

The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1884.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly at an early hour of the morning would much prefer to have them delivered to their homes by the office of the paper, Lawrence Street, in order that such errors may be corrected. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, and will be pleased to have our names to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 4 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the future.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6d. a line and space.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above the line, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered at extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established in the Colonies 1862.

Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for Beaufort, is prepared to receive Proposals and descriptions of insurances at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Risks accepted on Threshing Machines, Stocks, and Agricultural Produce.

Profits for the year, £225,350 or £27,870 over 1883.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £233,720 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.

An amount of £110,730, only £10,007 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

WANTED KNOWN.

I have come to my knowledge that Subscribers to the Daily Papers are charged with the duty of informing the Editor of the "Riponshire Advocate," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be delivered in the quantity of Beaufort for 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS COCOA,
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal ailment by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and properly nourished frames."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 4lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,
HAYLOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT
OF THE
WEEKLY TIMES
TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES,
Or
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Union held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to the Weekly Times, namely,

THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD.

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable the Parliamentary Proceedings, and all matters of interest.

TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.
The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper.

PUBLISHED IN THE WORLD.
At the Price.

THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT
Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.

In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.

In addition to the above, the Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Fullest Calendars, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the

WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.
PRICE THREEPENCE.
Subscriptions per post, 6s. 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.
Office: 80 COLLINS ST., MELBOURNE.

NOTICE.

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the

GENUINE "WERTHEIM"
Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make; I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC
That EVERY

GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK
Of the

Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME,

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" is stamped in gold on the PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY TO GUARD AGAINST IMITATION every GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE IS

SHIPPED AUSTRALIA HAS STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE THE NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz. —

HUGO WERTHEIM,
MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly registered in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registered mark will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,
30 FLINDERS LANE EAST,
MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,
Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.
Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival" forms of machines.

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is not a criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is overstocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the

"WHEELER & WILSON"
Sewing Machine

Is far superior to the "Singer."
The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair. The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action.

The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished.

The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agents have never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
Instruction Given Gratis.

P. DE BAERE,
W A T O H M A K E R,
Sole Agent for FREE.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

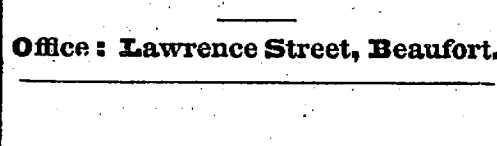
CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stewart Hill, Lake Coleridge, Ball's Gully, Main Land, Rascall, Charlton, Waterloo, Zornambon, Bungee, Middle Creek, Shilley, Trawalla, Burroughs, Leppington, Strathmore, Skipton, and Camphill.

JOHN PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,
ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,
MINING SCHEMATA, REPORTS, &c.,
PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,
POSTERS, DRAPERS' HANDBILLS,
CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,
SOIREE DINNER TICKETS,
MOORING CARDS, &c., &c.

PRINTED IN THE BEST CLASS STYLE
AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.



THE DAVIS SEWING MACHINE

(HAND AND TREADLE), RECEIVED THE

ONLY FIRST PRIZE GOLD MEDAL
AWARDED AT THE

Only First Prize.
Addside Exhibition, 1881.

IMPORTERS—
HENRY BISHOP & CO.,
79 BURKE STREET EAST,
MELBOURNE.

(Next to the Theatre Royal).

Local Agents Wanted.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and advantages may be fully understood and appreciated.

For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase furniture without paying the full purchase money. The idea for furnishing, indeed, is always heavy, especially for young beginners in life and household furniture, many of them being unable to purchase a house at once, or again, you might be in possession of a house, but not have the means to furnish it, and would like to furnish same with view of letting, but cannot afford to pay the sum down at once.

I introduced some years ago, my time payment system, and the FIRST to offer to the public its benefits and advantages, and without extra charge to you, as simply the prices are charged to any customer on establishment, and prices quoted before purchased.

The comparison with any firm in the City, A. Nathan's, is in my private and simplicity, as to enter into an agreement of purchase, no money is required, the goods being delivered on credit, and the value of the same being paid by weekly or monthly instalments, when they are ready to be paid, and the property of the purchaser, so that the purchaser is not bound to pay the full purchase money at once, and is able to judge of the correctness of my representations. I shall always be happy to show you, and give you any further information if required.

HOOD'S
PHOSPHORUS PILLS
A Certain Cure for Hard or Soft Corns.
PRICE—2/6 & 6/6.

HOOD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
OILS, ANILINE COLOURS, DYEING MATERIALS,
147 ELIZABETH STREET,
FIRST PRIZE
Awarded Melbourne International Exhibition, 1881-82.

SANDER AND SON'S
EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy, at Rome.

Dr. Orskhan, Health officer for the City of Sandhurst, certifies to the extract being the most reliable remedy for external inflammation, bronchitis, diphtheria, affections of the lungs, chest, all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds, disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, &c.

PROFESSOR DR. MOSSLER, at the University of Giessen, Germany, reports as follows:—Cures of Diphtheria, Lung and Throat Diseases by inhaling the vapors of SANDER and SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

Epitome of declaration made before M. Cohen, Esq., F.R.S., at Sandhurst, October, 1877:—The son of Mr. Bange was hurt with an axe on the knee. After nine weeks' medical treatment it was declared necessary by Dr. Macgillivray to amputate the injured limb. At that juncture the extract was applied, and the wound speedily cured without amputation.

The daughter of Mr. Junghen, suffering from disease of the bone, as pronounced by Drs. Atkinson and Boyd, was cured just as speedily. Cures of whooping-cough, very severe-croup, croup, bronchitis, diphtheria, caracine, pains in the head (neuralgia), inflammation of the eyes, and that of a severely injured foot; all of bad legs; wound on the arm with enormous swelling; of severe bruises and a sprained ankle. (H. Brown), in which case eight months' medical advice was of no avail, was reported by the "Donald Times," "Newcastle Morning Herald," "Cooktown Courier," "York's Peninsula Advertiser," and others.

The extract regulates the action of the kidneys cures dysuria and the common Eucalypti Oil, a reliable and preventive of contagion in scarlet, typhoid, and intermittent fever. For particulars see testimonials accompanying each bottle.

Sold at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per vial.

CAUTION.
Do not purchase SANDER and SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT with the common Eucalypti Oil, a resinous fluid equal to turpentine, without the healing vapors of our Extract, and positively injurious in most cases, for which our preparation is highly recommended. Therefore ask for SANDER and SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT and see that you get it. The genuine article is made up in vials bearing our trade mark and signature, and for greater safety each vial is secured by an outside green band with our signature and address.

Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRUSHER,
MAIN LEAD: J. M'LEOD,
CHARLTON: J. DOBE,
BEAUFORT: H. A. GLEND.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co.
WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
(Established 1864.)
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

We beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auctions of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the Melbourne and Ballarat CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH
YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT

Without Money or Security

ON

S. NATHAN'S
WONDERFUL
TIME PAYMENT
SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Ush Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and advantages may be fully understood and appreciated.

For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase furniture without paying the full purchase money. The idea for furnishing, indeed, is always heavy, especially for young beginners in life and household furniture, many of them being unable to purchase a house at once, or again, you might be in possession of a house, but not have the means to furnish it, and would like to furnish same with view of letting, but cannot afford to pay the sum down at once.

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Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRUSHER,
MAIN LEAD: J. M'LEOD,
CHARLTON: J. DOBE,
BEAUFORT: H. A. GLEND.

SEVEN WEEKS' DISCOUNT SALE.

17 1/2 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Twopence off every Shilling, and One Pound off every Six Pounds' worth of Goods purchased

FOR CASH ONLY.

COMMENCING ON

SATURDAY,

The 26th July,

And ending on

Saturday Evening

The 13th of September.

A. CRAWFORD,

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

Having been advised of extra large shipments of Goods to arrive about the middle or end of August, finds it necessary, for the want of space, to considerably reduce the present Stock on hand. Instead of having a great Sale, in which only a few lines are reduced, he has decided to make the benefit to the Public more general by giving the large Discount of Sevenpence-and-a-half per cent. off all purchases, a system which he has previously introduced, and which met with so much public satisfaction.

Three Shillings and Fourpence off every Pound spent! Twopence off every Shilling! One Pound off every Six Pounds' worth of Goods purchased during the Seven Weeks' Great Discount Sale.

This Extraordinary Discount will apply to every article in stock, with the following exceptions, which will be sold at net prices, viz.—Best Brussels only (all others subject to the discount); Best Linoleums (Company's Goods); all Kid Gloves, Sewing and Knitting Cottons; Paton's, Alloa, and Baldwin's Fingering Yarns.

The immense advantages afforded by the above Sale are so very clear and remarkable that further comment is altogether unnecessary.

A. CRAWFORD,
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS
STURT STREET
BALLARAT.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in the Colonies, 1862.

Insurers against Fire should consider the Security and Liberality of the Company.

Capital fully Subscribed is £2,500,000.

Reserve Fund for Fire Losses only, in addition to Capital, £274,100.

Fire Premium Income, 1883, nearly Half-a-Million, £499,000.

Losses Paid during past 22 years, £3,100,109.

Lowest Current Rates. Transfers Free of Expense.

AGENT FOR BEAUFORT:
H. P. HENNINGSEN, Printer, Haylock Street.

Important Notice.

Mr. W. HARTLEY,
DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT
(Over Bardwell's, Photographer).

Dental Registration Certificate, No. 5445.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in dentistry may be treated.

Decayed Teeth stopped from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience, cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth or require more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years will ruin the mouth for mastication and appearance.

ADVICE FREE. Testimonials, both English and Colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Neill Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.

And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 9 to 12 a.m., where all necessary information can be given.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places, and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days. One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

T. VOWLES, Proprietor.

HOPPER'S MILK PUNCH

GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR

VITALE

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel Beaufort, and the Manufactory, Snake Valley Camphill.

Specialty! Specialists!

Draw on Nature—she compels you to honor the acceptance.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 5s; Cape barley, 2s 6d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 10d; oats, 2s 9d to 2s 10d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L2 to L3 7s 6d; straw, cotten, L2; do; wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 3d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 2d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L8.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There has not been much change in prices in the produce market during the past week. Wheat has had very little attention, though the figure is a trifle firmer, small parcels having changed hands at 3s 6d, bags in. Locally milled flour is firm at L8 2s 6d per ton, but several parcels of up-country have come in at L7 10s. The prices given on our last issue for Horsham, St. Arnaud, Donald, Avoca, and Landsborough remain unaltered. In this neighborhood ours are somewhat better. A parcel of 100 bags sold during the week at 2s 6d, and 176 bags were purchased at the same figure at an outside station, being equal to 2s 7d, bags in, in Ararat. Peas are offering at 3s 6d per bushel. Warrnambool potatoes are in good demand L4 5s to L4 10s, whilst Ballarat varieties have advanced to L3 17s 6d and L4. Hay shows a slight advancement, and some is being sent away up-country at L2 15s per ton for trussed. Onions are very scarce at 18s. Both fresh butter and eggs have been plentiful and have fallen in value. Hams and bacon are fairly supplied. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 3d to 3s 4d bags in; oats, 2s 6d per bushel; pollard, 10d; bran, 10d; Cape barley 3s 6d; English barley, 4s 6d; peas, 3s 6d; flour, L7 10s to L8 2s 6d per ton; Warrnambool potatoes, L4 5s to L4 10s; Ballarat, do., L3 17s 6d to L4; hay, (sheaves), L2; hay (trussed) L2 10s to L2 15s; straw (wheaten), 25s; per ton; do. (oaten), 30s; chaff, 2s 6d per cwt; carrots, 1s 6d; onions, 18s per cwt; butter (fresh), 11d per lb; butter (potted), 8d to 9d per lb; hams, 11d per lb; bacon, 8d to 9d per lb; cheese, 6d per lb; eggs, 1s per dozen.—“Advertiser.”

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

(From the “Argus.”)

The consideration of the Land Bill in committee was resumed in the Legislative Assembly on Tuesday. Mr. Kerford allayed for the time being the anxiety felt by some hon. members respecting the impounding rights that clause 3 may confer on pastoral tenants whilst they remain in possession of land in the brown area. The pastoral tenant is allowed to occupy under a grazing licence until the land is taken up by selectors. Amendments are to be introduced to provide that he shall be in no better position, as regards the right to impound, than the selector of a 1,000-acre block. Their rights in this respect will be the same. The clause was then passed. Mr. Mirams submitted his leasing proposal as an amendment to clause 6. A compact was entered into last Wednesday that the committee should divide upon the question without debate, but Mr. McLellan would not fall into the trap. The Chairmen held up the start of a day. The unwillingness of the committee to lose time was manifested in such an unmistakable way that the attempt to open up a debate had to be abandoned. Mr. Mackay signified his displeasure at the division being “rushed on.” The Mirams amendment was negatived by 41 votes to 14, four members pairing.

The Minister of Education on Tuesday informed Mr. Coppin, in the Legislative Assembly, that in state schools pupils are taught the nature of an oath. Mr. Toohy was told by the Minister of Lands that it has never been the regular practice to grant 49th-section holdings to the selectors at £1 an acre. The average price obtained for the nearest Crown lands is charged. The Chief Secretary stated, in reply to Mr. Mason, that the Amending Licensing Bill will be introduced this session, as soon as substantial progress has been made with other Government business.

On Tuesday the Government announced, in both Houses of Parliament, that after July 1, 1885, the charge for telegrams of six words will be 6d, with 1d. for each additional word. It is necessary to delay the reduction to allow ample time for training up extra operators, and otherwise preparing for a larger business. The immediate effect of the reduction will be a loss of about L6,000 a year, which the Government hope will soon disappear. For a number of years, business has increased at the rate of 1 1/2 per cent. per annum, but last year the rate fell to 3 1/2. There have been great differences of opinion in the Telegraph department as to the cost of bringing the new tariff into use, the estimates ranging from L13,000 to L40,000 a year. Mr. Service stated in the Legislative Assembly, in answer to Mr. Mason, that the rule disallowing collect messages is to be reconsidered. Mr. Mason objects to it, in the interests of members of Parliament, who cannot send telegrams to public bodies or constituents without paying for them. They patronised the collect system whilst it was in operation. Mr. Service explained that it is the inconvenience felt by the community generally which has suggested the need of re-inquiry.—“Argus.”

A banquet was given to Beach, the champion sculler, on Friday night, at his native place, Dayto. The procession of Beach's admirers to the banquet hall was over three miles in length.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

TROUBLE SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest night after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fellows, Grimwade and Co., and Rocks Tompitt, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Arrowsmith, W. Boyle, C.; Brown, J. Cairnie, J.; Calwer, J. Ditton, W.; Dunn, J. Etherton I. Flowers, T. Gunther, F. Hall, H. J. Kruse, A. P. Mannes, T.; Miller, A.; McMillan, John; Mitchell and Co.; Morgan, J. B. Nicholson, Gervie, Pervis, C. Summers, Jas. Turnbull, Mr.; Trothowen, N. Wallace, R. E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, September 5th, 1884.

Progress Tent, No. 43, I.O.R.

THE BRETHREN of the above Tent are requested to assemble at the Tent-room on SUNDAY, 7th September, 1884, at half-past Two, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother JOHN DAY, F.O.R.

By order, W. CHALMERS, Sec.

Death. On the 5th September, at Beaufort, John Day, aged thirty-seven years, from cholera, after twenty-four hours' illness.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1884.

An obituary notice appears in this column notifying the death of Mr. John Day, a young man long and favorably known on Beaufort. He was following his occupation as a miner on Thursday, and was taken bad with internal pains on that evening. Dr. Johnston was sent for, and did all that human skill could suggest, but to no purpose, as the deceased breathed his last at about 3 o'clock last evening, after twenty-four hours of intense suffering. He leaves a widow and four children to mourn their loss.

The following are the reported yields for the past week:—New Victoria, 74oz.; Hobart Paste, 70oz.; Waterloo, 38oz.; Royal Saxon, 35oz. A new tribute party has been organised to work the South Victoria mine.

The English mail closes at Beaufort on Monday next. The mammoth gift distribution, to be held in connection with the proposed fancy fair on Boxing Day, for the purpose of raising funds for the improvement of the Beaufort recreation reserve, promises to be a great success, as a large number of valuable prizes have already been donated, besides several pounds in cash.

We have received a copy of the current number of the “Illustrated Australian News” from the publishers. The paper is an interesting one, the sketches being excellent, while the reading matter is of a varied nature.

A meeting of the committee of the Beaufort, Woodnaggar, and Stockyard Hill ploughing match was held on Saturday last, at the Shire Hall, when the accounts in connection with the match were passed for payment. After all expenses are paid there is still left a good surplus to the credit of the committee.

At the conclusion of the business of the Riponshire Council on Thursday Mr. W. C. Thomas, the newly-elected President, invited the members to partake of a glass of wine. Champagne and vigorine were then duly opened, and the following toasts honored in a hearty manner:—“The Retiring President,” “The Newly-elected President,” “The Officers of the Council,” and “The Press.”

While presiding at the Beaufort County Court on Saturday last His Honor Judge Trench's attention was arrested by the rattling of the window in the roof of the courthouse, referred to by us in a recent issue. His Honor wished to know from where the noise proceeded, when the bailiff vouchsafed the information by stating that it was a window in the roof. His Honor then directed the bailiff to get up on the roof and remedy the nuisance. Considering, however, that the bailiff is not an athlete, at any rate by nature, and that the wall of the building is about 30 feet high, the bailiff positively declined to obey the order of the Court. During the remainder of the sitting of the Court the window rattled a stave or two at intervals, as if to remind His Honor that the bailiff had not obeyed his order.

In the case of Rupert Smith v. John Cochrane, jun., heard at the Beaufort County Court on Saturday last, rather an amusing incident occurred. The plaintiff set forth that the money claimed was for grazing a “mare and foal.” Of course it should have been mare and foal. Defendant's counsel wished to know who was the foal, when His Honor replied that he supposed it was the defendant, as plaintiff had made no application to amend the plaint. The little episode caused some merriment in court.

The Beaufort recreation reserve will now soon be an accomplished fact. The contractor, Mr. Vanderstoep, has nearly completed the work of enclosing the reserve with a closely-battened fence, 6ft. 6in. high, and Mr. H. H. Jackson, the shire engineer, yesterday marked out the circle on which sports, etc. will be held. The reserve is nicely situated on the banks of the reservoir, and in the course of a few years will be one of the prettiest spots in the district.

There appears to be some malicious people at work in the neighborhood of Beaufort. Mrs. Gilloch informs us that one of her cows came home last week with the end of a spear in its shoulder. When extracted it was found that the spear had been made by fixing a horse-nail to the end of a stick. The spear is now in the hands of the police, and it is to be hoped that they will be successful in discovering the miscreant who thus tortured a dumb animal.

An “Argus” cablegram from London, dated September 4th, says:—“The cholera is continuing its ravages in Italy, and the mortality from the epidemic is increasing daily. Yesterday 70 deaths occurred at Naples. The rapid progress of the disease has caused quite a panic throughout Italy.”

BEAUFORT COUNTY COURT.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30TH, 1884.

(Before His Honor Judge Trench).

The bar was represented by Messrs. Finlayson and Gaunt. James Prentice v. T. W. Reidy.—Amount due on promissory note and interest £59 5s 7d. Settled.

Same v. William Woodfine.—Goods sold and delivered, £6 2s 6d. No appearance of defendant. Verdict for amount, with 12s 6d costs.

Same v. W. Stewart.—Goods sold and delivered, £2 5s 8d. No appearance of defendant. Verdict for amount, with 5s. costs.

Same v. Thomas Flowers.—Goods sold and delivered, £2 12s 10d. Settled.

Thomas Hillman v. Frederick Harris.—Breach of warranty on the sale of a threshing machine, £49. Settled.

Rupert Smith v. Elizabeth White.—Amount due on promissory note and interest, £16 4s. Settled.

Same v. Nathaniel Lucas.—Goods sold and delivered, £1 3s 1d. Settled.

Same v. John Cochrane, jun.—Breach of contract, £1 13s. Mr. Finlayson for the plaintiff, Mr. Gaunt for defendant. The defendant had paid the sum of 16s 6d into court, without costs. Mr. Finlayson contended that this was an admission of the liability, and his honor coincided, and gave a verdict for the amount paid into court, with £1 8s 6d costs.

M. Flynn v. M. Barry.—Goods sold and delivered, L6 12s 6d. Mr. Gaunt for plaintiff, and Mr. Finlayson for defendant. The defendant had paid L3 3s into court, but had omitted to pay any costs, and consequently a verdict was given for L3 3s, with L1 11s 6d costs.

Henry Wilcox v. James Frusher.—Firewood supplied, L39 18s. Mr. Gaunt for plaintiff, and Mr. Finlayson for defendant. Mr. Gaunt opened the case by saying that the plaintiff had entered into a contract with the Waterloo Tributary Company to supply them with firewood for the engine for a period of twelve months. The agreement was signed by one Williamson, as secretary of the company, and by the plaintiff. Shortly after the agreement was signed Williamson ceased to act as secretary, and his place was taken by the defendant, James Frusher. Under the agreement the defendant had to keep a supply of 50 tons of firewood on the claim, under penalty of the cancellation of the agreement. Plaintiff fell ill, and lost one of his horses. The consequence was that the supply of wood on the claim fell to 12 tons. The Company then cancelled the agreement, and would not pay the money due to the plaintiff, L39 18s. He called Henry Wilcox, who deposed: James Frusher, the defendant, is a shareholder in the Waterloo Tributary Company. He commenced ordering wood from me on the 20th February. He told me to bring five-ton wood, and stack it on the claim, at 3s per ton, payable fortnightly. I supplied 582 tons of wood up till April 3rd. Saw Mr. Frusher measuring the wood. Frusher made payments to me on account amounting to L62 8s. Part was paid to me, and part to other people on my order. The balance due is L24 18s. To Mr. Finlayson.—Kept on supplying wood to Frusher on the same terms as under agreement signed by Williamson. Commenced supplying wood to the Company on the 23rd October, 1883. Did not keep 50 tons on the claim, and the agreement was cancelled owing to this. There were about 12 tons of wood on the claim when the agreement was cancelled. Re-examined by Mr. Gaunt.—Never allowed the tributors to stop work owing to the want of wood. James Brown, carter, deposed: I supplied the company with wood after Wilcox, and the work was not stopped for the want of wood. I carted wood for four weeks, and got paid for it. The plaintiff was again put in the box, and in answer to His Honor said he could not swear that the defendant positively ordered him to bring the wood. Mr. Finlayson contended that his client was entitled to a nonsuit, as the contract entered into between Williamson and Wilcox was not binding on the company, and neither had his client made himself liable, as he had never given Wilcox any orders. Mr. Gaunt contended that Frusher had ordered some of the wood, and was clearly personally liable for the wood so ordered. His Honor said that he was sorry that according to dry law he had to nonsuit the plaintiff. The case was one of the most iniquitous that had ever come under his notice. A party of working men had entered into an agreement, which had been faithfully carried out on the one part, and was taken advantage of on the other side to get out of paying a working man his just dues. The company had cancelled the agreement under one of its provisions, and now resorted to law to shirk their responsibility under the same agreement, as it had been held, and rightly so too, that the agreement was worthless as far as the liability of the company was concerned. He regretted to say that the plaintiff would be nonsuited, with £5 5s costs.

The Court then adjourned sine die.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not identify ourselves with the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate.

Sir,—I deem it advisable to call attention, through your columns, to a matter that materially affects the mining community in this place. There is a pink block shown on the plan of this County, near Chute. Upon inquiry I find that it is what is known as “The Swamp,” and it is a well-known fact that several gold-bearing leads run into, and under it. I would instance the gullies known as Baxter's and Swamp; and the main lead also passes through it. Now what can be the meaning of this land being thus placed on the plan for the purposes of being sold, when its auriferous nature is apparent to everyone? The auriferous lands of the colony are already sufficiently alienated, without letting another acre go, and on behalf of the miners of Waterloo and the whole mining community I protest most strongly at this attempt to hamper the mining industry here. It is a gross injustice, and in other ways a mining point of view. In former times “The Swamp” was banked up, and an immense quantity of water stored in it. Now, in the event of the Waterloo Water Committee being unable to get the Wimmera race

scheme carried, they would have to fall back on the “Swamp,” and it is not ridiculous to think of this being allowed to be sold? The party who wants to purchase it is well-known, but how he has managed to get that “color” there passes my comprehension; but he can rest assured, Sir, that the inhabitants of Waterloo will never permit this land to be sold, for it is a deliberate infringement upon their rights both as miners and ratepayers. I trust, Sir, that you also will assist in preventing this attempt to alienate what the minor may well claim to be his very means of existence, and that through the columns of your paper you will use your best influence to aid us in keeping this land.—Yours, etc., R. HEWITT, President Waterloo Branch of the A.M.A. Waterloo, 1st September, 1884.

NELSON PROVINCE ELECTION.

MR. DOWLING AT BEAUFORT.

On Wednesday evening last Mr. Thomas Dowling, one of the candidates for the Nelson Province, addressed a well-attended meeting of the electors at the Golden Age Hall. Mr. William Smith was voted to the chair. The candidate, in coming forward, stated that perhaps a number of those present would like to know who he was, and where he came from. He came to Tasmania in the year 1830, and in the year 1848 he arrived in the colony of Victoria, with a wife and two children, and £50 in his pocket. A friend, whom he would never forget, bought 5000 sheep at £1 each for him, and handed them over to him on condition that he paid £6000 for them. He had lived at Camperdown for 34 years. He had been connected with Local Government matters since its inception, and on several occasions had been asked to contest a seat in Parliament, but he had stood aside up till the present time. At present the southern portion of the province was unrepresented, there being two members in the north, and Mr. Bromell would make a third. He did not consider this fair, and he now came before the electors, and asked them to deal out even-handed justice by electing him to represent the southern portion of the province, which had never yet had a representative. There were 3500 votes in the northern portion of province, and 1000 in the southern. Mr. Bromell had been transferred from the Western Province, to the Nelson, and the electors in the southern part of the province, had never seen him neither in nor out of Parliament. It was impossible for Mr. Bromell to represent the Southern portion of the province. The province should be divided into three parts, northern, southern, and central, with a member for each, and then each part would be fairly represented, which was not the case now. He hoped every man would vote according to his conscience, and he now asked them, on behalf of the electors in the southern part of the province, to put him in at the head of the poll. The speaker then passed on to deal more fully with the several matters touched upon in his printed address. He was a freetrader by conviction, but would not allow his convictions to interfere with any industries which had grown up under the protective policy of the colony. He was strongly in favor of federation, and he was of opinion that had there been some federal head in the past a great deal of trouble which will be occasioned in bringing about the federation of the colonies might have been avoided. The defence of the colonies would be aided by federation. Union is strength, and it would be a grand day for Australia when she can stand as one nation, as one people. The Local Government Act was one of the greatest boons ever conferred upon the people. But it was defective, inasmuch as the Minister had too much power placed in his hands. The powers of the Minister and local bodies should be more clearly defined. He approved of the general provisions of the Land Bill, but he thought Mr. Service should have gone further, and said to the selectors who took up 1000 acres of the worthless land of the colony, “If you improve this land, and make it habitable, I will give you 200 or 300 acres free gratis at the end of three years.” There was a large area of land in the colony which was dear at L1 per acre. He thought the Government should have encouraged the people to select such land. He had his sympathy with the non-alienation of land. He was in favor of the Mining or Private Property Bill. He hoped the matter would now be settled for ever. The education system, grand as it was, was not complete. The young wanted something more than the three R's. He was in favor of teaching them from a moral code to be drawn up from the Bible, and make it every day instruction to the young. He was in favor of extending the railways. There appeared to be a growing desire in the colony to have goods carried for nothing on the railways. This was a big mistake. He wanted the people to look upon the railways as their own, for the construction of which they had borrowed large sums of money, on which interest had to be paid. Looking at it in this light the people should be content to pay fair tariff for the conveyance of their goods, in order to pay off the interest due on the cost of construction of the railways. He was a strong supporter of local option, and was in favor of the principle of the majority dealing with their own wants. He was glad to say that drunkenness was not the besetting sin of young Australians. There was a large interest at stake, and the operation of local option should be the most gradual. The candidate concluded by saying that he desired no fee or reward for his services. He was desirous of serving his fellow man, and if his services met with their approbation then that was sufficient reward for him.

The candidate then answered the following questions:—Mr. Stuart asked—Are you in favor of a Progressive Land Tax? Answer—Most decidedly not, but I am in favor of an equitable land tax, and after that a property tax. Mr. Rupert Smith asked—Does the candidate consider that the present landholders should have the power to interfere with the rights of future generations by buying up the roads? Answer—No. Mr. Andrews asked—Is the candidate in favor of married women selecting? Answer—Yes. I see no reason why they should not. The candidate was frequently loudly applauded, and he was accorded a very patient hearing. A vote of thanks to the chair concluded the meeting.

RIPONSHIRE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1884.

Present: Crs. M'Kenzie (President), Lewis, Adams, Murray, Smith, Oddie, Wotherpoon, Thomas, and Cushing. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

PRESIDENT'S ALLOWANCE. Cr. Oddie moved and Cr. Cushing seconded—That the President's allowance be £70. Cr. Thomas moved as an amendment—That the President's allowance be £20. There being no seconder to the amendment, the motion was declared carried.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT. Cr. Wotherpoon moved, and Cr. Smith seconded—That Cr. Thomas be elected President for the ensuing twelve months.—Carried unanimously.

Cr. Thomas, on taking the chair, said that he thanked the Council for electing him to the position. If he had consulted his own feelings he would not have accepted the position, but as it was the wish of the Council that he should accept it he would do so. He hoped that the Council would treat him with the same amount of courtesy as his predecessor had met with.

On the motion of the President, seconded by Cr. Wotherpoon, a cordial vote of thanks was accorded to the retiring President, Cr. M'Kenzie, which compliment was suitably acknowledged.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

Mr. D. M'Kenzie, retiring president, reported as follows:—“Gentlemen.—At the close of my year of office as President there has been nothing of any unusual occurrence that requires any comment from me, with the exception of some little inconvenience in the beginning of my term of office through a delay in auditing the accounts of the Council owing to the conduct of our auditor, which, I trust, however, may never occur again. I have simply to congratulate you on your financial condition, which is satisfactory, taking into consideration the large amount of work that has been done by your Council during the past year, including a large reservoir in the East Riding for the use of Snake Valley and neighborhood, which, I trust, will be found a great benefit to the inhabitants; and I beg to express satisfaction at the attention given by our members, Messrs. Young and Davies, in securing Government grant to the extent of L250 towards this important work, and trust you may be able to secure a much larger amount this year towards bringing the water to the street, and also towards water supply to Waterloo, in the North Riding. I have to thank you, gentlemen, for your punctual attendance at Council meetings, no member, I may say, being absent two meetings in succession, only our friend, Cr. Lewis, through his late accident; and I am sure it is a source of pleasure to you, as well to me, to see that gentleman in his place again at this table, hale and hearty. I have now to thank you very kindly, Gentlemen, for your forbearance with myself whilst occupying the chair, and for the able, peaceable, and hearty manner in which you have at all times despatched Council business. I have also to congratulate you on the diligent and able manner in which your officers have carried out the duties appertaining to the several offices, and thank them kindly for their hearty and willing assistance on all occasions to myself personally. I don't know that I could confer a greater favor on my successor than to ask councillors and officers to continue the same treatment to him, when I am sure he will be able, at the end of his time, to repeat what I have the pleasure to say now, that you have made it a very pleasant twelve months to me.” On the motion of Cr. Lewis, seconded by Cr. Oddie, the report was received.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From the Secretary, forwarding copy of balance sheets of the Beaufort Benevolent Society for the years 1883 and 1884.—Received.

From the Lands Department, notifying that steps are being taken to temporarily reserve allotment 2, section 15, parish of Carringham, at Snake Valley, for the purposes of a road and pipe track, as requested by the Council.—Received.

From the Railway Department, stating that the Lands Department suggests that the width of land required for the Mount Cole water race be reduced from 100 to 70 links.—Engineer to report, and his report to be sent to the Department.

From Mr. Pope, Waterloo, asking the council to remit her rates.—Request granted.

From the Titles Office, in reply to a letter from this Council, pointing out that the water channel from Lake Goldsmith to Enu Creek had, by mistake, been included in a transfer of land from Mr. Cameron to Mr. Rich. The Register stated that steps had been taken to recall the title issued for the purpose of amendment.—Received.

From W. H. Gaunt, forwarding opinion in the above case of illegal transfer.—Received.

From the Lands Department, stating that, at this Council's request, the necessary steps are being taken to temporarily reserve 60 acres of land in the parishes of Carringham and Morthoch for recreation purposes.—Received.

From Same, forwarding amended copy of the draft regulations for the care, protection, and management of the Beaufort recreation reserve.—The regulations were received, and adopted, and ordered to be signed.

From Cr. W. Minchin, Clerk of Courts, Beaufort, stating that he cannot find any record of the granting of a water right by the old Local Court for the conveyance of water from the Wimmera springs or river to the Fiery Creek diggings.—Received, and a copy to be forwarded to Mr. Shaw, Secretary of the Waterloo Supply Committee.

From the Shire Council of Lexton, in reply to this Council's letter, requesting them to take legal advice as to the possibility of diverting the water from the Wimmera springs, for the purpose of ensuring a supply for Waterloo, and stating that even if a favorable supply were given, the Council might, nevertheless, be involved in litigation, and as it is not their intention to enter upon any such risk, it is inexpedient to take an opinion that will not be acted upon.—Received, and a copy of the letter to be forwarded to Mr. Shaw, secretary of the Waterloo Water Supply Committee.

From the Department of Lands and Survey, stating that the Mining Department states Surveyor object to the proposed reservation of allotment 2, section 15, parish of Carringham, for the purposes of a road and pipe track.—Cr. Oddie, it was resolved—That the secretary write to the Department, and ask for further information in the matter, as it appeared that a mistake had been made, and the “pipe-track” substituted for “water shed.” The Department was also to be asked to reserve the watershed from selection, and the reservoir from mining on or under.

From the President School of Mines, Sandhurst, forwarding a circular advocating that an effort be made to induce the Government to provide funds for prospecting such areas as might be selected by committees consisting of thoroughly competent practical miners.—To lie on the table.

From Mrs. F. Ritchie, Streatham, calling attention to the bad state of the road from the corner of Matthews' selection to where the road joins the Skipton road, on the road from Streatham to Beaufort.—The applicant to be informed that the work is already done.

From the Town Clerk, Malmsbury, asking for the co-operation of this Council in recognizing the claims of Dr. Edward Davy, an old colonist, the practical inventor of electric telegraphy. It was resolved—That the members for the district be requested to support the passing of any bills that may be brought before Parliament by way of recognizing the claims of Mr. Davy.

From C. E. Reidy, requesting that his name be substituted for that of J. W. Reidy in the rate book.—Request complied with.

From the Secretary of the Beaufort United Common, forwarding audited balance sheet for the year ending 31st July, 1884, together with the auditors' report.—Received.

From J. Dodds, forwarding copy of bylaw for the management of the quarterly fair for the sale of live stock, dairy produce, etc., held in the Shire of Greenville.—Received.

From W. J. Haines, Beaufort, asking for time to pay his rates in.—To be allowed one month.

From W. H. Williams, asking the Council to remit his water rate.—No action taken.

From the secretary of the Beaufort Athletic Club, enclosing cheque for £30, being net proceeds of sports held on Easter Monday 1884, in aid of improving the Beaufort recreation reserve.—Received.

FINANCE.

The following accounts were passed for payment on the recommendation of the Finance Committee:—

Engineer	£36 6 8
Secretary	20 0 0
Mrs. Taylor	1 10 0
Election Express	13 0 0
“Evening Post”	4 16 0
“Riponshire Advocate”	16 6 9
H. P. Henningsen	3 14 9
R. Farley	0 8 0
W. G. Stevens, salary	4 0 0
E. Whiting	1 10 0
Arnall and Jackson	1 18 1
J. Whittle	1 0 0
Rabbit suppression	22 19 3
J. F. Watkin, repairing culvert	2 0 0
D. O., rolling roads	42 7 6
J. Cowan	3 2 11
Hawkes Bros.	10 3 11
J. Whittle, timber	1 13 4
P. Kielly, fencing material	9 7 3

SURFACE LABOR.

R. Gibson, L3; W. McFarlane, L3; P. Hill, L3; M. Muir, L3; M. Mehan, L3; John Whitfield, L14; Joseph Whitfield, L7 1/2; Jacob Tompkins, L3; D. Marchbank, L2; Roberts, L3; J. Holdsworth, L4 8s.; J. Ward, L2 8s.; H. Stuart, L1 11s.; J. Whitcomb, L1 13s 6d.; Isaac Story, L3; M. Carrigan, L13 15s.

CONTRACT PAYMENTS.

J. F. Watkin, L17 19s 6d.; P. Kielly, L32 5s 6d.; R. Gemmill, L40; J. Madden, L37 17s 3d.; H. Kahle, L14 5s.; T. Vanderstoep, L50.

REPORTS.

The engineer reported as follows:—“I have the honor to report that all the contracts in the various ridings of the shire are being proceeded with in a satisfactory manner. Tenders are invited for three contracts, returnable to-day. The damp weather has made the work of maintenance rather heavy of late, especially on the newly-formed roads.”

Crs. Lewis and Adams reported as follows with reference to the complaint made by Mr. Robert Ward as to a breach of the regulations of the Lake Goldsmith Reserve by several persons:—“There has apparently been no deliberate infringement of the regulations by Mr. Cushing or the caretaker of the reserve. On Sundays occasionally they allowed their horses to run out for an hour or two. Mr. Robert Ward's horses also run out occasionally on Sundays. The caretaker also stated that several residents infringed the rules for a day or so, though having more stock on the reserve than they had registered, but complied with the regulations when spoken to. Prior to the 15th March the caretaker states Mr. Robert Ward, for about a fortnight, did not confine his sheep to the road when travelling from one farm to the other, but desisted when written to by the secretary of the shire. Mr. Thomas Ward was re-appointed caretaker for six months, from 1st July last, at the same salary as before.” The standing orders were suspended, in order to hear Mr. Robert Ward, who stated that he disagreed with the report of the West Riding members. The members had heard the complaint without him being present. He denied that his horses were ever on the reserve, and stated that the reserve was overrun at the present day. Cr. Cushing's horses were constantly on the reserve. The regulations were being broken daily, and will never be respected. Cr. Cushing said that if Mr. Ward would give the dates on which his (Cr. Cushing's) horses trespassed on the lake reserve, he would be willing to leave it to a committee to prove the truth or otherwise of Mr. Ward's statement. Cr. Lewis said the wish of the committee of management was to carry out the regulations strictly. On the motion of Cr. Murray, seconded by Cr. M'Kenzie, it was resolved—That the report of the West Riding members be received, and that the secretary instruct the caretaker to carry out the regulations strictly in future.

The rabbit inspector reported as follows: I have the honor to report that the Council's instructions re rabbit suppression are being carried out.

Impoundings. BEAUFORT.—Impounded at Beaufort.—Yellow and white hares, no visible brands, near each other. If not claimed and expenses paid, to be sold on 27th September, 1884.

NOTICE. THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS for ENGINE-DRIVERS will hold a MEETING at Beaufort on the 8th October, 1884, for the purpose of examining applicants for certificates of service and competency.

Application for a Gold Mining Lease. IN pursuance of the Act of Parliament 29 Victoria No. 501, Section 41, it is hereby notified that after the expiration of one month from the date hereof it is intended to grant the lease...

NOTICE. A RULE to administer the Estate of MARGARET JANE GIBBENS (formerly Welsh), late of Raglan, married woman, deceased, intestate, has been granted to me, and all persons owing money to or having claims on such Estate are requested to send in particulars to my office on or before the 20th September, 1884.

The Electors of Nelson Province. GENTLEMEN,—I have been requested by a large number of my fellow-colonists in this portion of the electorate to allow myself to be nominated as a Candidate for a seat in the Legislative Council.

THE DESCENT OF MAN. London, Sept. 4. The sittings of the British Association for the Advancement of Science at Montreal, which commenced on August 25 under the presidency of Lord Rayleigh were concluded yesterday.

THE DESCENT OF MAN. Professor H. N. Moseley is of opinion that this discovery indicates the descent of man from a reptilian form of life.—"Argus" cable-gram.

THE DESCENT OF MAN. The "Argus" reports four Austrian cruisers are about to be despatched on voyages to all parts of the world, with the object of finding ports with which a trade can be opened up by Austria.

Geelong Wool Sales. We shall hold AUCTION SALES OF WOOL on each TUESDAY and THURSDAY throughout the coming season (excepting Tuesday the 4th November, Melbourne Cup Day).

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds. NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £3,000,000, Reserve Fund, £200,000.

W. BAKER, Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturer, OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT. A Large Assortment of Furniture in Stock at very Low Prices.

Geelong Wool Sales. GEORGE HAGUE & CO. Will hold Sales of Wool every Tuesday during the ensuing season. TO keep pace with the rapid strides their business has been making they have been compelled to greatly extend their Warehouse accommodation.

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS, STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, Hair and Tooth Brushes, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES, SPONGES, AND ALL VARIETIES OF DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

A. ANDREWS, PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT. Martin and Co.'s Homeopathic Medicines. A. A. wishes to notify that he has been appointed Agent for the above preparations by Messrs. MARTIN and CO., Collins street, Melbourne.

GREAT REDUCTIONS NOW ON AT GEO. H. COUGLE'S Cash Drapery Store, HAYELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT. SPECIAL CLEARING SALE, PRIOR TO STOCK-TAKING, OF Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE NELSON PROVINCE. GENTLEMEN,—I have the honor to inform you that it is my intention to ask for a renewal of your confidence as one of your representatives for the Legislative Council.

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TO LET, FOR a term of years, all that Valuable Farm Land, containing 244a, situated near the Bald Hill, on the Lake Goldsmith road. Apply to JAMES COWANS, Beaufort.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds. NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £3,000,000, Reserve Fund, £200,000.

W. BAKER, Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturer, OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT. A Large Assortment of Furniture in Stock at very Low Prices.

Geelong Wool Sales. GEORGE HAGUE & CO. Will hold Sales of Wool every Tuesday during the ensuing season. TO keep pace with the rapid strides their business has been making they have been compelled to greatly extend their Warehouse accommodation.

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS, STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, Hair and Tooth Brushes, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES, SPONGES, AND ALL VARIETIES OF DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

A. ANDREWS, PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT. Martin and Co.'s Homeopathic Medicines. A. A. wishes to notify that he has been appointed Agent for the above preparations by Messrs. MARTIN and CO., Collins street, Melbourne.

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JUST ARRIVED. 38 CASES AND BALES OF WINTER DRAPERY AND BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Largest and Best Assortment ever offered in this district, including NOVELTIES! NOVELTIES! NOVELTIES! Of every description. All bought at Heavy Discounts, and to be sold at Lowest Cash Prices.

NOW ON SALE AT WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO'S, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HAWKES BROS., IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS, Importers of English, American, and Continental HARDWARE.

HAVE ON SALE, at LOWEST PRICES, a LARGE and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of FURNISHING IRONMONGERY, BUILDERS' IRONMONGERY, Bar Iron, Orb Galvanized Iron, Steel of all Kinds, Powder, Fuze, Plough Fittings, Ryland's Wire, Galvanized Wire, Carpenters' and Blacksmiths' Tools, Kerosene, Boiled, Castor, and Other Oils, Paints, Colors, Glass, Paperhangings, Brushware, Water Pipes, Castings and Cooks, Leather, Grindery, etc.

Having made alterations in our premises, we are now enabled to offer Furniture, Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bedding Material as low as any house in the colony.

NOTE THE ADDRESS: HAWKES BROS., Neill street, Beaufort.

Advertisement for THE COVENTRY MACHINISTS' CO. COLONIAL BRANCH. Features include: THE IMPERIAL CLUB (A FRONT STEERER), BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES, and various mechanical parts. Includes a large illustration of a bicycle.

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

WOLFF'S SCHNAPPS. THE PUREST STIMULANT IN THE WORLD. IS on every Genuine Bottle.

TO SHEEP FARMERS, SELECTORS, AND OTHERS. E. J. STRICKLAND'S Ballarat AUCTION ROOMS, Lydiard-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1869.

ACTS AS SELLING BROKER ONLY. E. J. STRICKLAND'S Ballarat AUCTION ROOMS, Lydiard-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1869.

REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS. The above work is a popular treatise on THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS, showing their Construction, Functions, and the Derangements to which they are liable. Estate managed for Absentees and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Company, Limited. Agent for the Victoria Fire and Life Insurance Company, Limited. Houses and Land bought or sold. Rents and Debts collected. Trust and Agency Business of all kinds attended. Attend at Beaufort on Mondays and Saturdays, any other day by appointment.

R. J. POULTON, 166 BOURKE STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat. Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer, Woods Grain, and Money Broker. Estate managed for Absentees and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Company, Limited. Agent for the Victoria Fire and Life Insurance Company, Limited. Houses and Land bought or sold. Rents and Debts collected. Trust and Agency Business of all kinds attended. Attend at Beaufort on Mondays and Saturdays, any other day by appointment.

Note the Address: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER BEAUFORT.

Advertisement for WOLFF'S SCHNAPPS. THE PUREST STIMULANT IN THE WORLD. IS on every Genuine Bottle. Includes a logo for the brand.

THE PUREST SPIRIT IN THE WORLD. UDWOLFF WOLFF'S SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them.

Udwolff Wolff's Schenck Aromatic Schnapps has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them.

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M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS WOLFF'S SCHNAPPS.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER BEAUFORT.

J. W. HARRIS, MINING AGENT AND SHARE BROKER, BEAUFORT. Member of the Ballarat Stock Exchange. HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT. Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co. Wm. McCulloch and Co. Permewan, Wright and Co., AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS.

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 533

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1884.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate."

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of the paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be corrected. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for us to do so unless we are warned by them when they neglect their place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 10 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Contributions of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—no necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 1 shilling and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above ordinary rates, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, forwarded or created periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established in the Colonies 1862.
Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for Beaufort, is prepared to receive applications for all descriptions of insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Reins accepted on Threshing Machines, Stacks, and Agricultural Produce.

Premiums for the year, £425,335 or £37,670 over 1883.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £233,729 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.

Out of a surplus of £110,736, only £16,997 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

WANTED KNOWN.
I have come to my knowledge that Subscribers to Daily Papers are charged Nine Pence (9d.) a week, for the benefit of the public I wish to inform them that the "Riponshire Advocate" is published for the benefit of the public and will be delivered in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has prepared our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure food and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 7lb. packets by Grocers, labelled thus—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER,
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,
HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT
OF THE
WEEKLY TIMES
TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS of the most interesting and valuable news, and in compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Unions held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to "The Weekly Times," namely—

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."
The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliamentary Proceedings and all matters of interest to be more fully reported. The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper published in the World.

At the Price
THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT
Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.
In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.
In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Finest Calendars, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, this supplying a condensed form of the
WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PRICE THREEPENCE.
Subscriptions per post 3s. 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.
OFFICE: 53 COLLEGE ST., BEAUFORT.

NOTICE

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the GENUINE "WERTHEIM" Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC
That EVERY GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a Gnome.

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark, the NAME "WERTHEIM" is PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY TO GUARD AGAINST IMITATION every GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA HAS STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE THE NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz. HUGO WERTHEIM, MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly registered in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,
39 FLINDERS LANE EAST,
MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,
Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.
Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."
TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival of former years." The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is overstocked with the importations of 1874.

Reason why the "WHEELER AND WILSON" Sewing Machine.

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair. The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action.

The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished.

The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge, to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
Illustration Given Gratis.

P. De BAERE,
W. A. P. O. H. M. A. K. E. R.,
Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stockyard Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Sallor's Gully, Main Lead, Racine, Chertsey, Waterloo, Burnham, Bunger, Middle Creek, Shirley, Trawalla, Burrumbet, Learmonth, Strathain, Skipp, and Carungah.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,
ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,
MINING SCHEMATA, REPORTS, &c.,
PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,
POSTERS, DRAPERS' HANDBILLS,
CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,
SOIERS & DINNER TICKETS,
MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c.

PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE
AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.



(HAND AND TREADLE),
RECEIVED THE
ONLY FIRST PRIZE
AND GOLD MEDAL
Sydney & Melbourne International Exhibition, 1883.

AND THE
Only First Prize,
Adelaide Exhibition, 1882.

IMPORTERS—
HENRY BISHOP & CO.,
79 BOURKE STREET EAST,
MELBOURNE.
(Next to the Theatre Royal).

Local Agents Wanted.

HOOD'S PHOSPHORUS PILLS
either special or general, in any case of
appointment; ask for Hood's Phosphorus
Pills, and insist upon having them only.
PRICE—2/6 and 6/-

HOOD'S COGNAC SOLVENT
A Certain Cure for Hard or Soft Corns.
PRICE—2/6 and 6/-

HOOD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
OILS, ANILINE COLORS AND DYE-STUFFS,
147 ELIZABETH STREET,
MELBOURNE.

FIRST PRIZE
Awarded Melbourne International Exhibition, 1883.

SANDER AND SONS'
EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy, at Rome.

Dr. Christiani, Health Officer for the City of Sandhurst, testified to the extract being the most reliable remedy for external inflammation, bronchitis, croup, affections of the lungs, chest, all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgias, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds, etc., and orders of the bowels, diarrhoea, etc.

PROFESSOR DR. MOSELER, at the University of Greifswald, Germany, reports anatomical "curse" of Diphtheria, Lung and Throat Diseases by inhaling the vapors of SANDER and SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

Epitome of declaration made before M. Cohen, Esq., J.P., at Sandhurst, October, 1877.—"The son of Mr. Raabe was hurt with an axe on the knee. After nine weeks' medical treatment it was declared incurable by Dr. Macgillivray to amputate the injured limb. At that juncture the extract was applied, and the wound speedily cured without amputation."

The daughter of Mr. Junghean, suffering from disease of the bowels, as pronounced by Dr. Atkinson and Boyd, was cured just as speedily. Cures of whooping cough, very severe colds, croup, bronchitis, diphtheria, sprains, pains at the head (neuralgias), inflammation of the eyes, and all other diseases of the throat and chest.

Advertisement for Hood's Phosphorus Pills and Hood's Cognac Solvent.

WARD & LIPMAN
Commission Merchants,
PHILADELPHIA, U.S.A.
EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS.
A complete made on Commission.

WASHING LIQUID.
Do not confound SANDER and SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT with the Common Eucalypti Oil, a resinous fluid equal to turpentine, without the healing vapors of our Extract, and positively injurious in most cases, for which our preparation is highly recommended. SANDER and SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT is made up in a form which is easily absorbed, and is made up in a form which is easily absorbed, and is made up in a form which is easily absorbed.

Directions for Use.—For every 3 gallons of water add one half-pint of the liquid, without any the clothes, place in the boiler, and boil for half an hour, then rinse in plenty of water; blue and dry, as usual. Soap and suds flannels in warm water, and place in boiler, when fine white cloth, are taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes; then dry and iron as usual.

Sold in large or small quantities. Single Bottle 3d.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co.
WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS
AND
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
(Established 1864.)
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In compliance with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE.

And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunny, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT

Without Money or Security
ON
S. NATHAN'S
WONDERFUL
TIME PAYMENT
SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Cash Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and great advantages may be fully understood and appreciated.

For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase Furniture without paying in one sum the full purchase money. The time for furnishing, indeed, is always heavy, especially for young beginners in life and householding, many of whom are obliged to purchase in possession of a house or apartments larger than they want, and would like to furnish same with view of letting the extra rooms to pay the extra down at once, which would be required of you. To meet these wants I introduced some years ago, my time payment system, "S. NATHAN'S" FIRST TO OFFER TO THE PUBLIC IS BENEFICIAL IN ADVANCE, and without any extra charge whatever, as simply the prices are charged to any customer without distinction, if he be Cash customer or Time-payment. All goods are open for inspection in my establishment, and prices quoted before purchase, which can be compared with any firm in the City. A great advantage of my Time-payment System is its privacy and simplicity, as to enter into an agreement no references are required, the goods being delivered at once without delay, the value of the same being paid by weekly or monthly instalments, when they become the property of the purchaser, so that by paying the difference of rent between furnished and unfurnished apartments or house as hire you actually acquire the furniture, by the payment down of small deposits. The Time-payment Agreement is purely a private matter between the customer and myself, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. All goods are at once on completion of arrangement delivered to the full enjoyment of the customer, and no bills or notices are affixed to proclaim them as Time-payment. My Time-payment System is now becoming a universal want, and is acknowledged by the press as a public boon, to which I can also testify personally with great satisfaction by the success of past years, and the patronage I have received from all classes of the community.

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149 AND 151 BOURKE STREET EAST
(Opposite Eastern Arcade), and at
225 ELIZABETH STREET,
MELBOURNE.

Goods forwarded to all parts of the colony on above terms.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S BILLY PILLS

is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Sold in 7s. 6d. boxes by all Chemists and Patent Medicines Vendors, and by Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Esq., 25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Esq., 25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.

APOTHECARIES: BULL, LINCOLN ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS,
BIRNIE, BURNETT & CO., Coleman Street, London.
Newbery and Sons, 37, Northampton Street, London.
Burdell and Sons, 55, Farringdon Street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford Street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS,
ROBEY, TOMES & CO., Melbourne.
HARRISON & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and Chemists, Melbourne.
FRERE & FRERE,
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The 20th Instant.

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SATURDAY

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Mr. W. HARTLEY,
DENTIST SURGEON, STURT STREET, BALLARAT
(Over Bardwell's, Photographer).
Dental Registration Certificate, No. 5445.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent Dispensary in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated.

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WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places, and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days. One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

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GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR
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Campania.

Specialty! Specialists!
Draw on Nature—she compels you to honor the acceptance.

THIRTY years since, when DR. SMITH first commenced practice here, it was thought by medical men that to be a Specialist was derogatory to the professional man, but this, like most other innovations in scientific and lay matters, was found rather to add than to subtract to the respectability of the profession. It is now a specialty, and is being practiced by many of the most eminent men in London, and in every part of the world. It is a specialty, and is being practiced by many of the most eminent men in London, and in every part of the world.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 5s; Cape barley, 2s 8d; wheat, 3s 9d to 3s 10d; oats, 2s 9d to 2s 10d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L2 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L3 to L3 7s 6d; straw, oaten, L2; do; wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 3d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 2d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L8.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A fair amount of business has been done in the produce market during the past week. A parcel of 70 bags of wheat was purchased at an outside station at equal to 3s 5d, bags in, delivered at Ararat, whilst two other smaller parcels have changed hands in the town at 3s 3d ex bags, and on Friday one lot was purchased for 3s 5d. Flour has had fair business. A good sized parcel has been sent away for shipment during the week. A little out-country has come in at L7 12s 6d and one lot realised a still lower figure, L7 10s, but local commands L8 2s 6d. Little or no business is being done in wheat at Horsham at 2s 2d per bushel. At St. Arnaud and Donald 3s 3d rates, and there is no change to report at Landsborough or Ararat. Locally we have heard of the sale of 100 bags of oats at 2s 6d, whilst 180 bags of short fetched the same price, bags returned. There is a good demand for peas at 3s 4d ex bags, and 3s 6d bags in. Ballarat potatoes now range very high, and Warramboul are scarce and any loads in fetch our quotation. Fresh butter is well supplied, but there is not much demand for it. Eggs are very plentiful, and have again lowered in price. A load of cheese in this morning was cleared at 5d and 6d per lb. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 3d to 3s 5d bags in; oats, 2s 6d per bushel; pollard, 10d to 11d; bran, 10d; Cape barley 3s 6d; English barley, 3s 6d; peas, 3s 6d; flour, L7 12s to L8 2s 6d per ton; Warramboul potatoes, L4 to L4 10s; Ballarat, do., L3 17s 6d to L4 1s; (sheaves), L2; hay (trussed) L2 10s to L2 15s; (straw), (wheaten), 2s; per ton; do. (oaten), 30s; chaff, 2s 6d per cwt; carrots, 3s 6d; onions, 16s per cwt; butter (fresh), 11d per lb; butter (pot), 8d to 9d per lb; hams, 11d per lb; bacon, 8d 9d per lb; cheese, 5d to 6d per lb; eggs, 1s per dozen.—"Advertiser."

THE TERRORS OF THE DEEP.

News by cablegram was received on Monday that a boat with three men, belong to the yacht Mignonette, which was abandoned on her voyage to Sydney, was picked up by a passing vessel south of the equator. The men had been three weeks in the open boat, and had suffered from want of food to so great an extent that one, a boy, who had escaped with them from the vessel, succumbed on the nineteenth day, his body was eaten by the survivors to prevent their death by starvation. The boat containing the survivors drifted for twenty-four days, having only a small quantity of provisions, and no water. The survivors were picked up by the barque Montezuma, Captain Andrews, and taken to Falmouth. The three survivors were subsequently arrested, when they confessed to having killed and eaten the boy who accompanied them in the boat. They stated that at the time he was in a state of raving madness from want of food and water. They were brought before the magistrates on a charge of murdering the boy, and were remanded, pending the decision of the Treasury to the course the Government will take. The captain of the yacht, who is one of the three survivors, has admitted that he killed the boy Parker by cutting his jugular vein. Much sympathy is felt for the unfortunate man, who was driven by necessity to resort to such a terrible expedient. The Mignonette (says the "Argus" correspondent) belonged to Mr. J. H. Wain, of Sydney, and was swamped by a heavy sea.

A short time ago (says the "Argus") two lots of rabbits were sent by the department of Agriculture to the Tuberculosis Board for examination, it being thought that they were infected with tuberculosis. One lot was from Mount Cole, and they were examined by the medical experts of the board, and found free from any disease. The other lot were from Woodend, and some of them showed signs of the disease, but in a very slight form. Information is now being collected by the board, with the view of obtaining accurate information as to how many of the animals slaughtered in cattle-yards are affected with tuberculosis.

Holloway's Pills.—In cases of chronic indigestion, disordered liver and general debility, these Pills are wonderfully effective. They are already an established fact, and indeed have so general and powerful an effect on the whole system that thousands of the sick and afflicted in every clime have found them a comfort in the hour of need. They purify the blood, correct the bile, excite a healthy appetite, produce sound sleep, and impart increased energy to both mind and body. The admirable properties of these far-famed Pills are too highly appreciated to require any encomium here, as they are resorted to by rich and poor of every nation. The only effect they are not merely temporary, but they bring about a wondrous and beneficial change throughout the entire body, and enable it to renovated powers to resist all the approach of future attacks.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, deriving them from taking a dose of Rowley's Cough Emulsion at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis, and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained of A. ANDRIGUWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fellon, Grimwade and Co., and Rocks Tompitt, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Adams, T.; Arrowsmith, W. Burridge, M.; Bcyle, C. Cosgrove, J.; Clute, S. A. Gunther, R. Kruse, A. P. Miller, H.; Morgan, J. B.; Miabacker, M.; Morris, W. Stewart, A. Trethowan, N.; Turnbull, Mr.; Tuddenham, D. Whitfield, Dora. E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, September 12th, 1884.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1884.

GENERAL Lord Wolsley and Earl Northbrook have proceeded to Egypt—the latter to enquire into the state of affairs there, and the former to take charge of the Nile expedition. Now, this said Nile expedition, which will chiefly rely on the Canadian boatmen or voyageurs, has been condemned as impracticable by General Stephenson, Commander of the British forces in Egypt; hence the assumed necessity of Lord Wolsley's mission. What is the object of that mission? To ascend the River Nile in boats to the relief of General Gordon. Now, from telegrams lately received, it appears that Gordon is perfectly well able to take care of himself, for we learn that he has organized, and is maintaining a force of 8000 men in Khartoum, with whom he is holding the rebel forces in that neighborhood in check, and occasionally making very successful aggressive sallies upon them. General Gordon has done all this unaided, and it seems rather late in the day for Lord Wolsley to be shipped off, for the purpose of relieving Gordon, who is far better able to take care of himself, probably, than Lord Wolsley will be able to look after himself and his troops. What, then, is the object of this Nile expedition? Do the British Cabinet intend to really take this Soudan difficulty in hand at last? If so, why not let the British public know; they are getting impatient at all this delay, and are beginning to ask, why Gordon is not properly backed up. Many months have been wasted, and no real work done (the sallies from Suakim were of no real effect). Is Lord Wolsley to go with this Nile expedition to Khartoum to place himself and his troops under Gordon's orders? We think not. It is not likely that Lord Wolsley, the pet, the "our own" general of the military authorities of the Horse Guards, will consent to any such arrangement. He would not budge one inch out of England except under "his own imperium." Unless he goes as Commander-in-Chief he will not move, but when he goes to Khartoum, what then? Will Gordon tamely submit to play second fiddle to Lord Wolsley? We think not. Then the real force will commence. Either General Lord Wolsley goes to Khartoum with orders to help (i) Gordon clear out of the Soudan, or he goes to supersede Gordon, and take the work out of Gordon's hands. If so, on what plea? Is Gordon not getting on fast enough? Why, how can the man do more? Let us glance at what he has done. He went there almost single handed, a single Englishman, and has gathered round him a force of good men, trained them, and created in them an esprit de corps which enables him to cope with the rebel forces around him. The fear is that the Mahdi may concentrate his troops, so as to crush Gordon out of existence, or at least drive him from his present position, and Gordon awaits help from the country whose mission he is filling. This help seems to be, in the opinion of the Home authorities, the sending of Lord Wolsley to take charge of Gordon, and either bring him back or supersede him in the work of subduing the Mahdi and pacifying the Soudan. The question arises, is Lord Wolsley the fittest man to do this work? We know he is the darling of the Horse Guards, he has already shown that he possesses a good deal of dash, which, with the good luck that has hitherto attended him, has enabled him to make a good deal of show, and has earned for him his title. But what about Gordon? Has he no claims for prior consideration? Undoubtedly, it was he who was selected to undertake an apparently hopeless task. He was made Governor of the Soudan, and was allowed to do his work in his own way. That work so far has been eminently successful, and there cannot be a doubt that if Britain had placed a moderate force of well-disciplined troops under Gordon's control as soon as he asked for them we should, long ere this, have heard the last of this Soudan trouble. Again, has not General Gordon proved, that, if any man can organize the friendly natives of the Soudan, it is he? If any man can gain an influential ascendancy over these nomads, it is Gordon. Then, surely, Gordon, and he only, is the man to whom the task of completing the conquest of the Mahdi, and subjugating the Soudan, should be given. It would be a lasting disgrace to the British nation, if, now, this Soudan difficulty be left in its present muddle, for all the prestige which Gordon has won will be lost, and it will also be a great blow if Britons' love of fair play be so shocked, as it assuredly will be, as to find that Lord Wolsley is sent out to take the work out of Gordon's hands, when, if properly

supported, Gordon himself could do it twice as efficiently. The British cabinet has much to account for, and its foreign and colonial policy is not viewed with favour now, but should disaster follow in the wake of this palpable foolhardiness, or equally apparent job, whichever way it is looked at, then the days of the Gladstone Ministry are numbered, for the great majority of Britons look with exceeding jealousy on anything that tarnishes the national honor and prestige in foreign lands. A few weeks more and we shall in all probability know in what light to take Lord Wolsley's mission, and we shall then be the better able to judge how far the British Cabinet will risk its existence by a very loose game of foreign politics.

At the Beaufort Police Court on Monday last a Chinaman named Ah Moy was charged with vagrancy. The accused had been caught stealing washdirt from Mr. James Day's puddling machine, and for several years he had been living in a miserable hovel at the Main Lead. He had never been seen doing any work, and although he was clothed in rags, yet he had the appearance of being well fed. The presiding magistrates, Messrs J. W. Hetherington and J. Prentice, J.P., sentenced him to 12 months' hard labor in the Beaufort Gaol. The only other case to deal with was an adjourned case from the last court-day, in which William Smith sued Thomas Greenwood for £12 2s 6d, goods sold and delivered. The defendant, did not appear, and an order was given for the amount, with 6s costs.

The funeral of the young man John Day, whose death was chronicled in our last issue, took place on Sunday last, and was very largely attended by the public. The remains were removed to the Primitive Methodist Chapel, where a short service was conducted by the Rev. R. Allen, and as the mournful procession left the chapel, Mr. W. C. Thomas, jun., played the "Dead march in Saul" on the organ. At the grave the scene was a most imposing and solemn one. The Rev. R. Allen conducted the service, and the impressive funeral service in connection with the Rehabite order was read by Mr. J. B. Humphreys, C.R., the deceased being a member of the local Tent. The funeral procession must have been quite a quarter of a mile in length, and was headed by the scholars attending the Primitive Methodist Sunday School, and about sixty members of the Rehabite Tent. Mustered to pay the last tribute of respect to their deceased brother. The whole of the funeral services testified to the high esteem in which the deceased was held by all sections of the community.

At the usual fortnightly meeting of the Beaufort Mutual Improvement Association, held on Tuesday evening last, Mr. J. A. Lord read a very able paper on the "Tea Plant." The essayist dealt exhaustively with the subject, and there ensued a good useful discussion as to whether tea drinking is injurious to the human system. On the question being put to the meeting, it was answered in the negative. A question put through the "letter box" by one of the members as to the explanation and intended application of the proverb, "Familiarity breeds contempt," was discussed and it was generally admitted that the proverb is a truism in its general application, but did not altogether hold good when applied to persons. A vote of thanks to the chairman, Mr. G. A. Eddy (Vice-President) closed a very successful and instructive meeting.

On Monday evening last the Beaufort Snowflake Minstrels journeyed to Waterloo to give a concert in aid of the State School prize fund. They repeated the programme given at Beaufort for the benefit of Mrs. Barnes, and succeeded in pleasing a fairly good audience, Woods' Commercial Hall being nearly full. Mrs. Milligan, and Miss F. Fraser, and Messrs D. G. Stewart and W. Elliott also gave a song each. The committee had made very complete arrangements for the accommodation of the "Snowflakes," and they were regaled with a sumptuous supper at the close of the entertainment. The "Snowflakes" speak very highly of the kind treatment they received at the hands of the committee, foremost among whom was Mr. H. Stephens. Mr. Milligan kindly lent his organ for the occasion, and notwithstanding the fact that the stage accommodation was very scanty, yet the entertainment appeared to give general satisfaction.

Those interested are reminded that the Board of Examiners for engine drivers will hold a meeting at Beaufort on the 8th of October.

A crushing from the New Discovery Quartz Company, dealt with at the Black Hill Battery, Ballarat, last week resulted in a return of 2oz. to the ton.

The Secretary desires us to acknowledge with thanks, the receipt of the following donations to the funds of the Fancy Fair, to be held on Boxing Day.—Mr. Robert Simson, £5; Mr. Alexander Wilson, £2; Mr. J. D. Adams, £2 2s. The latter gentleman also promised to send some goods for the bazaar.

We are pleased to learn that Mr. D. G. Stewart, Secretary of the Shire Council of Ripon, has been elected a life member of the Ballarat District Benevolent Asylum, in recognition of his services in connection with concerts held at Beaufort in aid of the funds of the institution.

Mr. R. H. Gledhill, railway stationmaster at Beaufort, has received notice of his removal to Lansfield Road.

The target for the Beaufort District Rifle Club was erected on Thursday on the eastern side of Beaufort, near the railway line, and close to Mr. P. Murray's selection. After the target is painted, active practice will be commenced.

A meeting of the Beaufort Central Cricket Club will be held at the Fire Brigade Hall on Thursday evening next.

The following are the reported yields from the claims at Waterloo for the past week:—Royal Saxon, 51oz.; Hobart Pasha, 70oz.; Waterloo, 56oz.; South Victoria, 35oz.; made with the work of sinking the shaft, deeper at the New Discovery. Crawford's great discount sale closes next Saturday.

Very cold and wet weather was experienced in this district during the early part of this week. On Wednesday there was a fall of snow, interspersed with hail. The total rainfall at Beaufort from the 6th to the 11th instant was 0.96in.

The following are the results of the Legislative Council elections, which took place on Thursday last:—North Yarra Province—Beauey, 3117; Munro, 2355. Wellington Province—Cuthbert, 2,999; Long, 2378. Southern Province—Healy, 1420; Halfey, 913; Thomson, 570.

A telegraph office has been opened at Harriestville, Gippsland.

A new newspaper, "The Telegraph," is shortly to be published at Onco.

The Ballarat leper, Ah Quong, has been cured by a local herbalist.

Mrs. Hampson, the lady evangelist, is still suffering severely from the injuries she received recently while alighting from a cab.

A serious outbreak of diptheria has occurred in the Ararat district. Two deaths have occurred.

J. B. Slack, the well-known litigant, of Melbourne, committed suicide, it is supposed, on Tuesday last. He was found at his residence, South Melbourne, on Thursday with his throat cut from ear to ear, a razor being grasped in one of his hands.

A circular forwarded to us by the Secretary of the Geelong District Board of Advice, contains the following:—"The Board of Advice, Geelong District, is very desirous that a regulation should be passed by the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture to eradicate the tick or lice on sheep. This Board in May last advised with the Ballarat Agricultural and Pastoral Society, and their secretary sent a favorable reply, stating that the President and Committee approved of the regulations being passed. The Minister is willing to carry out the request of the Geelong District Board provided that he is satisfied that stock-owners generally approve of the same measure. As all the Agricultural Societies must be deeply interested in preserving the stock in a healthy condition, the members of the Geelong District trust you will take an early opportunity of bringing this circular under the notice of your President and Committee, and hope you will send a favorable reply, as they are satisfied it would be a most useful regulation."

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" writes:—King Tawhiao and his Maori suite have been having a "high old time." They have been lionized and made much of by the aristocracy, who are always on the look out for something new. But, like the heathen Chinee, Tawhiao has ways that, to say the least of it, are peculiar. Like the Shah of Persia, his Majesty has been smitten by the electric-light-heightened charms of the dances in the corps de ballet of Her Majesty's Opera, and has been heard to utter such fearfully revolutionary ideas on the subject of polygamous marriages, that his suite tremble for his character as a married man. Another peculiarity about the Maori King is that he hasn't the slightest concern with regard to proprieties or good manners. It is related that recently he was invited to stay a day or two at the house of a very wealthy manufacturer, who, no doubt, saw in Tawhiao a chance of lending additional zest to a magnificent "shivo" he was giving. Tawhiao, however, on the night in question was tired out, and after some demur retired early. About a quarter of an hour elapsed when the fashionable company were intensely startled at the apparition of the New Zealand monarch stalking into the drawing room clad in the lightest and airiest of nocturnal garments. Remonstrated with, Tawhiao explained that the housemaid had neglected to put any matches in his candlestick.

Yesterday's "Ararat Advertiser" states that owing to the scarcity of stock and the consequent high rates now ruling, the local butchers notify in our advertising columns an increased tariff for beef and mutton. The "Daily Telegraph" of Wednesday, in referring to the high price of butchers' meat, says:—"The present state of the meat market is such as to cause great anxiety to householders. The scarcity of stock, owing to drought in the stock-raising districts, is such that only half the supplies forward last year reach the Melbourne markets, and the prices have consequently reached a very high figure. The prices ruling of late have been 9d. a lb. for rump steak, 8d. for sirloin, and 7d. for prime ribs, and we understand that at a meeting of butchers on Monday night it was decided to raise the prices still higher, viz., for rump steak 10d., for sirloin 9d., and for corned loin 7d. per lb. The prices for mutton are also high, although not so abnormal as those for beef."

A curious instance of the vagaries of birds in building their nests has just occurred at Adisham, where a wagtail's nest, with five eggs in it, was found between a pair of points a few inches from the rails of the main line, where trains were continually passing.

The number of rabbit skins, imported from Victoria during the year 1883 was 4,245,596.

Five hundred deaths from cholera occurred at Naples on Tuesday.

No fresh cases of small-pox were reported in Melbourne yesterday.

Home papers announce the fact that Sir Charles Gavan Duffy's young wife has given birth to the second child of the present marriage. Sir Charles is 70 years of age.

Fowls are sometimes subject to strange caprices although they perhaps are not singular in that respect. We ("Donnelly Express") have however, just heard of a goose, owned by a party residing on the Old Lead, and this goose is at present engaged in the act of incubation, but she does not confine herself to her eggs. There is a sow with a litter of small pigs in the neighborhood, and the attention of the fowl is divided between the eggs and the young pigs. She sits on the eggs for a time, and then leaves them to look after the pigs, which by some means she manages to collect together, and having done so, she proceeds in the most solemn and motherly manner to sit on them, just exactly in the manner she would do were they young geese instead of young pigs. And she never seems to see of the joke or that there is anything at all out of the way in her actions. The best of it is the pigs seem perfectly content to be gathered under her wings, and look upon the goose as their natural protector.

A number of publicans were fined heavily at the Clunes Police Court on Wednesday for breaches of the Trade Marks Statute, 1864.

The "Argus" Tatura correspondent reports that a fatal accident occurred about four miles from Tatura on Saturday. A young man between 20 and 30 years of age, named Edward Dwyer, who was engaged grubbing and burning off, by Mr. Hefferman, a farmer, was killed instantaneously by a tree falling upon him. The deceased was in the habit of setting fire to trees all round him and grubbing in the centre, and while engaged in the latter occupation one of the burning trees came down upon him, crushing his head to atoms and mutilating him terribly. The police took possession of the body, and an inquiry was held to-day before Mr. Everest, J.P., when a verdict of accidental death was returned.

A dreadful shipwreck has occurred on the New Zealand coast. A telegram in Saturday's "Argus" says:—The ship Lasingham, from London to Wellington, was wrecked during a heavy gale on Jackson's Head, at Cook's Straits, on Monday night. Captain Alexander Morrison, his wife, five passengers, and eleven of the crew were drowned. The first and second officers and twelve of the crew were saved. The vessel struck at ten o'clock, and within two hours entirely disappeared. A terrific gale was blowing, and a scene of indescribable confusion ensued. The wind was howling, it was raining heavily, and the people on board shouting and rushing about endeavored to save themselves by plunging into the boiling sea, some of them jumping on to the jutting rocks. The waves were breaking over the vessel. On mustering it was discovered that eighteen persons had perished, including the captain, his wife, the third officer, eight seamen, two apprentices, and five male passengers. The survivors underwent great privations, having secured only a few scraps of food for thirty hours. A nautical enquiry has been held, at which the master of the Lasingham was found guilty of an error of judgement in standing on the western tack too long.

From information courteously given to us ("East Charlton Tribune") yesterday by Mr. Henry Dudley, Crown lands bailiff, it appears that a most notorious and cruel practice has obtained in connection with the reward offered by shire councils for the scalps and ears of rabbits. A few days since a selector residing in the parish of Teddywaddy was out rabbit shooting, when, springing a good nine in a paddock on Mr. Postich's selection, he shot three half-grown bunnies finding to his intense surprise that their ears and scalps had been taken off. From the marks on the legs it was plain that the rabbits had been trapped, the horribly cruel operation alluded to performed, and that they were turned loose again the best way they could. The circumstance was mentioned to Mr. Postich, junr. yesterday, and he stated that a member of his family (either his father or his brother) had lately killed five rabbits which had been treated in the same merciless manner, so that it is really hard to estimate as to what extent the abominable practice has been carried on. All acknowledge that the rabbit nuisance must be done away with if possible, but no one would recognise the virtue of a method of reward for rabbit destruction which leads direct to cruelty and fraud.

The Chinese in Melbourne have issued a proclamation in Chinese and English offering a reward of £200 for the discovery and conviction of the murderer of Ah Goon. One of his riots was pawned in Stephen street the night after the murder.

The "Portland Guardian" states that there has been a fish famine in Portland for two or three weeks. There has been a few flathead caught, not many barracoutas, and some few dozens of crayfish, but that has been nearly all.

A singular find was made by Mr. Shelvlin one day last week (says the "Ararat Advertiser") whilst falling some timber in the neighborhood of Moore's Reef. In one of the fallen trees the presence of some foreign substance was discovered, and on removing the bark a dinner knife was found firmly embedded in the solid wood. Only the back of the knife is visible, and this in some parts is below the level of the surrounding wood, and it may be reasonably supposed that in a very short space of time the whole would have been overgrown. The curiosity was brought in to Mr. Tason, who now has it in his possession.

An "Argus" cablegram, dated London, Sept. 10, says:—The alarming spread of the cholera in Naples, and the panic which it has caused among the population, have led to terrible scenes in the city. The inhabitants are fleeing as fast as they can. The sick are abandoned in the streets, and no one can be got to bury the dead, who are consequently left uninterred. The conduct of the people generally affords a remarkable exhibition of popular superstition.

BEAUFORT UNITED COMMON.

A meeting of the managers of the above common was held on Thursday, at the common office, when there were present—Messrs. Brown (chairman), Thomas, and Wetherpoon.

The Secretary reported that there was a credit balance in the bank, as per pass-book, of £49 18s 10d; cash in hand, £3 8s; total £52 6s 10d; fees received to date for current half-year, £26 4s 7d.

He also reported that he had forwarded a copy of the published balance sheet to the Lands Department, and also that Mr. Urwin, M.L.A., had informed him that an amendment will be proposed in Parliament on Section 13 of the new Land Bill, which, if carried, will be compulsory on the owners of travelling cattle to give notice before entering a common.

The herdsmen reported that 9,500 sheep and 100 head of cattle travelled through the common during the past month; that he had branded cattle at Main Lead, Waterloo, Raglan, and Chute, and would brand at Beaufort on the 12th instant.

A letter was read from Mr. Dennis, offering a young bull, fifteen months old, for sale, at 50s. It was resolved to purchase the bull if the herdsmen can arrange to place it in a paddock for a few months.

The following accounts were passed for payment:—Herdsmen's percentage £8; Secretary's salary, £2; "Ballarat Courier," £1 6s; Henningsen and Klunder, £1 10s; expenses yarding goats, 17s 3d.

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

(From the "Argus.")

Mr. Fitzgerald, in the Legislative Council on Tuesday, moved for a return showing how and with whom industrial school children were boarded. Colonel Sargood opposed the question. Similar information was applied for by the Roman Catholic archbishop, and he requested the particulars to any denunciation of whereabouts of individual children are known to the local clergymen, who, before boarding out takes place, certify to the fitness of the foster parents, and undertake to watch over the spiritual training of the children. The main objection to giving information is that it would enable the natural parents of boarded-out children to obtain possession of their children when their labor becomes valuable. The disadvantage. The motion was supported by Mr. MacBain and others, but ultimately withdrawn. Mr. Fitzgerald stated that he would bring it on again in another form, his desire being not that the return should be laid upon the table, but only for inspection by authorized persons. Towards the close of the sitting good had privately undertaken to bring the subject before the Cabinet again he would not table another motion just yet.

On Tuesday the Mining and Private Property Bill was received by the Legislative Assembly from the Legislative Council, and read a first time on the motion of Mr. Kerferd. The second reading was fixed for Friday next, which is no guarantee that it will be called on so soon.

Considerable progress was made with the Land Bill in committee in the Legislative Assembly on Tuesday. Twenty-eight clauses were passed. It took some time to decide how pastoral leases are to be allotted where two or more applications are lodged for the same holding. For the present, the committee has decided that the applications are to go before a local land board, so that papers handed in in the names of dummies may be sifted out. The proposal to submit the land to auction was given up by the Ministers, who, intend, however, to introduce a provision to prevent the use of political influence on behalf of applicants, by depriving the Minister of the power of deciding between rival applicants. In fixing the conditions of lease, the committee resolved that the eradication of vermin is to be left from the date of the lease, and three years are allowed for their complete removal. The clauses relating to agricultural holdings were then considered. Mr. W. Madden urged the Government to take power to let holdings in 3,000-acre blocks where the land is too poor to tempt anyone to select 1,000 acres. It was pointed out, however, that land which won't go off as agricultural and grazing areas can be removed to the pastoral class. Mr. Mirams assayed to bring forward his proposal to allow leases full compensation for all improvements. Mr. Gillies said that Ministers were not unwilling that some consideration should be shown to the lessees where the improvements are of a permanent nature and include the conservation of water. It was agreed that the question should stand over. None of the amendments made in the agricultural division of the Bill were unavailing. Progress was reported at clause 52.

A triumph was very nearly gained by the advocates of women's rights when clause 43 of the Land Bill was called on. The clause includes married women in the list of persons disqualified from becoming selectors of agricultural allotments. Mr. Dow moved the omission of the words "married women." He was supported by most of the members representing farming constituencies. Ministers stood by their clause, but when the division took place a number of their most steadfast followers crossed the floor. They were deserted even by one of the "whips." Mr. Dow's amendment was negatived by 31 votes to 29. Whilst the numbers were being taken, Mr. Kerferd called Mr. Mirams over his inconsistency in voting for an extension of the principle of alienation to married women, the hon. member having previously declared "alienation" to be one of the bad features of the bill. As the clause stands, the only married women who can select are those judicially separated from their husbands.

The bills raising the duties on imported spirits from 10s to 12s per gallon, and on spirits made in the colony from 6s to 8s per gallon, were passed by the Legislative Council on Wednesday.

The Land Bill was before the Legislative Assembly on Wednesday for little more than an hour. Mr. Tucker's illness, and the illness also of the surveyor-general, obliged Mr. Kerferd to pass when part V.—the auction division of the bill—was reached. A mass of information with respect to the reserves proposed to be sold has been collected by Mr. Tucker for the House. The division passed yesterday relates to aridiferous lands. There was some discussion on clause 53, which provides for the occupation of 30-acre allotments by miners under annual licenses. The outcome was a general understanding—to which effect it is to be given when the bill is reported to the House—that cities and towns are to be exempted from the operation of the clause. In cities and towns miners can take up residence areas in quarter-acre allotments under annual miners' rights. When clause 55 was called on, Mr. C. Young suggested that lands required for mining should be resumed under the Lands Compensation Statute. Mr. Kerferd said that the machinery contained in the Mining and Private Property Bill would be incorporated in this bill. The clause was passed and progress reported. Mr. Bent intimated that a second vote is to be taken on the question whether married women are to be allowed to select.

"The overwrought brain," like the poisoned fountain-head that impregates its own and every other stream that mingles with its currents, is the main, superinducing cause of many a bodily ailment. The overstrained organism breaks under the weight of the severe strains on it, just as the over-loaded sea crumblies under a superincumbent pressure. Strengthen the cerebral functions, and it can stand continuous burdens and nothing will so fortify them as Wolff's Schüssler's.

A woman named Whittop dropped dead in the street at Horsham on Wednesday. She had been drinking heavily.

NELSON PROVINCE ELECTION.

Very little interest was taken in this election, which took place on Thursday. Only 66 votes were polled at the Beaufort booth, and the returns from the other booths throughout the province are proportionately small.

Table with 2 columns: Candidate Name and Votes. Includes names like Brownell, Dowling, and various candidates with their respective vote counts.

these bogus English Levers are made up in hundreds of obscure fitting shops in Clerkenwell and Coventry, the various parts being controlled, and who make up any kind of material, the only object being to produce a watch that will go. In England, however, the watch is stamped with broad arrow of public control, and the ten-guinea-benefactors are fortunate to have one for fresh fields. Unhappily, they have appeared on Australian soil, and have started their TEN-GUINEA bogus in the various colonies.

Auctioneer's Preliminary Notice. In the Estate of Margaret J. Gibbons (formerly Welsh), late of Raglan, Deceased.



GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS. THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ENGINE-DRIVERS will hold a MEETING at Beaufort on the 24th October, 1884.

NOTICE is hereby given that a LOCAL LAND BOARD will be held at the Court-house, Beaufort, on THURSDAY, 25th September, 1884, at 12 o'clock noon, for hearing of the following applications:

Geelong Wool Sales.

We shall hold AUCTION SALES OF WOOL on each TUESDAY AND THURSDAY, throughout the coming season (excepting Tuesday the 4th November, Melbourne Cup Day).

A SAVING IN CHARGES AND FREIGHT, on, as compared to Melbourne, of about SEVEN SHILLINGS PER BALE.

THE ATTENDANCE of all the EUROPEAN and AMERICAN BUYERS, and in addition, a LARGER LOCAL CONSUMPTION of Wool than is in any other Australian Town.

THE SITUATION of OUR WAREHOUSE, within a stone's throw of the SHIPPING, and in close proximity to the Sale Room, thus enabling buyers, at a minimum inconvenience, to re-examine any lots which may have been passed in at auction.

THE CAREFUL VALUATION and Personal Attention of each Member of the Firm.

Trusting that our efforts to provide Growers with every facility for the Sale of their Wool in the Colony, will meet with a correspondingly increased support.

We are, also, Denny, Lascelles, Austin and Co. Geelong, 20th August, 1884.

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS, STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, Hair and Tooth Brushes, TOILET ARTICLES; PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES, SPONGES, AND ALL VARIETIES OF DRUGGISTS' Sundries.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and despatch. A. ANDREWS, PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

Martin and Co.'s Homeopathic Medicines. A. A. wishes to notify that he has been appointed Agent for the above preparations by Messrs. MARTIN and CO., Collins street, Melbourne.

SPECIAL CLEARING SALE, PRIOR TO STOCK-TAKING, OF Drapery, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

GREAT REDUCTIONS NOW ON AT GEO. H. COUGLES' Cash Drapery Store, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery. Medawski and Hamburger Jewellery, Jewellery, Jewellery, Jewellery.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

AMERICAN SHEDDING BOARDS, Double door, 6 x 1 1/2 and 8 Scotch flooring, 6 x 1 1/2 do flooring, American and Baltic deals, all sizes, 6 do do weatherboards, 6 do do American clear pine, 1 1/2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOSEPH FRUSHER are respectfully invited to follow the late wife to their last resting place, the Beaufort Cemetery, Beaufort, at 3 p.m. on SUNDAY, 14th instant.

NOTICE. A RULE to administer the Estate of MARGARET JANE GIBBONS (formerly Welsh), late of Raglan, married woman, deceased, intestate, has been granted to me, and all persons owing money to or having claims on said Estate are requested to send in particulars to my office on or before the 25th September, 1884.

THEYRE WEIGALL, Curator of the Estate of Deceased Person. Lonsdale Street West, Melbourne, 20th August, 1884.

THE IMPORTED PURE-BRED SUFFOLK-PUNCH STALLION DUKE Will stand this season at his owner's Farm, TRAWALLA.

DUKE is a rich blood chestnut, without white, standing over 16 inches high. He was imported to South Australia by Mr. E. M. Bagot, and is bred by Mr. James Lambert, of Mendham, his prizes, his sire is the Duke, the winner of many prizes, his dam is the Duke's daughter, the winner of many prizes. The horse was purchased selected as the cleanest horse best adapted to the various purposes of the district. The fact of his having been used by Mr. Fisher as a stud horse, and his excellence as a sire, together and producer of first-class stock.

Mr. Walsh (Stonehouse), editor of "The Field," one of the greatest authorities on the subject in England, when speaking of the Suffolk Punch in his work "The Horse in the Stable and the Field," says: "His admirers maintain that no other horse is so hardy, and that he will do more work in the same time, and on the same amount of food, than any other."

Terms: £2 if led to the horse. If pad-docked, £2 10s. Good grass paddock provided, with a plentiful supply of water. RICHARD WILKINSON, Proprietor.

To Let, FOR a term of years, all that Valuable Farm Land, containing 220a, situated near the Bald Hill, on the Lake Goldsmith road. Apply to JAMES COWANS, Beaufort.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited). Capital, £5,000,000. Reserve Fund, £200,000. Make Liberal Cash Advances on STATION SECURITIES, ENSUING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC., FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the season. Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskin Leather, etc., three times a week throughout the year. Auction Sales of Grain, Flour, etc. held every Wednesday. DAVID ELDER, Manager. I. YOUNGHUBAND, Wool and Produce Manager. Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouses, Collins street west.

W. BAKER, Furniture, Window Blind, and Bedding Manufacturer, OPPOSITE STATE SCHOOL, BEAUFORT.

A Large Assortment of Furniture in Stock at very Low Prices. A CALL SOLICITED. Merchants, Storekeepers, and Hawkers supplied. Straw Mattresses, from 7s. 6d. upwards.

Geelong Wool Sales. GEORGE HAGUE & CO. Will hold Sales of Wool every Tuesday during the ensuing Season.

To keep pace with the rapid strides their business has been making they have been compelled to greatly extend their Warehouse accommodation by the addition of a large building at the rear, 170 feet long, which will be completed in time for the coming season, and will make their Warehouse one of the largest and most convenient in the Colony.

Every lot, no matter how small, is carefully examined prior to sale, and protected up to full market value. They act as SELLING BROKERS ONLY, which is a further guarantee that all consignments will be placed at utmost market value. CASH ADVANCES made on the ensuing clip.

CHARGES the lowest ruling in the colony, and growers will find they effect a Saving of Seven Shillings per bale by selling at Geelong instead of Melbourne.

ACCOUNT SALES and proceeds forwarded invariably three days after sale. WOOLPACKS and station stores supplied at lowest market rates.

Only One Shilling per bale is charged for Receiving, Weighing, Warehousing, and Delivering. Wool intended for shipment to the London market. Separate Warehouses have been provided for the sale of SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW, and other station produce.

Special arrangements have been made with Parneman Wright & Co. and Broadbent Bros. to receive and forward Wool from all railway stations in the colony to our store. GEORGE HAGUE & CO., Wool Brokers. Geelong, 1st July, 1884.

THE CELEBRATED WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS THE PUREST STIMULANT IN THE WORLD. Is on every Genuine Bottle.

INFINITELY SUPERIOR to Brandy or J. Whisky, and is now the most Popular Drink throughout the Colonies.

Prepared by the Medical Profession as "THE PUREST STIMULANT PROBABLE." As a Tonic and Stimulant cannot be surpassed, giving tone and life to the system.

The Purest Spirit in the World. UNLIKE WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS AROMATIZED SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them.

The public should no longer be duped by injurious, cheap, fiery compounds, imitations of the genuine WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

The public are strongly advised to purchase original unopened bottles, as the Customs Authorities have found it necessary to prosecute a large number of Publicans under the Trade Marks Act, and they have fined up to £10, and £10 10s. costs, for selling inferior spirits over the bar, representing it to be the GENUINE WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

JUST ARRIVED. 33 CASES AND BALES OF WINTER DRAPERY AND BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Largest and Best Assortment ever offered in this district, including NOVELTIES! NOVELTIES! NOVELTIES! Of every description. All bought at Heavy Discounts, and to be sold at Lowest Cash Prices.

NOW ON SALE AT WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO'S, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HAWKES BROS., IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS, HARDWARE.

HAVE on SALE, at LOWEST PRICES, a LARGE and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of Bar Iron, Orb Galvanized Iron, Steel of all kinds, Powder, Fuze, Plough Fittings, Ryland's Wire, Galvanized Wire, Carpenters and Blacksmiths' Tools, Kerosene, Balled, Castor, and Other Oils, Paints, Colors, Glass, Paperhangings, Brushware, Water Pipes, Fittings and Cocks, Leather, Grindery, etc.

Having made alterations in our premises, we are now enabled to offer Furniture, Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bedding Material as low as any house in the colony.

NOTE THE ADDRESS: HAWKES BROS., Neill street, Beaufort.

MELBOURNE PORTS DEPOT.

FOR OUTDOOR GAMES. SPORTS & GAMES. TAYLORS BOWLS. CRICKET * TENNIS BOWLING CROQUET.

62 ELIZABETH ST MELBOURNE 64. Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

Wool, Wool, Wool. TO SHEEP FARMERS, SELECTORS, AND OTHERS.

E. J. STRICKLAND'S Ballarat. WOOL, HIDE, SKIN AND TALLOW AUCTION ROOMS, Lyddard-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1869. ACTS AS SELLING BROKER ONLY.

E. J. S. is again thanking his numerous constituents, the Sheep Farmers and selectors (whose business he makes a specialty) for their liberal support during the past season, and can confidently recommend this market as the best in the colony for the SALE of SMALL CLIPS, as past seasons' prices will show. I have therefore much pleasure of soliciting the favor of your support and interest.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE, whether at sale here, Melbourne or Geelong. Prompt Account Sales. Charges—Lowest in the colony. SALE DAY—THURSDAYS.

Any of the forwarding agents will receive consignments, pay all charges, and forward with despatch. VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANY Limited. Capital—ONE MILLION STERLING. Chairman—HON. HENRY MILLER. FIRE, MARINE, LIFE, and GUARANTEE, 24 Market Street, Melbourne. JOSEPH COLLIER, Secretary. Agent to Beaufort—W. EDWARD NICKOLS.

ON SALE, CAMERON'S CELEBRATED TOBACCO, "VICTORY" brand, at 3s. per lb., or 4d. per plug. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Havelock Street, Beaufort.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat. Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer, Wool, Grain, and Money Broker. Estate managed for Absentees and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Company, Limited. Agent for the Victoria Fire and LI Insurance Companies. Agent for the Mutual Assurance Society of Victoria Limited. Houses and Land bought or sold. Rents and Debts collected. Trusts and Agency Business of all kinds attended to. Attend at Beaufort, on Mondays and Saturdays, any other day by appointment.

Note the Address: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER BEAUFORT.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 4s; 6d; Cape barley, 2s 3d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 9d; oats, 2s 9d to 2s 10d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L4 to L4 7s 6d; straw, oat, L2; do; wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 3d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 2d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L7 15s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A very quiet week has just been passed through in the produce market. We have heard of no sales of wheat, and very little business has been done in flour, notwithstanding that the price is a trifle easier, upcountry selling at L7 10s, and local at L8. At Horsham the highest price for prime wheat is 3s 1d per bushel. The Donald market remains depressed, and the price has further declined to 3s 2d. At St. Arnaud the figure remains stationary at 3s 2d. The same quotation rules at Landsborough, with flour at L7 10s. Few oats are offering locally. Early in the week a parcel of 80 bags changed hands at 2s 3d, bags in, and there is a good enquiry at our prices. Not many Warramboul potatoes have come in, but those forward are taken up readily at our quotation. There is also a good demand for Ballarat varieties at L3 17s 6d. Hay is being well supplied. Fresh butter is plentiful and easier, and good prints can be bought for 9d. Eggs are also very plentiful. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 3d to 3s 3d 1/2 ex bags; oats, 2s 8d per bushel; pollard, 10d to 11d; bran, 11d; Cape barley 3s; English barley, 4s; peas, 3s 3d to 3s 4d; flour, L7 10s to L8 10s; Warramboul potatoes, L4 5s to L4 10s; Ballarat, do., L3 17s 6d to L4 1s; hay, sheaves, L2; hay (trussed) L2 10s to L2 15s; straw (wheaten), 25s; per ton; do. (oats), 30s; chaff, 2s 6d per cwt.; cannot, 3s; onions, 15s per cwt.; butter (fresh), 9d per lb; butter (potted), 7d per lb; bacon, 11d per lb; bacon, 9d per lb; cheese, 5d per lb; eggs, 7 per dozen.—Advertiser.

A little boy named Anthony Kane was killed through being run over by a baker's cart at Hamilton on Wednesday.

There is an exhibition at the Waxworks, 101 Bourke-street east (says the "Argus") a model of a steamship. It was built by Mr. Charles Watt, at Dunedin, New Zealand, and was on exhibition in that city for a considerable time. It is called after Lady Ferguson, and was christened by her. The little vessel is about 4ft long, and has nearly 100 of beams; she is an elaborate model, the cabin being fitted up in a thorough manner; the steaming gear is neatly executed, and is not merely ornamental, but may be used. The boat altogether is a marvellous piece of work, and reflects great credit on her builder. While the exhibition was open yesterday the boat was driven in a long trough filled with water, the motive power being supplied by an electric-dynamic engine, driven by a four cell Bunsen battery, also made by Mr. Chas. Watt. In the evening the vessel was worked by steam generated on board.

We extract the following from Wednesday's "East Charlton Tribune":—On the night of the 26th ult., the Land Bill being considered in the Legislative Assembly at the time, Mr. David Gaunson, M.L.A. (an appropriate appellation if the words "lunatic asylum" were substituted for the words "Legislative Assembly") took the opportunity of attacking the Press of this colony in a most violent and completely uncalculated manner. After heaping invective and abuse, and grossly misrepresenting the aims and conduct of the Fourth Estate in Victoria, the irrepressible David (according to "Hansard") and no reasonable doubt can be entertained of the correctness of the reports which appear in that entertaining publication) said that "the press is the curse of this country as at present conducted." Those who read this will be made aware of the irreparable loss the country is sustaining in not having a press modelled after the Gaussian ideal, what admirable and polished criticism of men and manners they are missing, what journalistic combinations of the *evaniter in modo* with the *fortiter in re*—it is really enough to drive Victoria into that state in which Britannia is described to be in a favorite national song—"with silent grief oppress." But putting aside the shafts of satire, we say God forbid that the day should ever come when the guidance and censorship of the Victorian Press or any portion of it, should fall into the hands of such a strangely constituted being as Mr. Gaunson, who is credited with being an amiable character in private, but is so venomous and uncharitable in his public existence. When we say that public affairs are fairly and freely discussed in the papers of this colony from different standpoints, when we call to mind that the press of this colony is always to the fore to aid all charitable movements, and, when in dealing with social matters, we can say that its aim is to raise social purity and improve the public morals and manners, we have said enough to prove that Mr. Gaunson's denunciation of the Victorian Press as "the curse of the country" is an unmitigated and unfounded calumny. Some would counsel that such a slander should be passed in the silence of contempt. We think not. Its utterer is a member of an important and honorable body, and it is not meet to let such an assertion, made within the precincts of the Chamber in which the representatives of the people gather, go unchallenged.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

Tickling Sensation.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of sleep at night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of Rowley's Cough Emulsion at bedtime, and if the dose is repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fulton, Grimwade and Co., and Rocks Tompitt, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Adamthwaite, John; Arrowsmith, W. Baird John. Doyle, Jas. Graham, Wm.; Gullick, S. Hancock, Miss M. Kruse, A. P. McMillan, Ewen; Miller, Mrs. A.; Minbacher, Miss M.; Manness, Thos.; Morgan, J. B. Stewart, J.; Stewart, Alick. Truthwin, Nicholas. Ward, Jas.; Witfield, Dora, Wade, John. E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, September 19th, 1884.

THE Riponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1884.

It is probable that, at the next general election which will take place somewhere about May, 1885, the principle of Local Option will be made a test question with candidates for Parliamentary honors. It is hardly likely that the subject of an Amending Licensing Act will be dealt with during the present session of Parliament, as the Land Bill is dragging along very slowly in committee, and beyond it and the passing of some of the estimates, but little has been done in the Legislative Assembly during the last few weeks.

The signs of the times are not, however, wanting that at the general election next year, strenuous efforts will be made to secure the return of candidates pledged to support the principle we have alluded to. It is probable that it will be made a burning question, and that, in many constituencies, the candidates, who are most redolent of promises, will be most sure of votes. Whether the advocates of total abstinence would be strong enough to return a sufficient number of members to carry their pet idea through it is now impossible to say, but we think that a modification of the licensing law as it at present stands may also be regarded as a foregone conclusion on the first session of the new Parliament. Without all wishing to deny that the advocates of temperance have some powerful and just arguments to advance in support of their principles, we still hold the opinion expressed some months ago, that they are inclined to push the practice of their theories and principles to unjust extremes, and one of those extremes is that they ignore the justice of compensation to any licensed victualler whose place of business might be closed under a law of which Local Option was the leading feature.

The opinion of John Bright, the eminent English statesman and politician, on this very question, is worthy of being quoted. Speaking lately at Birmingham, Mr. Bright said:—"My opinion is this—that if a trade in the country is permitted by law, that trade has a right to be defended by law. The trade of the alcoholic victuallers, of the sellers of alcoholic drinks, is a trade that has been permitted, and I think Parliament and the law are not justified in inflicting upon the trade unnecessary irritation and unnecessary difficulties. Now, I think that so long as the trade is not condemned by Parliament it has a right to demand that it should not be subjected to passionate and hasty legislation. . . . There was no valuation provided for, there was no compensation offered or suggested, and the plan was one of what you would call root and branch reform and the publicans and the licensed victuallers, whenever you got a majority, were to be exterminated as if they had been vermin. I do not think a policy of this kind in any country, when it is fairly examined, will be held to be statesmanlike or just. I am against dealing with a question of this nature, affecting the interests of so many people, by what you call a hurricane. This is fit only for times of revolution. I should like to deal with it in a more just and what I call a more statesmanlike manner, according to the legislation that becomes an intelligent people in a tranquil time." (This part of Mr. Bright's speech was interrupted by cheers and other marks of approval from an audience probably of four or five thousand persons, in whom all shades of opinion would find representation.)

The opinions and utterances of Mr. Bright are universally regarded with the highest respect in all English-speaking countries, and there is in the passage we have quoted much that can be commended to the notice of our local opinion friends. The eminent speaker, who can move the hearts of thousands, with the words of eloquence and wisdom which fall from his lips, deprecates undue haste and the perpetration of injustice in dealing with a subject at home that is at present agitating and is likely to agitate the residents of this colony. Mr. Bright says that he thinks "Parliament and the law are not justified in inflicting upon the trade unnecessary difficulties and unnecessary irritation" and many will coincide with him. Hotels are necessary to the public accommodation, and no one would benefit by exchanging them for shanties and sly "nipping." If the laws that regulate them are faulty, let them be amended, and when amended, administered in a just and impartial spirit. There would be more of justice and more of wisdom in this course than in an attempt to force matters by what John Bright calls "passionate and hasty legislation."

The English mail closes at Beaufort on Monday next.

The following are the reported yields of gold from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Hobart Pasha, 90oz.; New Victoria, 70oz.; Royal Saxon, 65oz.; South Victoria, 48oz.; Waterloo, 40oz.

We have received a copy of the "Sketcher," just issued. The first page is devoted to a number of sketches of the operations on board the s.s. Southern Cross searching for Tasmanian cable in Bass's Straits. The paper also contains a Sketch of "Mother Melbourne," in Derbyshire, England. The city of Melbourne, Victoria, is indeed very different from its English namesake. There are a number of other interesting sketches included in the paper, amongst them being a sketch of the destruction of the Melbourne Cricket Club's pavilion by fire and the newly-erected buildings of Messrs. P. Falk and Co., Melbourne. Copies of the paper may be had from Mr. H. P. Henningsen, the local agent.

The result of the observations made by the special correspondent of the "Australasian" (Mr. T. K. Dow) during his recent visit to California and the United States, has been published in book form under the title of "A Tour in America." The contents comprise notes of a tour twice across the United States, dealing with farms, vineyards and orchards; Salt Lake and the Mormons; irrigation and railways; over the Rockies to Niagara falls; dairies and stock ranches, and the Southern route. Mr. T. K. Dow's style of writing is eminently readable, and with the instruction he imparts to his readers, a pleasurable feeling goes hand-in-hand in the pursuit of well-written matter. The price of this useful book, which is neatly got up and well printed, is 1s. Intending purchasers should leave their orders with Mr. Henningsen the local bookseller.

The Hon. Secretary of the Fancy Fair, to be held on Boxing Day, desires us to acknowledge, with thanks, the following donations, received per Messrs. Wotherspoon Bros. and Co.:—L. Stevenson and Sons, £3 3s.; Rolfe and Co., £1; James Service and Co., £2 2s.; R. McCracken and Co., £1 1s.; Bligh and Harbottle, £1 1s.; Boddogood and Co., 10s.; I. and B. Sanders, £1 1s.; Jacobs, Hart, and Co., £1; total, £10 19s.

A meeting of members and intending members of the Beaufort Central Cricket Club was held on Thursday evening last at the Fire Brigade hall, when it was decided to leave out the word "central" in the title of the club, and for the future it will be known as the Beaufort Cricket Club. The subscription was fixed at 2s 6d per member, with power to make a levy when required. At its close the meeting was adjourned for a week, when all interested are requested to attend.

We have received a copy of the prospectus of the third annual exhibition of paintings on china, terra cotta, wood, and fabrics, to be held in Melbourne during the month of November. There is a liberal prize-list, open to public competitors, and the exhibition is one deserving of universal support, as its principle object is the encouragement of the fine arts as applied to art as a home decoration. All information may be obtained from Mr. J. T. Buxton, 121 Swanston street, Melbourne.

The Ararat Agricultural Society's show, held on Thursday, was a great success, the attendance being large and the exhibits numerous. From the "Advertiser" we learn that Mr. H. Anderson's Young Scotchman was awarded second prize in the entire horse section, and Mr. Anderson protested against the special prize being awarded to Messrs. Young Brothers horse Cowden, as he contended that his horse Young Scotchman had stood in the Shire of Ararat for several weeks, which fulfilled the conditions of the prize. Mr. P. McIntyre, of Matkwalok, carried off first prize for his sheep. Mrs. G. Davis of Middle Creek, was awarded first prize for fresh butter, with Mrs. Exall, of Stockyard Hill, second. The latter lady also carried off first prize for home made bread.

Particulars relating to the draught entire Cowden, which will stand at his owners' farm, Tatooon, this season, and travel the surrounding district, will be found in another column.

From the metropolitan papers we notice that the Minister of Mines has, on the advice of Mr. Murray, selected about 20 sites where the diamond drills and water augers can be used in prospecting at the expense of the State. Amongst these we notice No. 3, between Beaufort and Lake Burrumbeet, to prospect for the Haddon leads.

Rapid progress is being made with the work of improving the Beaufort recreation reserve. The native scrub is being cleared away, and the running circle is being formed. Tenders are to be called shortly for the erection of the necessary buildings, and it is expected that the reserve will be all ready for the opening, which will take place on Boxing Day, 1884.

The second anniversary of the Beaufort Bicycle Club was celebrated on Tuesday evening last with a ball, held in the Societies' Hall. There were about forty couples present, including several visitors from Ballarat. The hall was tastefully decorated with flags, shrubs, pot plants, etc., and presided a very pretty scene. The dresses worn by the ladies were of a handsome nature, and the whole had a very picturesque appearance. The music was first-class, and the catering was in the able hands of Mr. James Cowans, who, as usual, gave general satisfaction. The various duties of M.C. were ably carried out by Mr. C. W. Tompkins, and a very enjoyable affair was kept up till early morning.

The Club bicycles and tricycles were awarded the only gold medal at the International Exhibition now being held at the Crystal Palace, London.

The final returns for the Nelson Province election are as follows:—Bromell, 1043; Dowling, 758. Majority for Bromell, 285.

Beach has accepted Hanlan's challenge to row within seven months for £500 a side and the championship of the world. The date has not been fixed.

Messles and whooping cough are prevalent at Ballarat.

A farmer named Neil McInnes, sixty years of age, was killed by being thrown from his dray, owing to the horse bolting, on Monday, while proceeding home to Elaine from Geelong.

The gunboats Albert and Victoria are at present anchored in Corio Bay.

Mr. Amess, the contractor for the erection of the Parliamentary buildings, has received notice requiring him to at once proceed with his contract for erecting the west front of the building.

Colonel Hoe, the inventor of the Hoe printing machine, is dead.

The Hunter River Steam Navigation Company's new steamer Namoi and the harbor steamer Agenor collided in Sydney Harbor on Tuesday morning. The latter sank almost immediately. No lives were lost.

There are only 20 prisoners in the Ballarat Gaol at present. It is said that there are more officers than prisoners in the gaol.

A man named Spiers was killed instantaneously at Maropuna North on Saturday by a burning tree falling on him.

A banner, valued at £50, has been stolen from the Sale Hibernian Society. A reward of £50 has been offered for its recovery.

A woman, sixty years of age, named Mrs. Hains, was burnt to death at Eaglehawk on Monday. It is supposed that her clothes caught fire in the fireplace.

Two thousand one hundred rabbits were trapped in three days on Edgar's station Hamilton.

Military authorities say that 1000 of the best soldiers, with the improved arms, can do ten times the execution that was done 20 years ago.

Messles are exceptionally prevalent at Brunswick. Two hundred cases have been reported. The Central Board of Health have recommended closing the schools.

A telegram from Hillaton states that a man has been found in the Lachlan River, at Cowl Cowl, his legs tied with wire, and an iron tread attached to one leg. His head bound in a cloth bag saturated with blood, was found on the bank near his camp.

When Jenner discovered and developed the idea of vaccination he was regarded as a wild theorist. The world was not more unripe then; proportionately, to innovations that it is now, but the people scoffed the idea because it seemed visionary. When Wolfe's Schnapps was first given to the public, many discredited the worth of the great cordial. To-day, it stands without a rival elixir in the catalogue of magnificent tonics.

It appears from a statement in a newspaper published at Bari that the steamer Lombardo, which converted Garibaldi to Sicily in 1860, and with him the destiny of Italy, is now degraded under the name of Utile, and employed in towing mud-boats from Venice to Naples. The little paddle steamer, the old name of which is hidden by a zinc plate and painted over, is fast dropping into decay.

Some years ago, when a new railway was opened in the Highlands, a Highlander heard of it, and bought a ticket for the first excursion. The train was about half the distance to the next station when a collision took place, and poor Donald was thrown unceremoniously into an adjacent park. After recovering his senses, he made the best of his way home, when his neighbors asked him how he liked the drive. "Oh," replied Donald, "I liked it fine; but they have an awful nasty quick way in puttin' us out."

A telegram from Nhill in the "Telegraph" says:—"The awful ravages of the rabbits can only be understood by personal observation. For example, a widow who, to maintain her family, has ploughed and sowed her land with her own hands, has a selection adjoining the mallee. She finds herself in a very sad position. Her grass is consumed, and her crop destroyed by the rabbits. Her boy has fought heroically, and in one week—with a waddy and his dog—slaw 360; yet they seem as numerous as ever. Unless relief comes from the Government, many selections must be abandoned."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Dangerous Chest Complaints.—The enumeration of these diseases is scarcely necessary, as unfortunately, the inhabitants of these islands know them to their cost. Coughs, colds, influenza, bronchitis, asthma, pleurisy, inflammation of the lungs, and even consumption in its early stages are best treated by rubbing Holloway's Ointment upon the chest and between the shoulders. It penetrates internally, checks the cold shiverings, relieves the over-gorged lungs, gradually removes the oppression from the chest, and restores the obstructed respiration, hitherto so fearfully distressing and so highly dangerous. In treating this class of diseases, Holloway's Pills should always be taken while using his Ointment; they purify the blood, promote perspiration, and ally dangerous irritations.

The Old Testament company of revisers has finished its labors. The preface has been finally revised and approved. As the work has to be submitted to Convocation before its issue to the public, it is very likely to be published before next Easter. During the course of the revision, two have resigned and 10 have died out of the 27 members of the Old Testament Company originally appointed by Convocation.

A telegram from Warramboul in Wednesday's "Argus" says:—"A case of some interest was heard at the police court on Tuesday, before Mr. J. G. Taylor, P.M. The shire council sued W. Raw, the head teacher of the Yarrupark state school, for £1 2s. 9d. for rates due by the defendant. The latter urged that the house he was living in belonged to the state, and was, therefore, exempt from rating. He paid £12 per annum rent for the premises to the Government. He had obtained the opinion of the Crown law officers that he should not be rated. The Bench held that the defendant was liable, and ordered the amount to be paid."

SUDDEN DEATH AT WATERLOO.

Information reached Beaufort on Wednesday morning that a woman named Edwards had strangled herself at Waterloo. Mr. J. Prentice, J.P., proceeded to Waterloo on Wednesday afternoon to hold an inquiry into the circumstances attending the death, when the following evidence was taken:—

John Edwards deposed: I am a mainer, residing at Waterloo. The deceased, Norah Edwards, is my wife. She has been ill for about fifteen years. She was suffering from some internal complaint, and for the last six years she has been as helpless as a newborn child. She has been in a desponding state of mind of late. I and the deceased came from New Zealand to this colony about five months since. She had been under several doctors in New Zealand, who said they could do nothing for her. She has often threatened to commit suicide, but has never made an actual attempt. Yesterday she was in a despondent state of mind, and confined to her bed. Last night the deceased slept by herself, I being on the day shift at the mine, left on the floor of the next room to that occupied by the deceased. About midnight last night the deceased asked me where the matches were. That was the last time I saw her alive. About 6 o'clock I spoke to the deceased, but received no reply, and on going into the room where she was lying I found that she was dead. On examining the body I found the deceased's drawers (produced) together with her hair, tied tightly round her neck. I did not notice any marks on deceased's neck which would lead me to suppose that the ligature had caused death. I have no family, nor was there any person in the house with me. The deceased is a native of County Cork, Ireland.

Emily Edwards deposed: I am the wife of John Edwards, nephew of the last witness, and reside at Waterloo. I knew the deceased, and saw her last evening between 6 and 7 o'clock. She appeared to be in her usual bad state of health, and in a despondent state of mind. I have known her for about two months. She has always been quite helpless. The deceased's husband came to my house this morning, and told me that "Things had gone wrong." This was about half-past 6 o'clock. I came up to deceased's house, and saw her lying dead. I saw deceased's drawers (produced) and her hair twisted round her neck. It occurred to me that this was the cause of deceased's death. I have heard the deceased threaten to take her own life on several occasions. The deceased said she was tired of suffering such great pain.

Edgar Martin, police constable, stationed at Waterloo, deposed: At 7 a.m. on this date the deceased's husband (John Edwards) informed me that his wife had committed suicide. I proceeded to deceased's residence, and found her body lying in bed. The body was lying on the right side, the legs, arms, and hands being drawn up towards the neck. A pair of women's drawers was twisted twice round the deceased's neck, and drawn very tight, the hands being close to the ends of the ligature. A portion of deceased's hair was also twisted partly round the neck. I removed the ligature, and on examining the body found a slight discoloration on portion of the neck. I could not say whether the ligature round the neck had caused death, but inferred such was the case from the tightness of the ligature and the position of the body.

Dr. Johnston deposed: I have this day made a post mortem examination on the body of Norah Edwards. On examining the body externally I found no marks of violence. There was a faint mark, as if from a string or tape, around the neck, but no appearance of congestion under the same. On opening the chest I found the heart small, but healthy. There was a larger quantity of fluid in the pericardium than usual. The left lung was adherent almost throughout to the ribs, soft, and highly congested. The right lung was partly adherent to the ribs, and also congested. On opening the abdomen I found the liver and kidneys healthy, the spleen soft and small. The stomach was empty, and slightly congested in parts, but otherwise healthy. The bowels were in a healthy condition, the bladder also healthy; the womb small, and almost dried up. On opening the head I found the brain healthy in its substance, but highly congested over the surface. I examined the windpipe, and found nothing unusual or obstructing. The cause of death was congestion of the lungs and brain.

Mr. Prentice then delivered a finding in accordance with the medical testimony.

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

(From the "Argus.")

The sixth part of the Land Bill, providing for the reclamation of the Koweeup and other swamps, encountered no opposition, but several inquiries had to be answered. Mr. Kerferd explained that, before anything can be done, a drainage scheme will have to be drawn up and laid before Parliament. Money for the execution of the works will then be voted, and the terms on which leaseholds are to be granted laid down. The bill reserves five large swamps from sale, and allows the Governor in Council after they have been drained, to let the reclaimed land for 21 years, in lots not exceeding 160 acres in extent.

The 63rd clause of the Land Bill, enabling the Governor in Council to open roads to isolated patches of Crown lands, provoked some inquiry. Mr. W. Madden feared that the power given by the clause might be arbitrarily used. Mr. Tucker said that all lands resumed will be paid for under the Lands Compensation Statute. The roads are not to exceed two chains in width. Mr. Kerferd added that similar power is possessed by local bodies. The clause was passed.

The Land Bill was called on in the Legislative Assembly on Tuesday 10 minutes after the House met. Mr. Tucker submitted amended proposals with respect to the disposal of lands temporarily reserved from occupation or sale, and coming under part V. There are 832,000 acres shown in pink on the maps attached to the bill. The frontages to the Murray (including Pentia Island) and other rivers—170,000 acres are to be leased as grazing allotments. In Buln Buln and Mornington, 170,000 acres of land are to be removed from the pink to the brown areas, and made available for occupation in 500

acre blocks, the selector being allowed to retain the freehold of one-third of his holding. Of the 102nd, 110th, and departments, reserves, 228,000 acres of detached pieces and scraps are to be sold by auction. They are greater number are under 100 acres in size. These scraps are valued at from £2 to £250 acre, and the £500,000 they are expected to yield will be devoted to railway construction. The remaining portions of the temporary reserves—260,000 acres in extent, comprising all lands required for public purposes—are to be permanently reserved. Mr. Tucker's statement was well received by the Opposition. By general consent, discussion was sold by auction in a schedule of the lands to be sold by auction is brought down by the Minister of Lands. Substantial progress was made with the bill, clauses 56 to 77 being passed.

Progress was made with the Land Bill in the Legislative Assembly on Wednesday. Miscellaneous provisions were dealt with to some length. Mr. W. Madden proposed that greater powers should be given to managers of commons to encourage selectors to keep down vermin and protect the interests of persons entitled to graze stock. The bill preserves existing commons. Various opinions were expressed as to the value of commons to most of the members who spoke agreeing to describe them as "worse to small farmers and poor families in small townships." Mr. Kerferd said that if the legal estate were vested in the managers complications would arise. Mr. Madden withdrew his amendment with the intention of reviving the amendment when the Minister of Lands satisfies a schedule of the reserves. In his opinion, the commons should be classified according to local circumstances. Mr. Kerferd said that the note-book is now loaded with water, and a new bill. The next point discussed was length, whether municipal bodies should have power to enter upon Crown lands in search of material for road making without the sanction of the Board of Land and Works. A suggestion from Mr. Gillies met the disapproval. The local bodies are to be allowed to take gravel, stone, timber, etc., here and there along the road where they obtain the sanction of the Minister. Clause 99, which relates to the closing of blind roads, was under discussion when progress had to be reported to the private business to come on.

THE ACME OF HORRORS.

It may be doubted whether Eugene Sorel, Emile Zola ever imagined a more horrible ruffian, or one capable of committing greater crimes, than a French ruffian who was tried and sentenced to death by a court-martial at Noumea, a short time ago. He was born at Grasse, in France, in the year 1843, and at the age of nineteen married a village maiden, who seems to have been much attached to him. When, in 1872, he was sentenced to penal servitude for robbing, incendiarism, and assassination, he did not desert him, and she followed her husband in 1874 to New Caledonia, where they obtained a grant of land. The poor work, "Protest" compelled the poor woman to drudge for him, but finding that he could only bring a scanty subsistence from the soil, he insisted upon his wife promoting herself to the criminals with whom he associated in order to supply him with the means of crampulous indulgence. One evening a Caffre, named Moussa, who owned a hand in the neighborhood, obtained a night shelter in Provo's hut; and after a while the white man proposed to sell his wife to the African black. It came out in evidence at the trial that they haggled over the price as if it were a pig or a goat that was undertaken to pay one hundred francs, or ten pounds sterling, for the woman, with immediate delivery, and also to defray the debts incurred by the vendor. The man quitted the hut, and the husband and wife did not meet again for some years afterwards. Degraded beyond redemption by this infamous transaction, the wretched woman sank lower and lower. Moussa deserted her, and she fathomed depths of depravity which will not bear description. Provo had forfeited his grant of land by his drunkenness and misconduct, and was banished to Noumea, where Moussa was undergoing imprisonment for theft. Towards the close of last year Provo obtained a certain amount of freedom, and was employed as a gardener in the service of the Government at Noumea. There he renewed his old relations with his wife, and seemed to have gained so completely an ascendancy over her, that she was obliged to supply him periodically with food and money. All her earnings were absorbed in this way; and in the month of June last she resolved to make her escape from Noumea, and from a tyranny which had become insupportable. But, before doing so, she sought a touch of early sentiment in her country, impelled her to see her husband for the last time and bid him farewell. Having packed up her scanty stock of clothing, she set out on her daybreak on the 11th of June, for their ordinary place of meeting, where they sat down on a green bank, and Provo's conduct was as gentle and affectionate as to lift her into a false security. "So you have decided to abandon me?" he said. "Yes," I returned, "to remain." He bided out between his teeth, "No!" was all the answer she made; then, as she saw the devilish look in his eyes, and the glow of anger in his face, she was about to rise up in terror, when he gripped her with his left hand, and throwing her head back on the ground, he began to kiss her neck with his right, using a waddy very little larger than an ordinary penknife, "exactly as one whittles a piece of wood." The agonies which the victim must have undergone while being mutilated and mangled in this way are almost inconceivable. Morsels of flesh were afterwards found adhering to the knife, which he flung away. Then he wiped his bloody hands on his dress, and searching a basket which he brought with her he found a bottle of water with the contents of which he washed his greasy drunk. At the trial he put in a written defence, in which he had the audacity to attempt to justify the act of which he had committed by asserting that he had done so to avenge his outraged honor as a husband. He was, however, condemned to death.

FISH AS FOOD.

Found for meat, fish is fully as nutritious as butchers' meat. It may not seem so satisfying but this is because the sense of satisfaction which we experience in eating is the result of supplying the stomach with food, and in no direct or immediate way related to the nourishment of the organism as a whole.

THE BAD AND WORTHLESS

Are never imitated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and the people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B.

Flourish!—For the Teeth and Breath.—A wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar rosy-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

SUFFERERS FROM WIND ON THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Colic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Skin Eruptions, &c., should lose no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine—"PAGE WOODCOCK'S WIND PILLS," which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effective and safe remedy for all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels, or liver. Tonic, invigorating and purifying, they form the best remedy extant. Sold by all Medical Vendors at 1s. 11d., 2s. 6d., 5s., and 10s. 6d. each. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, Lincoln, England.

OXYSOL IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy, Phosphodyne (Oxy Sol), which at once allays all irritation and excites, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe.

GARDENING FOR SEPTEMBER.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—This is the busiest month in the year for sowing seeds; most of the hardy vegetables may be sown and towards close of month all tender sorts. Potatoes of all kinds should be planted for main crops. Make a sowing of peas for succession. Early longpod beans may still be sown in low-lying ground. Sow scarlet runners, dwarf French beans, beet, carrot, cucumber, melon, vegetable marrow, pumpkin, onion, radish, and spinach; mustard and cress should be sown every fortnight; sow celery on a hot-bed. Tomatoes and capsicums may be sown in warm situations; if any have been raised in a hot-bed, harden a little and plant out. Plant Chinese yams and sweet potatoes in well-trenched soil. Fruit trees will require attention; with the finger and thumb displace any superfluous shoots, and, if time can be spared, the blossom buds should be thinned, especially of young trees.

FLORINE.—This is the busiest month in the year for sowing seeds; most of the hardy vegetables may be sown and towards close of month all tender sorts. Potatoes of all kinds should be planted for main crops. Make a sowing of peas for succession. Early longpod beans may still be sown in low-lying ground. Sow scarlet runners, dwarf French beans, beet, carrot, cucumber, melon, vegetable marrow, pumpkin, onion, radish, and spinach; mustard and cress should be sown every fortnight; sow celery on a hot-bed. Tomatoes and capsicums may be sown in warm situations; if any have been raised in a hot-bed, harden a little and plant out. Plant Chinese yams and sweet potatoes in well-trenched soil. Fruit trees will require attention; with the finger and thumb displace any superfluous shoots, and, if time can be spared, the blossom buds should be thinned, especially of young trees.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

CAUTION.—Phosphorus is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form of these solid particles of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

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FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

KAY'S COMPOUND OF LIMESEED, Aniseed, Sassafras, Squill, Tolu, &c., with Chlorodyne.

KAY'S COMPOUND, a demulcent expectorant, for Coughs and Colds.

KAY'S COMPOUND, for Coughs and Colds, is equally serviceable for Horses and Cattle.

KAY'S HIG PILLS, a specific in Neuralgia, Tooth-ache, &c.

COAGULINE.—Cement for Broken Articles. Sold everywhere. Imported by all Merchants, and sold by all Chemists &c. Sole Makers—KAY BROS., Stockport, England.

REMEDY FREE!—A victim of youthful infatuation causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple-sufficing, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address—E. BEVY, Esq., 43 Chatham Street, New York City, U.S.A.

Beaufort Post Office.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at Beaufort, Mails leave at Beaufort. Rows include Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, Traralgon, Raglan, Chute, Waterloo, Main Lead, Sailor's Gully, Stockyard Hill, Ararat, Bunger, Eurambur, Shirley.

The mails for Ararat, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Bunger, and Traralgon are despatched twice daily. Mails for Waterloo are despatched daily. Mails for Shirley and Eurambur are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Mails for Main Lead, Raglan, and Chute are despatched three times a week—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sailor's Gully (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.

ALL suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be exceedingly surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 1d. per box. People troubled with a "hoacking cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, caused by them, soon, as a result of using them, find themselves relieved of all their pulmonary and asthma affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box. Prepared by John I. Brown & Sons, Boston, U.S. European depot, removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

21st FREE GIFTS!

The proprietors of WOLFE'S FREEMARK AROMATIC SOAPS, to induce the circulation and prevent the importation of their wares, and labels, and to further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have inclosed in the wrappers under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to inclose in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE 21 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE WOLFE'S SOAPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

Victorian Railways.

Table with columns: FROM MELBOURNE TO STAWELL, FROM STAWELL TO MELBOURNE, FROM MELBOURNE TO PORTLAND, FROM PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE, FROM PORTLAND TO ARARAT, FROM ARARAT TO PORTLAND, FROM MELBOURNE TO HAMILTON.

FARES.

Table with columns: Beaufort, Traralgon, Burra, Wimmerera, Geelong, Melbourne, Bunger, Ararat, Armstrongs, Great Western, Stawell.

ADVERTISEMENTS received for insertion in this Paper, in England, by CLARKE SON and FLATT, 35 Gracechurch Street, London.

Important Discovery.

GREENBANK ALKALI CO'S PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA.

Makes the Finest Hair Soap absolutely without Boiling! No special apparatus required. By simply mixing with talow refuse grease, or oil, any quantity of soap can be made in a few minutes. Quality superior, and cost much less than any boiled soap; when refuse grease or oil can be obtained the best hard soap can be made, costing only 2s. 6d. per cwt.

THE THOROUGHbred STALLION LEO

Will stand this season at Chertwata, Terms—25/6. Also, Imported Arab Stallion, SERANG. Terms—25/6. THOS. R. ODDIE, Proprietor.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Nell Street, Beaufort.

RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED.

Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort. Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to.

John James Trevatt, Shoeing and Jobbing Smith, HAS COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by Mr. Buchanan, Havelock Street, Beaufort, and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

GEELONG WOOL SALES.

Synnot, Everingham, & Co., WOOL BROKERS, STOCK AND STATION AGENTS, (Established in 1833).

ARE prepared to make Liberal Cash Advances on Wool, consigned to them for sale or shipment to the London market. Sale days, Tuesdays and Thursdays for Wool, and Wednesdays for Skins, Hides and Tallow. During the grain season Weekly Sales of Grain will be held at the warehouses. All consignments of Wool, etc., are carefully valued by members of the firm, and duly protected up to variations. When values are not realised the Wool can be shipped to the London Market, at a cost of one shilling per bale. In consequence of the increase of their business they have just completed extensive additions to their warehouses, which now have a frontage to Clear-street of 250 feet. The showrooms and large warehouses have been thoroughly renovated and greatly improved, making them as complete as any in the colony, giving ample space to catalogue and display from five to six thousand bales at each sale. Geelong, as a market for wool, is acknowledged by all who have tried it to be the best in the colony for the sale of either large or small clips, consequently upon the easy and cheap facilities for Shipping and the other charges being about seven shillings per bale in favor of Geelong. Foreign buyers know this and consequently prefer buying in this market.

MEMO.—THE COMMON CAUSTIC SODA SOLD IN DRUMS WILL NOT BE SOAP AT ALL BY THE ABOVE DIRECTIONS.

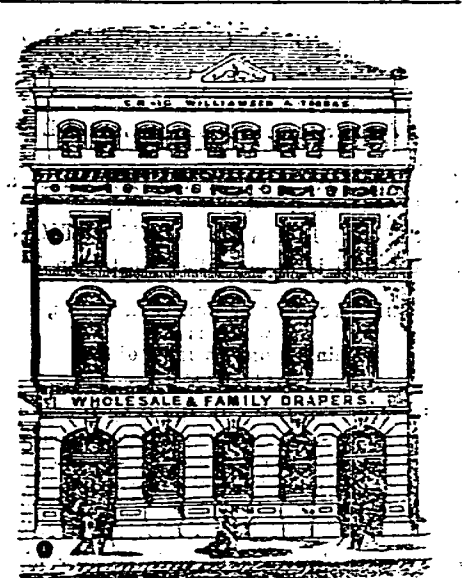
The Soap is made of absolutely pure natural soap, far superior in quality to any boiled soap, and much cheaper. It contains all glycerine, originally contained in the grease used, a valuable ingredient, all lost when the grease used is purified, and which softens the soap, and makes it just as good for use as the best soap made. It will not injure or destroy the most delicate fabrics or colors, and is perfectly safe for use on all articles which are always recommended a pure potash Soap made in the same way with PURE CAUSTIC POTASH. THE STRONGEST OF PURE GRUBBERS, and WOOL SCOURERS is directed to the Company.

PURE CAUSTIC POTASH ABSOLUTELY PURE GRUBBERS, and SPECIAL APPARATUS REQUIRED.

By simply mixing this pure caustic of potash with the grease used, the most perfect wool scouring soap can be produced, the most perfect of which is made, as they destroy the color, and injure the brilliancy of the wool, which may be had on application to ROBERT DICKENS & CO., 25, Market Street, Melbourne; Wholesale Agents for Victoria.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!

Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1d. per bottle.



IMPORTANT NOTICE TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AND OTHERS.

Drapery, Woollens and Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths and Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding, direct from the Importers, at actual Wholesale Prices.

CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, AND THOMAS

SUPPLY the Public with Drapery, Woollens, Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths, Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding at Importers' Rates. The Terms being strictly Cash, purchasers at C. W. and T.'s warehouses have not to pay for losses occasioned by bad debts and they save the retail profit, fully 30 per cent. Extensive shipments from England and the Continent are received weekly by the several steamers, thereby ensuring a continuous supply of the newest goods. Persons residing in the country, including the adjacent colonies, can rely on their orders having early attention. The principle of having only one price (no matter how large or how small the parcel) is a guarantee that families ordering by letter are placed on the same footing as if they selected the goods personally. The Tailoring and Outfitting Departments having assumed such large proportions are now located at the warehouse, No. 6 Elizabeth Street, close to the drapery warehouse. Cards for self-measurement and patterns forwarded on application. The Stock in all departments is now fully assorted for winter requirements, and the firm has pleasure in inviting an inspection of their

DRAPERY WAREHOUSE AT 14 AND 16 ELIZABETH STREET, AND THEIR CARPET AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE, 6 ELIZABETH STREET

CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, & THOMAS, IMPORTERS AND WAREHOUSEMEN, MELBOURNE.

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THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER,

DEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and District that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors—Messrs. Hawkes Bros., Ironmongers, etc., Beaufort. Agent for the Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

FURNISH THROUGHOUT

CULLIS HILL & CO. 76 & 78 ELIZABETH STREET MELB. CATALOGUES POST FREE

TO STAND THIS SEASON AT Mr. Waugh's Bunger Hotel, Celebrated Pure Clydesdale Stallion, TOM BOY.

YOUNG TOM BOY is a bay; and is by the celebrated imported Clyde mare, Tom Boy, and out of the celebrated Clyde mare, Daring, both being imported by the well-known horse-breeder, the late J. G. Ware, Esq. of Koorat Koorat, whose stock always fetches the highest price in the Bullard market; and to prove the above Young Tom Boy's foals have sold for £200 at six months old and £250 and £300 have been received for other foals by Young Tom Boy. He is a sure foal-seller, and his stock are first-class workers. I can refer to J. Ware, Esq., stock, at Yalleroo, Beaufort, being first-class stallions, of which Young Tom Boy is the sire. Competent judges consider he is superior to any imported stallion that has been in the district for many years. Young Tom Boy stands 17 hands high, with tremendous bone, and plenty of hair, and is thoroughly quiet; his foals taking first, second, and third prizes at the Beaufort Agricultural Show, March 1st. A foal by Tom Boy took first prize against the progeny of an imported horse at the Ararat Agricultural Society's Show on the 29th September, 1883.

TERMS:—£3 3s. each mare.

First-class grass paddock provided, well watered. Every care taken, but no responsibility. Mares to be removed and paid for when stunted (of which notice will be given), after which 1s. 6d. per week will be charged for grazing. E. WAUGH, Bunger Hotel, Bunger.

THE PURE CLYDESDALE STALLION YOUNG SCOTCHMAN

Will stand at Mr. P. Blackmore's paddock, Traralgon, this season, and travel the Surrounding District.

YOUNG SCOTCHMAN is a steel grey horse, 9 years old, stands 16 1/2 hands high, with splendid bone and muscle, and fine silky hair in the right places, kind temper, a splendid worker, and has proved himself a sure foal-seller. A year-old colt of his brought £47 at the St. Arnaud show, and a colt and filly, the day after the 18th, 1881; child at Grand National at the Grand National Show, Kyneton, and again in Melbourne. Old Scotchman has never been beaten either at home or in the colonies, and is a sure foal-seller. High prize animals stand yet unrivalled. He is also sire of a greater number of entire horses than any other in the colonies. Young Scotchman's dam is Mr. Esell's celebrated brood mare Jess, winner of thirty prizes, dam Old Dumbarton, grand-dam Neapolitan, grand-grand-dam by Sir William Wallace (imported).

Young Scotchman obtained first prize as a foal at Skipton show, first as a yearling, at Skipton, second as a two-year-old, against all-aged horses, at Skipton; second prize at Ararat in 1881; first at the 1881; child at Grand National at the Grand National Show, Kyneton, and again in Melbourne. Old Scotchman has never been beaten either at home or in the colonies, and is a sure foal-seller. High prize animals stand yet unrivalled. He is also sire of a greater number of entire horses than any other in the colonies.

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The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1884.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.
Persons who do not receive their papers regularly should send in their names to the office of the Advocate, in order that such errors may be corrected. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be necessary for them to specify the place where they wish to be delivered, and to send in their names to the office of the Advocate, in order that such errors may be corrected. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be necessary for them to specify the place where they wish to be delivered, and to send in their names to the office of the Advocate, in order that such errors may be corrected.

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NOTICE

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the GENUINE "WERTHEIM" Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC
That EVERY GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK OF THE

WERTHEIM Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME, Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" IS PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE OF each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY TO GUARD AGAINST IMITATION every GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA HAS STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE THE NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz. —

HUGO WERTHEIM,
MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly REGISTERED in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,
39 FLINDERS LANE EAST, MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,
Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.
Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE
We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival of former years."

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is over-stocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the "WHEELER AND WILSON" Sewing Machine is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stocky Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Saffery Gully, Main Road, Raglan, Charlton, Waverley, Eumurrumbidgee, Middle Creek, Shirley, Traralgon, Burra, Learmonth, Strathmore, Skipton, and Caragh.

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,
ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,
MINING SCRIPTS, REPORTS, &c.,
PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,
POSTERS, DRAPER'S HANDBILLS,
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MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c.,
PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.



(HAND AND TREADLE), RECEIVED THE ONLY FIRST PRIZE GOLD MEDAL AWARDED AT THE Sydney & Melbourne International Exhibition, 1884.

Only First Prize, Adelaide Exhibition, 1884.

IMPORTERS—**HENRY BISHOP & CO.,**
79 BOURKE STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

(Next to the Theatre Royal).
Local Agents Wanted.

HOOD'S PHOSPHORUS PILLS
A Certain Remedy for Nervous Debility, either special or general. To avoid disappointment, ask for Hood's Phosphorus Pills, and insist upon having them only.

HOOD & CO'S CORN SOLVENT
A Certain Cure for Hard or Soft Corns.

HOOD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
147 ELIZABETH STREET.

SANDER AND SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.
UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy, at Rome.

Dr. Cruikshank, Health Officer for the City of Sandhurst, certifies to the extract being the most reliable remedy for external inflammation, bronchitis, diptheria, affections of the lungs, throat, all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds, disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, etc.

Professor Dr. Mosler, at the University of Greifswald, Germany, reports astonishing cures of Diphtheria, Lung and Throat Diseases by inhaling the vapors of Sander and Sons' Eucalypti Extract.

Epitome of declaration made before Mr. Cohen, Esq., J.P., at Beaufort, October, 1877.—The late Mr. Rabbs was hurt with an axe on the knee. After nine weeks' medical treatment it was declared necessary by Dr. Macgillivray to amputate the injured limb. At that juncture the extract was applied, and the wound speedily cured without amputation.

Ballarot Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield & Co
Wool, Grain, and Timber Brokers,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
(Established 1844.)
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE every alternate Thursday, commencing the ensuing Wool Season at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for Melbourne and Ballarat for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,
And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Large and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

THE GREAT FURNISH DISCOUNT
YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT Without Money or Security

S. NATEAN'S WONDERFUL TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Cash Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

I drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and great advantages may be fully understood and appreciated.

For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase Furniture without paying in one sum the full purchase money.

The first step for furnishing, I found, is always heavy, especially for young couples in life and house-keeping, many of whom not having the means to furnish, are obliged to live in furnished apartments or houses of doubtful repute, and in some cases, which would be required of you. To meet these wants, I introduced some years ago, my time payment system, "BRING" the FIRST to offer to the public its beneficial advantages, and to enter into an agreement no references are required, the goods being delivered at once without delay, the value of the same being paid by weekly instalments, when they become the absolute property of the purchaser, so that by paying the difference of rent between furnished and unfurnished apartments or houses as here you actually acquire the furniture by the payment down of small deposits.

The Time-payment Agreement is purely a private matter between the customer and myself, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. All goods are at once on completion of arrangement delivered to the full enjoyment of the customer, and no labels or notices are affixed to proclaim they are on Time-payment. My Time-payment System, is now become a universal want, and is acknowledged by the press as a public boon to which I can also testify personally with great satisfaction by the success of past years, and the patronage I have received from all classes of society. I solicit your inspection of my large and useful Stock always on hand and ready to go out, which will enable you to judge of the correctness of my representations. I shall always be happy to show you round, and give you any further information if required.

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A. CRAWFORD'S
MYCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET,
BALLARAT.

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CLARK'S B 41 PILLS

Goods forwarded to all parts of the colony on above terms.

ONE BOX OF CLARK'S B 41 PILLS

It is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gleet, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

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EXPORT AGENTS: Rumpwye, Burdighes & Co., Coleman-street, London; Newbery and Sons, 87, Newgate-street, London; Barclay and Sons, 95, Farringdon-street, London; Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London; and all the London Wholesale Houses.

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Established in the colonies, 1852.
Insurers against Fire should consider the Security and Liberality of the Company.

Capital fully Subscribed is £1,825,000.
Reserve Fund for Fire Losses only, in addition to Capital, £274,155.
Fire Premium Income for 1883, nearly Half-a-Million, £499,000.
Losses Paid during past 23 years, £230,402.
Lowest Current Rates. Transfers Free of Expense.

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Important Notice.
Mr. W. HARTLEY,
DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT.
(Over Bardwell's, Photographer).
Dental Registration Certificate, No. 5445.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding districts that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated. Decayed Teeth stopped from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience, cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth, or require more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years ruin the mouth for mastication and appearance.

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ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at Mr. ANDREWS' Pharmaceutical Chemist, Neill Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.

And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 9 to 12 a.m., where all necessary information can be given.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

WATERLOO COACHES.
COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fishery Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at Intermediate Stations, and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 6 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m., Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOWLES, Proprietor.

HOPPER'S MILK PUNCH.
GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR VITÆ.
Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufactory, Snake Valley, Gargaham.

Specialty! Specialists!
Drows on Natures—she compels you to honor the acceptance.

THIRTY years since, when Dr. SMITH first commenced practice here, it was thought by medical men, that to be a Specialist was derogatory to the professional man, but this, like most other innovations in scientific and lay matters, was found rather to add than to detract from the respectability of the profession, whereas the specialty was practised, Lillienand and Record, in France, and Acton, in England, were for years cried down by their medical brethren. Now and for many years they have been looked up to, and quoted by every man who pretends to have any knowledge of the particular branch of the profession which these gentlemen specially devoted themselves to. It was the same with Erasmus Wilson, the "Skin Doctor," recently knighted by Her Majesty.

Years since, it was the same with Dr. L. L. SMITH of Melbourne, who practised (as did Lillienand and Record) as a specialist. In all cases of diseases and habits which produce symptoms of Nervous Affections, of skin Eruptions, or which unite them to carry on the purposes of their being, or which demonstrates itself, on the other hand, in Britvic Diseases and Secondary Forms of Affection. In all these cases how necessary it is to have the Specialist who has devoted his whole life to the study and practicing in this one branch of his profession? Hence, now, after so many years of his practice, as familiar to him, and symptoms which (it is not unreasonable to suppose) may not strike the General Practitioner at once, now from constant practice and observation make Dr. L. L. SMITH master of the subject.

This is not said or meant in any shape as depreciating the learning or acumen of the General Practitioner, but it is to treat a Specialist, and the mind of the Specialist is continually at work on the subject he is in the habit of treating and diagnosing. He is also constantly in communication with this peculiar branch of his profession, and the General Practitioner can no more lay claim to this EXCLUSIVE knowledge, than the barrister employed in equity could take up and do justice to a criminal case, and vice versa, the criminal barrister should be conversant with the common law, and the lawyer who has never passed, but as he being chiefly engaged in another branch of his practice, should at once inform you that if you wish for a reliable and special opinion, you must consult with the gentleman who has devoted his time, his energy, his study, and his practice to that particular subject.

The medical profession—that is, the more liberal-minded of them, have likewise, recognised this fact, and Specialists now in every branch—eclectic, anti-eclectic, syphilitic, mental diseases, chest diseases, and in fact every portion of the human frame, has now some member of the profession who devotes his time to that, and to no other? For instance, the "chest doctor" would on no account attend to setting a broken leg; but each would advise his patient to go to that doctor who is best known for treating the disease requiring special skill.

Dr. L. L. SMITH asks those who require treatment for "Weakness," "Pneumonia," "Bronchitis," and "Stomach" to consult him as an expert—thirty (30) years practice in only the Colonies but in India, China, Fiji, and even in England, he claims ought to be sufficient to cause every man or woman requiring such skill as is alluded to above, to consult him either personally or by letter.

As a Syphiligrapher no other medical man has been able to have such large experience as he possesses, and for other allied affections—such as Nervous diseases, and in the profession has enjoyed so much public confidence.

DR. L. L. SMITH
Consultation Free by Letter, £1 Medicines appropriately packed and forwarded to civilised globe.

DR. L. L. SMITH,
182 COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

WANTED KNOWN.
I have come to my knowledge that Subscribers to Daily Papers are charged Nine Pence (9d.) a week, for the benefit of the public I wish to inform that the "Ballarat Star," "Age," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be delivered in the colony of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per annum.

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
BOMBAY PATENT CHEMISTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER,
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,
HAVERLOCK STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT OF THE WEEKLY TIMES TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES, OR ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Union held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to The Weekly Times, namely,

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliamentary Proceedings, and all matters of interest

TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.

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Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.

In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.

In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Finest Calendars, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the

WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

Subscriptions per post 3s. 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.

Office: 86 COLLINS ST. EAST, MELBOURNE

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley, English, 4s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 8d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 9d; oats, 2s 9d to 2s 10d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L2 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 10s; potatoes, L1 to L1 7s 6d; straw, 10s; do; wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 3d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 2d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L7 15s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat has had very little business during the past week, trade being confined to a few unimportant sales at a trifle under last week's rates. Flour, too, has not been much noticed, sales being restricted to the satisfying of local requirements. At Horsham the top price for prime wheat is still 3s 1d per bushel, and little is being done. The St. Arnaud figure has advanced to 3s 3d, but at Donald 3s 2d is not exceeded. At Avoca and Landsborough the same quotation rules as in our last. In this district a big business has been done in oats during the past few days, and at an improvement on last week's rates. Not less than 600 bags have changed hands, at from 2s 8d bags returned, to 2s 9 1/2 bags in, whilst for one parcel 2s 10d was given, bags in. There is an enquiry for peas at 3s 6d. Potatoes have been very scarce, none having come forward from Warrnambool. At that place an unusually high price prevails, from L1 10s to L1 4s being given at the end of last week. Ballarat varieties have also experienced a big jump and are worth here L5 5s per ton. Hay is being fully supplied at late rates. Onions are very high and scarce. Fresh butter has been brought in in abundance, and the price quoted is a weak one. The prices current are:—

Wheat, 3s 2d to 3s 3d; per bushel oats, 2s 8d per bushel; pollard, 10d; bran 11d; Cape barley 2s 9d; English barley, 3s 9d; peas, 3s 4d to 3s 6d; flour, L7 10s to L8 per ton; Warrnambool potatoes, L5 10s to L6; Ballarat, do, L5 5s per ton; hay, (sheaves), L2; hay (trussed) L2 5s per ton; straw, cut, 30s; straw, wheaten, 25s; chaff, 2s 6d per cwt; carrots, 3s; onions, 15s per cwt; butter (fresh), 9d per lb; butter (poiled), 7d per lb; hams, 11d per lb; bacon, 9d per lb; cheese, 6d per lb; eggs, 7 per dozen.—"Advertiser."

Cable News.

(FROM THE ARGUS CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Sept. 25.

The current number of the "National Review" contains an article by the Marquis of Salisbury, who argues that the Conservative party will be satisfied provided the Franchise Bill is accompanied by a fair scheme of redistribution.

A loan of £6,000,000, will shortly be placed on the London market by the Canadian Government.

Sir Saul Samuel and Sir F. Dillon Ball, agents-general of New South Wales and New Zealand, are unwilling to join the other agents-general in making fresh representations to Lord Derby respecting New Guinea and the Pacific Islands.

The Marquis of Hartington, the Secretary of State for War, has sold a battery of field guns at a low price to the Government of New Zealand.

The prospects of the Oriental Bank Corporation, now in liquidation, are improving.

It is expected that the creditors will be paid 20s. in the £, but will not receive interest on their claims.

Spofforth is not returning to Australia with the other members of the eleven, but will remain a few weeks longer in England.

The Orient steamer Chimborazo, which left Melbourne on the 22nd August, arrived late at Suez. She will land her mails at Naples, so as to make up for the time lost.

An "Argus" telegram from Kerang says:—"On the 2nd inst. the shire council, with a view of decreasing the number of rabbits, decided to give a bonus of 2s 3d per dozen skins, large or small. This has been the means of starting a number of trappers to work. A storekeeper at Lake Charra reports having purchased 1,400 dozen during the past fortnight. These rabbits have all been caught on Crown lands, on the edge of the mallee, west of Kangaroo Lake. Reports equally favorable have been received from other purchasers. One of the councillors estimates that 50,000 dozen rabbits have been killed during the month in consequence of the action of the council.

The railway companies in France are about to try an electric gate opener. The method to be tried is briefly as follows:—A catch connected with an electro-magnet keeps the gates closed. An approaching train closes the circuit at a certain distance from the gates, the catch is released, and the gates open. When the last carriage has passed the circuit is broken again and the gates close. A bell is also rung as the train approaches.

The M. A. Mail states that Mr. Munro, of Muckleford, has amongst his flock some extraordinary sheep in the way of breeding. Five ewes he found with 15 lambs—two ewe with five, two with three each, and two with two each. The ewe that had five lost two of that number, but the three remaining are in perfect health.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by sound nerves and good health without using the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

TRICKLING SEWAGE.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, desiring them of taking a dose of Rowley's Cough Emulsion at bedtime, and if the cough is repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fulton, Grimwade and Co., and Rooke Tompitt, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS.

Arrowmith, W. J. B.; Coyte, C. Graham, W. Hancock, S. Kruse, A. P. Morgan, J. B.; M'Millan, M.; M'Nally, P.; Miller, H. Stewart, A.; Summers, J. Topp, W.; Trehowin, N. Wade, J.

M. S. SAUNDERS, Acting Postmaster. Beaufort, September 26th, 1884.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1884.

PERHAPS no cablegram for a long time since has been perused with so much pleasure as a message from Cairo, dated 21st inst., which states that further news had been received from General Gordon on that day, announcing that he twice defeated the rebels, with heavy loss, towards the end of August, and that he succeeded in raising the siege of Khartoum on the 30th of that month. While there were some who were of opinion that General Gordon would be able to hold his own, yet the news that we have just recounted will bring a sense of great relief to many, who having studied the progress of events in the Sudan, possess a vivid recollection of the atrocities committed by the fanatical followers of the Mahdi at Berber, and in one or two conflicts in which they were victorious. From such a fate as overtook Berber, and such a massacre as annihilated Hicks Pasha and his ill-fated army, the garrison and residents of Khartoum have been spared, and last, but certainly not least, the safety of a brave and magnanimous man has been secured, chiefly through his own indomitable courage, his illimitable spirit of self-reliance, and the ever present sense of duty which would be faithful unto death. There is hardly perhaps in the history of modern times a more conspicuous act of bravery and sustained courage than in the illustration of the events which have followed the starting of General Gordon from Cairo months since for Khartoum, to travel almost unaided and alone through a disaffected country on either side of him. It seemed at the inception as if he were leading a forlorn hope, and this presage became intensified when it was known that the city he believed his presence and influence would materially assist, was beleaguered on every side by hordes of the insurgent forces, followers of the Mahdi, the primary tenets of whose faith appear to be an implicit belief in the virtues of sword and flame, and sanguinary and needless massacre. To some men is given the power of imparting the same strength and resolution which find a fitting habitation in themselves, and this great quality General Gordon undoubtedly possesses. His success in inflicting two decisive defeats on the enemy, and in raising the protracted siege, prove this assumption, and the strategic ability which distinguishes this eminent soldier. The pregnant question now is, will the Gladstone Government avail themselves of the opportunity offered them? They have so far interfered with the control and management of Egyptian affairs that they cannot very well turn back, even if the safety of General Gordon is assured. A considerable force has been sent to the land of the Pharaohs, ostensibly for the purpose of relieving General Gordon, but for this special object now General Wolsley and his troops do not appear to be wanted. But the opportunity is given of suppressing the fanatical rebellion which has been the cause of so much bloodshed and so much anxiety. The presence of a comparatively strong British force, under the command of such men as Gordon and Wolsley, must exercise a due influence in quelling an outbreak which begins to show signs of inherent weakness, in the fact that many of the higher Arab chiefs are falling away from the Mahdi's standard, finding out no doubt that he is one of those impostors with whom the world is sometimes troubled. It appears to us now that England has the opportunity before her, because she is master of the situation. If the outcome is to be war, it could be carried through in a sharp and decisive manner, but if the wiser counsels of peace prevail, then she can set to work with the inception of internal reforms, and in organizing a more liberal and equitable form of government, which would tend to promote and perpetuate the peace and progress of the country. Will England seize the opportunity, which a beneficent chance offers to her? Time alone will show. [An "Argus" cablegram, dated Cairo, 24th September, says:—Later news received to-day by the arrival of a messenger from General Gordon at the Egyptian outpost, definitely announcing the withdrawal of the rebels who were besieging Khartoum, and stating that his supplies were plentiful.]

The usual monthly meeting of the Riponshire Council will be held on Thursday next. Just 1 inch of rain fell at Beaufort during the week ending Thursday last. The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—New Victoria, 80oz.; Waterloo, 56oz.; Hobart Pasha (No. 1 Tribute), 50oz.; South Victoria, 40oz.; Royal Saxon, 35oz. The public are reminded of the concert to be held on Monday evening next, in aid of the building fund of St. John's Church.

A meeting of the members of the Beaufort Cricket Club was held on Thursday evening last, when the secretary was instructed to write to Mr. W. H. Uren, M.L.A., asking him to allow himself to be elected President of the club, and to Messrs. W. Smith and A. Mein, asking them to become Vice-Presidents of the club. Mr. J. B. Tompkins was elected secretary and treasurer to the club. No permanent captain was appointed, but the following were appointed a general committee:—Messrs. G. Trompf, M. Fimblet, R. Thomas, and the secretary. It was resolved to get some members' tickets printed, and also that a trophy be presented for the best batting and bowling average during the season.

On Saturday afternoon last a very heavy downpour of rain occurred in this district, accompanied with very vivid lightning. The storm commenced about half-past 4, and lasted for over an hour, during which time the rain fell in perfect torrents, the creeks and gutters being flooded. The rain will do a deal of good, and from our contemporaries we are glad to see that it has been general all over the colony.

The Beaufort Bicycle Club held a meeting on Wednesday evening last, Capt. M. Keich in the chair, when accounts to the amount of £14 in connection with the late ball, were passed for payment. The ball was a most unqualified success, both financially and in point of enjoyment, and it is satisfactory to know that the efforts of the committee have been rewarded by a substantial surplus after paying all expenses. The advisability of having a recognized club-room was spoken of, and it was decided to secure same at Mr. Schartz's Beaufort Hotel. Hearty votes of thanks were passed to all those ladies and gentlemen who kindly lent shawls, evergreens, flags, etc., for decorating the hall. At the invitation of the President, Mr. A. Mein, the meeting adjourned to the new club-room, and partook of a social glass.

We have received a copy of the annual report and financial statements of the Melbourne Total Abstinence Society for the year 1883-84. A notice appears in another column, notifying that, poison has been laid in Mr. John Johnston's paddock, Raglan. This step has been found necessary, owing to the depredations made by vagrant dogs amongst the sheep, no less than 20 being killed, mostly and a large number branded. During the absence of the proprietor from the house on the farm the windows have been smashed. It appears from this that some evil-disposed persons are at work, and it is to be hoped that they will be caught and punished severely, as their shabby actions richly deserve.

At the Beaufort Police Court on Monday last, before Messrs. J. C. Thomson, P.M., and J. Prentice and H. Cushing, J.P., a young man named Adam Bennett, was proceeded against by Mr. H. H. Jackson, shire engineer, for cutting down trees on a road within the Shire of Ripon. The case was clearly proved, and the defendant stated that he was not aware that he was breaking the law. He was fined 10s for the offence, and ordered to pay 5s damages for the timber cut, with 2s 6d costs. Constable Fitzpatrick had also summoned the defendant for the same offence, but this complaint was withdrawn. The Bench cautioned the defendant not to repeat the offence, and stated that if another similar case was brought before them a heavy fine would be inflicted.

Applications are invited for the office of Secretary to the Beaufort Agricultural Society, returnable not later than the 8th October.

On Monday next Mr. W. E. Nickols, auctioneer, will offer for sale by auction a parcel of land at Raglan; also household furniture, live stock, etc. Full particulars will be found in another column.

Shearing operations will be in full swing on all the stations in this district within the next few days if the weather keeps fine. It is expected that the clip will be fully up to the usual good average.

A splendid artesian well has been struck at Sale, at a depth of 214 feet.

A recent cablegram states that Her Majesty's gunboat Wasp, commander John Nicholls, 4 guns, ran upon a rock, at Tory Island, near Donegal, and became a total wreck. Fifty lives, including the whole of the officers, were lost.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" writes:—"Our sheriff, Colonel Redd, grows daily more qualmish. The conviction of O'Brien for the Lancesfield murder renders it probable that soon there will be another 'patient' for Monsieur de Chateaufort, and unless an executioner can be obtained in place of that suspended Civil servant Upjohn, the duty will involve upon the head in person. The other day recourse was had to an expedient which has been successful in other countries, and a reduction of sentence was offered to a regular goat-bird if he would consent to fill Upjohn's vacant chair. The request with which that liberal offer was rejected by the convict was so remarkable that the attempt was not made a second time."

At the annual cattle fair in the Croatian village of Pokuro, an extraordinary disaster took place on August 30. A pig, which is described as having gone mad, suddenly commenced biting all the persons and cattle it approached. Some of the oxen broke loose and began rushing through the crowd. A panic ensued, in the course of which many persons were trodden under foot, and no fewer than six men and one woman trampled to death, while many others received more or less severe injuries. In the rush of the animals 29 oxen were crushed to death. The pig which caused the disaster was at last caught and killed.

A nugget, weighing about 4lb, and worth over £200 sterling, was found on Sunday last by a youth, son of Mr. Webb, of Kingdiggings, when he espied what seemed to be a lump of gold, and on proceeding to pick it up he unearthed the nugget. The "Bendigo Advertiser" says that the treasure has fallen to the lot of a struggling and deserving family.

A disastrous fire occurred on Messrs. Dalgety, Blackwood, and Co's Boonulla Station, near Deniliquin, on Wednesday night. The 100 bales of wool which were in the shed at the time.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" says:—"There is a characteristic story told of Mr. Speight which illustrates the determination and independence of character which has led to his successful career. When very young his father died, and as the family were not in affluent circumstances his mother took the boy to the chairman of the great English railway companies, explaining that it was necessary she should obtain employment for him as she required all the help her family would give her. "And please I want to work for my mother, too," spoke out the decisive youngster, and that same spirit of determined independence, directed into a suitable channel, has made the man who has been practically constituted the king of the Victorian railway system.

The Governor has received from the Secretary of State for the colonies a copy of Her Majesty's book, "More Leaves from a Journal of a life in the Highlands from 1862-1882." Her Majesty desires that this book may be placed in the Public Library in Melbourne, as evidence of her interest in that institution, and her belief that this record will not fail to be appreciated by her subjects in Victoria.

Thomas Lamond, aged twelve years, son of the well-known horse trainer, was thrown from a horse on the Randwick course on Monday, and killed.

A sad accident has occurred on the Calais sands. A boy, 11 years of age, found a shell, and on taking it up to unscree it, the projectile burst, shattering both the child's legs. He died shortly afterwards.

A despatch from Winona, Minn. (says the New York "Electrical World" of a recent date), describes a very curious incident in connection with the use of the electric light there. It says:—"Every night this week thousands of migratory birds have gathered about the electric light on the stand-pipe in this city. Between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock the birds were seen in swarms about the light, and hundreds fell to the ground. A few were caught alive, but the larger part were dead. The birds which breed in this locality were noticeably absent. Valuable additions from these birds are being made to the museum of the Society of Arts and Sciences, and a set of duplicates of most of the varieties has been furnished by Prof. Holinger to the high school collection. Many of the birds which were caught alive may be seen in cages at the engine-house of the water-works."

Diphtheria is said to be very prevalent at Egeaton.

An "Argus" telegram states that a mysterious epidemic is prevailing at Barmen and Temora. Six deaths have lately occurred. The Local Progress Committee met this morning and forwarded a telegram to the Board of Health, asking that a medical man be sent by the authorities to examine the nature of the disease. The patients are generally seized with a fit of shivering and retching, and occasionally their flesh becomes black. The maulay is believed to arise from defective sanitary arrangements.

The "Camperdown Chronicle" says:—"The conflicting statements that have been made regarding the probability of the Port Campbell tramway being included in the next railway bill have had a very depressing effect on some of the settlers in the Heyesbury forest. It is stated that there will be a considerable reduction in the amount of land placed under crop this year, in consequence of the great difficulties of transport after harvest, and at a time when the produce would command a fair price. As if to counterbalance this evil effect, we are informed a large area will be planted out with fruit trees. The experiments that have been made show that fruit-growing will be a profitable undertaking in the forest, and it is likely that this portion of the colony, before many years have passed away, will deserve the title that has been already applied to it of the garden of Victoria. A great impetus would be given to this industry by the establishment of fruit-growing factories within easy reach of the orchards in the forest."

Something about Hop Bitters: J. S. Milligan, a well known grocer in Sturt-street, Ballarat West, was fined £25, with £3 13s 6d costs on Friday last, for selling hop bitters without having a license to sell spirituous liquor. Mr. Miles Smith, professor of chemistry at the school of mines, demonstrated that the hop bitters contained 93 per cent of alcohol by weight, and 11 1/2 per cent by volume, whilst ordinary beer only contained from 5 to 7 per cent of alcohol. As the defendant had acted in ignorance of the law, not knowing hop bitters to be a spirituous liquor, the bench promised to recommend a remission of the fine.

A man named Frederick Kenyon hanged himself in his stable at Castlemeane. He deceased was in comfortable circumstances, and leaves a grown-up family. He twice recently endeavored to destroy himself, and by many it is believed he was slightly deranged in consequence of attending Salvation Army meetings.

Of the twenty-six bishops in the House of Lords, only seven were in their seats when the vote on the bill for the abolition of the contemptible sport of pigeon shooting was taken.

Five fatal cases of diphtheria in one family named Guley have occurred at Ararat. The parents were also attacked with the disease, but are now out of danger.

On good authority the "East Charlton Tribune" learns that the Premier and Treasurer has promised to take the duty of cornsacks, if the farmers themselves signify their desire to have the impost remitted.

The latest remedy for diphtheria and croup appears to be the inhalation of tar smoke.—Dr. Delthill of the French Academy of Medicine sends a report to the Paris "Figaro," stating that the vapor of liquid tar and turpentine will dissolve the fibrous exudations which choke up the throat in croup and diphtheria. He pours equal parts of turpentine and liquid tar into a tin pan or cup, and sets fire to the mixture. A dense resinous smoke arises, which obscures the air of the room. "The patient," Dr. Delthill says, "immediately seems to experience relief, the choking and rattle stop, the patient falls into a slumber, and seems to inhale the smoke with pleasure. The fibrous membrane soon begins to come detached, and the patient coughs it up."

The Railway department has the under-mentioned vacancies, for which applications are invited before noon on the 7th October:—26 permanent way repairers, from 21 to 35 years of age, at 6s 6d a day; 15 porters, 18 to 25 years commencing at 5s per day; 6 engine-fitters, 10 carriage painters, 3 carriage trimmers, 8 boiler-makers (all between 21 and 35 years), wages to be determined after a month's trial; 1 rivet boy, 14 to 16 years, as an apprentice, no pay for 12 months; 35 engine-cleaners, 20 to 23 years, at 5s a day; 15 ordinary laborers and coalmen, at 6s 6d a day; 6 painters laborers, at 6s 6d a day; 10 boiler-makers' helps, at 7s per day (all between 18 and 35 years); 1 assistant electric light engineer, at 10s a day; 2 instrument makers, at 10s a day; (between 21 and 35 years). Permanent way repairers, porters, engine-cleaners, and laborers, must be at least 5 feet 6in. in height, and able to read and write with facility. Other tradesmen must have followed their occupations for not less than seven years. Candidates will be required to pass the railway medical examiner.

The "Mortlake Dispatch" accounts for Mr. Dowling's defeat in his candidature for the Nelson Province on the following grounds:—"Mr. Dowling has been defeated, and defeated because he was 'too straight.' Had he been a trimmer, and withheld the whole truth, his question very much whether Mr. Bromell would have been returned. Mr. Dowling was too open, too straightforward, for the people to understand him as a politician. He expressed himself on the education question and also on the liquor question. It is reported that the publicans were against him; if so it was publicans who knew not the man. Mr. Dowling is no fanatic, but a plain outspoken gentleman, holding moderate views on all questions. Had he adopted the tactics of older and more artful politicians, 'viz., touching not too much upon dangerous questions unless compelled, and even then 'cock a deaf ear' where possible, he would, many believe, have been returned; but in answer to all these suggestions he virtually said, 'Get thee behind me, Satan,' and his straightforwardness, together with the very short time at his disposal for canvassing purposes, has culminated in his defeat.

Example is better than precept. It is not in theory but in practice that great truths are established. No laudations, no teachings, no suggestions can convince the incredulous, or the sceptical, of the virtues of certain things, but let them learn from trusted sources of the inherent merits of these certain things, and faith soon follows fawning. The efficacy of Wolfe's Schnapps has been spoken and written of, but it is in the individual cures consumed it finds its highest reward and surest advocacy."

A piece of work of unparalleled patience and ingenuity is reported from Kharthaus, in Bohemia, the wonderful workman being a youth at present in durance vile for five years for theft. He has turned his enforced leisure to use, and manufactured a straw watch five centimetres in diameter by two in thickness. The works of this diminutive timepiece comprise a few bits of straw, some cotton, two needles and a pin, a small piece of paper forming the dial. It is said to go six hours running, and could be made to go twelve with a few improvements.

The Railway Commissioners have framed a new by-law which was published in the recent issue of the "Government Gazette," dealing more liberally than heretofore with exhibitors and judges at Agricultural shows. Exhibits, or portions thereof, not sold will be returned free, and the Railway department will refund half the fare paid for their carriage to the show on the production of the society's certificate that they have been exhibited but not disposed of. Judges will be allowed return tickets at single fares, and valuable animals will be conveyed in horseboxes by passenger trains as far as the rolling stock will permit. The department will refund the fares of attendants (not more than one to each truck) if the stock with which they have travelled fails to find purchasers. Full rates will be charged for the carriage of poultry, dogs, and all goods that have been sold.

One of the most rascally actions that could be perpetrated by any one in the shape of a man was committed here last week, when some evil-disposed person laid a quantity of chaff and wheat mixed with arsenic on several parts of the township, but more especially around and near the state school (writes the Werracknabeel correspondent of the Horsham Herald), where it was laid in large heaps, and from which to have reported two valuable cows, belonging to an elderly couple named Gardiner, were poisoned with it. It is a great mercy that none of the school children got poisoned with it on the school playground as it was laid thickly all over it.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills need only a single trial to make known their capabilities. No external sore or internal inflammation can long withstand the cooling, purifying, and healing influences exerted by these twin medicaments. Be the mischief recent or chronic, great or slight, painful or simply annoying, it will succumb before the curative virtues of these perfect remedies, which can be rightly applied by any person who will attentively read their accompanying directions, which are propounded in the plainest language, void of technical terms, and printed in the most legible characters. To the man of business, confined to his counting-house, and harassed by engagements, these Pills are invaluable; for the man of pleasure, addicted to free living, they are peerless.

Potatoes (says the "World") are of a much greater value at present at Warrnambool than at any other period of the present year. Buyers now offer £4 per ton here, and yet supplies are short. Probably not 1000 tons remain in the district available for export.

A Wellington telegram in yesterday's "Telegraph" says that the Hon. Mr. Pharazin was on Saturday fined the sum of £100 for having voted at the last general election, and being then under electoral disqualification, having been convicted of illegal voting in 1882.

A recent cablegram states that in consequence of the recent disturbances in Brussels, Ministry on the education question, and the hostile state of public feeling to which the policy of the Government has given rise, increased military precautions have been taken to preserve order, and the capital is now virtually in a state of siege.

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

(From the "Argus.") The Land Bill is drawing near its close. On Tuesday, the miscellaneous clauses were finished off soon after the recess. There was considerable talk about the "blind roads," which cannot be sold "blind roads," which cannot be sold by the owner of the land they were intended to be sold for. Mr. A. T. Clark and Mr. A. T. Clark were spoken of in Parliament directed attention exclusively to the Land Bill, when they say closed roads, which persons are liable to be rounded up from the main road to the sea shore. Mr. Clark says his constituents cannot afford to trespass. Mr. McLellan considered a large grazier, is entitled to order of the day, and who wander over his property trespassing, and doing mischief. Some of these roads (Mr. Clark) don't know a rabbit from a dog. The clauses, which only refer to roads known as "closed roads," was struck out of the Bill, and Mr. Keefe's amendments, which were to be revised its terms, in order to guard against the power it confers upon the Minister. The schedules were technically amended, and new clauses were then submitted. The rights of the miner were adopted without debate.

The Land Bill did not come on in the Legislative Assembly on Wednesday. Its subject more entertaining to the public Government business. Ministers' resolution by the House the votes passed in the previous sessions supply the most favorable and rapid manner. The end has been reached. The Land Bill passed last Thursday was the order of the day, and the House of Representatives, chiefly for the convenience of members who were not in their places on the estimates, £15,000 for diamond drills, and £10,000 for expenses of miners in prospecting operations, including the goldfields surveyors' expenses. For several hours the members assembled what is heard at the Government offices on deputation day. There was a small expert duty on gold sold to be paid for prospecting on alluvial gold. It was very badly received. Mr. Worsley believed that such a duty would be a burden on the miner. Mr. Service read a list of the votes for some years past. The expenditure has been larger under this Government than under their predecessors. In Colonel Selous's time, the vote was at its lowest, £1,000,000, £25,000,000, as much as the Minister of Mines saw his way to expend. It can be devised for spending more money with advantage, the Treasurer will not be the Minister of Mines to "become black" Mr. Levisen gave short details of the expenditure. The vote was confirmed.

The case of two coolies, sentenced at the Warrnambool Police Court to a month's imprisonment for refusing to fulfil their agreement as hired laborers, was brought before the Legislative Assembly on Thursday by Mr. Quick. They were engaged by Mr. J. Mansfield, of Grasmere. The order made by the Court is, in Dr. Quick's view, unjust and agreements with coolies cannot be enforced under the Masters and Servants Act. In this case the defendants were too poor to work. Mr. Murray the member for Warrnambool put the facts in a different light. Imprisonment was ordered by the Court, and was done in pure kindness to provide for the coolies until they can be seen back to their native country. The experiment of introducing cheap labor from India has proved such a failure that employers in the Warrnambool district intend to have no more coolies. Whatever work they are asked to do, they are "too young" or "too old" for it. Mr. Keefe, who had not previously been in the case, undertook to make a thorough enquiry.

FATAL MINING ACCIDENT AT CRESWICK. An "Argus" telegram from Creswick on Wednesday supplies the following particulars:—"A terrible accident occurred at the shaft of the New Australasian Company mine at about 4 o'clock this morning. A young man named David Taylor and a married man named Andrew Drummond, were working in a blocking atrium on the second level. While engaged in putting in the centre props the ground suddenly gave way upon them. Steps were at once taken to cover the unfortunate men, but there being six sets of timber down, and the ground being all crushed and mixed with the timber, progress was slow.

The bodies of the unfortunate miners had just been reached. Both are dead, and have been killed instantaneously, as they were lying right where they were working when the ground came down upon them. Taylor's body is on the right-hand side of the shaft. His head only has as yet been uncovered. His feet appear to be towards the face of the shaft. Drummond is lying on the left-hand side of the shaft with a cap lying upon his body lengthways. The latter is across the shaft. The timber is not broken, but all thrown out of its place and buried under the drift, which is very loose, and of which have come down upon the men. The accident occurred just at 4 o'clock, the night-time this morning, being a very dark night. The blocking stone, which had been ground on the right hand side, and the left side, were previously blocked out on the mine in about 12 sets of timber from the shaft, and the men, having completed the shaft, had cleared up, and were about putting in props under the centre of each set, which are 7ft long and about 6in. in diameter. They were in the act of putting in the first one under a set about 10ft from the face, and a party of men working on the opposite side of the main drive had just

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MARC GREGLI: A STORY IN THREE CHAPTERS.

By JANET GARROLL.

CHAPTER III.

Marc came at last. On the day after his arrival the unknown guest of the 'Warren Commercial Hotel, came to her; he was Marc Greigli, the man who had so mysteriously retained his self-possession when told of his father's death.

It was so pleasant to have him there to talk to, and so pleasant to see contentment on Marc's face, that she sat under the gaslight looking at him for some time.

They all went to him, even Margaret, and he looked at them all, and he looked at them all, and he looked at them all.

There was a sob in her throat that she checked before she looked at him again, and in her eyes she saw a certain brightness.

Marc Greigli, handsome, unworldly, and good-natured, had been her heart's desire since she had first seen him.

Two days later, Margaret Greigli was married to the man who had so mysteriously retained his self-possession when told of his father's death.

He had a great deal to say to her, and she listened to him with a certain interest.

She was his faithful stewardess. She rested neither night nor day, till the white marble door of the carriage was closed.

words at Warrton, and Fairy's description of the drunken vagrant in the goal, the strong feeling in our minds was somewhat softened.

The three picked faces gave her comfort in the weary, lonely years that followed—Margaret's large comely face, Fairy's delicate dainty form, and Marc's strong, proud head.

Before the winter days of the Thompson Street Ladies' School had a new English governess, and Rosa Evereste found that she was not so much of a governess as she had been.

It was six years afterwards they met. On her way from the school to her lodgings in the street she had passed through five evenings of every day.

It drew his eyes down to her, and when they met her upturned face, how quickly they gathered in their coldness and grey shadows.

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to see me again, you'll be sorry enough; I'll be sorry to that effect. The last time he was known to me was in the neighborhood was about three weeks after that afternoon, in a public-house close by which he used to haunt.

All this greatly amused his rough hearers, who laughed him well with liquor, and generally kept their eyes alive, until the landlord, becoming jealous of the reputation of his house, turned him out of doors.

He was now a man of some means, and he had a fine house in the Strand by the name of the 'Strand by the name of the 'Strand by the name of the 'Strand.

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Forty Years Ago. I've wandered to the village, Tom, I've sat beneath the tree, Upon the schoolhouse playground That sheltered you and me.

But now I've come to you, Tom, I've come to you, Tom, I've come to you, Tom, I've come to you, Tom.

Great was the grief manifested in all parts of the country at the decease of the generous and amiable Mr. Stuart. A solemn and large funeral service was held in his resting place.

Old Munro, who served all his lifetime in the employ of the Stuarts as piper, and other useful situations, had not for some time played except on special occasions, as his pipe was now getting so old that it was no longer fit for service.

At the expiration of about a minute, Ni Buarri took up in his right hand, drawing the back of her left hand across her eyes, and then giving a preliminary grunt, peered into the cup for another minute, and then proceeded to read as follows:—

As some may be ignorant of the art, we will follow Ni Buarri in the performance. My dear friend, having taken the cup in her left hand, drained of the dregs, turning the cup while doing so against the course of the sun.

After this breaking the ice (as Mr. Martyn said), Donald Munro followed her example, when the following was read to him:—'Young man, you will suffer great hardships through malicious enemies, and also a great loss towards the south, but your misdeeds will not be of long duration; the bearer of joyful news will seek you out, will make you happy, and you will become the father of many children.'

Bella was now entreated to hand her cup in; and, in order to please the company, consented, when the following terrible revelation was made by the prophetess:—'Young lady, a bright cloud hangs around you at present, but a terrible storm is descending in the distance, which will envelop you for a time in its dark folds, not only in these parts, but in a wild and far distant country! You will be surrounded for a time with misery and despair, but your true love will dispel them, and will rescue you from the powers of wild men.'

Charlie's fortune did not threaten so many calamities, but was rather discouraging, and read thus:—'Young gentleman, you will also meet with reverses, and many distresses, but your true love will dispel them, and will rescue you from the powers of wild men.'

On the happy couples' entrance under the low roof, his strange occupant hailed the visit of such a racy company with a sort of hospitable greeting which more resembled a grin than a smile, and which had been a stranger to the shrivelled physiognomy for many years.

Her black locks were (strange to say, without any symptom of changing its color) gathered up under a black shawl of hair. Her eyes were small and black, shaded by a fold of skin in place of brows.

When the beverage was prepared, each of the company was served with a cup, and Mary finishing her cup first, handed it to the old woman to read her fortune.

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MOVELIST.

LINDGO, THE WHITE WOMAN; OR THE HIGHLAND GIRL'S CAPTIVITY AMONG AUSTRALIAN BLACKS.

A STORY OF THE AUSTRALIAN PROMENADES.

By ANGUS McLEEN.

CHAPTER II.—CONTINUED.

How long the lovers remained in fond contemplation of each other, it is difficult to say, but they were not until the housekeeper entered with a mournful countenance intimating that Mr. Stuart had awoke from a troublesome sleep, and apparently much distressed.

The lovers' happiness was soon clouded by this mournful intelligence, and Bella instantly sprang up and entreated Charlie not to enter the room for the meeting. He had prepared the chamber, Bella perceived at a glance the trait of the housekeeper's remarks; a visible change of the voice had taken place in his side, he said feebly, 'I am not well, I am not well, I am not well, I am not well.'

The invalid, in a feeble and impressive voice, called the young couple to his bedside; then told Charlie of the indefatigable attention that Bella had paid him since his arrival, and how at his last hour was fast approaching, he left himself in his hand, in order to release himself from the obligations which he imposed upon him, and which he considered sacred and binding on a Christian and man of honor.

The first of these was a cold and formal notice from Mr. McKay, Lord Lundy's factor, stating that nobleman's intentions not to renew Mr. Stuart's lease, which would expire on the 1st of March.

The third, and last document, was a valid contract of marriage entered between the contractors, duly signed and attested according to the substance of the above note, that Charlie and Bella should become man and wife on attaining their majority.

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A Witness for the Defence.

It had been raining steadily all day. It was still raining as I stood at the door of a great London street, when a man in a dark coat and hat, who I had never seen before, came up to me.

I felt tired, hungry, and depressed, so that I was glad to drop to sleep, and forgot weariness and worry for a little while, and I remained unconscious for some time.

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