

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 474]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1885.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning, will be much obliged by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence Street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Order subscribers are only charged from the time of entering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6s. 6d. per line and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANGSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established in the Colonies 1862.
Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for Beaufort, is prepared to receive proposals for all descriptions of Insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Risks accepted on Thrashing Machines, Stocks, and Agricultural Produce.

Profits for the year, £25,355 or £37,870 over 1879.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £33,729 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.

Out of a surplus of £10,736, only £16,097 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

WANTED KNOWN.

IT having come to my knowledge that Subscribers to Daily Papers are charged Nine Pence (9d.) a week for the benefit of the Editor, I hereby certify that the "Ballarat Star," "Age," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be delivered in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA,
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure food and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in 1/2 lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER,
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT
Of the
WEEKLY TIMES
TO TWENTYFOUR PAGES,
Or
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Unions held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to The Weekly Times, namely,

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliamentary Proceedings, and all matters of interest

TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.

The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN THE WORLD
At the Price.

THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT
Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.

In the Weekly Times will be issued a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.

In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Best Cablegrams, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the

WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

Subscriptions per post 3s. 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.

Office: 86 COLLINS ST. EAST, MELBOURNE

NOTICE.

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the

GENUINE "WERTHEIM"
Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC
That EVERY
GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING
MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the
Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a Gnome,
Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" is PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY
TO GUARD AGAINST IMITATION every
GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING
MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA
HAS STAMPED ON the SHUTTLE-SLIDE the
NAME OF the SOLE AGENT for Australasia,
viz.:

HUGO WERTHEIM,
MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly REGISTERED in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,
30 FLINDERS LANE EAST,
MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,
Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.
Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of our "Rival of former years."

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is, or, indeed, was, the largest market for Sewing Machines.

Reasons why the
"WHEELER AND WILSON"
Sewing Machine

Is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair.

The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action.

The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished.

The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
Instruction Given Gratis.

P. De BAERE,
WATCHMAKER,
Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing
Of Every description executed at the
"RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE,
Lawrence-street, Beaufort,
And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

BOOKBINDING
ON REASONABLE TERMS

MINING SCRIP, CALL, RECEIPTS, DELIVERY BOOKS, &c.,
Prepared on the shortest notice

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day Train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, Twopenny.

WARD & LIPMAN,
Commission Merchants,
PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.
EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS.
Advances made on Consignments.
Contracts for Railways and Public Works Solicited.

WASHING LIQUID.
MRS. GILLOCH begs respectfully to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that she is manufacturing a "Washing Liquid," which will be found to materially lessen the labor of Washing Clothes, besides giving the clothes a good color. Warranted not to injure any article, of whatever description or texture; it will also take out paint, and improve colored articles.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—For every 3 gallons of cold water add one half-pint of the liquid, wet and soap the clothes, place in the boiler, and boil for half an hour, then raise in plenty of water; blue and dry as usual. Soap and sock flannels in warm water, and place in boiler when fine white cloth, are taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes; then dry and use as usual.
Sold in large or small quantities. Single Bottle 3d.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
in the following districts:—Beaufort, 11, Lake Goldsmith, Sailor's Gully, in Charlton, Waterloo, Erambone, Creek, Shilo, Traralgon, Burra, Trearham, Skip 4, and Carriagham.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,
ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,
MINING SCRIP, REPORTS, &c.,
PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,
POSTERS, DRAPER'S HANDBILLS,
CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,
SOIREE & DINNER TICKETS,
MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c.,
PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE
AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.

EVERINGHAM, GREENFIELD, & CO.
Wool, Grain, and Timber Brokers,
Shipping and Commission Agents
AND
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
(Established 1864.)
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auctions of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW, and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Literary advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the
CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,
And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT
Without Money or Security
ON
S. NATHAN'S
WONDERFUL
TIME PAYMENT
SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Cash Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks, so that the working and great advantages may be fully understood and appreciated.

As some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase Furniture without paying in one sum the full purchase money, I have devised a means to furnish the poor with the means of life and household necessaries, and to the poor customer to purchase Furniture without paying in one sum the full purchase money. The plan for furnishing, indeed, is always ready, especially for young men, who means to furnish, are obliged to live in furnished apartments or houses at double the rent, or again you might be in possession of a house or apartment larger than you want, and would like to furnish same with view of letting, but cannot afford to pay the same down at once, which would be required of you. To meet these wants I have devised a new and simple system, and I introduced some years ago my time-payment system, "BEING" the FIRST to offer to the public its benefits, and without any extra charge whatever, to simply the price as charged to any customer, and to the general public to purchase Furniture. All goods are open for inspection in my establishment, and prices quoted below purchased, which can be arranged with any firm in the City. A great advantage of my Time-payment System is its simplicity, and as to enter into an agreement in reference to the goods being delivered at once, without delay, the value of the same being paid by weekly or monthly instalments, when they become the absolute property of the purchaser, so that by paying the difference of rent between furnished and unfurnished apartments, or houses as here you actually acquire the furniture by the payment down of small deposits. The Time-payment Agreement is purely a contract entered into between the customer and myself, and the transaction is not published in a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. All goods are at once on completion of arrangement delivered to the full enjoyment of the customer, and no time is lost in waiting for the goods to be ready. My Time-payment System is now become a universal want, and is acknowledged by the press as a public boon to which I can testify personally with great satisfaction by the success of past years, and the patronage I have received from all classes of society. I solicit your inspection of my large and useful stock always on hand and ready to go, which will enable you to judge of the correctness of my representations. I shall always be happy to show you round, and give you any further information if required.

149 AND 151 BOURKE STREET EAST
(Opposite Eastern Arcade), and at
25 ELIZABETH STREET,
MELBOURNE.

Goods forwarded to all parts of the colony on above terms.

ONE BOX OF
CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND
EXPORT AGENTS.

Burynge, Burbridge and Co., Coleman-street, London
Kewley and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.
Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.
Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.
ROCKE, TOMPKINS & CO., Melbourne.
HEMMONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists,
FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists,
Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.
FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists,
Brisbane Agents.

BENKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists,
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists,
NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & CO., Wholesale Druggists,
Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS
FOR THE
RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE
MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH
85 COLLINS STREET WEST

CAUTION.
Do not confound SANDER and SOX'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT with the common Eucalypti Oil, a resinous fluid equal to turpentine, without the pungent vapors of our Extract, and positively injurious in most cases for which our preparation is highly recommended; therefore, ask for SANDER and SOX'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT and see that you get it. The genuine article is made up in vials bearing our trade mark and signature, and for greater safety each vial is secured by an outside green band with our signature and address—

Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRUSHER,
" MAIN LEAD: J. McLEOD,
" CHARLTON: J. DORR,
" BEAUFORT: H. A. GLENN.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

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Shipping and Commission Agents
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Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRUSHER,
" MAIN LEAD: J. McLEOD,
" CHARLTON: J. DORR,
" BEAUFORT: H. A. GLENN.

GRAND DISPLAY

OF
THE FIRST SHIPMENTS
OF
AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS:
AT

A. CRAWFORD'S
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET,

With additional shipments arriving weekly by every mail steamer, consisting of
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT FOR THE APPROACHING SEASON,
Which will be offered at
SPECIAL LOW RATES.

These goods have all been bought direct from the leading English and continental manufacturers, by one of the best London buyers, at the very lowest net cash prices, and method so exceptionally low that customers will not fail to see it to be to their advantage to double and treble their purchases at A. Crawford's this season as a saving of 20 to 30 per cent. will be apparent to any ordinary observer.

The very considerable and satisfactory increase in the returns of last year over all previous years, notwithstanding it was one of great depression in trading, is the clearest proof that the public fully appreciate the superior value and assortment of the goods which are offered at still lower rates, with a view to a very much larger increase in the returns this year, and as every year, with its increased returns, has enabled him to make better arrangements through his London buyer with the English and Continental manufacturers, he is now on the same level as the best Melbourne Wholesale firms. Through these arrangements the goods are received direct from the factories, thus saving all the intermediate profits and enabling him to sell at prices that would be ruinous to others.

The following are a few of many leading lines now to hand—

New Spot Costume Clothes, the latest novelty, Cheviot Spot Foulie decidedly pretty; Cheviot De-liver very choice; Embroidered Foulie, exceedingly neat; Robes and other novelties; Costume Clothes every quality and shade; a splendid job line in Costume Clothes, all the leading shades as 5s 7 1/2 a dress of 12 yards.

The range of colored Cashmere this season is without exception the best and cheapest ever offered in Ballarat, the first line commencing at 10/6 in all shades, a marvel of cheapness.

Several cases of Black Merinos, Cashmires, and Nain's Cloths, &c., just opened, not to be equalled for value.

SILKS, SILKS.
Black Silks, black satins, Merveilleux Ottoman satins, colored silks and satins, Merveilleux Ottoman silks, Broches. Grand value and great variety.

Choice lines in spot satins, spot velvets and broche velvets for trimmings.

VELVETEENS.
A magnificent stock of black and colored velveteens in all the leading shades and makes, including the famous "Sandringham" the well-known "Louis," and "Grand Ideal."

A splendid line in the new Sandringham Velveteen, all shades, at 1s 6d.

Just opened one of the cheapest lines of velvet offered in a Colored Duchess Satin, 22 inches wide, at 3s 6d would be cheap at 4s 4d.

SPECIAL.
A special arrangement has been made for the making up of cheap dress materials at a very much lower rate than hitherto, both in ladies' and children's which cannot fail to prove a great boon to heads of large families.

MILLINERY AND UNDERCLOTHING.
In this department will be shown the newest and choicest assortments, comprising the English and French Novelties, English and French Felt Hats, ditto with Chemise spots and stripes in all Fashionable Shapes and Colors at Wholesale Rates.

A beautiful lot of trimmed bonnets (Felt). A large assortment of untrimmed bonnets in Satin and Velveteen.

Feathers, Felt ditto, the new tiger shaded plumes, birds wings, millinery ornaments and clasps, pins, &c., in great variety.

A splendid assortment of children's knitted wool pelisses, cloaks, hats, hoods, &c., now showing at low quotations.

Coats in all qualities, dim, white, and colored. Underclothing of all kinds, with work and Torlon lace trimming.

FANCY.
The stock in this department is unusually large, containing all the novelties in ribbons. Laces in all the makes and colors—cream, coffee, beige, etc. A large variety of wide flouncing lace.

Bags, Purses, Hairbrushes, Combs. Collarettes, silk handkerchiefs, Cambric and Lawn ditto, Fringes.

Manly ornaments, at wholesale prices. Umbrellas in Italian Cloth, Lavertine, and Silk.

Swiss Embroideries, from 1/6; a beautiful assortment of the best qualities.

HATS.
A splendid stock of mou's hats in French, German and Colonial felts.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 4s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 9d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 7d; oats, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; hay, sheaves, L2 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 15s; potatoes, L2 to L2 17s 6d; straw, oats, L2; do, wheat, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 6d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 1d; bonedust, L5 10s; flour, L7 10s.

ARRARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business in the produce market has not been characterized by any marked animation during the past week. A few sales of wheat have been made, which will serve to indicate the ruling rate. A lot consisting of 40 bags changed hands at 3s 1d ex bags. A 50-bag lot of a first-class sample fit for seed realised 3s 2d ex bags. A good deal of flour has been sent down-country, but local sales have been light. At the beginning of the week a small quantity changed hands at L7 10s per ton, but later it eased, and L7 10s now rules, up-country brands being 6s less. At Horsham wheat has come in during the past week in large quantities, and 3s to 3s 1d now rules. The market is inactive at Donald at 3s 1d, and at St. Arnaud the quotation is 3s 2d. The same figure prevails at Landborough, flour being priced at L7 10s. In this market there is not a great deal doing in oats. A line of 75 bags on Tuesday changed hands at 2s 7d, bags in, and later, 5s 10d was given for 50 bags for seed, but the sample was not a first-class one. There is still a good demand for rye and Cape barley for sowing for green feed. Potatoes have not been so well supplied. Early in the week they advanced a little, but on Saturday three wagon loads were in from Warrambol, and were cleared at our quotations. Hay is coming in up to requirements. Fresh and prime pottd butter is scarce at our quotation. There is ready sale for hams and bacon, and prices coming forward is taken up at the prices quoted. Eggs are scarce at 9d per dozen. The following are the prices current:—Wheat, 3s 1d ex bags, to 3s 2d, bags in; oats, 2s 7d to 2s 8d; pollard, 1s per bus; bran, 10s; Cape barley 2s 6d; English barley, 4s per bus; flour, L7 5s to L7 12s 6d; Warrambol potatoes, L2 10s per ton; Ballarat, potatoes, L2 5s to L2 10s per ton; hay, (sheaves) 6s to 6s 6d; hay (trussed) 7s; straw, oats, 30s to 35s; do, wheat, 25s; chaff, 3s 6d per cwt; carrots, 3s; onions, 5s to 6s; butter (fresh), 1s 1d per lb; butter (pottd), 11d; hams, 11s 6d; bacon, 8d to 10d per lb; cheese, 6d per lb; eggs, 8d to 9d per dozen; rye, 4s per bushel.—Advertiser.

THE AFGHAN QUESTION.

(FROM THE ARGUS.) LONDON, March 28.

The St. Petersburg newspaper, the "Novoye Vremya," in an article dealing with Australia, says it has become an important sphere for Russian cruisers, in view of the growth of Russian interests in the Pacific, and strongly advocates the appointment of a Russian consul-general at Sydney, and of a vice-consul at Melbourne, the latter to devote his attention more particularly to matters affecting the Pacific.

Sir Donald Martin Stewart, G.C.B., commander-in-chief of the Indian Army, has received orders to take the field, and will at once move on to the Afghan frontier with a force of 50,000 men.

Lieut.-General the Hon. Arthur Edward Hardinge, G.C.B., commander-in-chief of Bombay, and Lieut.-General Sir Frederick Sleight Roberts, G.C.B., commander-in-chief of Madras, will have command of the two divisions of the army.

H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught will have command of the reserve containing 10,000 men.

At the various dockyards 30 transports are being expeditiously fitted up for the reception of reinforcements for the Indian Army.

British orders for the commissariat of the army intended to operate in Afghanistan have exhausted the supplies of canned beef available in Chicago.

Negotiations of Russian agents for the purchase of swift steamers in England, to be armed and used against British commerce in the event of hostilities breaking out between the two countries in connection with the Afghan difficulty, have been frustrated.

The Admiralty having purchased the Arizona, the Oregon, the Alaska, and the America, well-armed Atlantic steamers, is having them armed and fitted up as vessels of war. Negotiations are also proceeding for the purchase of several other large and full-powered steamers which will be treated in the same way.

The channel fleet, which sailed a few days ago for a cruise in the Baltic, has returned suddenly.

The Russian Government has ignored the communication made on March 16 by Earl Granville, which it was hoped would lead to an amicable settlement of the delimitation of the Afghan frontier, and has submitted a number of counter proposals, which are now under consideration by the English Government.

The Admiralty are pushing on the operations at the various dockyards, and nine ironclads, 24 torpedo boats are now being equipped for service in the Baltic in the event of hostilities between England and Russia.

TOWLE'S PENNYROYAL AND STEEL PILLS FOR FEMALES quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes 2s 6d, of all Chemists. Prepared only by E. T. Towle, Chemist, Nottingham, England. Agents for Melbourne—Bocke, Tompitt & Co., Wholesale Druggists; Hemmings and Co., Wholesale Drugists; William Ford & Co., 67, Swanston Street.

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest night after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not get put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fellon, Grimwade and Co., and Rocke Tompitt, Melbourne.

Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1885.

THE war cloud which a few days ago was looming so distinctly on the horizon of Europe, which was regarded as the evil omen of impending strife, still overshadows all Europe. War is still declared by the cognoscanti at home to be imminent between Russia and England. The mother country is still making preparations for a powerful concentration of her military strength to guard the Indian frontier, and Russia, as if anticipating the approaching struggle, is said to be bidding for Turkish support. The latter announcement, viewed by the light of the incidents which led to the last Russo-Turkish struggle, when the Ottoman was well nigh exterminated after a desperate fight with the Muscovites, reads strangely and incongruously, and it would be stranger still if the Turk, forgetful of Russia's old designs upon Constantinople, should yield and accord her the assistance she is declared to be bidding for in hour of peril. England had substantial reasons for saving Constantinople from the predatory maws of the Russian bear, and forbade her entering that city for strategical reasons. "The Russians shall not have Constantinople," was the ultimatum of England on that occasion, and the national will, as expressed by the Jingoes of the day, was choiced from millions of British throats. Foiled in effecting a seizure of that important city, Russia is now beseeching Turkey to show her gratitude to England in an attempt to punish the latter for her timely interposition on Turkey's behalf! What if the Ottoman, miscalculating the chances, were to vieged into an alliance, and were to concede the assistance which Russia is seeking? Graditude is not a national characteristic of the Turk, nor does her financial reticence rank too highly in the minds of British capitalists, who have found Turkish bonds an admirable "sinking fund" and a decided drug in the monetary market. But as it is always the unexpected that does happen, it need occasion no great surprise, in view of the fact that Turkey is open to be bought by the highest bidder, if she should yield to the solicitations of her hereditary foe across the Balkans. Such a course would certainly seal her own fate in the future, when Russia, sending Turkey friendless would play a game of shuttlecock with her. In attempting to strike at England through the medium of her Indian Empire, Russia is playing a deep game. The Indians are indeed "foreigners" in the widest sense, and their ways are not our ways. They differ with us widely both in creed and national characteristics, and there will always, no matter how benignly she may be ruled, be a large amount of dissatisfaction on her part towards the British Crown. Though the condition of the toiling masses of the native races has been greatly improved since the memorable mutiny of 1855-6, the best informed writers of the day assert that Russia has secretly, and as far as she could, fostered the doctrine that the Indians must look to Russia for her final emancipation from English bondage! Of course we are looking beyond the possibility of Russia ever gaining a foothold on Indian soil. But it may be asked naturally enough why it is that Russia seeks to establish herself so closely on the borders of India, while solemnly disavowing the remotest design of ultimate invasion? The answer is simple and clear. Not only would Russia with her advanced outposts be so much nearer the desired goal of her ambition, but she would from her closer position to India be enabled the more efficiently to take advantage of any future troubles between England and India to foment interecine strife between the two countries. The policy of England, then, is to keep Russia as far away from India as possible; hence the trouble occasioned by the prospective advances of Russia. It is, therefore, clearly the province of England to utilise Afghanistan as an impedimental barrier to the approaches of the Muscovite. And that England is determined to do this there can be no doubt whatever. According to yesterday's telegrams war with Russia is still regarded in England as being highly probable. But we can hardly bring ourselves to the point of believing that Turkey will go to the assistance of Russia. Such a contingency ought to be impossible, and yet there is no knowing what hidden influences may not be at work to induce Turkey to cut her own throat. If Russia succeeded in wresting India from England or in crippling her power in that country, she would be all the more stronger, and in a better position to obliterate Turkey altogether at some subsequent period. Therefore, it would seem that there ought to be little fear of a junction of Russian and Turkish forces against England. It is reported that the Russian Minister at Constantinople has made the most lavish promises to the Porte for the purpose of securing a Turkish alliance, and if the Ottoman in an evil hour, should seize the tempting bait, the Turk will undoubtedly precipitate a crisis, and at the same time commit suicide. With India conquered, or even British rule disabled in that country, the work of demolishing Turkey afterwards would be a mere bagatelle, and the universal verdict would be—"Serve her right!"

The total rainfall at Beaufort during the month of March was 2.15in.

An English trout, weighing 2½lbs, was caught in Jackson's reservoir last evening by a young man named E. Davis, a visitor from Ballarat.

Pressure on our space compels us to curtail the reports of several local events during the past week, and prevents us from devoting the space we would wish to them.

The English mail closes at Beaufort on Wednesday next, at the usual hour.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week up till Thursday night:—New Victoria, 45oz.; South Victoria, 45oz.; Waterloo 36oz.; Hobart Pastra, 30oz.

At the Riponshire Council on Thursday there were two applications made to the Council, requesting that closed roads in the shire be opened. Mr. Barnes, of Trawalla, was one of the applicants, and Mr. R. Ward, of Lake Goldsmith, the other. The councillors appeared to be rather taken by surprise, and they eagerly carried Cr. Murray's motion which was to the effect that the applications lie on the table for a month in order to afford councillors time for reflection over the situation. The applications were made under the provisions of the 39th clause, second section, of the Local Government Act, 1884.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Lexton Shire Council will be held on Wednesday next.

On Easter Monday the Beaufort Athletic Club will hold their thirteenth annual gathering, and should the weather be fine the meet-should prove one of the most successful yet held by the club. It is no doubt one of the best sports gatherings held in the colony, as testified to by the large number of pedestrians who are engaged, and who come from all parts of the colony. The sports will commence at 11 a.m. sharp, and each event will be run punctually to time, as per the official programme, copies of which will be distributed on the ground free of charge. Amongst other attractions there are two swimming matches, a tub race, three bicycle races, and six hurdle races. The Beaufort Brass Band has been specially engaged for the occasion, and will consist of twelve performers. In the evening a concert and ball will be held at the Beaufort Societies' Hall, when a first-class programme will be presented, and a number of local favorites will appear in songs, dances, nigger sketches, etc. The prizes won during the day will be handed over to the successful competitors during an interval in the concert.

A correspondent points out an error which occurred in our last issue. We stated that the yield from the No. 1 New Discovery Tribute for the week was 23oz., whereas, our correspondent states, the correct yield was 9oz. 18dw.

The manager reports that the shaft of the Kal Kal Quartz Mining Company, Waterloo, is down 113 feet. At the New Victoria No. 2 the machinery is all on the chain, and the work of erecting it is nearing completion. The manager expects to get steam up at the end of the month.

Our Waterloo correspondent reports that the anniversary services of the Waterloo United Protestant Church were held on Sunday and Monday last. The Rev. J. C. M'Cord officiated in the afternoon, and the Rev. A. Adam in the evening. The church was well filled on both occasions, and collections were taken up amounting to £2 10s 6d. On Monday evening the Rev. A. Adam delivered a lecture in the church building, when he recounted the sights he saw during his recent visit to Great Britain. The Rev. J. C. M'Cord presided, and the large audience assembled appeared to thoroughly enjoy the very interesting facts given by the lecturer. The church choir rendered some vocal music at intervals during the evening. Mrs. Milligan presiding at the organ in her usual efficient manner. Votes of thanks were accorded the lecturer, chairman, organist, and choir, after which the meeting was closed with the Doxology.

Mr. W. E. Nickols will sell the Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, furniture, etc., by public auction on the 10th instant. Particulars will be found in another column.

On Wednesday evening last the members of the Adult and Juvenile Tent of Rechabites, Beaufort, assembled in the Societies' Hall for the purpose of making a farewell presentation to the Rev. R. Allen, P.C.R., previous to his departure for Castlemaine. Mr. D. Mason, C.R. of the adult tent, presented Mr. Allen with an elegantly framed 'C's certificate, and in doing so spoke very highly of Mr. Allen's worth as a Rechabite, and as a worker in the temperance cause generally. Master H. Jackson, C.R. of the Juvenile Tent, then presented Mr. Allen with a P.C.'s satin collar, and in a very neat speech expressed the regret the juveniles would feel at losing Mr. Allen, who was instrumental in forming the tent. Mr. Allen having suitably acknowledged the presents, the remainder of the evening was devoted to singing, music, recitations, etc., and light refreshment was provided by S. Whiting. A really pleasant evening was spent, and all present, while regretting the departure of Mr. Allen, went home thoroughly satisfied with the entertainment provided.

A touring party, consisting of sixteen cyclists from Ballarat, Melbourne, and Adelaide passed through Beaufort yesterday, and were entertained at dinner by the Beaufort Cycling Club. A number of the local cyclists, with Captain Andrews, went as far as Burrenbeet to meet the tourists, and on arriving at Beaufort they sat down to dinner, in the Societies' Hall, presided in Mr. J. Cowan's best style. Dr. Croker, President of the club, presided, and proposed the health of the visitors in suitable terms, which was responded to by Captain Burton, of the Melbourne Cycling Club, and that gentleman then proposed the success of the Beaufort Cycling Club. Both toasts were drunk with musical honors. After the dinner a few songs were indulged in, and then the party mounted their two-wheeled steeds, and rode off en route for Arrarat amidst the cheers and good wishes of the local cyclists.

Mr. William Smith wishes us to state that there is no truth in the rumor that he does not intend to contest his seat in the Riponshire Council at the next election.

A reply has been received to the petition forwarded to the Government praying for a reduction of the sentence passed on the young men Pitcher and Hodson, convicted of setting fire to the Mount Cole water-race fluming, to the effect that the Solicitor-General sees no reason to interfere with the sentence, and he has advised His Excellency accordingly.

On the 1st instant the infant daughter of Mr. John Whitfield, jun., died suddenly, and as no medical man had seen the child recently, a magisterial inquiry was deemed necessary. On the same date an inquiry was held by Mr. J. Prentice, J.P., and Dr. Johnston having certified that death had ensued from natural causes, a finding was recorded accordingly.

The first anniversary of the Beaufort Girls' Friendly Society was celebrated on Tuesday evening last, in the Societies' Hall, by a tea and social evening. The affair proved a most unqualified success from every point of view, and was most enjoyable to each and to the other. In the first place the tea was supplied by Mr. J. Cowans, and the edibles were of the choicest, while a number of "girls" waited at the tables. About 200 persons partook of the tea, at the close of which the business of the "social" commenced. The Rev. A. Adam presided, and was supported by the Rev. R. Allen. After the chairman had opened the proceedings with an appropriate address, songs, duets, musical selections, and recitations followed in quick succession, till after 10 p.m. A number of "girls" made their debut as vocalists, and gave promise of something good in the future. A more enjoyable evening's entertainment could hardly be imagined than that which was provided, and everybody was unanimous in expressing their pleasure at being present. The society is to be complimented on the success attained at their first anniversary, and we have no doubt but that the future will develop the talents displayed by a number of the young ladies who took part in the entertainment. Mrs. E. Stewart, who is always to the fore in forwarding any movement which has for its object the improvement and edification of the young, was conspicuous on this occasion, and appeared to say a sort of maternal seipere over the whole affair, and worked hard to bring it to a successful issue.

It is only two years ago since Colonel Fred. Burnaby and a friend were travelling in a railway carriage in Spain. There entered a German who, as he passed, carelessly knocked down the hat of the colonel's companion. As he made no apology the owner of the hat asked him to pick it up, when he gave a snort and sat down. Burnaby, quietly rising from the other side of the carriage, opened the door, took hold of the German by the collar of the coat and a convenient portion of the trousers, and just threw him out of the carriage as if he were a basket. Then he quietly shut the door, resumed his seat, and lit a fresh cigar. There was a terrible row and some fussiness on the part of the police, but nothing more came of it.

The Australian Public is shrewd, and extravagant and irreconcilable pretensions in behalf of a medicinal or any other article excite its distrust. When, however, any attested remedial results, long standing and professional recommendation, corroborate reasonable pretensions, public favour is speedily and permanently secured. This is the case with Wolfe's Schnapps, the ruling specific for debility, indigestion, gravel, gonorrhoea, rheumatism, and many other ailments. Always ask for Wolfe's Schnapps.

The "Benidigo Advertiser" says that on Wednesday, just after afternoon tea, a young woman, who happened to be standing on the platform, observed a peculiar looking parcel lying on the asphalt. Not knowing to whom it belonged she took a closer look, and discovered that it was a roll of notes, representing a monetary value of nearly £100. The finder, with praiseworthy honesty, at once handed it over to the policeman on duty there—Constable Walsh—who immediately ran along the train about to depart asking if anyone had lost a sum of money, but there was no response, and up to midnight there was no claimant, the money having meanwhile been handed over to Mr. Ramsay the stationmaster.

The addition to the revenue which is usually received at this time of the year by the Railway Department from the carriage of grain is this year (says the "Telegraph") unusually small. Producers are holding back with the hope of a rise in prices, and the consequence is that some 900,000 bags are now stored at the various country stations.

RAGLAN SABBATH SCHOOL.

The anniversary services in connection with the Sabbath School at Raglan were celebrated on Sunday and Monday last. On the previous Saturday several young ladies were busily engaged in decorating the chapel, which presented quite a grand appearance, and for which they received a well-merited vote of thanks on Monday night. On Sunday afternoon the Rev. R. Allen preached a short telling sermon to a large and attentive audience. At night the building was again crowded, when Mr. W. C. Thomas preached a very appropriate sermon to the young. The children, assisted by the church choir, sang several select pieces in grand style, which clearly proved that much time and pains had been bestowed on their preparation. Mrs. Lord presided efficiently at the organ. The children also rendered recitations in a masterly manner. On Monday, till about one o'clock, the sky was very dull and cloudy, with every appearance of a heavy fall of rain, very much to the annoyance of the young people, who look forward to these gatherings with pleasure. Thanks, however, to the clerk of the weather, the clouds cleared away, the sun shone out beautifully, and from 3 o'clock till after 7 more than 200 people, young and old, were to be seen indulging in different games, the air being filled with sounds of merry voices and laughter, proving that all were enjoying themselves. About 4 o'clock 100 children sat down to a splendid spread prepared by Mr. James Cowans, and to which they did ample justice, the braising air, and the races, etc., in which they had previously been engaged, having sharpened their appetites. The youngsters being disposed of, the tables were soon replenished, and surrounded by 100 adults, who had their wants attended to by Misses Aldrich, Panther, and Drew. Mr. Cowans here came in for a certain amount of criticism; the principal complaint being, "not enough sandwiches." After tea the room was prepared for the public meeting, which was largely attended, the Rev. R. Allen presiding. Excellent addresses were delivered by the chairman and Mr. C. Waldron. A very long programme of songs and recitations having been gone through by the choir and the children, the meeting was brought to a close with the usual votes of thanks.

RIPONSHIRE COUNCIL.

THURSDAY, APRIL 2ND, 1885.

Present: Crs. Thomas (President) Cushing, Wotterhouse, Murray, Adams, Oddie, Smith, and Lewis. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From the Secretary of the Beaufort District Rifle Club, asking the Council to assist the club by making improvements at their range, and also pointing out the benefits derived by the formation of such clubs.—Cr. Oddie moved and Cr. Murray seconded.—That the request be not granted. Cr. Lewis moved, and Cr. Wotterhouse seconded, as an amendment.—That the surface effect repairs at a cost not exceeding £5, under the supervision of the engineer. The amendment was carried.

From the Secretary Beaufort Cycling Club, asking permission to occupy the Recreation Reserve on Boxing Day, 1885, on the occasion of holding sports.—To lie on the table for a month, as Boxing Day is usually devoted to sports by the Fire Brigade.

From John Daly, poundkeeper at Skipton, forwarding statement of receipts at the said pound during March, 1885.—Received. From Mark Barnes, asking the Council to open a number of roads running north and south and east and west in the parishes of Brewster, Lillirie, and Chestow.—On the motion of Cr. Murray, seconded by Cr. Smith the table for a month, and that a call of the Council be made for that date to consider the matter.

From Robert Ward, Lake Goldsmith, asking the Council to open certain roads in the parishes of Yangerahwill and Chestow, leading from Boyle's farm east to the junction of the Beaufort and Carngham roads, and the roads running south and north to the Emu Creek, and the reserves on the creek. Mr. Boyle stated that he required the roads open in order that he could water his sheep, which he was prevented from doing on the Lake Goldsmith reserve.—It was resolved on the motion of Cr. Murray, seconded by Cr. Smith—that the letter be laid on the table for a month, and that a call of the Council be made for that date to consider the matter.

From the Secretary for Lands, in reply to a letter from this Council, and asking that the attention of the Hampden Shire Council be called to the non-enforcement of the provisions of the Rabbit Suppression Acts by them.—Received.

From a number of ratepayers at Waterloo, asking for a renewal of the license for the building known as the Templars' Hall.—To lie on the table for a month.

From H. Stephens, objecting to the renewal of the license for the Templars' Hall, Waterloo, as the hall is close to his residence, and is a source of great annoyance to his wife, who is ill and delicate health. Besides, there is another hall licensed for dancing at Waterloo.—To lie on the table for a month.

From D. Colwell, requesting the Council to lay on the water to his new premises, at Waterloo, which are situated on the water committee.

From Richard Wilkinson, asking the Council to endeavor to get an old man named Francis Grey admitted to the Ballarat Benevolent Asylum.—Referred to the North Riding members.

From W. H. Uren, M.L.A., stating that the Commissioners of Railways had promised to give the scarcity of trucks at the Beaufort station their immediate attention.—Received.

From Samuel Walker, Snake Valley, objecting to permission being granted to Mr. Howarth to mine on the road near his property.—Received.

From A. Needham, applying to have the water laid on to his premises at Beaufort.—Referred to the water committee.

From the Rabbit Inspector pointing out that the rabbits are very plentiful in Hampden Shire, and that the Council are taking no steps to destroy them.—Received.

From Richard Wilkinson, complaining that the value had rated him for the racecourse reserve, which is not yet fenced in.—The rates not to be demanded until the reserve is fenced in.

From Thomas Costello, Skipton, applying for slaughtering license.—Request granted for premises outside the township.

From the Secretary of the Education Department, asking if the ratepayers' roll can be available for compiling the education census of the school districts of the North, East, and West Ridings of the Shire.—The Department will be so informed that the Council cannot undertake the collection of the census.

From Norman Wilson, Trawalla, asking if the Council will see that the contractors will leave the gates securely closed when taking gravel out of his paddock.—Received.

From the Department of Lands, stating that there is no objection to the proposed ingress in the width of a road, parish of Carngham.—Received.

From the Shire of Marong, asking this Council to withhold their annual grant to the Melbourne Eye and Ear Hospital, owing to the way the son of Mr. William Gunn, of Kangaroo Flat, was treated in the Institution, and through which he lost his sight.—No action taken.

From the Arrarat Shire Council, consenting to join with this council in urging the Government to destroy the rabbits in the Mount Cole State Forest.—Received.

From the Department of Mines and Water Supply, asking for particulars with reference to the reservoir at Carngham.—Complied with.

From the Department of Lands, stating that action is being taken to destroy the rabbits on the unoccupied portions of the Mount Cole State Forest.—Received. From A. Anderson, stating that he is making the necessary arrangements in connection with the exchange of roads in the West Riding.—Received. From the Chief Secretary, pointing out that all applications for public or bank holidays must be made through the Municipal Council.—Received. From the Shire Council of Arrarat, stating that the engineer has been instructed to report with reference to the drain in Mr. McDonald's paddock, Middle Creek.—Received. From H. H. Jackson, forwarding account for £15, as architect's fees in connection with

the erection of buildings at the Beaufort Recreation Reserve, and stating that he is willing to donate all that amount to the committee of management of the reserve.—Referred to finance committee.

From the Shire of Alberton, asking this Council to co-operate in urging their Parliamentary representatives to support some measure for securing assisted immigration sufficient to relieve the demand for labor now generally felt throughout the colony.—Request complied with. Cr. Wotterhouse dissenting.

From the Local Auditor, referring the Council to a previous letter, for a reply to a request to withdraw certain objections taken to the accounts at the last audit.—Received.

From the Lands Department, stating that Mr. Johnston, Crown Lands bailiff, has been instructed to attend to the rabbits on the thirty-five acre reserve at Buangor.—Received.

TENDERS.

The following tenders were accepted on the recommendation of the tender committee:—

NORTH RIDING.

Contract No. 302.—Clearing and draining 30 chains of the Raglan and Gravelly road, and building a log culvert and approaches. J. F. Wain ... £65 0 0

Contract No. 303.—Supplying and erecting fencing in the North Riding. J. F. Wain, 2s 6d per panel, and 2s each for corner posts.

Contract No. 304.—Supplying 600 cubic yards of quartz metal and 100 yards of gravel on the Main Lead and Arrarat roads. Thomas Keany ... £43 15 0

WEST RIDING.

Contract No. 196.—Supplying 500 cubic yards of 2½ inch maintenance metal, making 8 chains of road, and building two culverts, on the Mount Emu and Strathburn road, near Black's Creek. A. R. Slater ... £211 8 9

Contract No. 197.—Clearing, forming, metalling, and draining 29 chains of the Mount William road, and building a stone culvert. J. F. Wain ... £137 5 0

Contract No. 198.—Making a dam at Lake Goldsmith. W. C. Pemblett ... £73 18 6

Contract No. 199.—Making 27 chains of metalled road, and repairing a bridge, south of White swamp, on the Strathburn and Curramben road. J. F. Wain ... £193 16 0

REPORTS.

The rabbit inspector reported as follows:—"I have the honor to report that since the last meeting of the Council poison has been laid continuously on the shire reserves. At Lake Goldsmith the holes and caves in the rocks on the west side are being plugged up with stumps. It will take some time before they are all filled in, as there are only two men engaged at the work. The suppression of rabbits on Curramben is well attended to at present. The burrows are being dug out, the harbor in the rocks destroyed, and the tussocks on the Emu Creek have been burnt. The work will be comparatively useless if the Rabbit Suppression Acts are not more strictly enforced by the Riponshire Shire Council. This matter has already been brought under the notice of the Minister of Lands; therefore it is unnecessary to refer to it further. Poison has been laid by the Government in the Mount Cole State Forest, and on the small reserves in the parish of Buangor; some of the scrub has also been burnt. The conditions of the Rabbit Suppression Acts are not strictly carried out on the unoccupied Crow lands in the shire. There are a number of paddocks near Mount Cole and Raglan, enclosed with brush and log fences, which afford shelter to rabbits. I have not served notices under the second schedule of the Act on the occupiers, but will serve them without delay if instructed by the Council so to do."

The engineer reported as follows:—"I have the honor to report that good and satisfactory progress is being made with the contracts now let, and tenders are invited for seven more, returnable this day. I think it is desirable that both the bridges at Lillirie should be planked and repaired. I beg to recommend that a small dam be made in Mosquito Gully, at a cost of £20 or £30, to feed the reservoir at Snake Valley through the channel cut for that purpose last year. The large bridge at Skipton would be improved by having the nuts tightened up and the timber work painted and tarred."

FINANCE.

The following accounts were passed for payment on the recommendation of the Finance Committee:—

Engineer ... £33 6 8
Secretary ... 20 0 0
Mrs. Taylor ... 1 10 0
H. Cushing, deputation expenses ... 12 0 0
Law expenses ... 8 7 0
J. Loutitt ... 10 10 0
J. M'Dougall ... 1 5 5
J. Whida ... 12 0 0
John Whitfield, jun. ... 5 12 0

H. H. Jackson, architect's commission ... 15 0 0
Rabbit suppression ... 42 15 0
Trevatt and Williams ... 2 6 0
A. Wilkinson, timber ... 14 13 9
G. C. Tucker, timber ... 2 15 0
W. E. Nickols ... 3 17 0
Phoenix Foundry Co. ... 1 12 3

SURFACE LABOR.

J. Whitfield, L14; Joseph Whitfield, L7 4s; W. M'Farlane, L8; Robert Gibson, L8; Isaac Storey, L7 13s 4d; P. Carrigan, L2 6s 8d; Jacob Tompkins, 13s 4d; M. Carrigan, L13 10s; M. Muir, L8; M. Meehan, L10s; Thomas Ward, L6 6s 8d; H. Stuart, L3 8s; J. Peddar, L6 18s; R. Humphreys, L16 16s.

CONTRACT PAYMENTS.

J. F. Wain, £329 10s; P. Page, £55; H. Kahle, £25; A. K. Slater, £50; John Owen, £13.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

The engineer's report was adopted, and tenders ordered to be called for the construction of a dam in Mosquito Gully, Snake Valley. Hampden Shire Council to be asked to co-operate in the cost of repairs to the Skipton bridge as suggested by the engineer in his report.

The rabbit inspector's report was adopted, and the suggestion made by him as to the removal of fences to be left to the discretion of the inspector. The inspector stated that

Poetry.

Only a Pretty Face.

That's only a pretty face,
That's only a pretty face,
That's only a pretty face,
That's only a pretty face.

Novelist.

ORINORA.

A PACIFIC IDYLL.
By DONALD CAMERON.

Author of "Alice," "The Mysteries of Mel-
bourne," etc., etc., etc.

CHAPTER XVII.

What mystic rites,
And what magic spells,
Are these that meet your eyes?
What mystery
Is this that I see?

of draughts, eternal annihilation. He could go
back and put on the electric current as he
had been shown by Aranoah, and one touch
of the wires would end.

CHAPTER XVII.
Sorely a life glides away
Without a break from day to day,
The clock ticks in its silent course,
Volcanic life to burst some hour,
And change the scene with potent power.

We have suffered for our sin, but the explosion
is about finished, and he will withdraw
the evidences of displeasure, and permit
the blessings of the great God Aranoah to be
sent upon us.

CHAPTER XVII.
Sorely a life glides away
Without a break from day to day,
The clock ticks in its silent course,
Volcanic life to burst some hour,
And change the scene with potent power.

throwing their strange lights upon the
hideous masks. Paranoah (Marambola)
occupied the centre of a flaming orb, and
began a series of imposing and mysterious
to do, the faces being at certain work under
the heavens.

CHAPTER XVII.
Sorely a life glides away
Without a break from day to day,
The clock ticks in its silent course,
Volcanic life to burst some hour,
And change the scene with potent power.

utilizes in dealing with a barbarous and in-
ferior people.
The law was common property, vested in
Aranoah, for the use of the whole community.

CHAPTER XVII.
Sorely a life glides away
Without a break from day to day,
The clock ticks in its silent course,
Volcanic life to burst some hour,
And change the scene with potent power.

before they had time to draw back, which per-
haps they would have done, after all, a boy
opened the door and showed them into the pre-
sence of the Wizard.

CHAPTER XVII.
Sorely a life glides away
Without a break from day to day,
The clock ticks in its silent course,
Volcanic life to burst some hour,
And change the scene with potent power.

He looked as if it were a wizard, that is,
like his ideas of one, as he could well look
with a white erasor, wearing black in black
in an arm-chair, leaning back comfortably
for one of the minor-canoes sitting at his side
after dinner. The room had nothing in it
but a table, a carpet, the usual ordinary
furniture, of all apparatus generally supposed
to belong to the exercise of the black art, the
place was void.

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SURGEON'S DAUGHTERS.

By Mrs. HENRY WOOD.

The Author of "East Lynne," in the "Argosy."

"To-morrow!" echoed Mrs. Juniper, re-
provingly; "hadn't you better start to-night?
You children have about as much brains as
some of them, and your papa no more either, in
his own notice." There the company was
invited, and got together, and there's the
establishment. We shall wait cold food,
and sugar, and almonds here, and some of you
peeps will be calling out for fruit tartlets.

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back and put on the electric current as he
had been shown by Aranoah, and one touch
of the wires would end.

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Sorely a life glides away
Without a break from day to day,
The clock ticks in its silent course,
Volcanic life to burst some hour,
And change the scene with potent power.

We have suffered for our sin, but the explosion
is about finished, and he will withdraw
the evidences of displeasure, and permit
the blessings of the great God Aranoah to be
sent upon us.

throwing their strange lights upon the
hideous masks. Paranoah (Marambola)
occupied the centre of a flaming orb, and
began a series of imposing and mysterious
to do, the faces being at certain work under
the heavens.

utilizes in dealing with a barbarous and in-
ferior people.
The law was common property, vested in
Aranoah, for the use of the whole community.

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The Farmer

Scrap.

THE HERD OF SIR HUSSEY VIVIAN, at Park-lee-Brook—of which the private catalogue has just been issued—presents an interesting...

It is much to be wished that similar experiments with milking breeds to that tried at Ebletham between Dutch and Jersey...

The excitement—reported in The Hereford Times as having occurred at Newport (Mon), where judges preferred the Short horns to the Herefords in a class for breeding animals...

A Hereford breeder has done us the favor to send a copy of an ancient handbill which announces that, at the Egyptian Exhibition...

Agricultural Items.

What is cheaper in England than it has been before since 1870. It is now recommended to pack eggs in well dried straw, to keep them fresh.

Scor is one of the most valuable of fertilizers, and should be carefully saved. That from coal is superior to that from wood.

Sketcher.

The Mahdi.

Among the numerous fabulous stories, impostures, forgeries, follies and absurdities, which Mahomet, in order to deceive the people, dispersed in the Koran, was a prophecy that there would appear a Mahdi...

A second one appeared in the person of Abu Obeidallah Mahomet, a Syrian, who, being denounced by the religious bodies as an impostor, fled from his native country to Egypt...

It was seen necessary at Cairo to suppress it; and, accordingly, elaborate preparations for its suppression were made during the spring of 1881...

As Khartoum was a place of the highest importance to Egypt, and could not be held without Sennar, because it drew all its supplies from that province, the first object of the expedition was to drive the Mahdi out of Sennar...

Science.

The Cure of Rheumatism.

TACTICALLY, a very large number of medical men look upon chronic rheumatism and its allied disorders, such as all but incurable diseases. So do most people who have the misfortune to suffer from these ailments...

does manifest indication of our treatment not to be given; and, accordingly, elaborate preparations for its suppression were made during the spring of 1881...

For weeks nothing was known of the Mahdi's movements, but, at length, the most painful news reached Khartoum, that the whole of the Egyptian army had been surrounded and destroyed by the Mahdi...

This victory set the whole South in a blaze, and caused in Constantinople and Cairo profound consternation. The Mahdi was regarded as the most powerful ruler of the Mahdi obtaining a strong following in the Sudan, and diminishing the influence of the Caliph in that country...

As to the Mahdi, he is not in climate alone that you are to look for relief, nor is it from drugs you are to expect a radical cure. We must go to the fountain-head of the evil: we must attend to the organs of digestion, and the system of circulation...

Science.

The Cure of Rheumatism.

Keep the skin, therefore, in constant good health, and the system will be benefited. Keep the bath will strengthen the nerves, and keep open the pores; the Turkish bath, portable or otherwise, ought to be taken once a week, or whenever an attack is threatened...

for this reason: no cook lives who can keep food of that consistency generally swallowed too quickly, and do not get mixed with the salivary juices.

Ladies' Column.

Old Notions Concerning Bridesmaids.

A PLEASANT and graceful usage which still retains its time-honored place in our marriage ceremonies is the appointment of bridesmaids. Indeed, these daintily-attired attendants on the bride have an additional reason for being...

In some parts of the country of Durham, the bride is escorted to church by men armed with guns, which they fire again and again close to the ears of the bride and bridesmaids. At Grimsborough, in Cleveland, the bride is escorted to church by men armed with guns, which they fire again and again close to the ears of the bride and bridesmaids...

On her two pretty bridesmaids did attend, which on her wedding, things amiss to record. And her before these paces twice, Both old in colors like, and lively way.

Miscellaneous.

Heroes.

It is a common error to suppose that the hero of a story is the man who is the most generous and noble of spirits. It is not so. The hero is the man who is the most courageous and brave of spirits.

Chinese Strategy at Foo-Chow.

ARTILLERY-MAN: "The French ships are approaching." Mandarin: "Fire a shot at them." ARTILLERY-MAN: "They are too far away the bullets will only reach the distance." Mandarin: "Then, fire two shots!"

Journalistic Rivalry.

A JOHNSON paper in San Francisco announced the tragic death of a deaf and dumb woman. In due course all the evening papers came out with the last words of the poor woman.

Groaning and Crying.

A FRENCH surgeon has published a long dissertation on the beneficial influence of groaning and crying on the nervous system.

But still the stockings are to throw something too high, and some too low. There's none could hit the mark.

Dance.

BH Nye's Budget.

There are a good many singular incidents connected with the administration of matrimony, especially as it deals out a portion of the peace in a young creature's life...

What I got through, Chailian Henry scolded his bride. I had heard before that he was a very brave man. Then he cordially invited me to ditto. I told him that it might be a mistake...

Next to the bride stood her "best-maid"; this office, though accounted an honor, not being unattended with risk. Three times a bridesmaid was the inevitable prelude of remaining unmarried.

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clients often have great satisfaction in groaning, and that hysterical patient of their experience grows a trifle from crying, as facts which no person will deny.

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There was only one man employed on 6000 acres of land, comprising the Mount Cole State Forest, which was the worst harbor in the Shire for rabbits. He considered that the Government were shirking their duty in not taking proper precautions to destroy the rabbits.

Cr. Cushing introduced Mr. John Jess and a number of other ratepayers residing at Middle Creek, and near Mount Cole, who complained that the Government were not destroying the rabbits in the Mount Cole State Forest. Mr. Jess stated that the Government were merely burning the ferns, which had the effect of driving the rabbits on to the farms in the vicinity. Mr. Dunn said that wheat was being laid in the forest, and the rabbits would not take it at present, as there was too much green grass.

The rabbit inspector was re-appointed for six months, at the usual salary. It was resolved, on the motion of Cr. Wotherpoon, seconded by Cr. Cushing, that £100 out of the North Riding funds and £30 out of the West Riding be appropriated to the Beaufort Recreation Reserve. The President said he wished to withdraw his resignation as a manager of the Beaufort United Common, and it was resolved that he be requested to withdraw the same, which was done.

The Council then adjourned, and sat as a Local Board of Health, when some business of an unimportant nature was transacted.

ADJOURNED ANNUAL MEETING. The adjourned annual meeting was still further adjourned till the date of the next ordinary meeting.

RIFLE MATCH.

We extract the following from Tuesday's "Ararat Advertiser":—"The first of a series of three matches which is to take place between the Great Western, Ararat, and Beaufort Rifle Clubs for a handsome silver cup, was fired off at Great Western on Saturday last. The matches were arranged for by the clubs named on the occasion of the establishment of a union corps, and from the success which has attended the allegation it is very probable that before long the bulk of the local rifle clubs will be associated together. The visiting riflemen were cordially welcomed on their arrival at Great Western, and all the necessary arrangements having been made for the match, the firing commenced punctually at the hour appointed. The conditions were that there were to be seven men from each club to fire seven shots each at three ranges with regulation rifle, three points being allowed to muzzle loaders. As, however, all were armed with Martini-Heuri rifles none received a handicap. Mr. Richmond's rifle was disqualified on the grounds that it was not in accordance with the regulation, having no ramrod, and the wooden stock not extending to the customary length up the barrel, and he had to fire with a rifle he was not accustomed to. A gentle breeze prevailed, but the light was somewhat variable, and this told upon some of the marksmen's averages. Ararat succeeded in winning the match, making a grand total of 436, as against 417 by Beaufort, and 385 by the local club. The highest score during the day was Mr. R. Kilborn, who obtained 75 out of a possible 105. The visitors were very hospitably entertained on the ground, and in the evening were regaled at supper at the hotel. Mr. Mooney, the vice-president of the club presided, Mr. Trouette occupying the vice-chair; Mr. N. Trouette, the president, being absent in Melbourne. Various toasts were proposed and responded to. A Mr. Wilson, a gentleman from Melbourne, who is at present paying a visit to the vineyard village, in complimentary terms congratulated the union on the very creditable shooting that had been done by their representatives, and urged that no effort should be spared not only to associate all the district clubs together, but to extend each individual club, and thus provide ultimately for the training in arms of those who would be prepared to render valuable service in defence of their adopted land. As a mark of his appreciation of the clubs he presented to the union a donation of £5 to be devoted as they thought best for the good of the district union.

The following are the scores of the Beaufort team—W. C. Thomas, 70; A. Collins, 70; J. Chapman, 70; J. M' Rae, 59; J. A. Lord, 55; G. A. Eddy, 47; J. Jackson, 46; total 417.

LANDING OF THE NEW SOUTH WALES CONTINGENT AT SUAKIN.

(FROM THE ARGUS.) SUAKIN, March 29. The Iberia, with the New South Wales contingent on board, arrived at 1 o'clock today, and lay off the Ganges hospital ship. The Splinax and Dolphin, gunboats, are also in the harbour, which is crowded with shipping, unloading camels, mules, &c., which are needed for immediate use. The steamer was received with hearty applause and cheers, and was visited shortly after arrival by Brigadier General Ewart, commanding the Guards, and other staff officers.

The guns were being fired this morning at the camp on the Tamai-road. The enemy is reported to be swarming on the Hasben-hills, and has been seen in the hills 10 miles off. A convoy starts for the zereba to-morrow, and the commandant of the force hopes to be able to join it. The contingent will disembark this afternoon, and march straight up. All the men are in the highest spirits at the prospect of a scrimmage, and if the enemy adopt his usual tactics a sharp skirmish is expected both going and returning from the zereba. The real difficulty in the way of an advance is the want of water. When engaged has been stored at the zereba the march on Tamai will commence.

March 30. The contingent has been attached to the Shropshire Regiment, and the march to the camp was along a road lined on both sides by British and Indian troops, who cheered the Australians all along the route. The reception was really splendid, and the contingent is immensely popular, while the physique of the men is greatly admired. On reaching their camp they were inspected by General Sir Gerald Graham, who said,—"In the name of the forces under my command, I give you a hearty welcome as comrades and brothers in arms, who have come to share the perils and toils, and I hope the glories, of this expedition. I am proud to bear with you the name of Englishman. We belong to a coun-

try on which the sun of hope and freedom ever shines. The heart of every Englishman beats responsive to the magnanimous spirit of the colonies—a spirit which knits us together as members of one empire, pledged her honor to maintain. We honor the feeling which has led you to leave your homes, your wives, your children, and friends to share the perils of the campaigns of a dreary war in the desert against its savages, and we know you will cheerfully submit to privations. All are comrades here. You know that severe discipline is necessary for the safety of an army in the field, and I feel sure you will submit to this now as in actual fighting, remembering that the eyes of your country—the English-speaking races throughout the whole civilized world—are upon you. I am certain you will uphold the honor of the Empire. I feel proud to command such a force, and sure you will do the greatest credit to the colony that sent you and to the race to which you belong." (Great cheering.) Sir Gerald Graham concluded by expressing his intention of putting the contingent on active duty.

LONDON, March 30. The "Daily Telegraph" correspondent at Suakin, in describing the arrival and landing of the New South Wales contingent, speaks in eulogistic terms of the physique and appearance of the men.

THE SCULLING CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD.

The sculling match between Beach and Hanlan for £500 a side and the championship of the world, that took place on the Parramatta River, New South Wales, on Saturday, was easily won by the Australian representative. It is scarcely necessary to say that great excitement prevailed in Sydney, that the race was witnessed by a vast number of people, and that Beach's victory was an immensely popular one. Up to the last, however, the odds in the betting market were slightly in favor of Hanlan. The race was rowed under favorable circumstances, and was a thoroughly fair trial of the two men. On this occasion the course was kept perfectly clear only the umpire's steamer was allowed to follow the scullers. Both men looked in capital health, but in the opinion of experts, both were rather too fine. Hanlan weighed 10st. 12lb., and Beach 11st. 12lb., and the former rowed in his own boat, built by Ruddick of Boston. At the start Beach jumped at once to the front, and thence forward seems to have had the race in his own hands. He never lost the lead. His style of rowing was highly satisfactory. Hanlan rowed gamely, but soon looked as if he had gone "stale." All his efforts to get to the front were promptly answered by Beach, who won by six to eight lengths, rowing the three miles 330 yards in 22min 51sec. At the end Hanlan seemed thoroughly fagged.—"Argus."

THE WAR IN THE SOUDAN.

(FROM THE ARGUS.) SUAKIN, March 30. The convoy from the British camp, with provisions and stores for the zereba on the road to Tamai, has been allowed to reach its destination without molestation from the enemy.

The Australian contingent have received orders to remain in camp until the "Khakee" or summer clothing for the men has been received and issued. They will go out of camp on Wednesday, when, as part of the Shropshire Regiment, they will join in the advance of Tamai.

The troopship Australasian has arrived at Suakin, and is now discharging the artillery, stores, and equipment. She reports on the whole a favorable voyage.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.) SUAKIN, March 30. The transport Australasian, with the remainder of the contingent, the horses, stores, &c., arrived here this afternoon. The officers and men landed this evening, and were received with great cheering on arrival at the wharf.

The New South Wales contingent has been definitely attached to the Guards Brigade, consisting of the 2nd Battalion Scots Guards, 3rd Battalion Grenadier Guards, and the 1st Battalion Coldstream Guards, under the command of Brevet Major-General Freemaule.

A spy has just arrived in the British camp from Tamai, and reports that Osman Digna's followers are deserting him in large numbers in consequence of the successive defeats he has sustained during the past 10 days.

CAIRO, March 31. Advice from Dongola report that the rebellion against the Mahdi in the provinces south of Khartoum is spreading greatly, and that the insurgents hold the important town of El Odeid, not far distant from Hicks Pasha's disaster.

It is stated that as a consequence of the dynamite outrages in London, 1,500 Irish had been dismissed from buildings in the course of construction in East London up to February 14, and reports had been received that a similar movement had been started at Manchester, Liverpool, and other provincial centres.

SHIRE OF RIPON.

Registration of Dogs. NOTICE is hereby given that LEGAL PROCEEDINGS will be instituted against owners of Unregistered DOGS, unless such dogs are forthwith registered in compliance with the provisions of the New Dog Act.

D. G. STEWART, Shire Secretary. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 1st April, 1885.

THANKS.

THE Girls' Friendly Society hereby beg to thank the Revs. A. Adam and R. Allen for presiding at their first anniversary entertainment; also Mr. Wadkin for fruit, Mrs. Burcham for flowers, Mrs. Johnston for loan of cups, &c., and Messrs. W. H. Elliott, R. Jackson, S. W. Mole, and C. W. Tompkins for their kind assistance towards bringing the entertainment to a successful issue.

E. STEWART, Hon. Sec. April 2nd, 1885.

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER.

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors' quantities, and prepare estimates, &c. Address—Messrs. Hawkes Bros., Ironmongers, &c., Beaufort.

Agent for the Imperial Fire Insurance Company

V. R. GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a LOCAL LAND BOARD will be held at the Court House, Beaufort, on THURSDAY, the 16th of April, 1885, at 12 o'clock noon, for hearing of the following applications—

- 19th SECTION. 1 Daniel Mohr, Travalla, 74a, 2r, 23p. 2 Thomas Caulfield, Erambeem, 13a. 49th SECTION. 3 Patrick Caulfield, Beaufort, 20a. 4 John Caulfield, Beaufort, 20a. 5 William P. Smith, Beaufort, 20a. 6 Charles Wood, Raglan, 20a. 7 Henry Smith, Raglan, 20a. 8 John Woolley, Erambeem, 20a. 9 Edward Davidson, Travalla, 20a. 10 William P. Smith, Travalla, 4a. 11 Jessie Callister, Raglan, 20a. 12 Emily Callister, Raglan, 20a. 13 William Callister, Raglan, 20a. To show cause against forfeiture. 14 Joseph W. Kelly, Beaufort, 20a. J. J. BLUNDELL, District Land Office, Beaufort, 1st April, 1885.

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

Easter Excursions. Holiday Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all stations, Deniliquin and Manna Line included (embarassment lines excepted) from 30th March to 31st April, both dates inclusive (Sundays excepted), available for return for one month from date of issue. Example—An excursion ticket issued on the 30th March will be available till the 30th April. When the ticket falls on a Sunday the ticket will be available till next day. The journey must be commenced on the day the ticket is issued, but after a distance of 15 miles has been travelled the journey may be broken at the discretion of the passenger.

Sydney Excursion Tickets.—From the 30th March to the 7th April, both dates inclusive, excursion tickets will be issued at Melbourne to Sydney at the following rates:—1st class, £5 6s. 8d.; 2nd class, £4. These tickets will be available for two calendar months from date of issue, but will not be available for the express train on the New South Wales Line.

Luggage.—Excursion passengers will only be allowed to carry such luggage as can be stowed under the seats without inconvenience to other passengers, and the same must be taken to the van must be at the station half-an-hour before the train starts, and pay express luggage rate for it.

Trains and Vehicles.—From the 1st to the 15th April, both dates inclusive, the Department cannot engage to forward horses and vehicles by any particular train.

Commercial Travellers' Samples.—From the 2nd to the 6th April commercial travellers' samples will not be taken to or from roadside stations except by mixed or goods trains.

Parcels.—On the 2nd April parcels must be at Melbourne Parcels Office 30 minutes before the starting time of ordinary trains.

North Melbourne and Newmarket Stations.—From the 2nd to the 6th April tickets will not be issued at North Melbourne and Newmarket Stations for up-country stations and down-country trains will not stop there. On the same days up North-Eastern trains will not stop at Newmarket. The 5.5 p.m. down and 6.45 a.m. mixed trains are excepted from the foregoing arrangements.

Goods and Haulage.—The 2nd and 6th April will be observed as holidays in the Goods branch, and goods trains will not run. Perishable goods will, however, be delivered as usual. Applications for consignments of powder can ascertain from the Stationmaster at Footscray when explosives will be received in lieu of these dates.

By Order of the Commissioners, P. P. LABRETTOUCHE, Secretary for Railways.

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

TENDERS are invited for the construction of a telegraph line from Ballarat to Staveland. Particulars at the Engineer's Office, Seavoy Street, and at Ballarat, Beaufort, Ararat, and Staveland stations. Preliminary deposit, £250.

Tenders, accompanied by the necessary preliminary deposit, and endorsed "Tender for Staveland Telegraph Line," must be deposited in the Tender Box, Secretary's Office, Spencer Street, at Melbourne, at or before Twelve o'clock on MONDAY, 6th April. No tender will be accepted.

By order of the Commissioners, P. P. LABRETTOUCHE, Secretary for Railways.

Waterloo, near Beaufort.

THURSDAY, 16th APRIL, 1885.

Sale by Public Auction.

At Twelve o'Clock. On the Premises. The Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, near Beaufort, and all the Furniture and Effects.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS has received instructions to sell, as above, all the premises known as the Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, near Beaufort, with Cottage adjoining, and large public hall (detached), Kitchens, Stables, &c. In consequence of the present occupier giving up publican's business, the whole has to be sold.

Terms, Liberal, at Sale. The Furniture and Effects comprise Table, Chairs, Sofa, Piano, &c., &c., Lamps, Double and Single Iron Bedsteads, Bedding, Washstands, Wares, Toilet Tables, Dressing Glass, Clocks, Ornaments, Books and Cookbooks, &c.

The Lax Requisites are Decanters, Tumblers, Wines, Portwines, Trays, Labels, Screens, Venetian Blinds, Lamps, Measures, &c. The Hall Screens, Chandeliers, &c.

Billiard Room—One full-sized Billiard Table, Cues, Marbling Boards, Racks, Pool-pins, Marbles, Forms, Marbling Boards, Racks, and Table Cover. Kitchen Requisites, Cookery Glass, Knives, Pocket Squares, and the necessary quantity of cooking utensils.

Terms Cash. W. E. NICKOLS, Government Auctioneer.

WILLIAM BUCHANAN

BEGS to inform the public of Beaufort and district that he has commenced business as a GENERAL BLACKSMITH and SHOEING SMITH in the premises lately occupied by Mr. Lynn, Neill street, Beaufort, and hopes to be favored with a share of their patronage.

JOBBER NEATLY DONE. Horses shod as they ought to be.

W. BAKER,

Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architraves, and other Millwork, White Lead, White Linseed Oil, Turps, and all other Building Requisites.

Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices. Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

FRIEND PAUSE.—If you want to keep out of the County, drink Dr. Griefendorff's Bohemian Hop Bitters.

GRIEFENDORFF'S Bohemian Bitters. These well-known German Hop Bitters are an excellent tonic, and are invaluable for Liver, Kidney, and Urinary Diseases, Constipation, Poorness of Blood, Mental Depression, Headache, Loss of Appetite, Stomachic Ailments, and for staying off of Rheumatism, and one ill that flesh is heir to. Sold everywhere, Chemists, Storekeepers, Hotelkeepers, Merchants, &c.

BE SURE and say Dr. Griefendorff's Bohemian Hop Bitters. All imitations are worthless. Victorian Consignee—August Anton Ludwig Setzer, 68 Queen-st., Melbourne.

Public Notice.

GEO. H. COUGLE WISHES to thank the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts for the very liberal support accorded him during the twelve months he has been in business for himself, and begs to announce that he is now showing a Splendid Assortment of NEW WINTER DRAPERY, BOOTS and SHOES, at prices that will defy competition.

NEW DRESS GOODS. NEW DRESS GOODS. BLANKETS. BLANKETS. Quilts, Sheetings, Calicoes, Flannels, Tickings, Shirtings, &c.

Men's and Boys' Tweed Suits, Trousers and Vests, Coats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, &c.

Boots Boots Boots GOOD and CHEAP.

G. H. C.'s motto is Small Profits and Quick Returns. He only keeps the best of goods, and as he charges the lowest prices he finds it unnecessary to hold "Clearing Sales" or "quotations" leading prices.

NOTE THE ADDRESS: Two Doors from Golden Age Hotel, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

To Let, A COTTAGE near the Court-house Beaufort. Apply to H. P. HEANTY-CHEN.



Beaufort College.

FIRST QUARTER commences Monday, January 12th, 1885, in the H.C. Church building. Pupils enrolled and classified on Thursday, 8th January, between 10.30 and 11.30 a.m.

TERMS (payable in advance).—Matriculation (boys and girls), £2 5s. per quarter; Sub-matriculation (do.) £1 10s. do.; Ordinary Classwork (do., 14 and over), £1 10s. do.; ordinary classwork (boys only, under 14), 10s. do. Further particulars on application to BERNARD O'DOWD, M.A., Univ., Principal.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT.

Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co. Wm. McCulloch and Co. Fernman, Wright and Co., FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH'S SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS—

American shoring boards 10 lumber do 6 x 1 7 and Scotch flooring 6 x 4 do being 6 x 2 do flooring American and Baltic deals, all sizes 4 out pine weatherboards 6 do do American clear pine 4in., 3in., 1 1/2in., cedar, wide and narrow boards Cedar table legs, all sizes French casements, doors, sashes Mouldings, architraves, skirtings Broad palings and shingles A stock of all sizes of hardwood always on hand Also, GEE LONG LIME.

NEXT TO POLICE STATION J. W. HARRIS, MINING AGENT AND SHARE BROKER, BEAUFORT.

Member of the Ballarat Stock Exchange W. EDWARD NICKOLS AUCTIONEER,

King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer of Land, and Money Broker. Estate managed for Absentees and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat District Conveyancing Limited. Agent for the Victoria Fire and Life Insurance Companies. Agent for the Mutual Assurance Society of Victoria Limited. Houses and Land bought or sold Fests and Debts collected. Trust and Agency Business of all kinds attended at Beaufort on Mondays and Saturdays, any other day by appointment.

Note the Address: W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER BEAUFORT: WOOL. WOOL. WOOL.

TO SHEEP FARMERS, SELECTORS, AND OTHERS. E. J. STRICKLAND'S Ballarat WOOL, HIDE, SKIN AND TALLOW AUCTION ROOMS, Lyndell-street north, near Railway Station. Established 1869.

ACTS AS SELLING BROKER ONLY. E. J. S. is again thanking his numerous constituents (who are Sheep Farmers and selectors) (whose business he makes a specialty) for their liberal support during the past season, can confidently recommend this market as the best in the colony for the SALE of SMALL CLIPS, as past seasons' prices will show. I have therefore most pleasure in soliciting the favor of your support and interest. LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES MADE, whether or not here, Melbourne or Geelong. Prompt Account Sales. Charges—Lowest in the colony.

SALE DAY—THURSDAYS. Any of the forwarding agents will receive consignments, pay all charges, and forward with despatch.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., BEAUFORT, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Grocers, Wine & Spirit Merchants, Drapers and Outfitters,

BOOTS AND SHOES. Ironmongery, Furniture, and Earthenware. MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

W. B. & CO are Importers of Drapery, Earthenware, Glassware, Bedsteads, &c., &c., and, being Large Cash Buyers, are enabled to sell all goods at Lowest Possible Prices.

Customers may rely upon getting as good value for their money as in any house in the colony.

Goods delivered within 14 miles FREE OF CHARGE.

N.B.—Our NEW SHOWROOM for FURNITURE, EARTHENWARE, &c., is now open.

HAWKES BROS., Next Bank of Victoria, Beaufort,

Wholesale and Retail Iron Merchants, Ironmongers, Furniture Brokers, Dealers in Glasgow, Crockery, &c.

HAWKES BROS., Being Importers of Iron, Ironmongery, Bedsteads, Furniture, Oils, Colors, &c., are enabled to offer to the public their goods at PRICES WHICH CANNOT BE BEATEN.

HAWKES BROS., Are prepared to supply FURNITURE and all HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES upon the TIME-PAYMENT SYSTEM.

HAWKES BROS. CHEAPEST HOUSE in the district for Ironmongery, Furniture, Crockery, Paperhangings, Canvas, House Lining, Oils, Colors, &c.

AUTUMN DRAPERY, 1885.

A Very Choice Selection of NEW GOODS Will be shown during the week at BEAUFORT HOUSE.

DRESSES in the Newest Styles, VELVET and SATIN HATS, JACKETS, CLOAKS, FANCY GOODS, FURS, RIBBONS and VELVETEENS in all Shades. A Very Cheap Lot of SKIRTS, and some Beautiful LACE COLLARIES, &c.

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING, and all sizes of the PATENT EYELETTED STAYS, which have given such general satisfaction, now to hand. MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, TAPESTRY, CARPETS, and FLOORCLOTHES Very Cheap. BOOTS and SHOES, and, in fact, all Departments Well Assorted.

An Early Call and Inspection Invited.

H. GUNN.

MELBOURNE PORTS DEPOT

INCORPORATED IN THE COLONY. W. ISARD. FOR OUTDOOR AND INDOOR SPORTS & GAMES.



TAYLORS BOWLS. CRICKET TENNIS BOWLING-CROQUET. V. STEWART BALE MANAGER.

62 ELIZABETH ST MELBOURNE. Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, &c.

Advances on Wool, Grain, &c., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited) Capital, £3,000,000. Reserve Fund, £200,000. Make Liberal Cash Advances on STATION SECURITIES, ENSURING OLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, &c., FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the season. Auction Sales of Tallow Hides, Sheepskins, Leather, &c., three times a week throughout the year. Auction Sales of Grain, Flour, &c. held every Wednesday. DAVID ELDER, Manager. I. YOUNGHUSBAND, Wool and Produce Manager. Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouses, Collins Street West.

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS, STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, Hair and Tooth Brushes, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, SCAPES, SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES, SPONGES, AND ALL VARIETIES OF DRUGGISTS' SUNDEES.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and despatch.

A. ANDREWS, PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, N BELL STREET, BEAUFORT.

Martin and Co.'s Homeopathic Medicines. A. A. wishes to notify that he has been appointed Agent for the above preparations by Messrs. MARTIN and CO., Collins Street, Melbourne.

The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1885.

No. 475]

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be corrected. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when needed to take place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must be accompanied by a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6s. 6d. per line and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Established in the Colonies 1862.
Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for Beaufort, is prepared to receive Premiums for all descriptions of Insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Risks accepted on Threshing Machines, Stocks, and Agricultural Produce.
Premiums for the year, 1884, 35s. or 267,870 over 1879.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £293,730 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.

Out of a surplus of £10,730, only £16,897 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

WANTED KNOWN.
IT having come to my knowledge that Subscribers to the Daily Papers are charged Nine Pence (9d.) a week, for the benefit of the public I wish to inform them that the "Ballarat Star," "Age," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be delivered in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA,
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in 4lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,
BOOKSELLER,
STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT
Of the
WEEKLY TIMES
TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES,
Or
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Unions held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to "The Weekly Times," namely,

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliamentary Proceedings, and all matters of interest
TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.
The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper.
PUBLISHED IN THE WORLD
At the Price.

THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT
Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.
In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.
In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Finest Calendars, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the
WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.
PRICE THREEPENCE.
Subscriptions per ann. 3s. 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.
Office: 86 COLLINS ST. EAST, MELBOURNE.

NOTICE.

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the
GENUINE "WERTHEIM"

Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to
INFORM THE PUBLIC
That EVERY
GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the
Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME.

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Desides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" is PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY
GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINES
SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA
ARE STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE the SAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz:—

HUGO WERTHEIM,
MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly REGISTERED in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,
39 FLENDERS LANE EAST,
MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,
Agent for Beaufort and District.
Machines from £4 10s.
Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."
TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the put of our "Rival of former years."
The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold; the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is over-stocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the
"WHEELER AND WILSON"
Sewing Machine
Is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair. The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.
The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.
The W. and W. is more simple in action.
The W. and W. has less wear and tear.
The W. and W. is better finished.
The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give perfect satisfaction.
LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.
Instruction Given Gratis.

P. DE BAERE,
W. A. G. H. M. K. E. R.,
Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing
Of Every description executed at the
"RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE,
Lawrence-street, Beaufort,
And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

BOOKBINDING
ON REASONABLE TERMS

MINING SCRIP, CALL, RECEIPTS, DELIVERY BOOKS, &c.,
Prepared on the shortest notice

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mail-day Train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, Twopenny.

WARD & LIPMAN,
Commission Merchants,
PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.

EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS.
Advances made on Consignments.
Contracts for Railways and Public Works Solicited.

WASHING LIQUID.

MRS. GILLOCH begs respectfully to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that she is manufacturing a "Washing Liquid," which will be found to materially lessen the labor of Washing Clothes, besides giving the clothes a good color. Warranted not to injure any article of whatever description or texture; it will also take out paint, and improve colored articles.
Directions for use.—For every 3 gallons of cold water add one half pint of the liquid, wet and soap the clothes, place in the boiler, and boil for half an hour, then rinse in plenty of water; blue and dye as usual. Soap and wash linens in warm water, and place in boiler when the white cloth is taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes when dry and rinse as usual.
Sold in large or small quantities. Single Bottle 3d.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,
CIRCULARS in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stockport Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Sailer's Gully, Main Lead, Anglin, Charlton, Waterloo, Burroughs, Bunger, Middle Creek, Shill, Trawalla, Burroughs, Lommath, Strathman, Skipton, and Carngrou.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,
ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,
FAMING SCRIP, REPORTS, &c.,
PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,
POSTERS, DRAPER'S HANDBILLS,
CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,
SOIREE & DINNER TICKETS,
MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c.

PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE
AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

As a Further SECURITY
GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING MACHINES
SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA
ARE STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE the SAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz:—

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Directions for use.—For every 3 gallons of cold water add one half pint of the liquid, wet and soap the clothes, place in the boiler, and boil for half an hour, then rinse in plenty of water; blue and dye as usual. Soap and wash linens in warm water, and place in boiler when the white cloth is taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes when dry and rinse as usual.
Sold in large or small quantities. Single Bottle 3d.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

EVERINGHAM, GREENFIELD, & CO
WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS
(Established 1864)
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auctions of WOOL, SHIPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Literal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we have to notify our clients that we shall also hold regular Auctions of CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and Adelaide (especially) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran, Peas, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM, GREENFIELD & CO.,
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT

Without Money or Security
ON
S. NATHAN'S WONDERFUL TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Cash Prices. No extra charge for time given. Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks thereon, so that its working and great advantages may be fully understood and appreciated. For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public in purchasing Furniture without paying in one sum the full purchase money. The time for furnishing, indeed, is always heavy, many of whom not having the means to furnish, are obliged to live in furnished apartments or houses at double the rent, or again, you might be in possession of a house or apartment larger than you want, and would like to furnish same with view of letting, but cannot afford to pay the sum down at once, or, as they are required, the goods being delivered at once without delay, the value of the same being paid by weekly or monthly instalments, when they become the absolute property of the purchaser, so that he may be free to dispose of the furniture as he pleases, and without any extra charge whatever, as simply the difference of interest between the furnished apartments or houses as furnished, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. All goods are on hand or on order, and the difference between the furnished apartments or houses as furnished, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. All goods are on hand or on order, and the difference between the furnished apartments or houses as furnished, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument.

HENRY BISHOP & CO.,
79 BOURKE STREET EAST,
MELBOURNE.
(Next to the Theatre Royal).
Local Agents Wanted.

HOOD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
OILS, ANALINE COLORS AND DRY-SALTS,
147 ELIZABETH STREET.
FIRST PRIZE
Awarded Melbourne International Exhibition, 1880-81.

SANDER AND SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy, at Rome.

Dr. Cruikshank, Health officer for the City of Sandhurst, certifies to the extract being the most reliable remedy for external inflammation, bronchitis, diphtheria, affections of the lungs, chest, all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds, disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, etc.

PROFESSOR DR. MOSSLER, at the University of Greifswalde, Germany, reports astonishing cures of Diphtheria, Lung and Throat Diseases by inhaling the vapors of SANDER AND SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

Epitome of declaration made before M. Cohen, Esq., J.P., at Sandhurst, October, 1877.—The son of Mr. Raabe was hurt with an axe on the knee. After nine weeks' medical treatment it was declared necessary by Dr. Macgillivray to amputate the injured limb. At that juncture the extract was applied, and the wound speedily cured without amputation.

The daughter of Mr. Junghans, suffering from disease of the bone, as pronounced by Drs. Atkinson and Boyd, was cured just as speedily. Cures of whooping cough, very severe colds, croup, bronchitis, diphtheria, earache, pains in the head (neuralgia), inflammation of the eyes, and that of a severely injured foot; with others of bad legs, wound on the arm with enormous swelling of severe bruises and a sprained ankle (H. Brown), in which case eight months' medical advice was of no avail, are reported by the "Donald Times," "Newcastle Morning Herald," "Cooktown Courier," "York's Peninsula Advertiser," and others.

The extract regulates the action of the kidneys cures dysentery and diarrhoea, and is the surest curative agent and preventative of contagion in scarlet, typhoid, and intermittent fever. For particulars see testimonials accompanying each bottle.

Sold at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per vial.

CAUTION.
Do not confound SANDER AND SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT with the common Eucalypti Oil, a resinous fluid equal to turpentine, without the healing vapors of our Extract, and positively injurious in most cases for which our preparation is highly recommended; therefore ask for SANDER AND SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT and see that you get it. The genuine article is made up in vials bearing our trade mark and signature, and for greater safety each vial is secured by an outside green band with our signature and address—

Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRUSHER,
MAIN LEAD: J. McLEOD,
CHARLTON: J. DONNE,
BEAUFORT: H. A. GORDON.

GRAND DISPLAY

OF
THE FIRST SHIPMENTS
OF
AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS
AT

A. CRAWFORD'S
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET.

With additional shipments arriving weekly by every mail steamer, consisting of
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT FOR THE APPROACHING SEASON,
Which will be offered at
SPECIAL LOW RATES.

These goods have all been brought direct from the leading English and continental manufacturers, by one of the best London buyers, at the very lowest net cash prices, and marked so exceptionally low that customers will not fail to see it to be to their advantage to double and triple their purchases at A. Crawford's this season as a saving of 25 to 50 per cent. will be apparent to any ordinary observer.

The very considerable and satisfactory increase in the returns of last year over all previous years, notwithstanding it was one of great depression in trading, is the clearest proof that the public fully appreciate the superior value and assortment to be obtained at Mitchell's buildings, and is a stimulus also to further efforts at still lower rates, with a view to a very much larger increase in the returns this year, and as every year, with its increased returns, has enabled him to make better arrangements through his London buyer with the English and Continental Manufacturers, he is now on the same level as the best Melbourne Wholesale firms. Through these arrangements the goods are received direct from the factories, thus saving all the intermediate profits and enabling him to sell at prices that would be ruinous to others.

The following are a few of many leading lines now to hand:—

New Spot Costume Clothes, the latest novelty Chenille Spot Foulie decidedly pretty; Crape Develier very choice; Embroidered Foulie, exceedingly rich; Robes and other novelties; Costume Clothes every quality and shade; a splendid job line in Costume Clothes in all the leading shades at 5s 11d a dress of 12 yards.

The range of coloured Cashmere this season is without exception the best and cheapest ever offered in Ballarat, the first line commencing at 10/6 in all shades, a marvel of cheapness.

Several cases of Black Merinos, Cashmeres, and Navy's Goods, &c., just opened, not to be equalled for value.

SILKS, SILKS.
Black Silks, black satins, Merveillex Ottoman silks, colored silks and satins, Merveillex Ottoman silks, Broches. Grand value and great variety.

Choice lines in spot satins, spot velvets and broche velvets for trimmings.

VELVETEENS.
A magnificent stock of black and colored velveteens in all the leading shades and make, including the far-famed "Sunderingham," the well-known "Louis," and "Bean Ideal."

A splendid line in the new Sandringham Velveteen, all shades, at 1s 6d.

Just opened one of the cheapest lines ever offered in Colored Duchess Satin, 22 inches wide, at 3s 3d; would be cheap at 4s 4d.

SPECIAL.
A special arrangement has been made for the making up of cheap dress materials at a very much lower rate than hitherto, both in ladies and children's which cannot fail to prove a great boon to heads of large families.

MILLINERY AND UNDERCLOTHING.
In this department will be shown the newest and choicest assortments, comprising the English and French Novelties, English and French Felt Hats, ditto with Chenille spots and flowers in all fashionable Shapes and Colors at Wholesale Rates.

A beautiful lot of trimmed bonnets (Felt).
A large assortment of untrimmed bonnets in Satin and Felt Material.
Feathers, Fez ditto, the new tiger shaded plumes, birds wings, millinery ornaments and clasps, pins, &c., in great variety.

A splendid assortment of children's knitted wool pelisses, cloaks, hats, hoods, &c., now showing at low quotations.
Corsets in all qualities, drab, white, and colored.
Underclothing of all kinds, with work and Torchon lace trimming.

FANCY.
The stock in this department is unusually large, containing all the novelties in ribbons.
Laces in all the makes and colors—cream, coffee, beige, etc. A large variety of wide flouncing laces.
Bags, Purse, Hairbrushes, Combs.
Collarettes, silk handkerchiefs, Cambric and Lawn ditto, Fringes.
Mantle ornaments, at wholesale prices.
Umbrellas in Italian Cloth, Lavertine, and Silk.
Swiss Embroideries, from 1/6; a beautiful assortment of the best qualities.

HATS.
A splendid stock of men's hats in French, German and Colonial felts.
Fullevans and Zephyrs in the newest shapes.
A rare assortment of boys' fancy hats.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT.
REFORM YOUR TAILOR'S BILL.
Why pay double and trouble the price for your clothing when you can get a really choice and good
TWELVE SUIT MADE TO MEASURE for £210s
And
Trousers to Measure for 12s 6d.
A perfect fit guaranteed, and nearly 100 patterns to select from. Undeniably the best and cheapest ever offered in Victoria.

TEST THIS FACT BY TRIAL.
A splendid variety of gent's ties and scarves. Boys, silk handkerchiefs, studs and collars.
White Shirts, Regatta do, all sizes and prices.

Colored Crimean, cotton and Moreskin shirts, at low rates.
Wool, Merino, and cotton pants and singlets all prices.
Braees, Cambric handkerchiefs, travelling bags.
A large stock of men's half hose, commencing from 4d per pair.

A grand stock of Bliss, Scotch and German tweeds, worsted coatings, Venetians, &c., &c.

A. CRAWFORD,
MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,
STURT STREET,
BALLARAT.

Important Notice.

MR. W. HARTLEY,
DENTIST SURGEON, STURT STREET, BALLARAT.
(Over Dr. Davie's, Photographer).
101 Talbot Street, Glasgow, N.S.W.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated. Broken Teeth stopped from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience, cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth or requiring more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Especially a caution given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years pain the mouth for mastication and appearance.
ADVANCE FREE. Testimonials, both English and Colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at
MR. ANNE'S, Pharmaceutical Chemist, No. 11 Street Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.
And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 9 to 12 a.m., where all necessary information can be given.

WATERLOO COACHES.
COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—
From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places, and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.
From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, 4.5 p.m.
Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m.
Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.
Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days. One Shilling and Sixpence single fare, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOYLES, Proprietor.

HOPPER'S MILK PUNCH
GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR
VITE

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufactory, Snake Valley, Carngrou.

"Diseased Nature often breaks forth in strange eruptions."—Act III, Scene 1.

TO THE PUBLIC.

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 4s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 9d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 7d; oats, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; hay, sheaves, L3 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 15s; potatoes, L1 to L1 17s 6d; straw, oaten, L2; do, wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 6d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 1d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L7 10s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business has been greatly interfered with during the past week by the holidays, and there is scarcely any change to report in the prices previously given. No sales of either wheat or flour have come to our knowledge, but buyers are offering 3s 3d for the former, bags returned, whilst local flour is quoted at L7 12s 6d, and up-country brands at L7 5s. The latest advice from Horsham price wheat at 3s 1d to 3s 1 1/2 per bushel. The Donald quotation is 3s 1d, and the St. Arnaud 3s 2d. At Landsborough wheat rules at 3s 2d, and flour at L7 10s. Owing to the holidays no market reports appear in the Melbourne or Ballarat papers. In this market there has been scarcely anything done in oats; one or two unimportant sales having been made at 2s 8d per bushel, bags in. Warramboul potatoes are not coming in in great quantities. The late rates have made the roads a little heavy, and in consequence prices have firmed somewhat, and L2 10s to L2 15s is obtained for all forward. Hay is supplied at about up to requirements at late rates. There is a good demand for both fresh and potted butter at our prices, and hams and bacon are readily fetched. Eggs are very scarce, and are also wanted 1s per dozen.—We quote:—Wheat, 3s 2d; oats, 2s 3d; pollard, 1s; bran, 11d; Cape barley 2s 9d; English barley, 4s; peas, 2s 10d to 2s; flour, L7 5s to L7 12s 6d; Warramboul potatoes, L2 15s per ton; Ballarat potatoes, L2 5s to L2 10s per ton; hay, (sheaves) 6s to 6s 6d; hay (trussed) 7s; straw, oaten, 30s to 35s; do, wheaten, 25s; chaff, 3s 6d per cwt; carrots, 3s; onions, 5s 10d; butter (fresh), 1s 1d per lb; butter, (potted), 11d; hams, 11d per lb; bacon, 9s 1d to 10d per lb; cheese, 6d per lb; eggs, 1s per dozen; rye, 4s per bushel.—“Advertiser.”

COLONEL BURNABY.

In an article sketching the career and personal characteristics of the late Colonel Fred Burnaby the “Daily News” remarks that in the list of the dead at Abu Klea there is no line that will strike a wider chord of pained sympathy than that which records his name. His renown was world-wide and he was in many ways a remarkable man. His personal appearance as he sauntered down the street, or as he sat on horseback on parade, never failed to attract attention. The hardships undergone by him in his ride to Khiva and in his later expedition to Asia Minor, had begun to tell upon him. He suffered grievously from heart disease, and with his accustomed gay courage every hour faced the consciousness of the probability of sudden death. In his youth he was passionately fond of gymnastics, in which he excelled above all his fellows. There used to be in one of his clubs a colossal dumb-bell in a glass case, with the offer of a heavy wager that no man would hold it out at arms length for the space of sixty seconds. The wager was never won, though Burnaby made nothing of accomplishing the feat. Among the many stories of his physical prowess one relates to a period shortly after he joined the Blues. The regiment was down at Windsor, and a horsedealer, who had come into possession of a couple of very small ponies, had taken them thither by command to exhibit them to the Queen. Before going to Castle he showed them to the officers of the Blues to whom a happy thought occurred. Burnaby, who was captain then, was in his own room on the first flight. With some trouble the ponies were got upstairs, and the door quietly opening they trotted in unannounced. This was a capital joke and a great success. But, as present played it had a gloomy side. The ponies had gone upstairs quietly enough, but neither force nor entreaty could induce them to go down. The hour approached at which they were to be presented to the Queen, and the owner was in despair. Burnaby settled the matter off-hand. Taking a pony up in either arm, he walked downstairs and set them in the courtyard. Probably no man in the army or out of it took such infinite pains to get killed as Burnaby did. In times of peace he was always going up in a balloon, as affording the maximum of danger with the minimum of preparation. He had been up altogether thirteen times. His last adventure in this direction was a little less than three years ago, when, having been some accidents to people trying to cross the channel in a balloon, the enterprise attracted Burnaby, who safely accomplished the journey.

Recently the tomb of Edward III, in Westminster Abbey was opened and the body of “Longshanks,” as he was called, was found in a remarkably good state of preservation. The flesh of the face had turned to a yellow powder, but the part of the hair was still there, and the shape and form of the body remained intact. Around the head was a narrow silver band, on which was engraved his name. The remains were placed in the tomb 600 years ago.

TOWLE'S PENNYROYAL AND STEEL PILLS FOR FEMALES quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. BOTTED 2s 6d, of all Chemists. Prepared only by E. T. Towle, Chemist, Nottingham, England. Agents for Melbourne—Roeke, Tompsett & Co., Wholesale Druggists; Hennons and Co., Wholesale Druggists; William Ford & Co., 67, Swanston Street.

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest night after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fellon, Grimwade and Co., and Roeke Tompsett, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Bennett, A. Croker, Mitchell, and Wright; Clough, J.; Conway, J. B. Dunn James; Hancock, A. Martin, Lizaie; Manager, South Defiance Gold Mining Company; Miller, J. Pimblett, W. C.; Phillips, C. E. Tuddenham, Dennis. Welsh, W.; Whitfield, J. sen.; Whitfield, J. jun.; Wilcock, Henry; Watts, William.

E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 10th, 1885.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1885.

WITH the present issue of this journal it is our painful duty to record the death of two prominent members of the political stage—the Hon James Macpherson Grant, one of the parliamentary representatives of the Avoca electorate, and of Mr. Hugh McColl, M.P., of water conservancy fame, and of North-western canal notoriety. Both men in their day have played many important parts, and each will be missed in his own peculiar sphere. Mr. Grant who has been closely identified with liberal land legislation ever since 1855, when he first sought political honors, and was chosen to represent the Bendigo District in the Assembly, took part in the framing of the new Constitution, and many other measures based upon liberal principles. But it is more particularly in connection with land liberalisation that his name will be handed down to posterity. He will long be remembered as one of the pioneers in the now historical movement designed to encourage the settlement of the people on the land, and to promote the two industries of mining and agriculture. Mr. Grant, who married a sister of Mr. D. Gaunson, had of late suffered acutely from a paralytic stroke, which completely invalidated him, and finally culminated in his demise at Brighton at a quarter to 11 o'clock on Wednesday night. The career of such men as Mr. Grant in these colonies, which afford peculiar scope for men of marked individuality of character, is instructive. He was a native of Inverness, Scotland, was born in 1822, and was consequently 62 years of age at the time of his death. He first settled in Sydney when he was 14 years of age, and was afterwards articled to a legal firm there. But before completing his indentures he went to New Zealand, and took part in the Maori war, fighting with the renowned “Johnny” Heke. He afterwards completed his legal training in Sydney, and it is proof of his merits that he was subsequently taken into partnership by the firm to whom he had been articled. He later on set sail for San Francisco in a vessel of which he was part owner, but the enterprise was a failure. After returning to Sydney in 1852, he migrated to Victoria, and in 1854 was practising in Melbourne as a solicitor. It was about this time that he married Miss Gaunson, sister of Mr. David Gaunson. Having represented the Sandhurst Borough for several years, he retired for a brief period, until 1859, when he consented to contest the Avoca constituency, was successful, and has held the seat ever since. The Heales Ministry in 1862 was the first Administration in which he held office as Minister of Public Works. It was in 1865, that Mr. Grant introduced his famous Land Act with the popular 42nd clause, with which we are all more or less acquainted. Mr. Grant overhauled the Lands Office, and earned great popularity in consequence of this work and the liberal views he espoused in the interests of the working classes. Still, even this measure was not without its defects as evidenced by the dunnymism which assisted in the creation of so many large estates by capitalists. The Darling episode in 1868 led to the collapse of the Ministry, and after the Sladen regime, which was of brief duration, the memorable Mculloch Government again came into office, and was succeeded by the Macpherson Administration, but Mr. Grant was not again in office until 1871, when he was once more head of the Lands Department under the Duffy Ministry. This Government was defeated in 1872 by the Opposition of which the late Mr. James Francis was the leader. The next move of importance on the political chessboard was the formation of the first Berry Government, Mr. Grant holding a portfolio as Minister of Justice. The particulars with regard to the overthrow of the late Government are too recent to need recapitulation; but it is to be recorded that when Mr. Grant retired temporarily from Office in 1870, the proposal was made in Parliament to vote him a gratuity of £7000 for his distinguished services to the State; but although the idea found general favor with the Assembly, Mr. Grant declined to receive it, alleging that it would inevitably lead to a collision with the other branch of the Legislature. The vote was, therefore, never made, and no doubt Parliament will, if necessary, now make any amends. Mr. Grant, it should be mentioned, however, took office as Chief Secretary in the Sir Bryan O'Loughlin Government, and as Minister of Education; but when that Ministry was ousted, he retired to the Ministerial corner, where he remained during the last two or three years in comparative obscurity. His obsequies took place on Good Friday, and thus ended the career of a

man, once the idol of the hour, who played many parts, was beloved by thousands, who regarded his chief failing with a pitying and sympathetic eye, and who is still destined to figure largely on the pages of history. Few men were more universally beloved and respected than the Hon. James Macpherson Grant. His life was a living protest against the formation of a colonial nobocracy, and he never—unlike some of the superficial political dandies who have jumped into power on the shoulders of the people, and who even now carry their heads high, while spurning those who helped them into place and pay—forgot a former friend or acquaintance, however humble or low down in the social scale of life. He is now gone, and we fervently join in the general and mournful acclamation—“Peace be to his ashes!” Of the death of Mr. Hugh McColl we must take a future opportunity to speak. He was 65 years of age, and was incessant in season and out of season in advocating the canalisation of the Western Province and irrigation works generally. His merits will be more fully recognised hereafter, for if there is one thing more than another which this country requires to ensure its fullest possible development it is water everywhere. Every new comer from America and Europe—men who live in advance of the times—see this at a glance, and some of them aver that waterways, with an extensive system of reclamation, would prove of incalculable advantage in developing the natural resources of this fertile country. It is obvious that, beneficial as railways are, we must raise and produce in ample abundance before they can be made remunerative to the State; and the best and, indeed, the only certain means of achieving this end in a dry and arid country like this, is to use the fertilising agency of water, and thus make even the waste places of the earth “blossom as the rose.”

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—New Victoria, 65oz.; Royal Saxon, 37oz.; South Victoria, 34oz.; Waterloo, 18oz.; Hobart Pasha, 10oz.

A general meeting of the shareholders in the Beaufort Wood Company was held at the Camp Hotel, Wednesday evening last. The principal business, however, lapsed, as the meeting had not been legally convened. From a notice which appears in another column it will be seen that a meeting will be held on the 21st inst.

The committee of the Beaufort Agricultural Society met at the Shire Hall on Saturday last, when the following additional awards for extra exhibits were made:—Miss A. Greenwood, £2, for a collection of paintings and drawings and lace work; Miss Kate Smith, 10s, for point lace; Mr. T. A. Graham, 15s, for Cochon fowls; a certificate of merit was awarded Mr. R. Andrews for a jump-seat buggy, and a certificate was also awarded Mr. H. Cushing for a spinning-wheel. The prizes, as per list prepared by the secretary, were passed for payment. A number of accounts were passed for payment and the committee complimented the secretary on the success of the show, financially and otherwise.

A Police Court will be held at Beaufort on Monday next.

The sale of the Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, advertised to take place on the 16th inst., has been postponed till the 23rd inst.

Diphtheria is still prevalent at Waterloo. The disease has made its appearance in several families, but only two fatal cases have occurred.

A deputation of the unemployed waited on the Crown Lands Commissioner in Adelaide yesterday. Mr. Playford, addressing the men, said, “Why don't you go to the country and try and find something to do, instead of prowling about the streets of Adelaide? It is a sickening sight to see strong able-bodied and healthy men smoking pipes at the corners of the streets instead of proceeding to the country for work.”

Commencing on Tuesday, the 21st inst., the P. and O. contract mail steamers will sail fortnightly on Tuesdays, instead of on Thursdays, until Tuesday, September 22, inclusive, after which the Thursday sailings will be resumed. This alteration is in accordance with the terms of the contract, which allows two days longer for passages during the time when the monsoons usually prevail.

Mr. G. E. Bouchier, the well known Chairman of the Avoca Water Trust and late President of the Korong Shire Council, has definitely determined to contest the vacant seat in the Avoca electorate, and Mr. Barrett, Solicitor, of Dunolly, will also seek election. He addressed the electors at Charlton on Wednesday evening.

The Melbourne correspondent of the “Ararat Advertiser” writes:—“Few people in these days of rapid and complete telegraphic communication know of what comparative recent date is the fulfilment of Ariel's prophecy that the world would be circled with a magic belt.” I have now before me an extract from a Melbourne journal, of 1850, in which the following passage occurs:—“A project has been announced in the journals which might justly be regarded as the creation of some candidate for Bedlam.” The project we allude to is to carry a telegraph communication across the Atlantic! Your readers will note that the writer of this sentence ends with a note of exclamation, the greater to emphasize his meaning. Now the difference between 1850 and 1885 is but thirty-five years, and yet now-a-days we have several submarine cables in full working order, and projects mooted for the laying of others.

What the Sunshine is to the Unwarmed Soul, the dew to the thirsting flower, what a breath of cool air is to the spirit that is confined to a heated atmosphere, the stars to the night, the oasis to the desert, love to the heart, and religion to the soul, is Wolfe's Schnapps as a diuretic to those affected with urinary troubles, a tonic to the debilitated, an invigorant to the convalescent, and a cordial to weak stomachs, lost appetites, and delicate nerves. Always ask for Wolfe's Schnapps.

A novel suggestion is made in the “Bendigo Advertiser,” which says:—“We have hundreds of bicyclists in this colony; it would not be bad training if they practised travelling with a rifle slung across their shoulders. There is no telling what may happen, and a force of a thousand men, who could travel sixty or seventy miles a day would be no slight value.”

A portable fire engine has been sent to the Warramboul Post Office, by the Government for use in the event of fire. It is (says the “Standard”) about the size of an oldrum, with a length of hose about four feet attached. Inside a quantity of alkali and water is placed, and above this an acid in a small vessel is kept from the water by means of a ball. The engine is kept charged, and when required to be used it has only to be turned on to its side when the water and alkali come in contact with the acid, and a gas is generated which forces the mixture through the hose. The engine after use is to be re-charged, and is again ready for emergency.

New York proposes to have a public newspaper library. Two copies of all the leading newspapers in the world will be taken, and their entire contents—prose, verse, even advertisements—will be cut out, classified, dated and indexed in the minutest manner, and then pasted in small scrap-books for reference. Such a collection will be of the greatest value to all writers on history, local matters, politics and the like.

Personally, the Mahdi is described by Colonel Stewart as “tall, slim, with a black beard and light brown complexion. Like most Dongolawis, he reads and writes with difficulty. He is local head of the Gheelan or Kadrigie order of dervishes, a school originated by Abdul Kader-el-Ghulami, whose tomb is at Bagdad. Judging from his conduct of affairs and policy, I should say he had considerable natural ability. The manner in which he has managed to merge the usually discordant tribes together denotes great tact. He had probably been preparing the movement for some time back.”

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not identify ourselves with the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate.

Sir,—Please to allow me space in your paper to show the public that there must be gross mismanagement or dishonesty in our Postal Department. I posted a letter on Sunday, March 29th, at the post office, Beaufort, addressed to my wife in Rubicon street, Sebastopol, containing money (in the presence of a witness). I have been in the habit, for this last thirteen or fourteen years, of sending through the same office, and never had a letter which did not reach its destination; but this one has not reached Sebastopol. I am not the only person whose letters have not reached their destination from the same office.

JOHN McGRANE, Beaufort.

WAR WITH RUSSIA IMMINENT.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BALLARAT, Friday.

News was received here to-day from Melbourne that a great sensation has been caused by the publication this morning of the following cablegram:—“London, 9th April, afternoon. Intelligence was received here this morning that a collision occurred between the Russian troops, under General Komaroff, on the banks of the river Khushk, in the Jemshide country, (one of the upper branches of the Murghab). The news has created great excitement in London, and throughout the country. To-day, on the meeting of the House of Commons the Government were immediately questioned as to the correctness or otherwise of the reports. Mr. Gladstone rose to reply, and made a statement confirming the above intelligence, and declaring that the Russian attack on the Afghans was entirely unprovoked. Her Majesty's Government had therefore, he said, demanded an immediate explanation from Russia. Mr. Gladstone further stated that he had received a telegram from St. Petersburg informing him that M. De Giers, Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, had expressed to Sir Edward Thornton, the British Ambassador there, the hope of His Majesty the Czar that the “incident” would not result in a stoppage of negotiations between the two Powers.

M. D. Giers had further declared that the Russian officers at the outposts were not aware, at the time of the collision, that an arrangement had been concluded on the 13th March, whereby Russia pledged herself not to advance further pending the issue of negotiations with England for determination of the frontier boundaries.

An “Age” extraordinary contains the following telegrams from its London correspondent:—“Mr. Gladstone has stated that from information he regards the occupation of the Punjab by the Russian forces as certain. M. De Giers denies that the reported conflict between the Russian and Afghan forces was owing to the fact that war is regarded as inevitable. The Agents-General are making every effort to complete their purchases of war materials for their respectable colonies. Russian stocks are unsaleable. Consols are falling.”

THE AFGHAN DIFFICULTY.

CALCUTTA, April 9. News has just been received that on the 30th ult. a Russian force under General Komaroff attacked the Afghans on the banks of Kusk (Khash), about 100 miles north of Herat.

A severe engagement took place, in which the Afghans were utterly defeated. Their losses were enormous, amounting to 500 men killed, and the whole of their entire camp were captured by the Russians.

The Russian loss was slight, amounting only to 11 killed and 29 wounded. No particulars are yet to hand as to the forces engaged, but they are thought to have been considerable.—Reuter's cablegram.

LEXTON SHIRE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY 8th APRIL 1885.

Present.—Crs. Pinch (President, in the chair), Spiers, Gordon, Douglas, Laidlaw, Leadbeater and McKenzie.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From the Bank of Australasia, Ballarat, acknowledging the receipt of certain sums of money.—Received.

From A. M. Smith, Ballarat, accepting the office of public analyst for the Shire of Lexton at the terms mentioned by the Council.—Received.

From the Marong Shire Council, complaining of the treatment received by one George Gunn at the Melbourne Eye and Ear Hospital, and asking this Council to withhold their annual grant to that institution.—Consideration of this letter was held over till a future meeting.

From the Central Board of Health, asking if this Council had made any registrations under Act No. 782, referring to infant life protection.—Received.

From the Education Department, asking if the machinery employed by the Council for collecting rates or compiling the ratepayers' roll can be rendered available for collecting the Education census in the Shire.—Received.

From the Department of Public Works, acknowledging receipt of letter applying for a special grant to assist the council in maintaining the Wimmera main road, and asking for particulars as to the cost of the proposed work and the amount of money the council is prepared to contribute.—Received.

From Same, stating that the Minister would be pleased to receive deputation in support of a special grant for the maintenance of the Wimmera road on Tuesday, 31st March, at 11 a.m.—Received.

From the Education Department, acknowledging letter from this council which stated that an officer of the council would collect the Education census for the sum of £15, and stating that the offer was submitted to the Minister, who accepted the offer.—Received.

From the Royal Commission of Water Supply forwarding a schedule of questions intended to be addressed to landholders for the purposes of the commission.—The secretary was empowered to answer the questions to the best of his ability.

From the Health Officer, reporting that two cases of diphtheria had occurred at Waterloo, one of which had proved fatal; and also a case of whooping cough in the Doctor's Creek district.—Cr. Leadbeater said that the second child, named Stevens, had since died.

From the Talbot Shire Council, stating that the managers of the Lilliecur Common have instructed the herdsman to make inquiries and advertise in the local paper requesting all parties who wish to utilise the common to appear at the next meeting of the Council and state their grievance previous to dealing with the matter; and also expressing surprise that a neighboring local body should interfere with the management of any common not under their control.—The president pointed out that the greater portion of the common was in the Shire of Talbot, and hence the management of the common was in the hands of that Council. On the motion of Cr. Spiers, seconded by Cr. Leadbeater it was resolved—That the Minister of Lands be requested to take the necessary steps to have the common put to its proper use.

From Joseph Fraser, contractor, asking the Council to take a few yards of metal he has at the Springs and at Sir S. Wilson's gate, on the contracts finished some time since.—Resolved, that the metal be purchased at schedule price.

THE GROUP MEETING.

The President stated that he had attended the group meeting held in Ballarat, when it was resolved to recommend that the closed roads in the colony be classified, and let to adjacent landholders, the revenue to revert to the Shire Councils.

MAIN WIMMERA ROAD.

The President stated that he and the Secretary had waited on the Minister to ask for a special grant towards the maintenance of the main Wimmera road. They received the usual reply, which was to the effect that their request would receive due consideration.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Cr. Spiers said he wished to make a few remarks with reference to the tender called for the erection of a bridge at the Amphitheatre Basin. He pointed out that it was on the motion of Cr. Laidlaw, and seconded by a member of another riding that the work was ordered to be carried out. He considered that the members of each riding should meet in caucus and decide which work should be carried out first, and he thought it bad policy on the part of members of other ridings to vote when any question was involved as to the expenditure of money out of their ridings, and of which work they knew nothing. He again protested against the work being carried out, as it was not required so much as works in other parts of the riding. He did not consider that the riding funds would allow of the construction of the bridge, and produced figures to prove this assertion. He did not object to the construction of the bridge out of any antagonism to Cr. Laidlaw, but he considered that there were other works more needed, and there was not sufficient funds available at present, and on these grounds he objected to a tender being let for the work.

Cr. Laidlaw said that the people residing in the locality of the proposed bridge had erected a temporary structure, and he considered that the work was a very urgent one, and should be done at once. The President said that the better way would be to let the matter stand over till next year.

Crs. Gordon and McKenzie expressed themselves as opposed to Cr. Spiers' view as to the right of members of other ridings to vote on matters outside their ridings. It was against the will of the Council. Cr. McKenzie said the work of erecting this bridge was on the estimates, and he knew that the ratepayers were in favor of the work being done.

RABBIT DESTRUCTION.

The rabbit inspector for the North and South Ridings reported as follows:—“I have the honor to report that since my appointment I have visited all the most infested dis-

tricts in the North and South Ridings, and also served 105 notices upon farmers living in the two ridings. I was extremely anxious to have all the notices duly served in the month of March, but owing to my not receiving them earlier, some eight or ten had to be held over till April. The pest is in great force in the South Riding, especially so in some portions of it, and I am afraid that unless the proprietors of land in those particular portions take action simultaneously anything like an abatement, much less an eradication, of the evil will prove a most formidable task. There are, too, some bad places in the North Riding, but they are not to be compared to those I have seen with my own eyes in part of the South Riding. Gentlemen, you will at once perceive that my time has been fully taken up in serving the printed notices, and in covering as much as I possibly could of the country in which the pest abounds. Next month I hope to be able to furnish to you more detailed information as to what is being done by the farmers to exterminate the evil complained of. I would like, if it were possible, and should meet with your approval, to be furnished with a tracing of the North and South Ridings, for such a tracing would enable me, in my future reports, to indicate more clearly to you the exact localities in which the pest is most rampant.—The report was received, and the Secretary was instructed to obtain lithographed plans for the use of the inspector.

The Inspector for the West Riding reported as follows:—“My first report, must necessarily be a short one. The owners and occupiers of land seem to be willing and eager to suppress, and, if possible, to exterminate the rabbits, but the majority complain bitterly about the severity of the Aerating fences. In very many cases the cure would prove worse than the disease, for while the rabbits undoubtedly cause loss to the grazer and cultivator the destruction of the fences means, in nine cases out of ten, utter ruin to the struggling selectors. Very few selectors will employ poisoned wheat, etc., as an agent to destroy the rabbits, considering it too dangerous for their stock, but one and all will do their best to carry on the war of extermination. I also beg to suggest that steps be taken to get the native cats protected, there being abundant testimony that they destroy an enormous quantity of rabbits.—The report was received.

Cr. Laidlaw said he thought that ratepayers ought to be warned that if they erected brush fences it was at their own risk, and they were liable to be burned within three months. He would not go in for destroying all the brush fences, as that would mean ruin to a number of struggling selectors.

Several of the other councillors expressed themselves in a similar strain, and it was resolved that the rabbit inspectors be instructed to warn ratepayers accordingly.

DEPUTATION.

Mr. S. Hammond appeared to ask the Council to assist the Springs and Learmonth Railway League in entertaining the Railway Commissioners and using other means in getting the line of railway extended to the Springs. The President said that he did not think that the Council could legally vote any money for the purpose asked, but he had no doubt that a sum of money would be paid out of the President's allowance in response to the request made.

THE EVANSTON RESERVOIR.

At the last meeting of the Council a petition was presented, objecting to the Talbot Shire Council enclosing portion of the reservoir, and shutting out the ratepayers from the reservoir where they water their stock. Mr. A. Leys appeared to ask that the Council will support the ratepayers in securing their right to the water in the reserve. On the motion of Cr. Gordon—Cr. Douglas, the secretary, and the mover were appointed to attend the Land Board at Talbot to watch the interests of the ratepayers should the question of the reserve crop up.

REPORT.

The engineer, after enumerating the contracts for which tenders were invited this day, reported with reference to the occupation road at Mr. Martin's, Livingstone Swamp, the road is secured for eleven chains, and ten feet in width. Two hundred and seventy-six yards of suitable soil would be required to form a carriage way. Filling in water-runners would be useless without proper formation. Current contracts are in fair progress.—The report was received.

TENDERS.

Contract No. 157.—Erection of a wooden bridge over the Avoca Creek at Howard's Amphitheatre Basin, with approaches formed.

J. Fraser £30 0 0
J. Mills 29 10 0
T. Fearn 32 15 0
W. Warren 37 17 0
H. Scott 30 17 0

Contract No. 158.—Recovering two bridges at Evanston.

T. Fearn £87 10 0
J. Jones 26 0 0
J. Retallick, sen. 28 16 0
J. Fraser 27 14 0
W. Warren 29 15 6
J. Retallick, jun. 24 14 3

Contract No. 159.—Forming, pitching, and metaling 20 chains of the Caralutyp road, at James Retallick's farm.

J. Fraser £87 10 0
P. Flanagan 68 17 6
J. Retallick, jun. 74 18 4
J. Retallick, sen. 75 0 0
S. Waller 83 0 0

Cr. McKenzie moved, and Cr. Laidlaw seconded—That the lowest tenders be accepted.

Cr. Spiers moved, as an amendment—That no tender be accepted for contract No. 157. His reasons for so moving were—that the work is not an urgent one; that there are not sufficient funds available at present; and that there are more urgent works in the riding.

The amendment was not seconded, and the motion was carried.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

Crs. Spiers moved, and Cr. Laidlaw seconded—That tenders be called returnable at next meeting, for fencing a portion of the main Wimmera road, and a small amount of work on the road between Sampley's and the Jolly Waggoners.

On the motion of Cr. McKenzie, seconded by Cr. Leadbeater it was resolved—That tenders be called for repairing that portion of the forest road between Edward's and Gasb's corner.

Cr. Leadbeater drew the attention of the Council to repairs required to be made to a

Poetry.

Don't be Unkind to the Old Folk.

By JOSEPHINE POLLARD.
Don't be unkind to the old folk,
Give them your tenderest care...

Novelist.

EPISODES IN THE LIFE OF A MILLIONAIRE.

ORINORA.

A PACIFIC IDYLL.

By DONALD CAMERON.

Author of "Alice," "The Mysteries of Melbourne," etc., etc.

CHAPTER XVII.—(CONTINUED).

Herbert found the people much as Aranoah described them, simple but manly, and fairly diligent. Their settlements on the islets and the mainland (if it could be so called) were in fair order. They were much addicted to lying in the sun and resting on the rocks...

full of pleasure, till the terrible earthquake came, and they disappeared for ever?

CHAPTER XIX.

While the other dwellers on the Happy Isle were employing their time in the manner in which they had done before, Harry and Orinora were only on it in the evenings, and even then they were sometimes absent. Harry had little sympathy with the conversation or occupation of Aranoah, Herbert, and Ebby. He was essentially a bookman. He knew that he need not trouble about study of any kind; whatever he required in that way he could pay for, and it would be better in quality. He thoroughly believed in the division of labor. The business of the majority of humanity was to provide for the wants of others; his business was to enjoy the labor of the world, for he could pay for it, from the loaf supplied by the farmer to the statues and paintings and writings and music of the artist. The only art he studied was pleasure. As a very early age he had resolved upon this. At school and college he had paid attention to only one acquisition, language. His object was to be able to read all the ancient and modern languages, and to converse in the latter. He was, therefore, a first-class linguist. Whenever he desired to read a book, he would read it in the original. He read, therefore, the Greek and Latin classics, the Greek and Latin poets, and the authors of that kind, while of modern authors Balzac and the French novelists were his favorites. But his delight was in the ancient classics of certain kind. He read, therefore, the Greek and Latin classics, and the arguments of the deists and agnostics were employed with singular dexterity against Christianity.

that it was evident to a fool—and Harry was not a fool. But even had he been otherwise Harry would have been deterred. He knew Aranoah's chief work was his short time that a terrible death would overtake him; and Harry did not believe in purchasing a fleeting hour of pleasure or triumph by death, or a means existed of escape with Orinora, or a successful rebellion. Harry might have pursued the project to the end.

CHAPTER XX.

Aranoah had taken place in Aranoah's plans for the stormy interview with Paranoah on the evening of the day when the strangers arrived in the Happy Isle, he placed no bar in the way of an intimacy between Herbert and Orinora. A man of the keenest perceptions, he seemed to have perceived Herbert's character, and he felt that with his innocent girl was as safe as with her father. However, a few days afterwards, as they were standing watching a boat race—an almost daily occurrence at Aranoah's, he took the opportunity of speaking to Herbert, and it led to other conversation.

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Day by day these two youthful beings drew closer; day by day they became dear to one another. Thoughts began to enter into Herbert's mind of which at one time he would not have dreamed. If he was to be an exile, to remain on these islands for what hope had he of happiness but the affections of this pearl of life. Then he would revolt against the possibility of being unfaithful to his prospective bride. Generally speaking, however, he endeavored to cast aside the bitter and gloomy thoughts called up by the fate that appeared his doom, and to live only in the present. So the days glided by in wistful expectancy. There was always an undefined hope of escape; it seemed impossible they could remain for ever there. Youth never loses hope.

The beautiful afternoon, when Aranoah and Ebby were engaged in some distant experiments, Herbert and Orinora took the boat and rowed among the islets towards one which Herbert had not yet seen, and which Orinora had named the Spirit's Repose. Herbert rowed while Orinora played with the tiller, hardly ever taking her eyes off his face. She seemed to drink in its beauty as if it were life.

"In asking the question, you are but mooting still," he sadly said, "but I will just to that some great danger threatens to overtake me, certain; my precise nature I know not; such close knowledge is not given us. But it seems to me that it will be an exile, or some fault of your own—I think, self-willed disobedience. Now go: I have fulfilled my duty."

He resumed his chair as he spoke, and the three girls turned and were gone. "Of all casting, story-telling impostors," broke out Cicely before they were well in the street, being unable longer to control her exasperation, "that wicked old animal beats all!" Cicely truly believed so. For he had said she would never be married; and if all the wise men breathing had sworn to that, she would not have given credit to it. "You don't believe in him, then?" said Georgiana, whose spirits seemed rather subdued by the visit.

Courty to Mrs. Juniper's, to tell them in person that she could not go.

It was then ten o'clock, the hour fixed for the assembling, all eager and joyous, the carriage waited at the door, and Florence was tempted on either side; her scruples were assailed, her somewhat confused accounts of her father's wishes "laughed at."

THE SURGEON'S DAUGHTERS.

By Mrs. HENRY WOOD.

The Author of "East Lynne," in the "Argosy."

Florence laughed a derisive laugh. "Oh, thank you; that is quite sufficient. You would warn me to avoid some fault or other, but you don't know what? Thank you, sir, but I will not heed your valuable advice. I have already said I did not come to seek it." She made him a half-mocking courtesy, and turned to her companions, saying that as their business was over, it was time to be going. The young ladies turned to leave, and the Wizard rose.

The Farmer.

Educational Tour of a Model Dairy in Scotland.

In 1881, the Irish Agricultural Society, viewing with concern the depression and visible diminution of the butter trade...

A similar tour was suggested for England by Mr. George Barham, managing-director of the Dairy Supply Co., Limited...

So, apparently, thought the Scottish Dairy Association, for having agreed that there was room for improvement in the industry...

The Association was fortunate in being able to secure the services of Mr. W. W. Oulton as lecturer on the most approved practice in these matters...

The tour was started on the 15th of August at Ayr, and after a week's tour, the demonstrations were confined to Ayrshire...

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Ladies' Column.

Woman's Sixth Sense.

There is a singular instance of the working of this subtle, fine, sixth sense, which is apt to affect women more than men...

"The little thing will sleep for three hours, madam, I'll warrant."

The nurse went down stairs, and for about a minute the mother sewed on. Suddenly a desire seized her to go and take the sleeping child from the crib.

"What nonsense?" she said to herself. "Baby is sound asleep. Nurse just put her down."

Instantly, however, some power, stronger even than the last, urged the mother to go to her baby...

"My baby!" she whispered the mother, adoring the little sleeper as mothers will. "My own little baby!"

She bent over suddenly a third time, impelled by that imperious force which was controlling her, and for no reason that she could tell...

"A nice way to cook boiled potatoes for supper is to elicit them as thin as possible, and still have them keep their shape."

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Mature.

Red Ants Athirst for Blood.

As a number of persons were standing in front of the City Hall, a large number of ants were noticed running about...

They were in superior numbers and attacked their enemies by twos, fours and scores.

Several balls of the ferocious warriors who separated showed as many as twenty or thirty ants...

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Useful Items.

Tomato Wine.

Tomato wine, used for flavoring soups and gravies, is made in this way: Take ripe fruit, wash and strain it through a sieve...

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Miscellaneous.

A Long, Long Journey.

When the doctor came down stairs from the sick room of Mrs. Marshall the whole family gathered to see him...

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The Sore Spot of Civilization.

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The universality of gambling, under the name of speculation, says the San Francisco Chronicle, is a feature of the times...

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There's No Pocket in a Shroud.

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You must leave your many millions, And the gay and festive crowd; Though you roll in royal billions, There's no pocket in a shroud.

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Every-Day Philosophy.

Every-Day Philosophy.

When weariness with life's spirit fills, When deep disgust consumes me with my lot, I draw some store of comfort from the ill I haven't got.

When weariness with life's spirit fills, When deep disgust consumes me with my lot, I draw some store of comfort from the ill I haven't got.

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convent near Kitchen's, on the Waterloo road. It was resolved, on the motion of Cr. Gordon, that tenders be called for the construction of a gravel path from M'Cully's hotel to the Evansford Post Office.

Cr. Leadbeater gave notice that he would move, at the next meeting—that a polling booth for shire elections be established at Waterloo.

FINANCE. The usual monthly accounts were passed for payment, and the Council then adjourned.

BEAUFORT ATHLETIC CLUBS SPORTS.

The thirteenth annual sports gathering under the auspices of the Beaufort Athletic Club was held on Easter Monday, and proved one of the most successful sports meetings held by the club. The weather was fine, but a little windy, which tended to raise a disagreeable dust in the reserve. This, however, did not interfere with the attendance of the public, which is variously estimated at between 1500 and 1800.

Handicap Bicycle Race, Three miles. For Trophies valued at £5, £3, and £1, for First, Second, and Third respectively.

Boys' Race, Of £1 15s. 200 yards. For boys under 14 years of age. First prize, £1; Second, 10s.; Third, 5s.

Swimming Match, 100 yards. For boys under 16 years of age. First prize, £1 1s. (the gift of J. Wotherspoon, Esq.); Second, 10s.; Third, 5s.

Flory Creek Plate, Of 15 sovs. 440 yards. First prize, £10; Second, £3; Third, £2.

Handicap Bicycle Race, Two miles. For Trophies valued at £4, £2, and £1.

Handicap Bicycle Race, Of £1 15s. 200 yards. For boys under 14 years of age.

Swimming Match, 100 yards. For boys under 16 years of age.

Hurdle Race, Of 10 sovs. 100 and 200 yards. First prize, £6; Second, £3; Third, £1.

Handicap Bicycle Race, Three miles. For Trophies valued at £5, £3, and £1, for First, Second, and Third respectively.

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Boys' Race, Of £1 15s. 200 yards. For boys under 14 years of age.

The Railway Department on Wednesday opened tenders for the construction of a telegraph line from Ballarat to Stawell.

Public Notice. GEO. H. COUGLE WISHES to thank the public of Beaufort and surrounding districts for the very liberal support accorded him during the twelve months he has been in business for himself, and begs to announce that he is now showing a Splendid Assortment of NEW WINTER DRAPERY, BOOTS and SHOES, at prices that will defy competition.

Impoundings. BEAUFORT—Impounded at Beaufort—Yellow steer, BH near thigh, A on rump. Red and white cow, no visible brand. If not claimed, and expenses paid, to be sold on the 12th April.

Government Advertisements. NOTICE is hereby given that a LOCAL LAND BOARD will be held at the Court House, Beaufort, on THURSDAY, the 10th of April, 1885, at 12 o'clock noon, for hearing of the following applications:

- 1 Daniel Hecht, Tawalla, 74a. St. 32p. 2 Thomas Ceulfield, Buraanben, 13a. 49th section. 3 Patrick Ceulfield, Beaufort, 20a. 4 John Ceulfield, Beaufort, 20a. 5 William F. Smith, Beaufort, 20a. 6 Charles Wood, Raglan, 20a. 7 Henry Smith, Raglan, 20a. 8 John Woolley, Buraanben, 20a. 9 Edward Davidson, Tawalla, 20a. 10 William P. Schlicht, Tawalla, 4a. 11 Jessie Callister, Raglan, 20a. 12 Emily Callister, Raglan, 20a. 13 William Callister, Raglan, 20a.

Beaufort Etc. United Common. NOTICE is hereby given that unless residents and departures from the common will put up with a little annoyance from the commonage bulls, the managers will not purchase any more, and will not release any that are impounded, but will dispose of those they have already purchased.

Beaufort Wood Company, Limited. NOTICE—A Special General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Camp Hotel, Beaufort, on TUESDAY, 21st April, 1885, at 8 o'clock p.m.

Waterloo, near Beaufort. THURSDAY, 23RD APRIL, 1885. Sale by Public Auction. At Twelve o'clock. On the Premises.

The Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, near Beaufort, and all the Furniture and Effects. W. EDWARD NICKOLS has received instructions to SELL, as above, all the premises known as the Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, near Beaufort, with Cottage adjoining, and large public hall (detached), Kitchen, Stables, etc.

THE WAR IN THE SOUDAN. (FROM THE ARGUS) SUAKIN, April 7. The brigade of Guards, including the New South Wales infantry contingent, which forms the expedition to guard the men employed on the construction of the railway to the Handub wells, has constructed a zaraba for defensive purposes.

WILLIAM BUCHANAN BEGS to inform the public of Beaufort and district that he has commenced business as a GENERAL BLACKSMITH and SHOEING SMITH in the premises lately occupied by Mr. Lynn, Neil street, Beaufort, and hopes to be favored with a share of their patronage.

W. BAKER, Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer. W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Mouldings, Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites.

W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER. King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat. Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer of Wool, Grain, and Honey Broker. Estate manager for Auctioneers and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Company, Limited.

THOMAS GEO. ARCHARD, CIVIL ENGINEER. BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contractors' quantities, and prepare estimates. Address—Messrs. Hawkes Bros., Ironmongers, etc., Beaufort.

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NEW DRESS GOODS. NEW DRESS GOODS. BLANKETS. BLANKETS. Quilts, Sheetings, Calicoes, Flannels, Tickings, Shirtings, Etc. Men's and Boys' Tweed Suits, Trousers and Vests, Coats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, etc.

Boots Boots Boots GOOD and CHEAP. G. H. C.'s motto is Small Profits and Quick Returns. He only keeps the best of goods, and as he charges the lowest prices he finds it unnecessary to hold "Clearing Sales" or quote misleading prices.

NOTE THE ADDRESS: Two Doors from Golden Age Hotel, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

To Let. A COTTAGE, near the Court-house Beaufort. Apply to H. F. HENNINGSEN.

Beaufort College. FIRST QUARTER commences Monday, January 12th, 1885, in old R.C. Church building. Pupils enrolled and classified on Thursday, 8th January, between 10.30 and 11.30 a.m.

HARRIS & TROY, PRODUCE DEALERS BEAUFORT. Agents for Broadbent Bros. and Co. Wm. McCulloch and Co. Permewan, Wright and Co., FORWARDING, COMMISSION & RAILWAY AGENTS & LICENSED CARRIERS.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS—American shelving boards, Do lumber do, 6 x 1 7 and 6 Scotch flooring, 6 x 4 do do flooring, 6 x 4 do do flooring, American and Baltic deals, all sizes, 4 out pine weatherboards, 6 do do, American clear pine, 2 in., 3 in., 4 in., cedar, wide and narrow boards, Cedar table legs, all sizes, French casements, doors, sashes, Mouldings, architraves, skirtings, Broad palings and shingles, A stock of all sizes of hardwood always on hand Also, GIBBONS' LINE

J. W. HARRIS, MINING AGENT AND SHARE BROKER, BEAUFORT. Member of the Ballarat Stock Exchange. W. EDWARD NICKOLS, AUCTIONEER, King street, Beaufort, and Queen street, Ararat. Estate and Financial Agent, Arbitrator and Valuer of Wool, Grain, and Honey Broker. Estate manager for Auctioneers and Others. Correspondent and Valuer for the Ballarat Banking Company, Limited.

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WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO., BEAUFORT, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Grocers, Wine & Spirit Merchants, Drapers and Outfitters,

BOOTS AND SHOES. Ironmongery, Furniture, and Earthenware. MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

W. B. & CO are Importers of Drapery, Earthenware, Glassware, Bedsteads, &c., &c., and, being Large Cash Buyers, are enabled to sell all goods at Lowest Possible Prices.

Customers may rely upon getting as good value for their money as in any house in the colony. Goods delivered within 14 miles FREE OF CHARGE.

N.B.—Our NEW SHOWROOM for FURNITURE, EARTHENWARE, &c., is now open. HAWKES BROS., Next Bank of Victoria, Beaufort, Wholesale and Retail Iron Merchants, Ironmongers, Furniture Dealers, Dealers in Glassware, Crockery, etc.

HAWKES BROS., Being Importers of Iron, Ironmongery, Bedsteads, Furniture, Oils, Colors, etc., are enabled to offer to the public their goods at PRICES WHICH CANNOT BE BEATEN.

HAWKES BROS., Are prepared to supply FURNITURE and all HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES upon the TIME-PAYMENT SYSTEM.

HAWKES BROS., CHEAPEST HOUSE in the district for Ironmongery, Furniture, Crockery, Paperhangings, Canvas, House Lining, Oils, Colors, etc.

AUTUMN DRAPERY, 1885. A Very Choice Selection of NEW GOODS Will be shown during the week at BEAUFORT HOUSE.

DRESSES in the Newest Styles, VELVET and SATIN HATS, JACKETS, CLOAKS, FANCY GOODS, FURS, RIBBONS and VELVETEENS in all Shades. A Very Cheap Lot of SKIRTS, and some Beautiful LACE COLLARETTES, Etc.

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING, and all sizes of the PATENT EYELETTED STAYS, which have given such general satisfaction, now to hand. MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, TAPESTRY, CARPETS, and FLOORCLOTHS Very Cheap. BOOTS and SHOES, and, in fact, all Departments Well Assorted.

An Early Call and Inspection Invited. H. GUNN.

THE MELBOURNE PORTS DEPOT. CRICKET TENNIS BOWLING CROQUET

Agent for Beaufort: F. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds. NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited) Capital, £3,000,000. Reserve Fund, £200,000. Make Liberal Cash Advances

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS, STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, Hair and Tooth Brushes, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES, SPONGES, AND ALL VARIETIES OF DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and despatch. A. ANDREWS, PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMIST, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

Martin and Co's Homeopathic Medicines. A. A. wishes to notify that he has been appointed Agent for the above preparations by Messrs. MARTIN and CO., Collins street, Melbourne.

RELIGIOUS MANIA.

The "New Zealand Herald" publishes the following letter from its correspondent at Hokiang in reference to the religious mania among the Maori...

THE BAD AND WORTHLESS

Are never imitated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value...

FLOPSIES!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather...

SUFFERERS FROM WIND OF THE STOMACH, INDIGESTION, COSTIVENESS, GIDDINESS, SICK HEADACHE, HEARTBURN, DISTURBED SLEEP, PALPITATION OF THE HEART...

GARDENING FOR APRIL

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Sow cabbage, cauliflower, early horn carrot, broccoli, lettuce, peas, radish, spinach, and turnip. Kidney potatoes may still be planted...

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Headache, Heart, Sight, and Memory...

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Restorer," for it will positively restore in every case...

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. KAY'S COMPOUND OF LIMESED, Aniseed, Senega, Squill, Tolu, &c., with Chlorodyne.

REMEDY FREE!—A victim of youthful impudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy...

THE ENGLISH SALVATION ARMY AUTHORITIES have announced a new scheme of campaign for use in country towns and villages...

THE BEAUFORT POST OFFICE. TIME TABLE, 1885.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at Beaufort, Mails close at Beaufort. Lists destinations like Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, Traralgon, Raglan, Chute, Waterloo, Main Lead, Sailer's Gully, Stockyard Hill, Ararat, Bunger, Eurambool, Shirley.

NEVER RETURN.—It is said that one out of every four real invalids who go to foreign countries to recover health never return, except as a corpse...

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be greatly surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches"...

WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, to induce the destruction and prevent the impregnation of their wrappers and labels...

Victorian Railways.

TIME TABLE. FROM MELBOURNE TO STAVELL. LEAVE—Melbourne 6.30 a.m., 11.10 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 7.10 p.m. ARRIVE—Stavell 8.30 a.m., 12.57 p.m., 3.15 p.m., 6.15 p.m.

F A R E S. Beaufort to First-class Second-class. Traralgon 1s 6d 0s 6d. Bunger 1s 6d 0s 6d. Wimmeroo 1s 6d 0s 6d.

ADVERTISEMENTS received for insertion in this Paper, in England, by CLARKE SON and PLATT, 85 Gracechurch Street, London.

Imported Discovery.

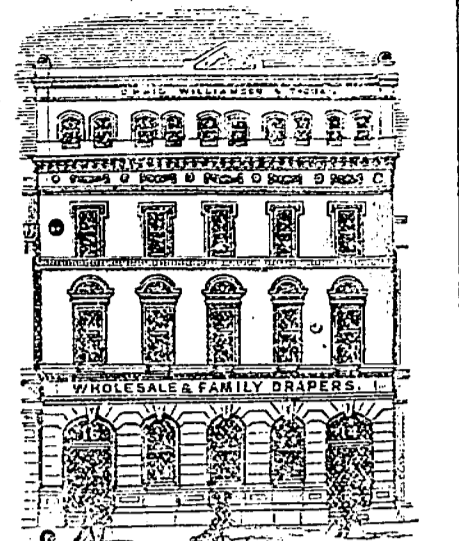
GREENBANK ALKALI CO'S PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA.

No special apparatus required. By simply mixing with tallow, grease, or oil, any quantity of soap can be made at a time, from ten pounds in a few minutes to ten tons in a few hours...

THE COMMON CAUSTIC SODA SOLD UNDER THE NAME OF "WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS" IS PURE CAUSTIC SODA.

ROBERT DICKENS & CO., Wholesale Agents for Victoria.

ADVISE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain or cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.



IMPORTANT NOTICE TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AND OTHERS.

Drapery, Woollens and Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths and Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding, direct from the Importers, at actual Wholesale Prices.

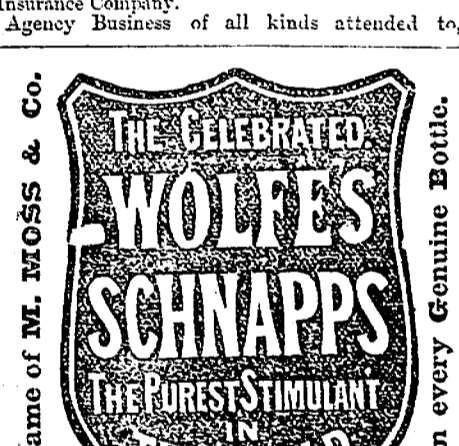
CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, AND THOMAS

SUPPLY the Public with Drapery, Woollens, Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths, Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding at Importers' Rates.

JOHN HUMPHREYS,

COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Well Street, Beaufort.

RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort.



INFINITELY SUPERIOR to Brandy or Whisky, and is now the Most Popular Drink throughout the Colonies.

Certified by the Medical Profession as "THE PUREST STIMULANT PROCURABLE."

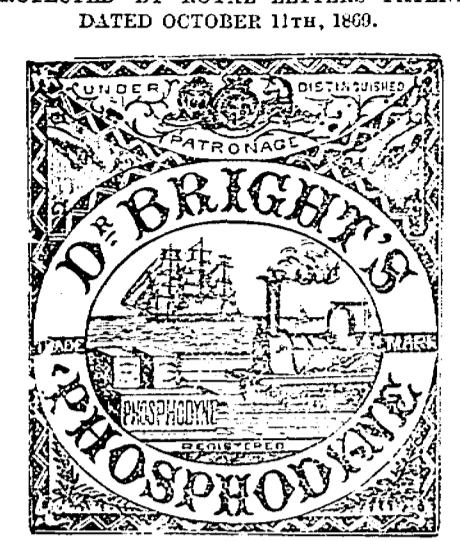
THE PUREST SPIRIT in the World.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public...

M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS

Oxygen is Life.

ALTHOUGH the modern Materia Medica include many valuable remedies for human afflictions, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the animal vitality is failing, Phosphorus is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known.



PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT DATED OCTOBER 11th, 1869.

The New Curative Agent, and only Reliable Remedy for Nervous and Liver Complaints.

This Phosphoric combination is pronounced by the eminent members of the Medical Profession to be unequalled for its power of replenishing the vitality of the body...

Persons residing in the country, including the adjacent colonies, can rely on their orders having careful attention.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Sold only in Cases at 1/6, 1/3, and 1/2 by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

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WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR—Victoria, Melbourne, and Co., Melbourne.

Holloway's Ointment.

THIS is no medicinal preparation which may be thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body...

There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due fomentation with warm water.

Piles, Fistulas, and Eruptions. The cures which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted all other applications, have been so numerous and notorious...

For the Blood is the Life. CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER. For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended.

READ THE FOLLOWING.—"Carleton, near Nottingham, February 27, 1885. 'Messrs. the Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln."

"Gentlemen,—Some ten years ago my wife became lame with a cured leg. I tried every recommendation with a cure, and also a large number of doctors...

"P.S.—You may make what use of the above you think fit, but in the event of advertising it kindly keep back my name. You can, however, refer any one making private inquiries to my address as follows,—C. S., Midland Counties, Carleton, near Nottingham."

THE LONDON AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND. TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

NO family should be without these Pills. Their beneficial effect in correcting disorders of the liver and stomach, stimulating the bowels, and purifying the blood, has secured for them an imperishable fame throughout the world.

How to Enjoy Life. It is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order...

Debilitated Constitutions.—Bad Coughs. In general debility, mental depression, and nervous depression, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills...

Indigestion and its Cure. Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the bane of thousands, who pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these Pills...

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known for the world for the following diseases: Argue, Piles, Asthma, Rheumatism, Bilious Complaint, Retention of Urine, Bleaches on the Skin, Scrofula, or King's Evil, Bowel Complaints, Stone, or Gravel, Debility, Second "Y" eruption, Dropsy, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Ucers, Gout, Venereal Affections, Heriache, Worms of all kinds, Indigestion, Weakness, from whatever Liver Complaints, cause, &c., &c.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 78 New Oxford Street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicine throughout the civilized world in boxes and pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce.

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 476]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1885.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be charged until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith, and to prevent the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6s. 6d. per line and space.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for all subsequent insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if inserted for extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANCAIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in the Colonies 1862.
Capital, £1,000,000 fully subscribed.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for Beaufort, is prepared to receive Proposals for all descriptions of Insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

Risks accepted on Turbidity Machines, Stocks, and Agricultural Produce.

Premiums for the year, £425,355 or £67,870 over 1879.

The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £253,720 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.

Out of a surplus of £110,736, only £16,097 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN

WANTED KNOWN.

IT having come to my knowledge that Subscribers to the Daily Paper are charged Nine Pence (9s.) a week, for the benefit of the public I wish to inform them that the "Ballarat Star," "Age," and "Daily Telegraph" can be had and will be sent in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA,

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure food and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in 1/2b. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,

HOMEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,

BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT

Of the

WEEKLY TIMES

TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES,

Or

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Unions held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to The Weekly Times, namely,

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliamentary Proceedings, and all matters of interest

TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.

The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper

PUBLISHED IN THE WORLD

At the Price.

THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT

Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.

In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.

In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Finest Calendars, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the

WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

Subscriptions per annum, 3s. 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per post in advance.

OFFICE: 86 COLLINS ST. EAST, MELBOURNE.

NOTICE.

It having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the

GENUINE "WERTHEIM"

Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC

That EVERY

GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING

MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the

Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME,

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark, the NAME "WERTHEIM" IS PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a Further SECURITY

To GUARD AGAINST IMITATION every

GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING

MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA

Has STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE the

NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia, viz:—

HUGO WERTHEIM,

MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," have been properly registered in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,

39 FLINDERS LANE EAST,

MELBOURNE,

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,

Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.

Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

We respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the put of our "Rival of former years."

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which is in the fact that Melbourne is over-stocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the

"WHEELER AND WILSON"

Sewing Machine

is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do any work, and do it better. The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair. The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer. The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action.

The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished.

The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

LONG & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS. Instruction Given Gratis.

P. DE BAERE,

W A T C H M A K E R,

Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of Every description executed at the

"RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE,

Lawrence-street, Beaufort,

And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

BOOKBINDING

ON REASONABLE TERMS

MINING SCRIP, CALL, RECEIPTS, DELIVERY BOOKS, &c.,

Prepared on the shortest notice

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day Train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, Twopenny.

WARD & LIPMAN,

Commission Merchants,

PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.

EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS.

Advances made on Consignments.

Contracts for Railways and Public Works Solicited.

WASHING LIQUID.

MRS. GILLOCH begs respectfully to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that she is manufacturing a "Washing Liquid," which will be found to materially lessen the labor of Washing Clothes, besides giving the clothes a good color. Warranted not to injure any article, of whatever description or texture; it will also take out paint, and improve colored articles.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—For every 3 gallons of cold water add one half-pint of the Liquid, wet and soap the clothes, place in the boiler, and boil for half an hour, then rise in plenty of water; blue and dry as usual. Soap and soak flannels in warm water, and place in boiler when fine white cloths are taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes—then dry as usual.

Sold in large or small quantities. Single bottle 3d.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

CIRCULARS in the following districts.—Beaufort, Stockyard Hill, Lake Gollismit, Sailor's Gully, Main Lead, Hazdon, Charlton, Waterloo, Erambone, Bangor, Middle Creek, Shirley, Travnalla, Burnam-boat, Learmouth, Strathairn, Sisy's, and Carrington.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,

ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,

MINING SCRIP, REPORTS, &c.,

PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, HEADLINES,

POSTERS, DRAPERS' HANDBILLS,

CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,

SOIREE & DINNER TICKETS,

MORNING CARDS, &c., &c.

PRINTED IN THE BEST CLASS "STYLE" AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.

THE GREAT DIAMOND

RECEIVED THE

ONLY FIRST PRIZE

GOLD MEDAL

AWARDED AT THE

Sydney & Melbourne International Exhibitions, 1880-1

AND THE

Only First Prize.

Adelaide Exhibition, 1882.

IMPORTERS—

HENRY BISHOP & CO.,

79 BOURKE STREET EAST,

MELBOURNE.

(Next to the Theatre Royal).

Local Agents Wanted.

A Certain Remedy for Nervous Debility—

or special or general. To avoid dissipation, ask for Wood's Peppermint Pills, and insist upon having them only.

PRICE—2/6 and 5/-

A Certain Cure for Hard or Soft Corns.

PRICE—2/6 & 5/-

HOOP & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

OILS, ANALINE COLORS AND DYEALERY,

147 ELIZABETH STREET.

FIRST PRIZE

Awarded Melbourne International Exhibition, 1880-2.

SANDER AND SONS'

EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

UNDER the distinguished patronage of His Majesty the King of Italy, at Rome.

Dr. Cruikshank, Health Officer for the City of Sandhurst, certifies to the extract being the most reliable remedy for external inflammation, bronchitis, dysentery, affections of the lungs, chest, all pains of rheumatic nature, neuralgia, etc., all swellings, bruises, sprains, wounds, disorders of the bowels, diarrhoea, &c.

PROFESSOR DR. MOSELER, at the University of Greifswald, Germany, reports astonishing cures of Diphtheria, Lung and Throat Diseases by inhaling the vapors of SANDER AND SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.

Epitome of declaration made before M. Cohen, Esq., J.P., at Sandhurst, October, 1877.—"The son of Mr. Kante was hurt with an axe on the knee. After nine weeks' medical treatment it was declared necessary by Dr. Macgillivray to amputate the injured limb. At that juncture the extract was applied, and the wound speedily cured without amputation."

The daughter of Mr. Jungheem, suffering from disease of the bone, as pronounced by Drs. Atkinson and Boyd, was cured just as speedily. Cures of whooping cough, very severe colic, croup, bronchitis, dysentery, cantharide, pain in the head (neuralgia), inflammation of the eyes, and that of a severely injured foot; or others of bad legs, wound on the arm with enormous swelling, of severe bruises and a sprained ankle; (H. Brown), in which case eight months' medical advice was of no avail, are reported by the "Cooktown Courier," "Newcastle Morning Herald," "Dundee Courier," "York's Peninsula Advertiser," and others.

The extract regulates the action of the kidneys cures dysentery and diarrhoea, and is the surest curative agent and preventative of contagion in scarlet, typhoid, and intermittent fever. For particulars see testimonials accompanying each bottle.

Sold at 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per vial.

CAUTION.

Do not confound SANDER AND SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT with the common Eucalypti Oil, a poisonous distillate of eucalyptus, without the healing vapors of our Extract, positively injurious in most cases for which our preparation is highly recommended; therefore ask for SANDER AND SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT and see that you get it. The genuine article is secured by an insula bearing our trade mark and signature, and for greater safety each vial is made up in outside green band with our signature and address—

Agent for WATERLOO: J. FRASHER.

MAIN LEAD: J. McLEOD.

CHARLTON: J. DORR.

BEAUFORT: H. A. GRAY.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

EVERINGHAM, GREENFIELD, & CO

WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction and Produce every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,

And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Store Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,

Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

HOW TO FURNISH

YOUR HOUSE THROUGHOUT

Without Money or Security

ON

S. NATHAN'S

WONDERFUL

TIME PAYMENT

SYSTEM.

The Original, Best, and Most Liberal.

Cash Prices. No extra charge for time given.

Large and useful stock to select from always open to inspection.

In drawing your attention to my Time-payment System, I beg to offer you a few introductory and explanatory remarks, to show that its working and its advantages are fully understood and appreciated. For some time I had felt there was a want of accommodation for the general public to purchase Furniture without paying the full purchase money. The item for furnishing, indeed, is always heavy, especially for young beginners in life and household, many of whom, in order to furnish apartments or houses at double the rent, or again, who might be in possession of a house or apartments larger than you want, and would like to furnish same with view of letting, but cannot afford to pay the sum down at once, which would be required of you. To meet these wants I introduced some years ago, my time-payment system, "BYE" the FIRST to offer to the public the beneficial advantages, and without any extra charge whatever, as simply the prices are charged to any customer without distinction, if he be Cash customer or Time-payment. All goods are open for inspection in my establishment, and prices quoted before purchased, which can be compared with any firm in the City. A great advantage of my Time-payment System is its simplicity and ease, so that the goods being delivered at once without delay, the value of the same being paid weekly or monthly instalments, when they become the absolute property of the purchaser, so that by paying the difference of rent between furnished and unfurnished apartments or houses as life you actually receive the furniture for the payment down of small deposits. The Time-payment System is purely a private matter between the customer and myself, and the transaction is not published like a Bill of Sale or registered instrument. I solicit your inspection of my large and useful Stock always on hand and ready to go out, which will enable you to judge of the correctness of my representations. I shall always be happy to show you round, and give you any further information if required.

140 AND 151 BOURKE STREET EAST

(Opposite Eastern Arcade), and at

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE.

Goods forwarded to all parts of the colony on above terms.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all Disorders from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Barbidges and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMES, & CO., Melbourne.

HEMMONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists.

FITCH & FRANKLIN.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

Faulding & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BREKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Drugg

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 4s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 9d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 7d; oats, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; hay, sheaves, L3 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 15s; potatoes, L1 to L1 17s 6d; straw, oaten, L2; do, wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 6d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 1d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L7 10s.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A very quiet week has been passed through in the produce market, their being scarcely any business to report. In view of the possible outbreak of hostilities with Russia holders of wheat and flour are not at present anxious to dispose of their stocks, as they anticipate a rise in values. Buyers, however, do not care to advance, as they argue that the difficulties of exporting will be so great that any important rise is improbable. A firmer feeling, however, prevails both for wheat and flour, though 3s 2d per bushel is still quoted for the former, and L7 12s 6d for the latter. Sales are unimportant. One lot of 100 bags of seed wheat changed hands last week at 3s 6d per bushel. At Horsham the value of wheat has receded to 3s per bushel, and at Donald the market is inactive at 3s 1d. Wheat is still quoted at St. Arnaud at 3s 2d, and also at the same price at Landsborough, and flour at L7 10s per ton. We have not heard of a single transaction in oats in this district, but 2s 6d bags in is still offered. Warrnambool potatoes are a little offered. This morning a load, not of first-class quality, was taken up at L3 15s, and L3 is given for first-class. Hay is fairly supplied. Fresh butter and eggs are scarce at our figures. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 2d; oats, 2s 8d; pollard, 11d; bran, 11d; Cape barley 2s 6d; English barley, 4s 3d; peas, 3s; flour, L7 7s 6d to L7 12s 6d; Warrnambool potatoes, L2 15s per ton; Ballarat potatoes, L2 15s to L2 10s per ton; hay, (sheaves) 6s to 6s 6d; hay (trussed) 70s; straw, oaten, 30s to 35s; do, wheaten, 25s; chaff, 3s 6d per cwt; carrots, 3s; onions, 6s; butter (fresh), 1s 1d per lb; butter (potted), 11d; hams, 11d per lb; bacon, 9d to 10d per lb; cheese, 6d per lb; eggs, 1s per dozen; rye, 4s per bushel.—“Advertiser.”

THE TRY EXCELISIORS.

The Melbourne correspondent of the “Ararat Advertiser” writes:—I attended the other night the mass meeting in the Town Hall of the Try Excelsior class. I did not expect to see equal personalities. It is difficult to exploit that Victoria—but I certainly anticipated being brought face to face with boys who would be doubtful if they were not too well nourished to be admitted into a ragged school at home. In place of that I met some fourteen hundred lads well dressed, well nourished, many of them with watch chains at their buttonholes, most *bon chausse*, generally intelligent and happy-looking, with an aspect of independent character which evidenced the development of premature manhood. And I thought if these be the waifs of our streets verily is Victoria a part of Australia Felix. By the way, I don't think I have ever told you how these classes came to be formed. Mr. Groom was a true philanthropist, and understood the material he had to work on—philanthropists often don't. When he caught his first boy he invited him in and talked to him kindly, and gave him a bun on condition he did not eat it until he went outside and showed it to his comrades, and told them of the advantages obtained within. Next night there were five boys to wolf the gratuitous supper, and that organisation has now grown into fourteen hundred, of whom eight hundred have joined within six months, with bank balances of £130 to their credit, with which to provide a building fund. In face of these facts who will say that the hint dropped by Mr. Groom's coadjutor, Mr. Forster, at the same meeting, that similar classes should be provided for our girls, was not a word in season?

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN IRELAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, April 16. The rioting on the 13th inst., at Cork, occurred on the city being decorated previous to the arrival of the Prince and Princess of Wales at that place. Their Royal Highnesses made their formal entry into Cork yesterday, and were everywhere received with enthusiasm by a large majority of the inhabitants. A few hisses were heard among the crowd, but nothing serious occurred.

(FROM THE ARGUS CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, April 16. The hisses which were given by some of the crowd during the entry of the Prince and Princess of Wales yesterday resulted in a riot. Revolvers were fired, and the troops charged the crowd with fixed bayonets, wounding several persons. The following is from the “New York Herald”—Mrs. Dudley, you have been convicted of the crime of assault, with intent to kill O'Donovan Rossa. The sentence of the court is that you be removed hence to a shooting gallery and there be kept at hard practice for three months.

TOWLES' PENNYROYAL AND STEEL PILLS FOR FEMALES quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes 2s 9d., of all Chemists. Prepared only by E. T. Towle, Chemist, Nottingham, England. Agents for Melbourne—Rocke, Tompitt & Co., Wholesale Druggists; Hemmons and Co., Wholesale Drugists; William Ford & Co., 67, Swanston Street.

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest night after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It is obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fulton, Grimwade and Co., and Rocke Tompitt, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Boyd, L. Campbell, Miss Mary; Clough, John. Green, Bridget. Martin, Miss Lizzie; McMillan, Ewan; McKay, Mr.; Manager South Defiance Company; Manners, Thomas. Newling, Miss. O'Farrell, P. Patterson, Mrs. Robert. Summers, Mrs. Mary; Smith, James. Welsh, Wm.; Welsh, John Mrs.; Watts, William.

E. M. KILDAHL, Postmistress. Beaufort, April 17th, 1885.

NOTICE.

MISS ADELINE GREENWOOD intends forming a Class for Drawing and French, on Saturdays, at the new schoolroom, Havelock street, if sufficient inducement offers. Terms—One guinea per quarter for each subject. Application on or before 22nd inst. is necessary. Beaufort, April 17th, 1885.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1885.

It is very evident that the farmers of this colony, taken as a body, have yet to learn the full value and the potency of the magic comprised in that one word—“Organisation.” And yet there is no class in the community subject to greater vicissitudes—no industrial section of the colony so liable to adverse and irritating attacks from all quarters and sources. Should the harvest be bountiful, there is the prospect of a glut in the grain market, occasioned either by unexpected accessions of wheat from one or other of the colonies or some other unforeseen cause; and should the general product be scanty, consequent upon the prevalence of drought, the ravages of insects, or the devastating results of fire, the net result is equally unfavorable and unsatisfactory. Add to this the mischievous effects of ill-considered, illiberal, and unpractical legislation—the work of men for the most part having no technical acquaintance, and possibly, little sympathy with agriculture itself—and we have a catalogue and combination of causes at work directly antagonistic to the prosperity of the farmer, whose success is after all, the mainstay of the colony. Although it would be absurd, and even impossible, to expect absolute immunity from all or any of the evils to which we have referred, it is nevertheless perfectly practicable to modify the severity of their operation. For example, experience is constantly and rapidly accumulating to demonstrate the inadvisability and unwisdom of relying solely and exclusively upon the production of wheat for the prosperous maintenance of the homestead. In some parts of America, where the annual output of wheat is simply enormous, the lesson conveyed by the over-production of cereals has been fully realised, and the result is that the agriculturist has been driven to other modes of cultivation to maintain the equilibrium between supply and demand and loss and profit. Not to speak of sheep-breeding, which, wherever practicable, even on a limited scale, has proved so profitable both as a producing and fertilising agency as to leave no doubt of its real utility, there are other sources of cultivation which, with intelligent and capable handling, may be laid under contribution to make the homestead a paying concern. In California and other parts of America, the systematic production of fruit in conjunction with the pursuit of agriculture has turned out, in numerous instances, to be a marked success. In some parts of the colony, too, the farmer considers his homestead incomplete without an adequate vineyard and orchard, and many are the instances which might be cited to show that these sources of income have proved the pecuniary salvation of the farmer when, from either drought or rust, or some other baneful visitation, the cereal crop has failed to prove remunerative. With a climate so favorable to production as ours, assimilating in many respects to that of the south of France, there is no question of the practicability of raising the olive, the currant, the orange and hops (as in Gippsland) in such quantities and under such conditions as to justify recourse to their growth as a means of swelling the general revenue of the homestead. But the probability is that the majority of farmers have become so much accustomed to risk everything upon one cast of the die—as upon the growth of wheat—that they would reluctantly turn their attention to the raising of other products. But the irresistible logic of financial results must sooner or later compel compliance and recourse to a diversified method of cultivation and a partial abandonment of mere wheat-growing. To the widening of the scope of his calling most the farmer look for the true remedy against over-production; and for an amelioration of the numerous wrongs he now so patiently endures he must seek his remedy in fraternal organisation. It will doubtless have been noticed by the farmers of this district before this that the Government, as represented by the Premier, are extremely reluctant to make appreciable reduction in the freight of grain on the railways. This, in the face of the fact that the wheat producing districts of the north and the north east especially, are the most profitable which employ the State railways, is as disconcerting as it is unsatisfactory and wrong in principle. That the wheat lines pay the best goes almost without saying, and yet we have the anomaly of charging the

farmer for the losses sustained by the railways in other directions. It is the lines which tap the goldfields that yield the least revenue, and therefore to saddle the difference between loss and profit on the agricultural portion of the community is as unjust as it is unpolitic. No interest demands greater attention at the hands of the Legislature than that of Agriculture at the present moment, for it is assailed from within and without—from natural and preventable causes alike—from the rabbit scourge to the devastating drought on the one hand, and hard-and-fast legislation on the other. We hope the day is not far distant when a federation of the various agricultural societies of the colony will be accomplished, and when by this means our farmers will be able to wring from the Government the rights they demand. The mournful fact that such a vast extent of selected land as 126,000 acres should have been forfeited or abandoned in 1883 by the disappointed selector tells its own tale of distress and disappointment, and needs no comment at our hands. It forms more than ample reason why the farmers should organize as a body for their own protection and obtain the concessions which are at present denied them through the want of that union which is strength, and whose potential voice, if judiciously heard through their representatives in Parliament, would brook no denial.

The English mail closes at Beaufort on Monday next, at 5 p.m., for ordinary letters and newspapers.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—New Victoria, 63oz.; Hobart Pasha, 47oz.; South Victoria, 47oz.; Royal Saxon, 35oz.; Waterloo, 23oz.

The manager of the Kal Kal Quartz Mining Company reports:—The shaft is now down 132ft., 19ft. having been sunk during the past fortnight. It is intended to open out the shaft, and test the lode at this depth.

The directors of the Victoria No. 2 Tribute Company visited the mine yesterday, and expressed themselves as pleased with the progress made with the erection of the machinery. The prospects of this company are considerably enhanced by the fact that the New Victoria are obtaining good yields from the southern portion of the mine, adjoining the block held by the No. 2 Tribute Company.

A special meeting of the Beaufort Fire Brigade was held on Monday evening last. Captain Stuart occupied the chair, and there were fourteen brigadiers present. Correspondence of an unimportant nature having been read and received, it was resolved, on the motion of ex-Captain Stevens—that the Secretary apply to the Ripon Shire Council for the use of the Beaufort Recreation Reserve on Boxing Day next for the purpose of holding sports, the proceeds of which will be divided between the brigade and the fund for the improvement of the reserve. The Secretary was instructed to write to the Captain of the Beaufort Cycling Club, informing him that it was the intention of the brigade since last Boxing Day to hold sports on that day, 1885. It was resolved that the matter of purchasing the surplus bazaar articles from the park committee be left in the hands of Captain Stuart and Treasurer Stevens. Some other matters of a routine nature having been attended to, the meeting closed.

The committee of the Beaufort Athletic Club met at the Camp Hotel on Monday evening last, and passed a number of accounts incurred in connection with the recent sports. The secretary presented a rough statement of receipts and expenditure, from which it appeared that the sports had resulted in a profit of about £9.

We have received a copy of the current number of the “Illustrated Australian News.” The paper contains a number of excellent engravings, besides a complete budget of news. A large supplementary engraving is issued with the paper. It is a splendidly executed work of art, about 264 inches in length and 17 inches in width. The subject is a young married lady dancing her first-born, a bright little cherub, on her shoulders in the morning air, when the atmosphere is rosate and illuminated with the sparkling rays of the solar orb, and is appropriately entitled, “Sunny Days.” It is one of those fine touches of the artist in which Nature predominates and carries us away by its own inherent force—that “one touch of Nature which makes the whole world kin,” appealing with magic potency to the sweetest and the best of all human sympathies. It is a credit to the artistic conception of the designer, and forms a notable and acceptable addition to the illustrated literature of the colony. Mr. Henningsen is the local agent, from whom copies may be obtained at one shilling each.

The total rainfall at Beaufort from the 12th to the 14th April, both dates inclusive, was 1.74in.

We have received the annual report of the School of Mines, Ballarat, together with the statement of receipts and expenditure, general balance sheet, and list of subscriptions, donations, etc., for 1884. The document shows that the institution is still doing good work, and is deserving of hearty public support.

We have received a copy of “Whitehead's Map of Victoria,” which is revised to date, with the new counties distinctly colored. The map also contains a traveller's road guide, and other useful information. It is published by E. Whitehead and Co., Collins street, Melbourne.

It is notified in another column that any persons wishing to join Mr. J. Jackson's singing club will meet at the Societies' Hall on the 28th inst.

The Education Department invites tenders for the collection and compilation of the education census for the Shire of Ripon. Particulars will be found in another column.

Towards sunset on Friday last, writes the “Portland Guardian,” there was a peculiar condition of the atmosphere out to the eastward. The Portland and other craft under weigh at the time, were magnified to three or four times their proper size, and Julia Percy Island was seen in the air, and upside down.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Glad Tidings.—Some constitutions have a tendency to rheumatism, and are, throughout the year borne down by its protracted tortures. Let such sufferers bathe the affected parts with warm brine, and afterwards rub in this soothing Ointment. They will find it the best means of lessening their agony, and assisted by Holloway's Pills, the sure way of overcoming their disease. More need not be said than to request a few days' trial of this safe and soothing treatment, by which the disease will ultimately be completely swept away. Pains that would make a giant shudder are assuaged without difficulty by Holloway's easy and inexpensive remedies, which comfort by moderating the throbbing vessels and calming the excited nerves.

The Sydney Torpedo Corps are busily defending their roadstead with big torpedoes, containing 250lb, each of gun cotton and dynamite. That these are capable of smashing the largest ironclad afloat is very certain; for one of them was exploded on Wednesday, and it sent out a column of water 400 feet high. The unfortunate part of the matter (says the “Herald”) was that it would not explode when it was wanted to do so, and it was 48 hours afterwards before the operators succeeded in getting it off. If the rest of the torpedoes of this size are to behave in such a fashion, it is to be hoped the Russian fleet will have the kindness to give the necessary two days' notice of its intention to pass over the protected spots.

From the “Victorian Standard” we learn that a large number of Orangemen are among the expeditionary force to the Sudan, and that a permit has been obtained from the Grand Lodge for the formation of an Orange Lodge in the corps. This has accordingly been done. The further information is vouchsafed that Orange Lodges have increased in the colony during the past year from 42 to 73.

The Tasmanian police (says the “Argus”) recovered on Thursday another bar of gold stolen from the Beaconsfield bank. Five bars were stolen, and all have now been recovered. Much reticence is observed, but it is now known that six persons were concerned in the robbery, and that further arrests are likely to be made in the course of a few days.

On Saturday last a very serious accident happened to a young man named Charles Simons whilst trying to shoot a crow (the “Wimmera Star” says). He was carrying the gun behind him, when by some means it went off, and the charge entered his leg. He was taken to the Horsham Hospital, and on Saturday Dr. Young and Garlic amputated the limb, the leg being shattered.

A well-known member of Parliament remarked to a friend last night (says the “Herald”), that public life had its disadvantages, patronage or no patronage. “I have met,” he continued, “no less than three constituents during the last half-hour. One wanted his son transferred from one office to another. The other wanted to know why Constable 22,424 had been removed from Donkey Flat to Poker Gully; and the third wanted to borrow five bob. I staved off the two first with a promise, and got rid of the last with half-a-crown. But it's very hard, dear boy.”

It is not pleasant (writes a correspondent of the “Argus”) to be prayed at, or preached against, in a place of worship. But such things have happened; and cases may arise when, if one cannot approve of it, one may at any rate excuse it. Such a case is reported to have occurred the other evening in Collingwood, when some turbulent boys disturbed the religious services of the Salvation Army. One of the petitioners to the Throne of Grace proved to be quite equal to the occasion, however, for he offered up the following prayer:—“Oh Lord! these unruly boys think they're dreadfully smart; but we beseech Thee to look down upon them in Thy mercy and make their hearts as soft as their heads.”

A shocking occurrence happened on the line a mile from Drouin, on Wednesday afternoon. A young man named Robert Hamilton, formerly stationmaster at Longwarry, was walking along the line, when he was run over by the afternoon up mixed train. His head was completely smashed. It is supposed to be a case of suicide, as when the driver whistled deceased stepped on to the line.

The speaker of the Legislative Assembly issued writs on Monday for the election of members of the Assembly, to fill the vacancies in the representation of the districts of Avoca and Mandurang, caused by the deaths of Mr. J. M. Grant and Mr. H. McColl. In both writs the 18th inst. is fixed as the date before which nominations must be made. The polling will be made on the 24th inst., in the event of the elections being contested, and the writs are made returnable on the 1st of May.

The Government of Victoria has received £20,182,778 for land sold to private individuals since 1837. It is estimated by Mr. Sutherland that the actual value of the same land now, 1885, is £103,109,000.

An “Argus” telegram states that the members of the Beechwood Volunteer Fire Brigade, who competed for the Hop Bitters Cup and in the special hose practice at the late Ballarat demonstration, were on Thursday night presented with gold medals, subscribed for by the townspeople in recognition of their efficiency. The presentation was made by Mr. Fred. Brown, M.L.C., who, in the course of his remarks, suggested that such fine bodies of men as composed the volunteer fire brigades would, if drilled, form a valuable addition to the defence force of the colony.

Charles Watson was executed in Darlinghurst gaol on Tuesday morning (says an “Argus” telegram) for the Cow Cow murder on the 6th of November last. The victim of the murder was a hawker named William Matthews, whose body was found in the Lachlan River a short distance from Cow Cow station, with the skull smashed in. Circumstantial evidence showed beyond a shadow of doubt that Watson was the murderer. The condemned man slept soundly the previous night, but rose at five o'clock in a state of complete collapse. During the process of pinning the culprit trembled very much, and stimulants had to be administered to keep him from fainting. When placed on the drop he appeared in a state of intense nervous excitement, and his whole frame quivered with fear. When the bolt was drawn death was instantaneous. Watson made no confession of guilt.

BEAUFORT POLICE COURT.

MONDAY, APRIL 9TH, 1885.

(Before Messrs. Cushing, Wotherspoon, F. Beggs, and Prentice, J's.P.)

Sergeant Woods v. R. S. Taylor.—Illustrating a number of sheep by over-crowding them in railway trucks. The defendant pleaded not guilty. Sergeant Garden deposed: On the 23rd of March, from information received, proceeded to the Ballarat Western Railway station, where he saw two trucks containing sheep. The trucks were very much over-crowded, and in one of them he saw several sheep dead. Went to the Station-master, drew his attention to the sheep in the trucks, and requested him to get the sheep unloaded as soon as possible, which request was acceded to. On proceeding to the siding at the City claim found that there were 88 sheep in one of the trucks, six of which were dead. In the other truck there were 80 sheep, all of which were alive, but they were in a bad state. The space occupied by the whole of the sheep was about 133 square feet. The truck in which the sheep were dead had iron gratings on the sides, but had no opening on the top. The other truck was a close wooden one, with an opening at the top. In his opinion if the sheep had had much further to travel, a large number of them would have been suffocated, as they were standing on top of each other in the trucks. Thomas Martin, driver, deposed: On the 23rd March went to the siding at Ballarat to take delivery of two trucks of sheep for Messrs. McLeod and Booth. The sheep were all of a heap in the trucks and were very much over-crowded. In the first truck unloaded six of the sheep were dead, and a seventh died on the way to the corporation yards. A number of sheep were hardly able to stand through being so closely packed in the truck. In the second truck none of the sheep were dead, but a number were giddy, and appeared to be suffering from close confinement. He would not have put more than 65 sheep in each of the trucks. If seventy sheep were put in each of the trucks they would have been over-crowded. Both trucks were over-crowded, and the sheep were expeditiously unloaded on their arrival at Ballarat. William Chalmers, railway porter, at Beaufort deposed that he assisted the defendant to truck the sheep at Beaufort on the 23rd March. He pointed out to the defendant that he was putting too many sheep in the trucks, but defendant said “It was all right, he would get them in.” The defendant only ordered two trucks for the sheep. One of the trucks was a proper sheep truck and the other a goods truck, with an opening at the top. He drew the attention of the stationmaster at Beaufort to the crowded state of the trucks, and refused to consign them when requested to do so by the defendant. Both trucks were very much over-crowded. Constable Hele deposed that his attention was drawn to the trucks by Porter Chalmers just before the train started for Ballarat at 1.40 p.m. The sheep were piled in the trucks one on top of the other. He reported the matter to the local agent for the Society for the Protection of Animals. This concluded the evidence, and in defence the defendant stated that the sheep were small, and he got them into the trucks easily. He was not aware that they were over-crowded. The chairman said that the Bench were of opinion that the charge had been proved, and out of consideration of the fact that the defendant had suffered a loss by the death of his sheep, he would only be fined £3 3s., with £1 1s. costs.

E. Whiting v. Joseph Frusher.—Work and labor done, £1 5s. Order for work with 2s 6d costs.

Sarah Toman v. J. G. David.—Assault, with intent to commit a rape. Mr. McDermott appeared for the accused, and Mr. Gaunt for the complainant. The case was heard with closed doors. Before the evidence was gone into Mr. McDermott made an objection to the summons. He contended that the proceedings were irregular, inasmuch as his client was charged with a felony, and an information on oath should have been sworn against him. The complainant should bind herself to the specific charge laid down by a declaration on oath. He contended that the summons was irregular, and should not be entertained. Mr. Gaunt replied by quoting the Act under which the proceedings were taken, from which it appeared the proper course had been taken, and on applying to the Bench they decided that the case should be proceeded with. After Mr. Gaunt had gone into the details of the case, and pointed out the serious matter involved, he called Sarah Toman, who deposed: Was 15 years old last November. My mother's name is Sarah Toman, and she is a widow, and resides at Main Lead. My father died in the Lunatic Asylum at Ararat, where he had been for a few months. Do not know the date on which my father died. My birthday was on the 6th of November. On the 7th of November went to Mr. David's house to work as a servant. Mr. David is head teacher at the Main Lead State School. I remember Wednesday, 3rd November. I left Mr. David's employment on the 5th of December. Mr. David is a married man, and his wife had been ill. On the 3rd of December Mrs. David went out. Mrs. Fitzpatrick, who was living in the house, also went out on that day with Mrs. David. They went out at about half-past 3, after the school had been dismissed. Mr. David then came into the house. I was at work in the parlor sweeping the floor. Mr. David asked me if I would lie on the sofa with him. I said “I will not.” He replied “I suppose you will always despise me now for saying that to you?” He then went out of the house. On Friday, 5th December, Mrs. David and Mrs. Fitzpatrick again went out. At about a quarter to 4 on that date I was scrubbing the floor on my knees when Mr. David came in. He looked both the front and back doors. (The witness described the manner in which the offence was committed.) I was screaming, and struggling to get away. Accused begged me not to tell. He said “If you tell it will disgrace me and my wife and mother.” I said I would tell. Accused then went away. Mrs. David did not come home till dusk. I left Mr. David's the same evening, and went home. I did not tell my mother what had occurred, as I was ashamed. It was after this that my father died. Cross-examined by Mr. McDermott: I went to Mr. David's the day after I left to get my wages. It was about a quarter of an hour after the school was dismissed

that Mr. David asked me to lie on the sofa with him. I did not tell Mrs. Fitzpatrick or anybody else what Mr. David said to me. It was at about a quarter to 4 that the second offence occurred. I could tell the time exactly, because there was a clock on the mantel in the parlor. I do not know that the school ever closed at ten minutes to 4. The defendant was subjected to a severe cross-examination by Mr. McDermott as to her actions after the alleged offence was committed, but the main portion of her evidence was unshaken. Dr. Croker deposed that he had examined Sarah Toman. Could find no marks of violence. In his opinion she had not been violated. Any external marks of violence which might have been present after the alleged offence was committed would now have disappeared, owing to the lapse of time since the occurrence. Mrs. Fitzpatrick, nurse, deposed: I was engaged at Mrs. David's as nurse. On the day on which the alleged offence took place Mrs. David and I were never out of the house. We were taking on that day, as a visitor was expected. On several occasions had visited the neighbors—Mrs. Fry, Mrs. Carmichael, and Mrs. Morris, but could not say on what date these visits were made. Was sure that neither of these visits were made on the 5th of December. J. McLennan deposed: Am well acquainted with the business of the Main Lead School. When I was head teacher of the school the hour of closing in the afternoon was half-past 3, but under the present master the school is closed nearer 4 o'clock. Know nothing of recitation classes being held after the close of the school. Know the complainant, and remember the day on which she left Mr. David's employ. Margaret Lennan deposed: Was a pupil at Mr. David's school from October until the school broke up in December. The time of closing the school in the afternoon was half-past 3 when I attended. There were some extra lessons given at the school on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Know nothing about recitation classes being held in the school. Kate Gibson gave some unimportant evidence as to her brothers attending the school. Mr. McDermott here asked for an adjournment for fourteen days if the Bench were not already prepared to dismiss the charge. The reason he asked for the adjournment was in order that his client should have a chance of meeting the evidence as to the fixing of the particular time at which the alleged offence took place. After a short deliberation the chairman announced that the Bench had decided to adjourn the further hearing of the case till Monday, April 29th.

The Court then adjourned.

LOCAL LAND BOARD.

A Local Land Board was held at the Court-house, Beaufort, on Thursday last, before Mr. J. Blundell, Land Officer, and Mr. G. R. Watson, of the Lands Department, Melbourne, when the following applications were dealt with:—

19th section. Daniel Hehir, Traralgon, 74a, 2r, 32p.—It appeared that the applicant had first applied for the land about the year 1871. It was surveyed by Mr. A. Poeppel, who had neglected to forward the particulars to the Department. The applicant had paid Mr. Poeppel for the survey, but since that time he had not paid any fees whatever, and it was only by accident that it was discovered that the applicant had been in illegal occupation of the land since that time, and had built a house on it. The Department had informed the applicant some years ago that the land was not open for selection owing to mining objections, and in December last the Mining Board objected to the alienation of the land owing to its auriferous nature. The Board recommended that a grazing permit be issued to the applicant for two years, on condition that he pays an annual rent of 1s. per acre.

Thomas Caulfield, Eurumbine, 13a.—Refused, as the applicant's bona fide is considered doubtful, the area being too small to work profitably.

49th section. Patrick Caulfield, Beaufort, 20a.—Recommended. John Caulfield, Beaufort, 20a.—Recommended. subject to survey.

William H. Smith, Beaufort, 20a.—Recommended. Charles Wood, Raglan, 20a.—Recommended. Henry Smith, Raglan, 20a.—Recommended. John Woolley, Eurumbine, 20a.—Recommended. Edward Dawson, Traralgon, 20a.—Recommended. William P. Schlicht, Traralgon, 4a.—Recommended, subject to survey.

Jessie Callister, Raglan, 20a.—Recommended, subject to approved survey, and payment of extra survey fees, if required.

Emily Callister, Raglan, 20a.—Recommended. William Callister, Raglan, 20a.—Recommended, subject to approved survey, and payment of extra survey fees, if required.

To show cause against forfeiture.—Joseph W. Riddy, Beaufort, 20a.—The applicant did not appear. Recommended for forfeiture.

The Board then rose.

MR. SALA'S LECTURES.

(COMMUNICATED.) The greatest interest was manifested in Ballarat when it was announced that George Augustus Sala, the great newspaper correspondent, would lecture in the Academy of Music, and the large number who defied the inclemency of the weather on Monday and Wednesday nights must have given our distinguished visitor no little gratification. In personal appearance Mr. Sala has a decided advantage, having a manly and dignified bearing, with a pleasant manner; but his voice is weak, and a trick of dropping it when saying anything good spoils many a taking point. On Monday night the Academy showed a very fair audience. The dress circle was almost empty, owing, probably, to the heavy rain, but stalls and pit were full of men, very few ladies being observable. The entertainment purported to be a lecture on “Wars, Revolutions, and Tumults,” and for two hours Mr. Sala held his audience attentively listening to a series of personal reminiscences, meetings with distinguished generals, and “moving accidents by flood and field.” The chain of anecdote was very entertaining, and incidents of the Franco-German war, the Commune, the Mexican expedition, the Tyrolese insurrection were freely mingled with personal adventures in many a distant land; and all told with such an undoubtedly truthful air that no question of their genuineness could be entertained. But withal, many important constituents of a lecture on wars, etc., were palpably missing. The audience were pleased with the conversational flow of

The Farmer.

Take care of Farm Implements.

Some one once drew a graphic pen picture of a mortal foe of the farmer—one who labored for his destruction by night as well as by day, on Sundays, holidays, and work days alike.

It was a "mortgage" that the writer of the sketch wisely regarded as one of the most active enemies to the farmer's purse and peace of mind.

There is, however, another agent for evil quite as active, to be feared, and even more known as rust. And although it generally destroys in the aggregate a vast amount of property, farmers too frequently neglect to take the measures necessary for protection from the ravages of this malicious foe.

Scrap.

From the Live Stock Journal.

When so much is being said and written about the breeding of cavalry remounts, we would like to see Colonel Ravenhill, who takes an active interest in the subject, would let us know what his horse is doing.

Do we get it from the heavy-weight breeding class of hunters as an off-shoot, or from the half-bred mares when put to thoroughbred horses, or what?

Classification in horsebreeding is a very difficult thing, and it is not right that the public should be taught what is his proper market horse.

We will have many types of stallions to choose from, at the coming show, and there is nothing we would like better than to see a pair of stallions of 250 and 300 lbs. each.

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labours to Ham, Kingston, and Hampton, at which latter place he was seen, clad in armour of brass, with spring shoes, and large claw-like gloves, but being bodily pursued by the walls of Bushby Park and vanquished. Tedington, Twickenham, and Hounslow, all had stories to tell of his appearance, and in St. John Park, the seat of the Duke of Northumberland, the most of the Duke's retainers said to have been indicated by him. At Esher, a carpenter was seized at eleven o'clock at night, and most unmercifully beaten by the ghost, who was attired in polished steel armour, with a helmet, and a sword.

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Another example of the ghost's playful ways in the East End of London, was shown by a statement made before the magistrate at Lambeth-street police-court, March 8, 1898, by a Miss Scales, who deposed that as she and her sister were walking in Limehouse about half-past eight in the evening, on coming to Green Dragon Alley they observed some person standing in an angle in the passage. She was in advance of her sister at the time, and just as she came up to the person, who was developed in a large cloak, he spouted a quantity of blue flame right in her face, which deprived her of her sight, and so alarmed her, that she instantly dropped to the ground, and was seized with a violent fit, which continued for several hours. This individual was described as tall, thin, and of gentlemanly appearance, and carried in front of him a small lamp, similar to those used by hunting-ground, and it is supposed that the person of the Thames to such an extent that but few females would venture out after dark without a torch.

Not contenting himself to the crowded parts of the metropolis, he made his suburbs his hunting-ground, and it is supposed that the person of the Thames to such an extent that but few females would venture out after dark without a torch.

Science.

Chloroform Synope Treated by Reversing.

As a valuable hint, we note that in the British Medical Journal, Dr. Albert I. Gardner relates a case which he believes to be one of a kind, and which he has named "chloroform synope." It is a case of a lady, aged fifty-one, for the removal of a fibroid tumor of the uterus.

After examination of the heart, which was found normal, but the cardiac action was found to be irregular, and the patient was given a mixture of chloroform and ether.

She was some minutes going under the influence, but there was scarcely any struggling, and she was brought back to consciousness by the use of ammonia.

After a few minutes she was again brought back to consciousness, and she was given a mixture of chloroform and ether.

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11, 1898, is found a recipe for the cure of "spring-heels" in "Joke."

"Take of peas, paper, salt, and gunpowder an equal amount. Mix together in a bladder, and wrap in a cloth. Make application to the region of the heel, and the cure is effected."

It is a case of a lady, aged fifty-one, for the removal of a fibroid tumor of the uterus.

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Twenty-eight thousand more. Each year of the decade following will make its inroads upon the ranks, but less serious in amount, till the thirteenth year will call for less than four thousand. Those remaining will fall by two and three till the end of the forty-fifth year, when it will be found that in the intervening period about five hundred thousand have succumbed to the hardships of the first and second half of the century.

At the end of sixty years three hundred and seventy thousand of the original population of the earth will be left.

At the end of eighty years only one hundred and thirty thousand will remain.

At the end of a hundred years only one hundred and thirty thousand will remain.

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stroke, it makes a difference of 50,000 ounces of lifting during the night.

"When I lie down at night without any pillow, that is the rest my heart needs. But when you take your wine or grog you do not allow that rest, for the influence of alcohol to increase the number of strokes, and instead of getting this rest you put something like 15,000 extra strokes, and the result you rise up very weary and unfit for the next day's work till you have taken a little more of your ruddy bumper, which you say is the soul of man below."

A Big Blast.

The Salt Lake Tribune gives the following account of a tremendous blast recently set off at Salt Lake City. About 100 persons assembled at the lime-stone quarry, north of Warm Springs, to witness the discharge of a big blast. Sixteen quarried out of a quarry to leave a piling 100 feet wide and over 100 feet high.

This face was nearly perpendicular, but had a beach or step extending up from the base 40 feet. From this point a tunnel was run, and the rock was blasted, and at the lower end a crosscut 48 feet long was made.

At each end of this crosscut a well was sunk nine feet deep, bringing the bottom about on a level with the floor of the quarry. In one of these wells 100 bags of powder were placed, and in the other 125 bags.

This powder was placed in bulk, and wires so arranged as to enable the two masses to be fired at the same time by electricity. The powder and the wires were in position, the wells were filled up with tamping. The manner in which the tunnel crosscuts and wells were arranged made it easy to confine the explosive force of the powder so as to be more effective.

Wires were stretched up the hill about 700 feet to a safe place, and a portable battery was carried to the spot. The crowd of spectators viewed the quarry and such features as were visible, and then retired to the valley below, 1000 feet away, where they had a good chance to witness the explosion.

Mrs. Frank Pascoe touched off the powder just at 1 o'clock by merely pressing a key of the machine, and at once the whole face of the quarry was raised and fell in an immense mass of broken rock, and the air of an egg up to that of nearly a house. Mr. Pascoe estimates that the blast brought down and loosened up between 30,000 and 40,000 tons of rock.

The report of the explosion was not heavy—in fact it was not heard by a stick of giant—but the tumbling of the rocks made the earth tremble for quite a distance. The amount of smoke which rose in an immense cloud gave some idea of the amount of powder used, and for a time obscured the view.

Louis XV., gave the most exquisite suppers at La Petit Trianon, prepared by his own hands and his own cooks. Even after the king's thorough knowledge of gastronomy was in those days an indispensable accomplishment to the five gentlemen. All majesty included, would don the cook's apron, and assisted by his pages to do so.

The king would devote himself to "point à basille" and preparations of eggs, in which he was highly skilled; the Duc de Contant would prepare the salad; the Duc de Coigny would supervise the cooking, and the Duc de Choiseul would be famous for certain dishes—and there were never fewer than forty-eight. In the saloon above, the tables were splendid with Sevres, and gold and silver plate, and vases filled with the richest flowers, and the wine was dispensed with altogether; one course being finished, at the stamp of the foot the table sank through the floor, and another, completely furnished, rose in its place.

"What do you think of that?" "Oh, no, we were married two months ago. A divorce is what we are after now."

"What did you kill?" "I acquired a pedestrian of a sportsman on horseback. 'Time,' was the sentences response.—Washington Herald.

The English criticise us for the way the Indians have been treated, but they have almost succeeded in exterminating the 'best native of Australia.'—Detroit Free Press.

Women are now being adopted as cashiers of banks, and the adoption is wise. The average woman can do as much as a man, and get her clothes ready in time to skip with the bank's funds before somebody would tumble to her racket.—Merchant Traveler.

WHAT WOULD HE DO WHEN SOBER.

Lord Justice Hornum possessed one of those peculiarly Scotch organisations which no amount of excess in eating or drinking appears to affect.

GENERAL ITEMS.

A woman named Ann Little, 54 years of age, was charged at the Galeshead county police court recently with stealing one game cock and two cats.

SCOFFERS FROM WIND OF THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Colic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Skin Eruptions, &c., should lose no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine—

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHORINE—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphorine (Ozonio Oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these

THE WEAVER AND ANXIOUS MERCHANT, the tired clerk, the busy lawyer, fagged and harassed by the duties of an arduous profession, and all who daily undergo a physical or mental strain, which tends to deprive the system of its vitality, should reinforce its energies with that pure, long-established, and palatable invigorant, Wolfe's Schnapps, which is, moreover, an excellent cathartic and general corrective. Always ask for Wolfe's Schnapps.

Balloons are to be used by the British forces in the Sudan, for the purpose of observing the movements of the enemy.

GARDENING FOR APRIL.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Sow cabbage, cauliflower, early horn carrot, broccoli, lettuce, peas, radish, spinach, and turnip. Kidney potatoes may still be planted. Earth up celery. Top dress asparagus beds with salt or seaweed. If new strawberies beds are required, plant three-year-old beds should be destroyed.

FLOWER GARDEN.—Dahlia, hollyhocks, lilius, and Poinciana chrysanthemums will now be in their prime; liquid manure will prolong and enhance the beauty of the flowers; dead blooms must be picked off, or the plants will be impoverished. This is the best month to sow hardy annual and perennial flower seeds. Prepare your ground for planting shrubs, ornamental trees, &c. If not already done, get it done at once. Herbaceous plants can be divided and planted where wanted, carnations and pinks may still be propagated by cutting under a bell glass.

FARM.—Ploughing will chiefly occupy the farmer's attention. Plough deep—the extra expense is trifling compared with the benefits derived. In some districts wheat-sowing will commence; see that the finest and cleanest samples of seeds are selected, and do not neglect to dress by using a solution of blue vitriol, at the rate of 1lb. to the sack.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Moss & Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

NEVER RETURN.—It is said that one out of every four invalids who go to foreign countries to recover health never return, except as a corpse. The undertakers, not the hotel-keepers have the most profitable business. This excessive mortality may be prevented and patients saved and cured under the care of friends and loved ones at home if they will but use Hop Bitters in time. Read

THE BAD AND WORTHLESS.

Are never initiated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine. It is especially true that the remedy initiated is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best, and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notices in which the press and the people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums pur up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but genuine American Hop Bitters with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label, and Dr. Soule's name blown in the glass. Trust nothing else. Druggists and Chemists are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

FLORINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest relief discoverer of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

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VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Restorer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Restorer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. KAY'S COMPOUND OF LINSSEED, Aniseed, Senega, Squill, Tolu, &c., with Chloroform. KAY'S COMPOUND, a demulcent expectorant, for Coughs and Colds. KAY'S COMPOUND for Coughs and Colds, is equally serviceable for Horses and Cattle. KAY'S TIC PILLS, a specific in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c. COAGULINE.—Oment for Broken Articles. Imported by Merchants, and sold by all Chemists & Sole Makers—KAY BROS., Stockport, England. REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful imprudence caught Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REYNOLDS, Esq., 48 Chatham Street, New York City, U.S.A.

Beaufort Post Office.

Table with columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at Beaufort, Mails leave at Beaufort. Rows include Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, Traralgon, Raglan, Chate, Waterloo, Main Lead, Sailor's Gully, Stockyard Hill, Ararat, Bunbarrow, Shirley.

The mails for Ararat, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Bunbarrow, and Traralgon are despatched twice daily. Mails for Waterloo are despatched daily. Mails for Shirley, and Bunbarrow are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Mails for Main Lead, Raglan, and Chate are despatched three times a week—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sailor's Gully (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith's) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be greatly surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These Troches, "Hoarseness" is now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 14d. per box. People troubled with a "hoacking cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as the salutarious effect is allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box.—Prepared by John I. Brown & Sons, 12, Farringdon Road, London.

FREE GIFTS!—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have enclosed in the wrappers of the bottles of their Schnapps, since the 1st of October, 1878, and continue to include in EVERY DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to look for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

Victorian Railways.

Table with columns: FROM MELBOURNE TO STAWELL, FROM STAWELL TO MELBOURNE, FROM MELBOURNE TO BALLARAT, FROM BALLARAT TO MELBOURNE, FROM MELBOURNE TO ARARAT, FROM ARARAT TO MELBOURNE, FROM MELBOURNE TO PORTLAND, FROM PORTLAND TO MELBOURNE, FROM MELBOURNE TO HAMILTON, FROM HAMILTON TO MELBOURNE, FROM MELBOURNE TO WARRAMBLE, FROM WARRAMBLE TO MELBOURNE.

F A R E S.

Table with columns: From, To, First-class, Second-class. Rows include Traralgon, Bunbarrow, Melbourne, Geelong, Ararat, Ballarat, Hamilton, Warramblie, Stawell.

ADVERTISEMENTS received for insertion in this Paper, in English or French, by CLARENDON and PLATT, 83, Gracechurch Street, London.

Important Discovery.

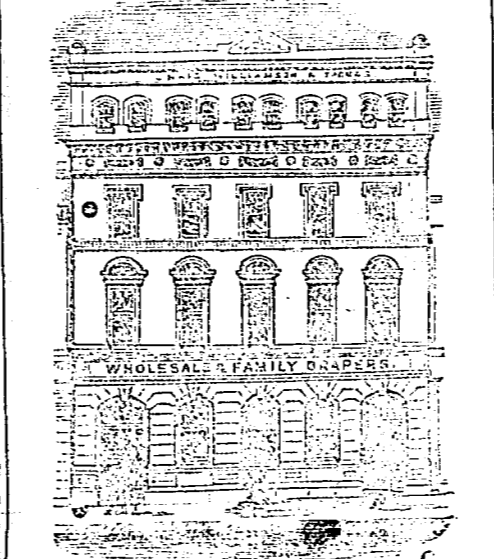
GREEN BANK ALKALI CO.'S PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA. Makes the Finest Hair Soap absolutely without Boiling! No special apparatus required. By simply mixing with water, a rich lather is formed, and a quantity can be made at a time, from ten pounds in a few minutes to ten tons in a few hours. Quality superior, and cost much less than any other soap. The powder or oil can be obtained the best hand soap can be made, costing only a half-penny a pound! This article is the most perfect and concentrated alkali obtainable. For all washing, scouring, and cleaning purposes each pound of our patent Double Refined Caustic Soda will equal to ten pounds of ordinary soda crystals, thus effecting a great saving of freight and carriage to distant countries. Nothing better for cleaning or scouring than this article. The following very simple directions for producing the best Hair Soap will always succeed if exactly followed.—Take of our PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA, 95 PER CENT. CAUSTIC SODA POWDER, put it in any can with FORTY parts of water, and stir it well. WATER: stir it once or twice with a stick; it will dissolve immediately and become quite hot; let it stand until the next morning, and then pour it into any convenient vessel for mixing exactly SEVENTY-FIVE pounds of Clean Glycerine, follow with the same quantity of Castile Soap, and stir it well. If the mixture is not thick enough, add a little more of the soda. If it is too thick, add a little more of the water. If it is not thick enough, add a little more of the soda. If it is too thick, add a little more of the water. If it is not thick enough, add a little more of the soda. If it is too thick, add a little more of the water.

THE COMMON CAUSTIC SODA SOLD MEMO. IN DRUMS WILL NOT MAKE SOAP AT ALL BY THE ABOVE DIRECTIONS. The Sops made in this way is an absolutely pure undiluted soap, far superior to any other soap, and much cheaper. It contains all glycerine originally contained in the grease used, a valuable ingredient all lost when the soap is made by the ordinary process. This soap being pure and undiluted, it will not injure or destroy the most delicate fabrics or colours, though it will wash or bleach any other material. The attention of WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS and WOLFE'S SOURCES is directed to the Company's put up in iron cans, containing each ABSOLUTELY NO BOILING, OR ANY SPECIAL APPARATUS REQUIRED. By simply mixing with water, a rich lather is formed, and a quantity can be made at a time, from ten pounds in a few minutes to ten tons in a few hours. Quality superior, and cost much less than any other soap. The powder or oil can be obtained the best hand soap can be made, costing only a half-penny a pound! This article is the most perfect and concentrated alkali obtainable. For all washing, scouring, and cleaning purposes each pound of our patent Double Refined Caustic Soda will equal to ten pounds of ordinary soda crystals, thus effecting a great saving of freight and carriage to distant countries. Nothing better for cleaning or scouring than this article. The following very simple directions for producing the best Hair Soap will always succeed if exactly followed.—Take of our PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA, 95 PER CENT. CAUSTIC SODA POWDER, put it in any can with FORTY parts of water, and stir it well. WATER: stir it once or twice with a stick; it will dissolve immediately and become quite hot; let it stand until the next morning, and then pour it into any convenient vessel for mixing exactly SEVENTY-FIVE pounds of Clean Glycerine, follow with the same quantity of Castile Soap, and stir it well. If the mixture is not thick enough, add a little more of the soda. If it is too thick, add a little more of the water. If it is not thick enough, add a little more of the soda. If it is too thick, add a little more of the water.

THE PUREST SPIRIT IN THE WORLD. UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS AROMATIC SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them. The public should no longer be duped by injurious, cheap, dry compounds, imitations of the genuine WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

The public are strongly advised to purchase original unopened bottles, as the Custom Authorities have found it necessary to prosecute a large number of Publicans under the Trade Marks Act, and they have fined up to £10, and £100 lbs. costs, for selling inferior spirits over the bar, representing it to be the GENUINE WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS. M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS, WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

ADVISE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest, by a sick child suffering with the pain or cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the inflamed membrane, relaxes all pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Lat 1s. 14d. per bottle.



IMPORTANT NOTICE TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AND OTHERS. Drapery, Woollens and Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths and Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding, direct from the Importers, at actual Wholesale Prices.

CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, AND THOMAS. SUPPLY the Public with Drapery, Woollens, &c. The Terms being strictly Cash, purchasers at C. W. and T.'s warehouses have to pay for losses occasionally by bad debts and they save the retail profit, fully 50 per cent. The Stock in all departments from England and the Continent are received weekly by the several steamers, thereby ensuring a continuous supply of the newest goods. The Tailoring and Outfitting Departments having assumed such large proportions are now located at the adjacent corner, can rely on their orders having careful attention. The principle of having our goods made to order, and our customers having the choice of any material, and our customers having the choice of any material, and our customers having the choice of any material.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHORINE. Is sold only in Cases at 6d. by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe. Full directions for use in the English, French, German, Italian, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Danish, Chinese, Persian, Hindustani, Malay, Hebrew, Turkish, and Japanese languages accompany each case.

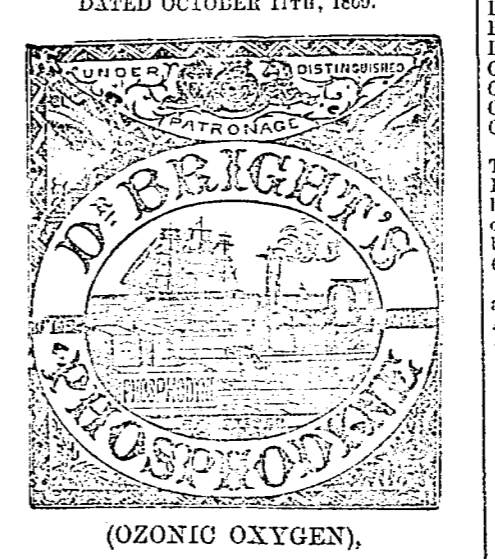
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M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS, WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

Oxygen is Life.

ALTHOUGH the modern Materia Medica include many valuable remedies for human ailments, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the animal vitality is falling, Phosphorine is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known. It will work effects such as nothing else will produce, and it possesses the great advantage of not causing, when its use is relinquished, the slightest reaction or depression.



THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORATIVE. For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

Phosphorine is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be unequalled for its power of replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree. It is absorbable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while retaining all its extraordinary properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the known therapeutic agents of the present day for the cure of permanent cure of Nervous Prostration, Sluggishness of Blood, Liver Complaints, Trembling of the hands and feet, Dizziness, Noise in the Head and Ears, Mental and Physical Debility, and all other conditions of the system arising from whatever cause. The action of the Phosphorine is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and nerve generating agent known; therefore, a marvellous medicine for maintaining intact and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the functions of assimilation to such a degree that for years an emaciated, nervous, enervated, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health. The Phosphorine acts electrically upon the organization, for instance, it excites nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous, membranous and organic systems. It operates on the system without exciting care or fatigue, and its effects are permanent. It is thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigor, and robustness unparalleled in medicine. The Phosphorine gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or assimilating element of life, which has been wasted, and exerts an important influence directly on the spinal marrow and nervous system of a nervous, tonic, and invigorating character, maintaining that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant, and energetic, and which, when lost, renders the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigor, and robustness unparalleled in medicine.

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THE OZONIO OXYGEN. The New Curative Agent, and only Reliable Remedy for Nervous and Liver Complaints. This Phosphoric combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be unequalled for its power of replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and functions of the system to the highest degree. It is absorbable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while retaining all its extraordinary properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the known therapeutic agents of the present day for the cure of permanent cure of Nervous Prostration, Sluggishness of Blood, Liver Complaints, Trembling of the hands and feet, Dizziness, Noise in the Head and Ears, Mental and Physical Debility, and all other conditions of the system arising from whatever cause. The action of the Phosphorine is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and nerve generating agent known; therefore, a marvellous medicine for maintaining intact and broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves the functions of assimilation to such a degree that for years an emaciated, nervous, enervated, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health. The Phosphorine acts electrically upon the organization, for instance, it excites nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous, membranous and organic systems. It operates on the system without exciting care or fatigue, and its effects are permanent. It is thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigor, and robustness unparalleled in medicine. The Phosphorine gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or assimilating element of life, which has been wasted, and exerts an important influence directly on the spinal marrow and nervous system of a nervous, tonic, and invigorating character, maintaining that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant, and energetic, and which, when lost, renders the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigor, and robustness unparalleled in medicine.

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"For the Blood is the Life."

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORATIVE. For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

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The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 477]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1885.

PRICE SIXPENCE

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning, would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence-street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to the number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 5 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Established in the Colonies 1862.
Capital, £1,500,000 fully subscribed.
The undersigned having been appointed Agent for Beaufort, is prepared to receive Proposals for all descriptions of Insurance at the LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
Risk accepted on Thrashing Machines, Stacks, and Agricultural Produce.
Premiums for the year, £425,355 or £67,500 over 1884.
The additions to Reserve Funds now amount to £234,729 to meet fire losses only, in addition to the Capital.
Out of a surplus of £110,730, only £16,000 was paid to Shareholders in Dividends, the balance being added to Reserve Fund.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

WANTED KNOWN.

IT having come to my knowledge that Subscribers to Daily Papers are charged Nine Pence (9d.) a week, for the benefit of the public I wish to inform them that the "Riponshire Advocate," "The Weekly Times," and "The Weekly News" can be had and will be delivered in the township of Beaufort at 6d. per week, or 6s. 6d. per quarter.

H. P. HENNINGSEN.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA, BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a deliciously flavored beverage which will save us many a doctor's bill. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in 1lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON, ENGLAND.

H. P. HENNINGSEN,

BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

PERMANENT ENLARGEMENT
Of the
WEEKLY TIMES
TO TWENTY-FOUR PAGES,
Or
ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY COLUMNS.

In compliance with the wish of several of the delegates to the Conference of the Farmers' Unions held in Melbourne, an important new feature has been added to The Weekly Times, namely,

"THE FARMERS' GAZETTE AND UNION RECORD."

The increased size of the Weekly Times will enable Parliamentary Proceedings, and all matters of interest

TO BE MORE FULLY REPORTED.

The Weekly Times is now the Cheapest and Most Complete Weekly Newspaper

PUBLISHED IN THE WORLD.

At the Price.

THE SPORTING DEPARTMENT

Of the Weekly Times will continue to be a Special Feature in the Paper.

In the Weekly Times will be found a Good Selection of Light Literature, comprising Original and Selected Tales, Sketches, Household Hints, and the Ladies' Column.

In addition to the above, The Weekly Times will contain the Latest and Finest, Cabaretiers, Commercial, Shipping, and General News, thus supplying in a condensed form the

WEEKLY NEWS OF THE WORLD.

PRICE THREEPENCE.

Subscriptions per post the 6d. per quarter, or 12s. per annum in advance.

Office: 85, COLLINS ST. EAST, MELBOURNE.

NOTICE.

IT having come to my knowledge that certain unprincipled vendors of sewing machines have frequently substituted in place of the

GENUINE "WERTHEIM"

Machines on a similar principle, but of a far inferior make, I beg to

INFORM THE PUBLIC

That EVERY

GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING

MACHINE BEARS THE TRADE MARK

Of the

Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, a GNOME,

Representing the Dwarf of German Fable, in a sitting posture, with a mallet resting on his shoulder, and long flowing beard reaching to his feet.

Besides this Trade Mark the NAME "WERTHEIM" is PAINTED IN GOLD ON THE PLATE of each Machine.

As a further SECURITY

TO GUARD AGAINST IMPOSITION every

GENUINE WERTHEIM SEWING

MACHINE

SHIPPED TO AUSTRALIA

Has STAMPED ON THE SHUTTLE-SLIDE the

NAME OF THE SOLE AGENT for Australasia,

viz. —

HUGO WERTHEIM,

MELBOURNE.

I hereby inform Vendors of Sewing Machines in Victoria and the other Australian colonies that the WERTHEIM "GNOME" TRADE MARK, as well as the name "WERTHEIM," has been properly REGISTERED in Australia; and that any infringement upon the said registration will be at once proceeded against according to law.

Hugo Wertheim,

39 FLINDERS LANE EAST,

MELBOURNE.

Sole Representative and Agent in Australia for the Wertheim Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company.

PETRUS DE BAERE,

Agent for Beaufort and District.

Machines from £4 10s.

Easy Terms. Illustrated Catalogues.

THE GREATEST "SEWING MACHINE."

TRIUMPH OF THE AGE

Who respectfully ask the public not to be misled by the puff of a "Rival of former years."

The number of Sewing Machines imported (like other goods) is no criterion of the number sold, the evidence of which lies in the fact that Melbourne is overstocked with the importations of 1874.

Reasons why the

"WHEELER AND WILSON"

Sewing Machine

Is far superior to the "Singer."

The W. and W. will do more work, and do it better.

The W. and W. is much more durable. It will last a lifetime, and run for years without repair.

The W. and W. is easier to work than the Singer.

The W. and W. is not so liable to get out of order.

The W. and W. has no cog wheels to wear away and break, as a Singer.

The W. and W. has no heavy machinery to tire and weary the feet, as the Singer.

The W. and W. is more simple in action.

The W. and W. has less wear and tear.

The W. and W. is better finished.

The W. and W. has been awarded more prizes.

If any further proof is required of the superiority of the Wheeler and Wilson, it is found in the fact that Singer's agent has never accepted our challenge to have the machines publicly tested.

We warrant every genuine W. and W. machine to give entire satisfaction.

JONES & CO., Australian Agents for Wheeler and Wilson's Machines.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

Instruction Given Gratis.

P. DE BAERE,

WATCHMAKER,

Sole Agent for Beaufort.

All Sewing Machines delivered FREE of charge at Melbourne Prices. Discount allowed for Cash, or on easy terms.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

Of Every description executed at the

"RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE,

Lawrence-street, Beaufort,

And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

BOOKBINDING

ON REASONABLE TERMS

MINING SCRIP, CALLS, RECEIPTS, DELIVERY BOOKS, &c.,

Prepared on the shortest notice

THE AUGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day Train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, Twopenny.

WARD & LIPMAN,

Commission Merchants,

PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.

EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS.

Advances made on Consignments.

Contracts for Railways and Public Works Solicited.

WASHING LIQUID.

MRS. GILLOCH begs respectfully to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that she is manufacturing a "Washing Liquid," which will be found to materially lessen the labor of Washing Clothes, besides giving the clothes a good color. Warranted not to injure any article of whatever description or texture; it will also take out stains, and improve colored articles.

Directions for Use.—For every 3 gallons of cold water and one half-pint of the liquid, wet and soap the clothes, place in the boiler, and boil for half an hour; then in plenty of water; blue and dry as usual. Soap and suds fumes in warm water, and place in boiler when the white clothes are taken out, and allowed to remain 15 or 20 minutes "then dry as usual."

Sold in large or small quantities. Single Bottle 3d.

The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

CIRCULATES in the following districts:—Beaufort, Stockyard Hill, Lake Goldsmith, Sailor's Gully, Main Lead, Ragon, Charlton, Waterloo, Erambone, Bunger, Middle Creek, Shirley, Trawalla, Burrumbout, Learmouth, Strattham, Skippy, and Carriham.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

BALL TICKETS & PROGRAMMES,

ADDRESS & BUSINESS CARDS,

MINING SCRIP, REPORTS, &c.,

PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BILLHEADS,

POSTERS, DRAPER'S HANDBILLS,

CATALOGUES, DELIVERY BOOKS,

SOIREE & DINNER TICKETS,

MOURNING CARDS, &c., &c.,

PRINTED IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE

AT MELBOURNE PRICES.

Office: Lawrence Street, Beaufort.

THE DAVIDS

(HAND AND TREADLE),

RECEIVED THE

ONLY FIRST PRIZE

GOLD MEDAL

AWARDED AT THE

Sydney & Melbourne International Exhibitions, 1880-81.

Only First Prize.

Adelaide Exhibition, 1884.

IMPORTERS—

HENRY BISHOP & CO.,

79 BOURKE STREET EAST,

MELBOURNE.

(Next to the Theatre Royal).

Local Agents Wanted.

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Ballarat Wool Sales.

EVERINGHAM, GREENFIELD, & CO

WOOL, GRAIN, AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864).

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,

And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

Wholesale—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,

Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Wonderful, but True.

Furniture,

Pianos,

Carpets, etc.,

Forwarded to all parts of the Colony

Without Money or Security

ON

S. NATHAN'S

WONDERFUL

TIME PAYMENT

SYSTEM.

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

LATE OF

149 AND 151 BOURKE STREET EAST

MELBOURNE.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burdigg and Co., Colman-street, London

Novbery and Sons, 37 Farringdon-street, London.

Barely and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMESITT, & CO., Melbourne.

HEMMONS & CO., Wholesale Druggists.

FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & CO., Wholesale Druggists.

50, New & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

FAULDING & CO., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BURKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & CO., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & CO., Wholesale Drug

Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

COMMERCIAL.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was a fair market on Thursday. We quote as follows:—Barley—English, 4s 6d; Cape barley, 2s 9d; wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 7d; oats, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; hay, sheaves, L3 to L3 10s; do, manger, L3 to L3 15s; potatoes, L1 to L1 1s 6d; straw, oaten, L2; do, wheaten, L1 10s; peas, 3s to 3s 6d; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s 1d; bonedust, L6 10s; flour, L7 10s.

ABARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business in the produce market revived somewhat during the week, and a fair amount of trade was done notwithstanding that the rain prevented to some extent the delivery of supplies. A rather easier feeling is apparent in wheat. One small lot of somewhat inferior sample realised 3s 2d ex bags, but on the other hand an offer of 3s 3d for a 300 bags lot was declined. Business has been limited to small parcels at our quotations. There has been a lot of trade in flour. Besides a quantity sent down west local scales have been active at a slight advance on late rates, viz., L7 7s 6d for up-country to L7 13s for local. The wheat market at Horsham has recovered, and 3s 2d to 3s 2 1/2d now rules, but very little is changing hands. At Donald an advance has also been experienced, and large quantities are being sent away at 3s 2d to 3s 3d for prime. The same figures prevail at St. Arnaud, but the market is not active. At Landsborough 3s 2d is quoted for wheat, and L7 10s for flour. In this district oats have been in good demand at our figures. We have heard of one lot being landed Ballarat, the cost being 2s 9d delivered for a first-class sample. Very few Ballarat potatoes are coming up just now, and Warrnambool varieties are firm at L3 per ton. There is a good demand for hay, but owing to the weather very little is coming in. All forward is readily taken up at our own prices. Onions are less, and can now be got at 5s. There is a good demand for both fresh and potted butter of prime quality at our quotations. A load of hams and bacon in this week was sold at our figures, and two loads of cheese realised 6 1/2d per pound. Eggs are scarce and have advanced to 1s 2d. The following are our quotations:—

Wheat, 3s 3d; oats, 2s 8d; pollard, 1s; bran, 1s; Cape barley 2s 8d; English barley, 4s; 6d; peas, 3s; flour, L7 7s 6d to L7 12s 6d; Warrnambool potatoes, L3 per ton; Ballarat, potatoes, L2 10s to L2 12s per ton; hay (sheaves) 6s to 6s 6d; hay (trussed) 7s; straw, oaten, 30s to 35s; do, wheaten, 25s; chaff, 3s 6d per cwt; carrots, 3s; onions, 5s; butter (fresh), 1s 2d per lb; butter (potted), 1s; hams, 10d per lb; bacon, 9d to 10d per lb; cheese, 6 1/2d per lb; eggs, 1s 2d per dozen; rye, 4s per bushel.—Advertiser.

THE INSURRECTION IN CANADA.

(FROM THE ARGUS)

London, April 22.

The insurrection of Indians and half-breeds, under the leadership of Louis Riel, in the north-western provinces of Canada, continues to spread. The latest news states that the rebels have captured Fort Pitt.

It is feared that at the capture of Fort Pitt, in the north-west territories of the Dominion of Canada, by the Indians and half-breeds who are in insurrection under the leadership of Louis Riel, 60 of the residents were massacred, including the Hon. Charles Dickens (1 Hon. Charles Dickey, member of the Legislative Council of Nova Scotia).

Cable News.

(FROM THE ARGUS CORRESPONDENT.)

London, April 22.

The Rev. Ambrose John Wilson, M.A., the head master of the Carlisle Grammar School, has been chosen to succeed the late Mr. Alexander Pyne as head teacher of the Church of England Grammar School.

April 23.

The Right Rev. Herbert Vaughan, D.D., the Roman Catholic Bishop of Stafford, who is a passenger for Australia by the Orient steamer Austral, is at present in Rome, endeavoring to make arrangements for establishing Roman Catholic missions amongst the Maories in New Zealand.

April 22.

Captain Rhodes, of the Royal Engineers, who has been appointed to command the Engineer and Torpedo Corps of Victoria, will sail for Melbourne by the P. and O. Co.'s R.M.S. Rome at the end of May.

The incoming mail steamer Thames arrived at Albany on Tuesday afternoon. She should reach Melbourne on Monday morning.

A quantity of coal at Beachport has been sent to Mount Gambier, fearing that the Russians might appropriate it.

A human skull, apparently of a youth of 19 or 20 years of age, has been found near Horsham by a farmer named McTavish, whilst rabbiting in the scrub. He brought information to the police, who are making inquiries into the matter.

One hundred and ten Paris employes left Paris last month for Rome, to ask the Pope's blessing on the Catholic artisans' clubs which they represent.

TOWLE'S PENNYROYAL AND STEEL PILLS FOR FEMALES quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes 2s 9d, 6s, 12s. Prepared only by E. T. Towle, Chemist, Nottingham, England. Agents for Melbourne—Rooke, Tompsett & Co., Wholesale Druggists; Hummums and Co., Wholesale Drug Gists; William Ford & Co., 67, Swanston Street.

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest night after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained of A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by chemists, Wholesale agents, Felton, Grimwade and Co., and Rooke Tompsett, Melbourne.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Berryman, R.; Boyd, F. Esq. Clough, John; Condict, Mrs. W. Dutton, W. Fraser, John. Green, Bridget. Hon. Secretary Beaufort Football Club. M'Kay, John; Mybacker, Maria; Mannors, Thomas. Ruyton, G. R. Smith, James. Whitfield, Mr.; White, Mr. M.; Watts, W. E. M. KILDAHL, Postmaster. Beaufort, April 24th, 1885.

Marriage.

On the 2nd April, at the residence of the Rev. Robert Kennedy, Joseph, youngest son of the late Joseph Gillespie, to Flora, second daughter of George Exell, both of Stockyard Hill.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1885.

The "peace-at-any-price" policy of the present British Cabinet has achieved another victory; but it is by no means clear that it is a victory that will rebound either to the honor or the credit of the British nation. In place of taking a back seat Russia has been allowed to move a little further to the front, and this has been accomplished by the action of Panjdeh to the all-absorbing Muscovite. It is not surprising to find that a certain clique in the Russian Press speak of Mr. Gladstone as a "jolly good sort of fellow," and a man after their own heart. But these constant encroachments of Russia cut both ways. They aggrandise the Muscovite at our expense, and convert our friends into possible foes. The Ameer, as our ally, has been compelled to give way, for, being unable any longer to place the support of England in juxtaposition to the grabbing policy of Russia, he was unable to successfully resist aggression if the dispute had eventuated in a trial of strength. The Ameer, it will readily be seen, was like a ship exposed to two fires. Abandoned by the English, he was helpless, and to resist without English aid was hopeless, on account of the retaliative vengeance such a proceeding would have brought upon his devoted head. Indeed, as matters now stand, the position of the Afghans is disheartening in the extreme, for the determined opposition already shown by them against aggression will be certain to call down upon them the implacable enmity of their old foes. We are, of course, proceeding on the assumption that the news announcing the cession of Panjdeh to the Russians is correct. According to various accounts, Mr. Gladstone entertains a much higher regard for Russia than do the majority of his own compatriots. We presume, after what was passed, that the delimitation of the Afghan frontier has now been settled, for it seems that, provided that no further advance is made by the Commander of the Russian forces, Panjdeh is henceforth to be deemed part and parcel of Russian territory. What the disappointment and feeling will be amongst the Afghans, to say nothing of the adverse moral effect upon the tens of millions of our Asiatic subjects, it is not easy to conjecture, for it is not to be forgotten that England is an Asiatic as well as a European power, and any loss of prestige in the East would be regarded as a sign of weakness that would operate largely to her disadvantage in the case of future trouble. On the other hand, Russia is likely to gain in influence in the proportion in which England will lose caste in the eyes of our allies in the East. Unhappily, Persia, who, it appears, had in ignorance of events then transpiring telegraphed her loyal adherence to the English cause, will no doubt reap the reward of her temerity in time to come by incurring the hatred and hostility of the Muscovite. She had, as an act of good faith, and apparently in the full belief that England meant business—and certainly to maintain her supremacy in North-western Afghanistan—expressed herself as ready to fight on the side of England. Hence the false position in which she has placed herself. But future events must determine how far Mr. Gladstone is to be justified in the latest act of indiscriminately surrendering British claims and interests at the behest of a Foreign Power. At present it looks very much like compromising a serious difficulty at the expense of English renown and prestige rather than go to war, for there seems a general consensus of opinion that this latest move is only part of the persistent policy of Russia to concentrate her power on the Indian frontier, so that she may be better prepared in the eventful future to push her designs on India itself. We hope this view may turn out incorrect; but reading between the lines, it is the only one we can at present take of the unpleasant predicament into which the weak and timorous policy of the reigning dynasty of England is hurrying the nation. War with Russia in the future is looked upon as inevitable unless her whole policy is sensibly modified, and it would be far better, if a disruption be unavoidable, that it should occur now when we are well prepared for it than at a time when we might be taken at a much greater disadvantage.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—South Victoria, 53oz.; New Victoria, 45oz.; Waterloo, 35oz.; Royal Saxe, 30oz.; Hobart Pasha, 30oz.

A special general meeting of the shareholders in the Beaufort Wood Company was held at the Camp Hotel on Tuesday evening last, when it was resolved to wind the company up. Another meeting is convened for Tuesday, 5th May, for the purpose of confirming or otherwise dealing with the decision arrived at by the first meeting.

The anniversary services in connection with the Beaufort Primitive Church were held on Sunday last, in the Beaufort Societies' Hall. The Rev. H. Hathershaw, who has just returned to Beaufort after an absence of twelve years, conducted the services. There were good congregations on both occasions, and the preacher delivered two impressive discourses, while the choir, under the leadership of Mr. John Jackson, rendered some choice vocal music. On Monday evening a public tea was held in the hall, but the attendance was very poor indeed. Those present, however, enjoyed a good tea, the tables being provided by Mr. S. Whiting in his usual good style. After the tea had been disposed of, a public meeting followed, when Mr. W. Chelwell presided. Addresses were given by the Revs. H. Hathershaw, and J. C. M'Gord, and Mr. W. C. Thomas. The latter gentleman gave a statement showing the financial position of the church, from which it appeared that there was a small debt owing. Collections were taken up at each of the services on Sunday, and also at the public meeting on Monday, in aid of the trust funds of the church, and they were liberally responded to.

The adjourned case of Toman v. David was called on at the Beaufort Police Court on Monday last, when it was further adjourned for a week, owing to the inability of the accused's counsel to attend.

We are requested to state that it was announced from St. John's pulpit on last Sunday that the subjects for consideration in the church to-morrow (Sunday) would be—morning, "Our Lord's descent into hell" evening, "The hyperborean idea of hell viewed in the light of Scripture."

It has been a moot point for a long time as to whether there are any number of perch in the old Beaufort reservoir. Large specimens of these fish have been found from time to time stranded on the beach of the lake, but nobody has ever yet succeeded in catching any fish in the reservoir, notwithstanding that all sorts of baits have been tried. The North Riding members of the Riponshire Council decided to test the question by dragging the reservoir with nets, which was done on Monday last, and although the test cannot be said to be a very severe one owing to the smallness of the nets, yet it was sufficient to prove that the fish are not numerous if any at all exist in the lake, as not one was caught in the nets.

The wife of Mr. Patrick O'Sullivan, proprietor of the Lady of the Lake Hotel, Wooroonook, was found dead in her bed on Wednesday morning last. A magisterial inquiry was held in due course, and the surgeon who made a post-mortem examination on the body could not ascertain the cause of death, and the deceased's stomach was forwarded to the Government analytical chemist for analysis. Mrs. O'Sullivan resided for some time with Dr. Johnston, at Beaufort, and was married in the Beaufort Roman Catholic Church.

A hand-picked rifle match will be fired by the members of the Beaufort District Rifle Club to-day at the local butts. The ranges are 200 and 400 yards, seven shots at each. The first prize is a double-barrel shot gun, the second of Messrs. Hawkes Brothers; the third 500 rounds of ammunition, and the third 130 rounds of ammunition.

It is intended at an early date to get up an entertainment at Beaufort in aid of the funds of the Beaufort District Hospital. We feel sure that there is no more deserving institution in the colony, and have no doubt but that the public will respond liberally when the particulars are announced.

A serious accident occurred to a man named James M'Vie at Raglan on Thursday. It appears that he was driving a wagon and team of horses, the property of Mr. G. Wood, and while in the act of getting down off the shafts of the wagon, on which he had been standing, his foot slipped, and he fell on to the ground. Both wheels of the wagon passed over him. He complained very much of a pain in the back and chest, but the extent of his injuries were not known, as he was at once removed to the Ballarat Hospital, without being examined by a medical man.

Mr. W. E. Nichols reports that the sale of the Commercial Hotel, Waterloo, with furniture and effects, on Thursday last, was fairly successful. The building, with hall and cottage, both detached, brought £250.

From the publishers, Messrs. Messina and Co., Melbourne, we have received a copy of the Land Act, 1884. It is styled the "popular edition," and contains the regulations and schedules in a manner easily understood by intending selectors. The book is well printed in a handy form, and should have an extensive sale.

Our Waterloo correspondent reports that Mr. Joseph Woods, who is about leaving the district, was entertained at supper on Wednesday evening last. The health of Mr. Woods and his wife was drunk with musical honors, and a very pleasant evening was spent in song, toast, and sentiment. Some of the leading ladies of Waterloo are about to get up a bazaar in aid of the local Mechanics' Institute and Free Library, and I hope that they will get well supported, for it is a good cause. The committee are also thinking of getting up a concert and ball in about a month's time for the same object, as they want to purchase some books and make improvements to the building.

At a recent Hunt Club ball at Kilkenny, Ireland, the promoters instituted something novel in the way of ornamentation for these entertainments. They posted a couple of mounted men, got up in full hunting attire, on either side of the entrance hall. One of the horses was the master's well-known horse, that had won many prizes for jumping at both English and Irish shows. The effect was novel and striking, as the animals and riders remained motionless under the full glare of the light.

Accounts have reached London of the brave conduct at the great fire at the lunatic asylum, West Philadelphia, U.S., when 50 inmates lost their lives, of Miss Alice Fisher, an English-trained nurse, who had recently arrived at the institution from the University College Hospital, London. It is stated that, while all the confusion was in progress amongst the men, Miss Fisher "did wonderful work in preparing the women patients for abandonment to the inevitable calamity of the fire of their quarters." She laid her plans with perfect coolness, her assistants were told off to definite posts, and the patients were gathered in groups. It is further added, "No undue haste was observable, and there was comparatively little confusion. The wretched women were told to take what they could with them, and blankets were even served out to all." At one time the lives of over 700 lunatics were in imminent danger.

A horse with an eventful history has been attracting much attention at the New Orleans Exposition. It was the war-horse of the name of "Little Sorrel." The animal was given by Mrs. Jackson to the Virginia Military Institute. In the Spring of 1861, when Jackson had taken command of Harper's Ferry, a number of horses were captured on a train from the north on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Jackson requested his quartermaster to select a horse for him from the lot, and Little Sorrel was picked out. He soon displayed great powers of endurance, and was used by Jackson in all his active service. He rode Little Sorrel at the battles of Manassas, Kernstown, McDowell, Winchester, Front Royal, Cross Keys, Chickahominy, Cedar Mountain, Second Manassas, Sharpsburg, Harper's Ferry, Fredericksburg, and at Chancellorsville, where Jackson fell, mortally wounded, from Little Sorrel's back. When Jackson fell, Little Sorrel galloped into the Federal ranks, and in a subsequent charge was captured by General J. E. B. Stuart.

The Melbourne correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" writes:—"The attention of the police authorities is to be called to a circular issued by an American firm, and which has recently returned from a trip through the States as a specimen of the ill-directed efforts some people make. The circular in question gives in detail a list of the varieties of marked and other cards, by which gambling may be made a certainty, with the prices of the various kinds. In addition it mentions that loaded or "advantage" dice may be obtained in any quantities to suit the purchaser. The firm have also in stock all sorts of apparatus for the various games played on the race course, specially arranged to fleece the unsuspecting public. Some of these, I should imagine, have never yet come under the notice of the colonial authorities, and are our magnum in swindling dodges, and the only wonder is that they have not been imported from America long ere this. The circular gives the important information that with each parcel is sent the 'advantage' book, giving such minute instructions that in an hour the reader will become so thoroughly efficient that 'the time taken in securing the whole of the cash possessed by the man he is playing with will be as the difference between 10 dol. and 1000 dol. The circular is profusely illustrated with copies of the backs of cards in all colors showing 'the suits and workings' of billiard cues, faro boxes, and as I have said, every conceivable game. With the knowledge of such nefarious implements before one, the marvel ceases that every now and then a man can be found to lose thousands. How could he possibly do otherwise than lose when opposed to such swindling?"

A useful hint to farmers who use wheat as horse feed is given by a correspondent of the "Adelaide Observer," who writes:—"As farmers and others are constantly losing valuable horses through their getting at wheat, which causes them to be 'blown,' the following remedy which has recently been applied with success by a practical farmer to several horses of his which had eaten wheat, may be of service, and may be the means of saving the lives of valuable animals. The remedy is simple and within the reach of most farmers, viz, give the blown animal three pints of new milk as soon as possible after it has been gorged with wheat. One pint every half hour until it passes the wheat, which if the remedy is speedily applied, will be passed by the animal in a wonderfully short time. This has been practically tried where five or six horses were dangerously gorged with wheat, and if taken note of will be valuable to farmers, who often have wheat lying about in a very unprotected state. It is a well-known fact that a handful of quicklime well shaken up in about a pint of water will cure cattle blown with clover, and it has been suggested that a little quicklime put in the milk would probably hasten the action of the milk, and at least would do no harm."

A farmer residing near a township in this district (says the "Warrnambool Standard") recently drew from his bank in gold £800, and secretly buried it in the ground. He knew that the place would never be discovered, lying about in a very unprotected state. It is a well-known fact that a handful of quicklime well shaken up in about a pint of water will cure cattle blown with clover, and it has been suggested that a little quicklime put in the milk would probably hasten the action of the milk, and at least would do no harm.

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Ask Your Medical Attendant what he thinks of Wolfe's Schnapps as a means of promoting digestion, relieving constitutional weakness, superinducing quiet sleep, subduing urinary ailments, strengthening the nerves, assisting convalescence, and averting the evil effects of malaria, abrupt transitions of temperature, and unwholesome water. We think he will tell you that it has no equal in these respects among the tonics of the pharmacopoeia or advertised preparations. Always ask for Wolfe's Schnapps.

The Postmaster-General has resolved that in order to save expense to applicants for allowances in respect of duty stamps inadvertently spoiled, a statutory declaration, which may be made before any justice of the peace, free of charge, shall be accepted in lieu of the one now required to be made before a commissioner.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Shrewsbury has issued a vigorous pastoral letter, in which he denounces the dynamiters as "pests," "scourges," "enemies of God and man," and "assassins in the dark." The Bishop warns Catholics that they incur the penalty of being denied the holy sacrament of the church, and of being debarred from all hopes of future salvation, if they join "these emissaries of Satan."

Holloway's Pills.—Nervous Debility.—No part of the human machine requires more watching than the nervous system—upon it hangs health and life itself. These Pills are the best regulators and strengtheners of the nerves, and the safest general purifiers. Nausea, headache, giddiness, numbness, and mental apathy yield to them. They disperse in a summary manner those distressing dyspeptic symptoms, stomachic pains, fulness at the pit of the stomach, abdominal distension, and overcome both capricious appetites and confined bowels—the commonly accompanying signs of defective or deranged nervous power. Holloway's Pills are particularly recommended to persons of studious and sedentary habits, who gradually sink into a nervous and debilitated state, unless some such remedy be occasionally taken.

In answer to representatives of the Amalgamated Miners' Association and the Parliamentary Committee of the International Trades Conference, on Monday, Mr. Berry stated that the Mining Boards Election Bill, which Mr. Uren, M.L.A., proposes to bring forward, the Employers' Liability Bill, to be introduced by Mr. Wilson, the Trades' Union Act Amendment Bill and the Factories and Workshops Amendment Bill would receive early attention during the coming session.

A correspondent of a leading English paper, writing of the weather in the South, says:—"We are experiencing very hot weather in camp, and there is, in consequence, some sickness among our troops. The thermometer registered 122 degrees in the shade of the trees near the hospital, and to-day it went up, in similar conditions, to 102 degrees. The wind, which is in the south, blows like a furnace. There has been a slight outbreak of enteric fever and a number of patients suffering from that disease are now under treatment in the hospital. For the summer season huts constructed of mud and reeds will be erected for the troops, for the heat in tents during the summer months would be absolutely insupportable."

The "Ararat Advertiser" says:—"We observe by the 'Ballarat Courier' of yesterday that the approaching marriage of a well-known clergyman in Ballarat with a young lady resident in the metropolis is occasioning a mild excitement there. The age of the bridegroom to be sixty-eight years, and the bride twenty-eight. The rev. gentleman, we believe, was formerly engaged in pastoral pursuits in this district."

It is said that Trickett, an ex-champion of the world, won about £5000 by Beach's victory. Elward had pulled both men several times, and knew what he was about. The Police Court inquiry into the charge of wilful murder of Francis Beech preferred against Mrs. Jane Beech and Francis Charles Howarth, was concluded in the Geelong Court on Tuesday. The evidence of four other witnesses were taken, but their testimony was generally of the same indefinite character as regards the criminality of the accused as the evidence of the previous day. The bench, at this stage, asked Mr. Toohy, the police superintendent, whether he had any more positive evidence to submit, and receiving a reply in the negative, the bench, by a unanimous decision, discharged the prisoners, a result which was applauded by the crowded court. Mrs. Beech, under the influence of strong emotion, dropped on her knees in the court, exclaiming, "Jesus, my precious Jesus, I am saved! Oh my God, I am innocent!"

An "Argus" telegram from Baniuyong on Thursday says:—"A melancholy and fatal accident occurred at 9 o'clock this morning, at Treize's Tribute claim of the Imperial Company, Hiscock's. Martha Williams, aged about 17 years, who is stated to have been on a visit from Melbourne, was on a visit to the claim with the daughter of Mr. Chapman, of the Dulcooth Company. They were proceeding to go down the shaft, when the dress of the former caught, and she was precipitated down the shaft, Miss Chapman also being thrown off the bucket on which they were descending, though fortunately she caught the ring of a ladder on one side of the shaft, and was rescued. The depth was 100ft., and death was instantaneous, the girl's neck being broken, her arm broken, and her shoulder put out."

Lord Palmerston's prediction concerning Mr. Gladstone has often (says a writer in the "Argus") been quoted of late, but almost invariably without correctness. It was made in a private letter, and became public property during the lifetime of the former, very much to his annoyance. His words were these:—"He will first destroy the Irish Church, next the English; and, if he lives, establish a republic; but he will probably be confined in a mad house before he accomplishes the last. As an administrator, Mr. Gladstone has never found an equal, and in his budget orations he has managed to touch with beauty even Satan. But he is unskilled as a party leader and manager of men, being simple and confiding as a boy."

LATEST WAR NEWS. [BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.] (FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.) MELBOURNE, Friday Evening. A telegram appears in the "Herald" this evening from Sydney, stating that a cablegram had been received there to the effect that war would be declared with Russia on Monday. The news has created great excitement here, and an Adelaide telegram partially confirms it.

IS RUSSIA PREPARED FOR WAR?

The "St. James's Gazette," writing on the question "Is Russia prepared for war?" remarks:—"Responsible British officers—men who had nipped out the routes and measured them, who had calculated with the utmost nicety how many days it would take to move certain Russian forces from point to point by land and water till they arrived at Herat, Chitral, and Cabul—men like these had come to the following conclusions from what they already knew and saw:—It is no use disguising the fact; the buttons are off the foils in this struggle between us and Russia. And, 'Russia can in from 50 to 100 days' (for the most part employed in secret) 'put 95,000 regular troops into positions from which we can hardly drive her, and from which she can undertake the invasion of India at her own convenience, and with a expectation of success.' The calculation was that, even supposing Russia had to watch the German and Austrian frontiers with 900,000 troops of all arms, she could spare as many as 200,000 men for operations in the direction of India. Of that number no small portion was known to occupy advantageous points of departure, if they had not departed from them already; for it was believed that the process of advance and concentration had already begun. Here are some particulars:—Russia can, in 77 days after issuing the orders, put about 23,000 men into Herat, with a reserve of a like strength which could arrive in from 40 to 50 days afterwards, with 12,000 more possibly available within 20 days of Herat. She can in from 70 to 100 days also after the order has been given put about 13,000 men into Cabul, with a similar strength in reserve and her communications all strongly held. She can in 50 days put 7,000 men into Chitral and 4,000 men on to the Cashmere frontier. This was her position some months ago. As we have said, it was strongly suspected then that all the necessary preparations for such an advance had already been made, if it had not been actually begun. And we decline to believe that in the interval, and though the Russians had determined to challenge war by an actual invasion of Afghanistan, they neglected to push their forces up in support of Balkh."

When we are forced by facts to realize the dangers and discomfords of a policeman's life in London (observes the London "Daily Chronicle" of March 3), we ought to view with a lenient eye those little shortcomings of the force which show themselves from time to time. Numbers of police-men are injured year in the simple performance of their duty, and not a few lose their lives. Many of them are heroes, whose courage and devotedness render them invaluable citizens of the metropolis. At an early hour yesterday morning Detective Richard Barber lost his life in the zealous and fearless discharge of duty. About 2 o'clock a man, giving the name of James Smith, but who was recognised as a ticket-of-leave man whose sentence will not expire till 1886, was operating on the roof of some buildings in Royal Mint-street, Whitechapel. His situation having been observed, he was approached by Barber and Constable Batchelor, whom he greeted with a volley of stones. This, however, did not deter the officers, who mounted the roof regardless of the danger to which they exposed themselves. The prisoner either from timidity or for some other reason best known to himself, beat a retreat across the tops of the houses. The night was frosty and the roofs slippery, but the prisoner being without boots ran quickly, or as Constable Batchelor expressed it, "like a cat." Barber followed close upon his heels, and after a chase of 20 minutes was about to capture him, when he fell through a skylight, and his head coming in contact with the floor below, was killed on the spot. For the moment the prisoner escaped, but falling through another skylight alighted on the bed of a person who did not receive his visit in a cordial spirit. This person made such good use of a broomstick that the prisoner surrendered at discretion, and when brought before the magistrate complained of the inopportune treatment he had received.

A POLICEMAN'S LIFE IN LONDON.

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THE AFGHAN DIFFICULTY.

(FROM THE ARGUS.)

London, April 21.

An important statement has been made by M. de Giers, the Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, with reference to General Komaroff's attack upon the Afghans on the 30th ult. He asserts that the British authorities encouraged the Afghans to act in such a manner as to provoke the attack by General Komaroff. He further declares that the general's despatches amply justify the action taken by him, and that he would have neglected his duty if he had not attacked the Afghans.

A despatch has been received by the Government from Sir Peter Lumsden, in which he reiterates his former statement that General Komaroff's attack upon the Afghans was entirely unprovoked. Intelligence has been received that the Russians are compelling the Sarik Turkomans to construct a military road from Panjdeh to Herat.

The "Standard" this morning publishes a telegram from its special correspondent, dated from Tirpud, on the road between Herat and the Rohat Pass. With reference to General Komaroff's attack upon the Afghans, he states that the conduct of the latter was studiously moderate, and that the motive which induced General Komaroff was a desire to revive the prestige of Russia.

It is stated that an agreement has been made between France and Russia to bring joint pressure to bear upon England in connection with the present difficulty. April 22. Sir Peter Lumsden's despatch in reply to the request of the British Government for definite information respecting the Russian attack upon the Afghans on the 30th ult. has been received. The British Commissioner completely traverses General Komaroff's statements, and asserts that the Afghans made no advance after the agreement was concluded between England and Russia which provided that the troops of both powers should advance no further. The Russian commander, he de-

The Farmer.

Breeding of Horses.

The supply of both hunting and carriage horses has become very scarce in England. It has for years been unequal to the demand, and is year by year becoming more so.

In view of these considerations, we have observed with satisfaction that every branch of horse raising is now on foot for the encouragement of the breeding of high-class thoroughbred sires.

Nature.

Picking the Crocodile's Teeth.

As that Aristotle tells us about the crocodile in his "Meteorology," with the exception of the number of eggs it is said to lay, and it is curious to notice that he even tells the story of the little bird (crocodile) which eats the teeth out of the crocodile's mouth.

A Dog's Devotion.

"I had only got my harvest done when one night I awoke to find my room brightly illuminated. I understood its meaning at once and called out to my dog, who was lying in the money, nearly \$9,000, and got out of the cabin.

Boys' Column.

Lassoing a Grizzly.

The moon was nearly full. It was one of those marvellously clear nights such as the country of dry air alone can show, when the moon seems like a ball of quivering hanging light.

Traveller.

A Queer City in the Air.

The pueblo of Acoma, situated ninety miles west of Albuquerque, is one of the most remarkable communities in New Mexico or the United States.

you, the worst is certainly over! You will be immediately invited out. Count 500 large pearls before breakfast.

Don Francisco now tried to jerk the bear sideways, so as to bring it to his feet or to get him to raise his feet, so that they could be easily noosed by his companions.

Another was as follows:—In the month of April always walk backward. This will insure your seeing and hearing what is not done before your face.

Decorative Notes. A VERY old and pretty hanging basket can be made of a clay pipe. Glid or paint the outside with white paint.

A PRETTY LITTLE NOVELTY. Make a hanger for a pair of trousers. It is made of a strip of material, which is fastened to the trousers by a button.

WASTE PAPER BASKETS. Are now made of Chinese material painted in floral designs. They are made of a strip of material, which is fastened to the trousers by a button.

BESSIE BROWN, M.D. 'Twas April when she came to town; The birds had come, the bees were swarming.

Mortality on the Panama Canal. There are 10,000 men employed on the canal, distributed all the way from Colon to Panama.

The Juice of the Gagas Stalk. A More Deadly Lethal Drink than any known to Civilization.

Love and Selfishness Nearly Akin. "This letter to have loved and lost has never been loved as loved at all."

Uncle Esok's Wisdom. It is not power, but the balance of power, that wins.

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Bumou.

A Financier.

"No, sir; I cannot trust you for dot bats." "Why not, Mr. Grinstein?" "Because you never will buy me."

The following incident is vouched for by parties well acquainted with the "boy," now a young professor in one of our large cities.

Real Estate Agent.—"Glad you like the house, sir. It is certainly a gem, and worth twice as much as I ask for it. Shall I get the deed ready?"

Agent.—"Nicest piece in the city, sir; couldn't find a finer location; most refined society, elegant churches, and as for health, sir, why it is the healthiest spot in the whole world, sir. Why it is a fact that there has not been a case of sickness here for five years."

Agent.—"Good gracious! It won't do, then." "Agent.—"Won't do?" "Agent.—"No; I am a physician."

ELDER PHILLIPS, who was a jovial soul, settled many years ago near the headwaters of the Sacramento. He was in fact a Presbyterian divine. His full of humor and ready with his repartee on all occasions.

What a Woman Can Do. She can say "No" and stick to it for all time. She can also say "No" in such a low soft voice that it means "Yes."

AN IRISH BULL. The grand jury in the county of Tipperary, in Ireland, passed the following resolutions: Resolved—That the present gael is insufficient, and that another ought to be built.

Success in life is very apt to make us forget the time when we weren't much. It is just so with a frog on a stump; he can't remember when he was a tadpole, but others can.

BY cable: "How's business with you, Bally?" asked young Swarthoff, as he met the Czar the other day. "Oh, it's Russia," replied the emperor.

A VILLAGE FINANCIER was addressing some good council in his son. "See here, my boy, honesty before all. Why, last evening a customer made a thousand dollars he paid me five thousand dollars."

THE SENSATIONS OF THE DROWNED.

A curious and instructive piece of evidence was given at the Central Criminal Court, London, recently, on the trial of Emily R. Stone for attempting to murder two little children, Amy and Maude Webb, by throwing them into the river, near Kew. Amy, the elder, a bright intelligent child, aged seven years, gave her evidence in a remarkably clear and artless manner. She stated that she sank till her feet touched the bottom, and that she then fell asleep till she found herself wrenched up in the boat-honse. There was no pain beyond the shock of the water. It will be remembered that Redstone was a servant, only sixteen years of age, and that, after deliberately smothering crockery, she took the children out for a walk, and threw them into the river from the towing-path. Had the children died no doubt the plea of insanity would have been set up; but no such plea was advanced on the prisoner's behalf, doubtless because it was expected that on young a girl a light punishment would be inflicted; whereas, if she had been proved of unsound mind, a life's incarceration might have followed. A sentence of seven years' penal servitude was passed on the prisoner. - British Medical Journal.

THE GIRLS—HOW THEY SUFFER.

Girls are of few days and full of mischief, and whosoever is deceived thereby is no wise. When the fair young girl cweeth her gum with greater haste and stamper her pretty foot, do thou look out. She cometh forth in the evening with low neck and short sleeves but at morning she lieth in bed while her mother batheth.

When the sleighbell tinketh she standeth at the window and yearneth for a beau, and when he cometh she death up his purse. He wrappeth the buffalo robe about her and huggeth her much and stayeth out beyond his time, and the lively man addeth four good dollars to his bill.

In the evening he lieth himself away to her father's mansion. He goeth in and sitteth by the fire, and ere he leaveth he poppeth the question, and she jumpeth at the chance.

He getteth his license and goeth forth on the morning of his wedding day, and employeth a Godly man to do the job, and when the sun setteth he findeth himself a married man. Selah!

The robin nesteth again and he clotheh himself in sackcloth and tenneth swiftly unto the gates and knocketh, and telleth the doctor that the wife of his bosom travaileth much, and needeth lack again.

The old mother prophesieth a boy and he jumpeth up and down and cracketh his heels together with joy; the doctor speaketh words of wisdom and cautioneth him not to ratify before the returns are all in.

The night watcheth wearily on and the young man waxeth impatient, but the old lady speaketh words of cheer and prophesieth yet again, and he hideth his time and awaiteth his reward. A cry smiteth his ear and the drum, thereof, and he biteth his lip and kicketh himself again as the old woman poketh her head in the door and bringeth tidings of two girls. - New York Herald.

GARDENING FOR APRIL.

KITCHEN GARDEN.—Sow cabbage, cauliflower, early horn carrot, brocoli, lettuce, peas, radish, spinach, and turnip. Kidney potatoes may still be planted. Earth up celery. Top dress asparagus beds with salt or seaweed. If new strawberry beds are required, plant runners as soon as you can obtain them; three-year-old beds should be destroyed.

FLOWER GARDEN.—Dahlias, hollyhocks, Biliums, and Pompon chrysanthemums will now be in their prime; liquid manure will prolong and enhance the beauty of these flowers; dead blooms must be picked off, or the plants will be impoverished. This is the best month to sow annual and perennial flower seeds. Prepare your ground for planting shrubs, ornamental trees, etc., if not already trenched, get it done at once. Herbaceous plants can be divided, and planted where wanted, carnations and pinks may still be propagated by cutting under a bell glass.

FARK.—Ploughing will chiefly occupy the farmer's attention. Plough deep—the extra expense is trifling compared with the benefits derived. In some districts wheat-sowing will commence; see that the finest and cleanest samples of seeds are selected, and do not neglect to dress by using a solution of blue vitriol at the rate of 1 lb. to the sack.

At the Drayshale police court on Thursday a young man was fined £5 for having kissed a married woman in a railway carriage.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchants in the colony. The name of M. Moss & Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

INDIGESTION.—The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See

NEVER RETURN.—It is said that one out of very few real invalids who go to foreign countries to recover health never return, except as a corpse. The undertakers, next to the hotel-keepers have the most profitable business. This excessive mortality may be prevented and patients saved and cured under the care of friends and loved ones at home, if they will but use Hop Bitters in time. Road.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indigestion of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of mind, &c. I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope and request to prepay postage to the Rev. Joseph T. Leman, Station D, New York City, U.S.A.

THE BAD AND WORTHLESS.

Are never imitated or counterfeited. This is especially true of a family medicine, and it is positive proof that the remedy imitated is of the highest value. As soon as it had been tested and proved by the whole world that Hop Bitters was the purest, best and most valuable family medicine on earth, many imitations sprung up and began to steal the notions in which the press and the people of the country had expressed the merits of H. B., and in every way trying to induce suffering invalids to use their stuff instead, expecting to make money on the credit and good name of H. B. Many others started nostrums put up in similar style to H. B., with variously devised names in which the word "Hop" or "Hops" were used in a way to induce people to believe they were the same as Hop Bitters. All such pretended remedies or cures no matter what their style or name is, and especially those with the word "Hop" or "Hops" in their name or in any way connected with them or their name, are imitations or counterfeits. Beware of them. Touch none of them. Use nothing but genuine American Hop Bitters, with a bunch or cluster of green Hops on the white label, and Dr. Soule's name blown in the glass. Trust nothing else. Druggists and Chemists are warned against dealing in imitations or counterfeits.

FOR THE TEETH AND BRUSH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest solvent discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

SUFFERING FROM WIND ON THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Colic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Skin Eruptions, &c., should use no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine—PAGE WOODCOCK'S WIND PILLS, which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effectual antidote to the above and all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels or liver. Tonic, invigorating and purifying, they form the best remedy extant. Sold by all Medicine Vendors in boxes at 1s., 1s. 1/4, 2s., 3d., and 1s. 6d. each. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, Lincoln, England.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne is a medicine of pure and honesty, suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphodyne (Ozone Oxygen), which at once restores all vitality and excitement, imparts energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. CAUTION.—Phosphodyne is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form of these solid particles of Phosphodyne in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphodyne not perfectly soluble in water.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Restorer," for it will restore its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Restorer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. KAY'S COMPOUND OF LIMESEED, Aniseed, Senega, Squill, Tolu, &c., with Chlorophyll.

KAY'S COMPOUND, a demulcent expectorant, for Coughs and Colds.

KAY'S COMPOUND for Coughs and Colds, is equally serviceable for Horses and Cattle.

KAY'S TIC PILLS, a specific in Neuralgia, Face-ache, &c.

COAGULINE.—Cement for Broken Articles. Sold everywhere. Imported by all Merchants, and sold by all Chemists &c. Sole Makers—KAY BROS., Stockport, England.

REMEDY FREE!—A victim of youthful impudence causing Premature Deafness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Mind, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his well-wishers. Address J. H. REEVES, Esq., 43 Chatham Street, New York City, U.S.A.

Beaufort Post Office.

Table with 3 columns: Post Town, Mails arrive at Beaufort, Mails close at Beaufort. Rows include Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, Traralgon, Raglan, Chute, Waterloo, Main Road, Sailor's Gully, Stockyard Hill, Awarua, Buaugor, Eurambeer, Shirley.

The mails for Ararat, Melbourne, Ballarat, Geelong, Buaugor, and Traralgon are despatched twice daily.

Mails for Waterloo are despatched daily. Mails for Shirley, and Eurambeer are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Mails for Main Road, Raglan, and Chute are despatched three times a week—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Mails for Stockyard Hill and Sailor's Gully (a loose bag to Lake Goldsmith) are despatched three times a week—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarse voice will be greatly surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s. 1/4d. per box. People troubled with a "hacking cough," a "sight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as similar troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box.—Prepared by John I. Brown & Sons, Boston, U.S. European depot, removed to 33, Farringdon Road, London.

FREE GIFTS.—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS AROMATISCH SCHNAPPS, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappings and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in every DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE 21 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLOPH WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

Victorian Railways.

Table with 2 columns: TIME TABLE, FROM MELBOURNE TO STAWELL. Rows include Melbourne, Geelong, Ballarat, Traralgon, Ararat, Hamilton, Portland, Melbourne.

FARES. Beaufort to First-class Second-class. Travalla 1s 0d 0d 9d. Buaugor 2s 6d 1s 6d. Geelong 3s 6d 2s 6d. Hamilton 4s 6d 3s 6d. Melbourne 2s 6d 1s 6d.

ADVERTISEMENTS received for insertion in this PLATT, 55 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E.C.

Important Discovery. GREENBANK ALKALI CO'S PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA. Makes the Finest Hair Soap absolutely without special apparatus required.

By simply mixing with tallow retuse grease, or oil, any quantity of soap can be made at a time, from ten pounds in a few minutes to ten tons in a few hours. Quality superior, and cost much less than any other soap. The best grease or oil can be obtained the best hair soap can be made, costing only a half-penny a pound!

The following very simple directions for producing the best hair soap will always succeed if exactly followed.—Take exactly TEN POUNDS OF GREENBANK PATENT POWDERED DOUBLE REFINED CAUSTIC SODA POWDER, put in a tin can or jar with FORTY-FIVE POUNDS (44 gallons) of WATER; stir it once or twice with a stirrer; it will dissolve immediately, and become quite clear. Weigh out the best tallow, and melt it in a tin can or jar with FORTY-FIVE POUNDS of Clean Grease, tallow or lard (except tallow) in a tin can or jar, melt it slowly over the fire until it is liquid, and feel only just warm to the hand. If oil is used no heating is required. Now pour the liquid slowly into the liquid soap, and stir it with a small wooden stick, at the same time stirring with a flat wooden stirrer about three inches broad; continue gently stirring, without stopping, until the mixture is thoroughly combined, and the mixture drops from the stirrer like honey. Do not stir too long, or the mixture will separate itself again; the time required varies with the weather and the nature of the ingredients, from fifteen to twenty minutes will be enough. When the mixing is completed pour the liquid soap into any old square tub for a moment, sufficiently large to hold it, previously damping the sides with water so as to prevent the soap from sticking. Wrap it well up in blankets or sheep skins; or, better still, put it in a warm place, and keep it covered with a blanket. It will contain a block of ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY POUNDS OF FINE HARD WHITE SOAP, which can afterwards be cut up into cakes, which will be exactly followed. The live must be allowed to cool. If melted tallow or grease is used, it must be only just warm to the hand. It may be thoroughly stirred into the melted grease or oil, not melted grease into the live. The exact weights given of Double Refined Powdered Caustic Soda, and of Clean Grease, tallow or lard, are given for the purpose of being exact, but if the tallow or grease is not clean, or contains any salt, it must be "renewed" previous to use; and if present, the whole operation entirely, but the discarded or rancid grease or tallow is just as good for this purpose.

MEMO.—THE COMMON CAUSTIC SODA SOAP IS NOT TO BE USED AT ALL BY THE ABOVE DIRECTIONS.

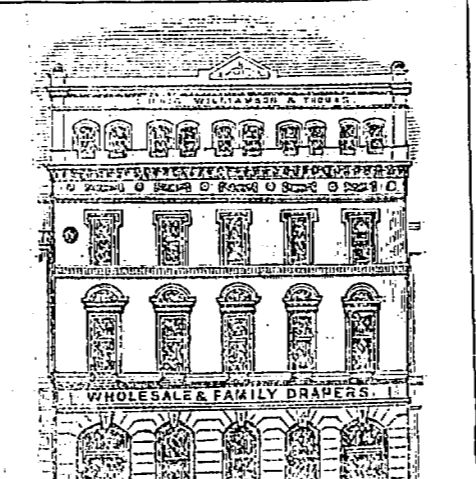
The Soap made in this way is an absolutely pure unadulterated soap, far superior in quality to any other soap, and much cheaper. It contains all glycerine originally contained in the grease used, a valuable ingredient all soap makers know, and is not adulterated with anything. This soap being pure and unadulterated, it will not injure or destroy the most delicate fabrics or colours; though for washing or scouring woollen articles we always recommend a mixture of the same with our Pure Caustic Potash.

The attention of WOOL GROWERS and WOOL SCOURERS is directed to the fact that this soap is put up in iron canisters, containing 30 lbs. each. ABSOLUTELY NO BOLLING, OR ANY SPECIAL APPARATUS REQUIRED.

By simply mixing this pure caustic of potash, dissolved in water, with melted tallow, the most perfect white scouring soap can be made, at a cost less than the cost of soda ash, or soda crystals, which never should be used, as they destroy the colour, and injure the brilliancy of the wool.

All directions for use may be had on application to ROBERT DICKENS & CO., 15, Market Street, Melbourne; Wholesale Agents for V.A. Victoria.

APPLIC TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain or cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub wakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1/4d. per bottle.



IMPORTANT NOTICE TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AND OTHERS.

Drapery, Woollens and Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths and Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding, direct from the Importers, at actual Wholesale Prices.

CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, AND THOMAS

Supplies the Public with Drapery, Woollens, Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths, Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding at Importers' Rates.

The Terms being strictly Net Cash, purchasers at C. W. and T.'s warehouses have not to pay for losses occasioned by bad debts and they save the retail profit, fully 30 per cent.

Persons residing in England and the adjacent colonies, can rely on their orders being forwarded attention. The principle of having only one price (no matter how large or how small the parcel) is a guarantee that families ordering by letter are placed on the same footing as if they selected the goods personally.

The Tailoring and Outfitting Departments having assumed such large proportions are now located at the warehouse, No. 6 Elizabeth Street, close to the drapery warehouse. Carriage for self-measurement and patterns forwarded on application.

The Stock in all departments is now fully assorted for winter requirements, and the firm has pleasure in inviting an inspection of their goods.

DRAPERY WAREHOUSE AT 14 and 16 ELIZABETH STREET, And their CARPET AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE, 6 ELIZABETH STREET.

CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, & THOMAS, IMPORTERS AND WAREHOUSEMEN, MELBOURNE.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neil Street, Beaufort.

RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Agents for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

Agency Business of all kinds attended to.

THE CELEBRATED WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS THE PUREST STIMULANT IN THE WORLD.

INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO Brandy or Whisky, and is now the Most Popular Drink throughout the Colonies.

Certified by the Medical Profession as "THE PUREST STIMULANT PROBABLE."

As a Tonic and Stimulant cannot be surpassed, giving tone and life to the system.

The Purest Spirit in the World.

UDOLPH WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS AROMATISCH SCHNAPPS has been a quarter of a century before the public, and its sale is steadily increasing, while hundreds of imitations have appeared and disappeared, leading only ruin and disgrace to all connected with them.

The public are strongly advised to purchase original unopened bottles, as the Custom Authorities have found it necessary to present a large number of Publicans under the Trade Marks Act, and they have fined up to £10, and £10 10s. costs, for selling inferior spirits over the bar, representing it to be the GENUINE WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS.

M. MOSS & CO., MELBOURNE AND SYDNEY, SOLE AGENTS WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS

Oxygen is Life.

ALTHOUGH the modern Materia Medica include many valuable remedies for human afflictions, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the animal vitality is failing, Phosphorus is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known. It will work effects such as nothing else will produce, and it possesses the great advantage of not causing, when its use is relinquished, the slightest reaction or depression. CAUTION.—PHOSPHORUS is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form of these solid particles of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is, therefore, necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT DATED OCTOBER 11TH, 1880.



The New Curative Agent, and only Reliable Remedy for Nervous and Liver Complaints.

This Phosphodyne combination is pronounced by the most eminent members of the Medical Profession to be unequalled for its power of replenishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying all the essential constituents of the blood and nerve substance, and for developing all the powers and faculties of the system to the highest degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in its action, while retaining all its extraordinary properties; and as a specific, surpassing all the known inebriating agents of the present day for the speedy and permanent cure of Nervous Prostration, Shortness of Breath, Liver Complaints, Trembling of the hands and Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Nutrition, Noises in the Head and Ears, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervous Debility in all its stages, Headache, Lassitude, Premature Decline, and all morbid conditions of the system arising from whatever cause, the action of the Phosphodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing the principle which constitutes nervous energy, and on the other the most powerful blood and flesh generating agent known; therefore, a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It quickly increases the functions of assimilation to such a degree, that were years consumed in anxious, enervating, and semi-vital condition has existed, the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and firmness, and the whole system return to a state of robust health.

It acts directly upon the organization; for instance, it assists nature to generate that human electricity which renews and rebuilds the osses, renews, nervous, muscular and circulatory systems, and maintains the buoyant energy of the brain and muscular system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant, and energetic, entirely overcoming that dull, drowsy, and listless condition which is the result of the Phosphodyne in its action.

The beneficial effects of Phosphodyne are frequently shown from the first day of its administration, by a remarkable increase of nervous power, with a feeling of vigour and content; to which the patient has long been accustomed. Digestion is improved, the appetite increases wonderfully; the bowels become regular; the eyes brighten; the skin clear and healthy; and the hair acquires strength, showing the importance of the action of Phosphodyne on the organs of nutrition.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain degree of activity in the debilitated nervous system; it enables all the debilitated organs to return to their normal state and perform their natural functions. Persons suffering from Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred symptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may rest assured of an effectual or even speedy cure, by the judicious use of this most invaluable remedy.

DR. BEIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE is sold only in Cases at 10s. 6d. by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the Colonies.

Full directions for use in the English, French, Italian, Dutch, Spanish, Portuguese, Russian, Danish, Turkish, Persian, Hindostani, Madrasse, Bengalee, Chinese, and Japanese languages accompany each case.

CAUTION.—The large and increasing demand for Dr. Beight's Phosphodyne has led to several imitations under similar names; therefore, be careful to observe that the words "Dr. Beight's Phosphodyne" are blown in the bottle, and that the directions for use are printed in all the languages as above, without which not can possibly be genuine. Every Case bears the Trade Mark and Signature of Patente.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR—Victoria: Melbourne, Grimwade and Co., Melbourne. South Australia: F. H. Foulding and Co., Adelaide. New South Wales: Elliot Bros., Sydney. Queensland: Berkeley and Taylor, Brisbane. New Zealand: Kempthorne, Prosser and Co., Dunedin and Auckland. Export Agents—Evans, Lescher and Evans, 60 Bartholomew Close.

Holloway's Ointment.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Wounds, and Ulcerations of all kinds.

THERE is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing can be more salutary than its action on the body, both locally and constitutionally. The Ointment, rubbed on the part affected, enters the pores as salt permeates meat. It quickly penetrates to the source of the evil, and drives it from the system.

Relaxed and congested throats elongated uvula, ulcerated or turgid tonsils whooping cough, croup, wheezing from accumulated mucus, and other difficult forms of respiration also palpitation, stitches and shortness of breath may with certainty be cured by rubbing this healing Ointment over the chest and back for at least half an hour twice a day assisted by deep breathe-doses of Holloway's Pills.

For Glandular Swellings, Stiff Joints and Diseases of the Skin.

This invaluable ointment has greater power over gout and rheumatism than any other preparation. None need remain in pain if its removal be not about to be in good earnest, by using this infallible remedy according to the printed instructions affixed to each pot. All settled aches and pains are remediable in the same manner.

Gout and Rheumatism.

There is no preparation for salutory effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due fomentation with warm water. It acts by stimulating the absorbents to increased activity, by preventing congestion and promoting a free and copious circulation in the parts affected, thence speedily and effectually it ensures a cure.

Piles, Fistulas, and Exhortations

The cure which this Ointment effects in healing piles and fistulas of long standing, after they have resisted all other applications, have been so countless and notorious throughout the world that any effort to give an adequate detailed statement of their number or character would be vain. It is sufficient to know that the Ointment has never proved inefficient.

In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone, and Gravel. The Ointment is sovereign remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief. When very severe, the Ointment has been used it has established its efficacy, and has again been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy in all disorders of the kidneys.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:—

- Bad Legs, Fistulas, Sore Throat, Bad Breasts, Gout, Rheumatism, Burns, Glandular Swell, Skin Diseases, Bruises, Ings, Sore Heads, Chilblains, Lumbago, Thrushes, Chapped Hands, Piles, Ulcers, Corns (Soft), Rheumatism, Wounds, Contracted and Sore Nipples, Stiff Joints.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 78 New Oxford Street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicine throughout the Civilized World, in boxes and pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each box and pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

"For the Blood is the Life."

CLARKE'S WORLD FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER. For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scurla, Scary, Skin Diseases, and Sores of all kinds it is a never-failing and permanent cure. It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Face, Cures Scurvy Sores, Cures Cancerous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from any injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of Testimonials from all parts.—"READ THE FOLLOWING:—"Carlton, near Nottingham, February 27, 1883. "Messrs. the Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln.

"Gentlemen,—Some ten years ago my wife became sick with ulcerated legs. I tried every recommendation for a cure, and also a large number of doctors (some of these very clever men with degrees of kind), but to no effect. After being in this state for two weeks five and six times I determined to try your Blood Mixture, as a last resource, as she at that time appeared to be at death's door and had to be put to bed, having no use in her legs; and, I am thankful to say, after taking 10 of your small bottles she experienced a cure. This is now four years ago since the cure was effected, and there is no sign of the complaint returning. I may add that it had cost us scores of pounds trying one remedy after another previous to taking your valuable medicine, which I return my sincere thanks.—I am, Gentlemen, yours gratefully "C. S."

"P.S.—You may make what use of the above you think fit, but in the event of advertising it kindly keep my name. You can, however, refer any one making private inquiries to my address as follows.—C. S., Midland Station, Carlton, near Nottingham."

Sold in bottles of 6d. each, and in Cases, containing six times the quantity, 12s. 6d. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.

Proprietors, THE LONDON AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND. TRADE MARK—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. No family should be without these Pills. Their unrivalled efficacy in correcting disorders of the liver and stomach, stimulating the bowels, and purifying the blood, has secured for them an imperishable reputation throughout the world. A few doses produce comfort, a short continuance effects a complete cure. Invalids who look forward to this restorative and revivifying medicine with the certainty of obtaining relief.

How to Enjoy Life. Is only known when the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order. The only safe and certain method of expelling all impurities is to take Holloway's Pills, which have the power of cleansing the blood from all noxious matters, expelling all humor which taints or impoverishes it, and thereby purify and invigorate and give general tone to the system. Your food, robust or delicate, may alike experience their beneficial effects. Myriads affirm that these Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of health by purifying and regulating the fluids, and strengthening the solids.

Our Mothers and Daughters. The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and purest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages, and most precious at the turn of life, or when entering into womanhood.

Debilitated Constitutions—Bad Coughs. In general debility, mental depression, and nervous depression, there is no medicine which operates so like a charm as these famous Pills. They soothe and strengthen the nervous and system generally, give tone to the stomach, elevate the spirits, and in fact render the patient sensible of a total and most delightful restoration in his whole system. Innumerable thousands have testified that, by their use alone, they have been restored to health after all other means have proved unsuccessful.

Indigestion and its Cure. Indigestion with torpidity of the liver is the base of thousands, who pass each day with accumulated sufferings, all of which may be avoided by taking these Pills according to the accompanying directions. They strengthen and invigorate every organ subservient to digestion, and effect a cure without debilitating or exhausting the system; on the contrary they support and conserve the vital principle by a complete purification of the blood.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

- Ague, Pile, Rheumatism, Asthma, Retention of Urine, Bilious Complaint, Scurla, or King's Evil, Bowel Complaints, Sore Throat, Debility, Scurvy, second and third Dropsy, Female Irregularities, Tr. Delo. &c., Fevers of all kinds, Venereal Affections, Weakness from Whisky Cause, &c., &c.

The Pills and Ointment are sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 78 New Oxford Street, London; also by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicine throughout the Civilized World in boxes and pots. The smallest box of Pills contains four dozen, and the smallest pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each box and pot, and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

Printed and published by H. P. HENNINGSEN, the proprietors, at the Office, Lawrence Street, Beaufort, Victoria.