the Tom Cat we have got out camp; he would weigh ten times the weight of that fellow, and his tail is four times the length. And he was made of a dozen bottles of brandy that he could not produce a larger Tom Cat within twelve hours. Whereupon our started the mob, and in two hours they returned with the Celestial in a spring cart, who had been persuaded to come and see his brother. "Who are you?" yelled Bonifacio to the Chinaman, who came along the house in a great hurry, expecting to find another Chinaman who claimed relationship. "Oh!" he cried, "My Tom Kat." "Pah!" "Oh, you are the Tom cat they have been blowing about, are you? Well, if you have come to see your brother, there he is - pointing to the huge cat. Whether the men got the brandy or not we do not know, but the Chinaman decided to be called John after that. He did not know previously that his name was the same as Bonifacio's pet mouse.

INDIGESTION.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND PAPERS.

Connelly, J. B.; Colwell, J. B.; Day, T.; Ellis, M.; Forbes, J. B.; Hampson, H.; Hellyer, Mrs.; Jackson, W. L.; J. R. J.; L. G. G.; M. Millan, Mrs.; M. Donald, J.; Mitchell and Co.; Manners, T.; Phillips, H.; Simons, Jas.; Topper, Geo.; Thompson, M. A.; Westbrook, R.; Wilson, G. E. M. KILDARE, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 18th, 1884.

Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning at 10 o'clock. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1884.

THE TOMATO AS A DIET.

The tomato exhibits one remarkable property. Its hostility to low organisms is due to the presence of sulphur, which is rendered up in an active condition by the process of digestion. Summer diarrhoea, English cholera, and typhoid fever are all due to low organisms. As the diarrhoeal and typhoid germs are destroyed by the sulphur in the tomato, it is not unreasonable to assume that the tomato waters would be more than ordinarily likely to escape such diseases. The fruit acids of the tomato combined with the medicinal effect of the skin and seeds, render it to some extent an enemy of scurvy, as well as a laxative; while its known power over septic conditions would probably contribute to make its use a protection against the poison germs of those diseases, like typhoid, that find their way into the system primarily by the alimentary canal. At the same time, no more than two of three fairly sized tomatoes should be eaten each day, as overeating tomatoes is very injurious to the system. If a tomato shrub be uprooted at the end of the season, and allowed to wither on the bow of a fruit tree, or if it be burnt beneath, it will act not only as a curative, but protective against blight and similar attacks. Abridged from the "Medical Journal."

A TOM CAT.

A Chinaman was some time ago employed to cook for a party of men on a contract job. They of course called him John, that being the name applied to every Chinaman, whether his name be Jim, Fat, or Tom. But this particular Celestial, who had been called John, and protested strongly against being called John, was addressed by his proper name. His name was Tom Kat, or a name which sounded in John's lingo very much like "Tom Cat." This pleased the knookabout hands immensely, so they decided to call him Tom Cat, and John was quite satisfied. Some of the hands were in a township - not far off recently - and when in conversation with a peculiarly fine cat made his appearance, which somebody said was the largest Tom Cat he had ever seen. "Ah," said one of the men, with a sly look, "you have not seen the Tom Cat we have got out camp; he would weigh ten times the weight of that fellow, and his tail is four times the length. And he was made of a dozen bottles of brandy that he could not produce a larger Tom Cat within twelve hours. Whereupon our started the mob, and in two hours they returned with the Celestial in a spring cart, who had been persuaded to come and see his brother. "Who are you?" yelled Bonifacio to the Chinaman, who came along the house in a great hurry, expecting to find another Chinaman who claimed relationship. "Oh!" he cried, "My Tom Kat." "Pah!" "Oh, you are the Tom cat they have been blowing about, are you? Well, if you have come to see your brother, there he is - pointing to the huge cat. Whether the men got the brandy or not we do not know, but the Chinaman decided to be called John after that. He did not know previously that his name was the same as Bonifacio's pet mouse.

INDIGESTION.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

From Messrs. Cameron, Lang, and Co., Publishers, Melbourne, we have received a copy of "MacIvor's Australasian Agricultural and Pastoral Year Book," for 1884. The book contains a vast amount of useful information for farmers and persons engaged in pastoral pursuits in particular, and the public generally. Under the heading "The Chemist in the Dairy," there is supplied a lot of useful hints to farmers. The "veterinarian" also gives some directions as to the best mode of Victorian Poultry and Poultry is dealt with by Mr. Hugh Lennan, an excellent authority on such matters. A complete farm calendar, with directions for each month in the year, is also given. The "Laid" and "Fencing" parts of each of the volumes are also given, besides a deal of other general information. The book is got up in a neat, handy, form, and should have a large sale at the published price of 2s. Mr. Hennessey, the local agent, will supply copies on application.

BIKE RACE.

One mile. For trophies valued at £2, £2, and £1, for first, second, and third respectively. A. L. Ronaldson, 120yds. Time, 3min. 15sec. J. Murray, 100yds. Time, 3min. 25sec. H. Smith, 120yds. Time, 3min. 25sec. John Andas, 200yds. Time, 3min. 25sec. A. L. Ronaldson, 120yds. Time, 3min. 15sec.

MAIDEN RACE.

Of 3 sows; 100 yds. First prize, £2; second, £1; third, £1. T. Wood, Melbourne. Time, 10 1/2 sec. G. E. S. Hunt, Crosswick. Time, 10 1/2 sec. J. Doyle, Ararat. Time, 10 1/2 sec.

BEAUFORT HANDICAP.

Of 15 sows; 100 yds. First prize, £10; second, £5; third, £2. T. Trezise, Black Lead, 3yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. W. G. Black, Strathorn, 15yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. D. Holgate, Horsham, 3yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. Richmond, 100yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. G. W. Hunter, Woodend, 4yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. Joseph Darcy, Ballarat, 3yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec.

BIKE RACE.

Two miles. Open to members of the Beaufort Club only. First prize, £10; second, £5; third, £2. Mr. P. De Boreo, 1st prize, £10. Entrance, 2s 6d. John Andas, 200yds. Time, 3min. 25sec.

CHERRY CREEK PLAC.

Of 15 sows; 40 yds. First prize, £10; second, £5; third, £2. G. W. Hunter, Woodend, 4yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. J. Reekin, Chate, 3yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec. James Darcy, 3yds. Time, 10 1/2 sec.

HANDICAP PLAC.

Of 3 sows; 150 yds. Open to members of the Beaufort Club only. First prize, £10; second, £5; third, £2. Mr. P. De Boreo, 1st prize, £10. Entrance, 2s 6d. John Andas, 200yds. Time, 3min. 25sec.

HANDICAP BIKE RACE.

One mile. Open to "Coventry Club" only. First prize, £10; second, £5; third, £2. Mr. P. De Boreo, 1st prize, £10. Entrance, 2s 6d. John Andas, 200yds. Time, 3min. 25sec.

BOYS RACE.

Of 21 boys; 200 yds. First prize, £1; second, £1; third, £1. J. Vandenhook, 1st prize, £1. Time, 10 1/2 sec. G. E. Taylor, 2nd prize, £1. Time, 10 1/2 sec. C. Loft, 3rd prize, £1. Time, 10 1/2 sec.

HANDICAP BIKE RACE.

One mile. Open to "Coventry Club" only. First prize, £10; second, £5; third, £2. Mr. P. De Boreo, 1st prize, £10. Entrance, 2s 6d. John Andas, 200yds. Time, 3min. 25sec.

BEAUFORT ATHLETIC CLUBS' SOCIETY'S HOOD.

The twelfth annual sports gathering under the auspices of the Beaufort Athletic Club was held on Easter Monday in the show yards reserve, and was the most successful ever yet held. The weather in the early part of the day was very threatening, and several smart showers of rain fell, which undoubtedly had the effect of keeping a number of people away. Despite this drawback, however, there could not have been less than 1100 people present during the afternoon. The committee had made a most successful carrying out of the sports, the running circle being in splendid condition. All the events were run strictly to time, and everything passed off without a hitch. The bicycle races appeared to specially attract the public attention, and the several events caused a good deal of excitement, each being well contested from start to finish. Two of the riders, Messrs. H. Smith, and J. Murray, sustained nasty falls, but fortunately were not badly hurt. It will be seen from the result of the races that John Andas carried off the lion's share of the prizes. He is a young rider, but the superior way in which he managed his machine, and his extraordinary staying powers, brought him out successfully. L. Scharp also rode in splendid style, and both of these young men are the makings of clever bicyclists. The foot-racing resulted in some really fine trials, and Mr. M. Kiech, the handicapper, is to be complimented on his sound judgment. Mr. H. Stuart, with the under and over bicycles, and Mr. C. W. Tompkins, with a sweep-wheel, did a good business in the interests of the

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND PAPERS.

Connelly, J. B.; Colwell, J. B.; Day, T.; Ellis, M.; Forbes, J. B.; Hampson, H.; Hellyer, Mrs.; Jackson, W. L.; J. R. J.; L. G. G.; M. Millan, Mrs.; M. Donald, J.; Mitchell and Co.; Manners, T.; Phillips, H.; Simons, Jas.; Topper, Geo.; Thompson, M. A.; Westbrook, R.; Wilson, G. E. M. KILDARE, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 18th, 1884.

Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning at 10 o'clock. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1884.

THE TOMATO AS A DIET.

The tomato exhibits one remarkable property. Its hostility to low organisms is due to the presence of sulphur, which is rendered up in an active condition by the process of digestion. Summer diarrhoea, English cholera, and typhoid fever are all due to low organisms. As the diarrhoeal and typhoid germs are destroyed by the sulphur in the tomato, it is not unreasonable to assume that the tomato waters would be more than ordinarily likely to escape such diseases. The fruit acids of the tomato combined with the medicinal effect of the skin and seeds, render it to some extent an enemy of scurvy, as well as a laxative; while its known power over septic conditions would probably contribute to make its use a protection against the poison germs of those diseases, like typhoid, that find their way into the system primarily by the alimentary canal. At the same time, no more than two of three fairly sized tomatoes should be eaten each day, as overeating tomatoes is very injurious to the system. If a tomato shrub be uprooted at the end of the season, and allowed to wither on the bow of a fruit tree, or if it be burnt beneath, it will act not only as a curative, but protective against blight and similar attacks. Abridged from the "Medical Journal."

A TOM CAT.

A Chinaman was some time ago employed to cook for a party of men on a contract job. They of course called him John, that being the name applied to every Chinaman, whether his name be Jim, Fat, or Tom. But this particular Celestial, who had been called John, and protested strongly against being called John, was addressed by his proper name. His name was Tom Kat, or a name which sounded in John's lingo very much like "Tom Cat." This pleased the knookabout hands immensely, so they decided to call him Tom Cat, and John was quite satisfied. Some of the hands were in a township - not far off recently - and when in conversation with a peculiarly fine cat made his appearance, which somebody said was the largest Tom Cat he had ever seen. "Ah," said one of the men, with a sly look, "you have not seen the Tom Cat we have got out camp; he would weigh ten times the weight of that fellow, and his tail is four times the length. And he was made of a dozen bottles of brandy that he could not produce a larger Tom Cat within twelve hours. Whereupon our started the mob, and in two hours they returned with the Celestial in a spring cart, who had been persuaded to come and see his brother. "Who are you?" yelled Bonifacio to the Chinaman, who came along the house in a great hurry, expecting to find another Chinaman who claimed relationship. "Oh!" he cried, "My Tom Kat." "Pah!" "Oh, you are the Tom cat they have been blowing about, are you? Well, if you have come to see your brother, there he is - pointing to the huge cat. Whether the men got the brandy or not we do not know, but the Chinaman decided to be called John after that. He did not know previously that his name was the same as Bonifacio's pet mouse.

INDIGESTION.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND PAPERS.

Connelly, J. B.; Colwell, J. B.; Day, T.; Ellis, M.; Forbes, J. B.; Hampson, H.; Hellyer, Mrs.; Jackson, W. L.; J. R. J.; L. G. G.; M. Millan, Mrs.; M. Donald, J.; Mitchell and Co.; Manners, T.; Phillips, H.; Simons, Jas.; Topper, Geo.; Thompson, M. A.; Westbrook, R.; Wilson, G. E. M. KILDARE, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 18th, 1884.

Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning at 10 o'clock. SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1884.

THE TOMATO AS A DIET.

The tomato exhibits one remarkable property. Its hostility to low organisms is due to the presence of sulphur, which is rendered up in an active condition by the process of digestion. Summer diarrhoea, English cholera, and typhoid fever are all due to low organisms. As the diarrhoeal and typhoid germs are destroyed by the sulphur in the tomato, it is not unreasonable to assume that the tomato waters would be more than ordinarily likely to escape such diseases. The fruit acids of the tomato combined with the medicinal effect of the skin and seeds, render it to some extent an enemy of scurvy, as well as a laxative; while its known power over septic conditions would probably contribute to make its use a protection against the poison germs of those diseases, like typhoid, that find their way into the system primarily by the alimentary canal. At the same time, no more than two of three fairly sized tomatoes should be eaten each day, as overeating tomatoes is very injurious to the system. If a tomato shrub be uprooted at the end of the season, and allowed to wither on the bow of a fruit tree, or if it be burnt beneath, it will act not only as a curative, but protective against blight and similar attacks. Abridged from the "Medical Journal."

A TOM CAT.

A Chinaman was some time ago employed to cook for a party of men on a contract job. They of course called him John, that being the name applied to every Chinaman, whether his name be Jim, Fat, or Tom. But this particular Celestial, who had been called John, and protested strongly against being called John, was addressed by his proper name. His name was Tom Kat, or a name which sounded in John's lingo very much like "Tom Cat." This pleased the knookabout hands immensely, so they decided to call him Tom Cat, and John was quite satisfied. Some of the hands were in a township - not far off recently - and when in conversation with a peculiarly fine cat made his appearance, which somebody said was the largest Tom Cat he had ever seen. "Ah," said one of the men, with a sly look, "you have not seen the Tom Cat we have got out camp; he would weigh ten times the weight of that fellow, and his tail is four times the length. And he was made of a dozen bottles of brandy that he could not produce a larger Tom Cat within twelve hours. Whereupon our started the mob, and in two hours they returned with the Celestial in a spring cart, who had been persuaded to come and see his brother. "Who are you?" yelled Bonifacio to the Chinaman, who came along the house in a great hurry, expecting to find another Chinaman who claimed relationship. "Oh!" he cried, "My Tom Kat." "Pah!" "Oh, you are the Tom cat they have been blowing about, are you? Well, if you have come to see your brother, there he is - pointing to the huge cat. Whether the men got the brandy or not we do not know, but the Chinaman decided to be called John after that. He did not know previously that his name was the same as Bonifacio's pet mouse.

INDIGESTION.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

Cable News.

FROM THE ARGUS CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, April 15.

Her Majesty the Queen has acknowledged in handsome terms, the receipt of the address of condolence telegraphed by the Victorian Government on behalf of the people of Victoria.

Her Majesty states that she will retain the telegram as a memento of the sympathy and condolence of the people of Victoria.

Several English detectives have proceeded to Paris, where they are endeavoring to track out the Irishman concerned in the dynamite conspiracy.

Sir Saul Samuel, the agent-general for New South Wales, has presented an address from the Jews of Sydney, to Moses Montefiore, the eminent philanthropist, who attained his 99th year in October last.

Lord Randolph Churchill, who has decided to contest Birmingham in the Conservative interest at the general election, commenced his electoral campaign there yesterday.

He was received with great enthusiasm. Mr. Parnell, speaking at Drogheda yesterday, denounced the proposal of Mr. Henry George and other reformers for the nationalisation of the land as a craze.

Baron Miklono Maciej, the Russian naturalist and explorer of New Guinea, has complained privately that the kidnapping of the natives of the Pacific islands for labor purposes still continues.

The Right Hon. H. C. E. Childers, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, has requested the agents-general of the Australasian colonies to nominate a member of the Technical Commission, which is to sit in Paris next month to discuss the alterations proposed to be made in the Suez Canal.

Of the cargo of frozen mutton and lamb shipped at Melbourne by the Orient Steamer Garonne, 930 carcasses have been condemned as unfit for human consumption.

NEWS FROM KHARTOUM.

CAIRO, April 16.

The reports which were current at Suakin two days ago to the effect that Khartoum had fallen, and that General Gordon had been taken prisoner, have now proved to be entirely devoid of foundation. News has, in fact, been received from General Gordon himself, dated Khartoum, the 8th inst., stating that, owing to serious dissensions having broken out among the adherents of the Mahdi in Kordofan, he had been compelled to abandon his proposed expedition against Khartoum, and that that place was therefore perfectly safe for the present.

The apprehensions which have been recently entertained with regard to the garrisons at Senaar, on the Blue Nile, and Kassala, an important town midway between Khartoum and the Red Sea, have been allayed by the receipt of intelligence announcing the safety of both places.—Reuter's cables.

The "Queenslander" says that a person should be able to sit in an office in Brisbane, and give evidence in a court of justice sitting 420 miles distant, would almost appear too great a tax on credulity even in these days of telegraphic and telephonic communication, and yet such an occurrence actually took place the other day. In a case being heard at the police court at St. George, it was found necessary to secure the evidence of a public officer in Brisbane. By taking advantage of the forms of the Telegraphic Messages Act of 1875, the evidence was given by wire, and, so far as it is known, accepted by the St. George Bench.

A well known clergyman in the north of England entertained recently a brother clergyman from some distance. The evening being unpropitious, he asked him to remain for the night. At dusk the clergyman asked his guest if he would step into the manse while he gave orders to have his conveyance ready in the morning. As the visitor entered the manse the clergyman's wife mistook him in the dusk for her husband, and seizing the pulpit bible, which lay on the lobby table, brought the full weight of it across his shoulders, exclaiming emphatically, "Take that for asking the ugly wretch to stay all night."

It has been announced that the London Chartered Bank directors offered a reward of £1,000 for information leading to the conviction of the thief or thieves, who robbed the branch bank at Horsham, and for the recovery of the money stolen. The supplement to the "Government Gazette" of Thursday notifies that in addition the Government will grant a free pardon to an accomplice giving such information.

An "Argus" telegram from Sydney on Thursday says:—"A fatal prize fight occurred this morning behind the Randwick racetrack. The victim was a young man named Alek Agar, a native of 'Victoria,' his opponent being a powerfully built negro named Lawson. The disgraceful affair was secretly planned some days ago, was carried out in the presence of a hundred persons, the majority consisting of thieves and blackguards. The combatants fought 16 rounds, when the negro dealt Agar a fearful blow on the forehead. Agar died shortly afterwards. The police are taking proceedings against the principals in the affair. Two men, named Peter Jackson and Wm. Priddy, have been arrested for being concerned in the death of Agar."

An "Argus" telegram from Sydney on Thursday says:—"This afternoon a wrestling match took place at the Theatre Royal between Professor Miller and Edward Blackburn, of Englehawk, Victoria, for £100 a side and the championship of Australia. Both men were in first-class condition, and it was difficult to say which of the two showed the most perfect muscular development. Blackburn was declared the winner. At the close of the proceedings Miller offered to meet Blackburn for any sum, and the latter expressed his willingness to wrestle Miller in the Cumberland style for £150.

Her Majesty the Queen has written a letter, which has been published, thanking all her loyal subjects for the sympathy manifested during her recent bereavement. Her Majesty says that, despite her sorrow, she will as heretofore continue to labour to promote the good of the country over which she rules.

A writer in an exchange says:—"I discovered many years ago that wood could be made to last longer than iron, in the ground, but through a process so simple that it was not well to make a stir about it. I would as soon have poplar, basswood, or ash as any other kind of timber for fence posts. I have taken out basswood posts after having been set seven years that were as sound when taken out as when first put in the ground. Time and weather seemed to have no effect on them. The posts can be prepared for less than two cents apiece. This is the receipt:—Take boiled linseed oil and stir in pulverized coal to the consistency of paint. Put a coat of this over the timber and there is not a man that will live to see it rot."

NOTICE.

ANY Person or Persons found COURING on A. Travalla or Little Station during the month of "Saskin" will be PROSECUTED. POISON LAID.

NORMAN WILSON.

IN the Supreme Court—No. 1010.—Between George Young, Edward Harwood Lascelles, Sidney Austin, David Strachan, and Charles John Denney, trading as "Young, Lascelles, Austin & Co." Plaintiffs, and James H. Cameron, Defendant.—Upon reading the affidavits of John McDougall and John Robson Torbett, and upon hearing the Attorney for the Plaintiffs, and the Defendant, after the above named James H. Cameron shall cause an appearance to be entered for him in the Supreme Court at Melbourne in this case within three weeks after the publication of this notice by two insertions in the Ribonshire Advocate newspaper the plaintiffs may proceed to judgment and execution without further notice.

Dated this ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

BEOFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR.

Public Notice.

AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither coursing nor shooting can be allowed on the estate during the next two months.

J. W. HARRIS, MINING AGENT AND SHARE BROKER.

Wanted, SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER.

PLEASE to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and districts that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors quantities, and prepare estimates.

Agent for the Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

GREAT CLEARING SALE OF Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing Boots and Shoes, FOR CASH ONLY.

GEO. H. COUGLE, Having purchased the Stock and Goodwill of Mr. G. Tuff at a very low figure, will offer to the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts Goods of the very best quality, considerably under Melbourne Wholesale Prices. It being necessary to reduce the present large and well-assorted stock to make room for new Winter Goods, a GREAT CLEARING SALE will be held, commencing on

SATURDAY, 22nd MARCH.

NOTE THE ADDRESS: Two doors from the Golden Age Hotel, Havelock Street, Beaufort.

ON SALE, CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO "VICTORY" Brand, at 3s. per lb., or 4d. per pug.

H. P. HENNINGSEN, Havelock Street, Beaufort.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

American shingle boards; Do lumber do; 6 x 1 7 and 8 Scotch flooring; 6 x 4 do do lining; 6 x 4 do do roofing; American and British deals, all sizes; 4 out pine weatherboards; 1 1/2 x 4 do do; American clear pine; Pine, Fir, Elm, Cedar, wide and narrow boards; Cedar table legs, all sizes; French casements, doors, sashes; Mouldings, architraves, skirtings; Broad palings and shingles; A stock of all sizes of hardware always on hand Also, GEELONG LIME.

NEXT TO POLICE STATION JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

RENTS AND DEBITS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort. Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT.

Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co., Wm. McCulloch and Co., Permewan, Wright and Co., FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., at Auction, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £2,000,000; Reserve Fund, £200,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances on STATION SECURITIES, ENSUING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC., FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the season; Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, Leather, etc., three times a week throughout the year. Auction Sales of Grain, Flour, etc., held every Wednesday.

DAVID ELDER, Manager, L. YOUNGHUSBAND, Wool and Produce Manager, Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouse, Collins street west.

W. BAKER, Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturers, OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT.

A Large Assortment of Furniture in Stock at very Low Prices. A CALL SOLICITED. Merchants, Storekeepers, and Hawkers supplied. Straw Mattresses, from 7s. 6d. upwards.

John James Trevatt, Shoeing and Jobbing Smith, HAS COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. W. Buchanan, Havelock Street, Beaufort, and respectfully solicits a share of public support.

GEELONG WOOL SALES. Synnot, Everingham, & Co., WOOL BROKERS, STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, (Established in 1853).

ARE prepared to make Liberal Cash Advances on Wool, etc., consigned to them for sale or shipment to the London market.

Sale days, Tuesdays and Thursdays for Wool, and Wednesdays for Skins, Hides and Tallow. During the grain season Weekly Sales of Grain will be held at the warehouses.

All consignments of Wool, etc., are carefully valued by members of the firm, and duly protected up to valuations. When values are not realised the Wool can be shipped to the London Market, at a cost of one shilling per bale.

In consequence of the increase of their business they have just completed extensive additions to their warehouses, which now have a frontage to Clare-street of 250 feet. The showrooms and large warehouses have been thoroughly renovated and greatly improved, making them as complete as any in the colony, giving ample space to catalogue and display from five to six thousand bales at each sale.

Geelong, as a market for wool, is acknowledged by all who have tried it to be the best in the colony for the sale of either large or small clips, consequent upon the easy and cheap facilities for shipping, and the other charges being about seven shillings per bale in favor of Geelong. Foreign buyers know this and consequently prefer buying in this market.

Geelong has more Fellmongers than Melbourne, which, with four Woollen Manufacturers, creates an almost unlimited demand for Wool and other Station Produce.

Consignments from any part of Victoria or from any of the colonies will receive our best attention. Woollpacks and all Station Stores on sale at lowest rates. CLARE STREET, GEELONG.

NOW OPENED. A Want Long felt in this District. A Grocery Cash Store, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

IN which some but articles of the very best brands and finest quality are on sale, at lowest possible prices, for CASH. A saving of 1s. in the pound on all purchases guaranteed. P. M. O'CONNELL.

The Name of M. MOSS & Co. THE CELEBRATED WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS THE PUREST STIMULANT IN THE WORLD.

INFINITELY SUPERIOR to Brandy or Whisky, and is now the Most Popular Drink throughout the Colonies.

Certified by the Medical Profession as "THE PUREST STIMULANT PROBABLE." As a Tonic and Stimulant cannot be surpassed, giving tone and life to the system.

The Purest Spirit in the World.

WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them. The public should no longer be duped by injurious, cheap, fiery compounds, imitations of the genuine WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

The public are strongly advised to purchase original unopened bottles, as the Custom Authorities have found it necessary to present to a large number of Publicans under the Trade Marks Act, and they have fined up to £10, and £10,10s. penalties, for selling inferior spirits over the bar, representing it to be the GENUINE WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS, WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

AUTUMN SHOW! AUTUMN SHOW!

We beg to intimate to our numerous customers that we are now showing our AUTUMN GOODS direct from the Home Manufacturers.

MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT. This Department, which is so well known, is stocked with Goods to suit all tastes. Calicoes, from 2d.; Flannels, from 3d.; Shirts, from 3d.; Towellings, from 3d.; Towels, from 1s. 6d. per dozen; and others too numerous to particularise.

Dress and Fancy Departments. Contain all the LATEST NOVELTIES and MATERIALS suitable for the coming season; EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES. Call, and see for yourselves.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. This grand addition to our premises enables us to keep one of the LARGEST RETAIL STOCKS in the colony, and we guarantee to supply First-class Goods at Lowest Prices.

BOOT DEPARTMENT. Is now stocked with the Best Assortment that can be had in the Home and Melbourne markets, at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Agents for the Singer, Wheeler and Wilson, Davis, and New Wilson Sewing Machines. EASY TERMS.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., IMPORTERS.

HAWKES BROS., IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS, Importers of English, American, and Continental HARDWARE.

HAVE on SALE, at LOWEST PRICES, a LARGE and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of FURNISHING IRONMONGERY, BUILDERS' IRONMONGERY, Bar Iron, Orb Galvanized Iron, Steel of all Kinds, Powder, Fuze, Plough Fittings, Ryland's Wire, Galvanized Wire, Carpenters and Blacksmiths' Tools, Kerosene, Boiled Castor, and Other Leather, Grindery, Colors, Glass, Paperhangings, Brushware, Water Pipes, Fittings and Cocks, etc.

Having made alterations in our premises, we are now enabled to offer Furniture, Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bedding Material as low as any house in the colony.

NOTE THE ADDRESS: HAWKES BROS., Neill street, Beaufort.

THE WONDERFUL WERTHEIM

SEWING MACHINES. PRICE LIST AND SAMPLES FREE FROM RETAIL DEPOTS AT: 59 SWANSTON STREET AND NEW COFFEE AT MELBOURNE; TAVERN BRIDGE STREET, next Buck's Head ... BALLARAT; PALM MALLS ... SANDHURST; MAIN STREET ... STAWELL; HIGH STREET ... MARYBOROUGH; MOORABOOL STREET ... GEELONG; GRAY STREET ... HAMILTON.

THE MELBOURNE SPORTS DEPOT. For REQUISITES FOR OUTDOOR AND INDOOR SPORTS & GAMES. Price HEAD OFFICES Lists Free. Price Lists Free.

CRICKET. THE "CLUB" RACER BICYCLES. TENNIS. THE "CLUB" SOCIABLE TRICYCLES. JAKERS; THE COVENTRY MACHINISTS' CO. LHM. COVENTRY, ENGLAND. Address: I LITTLE COLLINS STREET, WEST COVENTRY, ENGLAND. MELBOURNE. The Cheshamers.

Agent for Beaufort: P. D. BAEKE, Watchmaker, etc.

WOOL, WOOD, WOOD. TO SHEEP FARMERS, SELECTORS, AND OTHERS. E. J. STRICKLAND'S Ballarat AUCTION ROOMS, Lydiard-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1850. ACTS AS SELLING BROKER ONLY.

E. J. S. is again thanking his numerous constituents, the Sheep Farmers and selectors whose business he makes a specialty of for their liberal support during the past season, can confidently recommend this market as the best in the colony for the SALE OF SMALL CLIPS, as past seasons' prices will show. I have therefore much pleasure in soliciting the favor of your support and interest. LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE, whether in sale here, Melbourne or Geelong. Prompt Account Sales. Charges—Lowest in the colony.

SALE DAY—THURSDAYS. Any of the forwarding agents will receive consignments, pay all charges, and forward with despatch.

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANY Limited. Capital—ONE MILLION STERLING. Chairman—HON. HENRY MILLER. FIRE, MARINE, LIFE, and GUARANTEE. 24 Market Street, Melbourne. JOSEPH COLLIE, Secretary. Agent for Beaufort—W. EDWARD NICKOLS.

Wanted Known. THAT on and after MONDAY, 11th inst., I will start a LINE of COACHES between Waterloo and Beaufort to meet the trains at 9 o'clock in the morning, 12 o'clock noon, and 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

NOTICE. POISON is laid down in the Langi Kal Kal paddocks during lambing. Trespassers with dogs will be prosecuted. THOS. TINDALE, Manager.

REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS. W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat. Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer, Wool, Grain, and Money Broker. Estate managed for Absentees and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Company, Limited. Agent for the Victoria Fire and Life Insurance Company. Agent for the Mutual Assurance Society of Victoria Limited. Houses and Land bought or sold. Reins and Poles collected. Trust and Agency Business of all kinds attended to. Attend at Beaufort on Mondays and Saturdays, any other day by appointment.

Note the Address: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, BEAUFORT.

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 513

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1884.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence-street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until discontinued, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to the printer to stop the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observation of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON and LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in the Colony 1862. Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for Beaufort, is prepared to receive Proposals for all descriptions of insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Risks accepted on Thrashing Machines, Stocks, and Agricultural Produce.

Profits for the year, £425,355 or £27,870 over 1873.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £23,729 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the £1,500,000.

Out of a surplus of £110,726, only £16,997 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

WANTED KNOWN.

IT having come to my knowledge that Subscribers to the Daily Papers are charged with the name of the "Ballarat Star," "Age," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be delivered in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPE'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Eppe has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle malades are cured by a weak system. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold only in packets labelled—

JAMES EPPE & CO.,

HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT

NOTICE.

IT having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the

GENUINE "WERTHEIM" Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC That EVERY GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the WERTHEIM Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME.

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" IS PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY To GUARD AGAINST IMPOSITION every GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA HAS STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE the NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz.,

HUGO WERTHEIM, MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," properly registered in Australia, have been infringed upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim, 39 FLINDERS LANE EAST, MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRU DE BERE, Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.

Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival of former years."

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is overstocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the "WHEELER AND WILSON" Sewing Machine

Is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair.

The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action. The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished. The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. Instruction Given Gratis.

P. DE BERE, Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of every description executed at the "RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, and "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

CIRCULATES in the following districts—Beaufort, Stockyard Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Sailer's Gully, Main Lead, Raglan, Charlton, Waterloo, Erambeen, Buagor, Middle Creek, Shirley, Truwala, Burramboot, Learmonth, Streacham, Skipton, and Carrington.

GENUINE "WERTHEIM" Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC That EVERY GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the WERTHEIM Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME.

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" IS PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY To GUARD AGAINST IMPOSITION every GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA HAS STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE the NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz.,

HUGO WERTHEIM, MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," properly registered in Australia, have been infringed upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim, 39 FLINDERS LANE EAST, MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRU DE BERE, Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.

Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival of former years."

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is overstocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the "WHEELER AND WILSON" Sewing Machine

Is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair.

The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action. The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished. The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. Instruction Given Gratis.

P. DE BERE, Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of every description executed at the "RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, and "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

EVERINGHAM, GREENFIELD, & CO

WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS (Established 1864).

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we hold public sales of regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our clients that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO., Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH

YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT

Without Money or Security

ON S. NATHAN'S WONDERFUL TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Uph Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and great advantages may be fully understood and appreciated. For some time I have felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase Furniture without paying in one sum the full purchase money. The item for furnishing, indeed, is always a heavy one, and many are unable to pay for it at once. I have, therefore, arranged to supply the means for furnishing, and to enable my customers to pay for their purchases in instalments, or in any other way that may be convenient to them. I have, therefore, arranged to supply the means for furnishing, and to enable my customers to pay for their purchases in instalments, or in any other way that may be convenient to them.

HOOD'S RHOPHORIS PILLS

A Certain Remedy for Nervous Debility—either special or general. To avoid disappointment, ask for Hood's Phosphorus Pills, and insist upon having them only. PRICE—2/6 and 6/-

HOOD & CO'S CORN SOLVENT

A Certain Cure for Hard or Soft Corns. PRICE—2/6 and 6/-

HOOD & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, OILS, ANALINE COLORS AND DRYSLATTERY, 147 ELIZABETH STREET.

FIRST PRIZE Awarded Melbourne International Exhibition, 1880-1.

SANDER AND SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy, at Rome.

Dr. Cruikshank, Health officer for the City of Sandhurst, certifies to the extract being the most reliable remedy for external inflammation, bronchitis, diphtheria, affections of the lungs, chest, all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds, disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, etc.

PROFESSOR DR. MOSLER, at the University of Greifswald, Germany, reports astonishing cures of Diphtheria, Lung and Throat Diseases by inhaling the vapors of SANDER and SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

Epitome of declaration made before M. Cohen, Esq., J.P., at Sandhurst, October, 1877.—The son of Mr. Reabo was hurt with an axe on the neck. After nine weeks' medical treatment it was declared necessary by Dr. Macgillivray to amputate the injured limb. At that juncture the extract was applied, and the wound speedily cured without amputation.

The daughter of Mr. Junghann, suffering from disease of the bone, as pronounced by Dr. Allison and Boyd, was cured just as speedily. Cures of whooping cough, very severe colds, croup, typhoid, diphtheria, earache, pains in the head (neuralgia), inflammation of the eyes, and that of a severely injured foot; others of bad legs, wound on the arm with enormous swelling, of severe bruises and a sprained ankle (H. Brown), in which case eight months' medical advice was of no avail, are reported by the "Donald Times," "Newcastle Morning Herald," "Cooktown Courier," "York's Peninsula Advertiser," and others.

The extract regulates the action of the kidneys cures dysentery and diarrhoea, and is the surest curative agent and preventative of contagion in scarlet, typhoid, and intermittent fever. For particulars see testimonials accompanying each bottle.

Sold at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per vial.

CAUTION. Do not confound SANDER and SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT with the common Eucalypti Oil, a resinous fluid equal to turpentine, and which, when heated, gives off a strong and positively healing vapors of our Extract, and positively injurious in most cases for which our preparation is highly recommended; therefore ask for SANDER and SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT and see that you get it. The genuine article is made up in vials bearing our trade mark and signature, and for greater safety each vial is secured by an outside green band with our signature and address.

Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRUHER.

MAIN LEAD: J. McLEOD.

CHARLTON: J. DOBE.

BEAUFORT: H. A. GLAYD.

THE NEW SEASON'S SHIPMENTS

SILKS, DRESSES, MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, HOISERY, TWEEDS, CARPETS, &c.

ARE COMING DAILY TO HAND, AND ARE ON VIEW AS SOON AS THEY ARE OPENED.

A. CRAWFORD, MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT STREET, IMPORTER OF GENERAL DRAPERY, AND CARPET WAREHOUSEMAN, &c., &c., Respectfully intimates to the public and his very numerous customers that

THE WHOLESALE AND FAMILY CASH DRAPERY WAREHOUSE SYSTEM IS MORE AND MORE APPROVED OF DAILY.

For proof of which the constant and regular increase of returns or CASH TAKINGS, is positive evidence of the truthfulness of this remark, together with the continued stream of customers in every department, from morning until closing time.

THE NEW GOODS ARE OPENING SPLENDIDLY, AND on account of dullness of trade in England, and consequently keener competition amongst manufacturers, quality will be better than usual and prices lower. Manufacturers being aware of the general stagnation of trade, are vying with one another in the production of first-class durable goods, which will not only stand inspection by the most critical experts, but will command a market upon the more popular ground of cheapness. Thus, cheapness will this season be combined with quality; the public will, therefore, find that to supply their wants this season, and purchasing direct from direct importers will be the only plan to buy cheap and supply family or individual wants at the most reasonable prices. This establishment being founded upon the cash system, it supplies all retail customers at wholesale prices, in cut lengths of any kind of piece goods, or in the small quantities to suit customers, of other kinds of goods not requiring to be cut in any number or quantity they wish.

THE NEW BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SERGES, SHEETINGS, Etc., Etc. Are marvellously cheap and particularly well made, and extra finished. Fifty bales of New Blankets, all sizes and qualities, they are the best value ever offered to the public, they are all manufactured by the oldest and best established manufacturing firms in England, and besides, there can be found the pick of the best makers of Colonial makes, which are always valued, when good, for the purity of their wool and the excellence of the yarn and weaving giving firmness and durability combined.

THE NEW FLANNELS Are marvellously good value. They may be obtained in every make from the finest to the heaviest, and all at Melbourne wholesale prices in cut lengths to suit family requirements.

NEW ORTONNES, French, and English, an immense variety of styles from the cheapest English to the best French Gobelin, Velvet, and Sateen Bed Hangings made to order in any style desired. Some dozens of styles to select from. They can be made plain or handsomely trimmed, to suit the taste of customers.

Thousands of TOWELS at all prices from 3s 9d per dozen and upwards, of the finest LINENS, Brown Hollands, Ticks, Unbleached and White Calicoes, Table Damasks and Napkins, Crash, Forsters, Muslins of all kinds, and every requisite of Household Drapery, all at Wholesale Prices.

CARPETS AND FURNISHINGS. The largest stock of Brussels, Tapestry, Velvet Pile, Kidderminster, Felt, Jute, and Manila Carpets in the colony. They are of the newest styles, and the best selected in Victoria. All carpet work finished in first-class style, and laid equal to the best London work by experienced workmen.

THE READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN, YOUTHS, AND BOYS, Is the largest in any city out of Melbourne, it has all been manufactured on the premises and is guaranteed equal to garments made to order. They are cut by the same cutter, who is one of the best in the colony, who has charge of the Tailoring Department, and samples are made by the most experienced operatives, under the superintendence of one of the best workmen in the city. Cross sizes are always kept on hand, so that all figures can be fitted, the extra tall and lean, as well as the extra short and stout. Trousers and Vests, also full Switz, made on the premises, from the best Colonial, English, and German Tweeds, in Boys', Youths', and Men's. Men's Ulsters and Overcoats, all in the newest Tweeds. Boys' clothing of all kinds. Waterproof Tweed Overcoats, and Waterproof Clothing of every kind. Shirts, Hats, Underclothing, Hoisery, Ties, and Brasces, etc., etc., of every kind.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT Is fully supplied with all the latest styles of Tweeds, including West of England, the various Scotch makes, of Tweeds, French, Belgian, Antrim, and Colonial Tweeds, from various mills, now containing, and Vestings, perfect fit guaranteed; samples sent to country customers, with a practice extending through not only the Colonies but in India, China, Fiji, and even in England, he claims to be able to be sufficient to create above, to consult him either personally or by letter. As a Symplician or other medical man, he has been able to have a large experience as he possesses, and for other allied affections—such as Nervous disease—no one in the profession has enjoyed so much public confidence.

FANCY GOODS, AND GLOVES, AND UMBRELLAS, Etc. An immense stock of New Kid Gloves, 2, 4, and 6 Buttons, a few very choice 12 Button Kid, they range from 1s per pair and upwards; all the most celebrated makers' goods kept on hand; a full supply in every color. All the newest Laces in every width; the assortment and the choice cannot be equalled in the colony. New Ribbons, every shade and width, New Lace Collars imitation and real.

NEW WOOL SQUARES AND SHAWLS. In Japanese goods, there are a beautiful variety and excellent stock of choice Curios and useful lines. Fans, Jewel Cabinets, Glass

Woods' Coaches.

COACHES FROM WATERLOO TO BEAUFORT

and TRAWALLA start as under—

From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.50 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places, and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

S. WOODS, Proprietor.

BOOTS AND SHOES. One of the largest and best selected stocks in Ballarat, manufactured by well-known Colonial, English, German, and French firms.

A. CRAWFORD, MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT STREET.

WOODS' COACHES.

COACHES FROM WATERLOO TO BEAUFORT

and TRAWALLA start as under—

From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.50 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places, and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

S. WOODS, Proprietor.

HOPPER'S MILK PUNCH

GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufacturing, Snake Valley, Gargahua.

Specialty! Specialists!

Draw on Nature—she compels you to honor the acceptance.

THIRTY years since, when Dr. SMITH first commenced practice here, it was thought by medical men that to be a specialist was derogatory to the professional man, but this, like most other innovations in scientific and lay matters, was found rather to add to the *infra dig* to that profession, whereas the specialty was practiced by the Lallemand and Ricord, in France, and Acton, in England, were years cried down by their medical brethren. Now and for many past years they have been looked up to, and quoted by every man who pretends to have any knowledge of the particular branch of the profession, which these gentlemen specially devoted themselves to, and to have the specialty was necessary to it.

Years since, it was the same with Dr. L. L. SMITH, of course, that to be a specialist was derogatory to the professional man, but this, like most other innovations in scientific and lay matters, was found rather to add to the *infra dig* to that profession, whereas the specialty was practiced by the Lallemand and Ricord, in France, and Acton, in England, were years cried down by their medical brethren. Now and for many past years they have been looked up to, and quoted by every man who pretends to have any knowledge of the particular branch of the profession, which these gentlemen specially devoted themselves to, and to have the specialty was necessary to it.

This is not said or meant in any shape as depreciating the learning or acumen of the General Practitioner, but it is to treat a Specialty, and the mind of the Specialist is continually on the subject he is in the habit of treating and diagnosing. He is also constantly in communication with this peculiar branch of his profession, and in the General Practitioner can no more be the Specialist who has devoted his whole lifetime to the studying and practicing in this one branch of his profession? Hence, now, after so many years, all ailments are familiar to him, and symptoms which it is not unreasonable to suppose may not strike the General Practitioner at once, now from constant practice and observation make Dr. L. L. SMITH master of the subject.

This is not said or meant in any shape as depreciating the learning or acumen of the General Practitioner, but it is to treat a Specialty, and the mind of the Specialist is continually on the subject

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 6s; Cape barley, 2s 6d; wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; oats, 2s 2d to 2s 7d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L2 10s; do, manager, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L2 to L2 7s 6d; straw, oats, L2; do; wheaten, L1 15s; peas, 3s to 3s 1d; bran, 10d; pollard, 11d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L8 5s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business in the produce market has not been characterized by marked animation during the past week. One or two very important sales of wheat only have been reported at our figures. Two or three lots of flour have come down from up-country, and have been sold at L17 7s 6d, whilst local has realised L8. The deliveries at Horsham have been light, and the price has declined to 3s 4d and 3s 4 1/2d. The price for wheat has receded at Donald to 3s 5d, though at St. Armand the market remains stationary at 3s 5d. At Landsborough, wheat is quoted at 3s 4d to 3s 5d, and flour at L8 10s per ton. Oats have had a very light sale in this neighbourhood. There is not much offering, and the market is dull. At the end of the week a small lot realised 2s, and an inferior parcel 1s 9d per bushel. There is a good enquiry for hay, and all forward readily fetches our quotation. Warramboul potatoes have eased a little. At the beginning of the week sales were made at L3 5s and L3 10s, but a full supply coming forward the figure slackened and our quotations now rule. Ballarat varieties are also a little less. There is a good demand for fresh butter, and prime poted is wanted at 9d per pound. Eggs are also very scarce. A load of cheese came in on Saturday, a fair quantity being sold at 4s per lb., and subsequently 4d was taken for clear. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 4d to 3s 4 1/2d bags returned; 3s 6d bags in; oats, 2s; pollard, 11d; bran, 10d Cape barley 2s 9d; English, barley, 3s 9d; peas, 2s 9d; maize (crushed), none; maize (whole), none; flour, L7 15s to L8 5s per ton; Warramboul potatoes, L3 to L3 5s; Ballarat do., L2 to L2 5s per ton; hay, (sheaves), L2 per ton; hay (trussed) L2 5s to L2 10s per ton; straw (wheaten), 20s per ton; do (oaten), 25s to 30s per ton; chaff, 2s 0d per cwt; carrots, 2s 9d; onions, 6s to 6s 6d per cwt; butter (fresh), 1s per lb; butter (poted), 8d to 9d per lb; hams, 11d per lb, bacon, 9d per lb; cheese, 4d to 4 1/2d per lb; eggs, 11d to 1s per dozen; rye, 4s per bushel.—Advertiser.

A HORRIBLE DISCOVERY.

The "Brisbane Courier" states that "the evidences of what has apparently been a dreadful tragedy have been discovered in Pumicestone Passage, near Brisbane Island, by Mr. Alder, taxidermist, of George-street. He was out with a boating party during the Easter holidays looking for specimens, and on Good Friday, when about four miles from the entrance to the passage, he landed at a place known as Four Trees, or Blackfellows' Camp. From this point he made his way along the inner shore amid a labyrinth of ferns and climbing plants. After proceeding about 200 yards from the camp he came to a clear, open space, in the centre of which was a small heap of bones. He says:—"Curiosity tempted me to examine these bones closely, and I was startled to find that the relics lying before me were all that was left of what had once been three human beings. Acting upon the impulse of the moment, I first gathered up carefully what was left of the skulls, and found deep tomahawk cuts in the foreheads of each of them, leading me to believe that the wounds had been inflicted whilst the victims were asleep, or, at all events, in a recumbent position. Further examination proved to me conclusively that the bodies had been cut to pieces by tomahawk blows, and by a very sharp instrument, not such as are usually used by the blacks. Almost alongside of the leg-bones I found the portions of the broken skulls, whilst the hip and rib-bones, jawbones, etc., lay in a confused heap in the centre. The space covered by the remains of the bodies measured, as near as possible, 4ft. 10in. long by 2ft. 10in. broad—very little ground for three human beings; and for a distance of 3ft. round this space lay old charred timber and other remains of the fire. From what little I know of the human structure I should imagine that the remains consist of what have been a blackfellow, a gin, and a child of four or five years of age. The man, from appearances, must have only been partially stunned by the first blow, for his skull bears evident marks of many blows. Blacks do not burn their dead. Again, at the camp are the remains of white men's huts, also a well sunk close by. Mr. Alder is quite willing to show anyone the remains he has brought with him to town, and it may reasonably be expected that the police will at once institute such inquiries as will solve the mystery if possible. There is a peculiarity in the jaw-bone that Mr. Alder supposes to have belonged to the gin, which may assist in identification, and this is the fact that it never contained any molars, there being no teeth in that part of the jaw and no holes from which they could have been extracted. He supposes that the murder could not have been committed more than about two years ago, and there must be some one in the district, black or white, who could give a clue to the terrible affair."

Some idea of the magnitude of the pig trade in Warramboul may be gleaned from the following figures, taken from the last market report of Messrs. Archibald and Betman. This firm during the past seven months sold a total number of 6987 pigs, or an average of 1000 per month. The total value of the pigs which have passed through their hands during the period mentioned is calculated to reach £14,000.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Brown, Francis. Conway, J. B. Dutton, W.; Dunn, J. Eborston, T.; Ellis, Miss. Forbes, J. B. Hampson, Geo. Kerr, Adam. Loft, George; Lythgoe, Edward. M'Donald, J.; Millan, H.; M'Intosh, N.; Mabecker M.; Mitchell & Co. Newing, Paul. Phillips, H.; Phillips, S. Mrs. Spence, G.; Smith, E. Mrs. Tuddenham, Thomas. E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 25th, 1884.

THE Riponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1884.

THE firm attitude taken by the French Government in its determination to flood the islands in the Western Pacific with its hardened and irremediable criminal population appears to us likely to lead to some awkward complications yet. The Australian colonists have, through their respective Governments, spoken out in an unmistakable manner, that they entirely object to crowds of foreign murderers, thieves and harlots being pitchedforked on the shores so contiguous to their own, and in our humble estimation they had a right to speak, because they can plainly see that deportation of such crowds to places so close to their own doors is a menace to their safety, and a misfortune of the very worst kind that could possibly happen to these free and prosperous colonies. In his communication, a diplomatic note to Earl Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, M. Ferry re-affirms the intention of the French Government to proceed with the transportation of habitual criminals to the Pacific, and expresses the opinion that the matter is one of internal policy, and as such does not concern any foreign power. But that is where we shall agree to differ with M. Ferry. The step which the French Government is apparently determined to take is likely to affect the internal peace, and consequently the internal policy of these colonies, so that M. Ferry, out of his own mouth, is convicted of a most illogical line of argument, and of an arrogant assumption that France is entitled to take a step that his own reasoning would appear to object to. And he is considerably assisted by a large section of the newspaper press of France which takes every chance of showering insults on the mother country, and every opportunity of flouting the people of the Australian colonies. There is every reason why these last should approach the subject of any counter action they might wish to take with the utmost care and consideration. It would be sheer madness to be too hasty or to show a completely bellicose spirit. Our policy should be defensive and not aggressive, in passing such laws as would give us power to send French escapees back to where they came from, when detected as landing upon our shores. A late "Argus" telegram (April 20) throws light on a sombre subject, and it is to the following effect:—"The Paris correspondent of the 'Times' (M. Blowitz) states that a bill to be introduced by M. Berenger, in the Senate will to a large extent supersede the Recidiviste Bill. In the event of M. Berenger's measure being shelved, it is understood that the Senate will at least severely modify the Recidiviste Bill. It is to be hoped that such is the case, but modification was talked of on a previous occasion, and only turned out to be of that character of talk known as idle.

The following is an extract from a letter received this week by a gentleman in Beaufort from a friend of his residing at Bourke, New South Wales:—"I expect that you read in the papers down there the way the country is up here. We are all about perished out, Hatten has very little water on the run, and the sheep are dying in thousands. He had 100,000 sheep last shearing, but now he cannot muster 10,000. Other stations have no sheep; they are all dead. Such a drought has never been witnessed up here for some years. The road from Bourke to Cobarr is lined with dead stock of all kinds. At Bourke chaff is 30s per cwt.; oats, 12s, and Indian corn, 15s per bushel. Meat at the butcher's is 1s per pound (mutton and beef). They cannot buy sheep or cattle. I have lost all my horses but two, and these I am feeding, so as I will be able to get away for I expect in four weeks from this it will be clearing out match if it don't rain, for all the sheep and cattle will be dead by that time, and there will be no water. I don't know what the people will do up here. Half of them will starve, and the squatters will be ruined for a certainty. The squatters are paying men to follow the sheep, to skin them as they fall down. To see the dead carcasses lying about is something awful."

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Riponshire Council will be held on Thursday next.

Attention is directed to Messrs. Wotherpoon Bros. and Co.'s business advertisement, which appears in another part of this issue.

The usual monthly Police Court will be held at Beaufort on Monday next.

Owing to the death of Mr. W. F. Collings a number of complaints against defaulting parents, which were to have been heard at the Police Court on Monday next, have been withdrawn.

The manager of the Working Miners Company, Waterloo, reports:—"Have made good progress with main drive during the week. Bored through to wash 3 feet above back laths, which shows gold. Are continuing the main drive, expecting to intersect the wash in the face."

The following are the reported yields for the past week:—New Victoria, 100oz; Saxon, 70oz; Hobart Pasha, 45oz; Waterloo, 30oz; South Victoria, 30oz; New Discovery, 35oz. Mr. J. H. Webb, of Pig-goret, was appointed mining manager for the South Victoria Tribute Company yesterday.

A sudden death took place at Trawalla on Saturday morning last. Mrs. Roach, an old resident, who had been ailing for a number of years, went to bed apparently in no worse health than usual on Friday night. At about 2 a.m. on Saturday her husband awoke, and was horrified to find his wife lying dead beside him. The deceased had evidently passed away without a struggle, as to all appearances she was asleep, with her right hand under her head. Mr. Roach at once came into Beaufort, and reported the matter to Dr. Croker and Sergeant Woods. On Sunday morning Mr. J. Prentice, J.P., held an enquiry into the case, when Dr. Croker deposed that he had attended the deceased professionally for a number of years for lung and heart disease. He had no doubt but that the deceased died from natural causes, and the magistrate returned a finding accordingly. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon, when a very large number of people followed the remains to their last resting place, the Beaufort cemetery.

An old resident of Waterloo and Chute named John Patinson, a miner, died very suddenly in his hut, near the Royal Saxon claim, on Sunday evening last. Mr. J. Prentice, J.P., held a magisterial inquiry in the case on Monday, and from the evidence adduced it appeared that on Sunday evening a miner named Robert Mitchell was in the deceased's hut paring to him on mining matters. Deceased was having his tea, and while in the act of pouring out a cup of tea, he fell back off the stool on which he was sitting. Mitchell summoned the assistance of two other miners living close by, and they lifted the deceased up to a sitting posture. The unfortunate man, however, had breathed his last, as he never spoke afterwards, only two deep sighs escaping his lips. Dr. Johnston, who made a post mortem examination of the body deposed that the cause of death was sanguineous apoplexy, and a finding was recorded accordingly. Thomas Kinleyside deposed that he had known the deceased from childhood. He was a native of Disington, Cumberland, and arrived in this colony in the year 1852. He was never married, nor had any relations in the colonies. The deceased had resided at Chute and Waterloo for a number of years. He was a very reserved man in his manner, and hence the witness knew nothing of deceased's affairs, except that he had some money deposited in the bank at Beaufort.

From Mr. R. J. Poulton, Chemist, 156 Bourke street, Melbourne, we have received a small book entitled "Snares and Pitfalls of Youth." The work deals with the subject in a clear, lucid and scientific manner, and is devoid of anything that may be termed prurient or indecent. The amount of information that is conveyed through this little pamphlet is great and surprising, and its price (sixpence) places it within reach of everybody.

A meeting of the Athletic Club committee was held on Tuesday evening last, when a number of accounts in connection with the sports were passed for payment. From a rough balance sheet presented by the Secretary it appeared that the sports have resulted in a profit of over £30.

Rainfall at Beaufort.—April 23rd, 0.11in.; April 24th, 1.15in.

A meeting of the committee of the Beaufort Mutual Improvement Association was held on Wednesday evening, when the Secretary presented the balance sheet in connection with the recent entertainment in aid of the Beaufort Ladies' Benevolent Society. After all expenses had been paid a surplus of £8 12s remained, which the Secretary was instructed to hand over to the Treasurer of the Society. It will be remembered that it was announced that the concert would be repeated, as owing to the bad weather, there was a small attendance on the last occasion. The committee, however, thought it would be better to give another entertainment, say three or four months hence, in aid of the funds of the Society.

Our Waterloo correspondent writes:—"The first 'social' in connection with the Waterloo Mutual Improvement Association was held on Tuesday evening last, at Frusher's Hall. The building was crowded, a number of people being compelled to remain outside. Mr. Hewitt, the President, occupied the chair. There were some twenty members of the Beaufort Association present, amongst them being Messrs. Archard (President) Lugg (vice-president) and Needham (business secretary). The President opened the meeting with a very appropriate address, and Messrs. Lugg and Needham also delivered addresses. Messrs. Archard and W. K. Shaw gave humorous readings, and songs and recitations were given by the following ladies and gentlemen:—Mrs. Milligan, Misses F. Frusher, M. Callister, and E. Harris, Messrs. J. R. Gibby, R. Jolly, E. Milligan, T. Boothroyd, N. Wright, and Hewitt. The entertainment was brought to a close with a dramatic sketch given by four gentlemen from Beaufort. Votes of thanks were accorded the chairman, the visitors, those who took part in the entertainment, and to Mrs. Milligan, for the use of her organ. For a first meeting of the kind held here it was very successful, and everybody appeared to be well pleased with the evening's entertainment."

By advertisement in another column it will be seen that the Wheeler and Russell Dramatic Company will appear in Beaufort on Thursday, May 1st, at the Societies' Hall, with the emotional drama "East Lynne," which will be presented with entirely new scenery and stage effects. The company are now playing at Horsham to crowded houses. Our contemporaries speak very highly of the company wherever they have appeared, and it is stated that the company includes Misses Medway, Greenless, Lennard, and Montford, and Mr. B. B. Russell and Mr. G. Malville, all of whom have made their mark in the profession. The company have been under considerable expense in obtaining scenery, specially painted by Mr. Harry Grist, of Melbourne, and from the opinions expressed by the press throughout the districts in which they have travelled, those playing the company a visit on Thursday next will spend a very enjoyable evening.

Miss Jane Greenwood, who has for a number of years been engaged teaching at the Beaufort State school, was on Thursday last made the recipient of a very handsome token of the esteem in which she is held by the scholars and teachers in the shape of the handsome silver lady's watch, bearing the handsomely inscribed:—"Presented to Miss Jane Greenwood as a mark of respect by the teachers and scholars of State School No. 90, Beaufort, 1884." Miss Greenwood having severed her connection with the Education Department, as will be seen from a notice which appears elsewhere, she will open a private day-school on Monday next.

At the Central Criminal Court, Melbourne, W. Balfour was found guilty of perjury, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment, with hard labor.

Mr. J. J. Casey was appointed a County Court Judge at a special meeting of the Executive on Thursday. A clergyman had a favorite and very intelligent dog, which committed a grievous fault one Sunday morning. His master, on returning from church, "did not beat him, but took hold of him and talked to him most bitterly, 'most severely.' He talked on and on for a long time, in the same serious and reproachful strain, and the dog was so deeply impressed with his own total depravity that he died in the course of a day or two. The story is told in the London "Spectator" by the reverend gentleman himself.

An English parson gives ginger ale at the Lord's Supper. Lady Brassey mentions that in one of the South Sea Islands the missionaries had to substitute coconut milk for wine, as the cup never reached the third communicant without replenishing. Possibly the parson has had similar painful experience.

Some sensational rumours are (states the "Camperdown Chronicle") in circulation regarding the alleged discovery of gold in the forest on the east side of Gellibrand. There are seven men working in the neighborhood, most of whom are experienced miners. The prospectors (Edwards and party) are said to have obtained one piece of gold weighing 1 1/2 dwts., and several good coarse pieces from other washings. The sinking is from 10ft. to 15ft., and the country is described as being likely looking for gold-mining operations. Gold can be obtained in almost every dish that is tried. The distances of the alleged discovery are given as follows:—Seven miles east of Gellibrand, 11 miles from the selected bank at Kennedy's Creek, and 28 miles from Cobden. The news is causing no little excitement in Cobden and district, and numbers are stated to be on the eve of leaving for the spot.

The revolver found in a dam near the scene of the Pettavel murder has been identified by Mr. Rea, gunsmith, Sandhurst. It is to be proceeded to Geelong in order to ascertain whether the man Bourke is identical with the man to whom he sold the revolver.

An "Argus" telegram from Creswick says:—"Upwards of 70 leading residents of the town and district assembled on Thursday evening at the town-hall to entertain and make a presentation to Mr. George Tuff, who for over 11 years has been a prominent resident, and taken an active interest in the local institutions. He was presented with a souvenir in the shape of a silver salver and tea and coffee service, and at the same time with an address from the president and members of the committee of management of the Clunes hospital."

The returns of the late harvest in South Australia show the yield to have been about eight bushels to the acre. The average yield of wheat in Tasmania is estimated at over 21 bushels.

Potato-growing land in the Warramboul district is very valuable. According to an "Argus" telegram seven acres in the parish of Warramboul were sold on Tuesday for £33 per acre, and in another case a farm was sold for £45 per acre.

At a recent "beauty contest" in England, Miss Katz; Vaughan, the well-known burlesque actress, gained the prize, with 1268 votes; Miss Daisy Fern, was second, with 1171 votes; and Mrs. Langtry third, with 1012 votes; Miss Violet Cameron and Miss Connie Gleicher were distanced.

A strange discovery was made last week on the farm of Mr. J. S. Lawson, at Mokepilly Dam, Kewell. Mr. Lawson's son when plunging turned up a quantity of human bones. They were brought into town and examined by Dr. G. Y. Barrett, who pronounced them to be those of a man about 40 years of age. Mr. Lawson turned over some of the ground in the same locality and found innumerable bones of a similar character. The Mokepilly Dam is a very old blackfellow's camp, and the remains are supposed to be those of aboriginals, who have been buried there.

The vexed question of the value or otherwise of the Scotch thistle was (reports the "Kynston Guardian") argued at length in the Kynston Shire Council on Saturday last on a motion by Councillor W. Thumpton that the act imposing penalties for not cutting them, which was suppressed by order of the council in 1881 be again put into force. The advocates of the thistle were in the majority, and the motion was not carried. The most diverse opinions found expression, some describing the plant as a curse and others as a blessing. It was agreed that in cultivation the thistle is a great nuisance, but in grazing country, especially in dry seasons, it is considered indispensable for feeding stock. The thistle flourishes most luxuriantly in this district this year.

An "Argus" telegram from Creswick says:—"An address, under the auspices of the Miners' Association, was delivered at Allendale on Saturday night by Mr. R. Richardson, M.L.A., on "Trades Unions." Mr. Richardson held that workman had a right to combine because they produced all the wealth of the country, and were entitled to a greater share of the produce of their labor, than they were now getting. He condemned the wage fund theory, and held that labor pays itself. He said federated unions became political organizations. He supported federation, but warned them against dealing with party politics. The address was intently listened to by a good audience."

What agonies must the poet have endured, who, writing of his love, asserted that he "kissed her under the silent stars," and found that the compositors had made him declare that he "kicked her under the cellar stairs."

Writing of Mr. W. F. Collings, late Tuant Inspector for this district, Tuesday's "Ararat Advertiser" says:—"Mr. Collings is a very old resident of this district. He was born in London in 1829, and was consequently fifty-five years of age. He landed in Victoria on the 17th December, 1852, and led an eventful life in the early days of the gold fields. For a time he was associated with Thatchers' troupe of vocalists, coming over to Flery Creek from Bendigo as a member of the troupe when that broke out. In 1856 he came to this district and settled down near the site of what is now known as Opossum Gully, as the manager of a store for a Mr. Gibbs. Subsequently he acted as agent for Cobb and Co.'s coaches at Ararat, and took an active part in opposing the construction of the railways to this district. Soon after the opening of the railway to Ararat, Mr. Collings went to Stawell, where he engaged in insurances, and subsequently in flour milling operations, and later he was the initiator of a small company who made an effort to work the Eaglehawk reef at Armsstrongs—an effort that unfortunately resulted disastrously. For the past three or four years Mr. Collings has filled the position of Tuant Officer under the Education Act at Ararat, and proved a very energetic and painstaking officer. He leaves a wife and six children, the former being an invalid. The remains of the deceased were interred in the Ararat cemetery on Sunday last, being followed to the grave by a large number of the residents of the town and district, the Oddfellows (of which lodge he was a member) following a portion of the cortege. The Rev. P. Homan read the impressive burial service of the Church of England at the grave."

The "Shaker Manifesto" has the following:—"Half a teaspoonful of common table salt dissolved in a little cold water and drunk will instantly relieve heartburn or dyspepsia. If taken every morning before breakfast, increasing the quantity gradually to a teaspoonful to a glass of water, it will, in a few days, cure any ordinary case of dyspepsia, if, at the same time, due attention is paid to the diet. There is no better remedy than the above for constipation—no better gargle for sore throat. It is equal to chlorate of potash, if, at the same time, it may be used as often as desired, and if a little is swallowed each time, it will have a beneficial effect on the throat by cleansing it and allaying irritation. In doses of one to four teaspoonfuls in half a pint of tepid water it acts promptly as an emetic, and in cases of poisoning is always at hand. It is an excellent remedy for bites and stings of insects, and a valuable astringent for hemorrhages, particularly for bleeding after the extraction of a tooth. It has both cleansing and healing properties, and is, therefore, a most excellent application for superficial ulceration."

Holloway's Pills.—The Greatest Boon of Modern Times.—These searching Pills act directly on the liver, correct the bile, purify the system, renovate the debilitated, strengthen the stomach, increase the appetite, invigorate the nerves, and reinstate the weak to an ardor of feeling never before experienced. The sale of these Pills throughout the globe astonishes everybody, convincing the most sceptical that there is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for removing the complaints which are incidental to the human race. They are indeed a blessing to the afflicted, and a boon to those who suffer from any disorder, internal or external. Thousands of persons have testified that by their use alone they have been restored to health after other remedies had proved unavailing.

A shocking accident occurred near Sale on Saturday, whereby Mr. Cox, a lay reader of the Church of England, lost his life. Mr. Cox was going a journey to enable him to carry out an engagement to preach on Sunday, when his horse threw him and kicked him on the head. After lingering till Sunday morning he expired. He was very much liked and respected, and, unhappily, leaves a wife and numerous family of tender years.

According to the papers by the mail, Mrs. Mackay, the wife of one of the American millionaires, has disgusted all right-thinking persons in Paris by appearing in a dress of white velvet trimmed all over with the wings of robin redbreasts; and, to complete this barbaric toilette, her shoes of red velvet, were entirely covered with the toes of the little robin. The dress is made in the Princess shape with a Watteau back, and a comet train of portentous length, and the corsage is flagrantly décolleté, and is bordered with red feathers with which all the train is edged.

Persons who suffer from sleeplessness are habituated to the practice of wooing the drowsy god by narcotics, on which they become so absolutely dependent that they cannot enjoy the luxury of "Nature's kind restorer," as the Poet Young felicitously terms it, without a recourse to these extrinsic aids. Irrespective of this pernicious habit, no constitution can stand continuous drugging, without being eventually undermined. It, in lieu of opiates, those who suffer from insomnia, would make a judicious use of Wolfe's Schnapps, they would soon fall into the way of this nocturnal balm.

A very serious complaint has been made against a state school teacher in the Hartesbury Forest (says the "Camperdown Chronicle"), and the police have been busily engaged making an enquiry into the particulars. It is reported that some weeks ago the teacher referred to deemed it necessary to correct a scholar for some alleged fault. The informant of the police avers that in this instance the teacher abandoned the usual methods of chastising the scholar, and resorted to a new and extraordinary system of punishment. She (for the teacher against whom the charge has been brought is a lady) is stated to have threatened to hang the child; and to have so carried out her threat as to throw a piece of rope over a cross-beam in the school, and suspend the child she was punishing a few inches from the floor. The scholar went home to his parents, and during the night it is said to have been greatly disturbed in consequence, doubtless, of the impression made upon his mind by the new and terrible experience it had undergone. The story was related to us some time ago, but it seemed too horrible to be true, and it was suggested that the matter was one that should be sifted by the Education Department. It seems, however, that the affair has been brought under the notice of the police authorities, by whom the necessary investigation has been commenced.

If the circumstances disclosed in a "Herald" telegram from Adelaide are to be relied upon, a clue has been obtained to the Horsham bank robbery. It is asserted that some of the notes were circulated in Adelaide before the robbery was reported, and two women are mixed up in the matter.

William Rice was executed in the Darlinghurst gaol, Sydney, on Wednesday, for the murder of James Griffin. The convict, who was not twenty-two years of age, was attended on the scaffold by the Rev. Father Mornigh. When Rice came of age he had a fortune of £1800, which he spent in drink and debauchery at the rate of £40 per week. In a letter to his father Rice admitted his guilt, and attributed it to drink and un-governable temper.

The "Horsham Times" says that Excise-officer Mayberry, having learnt that the practice of selling tobacco to farm laborers, is extensively indulged in by farmers in this district, intends taking steps in bringing such offenders to justice. We mention this fact as it is not generally known that the law forbids farmers supplying their men with tobacco, and deducting price of same out of the men's wages, without a license, and any person found guilty of the offence is liable to a fine not exceeding £100.

Two Chinese were fined £20 each at the Balmssdale Police Court on Tuesday for causing the game of football.

The railway station master at Piron Yallock was severely injured on Tuesday by a rope giving way while shunting some trucks at the station.

A telegram from Waltham in Wednesday's "Argus" says:—"A shocking accident occurred at about four o'clock this (Tuesday) afternoon, by which a daughter of Mr. A. Harris, one of the members of the Legislative Assembly for North Gipps Land, lost her life. It appears that the girl, who is about eight years of age, on leaving school went on to the tramway of the Long Tunnel Company, and was riding, or attempting to ride, on a coupling between two trucks laden with firewood, when she fell off, and one of the back wheels of the last truck passed over her neck, killing her instantaneously. No blame is attached to the driver of the trucks, who was unaware that the accident had occurred until he was informed by the police when unloading the trucks."

The trial of the lunatic Bourke, alias Captain Doagan, for the murder of Francis Beach, at Pettavel in January last, excited much interest at Geelong on Wednesday. The Crown Prosecutor said that the murder was evidently the act of a dangerous madman, such as Bourke's criminal career showed he was. He promised to submit a long chain of circumstantial evidence, which would justify the Bench in committing the accused, who had in a rambling manner said, in front of witnesses, "I escaped out of the window and got through the opening in the hedge. It was raining, and I got wet through." He then seemed to gather his senses, and remarked that it was his escape from the lunatic asylum that he referred to, but it would be shown, said Mr. Smith, that his escape from the asylum had not been made under such circumstances. After hearing the evidence of a number of witnesses, further enquiry was postponed until to-day.

An "Argus" telegram from Maryborough says:—"A new reef has been discovered north of the road between Havelock and Carisbrook, about a mile and a half from Havelock, cropping out from the surface, 2ft. thick, showing good gold. The prospectors have hitherto kept the discovery secret, but report to-day that they have crushed 5 tons, and obtained 24oz. 13dwts. This has induced a rush. Several leases have been applied for, and some excitement has been caused in Maryborough. The stone crushed is from within 10ft. of the surface."

In the early part of the month a case of over-winding, resulting from the inattention of the engine-driver, was reported to have occurred in the Ajax mine. On that occasion it was stated that the automatic brake of Cowling and Winks was the means of averting a terrible catastrophe. Mr. H. B. Nicholas, senior inspector of mines, who was asked to report on the case by the mines department, said that the prevention of the accident was corroborative proof of the value of this brake, more especially as the test was an unexpected one, and was the result of the engine-driver's mistake. Mr. Nicholas adds that if generally adopted the brake would be an important factor in the reduction of the number of preventable accidents.—"Argus."

The particulars of another sensational embellishment in America have been received here by the metropolitan police. Quite recently James A. Wallace, the cashier to the bank of Hopkinsville, in the State of Kentucky, vanished in a mysterious manner, and after his disappearance the startling discovery was made that he had embezzled about \$0,000 dol. from the bank. A reward of \$000 dol. is now offered for his apprehension, and if any of the stolen money is recovered, a supplementary reward of 20 per cent. on the amount recovered will be paid by those interested, who are most anxious to have Wallace apprehended. He is about fifty years of age, and prior to his disappearance was a trusted servant of the bank. The metropolitan police have a full description of him. It is just possible he may have come to the colonies.

The reports from the quarantine station continue to indicate that Miss Kermode the small-pox patient, is rapidly progressing towards a complete recovery. The R.M.S. Rome was granted a provisional bill of health on Tuesday, and sailed for Sydney at noon. The passengers were released from quarantine on Thursday, and taken from the station to Melbourne. Miss Kermode, and those in immediate attendance on her, will be released, according to present arrangements, on Thursday next.

Parliament stands prorogued to the 20th May, and it is the intention of the Government before that day to advise His Excellency the Acting-Governor to proclaim a further prorogation until the 10th June, on which day could Tuesday of that month, on which day the houses will meet for the despatch of business.—"Argus."

The extraordinary statement is made that a tax on vinegar, voted by the French Chamber in 1878, has by some recent neglect never been levied, and that M. Tirard is responsible for the loss of 18 millions to the revenue.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY H. P. HENNINGSON.

Poetry

Under my Window.

Under my window, under my window, All in the midsummer weather...

Novelist

AFTER MANY DAYS.

By ROBT. P. WHITWORTH.

CHAPTER III.—(CONTINUED.)

As we left the shelter of the overhanging rock I observed that the rain had ceased to fall...

For the first time my reason seemed fully to resume her sway, and the situation broke on me with painful intensity. We must get out of this present place of refuge...

From what we saw it was evident that the last day had occurred in the face of that part of the range immediately behind the terrace on which our camp stood...

good-natured sailor simply laughed at the incident, begging him to remain and favour us with his company. Goring pointed to the chronometers, the case of which he had opened and remarked that he had been an expert of mathematical instruments...

only one who preserves his consciousness. I see him still working at his chart in his own cabin. His nautical knowledge would be useful should anything happen to Hyson...

November 11, 12.—A most extraordinary event has happened, so extraordinary as to be almost incredible. Either Hyson's influence has distracted our instruments...

November 11, 12.—A most extraordinary event has happened, so extraordinary as to be almost incredible. Either Hyson's influence has distracted our instruments...

F. HABAKUK JEPHSON'S STATEMENT.

(From the Cornhill Magazine.)

October 17.—(Mrs. Tibbs appeared on deck for the first time this morning—a cheerful, energetic woman, with a dear, ruddy face...

CHAPTER IV.

I DECLARE that neither Jack nor myself, thought, or at any rate grieved, much over the material wealth we had lost.

CHAPTER V.

As I walked on the beach, I saw a man in a white coat, who I recognized as the doctor...

CHAPTER VI.

As I walked on the beach, I saw a man in a white coat, who I recognized as the doctor...

CHAPTER VII.

As I walked on the beach, I saw a man in a white coat, who I recognized as the doctor...

Ancient Celtic Canoe.

An interesting relic of the past has just been unearthed in the parish of Pulteney, near Exeter, in the shape of a canoe, which was perfectly embedded under the River Arun...

LOOKING DEATH IN THE EYE.

Will Dean, a brakeman on the Baltimore and Ohio road, had a hairbreadth and lucky escape from death recently at Benwood. He left here on a freight train, and upon reaching Benwood had some switching to do. When the accident occurred he was walking backward in front of a number of moving cars which were following him to the car where the coupling was to be made, when the heel of his boot was firmly caught in a frog and he was thrown to the ground on his back, and still the train continued to approach, until it was almost upon him, and in another second the truck of the car would have passed over him had he not had the presence of mind to seize a coupling-link which was dangling from the bumper. This he grasped with his right hand with a grip of iron, and his foot was drawn from the boot, which was left sticking in the frog. In this manner he was dragged to the other car, and had fully decided that his hand would be crushed from his wrist, and he determined that he would rather lose his hand than both his legs and probably his life. Anyway, his chances for death were good and he says all the little wrong acts of his life and the incidents that he might have caused to regret, and, in fact, in that short time a brief panorama of his whole life passed in a rapid and dazing manner before his mind's eye, portraying its bright and dark sides. The present had just been unfolded to his view when the train struck the car, and his hand receiving a blow, he fell to the ground under the cars. As good luck would have it, the car which he had been clinging to was a foreign car, and had a high truck, otherwise he would have been ground to pieces, as the truck would have passed completely over him. All this time the hands who were standing around were so horrified that they were unable to signal the engineer to reverse, but now the engine was stopped and a general rush was made to where Mr. Dean was lying, all expecting to see his mangled remains, instead of which they saw him crawling out from beneath the cars, and to say they were happily surprised is but mildly expressing it. "Wheeling Intelligence."

GARDENING FOR APRIL.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Finish manuring and digging ground ere winter sets in. Take care that young crops of turnips are kept free from weeds. Continue planting out cabbages, cauliflower, and celery; the latter would be much benefited by an occasional dose of guano-water. Sow peas, (early varieties), broad beans, onions, parsley, endive, radish, and spinach. Plant potato-onions, shallots, garlic, rhubarb, and horse-radish. Earth up celery as required. Look to your herb bed, where necessary, divide the roots, and make fresh plantations. If strawberry runners were not planted last month, let them be this.

FLOWER GARDEN.—This is one of the busiest months in the year: most kinds of evergreens, and ornamental and flowering shrubs, are best transplanted now, and any alterations that are to be made in laying out grounds should be commenced. Take up gladioli, lilliums, and other bulbs that have done flowering; store them away in boxes, packed in dry sand. Finish planting hyacinths, tulips, crocuses, narcissi, anemones, ranunculi, ixias, etc. Renovate edgings of camellia, thirt box, and thyme. For new plantations of roses the ground should be trenched and heavily manured; if light soil, some stiff loam should be incorporated with it. Propagate by cuttings any kind of soft-wooded plants you wish to increase; bell or hand glasses are required for this purpose.

FARM.—Oat sowing will commence in some places, but in cold districts May or June are better months. For green feed, sow Cape barley and oats; lucerne, clovers, and grasses of all sorts may also be sown.

The "Echo" (London) has the following:—"Some time back a story went the rounds of the papers that Noah's Ark had been discovered on Mount Ararat. The tale was said to have been copied from the Levant "Herald," a defunct paper. It now appears that it was the concoction of an anonymous writer in a New Zealand paper, who makes merry over a hoax which has gone all round the world.

A correspondent from the neighborhood of Victoria Valley, writing to the "Hamilton Spectator" states that residence in that neighborhood approaches the condition prevailing in the disturbed districts of Ireland, where Lynch law and agrarian crime are rampant. He says that one unfortunate selector has been burnt out three times in as many years his crops and other property being devastated as soon as he had accumulated anything capable of being destroyed. Being thus brought to the verge of ruin, the selector found it the most prudent course to clear out, and he accordingly did so, and selected land at a safe distance away. Some people (states our informant) have been threatened because they sought to recover their own sheep that were found running amongst other flocks; and again, a horse belonging to the herdman of the common has been found with its throat cut, presumably in revenge for some act performed in his official function by the herdman aforesaid. Truly, the Valley must be a lively locality to live in, and we would recommend the police to keep an eye on it.

The dingoes are committing great havoc amongst the sheep in the Dimboola district. An "Argus" telegram says that a large pack of the dingoes were seen prowling about near the township of Dimboola on Tuesday.

Consumers of Wolff's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Moss & Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

NEVER RETURN.—It is said that one out of every four real invalids who go to foreign countries to recover health never return, except as a corpse. The undertakers, next to the hotel-keepers have the most profitable business. This excessive mortality may be prevented and patients saved and cured under the care of friends and loved ones at home, if they will but use Hop Bitters in time. Read.

REMEMBER THIS.

If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid Nature in making you well when all else fails. If you are constive or dyspeptic, or are suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters is a sovereign remedy in all such complaints. If you are wasting away with any form of Kidney disease, stop tempting Death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters. If you are sick with that terrible sickness Nephritis, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in the use of Hop Bitters. If you are a frequenter, or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious, and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters. If you have rough, pimply, or scabby skin, bad breath, pains and aches, and feel miserably generally, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, and sweetest breath, health, and comfort.

In short they cure all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, Bright's Disease. £600 will be paid for every case they will not cure or help. Druggists and Chemists keep.

That poor, bedridden, invalid wife, sister, mother, or daughter, can be made the picture of health, by a few bottles of Hop Bitters, costing but a trifle. Will you let them suffer?

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

SUFFERERS FROM WIND ON THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Colic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Skin Eruptions, &c., should use no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine—"DR. WOODCOCK'S WIND PILLS," which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effectual antidote to the above and all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels, or liver. Tonic, invigorating and purifying, it is the best remedy extant. Sold by all medicine Vendors in boxes at 1s., 1d., 2s., 9d., and 4s. 6d. each. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, Lincoln, England.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphodyne (Ozonic Oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the exhausted constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these Debilitating and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. CAUTION.—Phosphodyne is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form where solid particles of Phosphodyne are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the sale of any form of Phosphodyne not perfectly soluble in water.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer" for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

KAY'S COMPOUND OF LIMESEED, Aniseed, Senega, Squill, Tolu, &c., with Chlorodyne.

KAY'S COMPOUND, a demulcent expectorant, for Coughs and Colds.

KAY'S COMPOUND for Coughs and Colds, is equally serviceable for Horses and Cattle.

KAY'S FIVE FOLD, a specific in Neuralgia, Face-ache, &c.

COAGULINE.—Cent for Emolent Articles, Sold everywhere.

REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful infatuation, a young Remorseless Beauty, Nervous, Dizzy, Lost Memory, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which will send her to her matrimonial home, as J. H. LEECH, Esq., 42 Chatham Street, New York City, U.S.A.

Beaufort Post Office.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at Beaufort, Mails leave at Beaufort. Rows include Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, Traralgon, Chute, Waterloo, Main Lead, Sallot's Gully, Stockyard Hill, Ararat, Buangor, Eurambool, Shirley.

The mails for Ararat, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Buangor, and Traralgon are despatched twice daily.

Mails for Waterloo are despatched daily. Mails for Shirley, and Eurambool are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Mails for Main Lead, Raglan, and Chute are despatched three times a week—Thursdays, Saturdays, and Sundays. Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sallot's Gully (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be greatly surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 1d. per box. People troubled with a "hoarse cough," "slight cold," or "bronchitis" cannot try them too soon, as all throat troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box.—Prepared by John Stamp around each box.—U.S. European Depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

FREE GIFTS!—The proprietors of WOLFF'S SCHNAPP'S AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have inclosed in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to inclose in EVERY DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFF'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

Victorian Railways.

TIME TABLE. FROM MELBOURNE TO STAWELL. LEAVE Melbourne 6.30 a.m., 10 p.m., 7 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.25 a.m., 1.12 p.m., 3.37 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 11.55 a.m., 1.42 p.m., 4.07 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 6.40 a.m., 11.21 a.m., 4.35 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.30 a.m., 12.4 a.m., 5.22 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.10 a.m., 1.57 p.m., 5.00 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 1.20 a.m., 4.05 p.m., 6.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 7.39 a.m., 11.45 p.m., 8.39 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.25 a.m., 12.45 p.m., 9.25 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.30 a.m., 4.15 p.m., 7.00 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 1.40 a.m., 4.25 p.m., 7.10 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 8.30 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 8.25 p.m., 9.15 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.15 a.m., 1.54 p.m., 8.30 p.m., 9.15 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.45 a.m., 4.30 p.m., 7.15 p.m., 8.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.45 a.m., 1.31 a.m., 7.1 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.50 a.m., 4.35 p.m., 7.20 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 2.00 a.m., 4.45 p.m., 7.30 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 10.00 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 8.30 p.m., 9.15 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.15 a.m., 1.55 p.m., 8.45 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.10 a.m., 4.55 p.m., 7.40 p.m. LEAVE Stawell 2.20 a.m., 5.05 p.m., 7.50 p.m. ARRIVE Melbourne 10.30 a.m., 2.10 p.m., 9.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.45 a.m., 2.25 p.m., 9.15 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.30 a.m., 5.15 p.m., 8.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.00 a.m., 2.40 p.m., 9.30 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.40 a.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.15 a.m., 2.55 p.m., 9.45 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.50 a.m., 5.35 p.m., 8.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.30 a.m., 3.10 p.m., 10.00 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.00 a.m., 5.45 p.m., 8.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.45 a.m., 3.25 p.m., 10.15 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.10 a.m., 5.55 p.m., 8.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.00 a.m., 3.40 p.m., 10.30 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.20 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 8.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.15 a.m., 3.55 p.m., 10.45 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.30 a.m., 6.15 p.m., 9.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.30 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 11.00 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.40 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 9.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.45 a.m., 4.25 p.m., 11.15 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.50 a.m., 6.35 p.m., 9.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.00 a.m., 4.40 p.m., 11.30 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.00 a.m., 6.45 p.m., 9.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.15 a.m., 4.55 p.m., 11.45 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.10 a.m., 6.55 p.m., 9.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.30 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 12.00 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.20 a.m., 7.05 p.m., 9.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.45 a.m., 5.25 p.m., 12.15 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.30 a.m., 7.15 p.m., 10.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.00 a.m., 5.40 p.m., 12.30 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.40 a.m., 7.25 p.m., 10.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.15 a.m., 5.55 p.m., 12.45 p.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.50 a.m., 7.35 p.m., 10.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.30 a.m., 6.10 p.m., 1.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.00 a.m., 7.45 p.m., 10.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.45 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 1.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.10 a.m., 7.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.00 a.m., 6.40 p.m., 1.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.20 a.m., 8.05 p.m., 10.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.15 a.m., 6.55 p.m., 1.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.30 a.m., 8.15 p.m., 11.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.30 a.m., 7.10 p.m., 2.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.40 a.m., 8.25 p.m., 11.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.45 a.m., 7.25 p.m., 2.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.50 a.m., 8.35 p.m., 11.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.00 a.m., 7.40 p.m., 2.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.00 a.m., 8.45 p.m., 11.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.15 a.m., 7.55 p.m., 2.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.10 a.m., 8.55 p.m., 11.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.30 a.m., 8.10 p.m., 3.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.20 a.m., 9.05 p.m., 11.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.45 a.m., 8.25 p.m., 3.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.30 a.m., 9.15 p.m., 12.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.00 a.m., 8.40 p.m., 3.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m., 12.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.15 a.m., 8.55 p.m., 3.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.50 a.m., 9.35 p.m., 12.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.30 a.m., 9.10 p.m., 4.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.00 a.m., 9.45 p.m., 12.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.45 a.m., 9.25 p.m., 4.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.10 a.m., 9.55 p.m., 12.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.00 a.m., 9.40 p.m., 4.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.20 a.m., 10.05 p.m., 12.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.15 a.m., 9.55 p.m., 4.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.30 a.m., 10.15 p.m., 1.00 a.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.30 a.m., 10.10 p.m., 5.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.40 a.m., 10.25 p.m., 1.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.45 a.m., 10.25 p.m., 5.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.50 a.m., 10.35 p.m., 1.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.00 a.m., 10.40 p.m., 5.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.00 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 1.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.15 a.m., 10.55 p.m., 5.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.10 a.m., 10.55 p.m., 1.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.30 a.m., 11.10 p.m., 6.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.20 a.m., 11.05 p.m., 1.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.45 a.m., 11.25 p.m., 6.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.30 a.m., 11.15 p.m., 2.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.00 a.m., 11.40 p.m., 6.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.40 a.m., 11.25 p.m., 2.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.15 a.m., 11.55 p.m., 6.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.50 a.m., 11.35 p.m., 2.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.30 a.m., 12.10 p.m., 7.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.00 a.m., 11.45 p.m., 2.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.45 a.m., 12.25 p.m., 7.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.10 a.m., 11.55 p.m., 2.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.00 a.m., 12.40 p.m., 7.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.20 a.m., 12.05 p.m., 2.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.15 a.m., 12.55 p.m., 7.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.30 a.m., 12.15 p.m., 3.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.30 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 8.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.40 a.m., 12.25 p.m., 3.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.45 a.m., 1.25 p.m., 8.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.50 a.m., 12.35 p.m., 3.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.00 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 8.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.00 a.m., 12.45 p.m., 3.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.15 a.m., 1.55 p.m., 8.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.10 a.m., 12.55 p.m., 3.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.30 a.m., 2.10 p.m., 9.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.20 a.m., 1.05 p.m., 3.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.45 a.m., 2.25 p.m., 9.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.30 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 4.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.00 a.m., 2.40 p.m., 9.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.40 a.m., 1.25 p.m., 4.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.15 a.m., 2.55 p.m., 9.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.50 a.m., 1.35 p.m., 4.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.30 a.m., 3.10 p.m., 10.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.00 a.m., 1.45 p.m., 4.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.45 a.m., 3.25 p.m., 10.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.10 a.m., 1.55 p.m., 4.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.00 a.m., 3.40 p.m., 10.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.20 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 4.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.15 a.m., 3.55 p.m., 10.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.30 a.m., 2.15 p.m., 5.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.30 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 11.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.40 a.m., 2.25 p.m., 5.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.45 a.m., 4.25 p.m., 11.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.50 a.m., 2.35 p.m., 5.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.00 a.m., 4.40 p.m., 11.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.00 a.m., 2.45 p.m., 5.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.15 a.m., 4.55 p.m., 11.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.10 a.m., 2.55 p.m., 5.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.30 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 12.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.20 a.m., 3.05 p.m., 5.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.45 a.m., 5.25 p.m., 12.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.30 a.m., 3.15 p.m., 6.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.00 a.m., 5.40 p.m., 12.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.40 a.m., 3.25 p.m., 6.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.15 a.m., 5.55 p.m., 12.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 12.50 a.m., 3.35 p.m., 6.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.30 a.m., 6.10 p.m., 1.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.00 a.m., 3.45 p.m., 6.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.45 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 1.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.10 a.m., 3.55 p.m., 6.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.60 a.m., 6.40 p.m., 1.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.20 a.m., 4.05 p.m., 6.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.75 a.m., 6.55 p.m., 1.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.30 a.m., 4.15 p.m., 7.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.90 a.m., 7.10 p.m., 1.60 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.40 a.m., 4.25 p.m., 7.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.05 a.m., 7.25 p.m., 1.75 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 1.50 a.m., 4.35 p.m., 7.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.20 a.m., 7.40 p.m., 1.90 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.00 a.m., 4.45 p.m., 7.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.35 a.m., 7.55 p.m., 2.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.10 a.m., 4.55 p.m., 7.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.50 a.m., 8.10 p.m., 2.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.20 a.m., 5.05 p.m., 7.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.05 a.m., 8.25 p.m., 2.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.30 a.m., 5.15 p.m., 8.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.20 a.m., 8.40 p.m., 2.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.40 a.m., 5.25 p.m., 8.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.35 a.m., 8.55 p.m., 3.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 2.50 a.m., 5.35 p.m., 8.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.50 a.m., 9.10 p.m., 3.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.00 a.m., 5.45 p.m., 8.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.05 a.m., 9.25 p.m., 3.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.10 a.m., 5.55 p.m., 8.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.20 a.m., 9.40 p.m., 3.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.20 a.m., 6.05 p.m., 8.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.35 a.m., 9.55 p.m., 4.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.30 a.m., 6.15 p.m., 9.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.50 a.m., 10.10 p.m., 4.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.40 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 9.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.05 a.m., 10.25 p.m., 4.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 3.50 a.m., 6.35 p.m., 9.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.20 a.m., 10.40 p.m., 4.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.00 a.m., 6.45 p.m., 9.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.35 a.m., 10.55 p.m., 5.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.10 a.m., 6.55 p.m., 9.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 6.50 a.m., 11.10 p.m., 5.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.20 a.m., 7.05 p.m., 9.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.05 a.m., 11.25 p.m., 5.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.30 a.m., 7.15 p.m., 10.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.20 a.m., 11.40 p.m., 5.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.40 a.m., 7.25 p.m., 10.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.35 a.m., 11.55 p.m., 6.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 4.50 a.m., 7.35 p.m., 10.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 7.50 a.m., 12.10 p.m., 6.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.00 a.m., 7.45 p.m., 10.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.05 a.m., 12.25 p.m., 6.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.10 a.m., 7.55 p.m., 10.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.20 a.m., 12.40 p.m., 6.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.20 a.m., 8.05 p.m., 10.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.35 a.m., 12.55 p.m., 7.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.30 a.m., 8.15 p.m., 11.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 8.50 a.m., 1.10 p.m., 7.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.40 a.m., 8.25 p.m., 11.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.05 a.m., 1.25 p.m., 7.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 5.50 a.m., 8.35 p.m., 11.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.20 a.m., 1.40 p.m., 7.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.00 a.m., 8.45 p.m., 11.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.35 a.m., 1.55 p.m., 8.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.10 a.m., 8.55 p.m., 11.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 9.50 a.m., 2.10 p.m., 8.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.20 a.m., 9.05 p.m., 11.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.05 a.m., 2.25 p.m., 8.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.30 a.m., 9.15 p.m., 12.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.20 a.m., 2.40 p.m., 8.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.40 a.m., 9.25 p.m., 12.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.35 a.m., 2.55 p.m., 9.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 6.50 a.m., 9.35 p.m., 12.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 10.50 a.m., 3.10 p.m., 9.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.00 a.m., 9.45 p.m., 12.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.05 a.m., 3.25 p.m., 9.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.10 a.m., 9.55 p.m., 12.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.20 a.m., 3.40 p.m., 9.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.20 a.m., 10.05 p.m., 12.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.35 a.m., 3.55 p.m., 10.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.30 a.m., 10.15 p.m., 1.00 a.m. LEAVE Melbourne 11.50 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 10.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.40 a.m., 10.25 p.m., 1.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.05 a.m., 4.25 p.m., 10.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 7.50 a.m., 10.35 p.m., 1.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.20 a.m., 4.40 p.m., 10.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.00 a.m., 10.45 p.m., 1.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.35 a.m., 4.55 p.m., 11.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.10 a.m., 10.55 p.m., 1.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 12.50 a.m., 5.10 p.m., 11.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.20 a.m., 11.05 p.m., 1.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.00 a.m., 5.25 p.m., 11.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.30 a.m., 11.15 p.m., 2.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.15 a.m., 5.40 p.m., 11.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.40 a.m., 11.25 p.m., 2.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.30 a.m., 5.55 p.m., 12.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 8.50 a.m., 11.35 p.m., 2.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.45 a.m., 6.10 p.m., 12.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.00 a.m., 11.45 p.m., 2.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.60 a.m., 6.25 p.m., 12.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.10 a.m., 11.55 p.m., 2.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.75 a.m., 6.40 p.m., 12.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.20 a.m., 12.05 p.m., 2.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 1.90 a.m., 6.55 p.m., 1.00 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.30 a.m., 12.15 p.m., 3.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.05 a.m., 7.10 p.m., 1.15 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.40 a.m., 12.25 p.m., 3.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.20 a.m., 7.25 p.m., 1.30 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 9.50 a.m., 12.35 p.m., 3.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.35 a.m., 7.40 p.m., 1.45 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.00 a.m., 12.45 p.m., 3.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 2.50 a.m., 7.55 p.m., 1.60 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.10 a.m., 12.55 p.m., 3.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.05 a.m., 8.10 p.m., 1.75 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.20 a.m., 1.05 p.m., 3.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.20 a.m., 8.25 p.m., 1.90 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.30 a.m., 1.15 p.m., 4.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.35 a.m., 8.40 p.m., 2.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.40 a.m., 1.25 p.m., 4.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 3.50 a.m., 8.55 p.m., 2.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 10.50 a.m., 1.35 p.m., 4.20 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.05 a.m., 9.10 p.m., 2.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.00 a.m., 1.45 p.m., 4.30 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.20 a.m., 9.25 p.m., 2.50 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.10 a.m., 1.55 p.m., 4.40 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.35 a.m., 9.40 p.m., 3.05 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.20 a.m., 2.05 p.m., 4.50 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 4.50 a.m., 9.55 p.m., 3.20 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.30 a.m., 2.15 p.m., 5.00 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.05 a.m., 10.10 p.m., 3.35 a.m. ARRIVE Stawell 11.40 a.m., 2.25 p.m., 5.10 p.m. LEAVE Melbourne 5.20 a.m., 10.25 p.m.,