

# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 598.]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

New subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering their paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion. Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended period will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fishery Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4.15 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m., Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOYLES, Proprietor.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000. Annual Income—£800,000. Accumulated Funds exceed, £1,000,000.

## LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to A. NEEDHAM, Neill street, Beaufort. Choicest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA. Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings. Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY. Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1887.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies. ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

W. BAKER, Cabinet Maker, Upholster, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Mouldings, Window Glass, White Lead, Oil, Turps, and all other Building Requisites. Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices. Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

## GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA, BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many a heavy doctor's bill. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a common enough and ordinary tendency to disease—Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 1/2 lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO., HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON, ENGLAND.

## CRAWFORDS,

STURT STREET, Nos. 93, 95, 97, 99, and 101,

ARMSTRONG STREET, Nos. 2 and 4,

No. 1 Gresham Buildings, Basinghall Street,

LONDON.

Snow and Room,

PROPRIETORS.

CRAWFORDS' "IMMENSE TRANSFER SALE," from its genuine nature has necessarily been a pronounced success, and a large increasing business has naturally followed. We still hold a balance of about £13,000 worth of Mr. Crawford's Stock, and as we are determined to make a thorough clearance, SALE PRICES will be maintained on the greater portion of the remainder.

HEADS OF FAMILIES, FARMERS, SQUATTERS, HOTEL PROPRIETORS have, therefore, still an opportunity of purchasing many lines of GENERAL DRAPERY and Household Requisites at Considerably under Wholesale Rates.

THE confidence of the public in the sterling character of our advertisements must be firmly established when our announcements are borne out by actual facts, and we respectfully request an inspection and fair comparison.

GRAND OPENING OF NEW SHOW ROOM. To study the comfort and requirements of our customers, and to facilitate business in the following important branches, viz:—

Milinery, Mantles, Under Clothing. We are now opening a magnificent New Show Room, especially designed and arranged for the effectual display of the Splendid Stock comprised in these branches, and at the same time to extend the sense of privacy desired by ladies purchasing.

CRAWFORDS' WINTER NOVELTIES, MANTLES, &c. Every buyer should inspect our garments, as they are the best value and largest range ever shown at Crawford's.

SPECIAL NOTE.—We can offer to ladies requiring Mantles and Ulsters made to order the services of the best mantle-cutter and Habermaker in Victoria.

CRAWFORDS' WINTER DRESS FABRICS. We are showing a splendid variety in French Fouts Serges and Stripes, Jersey Cloths, All-wool Homespuns, Costume Cloths, Fashionable Dress Tricots, Velvet, Plush, and Silk Trimmings in beautiful combination, to match every material in stock.

DRESSMAKING has always been an increasing business at Crawford's, due to the fact that the MANAGEMENT of the rooms is of the highest order, and ladies can rely upon a perfect fit, finished style, and true economy. We purpose fully cultivating this department, and the staff is larger than any previous season, thus ensuring to ladies every possible attention and the utmost promptness.

CRAWFORDS' FLANNELS, Blankets, Eider Quilts, etc.—The value is extraordinary, and we confidently invite comparison.

CRAWFORDS' CARPET DEPARTMENT. The stock is not well excelled in Australia, and we are offering every line at competitive prices. Carpets, etc., planned and laid down by experienced men.

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## They have many Followers, but

no Equals.

THE THURMER

PIANO,

£40 to £48, or 30s. monthly.

THE SMITH

ORGANS,

£18 to £180, or 20s. monthly.

It is a wonder to all that such Beautiful Instruments can

be obtained at these Low Prices.

17 & 19

COLLINS ST. EAST, **ALLAN & CO.** Melbourne.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specially Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes.

Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

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## Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1884.)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

COIN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,

And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO., Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Extraordinary

Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE,

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers

&c., &c., &c.,

Without Money or Security

ON

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART

OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the

World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbridge and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 31 Newgate-street, London.

Bareilly and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Saager and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMPKITT, & Co., Melbourne.

HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BURKES & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Drug

Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE

MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH

DUNEDIN, AUCKLAND, AND CHRISTCHURCH.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

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## FOR SALE,

HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery

and Premises. Principals only. Apply to

HARRIS and TROY.

For Sale,

120 ACRES of LAND at GRAYVARD HILL, MOUNT

COLE. HARRIS and TROY.

Important Notice.

Mr. W. HARTLEY,

DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT

(Over Bardwell's, Photographs),

Dental Registration Certificate, No. 544b.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding districts that he has opened a permanent branch in the above place, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated.

Decayed Teeth stopped from further decay. Art

Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience

clearer than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth

require more adding to the base can have them made

perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation

of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years

ruin the mouth, or mastication and appearance.

ADVISE FREE. Testimonials, both English and

colonial.



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat, 3s 6d to 3s 6d per bushel, bags in; oats, 2s. 6d. to 2s 6d per bushel, bags in; pollard, 1s 10s bushel; bran, 10s 4d per bushel; flour, 1s 10s per ton; peas, 3s 4d; potatoes, Warrnambool, 1s 4 per ton; hay, sheaves, L3 5s per ton; trussed, L3 10s per ton; straw, 2s 6d per ton; chaff, 4s per cwt; onions, 7s per cwt; butter, fresh, 1s 8d per lb; butter, potted, 1s 1d per lb; hams, 1s 1d per lb; bacon, 9d to 10d per lb; cheese, 6d to 7d per lb; eggs, 1s per dozen.

The following are the London-based quotations:—Wheat, 3s 8d; oats, 2s 6d; peas, 3s; flour, £10; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s.—Advertiser.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Business fair.—Oats, 2s 7d to 2s 8d; Cape barley, 3s; English 3s 10d to 4s 4d; wheat, 3s 9d to 4s; peas, 2s 11d to 3s; mangel hay, L3 to L4; sheaves, L2 15s to L3 7s; straw, 35s to 40s; new potatoes, L2 10s to L3.

MINING ITEMS.

New Kong Meng Company, Majorca.—No. 1 shaft.—Works going on well; nothing fresh to note. No. 2 shaft.—Western drive extended 46 feet, total 726; reef a little softer. Other works proceeding as usual. Yield, company, 336oz. 5dwt.

Waterloo Company, Waterloo Flat.—Tributors ceased work at the mine on the 10th inst., consequently there is no work now going on but punting to keep the water down. Fresh tenders have been called for taking the mine out tubed.

New Victoria Company, Waterloo, March 26.—Yield of gold for the week.—No. 1 tribute, 65oz. 13 dwt.; No. 2 tribute, 12oz. 9 dwt.; making a total of 77oz. 16dwt.

Saxon Consols, Waterloo, March 26.—South drive from No. 2 balance shaft has been extended 30 feet for the week, total distance 122 feet, with wash 3 feet 6 inches overhead. The south drive from upper level is stopped at 108 feet, with payable prospects underfoot. Yield of gold from 5 1/2 manholes, 21oz. 15dwt, taken out of main washdrift drives.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Insufficient clothing and exposure to damp and cold, produce many diseases of the skin, and greatly aggravate the sufferings of the delicate and scrofulous. The utmost relief is obtainable in such cases by using Holloway's Ointment. The Ointment applied to the part affected, restrains all insidious inflammation, while it soothes, cleans, and renders healthy any ulcerations or sores which have destroyed the skin, and affords little disposition to heal. This Ointment purifies the blood, renders the local circulation vigorous, and represses excessive irritation. Holloway's Pills are particularly serviceable in all strumous disorders, because they strengthen the stomach, improve the digestion, excite a proper action in the liver, and act as alternatives and aperients.

TRICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest night after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of Rowley's Cough Remedy at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH REMEDY is the best known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any local circulation ointment, from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all Chemists, Wholesale agents—Fulton, Grimwade and Co., and Roche Tompkins, Melbourne.

THE ARGUS will be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day train, at the shop of Mr. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, 7 pence.

MISS NETTLETON

(Late of A. Crawford's, Ballarat) Begs to inform the Ladies of Beaufort and surrounding district, that she has opened business as

Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker.

And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage. DRESSES and MANTLES made to Order on the Shortest Notice. Good Fit Guaranteed. Note the Address—Next Mr. G. H. COUGLE, Draper, Havlock street, Beaufort. 3m. Jn. 18.87.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist,

LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT.

BEGS to inform the residents of Beaufort and the surrounding district that he may be CONSULTED THE FIRST THURSDAY IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. FAYLOR'S, Chemist (late A. Andrews), Neil Street. Mr. Belling brings with him all the latest improvements for the painless extraction of teeth; also, he can guarantee the fitting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH upon his principle NOT TO BE SURPASSED. Decayed teeth filled with pearl enamel cement, rendering them sound and perfect. 3m. A. 30.87.

NEXT VISIT— WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6th, 1887.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD,

CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS—

- American shelving boards
Do lumber do
6 x 1 T and G Scotch flooring
6 x 1 do do lining
6 x 3 do do flooring
American and British deals, all sizes
4 out plus westerboards
6 do do
American clear pine
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Next to Police Station

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DENMAN MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havlock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Niles, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars, Tobacco, Toys, Confectionery, Fruit, Fancy Goods &c. Berlin Wool, Crewel Silk, and Brads kept in stock. HOT PIES, with tea or coffee, always ready for country visitors. A fair share of public patronage is requested by Mr. Mason, which he hopes to merit by supplying a good article at a reasonable price.

BALLARAT TURF CLUB AUTUMN MEETING.

Easter Monday, April 11, 1887.

Maiden Plate ... of 20 SOVS
Handicap Hurdle Race ... of 75 SOVS
Easter Handicap ... of 75 SOVS
Public Auction Stakes ... of 50 SOVS
Handicap Stoopchase ... of 100 SOVS
Trial Stakes ... of 20 SOVS

Holiday Excursion Fares. Trains to Course every 20 minutes. A. M. GREENFIELD, Hon. Sec.



GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS. VICTORIAN RAILWAYS. EASTER HOLIDAYS.

Holiday Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all stations (suburban lines excepted) from the 4th to the 10th April, both dates inclusive, available for return for one calendar month from date of issue. Excursion tickets issued on the 8th April will be available till the 6th May. When the last day falls on a Sunday the ticket will be available till next day. The journey may be commenced on the day the ticket is issued, but after a distance of 15 miles has been travelled the journey may be broken at the discretion of the passenger.

Sunday Excursion Tickets.—From the 4th to the 10th April, inclusive, return tickets will be issued at Melbourne for Sydney. Fares.—1st class return, £5 6s. 6d.; 2nd class return, £4 1s. These tickets will be available for return by the express on the new South Wales Line. Return tickets will also be issued at Sydney for Melbourne.

Adelaide and South Australian Excursion Tickets.—From the 4th to the 10th April, inclusive, the fares by the express train will be reduced. Tickets will be available for two months, and the through journey may be broken at stopping stations. Reduced fares.—Melbourne and Adelaide—1st class return, £4 2s. 6d.; second class return, £2 12s. 6d. Fares to and from other intercolonial stations at similar reductions.

Luggage.—Excursion passengers to and from stations in Victoria will only be allowed to carry such luggage as can be stowed under the seats without inconvenience to other passengers. Those who have luggage for the van are required to get it to the station, and pay stamped parcels rate for it.

Horses and Vehicles.—From the 6th to the 10th April, the Department cannot engage to forward horses and vehicles by any passenger train, unless accompanied by a driver, and special arrangements.

Commercial Travellers' Samples.—From the 7th to the 10th April, Commercial Travellers' Samples will not be taken to or from roadside stations except by mixed goods trains.

Goods Sheds Holidays.—The 8th and 11th April will be observed as holidays in the goods branch, and goods trains will not run. Perishable goods will, however, be delivered on application.

General Excursion.—The issue of these tickets at the principal stations will continue as already advertised. (See posters at all stations.)

EXTRA TRAINS. On the 7th, 9th, and 11th April an Extra train will leave Stawell at 2.37 p.m., calling at Ararat, Bunyip, Beaufort, and all stations thence to Ballarat, returning from Ballarat at 8.30 p.m., calling at all stations thence to Stawell.

By Order of the Commissioners, P. P. LABRETTOUCHE, Secretary for Railways.

TENDERS FOR GRAZING LANDS.

TENDERS will be received by the Board of Land and Water, on the 7th April, for the right to graze on the unenclosed land from the 1st May, 1887, to the 31st December, 1887. Forms and full particulars may be obtained at the local Land Office.

JNO. L. DOW, Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey. Lands Department, Melbourne, 24th March, 1887.

CONVEYANCE OF MAILS, 1887-88-89-90.

THIRD DIVISION.

TENDERS are hereby invited, and will be received until noon on Tuesday, the 10th day of April, for the conveyance of Post Office Mails, viz., Letters, Parcels, and Newspapers, at an estimated amount of THREE THOUSAND, from the 1st July, 1887, to 30th June, 1890.

Tenders must be forwarded in accordance with the conditions published in the Government Gazette of the 17th March, and also the general conditions of contract which can be seen at the undermentioned post offices.

- 556. To and from Post Office and Railway Station, Beaufort, four trips per day.
557. To and from Beaufort and Shirley, via Eurambine, three days a week.
558. To and from Beaufort and Chute, via Main Lead, Waterloo South, Waterloo, and Raglan, six days a week.
559. To and from Beaufort and Stockyard Hill, via Nouring and Lake Godsmith, three days a week.
560. To and from Post Office and Railway Station, Bunyip, three trips per day.
561. To and from Bunyip and Ballarrogan, three days a week.
562. To and from Bunyip and Warrak, via Big Hill State School and Mount Cole, two days a week.

FREDK. T. DERHAM, Postmaster-General. General Post Office, Melbourne, 17th March, 1887.

Tenders

ARE invited for RE-BUILDING TRAWALLA WOOLSHED (lately burnt down), principally carpenters' work. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Town Hall Hotel, from the 26th to the 31st inst. Tenders to be sent to Alex. Wilson, Esq., Mount Eden, Chepstowe, by Monday, 4th April.

NOTICE.

FOR the prompt despatch of business all orders in future to be addressed to HENNINGSEN and KLEINBERG or H. P. HENNINGSEN, the Publisher.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1887.

It is intended that, in order to place on record some public act in commemoration of our celebration of the Queen's Jubilee, the additions which the Beaufort Mechanics' Institute and Free Library has for a long time stood in need of, shall be taken in hand and completed within the present year, and that on the 21st day of June, which will be proclaimed a holiday throughout the length and breadth of Victoria, should be the day upon

which the chief stone should be laid. This is indeed a very laudable idea, and deserves the utmost success. From some cause or other, the funds necessary to carry on the management of the Mechanics' Institute and Free Library have not been subscribed to in a manner that might with fairness be expected; and it is now felt that the chief cause for this lies in the fact that the institute does not at present supply all the conveniences that such a place should. It is all very well to lay blame upon the shoulders of a committee for not doing this thing or that for the improvement of an institution under their control; but two facts at least must be borne in mind, viz., first, that free libraries are conducted at a joint expense, by moneys raised by public subscription and Government subsidy; secondly, that the Government grant-in-aid is based upon the amount of money locally raised. Institutes are built, furnished and supplied with books, papers, and sources of information, and maintained from the combined fund. But it would seem as if it were thought to be otherwise—that the Government should supply nine-tenths of the money, —so far as our local institution is concerned. The Government have always been found to deal very liberally with free libraries in the way of rendering assistance, and have passed lightly over many departures made by the committees of these institutions and have not called them to account for expending the building grants upon other objects than that for which the money was voted. At the annual meeting of subscribers to the Beaufort Mechanics, reported in another column, a communication from the Chief Secretary referring to this matter was read and discussed, and the freely expressed opinion was that an appeal to the public would not be in vain. Furthermore, it was resolved that advantage should be taken of the Queen's Jubilee to commemorate the event by the erection of additional accommodation for the public.

It is not requiring too much from the public, when we ask them to second the efforts that will be made by the large and influential committee that has been appointed to carry into effect the resolution passed at the meeting referred to. Only one thing would we suggest, and that is, that an entirely new front to the present building should be erected. The cost, comparatively speaking, would be very little in addition to that which it is proposed to expend upon the addition of one room. The present building is by no means attractive, and one wing would only tend to make it lop-sided and unsightly, which is not at all to be desired. To erect a new front, which need not be elaborate, would add much to the appearance of that part of the town, and would give us a building of which Beaufort should be proud; would provide a little longer employment for a number of residents, at very little individual cost to the public. If all of the money was not raised at once, we are convinced that it can be in hand before the building is ready to be opened to the public.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, —; New Victoria, 100oz.; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 27oz.; Saxon Consols, 18oz.

The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 31st March, 1887:—

Table with columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Rows for Mar. 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and Totals.

We would again notify that the date of Mr. Belling's next visit to Beaufort will be on Wednesday, April 6.

We are requested to state that a "District Plate" has been added to programme of sports for Easter Monday. Distance to be run, 120 yards; for members of Societies in Beaufort, for which a post entry will be charged.

With the "Australasian" of to-day, April 2, is given a graphic account of the Bull disaster by its special correspondent, together with some well-earned remarks, the following subjects being represented in general view of the Colliery; Mouth of the Tunnel, Bringing out the Dead; Day Safety Lamp; Searching in the Mines for the Bodies; The Work of Identification in the Blacksmith's shop. As there is a wide-spread interest in this lamentable accident, Mr. Henning's local agent, wishes it notified that he has a few extra copies to dispose of, which should be applied for early.

Recent experience obtained by Beaufort residents will induce them to be a little cautious when itinerant hawkers pay the town visits in future. Shortly before the performance of the Payne Family in Beaufort, a young man, abundantly supplied with packets of envelopes and paper, pens, &c., purporting to be an agent of the company, arrived in the town, and disposed of a number of his wares, the printed matter on which, he assured the purchaser would entitle him to admission to the hall on the night of the concert. A few were taken in well-wishers, for when they presented their so-called admission tickets, they were not acknowledged at the doors. It appears, from information received that the same individual has been visiting a number of other towns, representing himself as agent for something or other. We should like our contemporaries to give this subject room in their columns, in order to prevent the further perpetration of frauds.

On Monday night, between ten and 11 o'clock, an accident occurred at the Bobbie Burns claim, Beaufort, which fortunately was not attended with serious results. The pin which kept the yoke to the whim shaft, suddenly broke, when the tank full of water was suddenly broken, the surface of the shaft and the bottom. On being freed from the strain caused by the horse in working the whim, the shaft recoiled with such tremendous force that the whole structure came down with a crash. A boy, who was attending to the horse and the animal, suffered severely, the former, however, received a blow on the head from a falling piece of timber, but caused no more hurt than in a bruise or two.

The home journey of a picnic party which went from Beaufort to Mount Cole recently was interrupted in a manner which subsequently eventuated in a burst of merriment. The vehicle conveying the party had no pretensions to the order of aristocracy, and was as unlike a pleasure conveyance as can be imagined. Chatting and the party were attracted by a series of "hullo's" in response to which the driver pulled up. Breathless with running after the trap, a man came up with it, and doubtful as to whether he had not made a mistake, he sheepishly crept round, and looked at the Jehu, who recognising the stranger, said "Well, Jack, what do you want?" Astonished at being recognised, the stranger replied, "Oh, Bob, beg your pardon, also the ladies, but I thought this was a hawk's cart; I wanted to buy some shirts!"

A meeting in connection with the Middle Creek picnic took place in the Middle Creek Hall on Monday last, the object of the meeting being to ascertain the amount of money collected necessary for defraying the expenses of the picnic, and to appoint a number of ladies to superintend the tables. Messdames M'Donald, Pearson, Pickford, and Carmichael, were appointed, and a number of the young ladies of the district promised their assistance. We are pleased to inform children coming to the picnic that they are expected to bring their own drinking vessels, and if possible, to be on the grounds by 11 a.m. on the 13th April. The picnic will be free for all who may choose to attend. In the evening a ball will be held in the old school, to which admission for gentlemen will be 1s 6d; ladies free. Refreshment will be provided.

On Good Friday, the 8th instant, a cricket match will be played on the old reserve, near Mr. W. E. Nickols' residence, between teams representing the Junior Tent of Rechabites and the "Australasian" team. The following are to bat for the latter:—Seymour, (captain), Henry Jackson, Arthur Thomas, Daniel Jackson, Edward Welsh, Alex. Ware, George Baker, Frank Archard, J. Henthershaw, James Tulloch, Fred. Thomas; emergencies—Edwin Archard, D. Baker. The Outsiders have chosen—A. Trompé (captain), W. Cogle, W. Glenister, D. Grant, R. Smith, J. Smith, W. Pearce, W. White, J. Harris, John Harris, and A. Sands. An enjoyable game is anticipated.

The Australian Natives' Association, Beaufort branch, No. 71, will meet for the first time on Tuesday evening next, in the ante-room of the Societies' Hall, Neil street. As some important business is to be transacted, it is requested that all members should attend. The committee held a meeting on Wednesday night, and discussed some matters of special interest, and arranged an excellent syllabus for the first quarter, which commences on the 7th April, at 8 o'clock. After the business on Tuesday evening, the president, Mr. G. W. Eddy, will deliver his inaugural address to the members. On the 19th inst., a discussion will take place on "Athletic Sports"; on May 3, a serio-comic paper on "Tanks and Barrels" is promised by the Vice-President; on the 17th May, prepared Readings and Recitations; on the 24th, a mock election will take place. On June 7th, a debate "Should bachelors be taxed?" will take place, and on June 20th, the branch will meet (instead of 21st, Jubilee day), when the election of officers for following six months, in accordance with rules, will take place.

Up to yesterday there was no change in the weather from the monotonous dryness that has prevailed for some time, and fears are entertained that unless rain comes in a sufficient downpour soon there will be a poor look-out for farmers. A sharp shower fell yesterday afternoon, but not enough to effect more than the laying of the dust. There was no alteration in the atmosphere, however, which remained unpleasant and close until a late hour last night.

A rule nisi for a new trial in the libel action of C. E. Jones against the "Argus," has been granted. A sum of £60 has been lodged as security for costs, by order of the court. The rainfall for March, as registered at Beaufort, amounts to 0.30 inch.

The following nominations for the various events in connection with the Gargham Easter Monday race meeting have been made:—Selling Handicap—McLaggart's Little Jack, Thomas Butcher Boy, McLaggart's Adeline, Box's Black Bass, Corker's Lu Lu, Mark's Nightingale, Murray's Little Annie, McIndoe's Duller, The Carngham Cup—McCaffie's Blondie, Chirside's Blaze, Cameron's Gazelle, Fraser's Chester, Harrison's Whirlwind, Harle Racey, Niblett's Lizzie, Macrae's Duke, Chirside's Blaze, Tyson's Spring, Harrison's Simpleton, Gray's Kenmare.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for Mr. W. Ballarthyne, John Bending, Mrs. C. Campbell, M. Coleman, Joseph Dawson, James Dunn, William Dutton, Jean Fox, Wm. Green, Mr. Hayden, Mrs. Henry Jennings, Mr. Miller, Paul Newling, Mr. E. Pearce, Mr. W. C. Pimblett, Mr. W. Vowels, Mr. Westbrock.

WEATHER FORECASTS

For the next 24 hours. Friday, 1st April, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass' Straits.—Moderately fine, but tending to unsettled and thundery weather, with north and north-easterly winds. Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 87.

Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Moderately fine, but tending to unsettled and thundery weather; north and north-easterly winds. The following is told of a well-known diner-out, whose love of oysters is notorious. At a dinner-party one evening oysters were duly served to him; but when he got the fourth, he sent his plate away. The hostess, by whom he sat, observing this, expressed her concern, adding, "I assure you they are natives!" "I don't doubt it," he replied, "but that last one was a settler."

ADVISE TO MOTHERS.—A young boy in your street has a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth. I go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, in 1s. 1d. per bottle.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE AND FREE LIBRARY.

The annual meeting of subscribers to the above was held in the Mechanics' reading-room on Monday evening last, there being a fair gathering, and Mr. J. W. Harris occupying the chair. After the minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed, a circular was read from the Chief Secretary's office, announcing that the sum of £25 had been allotted to the library out of the vote for the current financial year in aid of the "building fund of free libraries," and that the amount had been passed for payment; at the same time calling attention to the fact that in several cases the sums annually allotted to free libraries in aid of their building fund or for the purchase of books do not appear to have been strictly devoted to the particular purpose for which each grant was made by Parliament, and that therefore in informing these institutions of the amounts respectively allotted to them for building purposes for the year 1886-7, the Chief Secretary deems it desirable to state that instructions have been given under which the several Inspectors of Public Works will, during the quarter ending September in each year, make examination and report thereon with respect to the expenditure of the portion of the grant allotted to each institute during the preceding financial year.

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

The Secretary, Mr. D. G. Stewart, read the following report:—"In making their annual report, your committee have to repeat their regret at the scant support received from the public by the institute, the members' subscriptions for the year ending 31st December being £43 17s. The grant-in-aid, for the purchase of books having been increased from £3000 to £7500







The Farmer

The Jersey Dairy Test.

The Jersey dairy test excited a great deal of interest, the contest being to some extent a new departure in showy judging.

The title "Jersey dairy test" in preference to "Jersey butter test" was adopted as more accurately descriptive of prizes which were to be awarded upon the value not only of butter, but also of skim milk yielded by each competitor.

For each ounce of butter, 1 point. For each quart of skim milk, 1 point. If butter be taken at 1s. 4d. per lb., and skim milk at 2d. per gallon, it will be seen that an ounce of butter and a quart of skim milk will have the same commercial value—viz., 1d.

The process observed was briefly this:—On the evening of Monday, the 4th, each cow was milked out in the presence of stewards.

On Tuesday and Wednesday, the morning and evening milk was also milked out in the presence of stewards, and weighed and registered.

On Wednesday, Tuesday's milk was scalded. On Thursday, Wednesday's milk was scalded.

On Friday, the whole of the milk (four pails for each cow) was skimmed, and the cream made into butter, weighed, and registered.

The day's operations on Friday were not commenced before 11 a.m., but the test was completed and the results obtained by 4 p.m. on that day.

In the Judge's tabulated report one column will be observed headed "Butter ratio." This states the number of pounds of milk required to make one pound of butter. The difference in quality between the milk of various cows under test is shown by this column to be very considerable.

It is 20 lb. or about two gallons per lb. of butter be assumed as the normal standard of Jersey milk from freshly calving cows it will be apparent that some of these animals fall greatly short of it. Compare for instance, two cows belonging to one owner (Nos. 187-188) with two cows belonging to another owner (Nos. 79 and 82).

It will be seen that whereas the first pair average 1 lb. butter to about 20 lb. milk (say eight quarts), the other pair averaged 1 lb. butter to 29 1/2 lb. milk (say nearly three quarts).

In this difference due to blood, or is it rather in great part the result of different practice in the feeding of the cows?

These questions the judges have, of course, no direct means of determining, but they will be recognized as important, and by all who are concerned with butter dairy, and with the improvement of the breed of butter cows.

The second calf heifer, No. 186, showed great promise, and was only beaten for second place by inferiority in her yield of skim milk, as was natural when her rival was a six-year-old cow.

Only two heifers with first calf were entered for competition (Nos. 220 and 221), and it was obvious that for some reason—possibly excitement acting upon immature animals—neither was in a condition to undergo a satisfactory test.

Putting aside the case of these heifers, the average quantity of milk and butter obtained from the other eleven competitors during the two days test, is as under:—

MILK—About 12 1/2 qts. daily.

BUTTER—1 lb. 7 1/2 qts. daily.

MILK required to make 1 lb. butter—about 9 qts.

The weather on both days was exceptionally close and hot, and therefore unfavorable to the full development of the capacity of dairy cattle.

At the conclusion of Friday's operations, samples of the skim milk were drawn and submitted to Mr. F. J. Lloyd, F.C.S., chemist to the British Dairy Farmers' association, for analysis, as it was considered desirable to ascertain the degree of thoroughness with which the butter fat had been exhausted from the milk by the scalding process. The result of this analysis will be hereafter published.

White Polled Cattle.

Acknowledgment is also due to two other correspondents who have taken notice of the remarks made about these. It was an oversight on my part, or I should have consulted Mr. Storey's book before inquiring if the skeleton of the Gisburne was gigantic. No doubt the relic referred to by Professor Boyd-Dawkins is the one mentioned by Storey on p. 291 of his book, as "being now in the Owens College, Manchester."

"The skull, the head of which was killed at Gisburne, Nov. 10th, 1850, at 8.35 a.m." Did Mr. Storey, one wonders, mean to furnish material for somebody to cast this bull's nativity? He goes on to say that by an old custom the flesh of this survivor of the prehistoric herd was offered, at a low rate, to the poor, and that the carcass weighed 74 1/2 lb., besides scraps of offal. This does not mean anything very big; but it means a carcass weight of 54 stone of 14 lb., which is not the size of a *champion* breed. The other correspondent, whose letter is not for publication, is right on the volume of Mr. Storey's pp. 290-320, for a record of the herds which still survive in Norfolk in a domesticated state. It would not be difficult even now in certain parishes to find heifer calves born entirely white, and spotted, with black ears and noses. The old traditions go to show that the milk yield of the old white breed was very large. Still, we have seen nothing of the prodigious flow of milk from polled white cows.

One of the severest hailstorms on record occurred on September 21st, at Ancoats. The hailstones which fell during twenty minutes were perfectly spherical in form, gradually increasing in size from that of a hazelnut to that of a large orange.

It is stated that the average value of an acre of celery in the region of Kalamazoo, Mich., is £120, and that the annual crop reaches 5,000 tons. An acre contains from 25,000 to 30,000 plants. The land was originally a sand marsh.

The Govan police force boasts a band of eight bagpipe players. In Holland the police, as late as 1850, used to frighten away thieves by large rattles which announced the approach of the guardians of the public peace and property.

Sketcher.

Senior Castelar.

Castelar is known throughout Europe as really the most complete expression of Spanish eloquence. He carries his workshop of form almost to idolatry; his eloquence makes his diction the slave of his ear. He says or does not say a thing; or rather he says it better in one sense than in another, according as it rounds off or does not round a period. He has a harmony in his mind; he follows, obeys it, and sacrifices to it all that offends. His periods are steeples; and necessary to hear in order to believe that human language without poetic measure can thus approach the harmony of poetry and of song. He is more the artist than the politician; he has not only the genius but the heart of the artist—the heart of a child, incapable of enmity or of malice. In all his specimens there is not a trace of the abusive epithet; in the Cortes he has never provoked a serious personal encounter; he has never resorted to a satire, nor even makes use of irony. Into his most violent philippics he never infuses a drop of gall; and this is evidence of the fact that a republican, an opponent of the porphyritic monarchism which holds the people and all who are not fanatical for liberty, he has made himself hated by no one. And with all this, his speeches are enjoyed and never feared; his language is too beautiful to be terrible, his character too ingenious for him to exercise a political influence. He does not know how to force, he knows how to please and to shine. His eloquence when greatest is tender; his most beautiful discourses draw tears. For him the Chamber is a theater; like a political improvisator, in order to have a full and calm inspiration he must speak at a certain hour, upon a determined point, and with an allotted time of liberty to himself. For this reason, the day on which he is to speak he has an understanding with the president of the Chamber that his turn will come when the galleries are most crowded and all the deputies are in their places, his own paper announcing his speech the evening previous, in order that ladies may be able to provide themselves with tickets. He has need of this excitement. Before speaking he is uneasy and cannot remain still for an instant. He enters the Chamber, leaves it, re-enters, turns to go out, takes the round of the corridors and library, where he turns over the leaves of a volume—in a word he is in a fever of excitement. It seems to him as if he could not utter a single word unless he had first acquired the right to be heard. In his mind no longer remains a single lucid idea of his speech; everything is confused; everything forgotten. "How is your pulse?" his friends enquire of him, with a smile. The supreme moment arrived, he springs to the floor, with head bent, pale and trembling, like a criminal about to be executed, resigning to lose no a single word of what he has acquired through so many years and with such indefatigable labor. At this instant, an enemy even would compassionate his condition. He rises, and speaks: "Senores! He is safe; his courage is restored to him; his brain is again lucid; his speech is clear and logical; his mind like a long forgotten melody. The president, the Cortes, the galleries disappear; he sees only his own gesture; he hears only his own voice; feels but the irresistible flame that enkindles the force of his own matchless eloquence. It is beautiful to hear him say of himself: "I do not see the walls of the apartment, only the beheld distant lands and peoples which I have never seen before." He speaks for hours together, and not a deputy leaves the hall, not a voice interrupts, not a movement distracts him. Not even when he violates parliamentary rules has the president the courage to interrupt him. Clad in robes of dazzling whiteness, and crowned with roses, he portrays at will the most exalted republic; and Monarchs do not venture to protest, for thus arrayed, they even find her beautiful. Castelar is lord of the assembly. He flashes and fulminates, scintillates and beams like a *cañon*; he provokes a smile or he calls for enthusiastic shouts, ending in the most violent outbreak of applause, and vanishing from the Chamber with his head in the clouds.

Such is this famous Castelar, professor of history in the university, a most prolific writer on politics, art, and religion, a publicist who draws from American journals ten thousand dollars yearly; an acute and penetrating observer of the Spanish Academy, pointed out in the thoroughfares, felled by the populace, loved by enemies and opponents; a young man, polished, generous, a little vain and a favorite of fortune.

Baths in Persia.

The public baths are another source of pleasure to the lower class of Persians. They are nearly, if not quite, as numerous as the tea-houses. The big majority of them are built of mud bricks, and are built on mud bricks, and so carelessly constructed that the roof of one fell in while I was in Tehran and drove the score of women who were bathing at the time in precipitous flight through the streets to their homes, clad in nothing but their native modesty, and the big majority of them are built of mud bricks, and so carelessly constructed that the roof of one fell in while I was in Tehran and drove the score of women who were bathing at the time in precipitous flight through the streets to their homes, clad in nothing but their native modesty, and the big majority of them are built of mud bricks, and so carelessly constructed that the roof of one fell in while I was in Tehran and drove the score of women who were bathing at the time in precipitous flight through the streets to their homes, clad in nothing but their native modesty.

Hereditary Diseases.

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When the Woods Turn Brown.

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As a matter of course, they take their share in household work; this does not prevent their being frequently very accomplished, often excellent musicians; but it does not prevent a great deal of restlessness and vague discontent. A young man who marries in that class knows that he may reasonably expect his bride to be a good housewife. If he is in the upper middle class, for instance a shopkeeper, his wife often keeps the accounts of the shop. I have wondered at the close attention to business details shown by women who might have expected to be spared such exertions; but I was assured they preferred to be thus occupied, partly in order to save for their children. It seemed to me that the master and mistress in most shops were on friendly terms with their assistants, who were permitted to rest at intervals during the day in a room behind the shop.

Churning Song.

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Health.

Many habits and customs, the delicious effects of which are recognized, would be things of the past if a practical and simple remedy could be devised to have never met with any plain written advisory articles on the training of children in proper sleep habits, except as to time. A recent experience has led me to "study up" on the subject, in the most practical way by asking questions of mothers and nurses. My little patient, whose habits and conditions led to this investigation, is ten years old. A serious and chronic affection of the kidneys has resulted from excessive use of sweetmeats, and consequently a general assimilation of nutritious food, she persistently sleeps prone on the back with the arms flexed above her head; watching results in seeing her turn on one side from eight to ten times every night, but, of course, a further rest is diminished sleep, although it is not more restless than usual. Whether the habit can be permanently broken up is difficult to say. From her birth she exhibited a preference for that position, and in the Cortes he has never provoked a serious personal encounter; he has never resorted to a satire, nor even makes use of irony. Into his most violent philippics he never infuses a drop of gall; and this is evidence of the fact that a republican, an opponent of the porphyritic monarchism which holds the people and all who are not fanatical for liberty, he has made himself hated by no one. And with all this, his speeches are enjoyed and never feared; his language is too beautiful to be terrible, his character too ingenious for him to exercise a political influence. He does not know how to force, he knows how to please and to shine. His eloquence when greatest is tender; his most beautiful discourses draw tears. For him the Chamber is a theater; like a political improvisator, in order to have a full and calm inspiration he must speak at a certain hour, upon a determined point, and with an allotted time of liberty to himself. For this reason, the day on which he is to speak he has an understanding with the president of the Chamber that his turn will come when the galleries are most crowded and all the deputies are in their places, his own paper announcing his speech the evening previous, in order that ladies may be able to provide themselves with tickets. He has need of this excitement. Before speaking he is uneasy and cannot remain still for an instant. He enters the Chamber, leaves it, re-enters, turns to go out, takes the round of the corridors and library, where he turns over the leaves of a volume—in a word he is in a fever of excitement. It seems to him as if he could not utter a single word unless he had first acquired the right to be heard. In his mind no longer remains a single lucid idea of his speech; everything is confused; everything forgotten. "How is your pulse?" his friends enquire of him, with a smile. The supreme moment arrived, he springs to the floor, with head bent, pale and trembling, like a criminal about to be executed, resigning to lose no a single word of what he has acquired through so many years and with such indefatigable labor. At this instant, an enemy even would compassionate his condition. He rises, and speaks: "Senores! He is safe; his courage is restored to him; his brain is again lucid; his mind like a long forgotten melody. The president, the Cortes, the galleries disappear; he sees only his own gesture; he hears only his own voice; feels but the irresistible flame that enkindles the force of his own matchless eloquence. It is beautiful to hear him say of himself: "I do not see the walls of the apartment, only the beheld distant lands and peoples which I have never seen before." He speaks for hours together, and not a deputy leaves the hall, not a voice interrupts, not a movement distracts him. Not even when he violates parliamentary rules has the president the courage to interrupt him. Clad in robes of dazzling whiteness, and crowned with roses, he portrays at will the most exalted republic; and Monarchs do not venture to protest, for thus arrayed, they even find her beautiful. Castelar is lord of the assembly. He flashes and fulminates, scintillates and beams like a *cañon*; he provokes a smile or he calls for enthusiastic shouts, ending in the most violent outbreak of applause, and vanishing from the Chamber with his head in the clouds.

A Trapper's Story.

Years ago, while in St. Louis, I fell in with an old trapper by the name of Dick Sampson. "Circumstances," he said, "have never met with any plain written advisory articles on the training of children in proper sleep habits, except as to time. A recent experience has led me to "study up" on the subject, in the most practical way by asking questions of mothers and nurses. My little patient, whose habits and conditions led to this investigation, is ten years old. A serious and chronic affection of the kidneys has resulted from excessive use of sweetmeats, and consequently a general assimilation of nutritious food, she persistently sleeps prone on the back with the arms flexed above her head; watching results in seeing her turn on one side from eight to ten times every night, but, of course, a further rest is diminished sleep, although it is not more restless than usual. Whether the habit can be permanently broken up is difficult to say. From her birth she exhibited a preference for that position, and in the Cortes he has never provoked a serious personal encounter; he has never resorted to a satire, nor even makes use of irony. Into his most violent philippics he never infuses a drop of gall; and this is evidence of the fact that a republican, an opponent of the porphyritic monarchism which holds the people and all who are not fanatical for liberty, he has made himself hated by no one. And with all this, his speeches are enjoyed and never feared; his language is too beautiful to be terrible, his character too ingenious for him to exercise a political influence. He does not know how to force, he knows how to please and to shine. His eloquence when greatest is tender; his most beautiful discourses draw tears. For him the Chamber is a theater; like a political improvisator, in order to have a full and calm inspiration he must speak at a certain hour, upon a determined point, and with an allotted time of liberty to himself. For this reason, the day on which he is to speak he has an understanding with the president of the Chamber that his turn will come when the galleries are most crowded and all the deputies are in their places, his own paper announcing his speech the evening previous, in order that ladies may be able to provide themselves with tickets. He has need of this excitement. Before speaking he is uneasy and cannot remain still for an instant. He enters the Chamber, leaves it, re-enters, turns to go out, takes the round of the corridors and library, where he turns over the leaves of a volume—in a word he is in a fever of excitement. It seems to him as if he could not utter a single word unless he had first acquired the right to be heard. In his mind no longer remains a single lucid idea of his speech; everything is confused; everything forgotten. "How is your pulse?" his friends enquire of him, with a smile. The supreme moment arrived, he springs to the floor, with head bent, pale and trembling, like a criminal about to be executed, resigning to lose no a single word of what he has acquired through so many years and with such indefatigable labor. At this instant, an enemy even would compassionate his condition. He rises, and speaks: "Senores! He is safe; his courage is restored to him; his brain is again lucid; his mind like a long forgotten melody. The president, the Cortes, the galleries disappear; he sees only his own gesture; he hears only his own voice; feels but the irresistible flame that enkindles the force of his own matchless eloquence. It is beautiful to hear him say of himself: "I do not see the walls of the apartment, only the beheld distant lands and peoples which I have never seen before." He speaks for hours together, and not a deputy leaves the hall, not a voice interrupts, not a movement distracts him. Not even when he violates parliamentary rules has the president the courage to interrupt him. Clad in robes of dazzling whiteness, and crowned with roses, he portrays at will the most exalted republic; and Monarchs do not venture to protest, for thus arrayed, they even find her beautiful. Castelar is lord of the assembly. He flashes and fulminates, scintillates and beams like a *cañon*; he provokes a smile or he calls for enthusiastic shouts, ending in the most violent outbreak of applause, and vanishing from the Chamber with his head in the clouds.

Look Out For Corns.

Those who have not already done so, should immediately make a careful sanitary inspection of their feet, and if there be any corns, they should be carefully examined. In the first place, see that its surroundings are perfectly wholesome. A cess-pool or vault within twenty rods of the well is a source of greater danger than a pestilence in a single mile. If either exists on the premises, remove it at once. Have the well cleaned out. It is possible that some rat or other small animal may have fallen into it, and that the water is so impure that it is contaminated by the animal's excrement. If the water is impure, the color will disappear. If the color disappears within half an hour, the water is pure and safe to drink. The more impure the water is, the sooner the color will disappear.

Hereditary Diseases.

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Boys' Column.

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Ladies' Column.

Advice to the Girls.

Girls, if your skin be dark, be satisfied to be in the category of the nut-brown maidens, if for no other reason than that "the leopard cannot change his spots." Let the sun kiss the dusky cheek and add to it the ruddy glow that belongs to the dark skin, and which the rouge-pot cannot supply.

Mothers.

From a far away country town a box of wild flowers had come to the children's hospital in the city of C—. Just at dusk one of the nurse stopped in her rounds before a poor little where a poor little child was lying. The little fellow tossed and turned from side to side; ever and anon he would start up murmuring something about "Little Jack," then fall back with a sigh, "two feet long," "had the case and case, nurse; father and mother both died of same fever, baby found dead, and this boy will go soon;" and the old doctor shook his head gravely.

Classical Music.

Classical music is so called because it was never known in the classical ages of the past, and it is in no way connected with the classical thought of modern times. The classical music of the past was a mixture of the music of the East and the music of the West. It was a mixture of the music of the East and the music of the West. It was a mixture of the music of the East and the music of the West.

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Miscellaneous.

The Devil to Pay.

My son, you must pay for your sinning; And if your account has begun, It is well you should know at beginning Just where you must pay for your sin; Though you are an expert and scholar, No system, that you can invent, Can swindle him out of a dollar— He collects the interest cent; For he knows the mould you were made in And appoints his own settlement day, When out of the stock that you trade in There will be the devil to pay!

Motherless.

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From a far away country town a box of wild flowers had come to the children's hospital in the city of C—. Just at dusk one of the nurse stopped in her rounds before a poor little where a poor little child was lying. The little fellow tossed and turned from side to side; ever and anon he would start up murmuring something about "Little Jack," then fall back with a sigh, "two feet long," "had the case and case, nurse; father and mother both died of same fever, baby found dead, and this boy will go soon;" and the old doctor shook his head gravely.



rushed at and accused the wrong man; but generally such is the case. As for his remark about "pi," if he really knows what it means, he will notice that it is a good bit of it in his hand. But I won't be hard on him, so comply with his request and offer a few suggestions as to how to improve rapidly. Let the band pull harmoniously together. If you have a leader, recognise his authority. Don't beat the drum so loudly. Don't slur and slide your music so much, but tongue it more, and play staccato, even in runs. Tune the piccolos a shade flat, they will sharpen sufficiently when playing. Put more life into the second parts. Observe the "piano" and "forte" parts a little more, and I guarantee in a very short time your playing will be fifty per cent better. These hints are given in all kindness, and I hope you will profit by them.

I paid a visit to our royal park the other day, and watched the preparations made for our great carnival at Easter Monday. After walking round a bit admiring everything, I came to some willows that had evidently been thriving well, but were maliciously broken down by someone for the sake of pasture. This is a shame, and the culprits ought to have more sense, and instead of destroying, ought to help to beautify the place. At last I sat down on one of those white seats, and if I was annoyed at the breaking of the willows, I was thoroughly disgusted at what I saw written all over those seats. The moral education of our young men has been sadly neglected. Such unmentionable language I never saw anywhere, and I would advise the park committee to give the seats a coat of paint before Easter Monday, and obliterate all traces of it.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not necessarily identify ourselves with the opinions expressed in our correspondence. It is desired that letters to the editor should be accompanied by the real name and address of the writer, not for absolute publication, but as a bona fide guarantee.

WHAT WE SHALL READ.

To the Editor of The Riponshire Advocate. Sir—When visiting the public library this week, I asked the librarian for a certain paper. I was told that there was one in the fire-place. I asked if there were any others of the same kind. He (the librarian) didn't know. I then searched, and found one lying on the public table. After reading it, I was told by the librarian that I ought to be ashamed of myself for reading a paper of that kind. Now, Mr. Editor, I would like to ask the committee through your columns if it is part of the librarian's official duty to inform the public as to what matter they should read.

I am, Sir, &c., A VISITOR.

March 30th, 1887.

WATERLOO WATER SUPPLY.

To the Editor of The Riponshire Advocate. Sir—I have read with interest the able letter of your correspondent, Mr. Watkin, re water supply for this district, and from a careful examination of all the springs, after a very protracted season of drought, I can safely bear him out both as regards the quantity of water available, and the levels at which it could be taken.

If it be found legal to divert the Wimmera Springs the whole of the water (except that required for the residents of Fiery Creek) could be carried in the high level race to the tunnel head of Chute, where a small regulating reservoir might be constructed.

I will here give two reasons why I think this scheme should be carried out without further delay.

The first and most pressing one is—the inhabitants of Waterloo and Chute have no water supply whatever. As I write, every conceivable mode of conveyance, from a billy-goat cart to the teamster's wagon, is utilised in the carting of water, and then, in the majority of cases, after being hauled long distances, it has to be boiled and skimmed before it is fit for use.

The second and probably that which will have most weight in influencing the Council interested is—the Beaufort supply is not sufficient to meet the present demands upon it. The Railway Department have a first claim to be supplied. Now everyone who has watched the progress of the Victorian railways within the last five years must know that at the same rate of increase for the next ten years, at that time, the traffic on the Beaufort line will have increased to at least three times what it is at present.

So also will the demand from that quarter upon the Beaufort water supply, and in a dry season like the present it would absorb the greater part of the supply, leaving little, or probably none, for the inhabitants' use.

I think it is high time the Shire Council took this in hand, for unless something is done soon the question will grow more serious. I would suggest that the whole of the Council should visit all the springs from which it is proposed to take the supply, and ascertain for themselves with what little trouble and cost the water might be brought to the localities as much in want of it. Those springs, commanding as they do the whole of the country, from the head of Bery creek to Beaufort and Travalla, Waterloo and Chute included, seem to me to be the supply which nature intended for those localities.

The gullies which nature intended for those localities, should be carried as so peculiarly adapted to the storage of water that the expense of forming reservoirs on the course of the race would be very small. These reservoirs would contain a quantity of water only to be drawn off when required, and situated as they would be in the heads of the gullies above the level of any habitation, would be so free from contamination by vegetable matter or other decaying substances that there need be no fear of a repetition of our experiences of dam water at Waterloo.

This scheme would no doubt entail a heavy expenditure of money, but when we consider that the number of people to be benefited by it, I think the money would be well spent. The Government of the borowing of a large sum of money for irrigation purposes, but in framing the new Act have given a preference to a domestic and stock supply.

Surely this is our opportunity to prevail upon the Council representing us to have the whole area, and get a trust formed, so that by next summer we may be able to obtain a water supply which will be beneficial to us and a credit to the promoters.

It has been said that it would be unfair to tax the people of Raglan and Eurambeen for benefit from it. Under the Act that it is proposed to bring this, no persons will have to pay except those who are benefited by it.

Yours, M. FLYNN, Waterloo.

A PRIVATE SALE OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

To the Editor of The Riponshire Advocate. Sir,—I wish to attract your notice to the following:—Some time since, the water supply in the Raglan Creek having stopped, our shire councilors, at a great cost, caused a hole to be sunk. A few hundred bricks and a quantity of sawn timber were used to secure it, and a valuable pump was erected on it. But being such a distance from the principal inhabitants it was of no use to them. I am now told that the whole lot has been privately sold for the sum of ten shillings. Whether the pump is included for that sum I cannot say, but the bricks and timber alone would have found buyers at a figure of pounds had it been known they were for sale. Who authorized the sale of same, I for one would like to know.

I am, Sir, A RATEPAYER FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS. 31st March, 1887.

"GAZETTE" NOTICES.

Tenders accepted.—Erection of a signal box at Beaufort Railway station, G. Duchanan, £997 7s. 8d.

Applications for licences approved.—Jeremiah Griffin, 2, of 1p. each, Scarsdale. County Court and Court of Mines will be held in Beaufort on Thursday, June 2.

Bye-law No. 1, of the Shire of Lexton Board of Health, for regulating dairies, is gazetted.

RIFLE COMPETITIONS.

A member's match was fired on Wednesday last, in connection with the local club. There were eighteen entries, and the firing of the greater number was good. It will be seen from the scores given below, that Messrs S. W. Male, T. Archard and J. W. Harris, were the respective prize takers, each scoring 60. The ranges were 200 and 500 yards, seven shots being allowed at each.

Table with columns: Yds., Scores, Hcp., Ttl. Lists names like J. Chapman, S. W. Male, J. McRae, etc.

The following members of the club are requested to meet at the Beaufort Railway Station at 8.45 this morning to proceed to Learmonth to fire a match against the home team:—Messrs Chapman, McRae, Archard, Eddy, A. Tromp, Jackson, Thomas (captain), Cathie, and E. Thomas.

On Good Friday morning a team will go to Great Western to compete for the Rifle Union Cup, for which there will be four teams represented, viz., Ararat, Great Western, Beaufort and Jackson's Creek. Our men, we trust, will be able to give a good account of themselves.

POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE EASTER HOLIDAYS.

Good Friday, April 8, will be observed in all telegraph offices as Sunday. All post offices will be closed to the public. Mails usually despatched on Fridays will be made up the previous night, and forwarded on the 8th at the appointed hours; but where there are more than one despatch to any place on a Friday, only the first mails will be transmitted. In cases where the contents of mails received are re-sorted, and onward correspondence despatched, mails will not be closed the night before, as above-mentioned, but be kept open, and the forward correspondence transmitted in mails as usual, so that letters, &c., may not be delayed.

Saturday, April 9th, and Tuesday, April 12th.—All post offices and telegraph offices will be opened to the public, and business transacted as usual.

Monday, April 11.—Post offices will be closed at 10 a.m. Only the first delivery by letter-carrier will be effected. Mails will be received and despatched as usual. Receiving pillars will be cleared, so that their contents may be included in the mails despatched. Telegraph offices marked in the Postal and Telegraph Guide as open on holidays will be open as usual. Those not so marked, will be open from 8.30 to 10 a.m., and from 6 to 7 p.m.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphoryne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphoryne (Oxygen Phosphate), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the debilitated constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. CAUTION.—Phosphoryne is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form where solid particles of Phosphoryne are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphoryne not perfectly soluble in water.

FREE GIFTS!—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC CHINAPP, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have inclosed in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to inclose in EVERY DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC CHINAPP, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

THE GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY.

The third anniversary of the Girls' Friendly Society, in connection with St. John's Church, Beaufort, was celebrated on Thursday evening last by a social in the Societies' Hall. The arrangements made for accommodating visitors appeared to have been without consideration for a large assembly such as gratified the committee on the night in question, the estimate being set down at between 150 and 160 persons, young and old, the preponderance naturally enough being on the side of the fair sex. An excellent programme had been drawn up, and was divided into parts by an interval of three-quarters of an hour, which was allowed for refreshments. At 8 o'clock a start was made, and the following contributions rendered:—Opening hymn by members of the G.F.S.; song, "O'er the Hills of Normandy," excellently rendered by Miss M. Johnston; song, "Anchored," Mr. D. G. Stewart, contributed with good feeling and expression; recitation, "The Lady of Provençe," was nicely given, but the rendition would have been more effective if the young lady had assumed a more natural attitude in delivery; song, "Aldshipmote," was well rendered by Master Geo. Johnston, but there was evidently a tendency to strain the voice, which on previous occasions and in smaller places was absent; song, "Will you love me when I'm old?" was given by Mr. W. H. Elliott in good voice, and was followed by a sweetly rendered soprano solo by Miss Lizzie Rogers; a pianoforte duet by Misses Greenwood and Andas, and a recitation "Billy's Rose" by Mr. H. Smith, were received with the plaudits of the company; and the latter was succeeded by a rendition of "Nursery Rhymes," by Master J. Harris, and a chorus; Miss Dessie Ison was quite at home with "He wipes a tear from every eye," and gave her solo with true accent and expression. A pianoforte solo by Miss Kate Smith was succeeded by "the advance of the fleetest Army," in which a company of active young ladies and gentlemen made a very much welcomed assault upon the audience, who were beginning to experience sensations reminding them that supper time was very near. A parlour game or two was then indulged in, followed by a masterly execution of a pianoforte solo, by Miss M. Johnston. Miss Lizzie Rogers succeeded her with a vocal rendition of "Killarney," and Mr. S. W. Male displayed considerable elocutionary talent in reciting "Cudfer Bell," but was rather luckless in coming forward in response to a vociferous encore "Mill May," by Miss A. Greenwood, who was supported in the chorus by an invisible company, was thoroughly enjoyed, and the soloist repeated portion of the song in complying with a deserved encore. "The Death of Nelson" brought Mr. D. G. Stewart to the fore again, and his treatment of that grand old song was a delight. Miss M. Johnston then gave "The Maiden's Challenge," and the company separated after the singing of a closing chorus by the G.F.S., and the National Anthem. Misses A. Greenwood, Harris, and McKeich rendered good service in accompanying the singers, and Mr. S. W. Male officiated as Minister of the Ceremonies.

"MARRIAGE BELLS."

The Ingleswood Presbyterian Church was well filled on Thursday, 24th March (says the "Advertiser"), by friends and townspeople desirous of witnessing the ceremony of marriage about to be performed between Dr. Adam, our much respected hospital surgeon and resident medical practitioner, and Miss Agnes Maud Young, sister of Mr. Richmond Young, manager of the Bridgeview branch of the National Bank. The occasion was celebrated by hoisting flags at the hospital and various business places. The church decorations, the work of a number of fair hands, were profuse and tasteful, and bore a significance appropriate to the occasion. The marriage ceremony was performed by the father of the bridegroom, the Rev. A. Adam, of Beaufort, assisted by the Rev. W. Webster, of Ingleswood; and appropriate musical selections were played by Miss Walls, the church organist. The Misses Adam (2), Hull, and Grant, officiated as bridesmaids, while Mr. Richmond Young gave away the bride. Dr. Scott, of Ballarat, took the position of "best man," with Dr. Hinchcliff, of Sandhurst, and Messrs. W. Young and J. D. Brown as the other groomsmen. The dresses of the ladies were most tasteful and pleasing to the eye. The bride was attired in a rich cream silk gown, beautifully draped, and having a long square train, the only trimming being edelweiss lace, and her ornaments lovely pearls. The usual wreath of orange blossom and veil were worn, and in her hand she held a magnificent bouquet of choice white flowers and ferns. The four bridesmaids looked charming, the Misses Adam wearing lovely gowns of ivory cashmere, gracefully draped, and having side panels of edelweiss lace, with loops of cell blue ribbon, the color suitable to her admirably. Miss Grant and Miss Hull wore dresses of coral pink, which contrasted pleasingly with those of the bride and their bridesmaids. All wore ivory tulle bonnets, with tips and ribbons to match their costumes, tan gloves, and carried baskets of beautiful white flowers. Each wore a choice, gold bangle, the gift of the bridegroom. A rich, Ariani, the mother of the bridegroom, wore a rich mervellous silk, with headed front, and Maltese lace, a bonnet of heliotrope velvet, and tips. Mrs. Jennings, one of the guests, wore a very stylish costume of brown and and fiddle colored lace with bonnet to match. Miss Campbell's dress was a navy blue satin and plush, with bonnet of same shade, having in it a French grey wing. Miss Lock's gown was of soft cream Indian muslin, trimmed with edelweiss lace, gloves to match, and hat of cream straw, pink plush roses. Miss McIntyre wore a pretty dress of white em-broidered cambric, with a white bonnet, trimmed with brown velvet, and buttercup trim. The ceremony over, the bride and bridegroom left the church amidst general good wishes for future prosperity, and a perfect shower of rice. They were then driven to Bridgeview, where the wedding breakfast was provided, and left for Melbourne evening train.

A horse was sent up from a farm to be shod. Having a number of ready-made shoes on hand, the job, in the absence of the master was given to an apprentice. After an interval the following note came to the farmer: "This horse don't fit any of our shoes."

EUROPEAN ITEMS.

LATEST NEWS.

Her Majesty could not reach Cannes to-day, owing to the train she was travelling by catching fire near Arcorces.—"Herald."

TEAR-KERCHIEFS.

In some portions of the Tyrol a peculiar and beautiful custom still prevails. When a girl is about to be married, before she leaves her home to go to the church her mother hands her a kerchief which is called a tear-kerchief; it is made of newly-spun linen, and has never been used. It is with this kerchief she dries her tears when she leaves her father's house and when she stands at the altar. After the marriage is over, and the bride has gone with her husband to her new home, she folds up the kerchief, and places it, unwashed, in the linen-closet where it remains untouched. The tear-kerchief has performed half its mission. Children are born, grow up, marry, and move away from the old home. Each daughter receives from her mother a new tear-kerchief. Her own will remain where it was placed on the day of the marriage. Generations come and go. The young rosy bride has become a wrinkled old woman. She may have survived her husband, and all her children. All her friends may have died off, and still the last present which she received from her mother has not fulfilled its object. But it comes at last—at last the weary eyelids close for the long sleep, and the tired wrinkled hands are folded over the pulseless heart. Then the tear-kerchief is taken from its place and spread over the placid features of the dead.

FLORINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.

A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet oil, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest relief discoverer of the afflicted. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot 33, Farringdon Road, London.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Moss and Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

Towle's Pennyroyal and Staged Pills for Females quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes 1s. 11d. and 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors. Prepared only by The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Co., Lincoln, England. Wholesale of all the wholesale houses. Beware of Imitations.

WE SHOULD BLOT OUT DISEASE IN ITS EARLY STAGES.

The disease commences with a slight derangement of the stomach, but, neglected, it in time involves the whole frame, embracing the kidneys, liver, and bowels, and in fact the entire glandular system; and the afflicted drags out a miserable existence until death gives a relief from suffering. The disease's often mistaken for other complaints; but if the reader will ask himself the following questions he will be able to determine if he is one of the afflicted:—Have you indigestion, pain, or difficulty in eating? Is there a dull, heavy feeling, attended by drowsiness? Have you a yellow tinge? Does a thick, sticky mucus gather about the surface and teeth in the morning, accompanied by a disagreeable taste? Is the tongue coated? Is there pain in the sides and back? Is there a fullness about the right side as if the liver were enlarging? Is there constipation? Is there vertigo or dizziness when rising suddenly from a recumbent position? Are the secretions from the kidneys highly coloured, with a deposit after standing? Does food ferment soon after eating, accompanied by flatulence or belching of gas from the stomach? Is there frequent palpitation at the heart? These various symptoms may not be present at one time, but they forewarn the sufferer in turn at the gradual disease progresses. If the case be one of long standing, they will be a dry, hacking cough, attended after a time by expectoration. In very advanced stages the skin assumes a dirty brown appearance, and the hands and feet are accompanied by a cold sticky perspiration. As the liver and kidneys become more and more diseased, rheumatic pains appear, and the latter prove entirely unavailing against the insidious agonising disorder. The origin of this malady is indigestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipient stage. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and avoid what has obtained in more advanced stages, and which should be persevered in until every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, and the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The most and most efficient remedy for this distressing complaint is "Seigel's Curative Syrup," a vegetable preparation sold by all chemists and medicine vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, A. J. White Limited, London, E.C. This Syrup strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch, out of the system. Ask your chemist for Seigel's Curative Syrup.

"Zast-western Mills, Cambridge-heat, London, E.C., July 24th, 1882.

"Sir,—It gives me great pleasure to be able to add my testimony in favour of your valuable Syrup as a curative agent. I had suffered for some length of time from a severe form of indigestion, and the train of distressing symptoms following that disease. I had tried all possible means to get relief, by seeking the best medical advice. I had striven, and spent of my time to take a man-of-war, so to speak, but all to no avail. A friend of mine, coming on the scene in the midst of my sufferings, brought with him a bottle of your Syrup. He advised me to try it, stating that he felt confident it would benefit me. Being weary of trying so many drugs, I commenced it before trial, thinking it could not possibly do me any good, but the ultimately determined to take the Syrup. After doing so for a short time it worked such a change in me that I continued taking it for nearly two months, and I then felt thoroughly cured, for I have discontinued its use for five weeks, and feel in the best of health, and can partake any kind of food with ease and comfort. I am therefore thankful to you that, through the instrumentality of your valuable medicine, I am restored to the state of health I now enjoy.

"To Mr. A. J. White." "Yours truly," "W. S. Forster." "Waterloo House, London, E.C., February 17th, 1882.

"Messrs. White and Co., London.

"Gentlemen,—It is with great pleasure that I add my testimony to the wonderful effects of Seigel's Syrup. For years I have been suffering from bilious attacks, which began with indigestion; then a mist would come before my eyes, so that I should not be able to recognise anyone or anything at the distance of a yard or two from my face. This would be followed by excessive trembling of my knees, so that I could not stand without support; after which a severe headache would occur, lasting often two or three days. I have tried various remedies for these distressing symptoms, but I have not found Seigel's Syrup of any relief. Since then I have had excellent health in every respect, and I never feel a headache coming on. I take one dose of the Syrup, which arrests it. Hoping that this testimonial may be the means of inducing others (who suffer as I used) to try the Syrup, at first 2/6 they will receive speedy benefit and ultimately be cured, I beg to remain, yours faithfully," "A. H. Horton."

FOUND—KEY OF SAFE. Owner can have same by paying for advertisement. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Wotherspoon Bros AND CO. Are now offering the balance of our SUMMER GOODS

At prices that will be found FAR BELOW ANYTHING IN THE TRADE.

CALL AND INSPECT THE BARGAINS IN PRINTS, at 2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4d, 5d, per yd. BARGAINS IN DRESS STUFF, 3s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d, and 6s 6d per doz. yds. BARGAINS IN CALICOES, 1s 8d, 2s 6d, 3s 6d, and 3s 9d per doz. BARGAINS IN FLANNELS, 8d, 10d, 1s, 1s 2d, 1s 3d, 1s 4d.

We will also offer some sterling value in our CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Well worthy of Buyer's attention, viz.: A Job Line of Men's Felt Hats, at 1s. A Job Line of Men's Straw Hats, at 4d. A Job Line of Men's Tweed Coats, at 7s 6d. A Job Line of Men's Trousers & Vests at 9s 6d. A Job Line of Men's Holland Coats, at 2s 11d.

TRY OUR SUITS, MADE TO ORDER, BY THE BEST TAILORS. STYLE AND FIT GUARANTEED. A Splendid Stock of Men's Shirts, Hats, Ties, Collars, Braces, Socks, Mole Trousers, Dungaree Trousers and Jumpers, Portmanteaux, Travelling Bags.

All our MILLINERY will be Sold, regardless of Cost, BOOTS. BOOTS.

A Large Stock of our well-known make; also some very cheap lots, viz.:—25 pairs Men's H.N. Laceups, at 7s 6d; 30 pairs Men's H.N. Laceups, at 9s 6d. Three trunks of Assorted Boots and Slippers at 1s upwards. 12 Boot Trunks very cheap.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO. IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

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Wholesale and Retail Iron Merchants, Ironmongers, Furniture Brokers, Dealers in Glassware Crockery, etc.

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HAWKES BROS., CHEAPEST HOUSE in the district for Ironmongery, Furniture, Crockery, Paperhangings Canvas, House Lining, Oils, Colors, etc.

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BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! IN DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

Suits to Order! Suits to Order!! Style and Fit Guaranteed.

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JOHN HUMPHREYS, WALTER CORNELL.

COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort.

RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort.

Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to.

AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

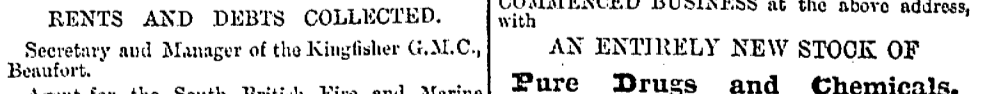
Also, a large and carefully selected assortment of Brushware, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, together with a choice selection of Cut Glass Bottles, Perfume Caskets, Ivory Brushes, Tortoise-shell Combs, etc., suitable for presents.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY DISPENSED, And promptly forwarded per rail, or otherwise as directed.

The Trade Supplied at Melbourne Prices.

H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER & NEWS AGENT, HAVELOCK STREET BEAUFORT.

FUNERAL ECONOMY. Established 1860. WILLIAM BAKER, UNDERTAKER, Lawrenco Street, next Post Office, and Neill Street, opposite State School. Hearse and other requisites supplied in town or country at stated charges.



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# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 599.]

BEAUFORT, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,  
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fishery Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, 4.15 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOWLES, Proprietor.

PHOENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.  
ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000.  
Annual Income—£500,000. Accumulated Funds—£1,000,000.

## LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—  
H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

FOR PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to  
A. NEEDHAM, Neill street, Beaufort.  
Cheapest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.  
Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.

Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY.

Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1888.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

W. BAKER,  
Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—  
Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Mouldings, Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites.

Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices.  
Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

## GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPSS'S COCOA,  
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.  
Sold in 4lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPSS & CO.,  
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.

CRAWFORD'S,  
SHORT STREET, Nos. 93, 95, 97, 99, and 101,

ARMSTRONG STREET, Nos. 2 and 4,  
LONDON.

No. 1 Gresham Buildings, Basinghall Street,  
LONDON.

PROPRIETORS.

## Snow and Room,

PROPRIETORS.

CRAWFORD'S "IMMENSE TRANSFER SALE," from its genuine nature has necessarily been a pronounced success, and the large increasing business has naturally followed. We still hold a balance of about £13,000 worth of Mr. Crawford's Stock, and as we are determined to make a thorough clearance, SALE PRICES will be maintained on the greater portion of the remainder.

HEADS OF FAMILIES, FARMERS, SQUATTERS, HOTEL PROPRIETORS

have, therefore, still an opportunity of purchasing many lines of GENERAL DRAPERY and Household Requisites at Considerably under Wholesale Rates.

THE confidence of the public in the sterling character of our advertisements must be firmly established when our announcements are borne out by actual facts, and we respectfully request an inspection and fair comparison.

SNOW AND ROOM.

17 & 19  
COLLINS ST. EAST.

ALLAN & CO.,  
Melbourne.

THE CONFIDENCE OF THE PUBLIC IN THE STERLING CHARACTER OF OUR ADVERTISEMENTS MUST BE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED WHEN OUR ANNOUNCEMENTS ARE BORNE OUT BY ACTUAL FACTS, AND WE RESPECTFULLY REQUEST AN INSPECTION AND FAIR COMPARISON.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S AUTUMN AND WINTER SHIPMENTS.  
170 Number of Packages opened to Date 170 Comprising an immense assortment of New and Seasonable Drapery, intended principally from the European markets by Mr Crawford prior to his transfer to

SNOW AND ROOM.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO LADIES.  
GRAND OPENING OF NEW SHOW ROOM.

To study the comfort and requirements of our customers, and to facilitate business in the following important branches, viz:—

Milinery, Manties, Under Clothing.

We are now opening a magnificent New Show Room, especially designed and arranged for the effectual display of the Splendid Stock comprised in these branches, and at the same time to extend the sense of privacy desired by ladies purchasing.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S WINTER NOVELTIES, MANTLES, &c.  
Every buyer should inspect our garments, as they are the best value and largest range ever shown at Crawford's.

SPECIAL NOTE.—We can offer to ladies requiring Mantles and Ulsters made to order the services of the best mantle-cutter and Habitu-maker in Victoria.

SNOW AND ROOM.

UNDERCLOTHING.—This department receives special attention, and is under most able supervision; it is really so well and favorably known that comment is hardly necessary. We might mention, however, that the NEW SHOW ROOM will afford such additional advantages for this trade that the appreciation of our lady customers is confidently hoped for.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S WINTER DRESS FABRICS  
We are showing a splendid variety in French, Scotch, and English Fabrics, including:—  
French Cashmeres and Stripes  
Jersey Cloths  
All-wool Homespuns  
Costume Cloths  
Fashionable Dress Tweeds  
Heather Mixtures, Checks and Stripes  
Melton Cloths  
Mairitz Cloths  
Boucle Stripes & Checks  
French Ottoman Cloths

Velvet, Plush, and Silk Trimmings, in beautiful combination, to match every material in stock.

SNOW AND ROOM.

DRESSMAKING has always been an increasing business at Crawford's, due to the fact that the MANAGEMENT of the rooms is of the highest order, and ladies can rely upon a perfect fit, finished style, and true economy.

We purpose fully cultivating this department, and the staff is larger than any previous season, thus ensuring to ladies every possible attention and the utmost promptness.

SNOW AND ROOM.

WINTER SHADES, WINTER HOSIERY, WINTER RIBBONS, WINTER CLOUDS, WINTER SHAWLS  
In charming profusion, and at astonishing prices, at Crawford's.  
Newest Wool Goods, in a vast and beautiful selection

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S Flannels, Blankets, Eider Quilts, &c.—The value is extraordinary, and we confidently invite comparison.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S CARPET DEPARTMENT.  
The stock is not excelled in Australia, and we are offering every line at competitive prices. Carpets, &c., planned and laid down by experienced men.

SNOW AND ROOM.

PROPRIETORS.

They have many Followers, but  
no Equals.

THE THURMER PIANO, £40 to £48, or 30s. monthly.  
THE SMITH ORGANS, £18 to £180, or 20s. monthly.

It is a wonder to all that such Beautiful Instruments can be obtained at these Low Prices.

17 & 19  
COLLINS ST. EAST.

ALLAN & CO.,  
Melbourne.

## LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.  
No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specially Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes.

Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

## BORAX SOAP

Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water.  
CLEANSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.

THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH,  
BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!  
—AND—  
BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!

Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.  
Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.  
The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S  
SQUARE BLUE SOAP POWDER  
BLACKING AND WASHING POWDER  
STAND UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Storekeepers.  
WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

## THE COLONIAL BRANCH

ESTABLISHED 1854

THE COVENTRY MAGNISTS' CO. LTD.

EXPERIENCED ENGLISH EXPERTS

62 & 64  
ELIZABETH ST.  
MELBOURNE.

LISTS FREE

THE IMPERIAL CLUB (A FRONT STEER)

## DICYCLES

TRICYCLES

EVERY STYLE, EVERY PRICE, TERMS CASH OR PART PAYMENT.

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

## Allopecia Baldness

THE ONLY CERTAIN AND INNOCUOUS REMEDY

COMOPODIUM

Dr. LURZ, Melbourne.

SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES.

128, COLLINS STREET ST.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co.  
WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,  
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS  
AND  
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)  
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,  
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Extraordinary  
Announcement.

S. NATHAN,  
The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,  
MELBOURNE,  
SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,  
BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,  
CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,  
PIANOS,ELECTROPLATED WARE.

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers  
&c., &c., &c.

Without Money or Security  
ON  
TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART  
OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the  
World.

S. NATHAN,  
THE FURNISHING ARCADE,  
221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch," H.P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF  
CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

It is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, required or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,  
APOTHECARIER'S HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND  
EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Barbidge and Co., Coleman-street, London  
Newbury and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.  
Barely and Sons, 65 Farringdon-street, London.  
Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.  
And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.  
ROCKE, TOMPKINS, & Co., Melbourne.  
HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists,  
FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.  
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists,  
51, Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.  
FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.  
BEXLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.  
NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.  
KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Dru  
Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS  
FOR THE  
RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE  
MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCU  
COLLINS STREET WEST

FOR SALE,  
HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery and Premises. Principals only. Apply to HARRIS and TROY.

For Sale,  
120 ACRES of LAND at Graveyard Hill, Mount Cole. HARRIS and TROY.

Important Notice.  
Mr. W. HARTLEY,  
DENTIST SURGEON, Short Street, BALLARAT? (Over Barwell's, Photographer),  
Dental Registration Certificate, No. 543b.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be undertaken. Do not feel stopped from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth require more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Essential care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years ruin the mouth or unsatiation and appearance.

ADVICE FREE. Testimonials, both English and colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at  
Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, N Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.,  
and at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 9 a.m. onwards, where all necessary information can be given.

JAMES TYLER'S  
GREAT  
CLEARING SALE  
COMMENCES SATURDAY, JAN. 15  
And will continue  
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

THIS being the Fourth SALE in 8 years, we intend making this the premier clearance that has ever been held out to the public of Ballarat and District, by selling goods at such prices that will make an excellent impression on all buyers. Our reputation for good and cheap stuff is well known, and our facilities for buying are second to none. We avoid quoting a long list of prices, our object is to clear stocks of stuff, and to do this we intend to reduce the majority of plain useful DRAPERY to COST PRICES and the remainder to ridiculous prices.

SHOWROOM.  
We intend making two lines of STRAW HATS, 4 1/2 to 1 1/2. THIMMED MILLINERY that we have left will be reduced below Half Cost Price. SILK MANTLES—Dulams and Visites from 10s 6d to 21s, usual price, 25s to 45s.

This Department will be subject to heavy reductions. Two cases all-wool Nun's Veiling and Jersey Cloths reduced to 4s. worth 1s. About 100 pieces of Odd-sizes varying from 4 1/2 to 1 1/2, will be thrown on the front table at 1s 1/2, 2s 1/2, 3s 1/2, and 4s 1/2 per dozen yards. Black and Colored Merino and Cashmere reduced to net cost.

MANCHESTER AND PRINTS.  
During our business career this branch has played a very prominent part, and our advice has been taken by thousands as regards useful goods. During the coming winter all woollen goods will advance from 15 to 25 per cent. We have secured a large parcel of Flannels and Blankets at very low rates, and these will be subject to the sweeping reduction. Drill and Prints, 9d a yard; reduced to 2s 1/2 a doz. French Netted Cloths, 1s, reduced to 6d. French Lawns and Cambrics in stripes and figures, 2/6, reduced to 4/4, and all other goods at the REDUCED RATES.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, & HATTERSBERY.  
In this, as in all others, our assortment is complete. A special Job Line of Girls' Hose, Navy, Seal, and Black, 3/4 per pair. Also, a lot of Women's full fashioned, is reduced to 7/6. Hosiery and Silk Gloves at ridiculous prices.

GOUTTING AND MEN'S MERCERY.  
Men's Suits, 30s, reduced to 10s 1/2.  
Men's Suits, 40s, reduced to 20s 1/2.  
Boys' and Youth's suits all reduced to cost.  
Hats, Shirts, Ties, Collars.  
Tweeds in endless variety.  
All Orders guaranteed shrank, and MADE IN THE BEST STYLE,  
AT  
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES:  
This Sale will be conducted on  
CASH PRINCIPLES STRICTLY

JAMES TYLER,  
11 and 13 BRIDGE STREET, BALLARAT.  
3rd. Ap. 23.87.

HOPPER'S  
MILK PUNCH  
GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR  
VITAE

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufactory, Snake Valley Carriageway.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc.,  
Stock, Stations, and Station Produce  
of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited)  
Capital, £3,500,000,  
Reserve Fund, £285,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances  
ON  
STATION SECURITIES,  
ENSURING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC.  
FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE  
OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the season.  
Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, Leather, etc., three times a week throughout the year.  
Auction Sales of Grain, Flour, etc. held every Wednesday.

DAVID EIDER, Manager.  
I. YOUNG (NATHAN),  
Wool and Produce Manager.  
Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouse, Collins Street West



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

There has been no very marked change in the market during the past week, but on the whole a firmer tone prevails, the sales noted being made at an advance on late figures. In wheat one or two small lots have changed hands at 4s 6d per bushel, and a lot of 50 bags was disposed of at 4s 4d at Marouca, bags returned.

Flour is in strong demand at 18s 10s per ton. At Horsham wheat continues at 3s 3d per bushel, and a good deal comes down here, being landed at 3s 5d. The St. Arnaud market is firm at 3s 5d, and at Donald 3s 6d is still given.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Business slow.—Oats, 2s 7d to 2s 8d; Cape barley, 3s; English 3s 10d to 4s 4d; wheat, 3s 9d to 4s; peas, 2s 1d to 3s; mangle hay, 13s to 14s; sheaves, 12s 10d to 13s 7s; straw, 35s to 40s; new potatoes, 12s 10d to 13s.

MINING ITEMS.

New Victoria Company, Waterloo, April 2.—Yield of gold for the week: No. 1 tribute, 11oz. 1 dwt.; No. 2 tribute, 28oz. 14 dwt.; making a total of 139oz. 15 dwt.

New Royal Saxon—All machinery from New Discovery Company, except boiler, delivered on the claim; portion of plant bought at South Victoria Company's sale in course of delivery.

South Victoria—Shaft sunk 25 feet at the head of Holly oak lead, and drive in to the west 9 feet in clean sandstone country.

Saxon Consols, Waterloo—South drive from No. 2 balance shaft in 153 feet, with wash 1 feet above the laths. There is no change to report upon in the main washdrift. Four machines sliced off, gave a yield of 18oz. gold.

Waterloo Company, Waterloo Flat.—A new tender has been let to Jones and party, who will commence tribute work after holidays.

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with a tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest at night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of BROWN'S CONCOIN EXTRACT at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EXCISION is the only known remedy. Ask your chemist for it, do not put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Ballarat. Sold by all chemists. Wholesale agents—Fulton, Grimwade and Co., and Rocks, Tamsait, Melbourne.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If you have thinning hair, or hair falling off, or "The Mexican Hair Renewer" for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer." Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 2s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot 33, Farnington Road, London.

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Beaufort. Price, Tropicane.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT. BEGS to inform the residents of Beaufort and the surrounding district that he may be CONSULTED FOR THE FIRST TIME IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. TAYLOR'S, Chemist (late A. Andrews), Neil Street. Mr. Belling brings with him all the latest improvements for the extraction of teeth; also he can guarantee the fitting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH upon his principle NOT TO BE SURPASSED. Decayed teeth filled with pearl enamel cement, rendering them sound and perfect. 8m. Ap. 30.87.

NEXT VISIT—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6TH, 1887.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.—American shoving boards, 12 lumber do, 6 x 1 T and G Scotch flooring, 6 x 1 do do lining, 6 x 1 do do flooring, American and Baltic deal, all sizes, 4 out pine weatherboards, 6 do do, American clear pine—fin, fin, lin., cedar, wide and narrow boards, Cedar table legs, all sizes, French casements, doors, sashes, Mouldings, architraves, skirtings, Broad palings and shingles. A stock of all sizes of hardwood always on hand. Also, BURLING LIME.

NEXT TO POLICE STATION.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DENMAN MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havelock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Niles, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars, Tobacco, Toys, Confectionery, Fruit, Fancy Goods, Berlin Wool, Sewing Silk, and Beads kept in stock. A fair share of public patronage is requested by Mr. Mason, which he hopes to merit by supplying a good article at a reasonable price.

SHIRE OF RIPON

TENDERS are proposed to the President, and endorsed 5 per cent. deposit, will be received up till 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 14th APRIL, 1887, for the following works:—

Contract No. 429.—For repairs to the Shire Offices. Contract No. 430.—Supplying 100 cubic yards quartz metal near Raglan. Contract No. 431.—Supplying 100 cubic yards quartz metal in the Main Lead. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Shire Office, Beaufort. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. H. H. JACKSON, Shire Engineer.

MISS NETTLETON

(Late of A. Crawford's, Ballarat) Begs to inform the Ladies of Beaufort and surrounding district, that she has opened business as Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker. And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage. DRESSES and MANTLES made to Order on the Shortest Notice. Good Fit Guaranteed. Note the Address—Next Mr. G. H. Cougle, Diaper, Havelock street, Beaufort. 3m. Jn. 18.87.

BALLARAT TURF CLUB AUTUMN MEETING.

Ballarat Monday, April 11, 1887. Maiden Plate... of 20 sovs. Handicap Hurdle Race... of 75 sovs. Easter Handicap... of 75 sovs. Public Auction Stakes... of 50 sovs. Ladies' Steeplechase... of 100 sovs. Trial Stakes... of 20 sovs. Holiday Excursion Fares. Trains to Course every 20 minutes. A. M. GREENFIELD, Hon. Sec.



GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

EASTER HOLIDAYS.

Holiday Excursion Tickets will be issued to and from all stations (suburban lines excepted) from the 4th to the 16th April, both dates inclusive, available for use on any standard gauge line. Example:—An excursion ticket issued on the 6th April will be available till the 16th May. When the last day falls on a Sunday the ticket will be available till next day. The journey must be commenced on the day the ticket is issued, but after a distance of 15 miles has been travelled the journey may be broken at the discretion of the passenger.

Special Excursion Tickets.—From the 4th to the 16th April, inclusive, return tickets will be issued at Melbourne for Sydney. Fares—1st class return, £5 0s. 0d.; 2nd class return, £4 1s. 0d. These tickets will be available for two months, and the through journey may be broken at stopping stations. Reduced fares—Melbourne and Adelaide—1st class return, £4 2s. 6d.; second class return, £3 12s. 6d. Fares to and from other intercolonial stations at similar reductions.

Adelaide and South Australian Excursion Tickets.—From the 4th to the 16th April, inclusive, the fares by the express train will be reduced. Tickets will be available for two months, and the through journey may be broken at stopping stations. Reduced fares—Melbourne and Adelaide—1st class return, £4 2s. 6d.; second class return, £3 12s. 6d. Fares to and from other intercolonial stations at similar reductions.

Luggage.—Excursion passengers to and from stations in Victoria will only be allowed to carry their luggage free of charge, as can be stored under the seats without inconvenience to other passengers. Those who have luggage for the van are required to be early at the station, and pay stamped parcels rate for it.

Horses and Vehicles.—From the 6th to the 16th April, the Department cannot engage to forward horses and vehicles by any passenger train, unless accompanied on an order provided by special arrangement.

Commercial Travellers' Samples.—From the 7th to the 16th April, Commercial Traveller's Samples will not be taken to or from roadside stations except by mixed or goods trains.

Parcels.—On the 7th April, parcels must be at the Melbourne Fares Office at Spencer Street and Prince's Bridge thirty minutes before the starting time of ordinary trains.

Goods Sheds Holidays.—The 8th and 11th April will be observed as holidays in the Goods Branch, and parcels will not run. Perishable goods will, however, be delivered on application.

Seaside Excursions.—The issue of these tickets at the principal stations will continue as already advertised. (See posters at all stations.)

EXTRA TRAINS.—On the 7th, 9th, and 11th April an Extra train will leave Stawell at 2.37 p.m., calling at Ararat, Beaufort, and all stations thence to Ballarat, returning from Ballarat at 8.30 p.m., calling at all stations thence to Stawell.

By Order of the Commissioners, P. E. LABERTOUCHE, Secretary for Railways.

TENDERS FOR GRAZING LANDS.

TENDERS will be received by the Board of Land and Works up to noon of Tuesday, the 20th April, 1887, for the right to graze on the undermentioned lots from the 1st May, 1887, to the 31st December, 1887. Forms and full particulars may be obtained at the local Land Office.

JNO. L. DOW, Commissioner of Crown Lands and Survey, Lands Department, Melbourne, 24th March, 1887.

Lot 3, Grazing block (No. 430)—800 acres, parishes of Warrak and Colvinsky, being the portion of the Long Gully and the Reserve excised from the Bungar, and lying west of James McKenna's leasehold: Ararat district.—538(119).

CONVEYANCE OF MAILS, 1887-88-89-90. THIRD DIVISION.

TENDERS are hereby invited, and will be received until noon on Tuesday, the 10th day of April, for the conveyance of Post Office Mails, Letters, Packages, Parcels, and Newspapers, as under mentioned, FOR THREE YEARS, from the 1st July, 1887, to 30th June, 1890. Tenders must be forwarded in accordance with the conditions published in the "Government Gazette" of the 17th March, and also the general conditions of contracts which can be seen at the undermentioned post offices.

SERVICES REQUIRED. 556. To and from Post Office and Railway Station, Beaufort, four trips per day. 557. To and from Beaufort and Shirley, via Burambone, three days a week. 558. To and from Beaufort and Chute, via Main Lead, Waterloo South, Waterloo, and Raglan, six days a week. 559. To and from Beaufort and Stockyard Hill, via Nerring and Lake Goldsmith, three days a week. 560. To and from Post Office and Railway Station, Bungar, three trips per day. 561. To and from Bungar and Ballyrogan, three days a week. 562. To and from Bungar and Warrak, via Big Hill State School and Mount Cole, two days a week.

FREDK. T. DERHAM, Postmaster-General. General Post Office, Melbourne, 17th March, 1887.

MRS. MOORE begs to notify to her friends that she has removed to Pratt street, next door to "The Advocate" Office, and is still agent for Madame Wiget's Patterns.

FOUND—KEY of SAFE. Owner can have same by paying for advertisement. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Beaufort Football Club.

MEETING of all interested in the RE-ORGANISATION of the above will be held at the Fire Brigade Hall on Wednesday evening, 13th April, at 8 o'clock. A good attendance is requested. T. ARCHARD, Hon. Sec. pro tem.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

THE Friends of the late Mr. JOHN HARVEY are invited to follow his remains to the Beaufort Cemetery this afternoon. Funeral will leave the residence of Mr. G. A. Eddy, next Camp Hotel, at 2 o'clock. W. BAKER, Undertaker.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Evening. FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1887.

Nothing is done, nothing is attempted, now-a-days, without organisation. Every section of society, every class of workers, has its association, through which it aims at improving its status. All of those have interest for the public—some more, some less. Amongst the former, we may place the association which has been established by the railway employees of Victoria, for the purpose of improving their position. Considering that all our railways are in the hands of the State, that the public are dependent upon the effective working of the lines, and that however good the administration may be, it is essential that the work of detail should be honestly and sedulously attended to, to ensure anything like a full measure of success, it will be admitted that nothing approaching a spirit of discontent should grow up among those who are employed in subordinate positions. We are very far from committing ourselves to the assertion that every demand should be acceded to, without reference to its merits; but we do say that the more a spirit of content is engendered, the better it will be, not only for the employes, which is only, after all, a subsidiary consideration, but the better it will be for the public. It is in accordance with the instincts of human nature, that men never work at their best, when suffering under the sense of grievance. Content is the strongest motive power to zealous labor; and quite apart from the claims of the employes, it is to the interests of the travelling and commercial public, and there should be no section of the vital machinery, by which our railways are worked, who should go about their routine of duty, with the impression that they are receiving less consideration than that to which they are entitled. Fortunately, these are facts which appear to be fully recognised by the Railway Commissioners. They are evidently desirous of removing any cause of discontent, and of promoting efficient and harmonious working amongst the men. At the annual banquet of the Railway Association on Saturday night, the 2nd inst., the Commissioners were present, and took occasion during the evening to give expression to their sympathy with the reasonable demands of the men, and their determination to remove any justifiable cause of complaint. Nor must it be imagined that this was a mere perfunctory acquiescence in the business of the evening. The Commissioners spoke with a full sense of the responsibility attaching to their utterances. Mr. Speight dealt in his usual outspoken manner with the fear which has sometimes been expressed that the organisation, if encouraged, might prove too strong, and that the servants of the public might become the masters. There is no real cause for any such apprehension. The senior Commissioner struck the right nail on the head when he asserted that the success of the Department depended upon the united individual effort of every body in it. There must be this union of effort from the highest to the lowest. No chain is stronger than its weakest link. The axiom is especially applicable to the Railway Department, where inefficiency on the part of a subordinate is calculated to be productive of even more serious consequences to the travelling public, than incompetence in a higher grade. And nothing is more calculated to promote inefficiency than discontent. The man who works well, is the man—whether in the Railway Department or elsewhere—who works with a sense that he is subject to no unfair conditions; that his labor is honestly remunerated; and that he is sure of such moderate concessions to his employer as he has a right to expect. It may be thought that we attach undue importance to this organisation of the railway employes; but if there are any who think this, they can have given but scanty consideration to the subject. When it is remembered that we have expended some twenty-five millions sterling in the construction of our lines, and that it is only by the very closest attention that we can hope to ensure that they will be worked to a remunerative point, it will be admitted that it is desirable to leave no means untried to secure this end. The Commissioners are evidently of this opinion, and the public will readily endorse it. They will be glad to find that when the next annual reunion of the Railway Service Mutual Association takes place, the promises of the Commissioners will have been faithfully redeemed, and that whatsoever cause of complaint may exist at present, will have been removed.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, —; New Victoria, 15oz.; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 2oz.; 5oz. Consols, 22oz.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Riponshire Council will be held on Thursday next.

The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 7th April, 1887.

Table with columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Rows for April 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

A meeting is called of all persons interested in the re-organising of the Beaufort Football Club, for Wednesday evening next.

We would remind our readers of the concert and ball to take place on Easter Monday night in the Societies' Hall, under the auspices of the Beaufort Athletic Club. A glance at the programme will show the array of talent that has been engaged, which is an excellent one.

A meeting of the building committee of the Mechanics' Institute and Free Library was held on Monday evening last. Mr. J. W. Harris was voted to the chair, and there was a good attendance of members. The object of the meeting was to decide upon what description of building should be put up. It was agreed that an entirely new front as suggested in the "Advocate" last week, should be erected, comprising two rooms, 24ft x 16ft, and 10ft x 15ft respectively, and a lobby 8ft x 15ft. To raise funds it was proposed to issue circulars soliciting donations; and it was also decided to obtain the balance of the amount required. It is estimated that the additions will cost about £300; and it is intended to lay the foundation stone on the 21st June, Jubilee day. In the evening an entertainment will be arranged for. Mr. J. W. Harris was appointed secretary to the building committee, and an executive committee, consisting of Messrs. Andrews, Archard, Caldwell, H. H. Jackson, Pringle, W. G. Stevens, Thomas, Witherspoon, and Secretary were appointed.

A man named Herrons was charged on Monday with being drunk and discharged by Mr. Prentice, J.P.; but on the following day he was again brought up and fined 5s, or 24 hours, the latter being accepted.

Messrs. Andrews and Prentice J.S.P., occupied the Bench to-day on the Jury List for the County Court, Beaufort district, on Tuesday. There being no objections, the lists were certified to.

The Beaufort branch of the Australian Natives' Association held their first meeting on Tuesday evening last. The President (Mr. G. A. Eddy) occupied the chair, and there was an attendance of some sixteen members. The whole of the evening was taken up in dealing with the preliminary matters having a bearing upon the working of the branch. The first question being the decision as to the medical officers, considerable discussion ensued, and it was eventually resolved that the terms of both local medical officers—Dr. Johnston and Nolan—be accepted to the end of the present year, and the President was authorised to sign the agreement in accordance with schedule B. An offer from the Recluse for the use of the hall was deemed very reasonable, and was accepted. A letter from the secretary of the building committee of the Mechanics' Institute and Free Library, informing the branch of the proposal to afford increased accommodation to their institute for the use of the public, was read, and the request that the branch should take a concert and ball in hand for the 21st June was unanimously accepted to a reply to that effect being ordered to be sent. Three new members were proposed, and will be balloted for next meeting, on the 10th inst. The secretary and treasurer were instructed to open an account in the name of the branch with the Bank of Victoria. The amount of money handed in to the secretary during the evening was stated to be £2 11s 6d; and the announcement that the general business for next meeting will be a discussion on "Athletic Sports" closed the meeting.

The Council of the Shire of Ripon invite tenders in another column for various works in the north riding. Amongst them will be noted the item—Repairs, &c., to the Shire Offices.

Some bungling seems to have been made in connection with the firing of the rifle matches for the Union Cup. A delegate meeting was some time ago held in Ararat, and representatives of Great Western, Ararat, Beaufort, and Jackson's Creek, were present. At that meeting it was arranged that the first quadrangular match for the Union Cup should be fired at the former place, on the motion of its delegates. After making all necessary provision for the match to come off on Good Friday (to-day), the secretary of the Beaufort Club received a telegram from Great Western Club to the effect that that Club disagreed with the decision of the delegates meeting; that the match could not be fired at Great Western because of a match having been arranged with another Club for to-day; and that the Great Western Club desired that Stawell Club should be admitted to the union and the match take place at Stawell. The local Club sought an explanation of this in vain, and by the courtesy of the Ararat and Jackson's Creek Clubs we understand that the emergency has been supplied, and the match was to come off at the latter place in lieu of Great Western. A telegram subsequently received from Ararat postpones the match altogether for the present. However, the members of the local club will fire a scratch match amongst themselves this afternoon.

We are requested to draw special attention to the alteration of Messrs. Witherspoon Bros. and Co.'s advertisement, announcing the arrival of new autumn and winter goods, inspection of which is invited.

An Eastern exchange tells its readers to mind their "P's" in the following paragraph:—"Persons who patronise papers should pay promptly, for the pecuniary prospects of the press possess a peculiar power in pushing forward public prosperity. If the printer is paid promptly, and his pocketbook kept plenteous by promptly paying patrons, he puts his pen to his paper in peace; his paragraphs are more pointed; he paints his pictures of passing events in more pleasing colors, and the perusal of his paper is a pleasure to the people. Paste this piece of proverbial philosophy in some place where all persons can perceive it."

It is a curious coincidence how "big with fate" years ending with the number "7" have been in India. In 1757 Clive won the battle of Plassey, and established our empire on a firm foundation; in 1817 our tranquil hold on the colony was assured by the extinction of the Marhatta power and the allied Pindaras; in 1837 saw the Punjab first practically a British province; in 1877 Queen Victoria became Empress of India; and latterly, ten years later, such was assured by the British. Besides the celebration of the Imperial Jubilee, what else may fate have in store for India this year? Men across the Hindu Kush seem fast ripening to a crisis.

As a tonic, diuretic, and invigorating cordial Wolfe's Schnapps is highly recommended to the public. For the sake of your health accept only Wolfe's Schnapps. It is the only genuine Schnapps.

A lamentable death has occurred in Beaufort during this week. Mr. John Harvey, head teacher of the Broadwood State school, which has been closed for some time on account of the prevalence of measles in the district, took advantage of the approach of the Easter holidays to visit his relatives in Beaufort, and arrived last week. On Saturday last, however, he returned a blood vessel, and after lingering until Thursday, died at the residence of Mr. Eddy, 2nd street. Some two years ago, Dr. Wootton, of Ballarat, cleverly brought the deceased round from a first illness from the same cause, and on this occasion he was called in to consult with Dr. Johnston (who attended Mr. Harvey carefully and patiently since Saturday last) but both held the same hopeless view of the case. The patient grew weaker hourly, and passed away on Thursday morning at the age of 29. He leaves a widow and children. The remains will be interred in Beaufort Cemetery this afternoon.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS-PAPERS.

Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for James Adams, Mrs. A. Bennett, M. Coleman, Mrs. C. Campbell, H. M. Day, J. Dawson, Mrs. H. Jennings, P. Littlewood, J. Miller, E. Pearce, Miss Shields.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

Friday, 8th April, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass' Straits.—Fine, light, and variable winds, chiefly northerly. Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 87. Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Fine, light, and variable winds, chiefly northerly.

BEAUFORT ATHLETIC CLUB.

The following are the acceptances for the principal handicap events to be run on Easter Monday.

EASTER GIFT, 100 yards. W. Perkins, Ballarat, 5yds. A. Drummond, Horsham, 3yds. J. H. Mackwood, Nhill, 4yds. H. Fawcett, Dunkeld, 4yds. J. S. Leehane, Warracknabeal, 4yds. J. T. Wood, Melbourne, 4yds. C. F. Doney, Ballarat, 4yds. E. J. Weber, Wodlala, 4yds. J. S. Leehane, Horsham, 3yds. E. Crozier, Cardigan, 3yds. A. McDonald, Ararat, 3yds. M. Kelly, Springbank, 3yds. J. A. Hosking, Beaufort, 3yds. C. Marston, Ballarat, 3yds. J. Squires, Ararat, 3yds. F. Towsing, Amphitheatre, 3yds. W. Wootton, Beaufort, 3yds. J. Gaw, Ararat, 3yds. T. Fraser, Waterloo, 3yds. J. Pollock, Ballarat, 3yds. J. Campbell, Ballarat, 3yds. A. E. Keys, Linton, 3yds. N. Drummond, Horsham, 3yds.

BEAUFORT CUP, 200 yards. A. Drummond, Horsham, 6yds. J. H. Mackwood, Nhill, 5yds. A. McDonald, Ararat, 5yds. C. Marston, Ballarat, 5yds. J. Pollock, Ballarat, 5yds. W. Perkins, Ballarat, 5yds. J. S. Leehane, Warracknabeal, 5yds. F. Towsing, Amphitheatre, 5yds. C. F. Doney, Ballarat, 5yds. J. Campbell, Ballarat, 5yds. J. Squires, Ararat, 5yds. J. Spencer, Egeon, 5yds. H. A. Keitch, Dunkeld, 5yds. T. J. Leehane, Horsham, 5yds. W. Marney, Ballarat, 5yds. A. E. Keys, Linton, 5yds. W. Wootton, Beaufort, 5yds. T. Fraser, Waterloo, 5yds.

BICYCLE RACE, One Mile. Edward Jewell, Ballarat, scratch. A. E. Trengrove, Geelong, 50yds. D. Jewell, Ballarat, 60yds. A. Audas, Brunswick, 60yds. W. Cooper, Yendon, 60yds. J. S. Leehane, Horsham, 60yds. L. Scharpe, South Yarra, 80yds. J. M. Keitch, Beaufort, 90yds. E. J. Loft, Beaufort, 100yds. J. A. Archard, Ballarat, 100yds. J. Driver, Beaufort, 230yds.

BICYCLE RACE, Two Miles. E. Jewell, Ballarat, scratch. A. E. Trengrove, Geelong, 30yds. D. Jewell, Ballarat, 30yds. A. Audas, Brunswick, 30yds. W. Cooper, Yendon, 30yds. T. Laurie, Ballarat, 30yds. L. Scharpe, South Yarra, 30yds. M. T. Dwyer, Ballarat, 100yds. J. A. Archard, Beaufort, 100yds. E. J. Loft, Beaufort, 200yds. T. A. Archard, Beaufort, 250yds. J. Driver, Beaufort, 400yds.

BICYCLE RACE, Three Miles. E. Jewell, Ballarat, scratch. A. E. Trengrove, Geelong, 130yds. D. Jewell, Ballarat, 130yds. A. Audas, Brunswick, 130yds. W. Cooper, Yendon, 130yds. T. Laurie, Ballarat, 130yds. L. Scharpe, South Yarra, 130yds. M. T. Dwyer, Ballarat, 100yds. J. A. Archard, Beaufort, 100yds. E. J. Loft, Beaufort, 200yds. T. A. Archard, Beaufort, 250yds. J. Driver, Beaufort, 400yds.

HURDLE RACE, 100 yards. A. M. Corrickdale, Naraco, 5yds. E. J. Weber, Wodlala, 6yds. W. Wootton, Beaufort, 7yds. W. Marney, Ballarat, 7yds. N. Drummond, Horsham, 9yds. G. Caldwell, Beaufort, 9yds. J. H. Mackwood, Nhill, 9yds. H. Fawcett, Dunkeld, 9yds. W. Wootton, Beaufort, 9yds. C. Wood, Beaufort, 9yds. J. Campbell, Ballarat, 9yds.

FERRY CREEK PLATE, 440 yards. W. Perkins, Ballarat, 8yds. T. J. Leehane, Horsham, 12yds. H. Fawcett, Dunkeld, 13yds. E. J. Weber, Wodlala, 13yds. J. H. Grellet, Great Western, 13yds. A. McDonald, Ararat, 10yds. G. Caldwell, Beaufort, 10yds. W. Wootton, Beaufort, 10yds. J. Gaw, Ararat, 20yds.

THE MELBOURNE correspondent of the "Ararat Advertiser" supplies the following:—"It is not often that the most inveterate hoaxer makes such full use of April Fools' Day as was the case with one of our theatrical managers this year. On Friday morning there appeared an ad. in some of the morning papers to the effect that every person on presenting that notice at the doors of the theatre on that evening would be admitted free. The sequel was an interesting one. No sooner were the papers out than the ad. was brought under the notice of the lessee, who has all the hot temper of his country, "Sunny Italy." He raved, he swore, and at once caused placards to be printed giving the whole thing away as a joke. Scarcely had the copy gone off than the Inspector of Police added fuel to the fire by enquiring "whether the management wanted a riot?" To prevent this extra precautions were taken as the time for opening the doors approached. Here and there through the arcade were scattered little knots of people waiting for the fun to commence. Presently there came the holders of the slips by twos and threes, and their language was more emphatic than polite when they were turned back by the boxkeeper. But the climax was reached when a male, three females, and two children walked up in a party and presented six advertisements with all the consciousness born of a full belief in everything that appears in the papers. Poor man! He was soon disillusioned. But the person who inserted that ad. would "have had bad luck" if that party, collectively and individually had come across him at that precise moment."

ADVISE TO MOTHEMS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain or cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 10d. per bottle.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Moss and Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

LETTERS HAVE BEEN WONDERFUL. "The Effort Road Dispensary, Dunkeld." May 3rd, 1884.

"Dear Sir,—I am happy to inform you that the sale of your Syrup and Pills increases here continually. Several of my customers speak of having derived more benefit from the use of these than from any other medicine.—Yours very respectfully, "Herbert King."

"Gentlemen,—I have used Seigel's Syrup for several years, and have found it a most efficacious remedy for liver complaints and general debility, and I always keep some by me, and cannot speak too highly in its praise.—I remain, yours truly, "Herbert King."

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LITTLE CHIPS.

[By "TOMAHAWK"]

The other Sunday Mrs Tomahawk came home from church in a very excited state, and declared to goodness she'd never enter its doors again. It's not a usual thing for her to come home so from a place of worship, and I divined that she had either been grossly insulted or had had a row with one of her bosom friends.

THE CHIEF.

That struts among ye takin' notes tae gang an' prant em.

A DOUBTER!

"I canna see the possibeeilty o' raisin' s'icha sum for the purpose," is naething but the expression o' a doubtin' min! An', do ye ken, it's an awfu' shame to douse cauld water on the efforts o' an airm's well-wisher.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.

Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Spasms, Hypochondria, Timidity, Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphoryne (Oxygen Oxygen), which at once restores energy and life to the enfeebled constitution.

RIFLE MATCH.

BEAUFORT V. LEARMONTH.

A rifle match was fired on Saturday last between a team representing Beaufort Club and one from Learmonth Club. The Beaufort representatives left by the 9 a.m. train, and were met at Burrumbet and driven to the scene of contest at the Learmonth Butts.

Table with columns for Rifle Match results, including names like Eddy, Chapman, and scores for 200yds and 500yds.

Grand Total ... 313

LEARMONTH.

Table with columns for Rifle Match results, including names like Gray, Lara, D. H., and scores for 300yds and 500yds.

Grand Total ... 257

THE EASTER HOLIDAYS.

The arrangements for enjoying the Easter holidays are progressing very satisfactorily, and they will be found very complete. Serious misgivings have reigned supreme for the past fortnight, respecting the weather.

THE CHIEF.

That struts among ye takin' notes tae gang an' prant em.

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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF CATALONIA.

The state of advancement of agriculture in any region may be judged by the greater or less perfection with which the work is done, dependent, in a great part, on the spirit of routine or progress in the use of implements and machines.

To break up the lumps of earth the common rake is used. The most simple is composed of a piece of wood with a row of iron prongs or small blades inserted. Joined to this piece of wood, in T-shape, is a pole about five feet long, which serves as handle.

RIBBON WEAVING IN SWITZERLAND.

In the factories the weaving is generally done on power-looms. In the country hand- looms are universally used. They are made by members of a special profession, called loom carpenters, and they are worth, when new, from 90 to 100 dollars.

SALT MINES IN CARDONA.

These famous mines, which form part of the Pliocene sediments in the western part of the province of Barcelona, are situated at the bottom of a small valley through which runs a stream tributary to the River Cardona, at the foot and to the south of Castle Cardona, and cover a surface of 1,519,927 square yards.

THE CONCERT.

There will be in the evening, at the Societies' Hall, a Grand Concert and Ball, which will wind up the day's proceedings.

THE CONCERT.

On Wednesday there will be the children's picnic at Middle Creek, and in the evening a ball will be held in the old school building.

A HEARTLESS BIGAMIST.

A telegram from Sale, published in the Herald says:—The man George Donnison, alias Bower, who has been arrested at Benalla on a charge of bigamy committed at Sale, is well known here, where he resided two or three years.

FLORINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful pleasant odour arising from the finest French tobacco smoke.

WE SHOULD BLOT OUT DISEASE IN ITS EARLY STAGES.

The disease commences with a slight derangement of the stomach, but, if neglected, it in time involves the whole frame, embroiling the kidneys, liver, pancreas, and in fact the entire glandular system; and the afflicted drags out a miserable existence until death gives a relief from suffering.

NOTICE.

FOR the prompt despatch of business all orders in future to be addressed to HENNINGSEN and KLUNDER or H. P. HENNINGSEN, the Publisher

JUST ARRIVED. Wotherspoon Bros AND CO. Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

Everything Fashionable at WHOLESALE PRICES. INSPECTION INVITED. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO. IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HAWKES BROS., Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort, Wholesale and Retail Iron Merchants, Ironmongers, Furniture Bakers, Dealers in Glassware Crockery, etc.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. Clearing out Balance of SUMMER GOODS. BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! IN DRAPERY, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES. Suits to Order! Suits to Order!! Style and Fit Guaranteed.

INSPECTION INVITED. GEORGE H. COUGLE, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT. THE BLUE HOUSE ALEX. M'DONALD Continues to sell off every article in Stock at PRICES that CANNOT BE BEATEN!

ALEXR. M'DONALD, Proprietor. BEST CUT AROMATIC TOBACCO at H. P. Henningsen's, Havelock street, Beaufort.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort. WALTER CORNELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, (next Horsley Bros, and 2 doors from Lester's hotel.) HENNINGSEN, PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS. PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY DISPENSED.







# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 600.]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order, as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged to the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion. Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fishery Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 3 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m. Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m. Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOYLES, Proprietor.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000. Annual Income—£800,000. Accumulated Funds exceed, £1,000,000.

LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency.

H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to

A. NEEDHAM, Neill street, Beaufort.

Cheapest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.

Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY. Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1886.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

AGENTS WANTED.

Double Deck-Tanned Machine Boilers.

## W. BAKER,

Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:— Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Mouldings, Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites. Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices. Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

GRATEFUL.—COMFORTING.

## EPPS'S COCOA,

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 1/2 lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,

HOMEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

## CRAWFORD'S,

STURT STREET, Nos. 93, 95, 97, 99, and 101,

ARMSTRONG STREET, Nos. 2 and 4,

LONDON.

No. 1 Gresham Buildings, Basinghall Street,

LONDON.

PROPRIETORS.

## Snow and Room,

PROPRIETORS.

CRAWFORD'S "IMMENSE TRANSFER SALE," from its genuine nature has necessarily been a pronounced success, and a large increasing business has naturally followed. We still hold a balance of about £13,000 worth of Mr. Crawford's Stock, and as we are determined to make a thorough clearance, SALE PRICES will be maintained on the greater portion of the remainder.

HEADS OF FAMILIES, FARMERS, SQUATTERS, HOTEL PROPRIETORS

have, therefore, still an opportunity of purchasing many lines of GENERAL DRAPERY and Household Requirements at Considerably under Wholesale Rates.

SNOW AND ROOM.

THE confidence of the public in the sterling character of our advertisements must be firmly established when our announcements are borne out by actual facts, and we respectfully request an inspection and fair comparison.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S AUTUMN AND WINTER SHIPMENTS.

170 Number of Packages opened to Date 170 Comprising an immense assortment of New and Seasonable Drapery, imported principally from the European markets by Mr. Crawford prior to his transfer to SNOW AND ROOM.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO LADIES.

GRAND OPENING OF NEW SHOW ROOM.

To study the comfort and requirements of our customers, and to facilitate business in the following important branches, viz:—

Millinery,

Mantles,

Under Clothing,

We are now opening a magnificent New Show Room, especially designed and arranged for the effectual display of the Splendid Stock comprised in these branches, and at the same time to extend the sense of privacy desired by ladies purchasing.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S WINTER NOVELTIES, MANTLES, &c.

Every buyer should inspect our garments, as they are the best value and largest range ever shown at Crawford's.

Special Notice.—We can offer to ladies requiring Mantles and Ulsters made to order the services of the best mantle-cutter and Habermaker in Victoria.

SNOW AND ROOM.

UNDERCLOTHING.—This department receives special attention, and is under most able supervision; it is really so well and favorably known that comment is hardly necessary. We might mention, however, that the NEW SHOW ROOM will afford such additional advantages for this trade that the appreciation of our lady customers is confidently hoped for.

SNOW AND ROOM.

CRAWFORD'S WINTER DRESS FABRICS

We are showing a splendid variety in French Foulle Serges, Heather Mixtures, Checks and Stripes, and Melton Cloths, and all-wool Homespuns, Costume Cloths, Fashionable Dress Tricots, Velvet, Plush, and Silk Trimmings, in beautiful combination, to match every material in stock.

DRESSMAKING has always been an increasing business at Crawford's, due to the fact that the MANAGEMENT of the rooms is of the highest order, and ladies can rely upon a perfect fit, finished style, and true economy.

We purpose fully cultivating this department, and the staff is larger than any previous season, thus ensuring to ladies every possible attention and the utmost promptness.

SNOW AND ROOM.

WINTER SHADES, INTER-HOSIERY, WINTER RIBBONS, WINTER CLOUDS, WINTER SHAWLS

Newest Wool Goods, in a vast and beautiful selection

In charming profusion, and at astonishing prices, at Crawford's.

CRAWFORD'S Flannels, Blankets, Eider Quilts, etc.—The value is extraordinary, and we confidently invite comparison.

CRAWFORD'S Carpet Department.

The stock is not excelled in Australia, and we are offering every line at competitive prices. Carpets, etc., planned and laid down by experienced men.

CRAWFORD'S

SNOW & ROOM

PROPRIETORS.

They have many Followers, but no Equals.

THE THURMER PIANO, £40 to £48, or 30s. monthly.

THE SMITH ORGANS, £18 to £180, or 20s. monthly.

It is a wonder to all that such Beautiful Instruments can be obtained at these Low Prices.

17 & 19 COLLINS ST. EAST. **ALLAN & CO.** Melbourne.

## LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specially Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes. Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

## BORAX SOAP

Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water. CLEANSSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.

THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH.

## BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!

## BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!

Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household. Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.

The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S SQUARE BLUE SOAP POWDER, BLACKING AND WASHING POWDER, STAND UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Storekeepers. WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

THE COLONIAL BRANCH OF THE COVENTRY MACHINISTS' CO. LTD. UNDER THE CHARGE OF EXPERIENCED ENGLISH EXPERTS. 62 & 64 ELIZABETH STREET MELBOURNE.

NEW SPECIAL CLUB (FIRST PRIZES AWARDED) THE CHEYLSMORE (FIRST PRIZES AWARDED) THE IMPERIAL CLUB (A FRONT STEERER)

BICYCLES, TRICYCLES, EVERY STYLE, EVERY PRICE, TERMS CASH OR EXTENDED PAYMENTS.

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT TO H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

Allopecia Baldness The ONLY CERTAIN AND INNOCUOUS REMEDY COMBODIPILLS

Dr. LURZ, Melbourne. SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES. 128, COLLINS STREET ST.

## Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for e in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO., Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Extraordinary Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers

&c., &c., &c.

Without Money or Security

ON

## TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART

OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the

World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

## CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

It is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicines Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIER'S HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Durbridge and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Bareilly and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMESITT, & Co., Melbourne.

HENNINGSEN & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

Faulding & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

Berkeley & Taylor, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Dru

Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

## RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE

MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH

COLLINS STREET WEST

## FOR SALE,

HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery and Premises. Principals only. Apply to HARRIS and TROY.

For Sale,

120 ACRES of LAND at Gravelly Hill, Mount Cole. HARRIS and TROY.

Important Notice,

Mr. W. HARTLEY,

DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT

(Over Barwell's, Photographer).

Dental Registration Certificate, No. 5445.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated. Decayed Teeth stopped from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth require more adjusting than can be done in a perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years ruin the mouth or mastication and appearance. ADVICE FREE. Testimonials, both English and colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at

Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, N

Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.

And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 8 to 11 a.m., where all necessary information can be given.

JAMES TYLER'S

GREAT

## CLEARING SALE

COMMENCES SATURDAY, JAN. 15

And will continue

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

THIS being the Fourth SALE in 8 years, we intend making this the premier inducement that has ever been held out to the public of Ballarat and District, by selling goods at such prices that will make an everlasting impression on all buyers. Our reputation for good and cheap stuff is well known, and our facilities for buying are second to none. We avoid getting a long list of prices, our object is to clear stocks of stuff, and to do so we intend to reduce the majority of plain useful DRAPERY to COST PRICES and the remainder to ridiculous prices.

SHOWROOM.

We intend making two lines of STRAW HATS, 4hd to 1s. TRIMMED MILLINERY that we have left will be Reduced below Half Cost Price. SILK HATS, 2hd to 1s. Dolmans and Vestives from 10s 6d to 21s, usual price, 25s to 45s.

DRESSES.

This Department will be subject to heavy reductions. Two cases all-wool Nun's Veiling and Jersey Cloths reduced to 4hd, worth 1s. About 100 pieces of Oddments varying from 4hd to 1s, will be thrown on the front table at 1s 11d, 2s 11d, 3s 11d, and 4s 11d per dozen yards. Black and Colored Merino and Cashmere reduced to net cost.

MANCHESTER AND PRINTS.

During our business career this branch has played a very prominent part, and our arrival has been taken by thousands as regards useful goods. During the coming winter all woollen goods will advance from 15 to 25 per cent. We have secured a large parcel of Flannels and Blankets at very low rates, and these will be subject to the sweeping reduction. Drill and Prints, 9d a yard; reduced to 2s 11d a doz. French Natted Cloths, 1s, reduced to 9d. French Lawns and Cambrics in stripes and figures, 3hd, reduced to 4hd, and all other goods at reduced rates.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, & HABERDASHERY.

In this as in all others, our assortment is complete. A special Job Line of Girls' Hosiery, Navy, Seal, and Black, 3hd per pair. Also, a lot of Women's full fashioned, 1s, reduced to 7hd. Thread and Silk Gloves at ridiculous prices.

OUTFITTING AND MEN'S MERCERY.

Men's Suits, 30s, reduced to 18s 11d. Men's Suits, 40s, reduced to 25s 11d. Boys' and Youths' Suits all reduced to cost. Hats, Shirts, Ties, Collars. Tweeds in endless variety.

All Orders guaranteed shruak, and MADE IN THE BEST STYLE.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES:

This Sale will be conducted on

CASH PRINCIPLES STRICTLY

JAMES TYLER,

11 and 13 BRIDGE STREET, BALLARAT.

3rd. Ap. 23.87.

## HOPPER'S

MILK PUNCH

GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR

VILE

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufacturer, Snake Valley Gargaham.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc.,

Stock, Stations, and Station Produce

of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE

AGENCY COMPANY (Limited)

Capital, £3,500,000,

Reserve Fund, £265,000,

Make Liberal Cash Advances

on

STATION SECURITIES,

ENSURING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC.



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A quantity of produce has been brought forward during the past week. Dulcivores, however, show some signs of falling off, as farmers now generally engaged in putting in next season's seed, under the belief that a further fall of rain will be experienced shortly. Several small lots of wheat have been brought in, and for one parcel of thirty bags 3s 6d was given, bags in. Deliveries are also being made in a good demand for flour at last week's rates, 28 10s per ton. At Hortham, wheat is coming in slowly at 3s 3d per bushel. A further rise has been experienced at Donald, 3s 6d now being given, but at St. Arnaud the market remains at 3s 5d per bushel. On a fair business continues to be done. One lot of a good sample for seed yielded 2s 9d, bags in, and fifty bags changed hands at 2s 7d, bags in. There is a good enquiry for peas, and barley also continues in good request for green feed. Warranboul potatoes have to a somewhat over-supplied, and have fallen to 23 per ton. Hay is not being brought in in sufficient quantity to meet the demand, and from 23 10s to 23 15s is readily obtained. One buyer during the week purchased 100 tons at Burrumbidgee, and this is now being delivered by rail, the landed cost being at under 13 10s per ton. Fresh butter is still scarce, and readily realises 1s 8d per lb, and eggs are falling off and have advanced to 1s 4d per dozen. We quote—

Wheat, 3s 5d per bushel, bags in; oats, 2s 2d per bushel, bags in; pollard, 1s 10d per bushel; bran, 1s 4d per bushel; flour, 28 10s per ton; Cape barley, 3s; English barley, none in; peas, 3s 3d; potatoes, Warranboul, 13 10s per ton; hay, sheaves, 13 10s per ton; trussed, 13 15s per ton; straw, oats, 30s to 35s per ton; chaff, 4s per cwt; onions, 6s per cwt; butter, fresh, 1s 8d per lb; butter, salted, 1s 2d per lb; hams, 1s per lb; bacon, 10d per lb; cheese, 6d to 7d per lb; eggs, 1s 4d per dozen.

The following are the Landsborough quotations—Wheat, 3s 3d; oats, 2s 6d; peas, 3s; flour, 21q; bran, 1s; pollard, 1s.—Advertiser.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Business fair.—Oats, 2s 6d to 2s 8d; Cape barley, 3s; English 4s 6d to 5s; wheat, 3s 8d to 3s 10d; peas, 3s to 3s 1d; mangel hay, 1s 4 to 1s 4 1/2; sheaves, 1s 3 to 1s 3 1/2; straw, 3s 5 to 4s; new potatoes, 1s 10s to 1s 15s.

GOLDSBROUGH'S MONTHLY WOOL REPORT.

There is nothing of importance to note in this market since our last summary. The arrivals have been limited, and in consequence the auction sales, which at this season of the year are held at monthly intervals here, have been correspondingly small, the total quantity disposed of during the past month being about 2000 bales. There has been a strong demand throughout for all descriptions, good average greasy merino ranging up to 91d, and good medium scoured to 17d per lb. The bulk of the offerings, however, have been shaggy scoureds from the Darling and back country generally, all more or less faulty, for which 13s 10d to 14s have been the ruling rates. The second series of Colonial wool sales, we are advised by cablegram, opened in London on the 22nd ult., at which date only 200,000 bales, out of the 275,000 bales at which the limit had been fixed arrived. The attendance of both home and foreign buyers was large, and competition was fairly spirited, but contrary to all anticipations, prices were hardly equal to the closing rates of last sales, except for crossbreds, which, if anything, were slightly firmer. During the past week, however, prices for fine wools have risen, while crossbreds have advanced fully 5 per cent, the market for all descriptions being now firm. Nevertheless the average prices realised for some well-known clips are not satisfactory to shippers, and it is to be hoped that values will improve as the sales progress. Up to the present 1,05,000 bales have been catalogued, of which 7000 bales have been withdrawn. The constant rains throughout New South Wales and Queensland have caused abundance of feed and water, and from all quarters of the two colonies the advices are most cheering—rivers, dams, and tanks overflowing—stock in excellent condition, and a splendid lambing, and well-merino clip are assured; indeed, the country is so thoroughly saturated that two good seasons may be looked for with certainty.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Mossand Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSON, Agent, Ballarat. Price, 2pence.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT.

BEGS to inform the residents of Ballarat and the surrounding district that he may be CONSULTED THE FIRST THURSDAY IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. A. ANDREWS' (late Taylor), North Street. Mr. Belling brings with him the latest improvements for the painless extraction of teeth; also, he can guarantee the fitting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH upon his principle NOT TO BE SURPASSED. Decayed teeth filled with pearl enamel cement, rendering them sound and perfect. See Ad. 20-87.

NEXT VISIT—THURSDAY, MAY 5th, 1887.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOW STREETS—

- American shelling boards 10 lumber do 6 x 1 T and Scotch flooring 6 x 4 do do lining 6 x 4 do do flooring American and Baltic deals, all sizes 4 cent pine weatherboards 6 do do American clear pine 1 1/2 in, 2 in, 3 in, cedar, white and narrow boards Cedar table legs, all sizes French cast-iron, doors, sashes Mouldings, architraves, skirtings Also, paintings and shingles A stock of all sizes of hardware always on hand Also, ALL KINDS OF LIME. NEXT TO POLICE STATION.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DENMAN MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havelock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Niles, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars Tobacco, Toys, Confectionery, Fruit, Fancy Goods, &c. Berlin Wool, Crewel Silk, and Beads kept in stock. HOT PIES, with tea or coffee, always ready for country visitors. A fair share of public patronage is requested by Mr. Mason, which he hopes to merit by supplying a good article at a reasonable price.

MISS NETTLETON

(Late of A. Crawford's, Ballarat) Begs to inform the ladies of Beaufort and surrounding district, that she has opened business as

Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker.

And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage. DRESSES and MANTLES made to Order on the Shortest Notice. Good Fit Guaranteed. Note the Address—Next Mr. G. H. Coughle, Diaper, Havelock Street, Beaufort. Sm. Jn. 18. 87.

MRS. MOORE begs to notify to her friends that she has removed to Fitz street, next door to "Advocate" Office, and is still agent for Madame Weigel's Patterns.

Public Notice.

As the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither Coursing or Shooting can be allowed on the Estate during the next two months. JOHN D. ADAMS. St. Enoch's, 15th April, 1886.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1887.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, —; New Victoria, 60oz.; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, —; Saxon Consols, 45oz.

The Secretary of the Beaufort Fire Brigade desires to gratefully acknowledge the receipt of £1.1s. from H. P. Henningson, Esq., as a donation to the funds of the Brigade; also to state that a previous donation of £2.2s. was received from the same gentleman, which the late secretary omitted to acknowledge.

Mr. W. McFarlane supplies the following rainfall record at Beaufort:—From the 1st to 14th of April, 1.56 inches.

Tenders were opened on Wednesday last at the Leiston Shire Council meeting, and amongst those accepted for various works in the shire was that of S. Waller, at £157 5s for draining, forming and metalling 40 chains on the Leiston and Beaufort road, north of Negril's. Mr. Fraser's tender was for £161.

For some time past not much has been done in Waterloo for the support of charitable institutions; but thanks to the young ladies of the district an attempt is now being made to get up a list for the benefit of the Ballarat Hospital. Let us wish them every success and hope that the Ballarat ladies will derive substantial benefits from their efforts.

Messrs. Staples, Wise, and Co., of Melbourne, offer exceptional advantages to speculators at the Laverton Estate, in consideration of the Jubilee year. Their advertisement will be found in our fourth page.

A notice in the "Government Gazette" states that the dates for holding the County Courts and Courts of Mines have been altered, which, if anything, were slightly firmer. During the past week, however, prices for fine wools have risen, while crossbreds have advanced fully 5 per cent, the market for all descriptions being now firm. Nevertheless the average prices realised for some well-known clips are not satisfactory to shippers, and it is to be hoped that values will improve as the sales progress. Up to the present 1,05,000 bales have been catalogued, of which 7000 bales have been withdrawn.

No. 217 of the "Australasian Sketcher" is to hand, in time for the outgoing mail. The scenes depicted are in accordance with the standard so well sustained in previous issues, and the frontispiece represents three scenes of Bulli, New South Wales. Mr. Henningson is the local agent.

Considerable dissatisfaction is said to have been expressed on Easter Monday with the committee of the Athletic Club over the charge for admission of horses and vehicles to the grounds. Upon the complaint reaching us by enquiries, we sought facts from the authorities, and we are in a position to exculpate the Committee from the position in which they have been placed by the stigmas of an angry people. The committee disposed of the right to charge admission, under the same terms and conditions as in former years, and, as was explained to us, there was nothing said in those conditions that the purchaser of the right was not to charge, except in the case of members, whose families and vehicles were admitted free. It is reasonable, however, to expect that a man can be kept specially in attendance to open and close the big gates, unless he is to be paid for it; and to this end it is only fair that a nominal sum should be charged for horses and vehicles. If any man purchases such a right, without any condition being made to the contrary, we think he is at liberty to exercise his own discretion to admit or refuse to admit horses and vehicles free of charge.

At the last meeting of the Ararat Mining Board, a communication was received from the members for the Raglan division, still opposing the application of John Edwards for 20 acres of land at Raglan. An application from T. C. Tucker for land at Raglan was referred to the divisional members. The following resolutions were cordially moved by Mr. Foyster, seconded by Mr. Humphreys:—"That this board desire to cordially support the recent efforts of the District Prospecting Board in its endeavor to obtain assistance for future boring operations at Ararat and Raglan, and the prospecting near Mount Zero, without the £ for £ contribution, as no recommendation of that kind was ever contemplated when the Prospecting Board for Victoria was established; and that this board influence to stop the issue of a licence to occupy the land referred to in the said report for twelve months for the following reasons:—That at the time of reporting, the board were not aware that gold had recently been found on the piece of land in question; but it has now been ascertained beyond doubt that the ground is more or less auriferous, and that about 200 lbs. of gold has been obtained from the ground, and that a party of two miners, while working the ground, found a patch of over 6 oz. of gold, including a 4 1/2 oz. nugget. The ground (excepting the patch found) was poor, but they worked it until water became scarce. This board, therefore, in justice to the miners, intend to take this step with a view of endeavouring to rectify the mistake made by its report referred to above, believing that when the coming winter rain has given a supply of water, the ground, if left open for mining, will be further tested to prove its auriferous value. Moreover, no great injustice would be done to Mr. Schlicht by withholding the issue of the licence for twelve months, as the piece of ground (about three acres) is merely an extension of his former selection of fifteen acres."

THE EASTER HOLIDAYS.

Easter-tide of 1887, with all its sacred obligations and festive celebrations, is now reckoned amongst the bye-gone days. The recognised moveable feast of Episcopal circles has been celebrated in various ways. But, alas, even in this locality, a finger can be laid here and there where sorrowful scenes have been enacted—where death has visited the home circle and instead of vivacity and cheerfulness, wives have been left widows, children fatherless or motherless, in some cases, and sickness even unto death has marred the brightness and happiness of many who had prepared themselves for thorough enjoyment of the season. Of course, this is to be regretted, and none will hold back the sympathy that is evoked by the lamentations of all who have been so circumstanced. On the other hand, the same of felicity has been participated in by the majority. There have been weddings and christenings, and all the concomitants that generally go to make up a festive season. To all this majority, however, one thing was decreed until the last moment—viz., the weather. No one could predict with certainty what it was to be, although dark, thunder-looking clouds hovered over us, seeming ready to burst directly over our heads at that moment when it was anticipated all would be in the midst of enjoyment. Luckily, if the word may be used, these clouds passed away when the time came, and Good Friday was accounted one of the brightest days bearing that name that has been experienced for many years past. Locally, there was nothing in which great interest was centred on that day in Beaufort. As is customary, service appropriate to the occasion was conducted in St. John's Church in the morning, the Rev. C. M. Lowe officiating; and after the service, the communion was partaken of, in accordance with the arrangements therefor made. In the afternoon, the adherents of the Salvation Army dispersed themselves in the Beaufort Park at a picnic, after their own fashion, and held a meeting at their barracks in the evening. During the afternoon, the Rifle Club members arranged a scratch competition amongst themselves, they having been disappointed concerning the trophy match which was arranged for that day at Great Western. A goodly number turned up, and some excellent shooting was done by "the cracks." A cricket match was also included in upon the old ground, between the Rechabites and Outsiders. The game was of a rather one-sided nature, the outsiders scoring in their first innings 96 runs, whilst the Rechabites in two innings succeeded in raising a total of only 58 runs. The former, therefore, were declared winners by an innings and 38 runs over the Rechabites. Mr. Thomas kindly provided refreshments.

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ON EASTER MONDAY

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UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS.

Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for Jas Adams, Mrs. C. Campbell, M. Coleman, Wm. Dutton, J. Dawson, W. Iredale, Mrs. H. Jennings, J. Littlewood, J. W. Miles, P. Newling, E. Pearce, H. Ramsey, Mrs. M. T. Tuderham, Mr. W. Voyles, Chas. Wickbold.

WEATHER FORECASTS

For the next 24 hours.

Friday, 16th April, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including the Straits.—Fine weather, with south and westerly winds. Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 66.

Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Fine weather, with south and westerly winds.

TO WHOM DOES IT REFER?

There are few readers of Dickens' works who have not heartily relished the keen humor of that episode in the life of the benign and urbane "Pickwick," connected with the finding, in his antiquarian researches, of a curious stone on which was engraven certain mystic characters, which were subsequently freely translated as "Bill Sykes & his mark." An incident to some extent its parallel is narrated of a worthy resident of a country town not a hundred miles from Beaufort. In order to improve the windows of the local church, and at the same time to provide that "dim religious light" which is regarded as indispensable in a sacred edifice, it was determined to decorate the windows with glacer—a new and cheap substitute for stained glass. Of course appropriate subjects were selected, and in the principal window several of the apostles occupied prominent positions. Underneath one was the name St. Peter, and another St. Paul, but the centre figure was unnamed. Extending down its length were, however, in an irregular or broken line, the letters S.I.O.H.N., in old English characters. A visitor to the church enquired the meaning of the letters, and he was informed by the clergyman that so far no one had been able to interpret them. He had carefully looked up all available authorities, but still the inscription was a mystery. He had consulted the archdeacon, who, however, could not solve the problem, and the bishop, after careful research, had been compelled to acknowledge himself puzzled. "Well," said the visitor, "you've got St. Peter and St. Paul; what has John done that he has not been included?" An then the calligraphic characters were again considered, with the result that they were found to represent the name of the missing St. John. A hearty laugh followed, but any reference to the subject is now avoided by the worthy clergyman.—"Ararat Advertiser."

"Johnny, brush that dust off your boots." "Ma, is this the dust pa was talking to govern-ment about the other day?" enquired Johnny. "What did he say?" "Oh, he said, 'Agnes, dust thou love me.'" "No, Johnny; but Agnes will dust go to-morrow."

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer" for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It is perfectly harmless and beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 2s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot 33, Farringdon Road London.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain or cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child of pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It softens the gums, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1d. per bottle.

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SEA HORSE RACE.

Fitzpatrick won this event, Archard being second, and Allen third.

HURDLE RACE.

There were two events for this race, each being run in two heats and a final, the winner being decided by points. 100 Yards.—1st heat—Marney 1, Weber 2; 2nd heat—Mackwood 1, Lawson 2; final—Lawson 1, Mackwood 2, Weber 3. 200 Yards.—1st heat—Marney 1, Weber 2; 2nd heat—Mackwood 1, Lawson 2; final—Lawson 1, Mackwood 2, Weber 3. The winners were declared as follows:—

- J. Lawson, Daylesford ... .. 1
- A. Audas, Brunswick, 180yds ... .. 2
- E. Jewell, Ballarat, scratch ... .. 3

THE OBSTACLE RACE.

seemed so certain a win for Arthur Coughle that his friends were preparing to congratulate him. A mishap, however, occurred when getting through a bag, which put him out of it. A string broke while he endeavored to get into the bag, and consequently Went and Woods passed him, and got 1st and 2d places respectively.

THE OLD BUFFERS RACE.

brought out three starters. Stuart and Baker, being for first place, ran off, the former winning.

BICYCLE RACE, 3 miles.

Only five started for this, and a keen contest between Schlarpe and Audas took place for about half the distance, the former leading until the last 100 yards was reached, when Schlarpe, getting a pedal with his foot, allowed Audas to get into first place and win by five yards. Time, 9min. 40sec.

THE FIERY CREEK PLATE.

440 yards, resulted in—

- J. Gaw, Ararat, 20yds ... .. 1
- A. M'Donald, Ararat, 16yds ... .. 2
- H. Grellet, Great Western, 15yds ... .. 3

THE CONCERT.

In the evening, a concert was given by a select company from Ballarat, but we regret to say that such talent seemed to be wasted upon an unappreciative audience, three-fifths of those present, seemingly, caring more for the comic element. The proceedings opened with a quartette by Mrs. Carter (contralto), Miss Hill (soprano), and Messrs. Woolcock (tenor) and Carnegie (bass). The piece was well rendered, as regards time and tune, but the articulation of the male voices were scarcely audible beyond the front seats, which may account for the apparent disinterest manifested in the performance. Solos were given by Miss Harley, Mrs. B. Davies, Mrs. Carter, Mr. Woolcock, Mr. Carnegie, and Miss A. Greenwood, who contributed a piano solo with the good judgment and execution characteristic of that young lady. Messrs. Woolcock and Carnegie sang "Flow gently, Devo" excellently, and Mr. A. Kurtz introduced the comic element in two items, for the rendition of which he was twice recalled. The whole concluded by singing the National Anthem.

A BALL.

Afterwards took place, and the hall was pretty well crowded, so that the dancers had scarcely room for exercising their devotions to Terpsichore. They, however, managed to keep matters lively and enjoyable till the small hours, when the break-up occurred.

SUFFERERS FROM WIND ON THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Greenness of the Skin, Eruptions, &c., should use no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine—PAGE WOODCOCK'S WIND PILLS, which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effective antidote to the above and all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels, or liver. Tonic, invigorating and purifying, they form the best remedy extant. Sold by all Chemists in Victoria in boxes at 1s., 1 1/2d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. each. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, 7 Queen's, England.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES cures Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis. Medical testimony states that no other medicine is so effective in the cure of these dangerous ailments. One Lozenge alone gives ease, one or two at bedtime ensures rest. For relieving difficulty of breathing they are invaluable. They contain no opium or any violent drug. Sold by all Chemists, at 2s., 1s. 1 1/2d. and 2s. 9d. each.

TOWLE'S PENNYROYAL and Steel Pills for Females quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes, 1s. 1 1/2d. and 2s. 9d., of all Chemists and Patent Medicine vendors. Prepared only by The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Co., Lincoln, England. Wholesale of all the wholesale houses. Beware of Imitations.

FLORINE—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth an peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. ("The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot 33, Farringdon Road, London.

RIPONSHIRE COUNCIL.

Thursday, April 14th, 1887.

Present—Cra. Oddie (president, in the chair), Lewis, M'Keazie, Murray, Wotherpoon, Cushing, Egges and Thomas.

MISUTES.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

An apology for non-attendance from Cr. Adams was read and received.

A circular letter from the Premier, enclosing suggestion attached from his Excellency the Governor; also forwarding the report of the organising committee of the Imperial Institute of the United Kingdom, the Colonies, and India to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.—Received.

In reply to a communication from Council respecting the application of Mr. Burdett for a road through Mrs. Quinn's property at Snake Valley, a reply was received from the District Lands Office stating that the land referred to forms part of the proclaimed road at that place.—To lie on table.

Application having been made to the Department of Lands and Survey for the reservation of the mullock heaps which form the stoppage mounds at the Beaufort fire range, the Secretary of Lands wrote, enquiring if Council sees any objection to the establishment of a ride range in the position indicated, and to the use of the land for the purpose.—Referred to table club for information.

From 9 ratepayers of Traralgon, requesting that a fence erected on the road running east and west between allotments 13K and 14, and 15H and M, might be removed, as it encroached 27 feet upon the road, which is very largely used by wood carters.—Engineer instructed to request owner to remove the fence, in



# The Riponshire Advocate.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY H. P. HENNINGSEN.

## Discontent.

What is my life? 'Tis just a narrow space  
Hogged in on either side by duties' walls  
I cannot get beyond. With smiling face  
To me is vain sweet Nature loudly calls.  
Each dancing willid leaf the sunbeams gild;  
The birds lit twittering across my way,  
For they are free—but I—I must not stray  
To let their joyous life inspire. Heart-  
chilled,  
To my dull tasks I turn—'at? For  
bread—  
For life that is not meat. My famished  
soul is fed  
On husks—and you—you think I should be  
bright,  
Grateful for what I have; well, let that  
pass.  
You'd prison a poor fire-fly in a glass,  
And wonder that he gave no larger light.  
The sun paints the heart of the rainbow  
With wonderful luminous tints,  
And gives the roots of the plantlet  
A thousand helpful hints.  
There are stones in the path of the brook.  
Yet it laughs in spite of all;  
Drops the water in the sunbeam hinder  
Its blessing the iron-clad wall?

"I assure you I meant no disrespect, I was not aware that the term 'woman' was regarded as a reproach."  
"You were not aware! Then the sooner you learn your own language the better!" exclaimed Mrs. Brown, bouncing out of the room, and slamming the door behind her.  
Clearly it was necessary to obtain some further information, so Stephen Trodegar followed the fair lady into the kitchen, whether she had betaken herself, and was making a tremendous clatter amongst the pots and pans as he entered.  
"I must again ask you to forgive me, Mrs. Brown," he said with humility. "You will not be so ill-natured as not to forgive when you are assured that no offence was meant?"  
Mrs. Brown, who, it was evident, was not very easily placated, grunted something which was quite unintelligible, accompanied as it was by the clashing of iron, but which the Professor chose to assume was meant as an acceptance of his apology.  
"Have you any idea," said he, "what caused my niece to go to the Mountain Hut?"  
"There was a little furrin chap came over here with Susie to fetch her things—a doctor he said he was—and he said as how you was to be told it was his fault she went."

"I see no 'of course' about it, said the Professor, grimly. "I am not aware that it is the usual practice for young ladies to act as nurses to young men of their acquaintance."  
"Oh, but Harry is different, you know uncle," retorted Alma.  
"I know nothing of the kind. I believe you met by accident, and became acquainted without any formal introduction. You struck up a boy and girl friendship, which lasted for a few days, and then the young man disappeared; and I must say, I had hoped that we should never be troubled with him again."  
"This was terrible! A boy and girl friendship! Alma felt the insult keenly, but she did not know how to reply.  
Her uncle continued:  
"The young man appeared to me to be forward and impudent, with the manners of a snob, and the appearance of a swell-mob's man."  
"This was too much! Alma flashed a furious glance at the Professor, and, in ringing tones retorted:  
"You are cruel and unjust! Every word you have said about Mr. Harry Lascelles is wickedly false, and you know it!"  
Stephen Trodegar felt that he had gone too far. It had been his policy hitherto to laugh at the love of his nephew, but now he was

mere idea of marriage would be profanation."  
"Yet the affection, which I then told you subsisted between us, has stood the test of nearly a year's separation," said Harry.  
"I regret to hear it. I had hoped that you had, both of you, outgrown this call-love long ago. Now, as formerly, sir, I tell you that I have other views for my niece, and that I must respectfully decline the honor you propose to confer upon us."  
"And now, as formerly, Mr. Trodegar, I tell you that I will never give her up, and that she, also, will be true to me!" retorted Harry, defiantly.  
"I suppose you calculate upon making use of this mad freak of the silly girl's to damage her reputation in the eyes of society, and so force her into the only marriage that will be possible for her," said the Professor.  
"Sir!" exclaimed Harry, furiously enraged, "you are—"  
"Stop, sir!" interrupted the Professor. "My niece is here."  
Indeed Alma had entered just in time to prevent a very serious quarrel, which both the men desired to avoid at that moment. She had heard the voice of her lover raised in anger, and his flushed face told the rest of the story.

As usual, the bar was crowded, as also was the adjacent billiard-room—for, notwithstanding that the diggings was only in its babyhood, so to say, it already boasted the possession of a billiard-table, over which large sums of money changed hands nightly. Certainly the table was of an obsolete pattern, with huge pockets, and cushions padded with felt, whilst the balls were of different sizes, and—one might almost say—shapes; but, nevertheless, it was undeniably well for gambling purposes.  
Our friends found they they could not have arrived at a more opportune moment, for two or three speculators from Forest Creek were in the bar, "shouting" for all hands, and endeavouring to ingratiate themselves with the diggers.  
On perceiving the new comers, one of these gentlemen stonce invited them to join him in a drink, and they soon struck up an acquaintance which opened the way to business.  
"You are located on the creek?" asked their new friend, after they had drunk his health, in some villainous mixture which the landlord termed "real Glenlivet."  
"Yes, we had the last claim in the Gully," replied Bertie.  
"Have you had any luck?"

## Australian Tales and Adventures.

No 29.—(Continued.)

### VANDERMANN'S LUCK

By Grosvenor Bunster.

"You ist der most sensible womans—ach! lady I mean—I ever did meet," ejaculated Heinrich rapturously. In truth he yearned for his smoke, and this last observation perhaps went further to inspire him with admiration for the lady than any other charm or attribute possessed by her.  
"Oh yes. I like to see a man smoke," said Mrs. Spencer. "It looks cosy and domestic. I think it is pleasant to see a man on one side of the fire enjoying his pipe, while his wife sits on the other, with her feet on the fender."

a man's head and form. There was nothing in this; and yet an indescribable pang was felt by the honest fellow—pragmatically of the dire truth which was to come to him.  
Entering the room he found a stranger there. The widow was not present. The landlady was not in the bar.  
"Where ist Mrs. Spencer, Jenny?" asked the Dutchman addressing the girl in the bar.  
"Mrs. Spencer sir," said the stranger, "has retired to her room. A little conversation we have had together has somewhat disturbed her."  
The Dutchman turned and fixed his eyes on the speaker. He was a tall, handsome, but somewhat sinister person, with cold black eyes, dark complexion and unpleasant upturn of the lip, which was sufficiently exasperating in its significance.  
"And who der Teufel are you?" cried the Dutchman.  
"Me! oh I am Mr. Spencer the lady's husband you know."  
The Dutchman staggered back, and holding the mantel shelf by one hand swayed to and fro like a drunken man.  
"For husbands," he gasped, his eyes fixed upon the sneering face of the stranger.  
"Her husband, *Downer und Herr's* Nay. Not so. She hat not a husband. You see, you are not polite sir, and I decline to







rabbit nuisance throughout this shire may be considered very satisfactory.—The report was received.

ENGINEER'S REPORT.

The engineer reported that the contract for cutting drains at the head and branches of the Fieri Creek, though not completed, has so far resulted in cutting three springs, which give a nice addition to the supply of water. The larger channel along the reserve by Wilkinson's and Hutton's land is nearly completed, and will prevent the water being partly lost in the swamps, but it should be continued about thirty chains further. The channel at Buramben is finished, and as it goes through a bank that formerly caused the water to spread over the country, it will have the effect of allowing the stream to flow straight on. I believe that the land owners are anxious that it should be continued above Ball's farm. The contract for over a mile of metal road at Malkwallok is finished, as is also that on the Lake Goldsmith road. Maden's contract for about 70 chains of metal in the East Riding is nearly completed, and the several other contracts are being proceeded with as usual.—It was resolved that tenders be at once called, returnable in fourteen days and to be dealt with by the north riding members, for the extension of the larger channel. The report was then adopted.

RABBIT INSPECTOR.

Mr. McRae was re-appointed for the current six months, on the same terms as heretofore.

FINANCE.

Table with columns for account names and amounts. Includes Salaries—Engineer, Secretary, Mrs. Taylor, H. Cushing, travelling expenses, J. Tompkins, commission Beauport weighbridge, D. Cameron, dog registration, Petty Cash, John Loutitt, Hunter Disinfectant Coy., John Daly, surplus sustentation fees, J. Humphreys, Rabbit Suppression, Michael Corregan, J. Grey, Isaac Storey, W. Working, Jas. Telling, W. McFarlane, John Whitfield, E. Milligan, Hawkes Bros., tools, &c., Mark Muir, M. Meenan, J. Lynch, Jos. Whitfield, Taylor Brierley, R. Gilson, caretaker water race, W. Pimlett, Day labor, H. Stuart, G. Marks, T. Vanderstoel.

CONTRACT ACCOUNTS.

North Riding.—J. F. Watkin, £98 19s; Pimlett, £16 17s 6d; Morris, £20. East Riding.—J. Madden, £20; J. Whittle, £9. West Riding.—J. F. Watkin, £235 3s 10d; Bradshaw and Cairns, £50.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

The following order in Council was made and agreed to:—In pursuance of the powers conferred by section 365 of the Local Government Act 1874, the Council of the Shire of Ripon do hereby order that the land acquired by this Council from the Beaufort Reserve Reserve, hereinafter described, shall be a public highway from and after the day of publication hereof in the "Government Gazette." Land referred to:—All that portion of land in the parish of Beaufort, consisting of 3a 1r 29q, commencing at a point bearing south 43deg. 33sec. west one chain from the west angle of allotment 29 of section 5, bounded thence by lines bearing respectively south 43deg. 33sec. west nineteen chains thirty-four links and south 87deg. 36sec. west fourteen chains thirty links, thence by a road bearing north 46deg. 27sec. west one chain thirty-nine links, thence by line bearing respectively north 87deg. 36sec. east fourteen chains, and eighteen chains ninety-three links and a half, and thence by a road bearing south 46deg. 27sec. east one chain to the point of commencement.

WATER SUPPLY FOR WATERLOO.

A deputation from Waterloo, respecting the water supply scheme now so well ventilated, was introduced.

Mr. M. Flynn stated that in compliance with the request of the Council, on a former occasion when a deputation waited upon them, the residents of Waterloo had now embodied their requirements in a memorial, and upwards of 200 signatures had been attached thereto. The scheme they recommended was that a trust should be formed under the provisions of the New Irrigation Act, and representatives of both the Lexton and Riponshire Councils should have a seat on the trust. When the trust was formed, it is proposed to carry out a scheme whereby Raglan, Clute, and Waterloo, which latter is partly in Lextonshire, and partly in Riponshire, could be supplied with water from Mount Cole on the Wimmera side. The reason this scheme is adhered to was to be found in the fact that higher levels could be found for the flow of the water. Mr. Flynn further stated that on the previous day a deputation had waited upon the Lextonshire Council. That body at once had recognised the importance of giving the matter immediate consideration, and had passed a resolution to that effect; but it was above all thought desirable that a conference should take place between the two councils interested. The object of the deputation on this occasion was to urge upon the Council to consent to this conference, and enter into the matter with all the facts and circumstances of the requirements of those districts interested before them.

Mr. Shaw stated that the Lextonshire Council had given a promise of cordial cooperation. Considerable explanations followed, the result being that Cr. Lewis moved, and Cr. Cushing seconded:—"That this council agree to confer with the Lexton Shire, and that the Secretary communicate with that body to such effect."

It was intimated to the deputation that

on receipt of particulars as to the date of holding the conference, the residents of Waterloo should have due notice.

Cr. Wotherspoon moved—"That a return be prepared, showing the amount of rateable property in each of the subdivisions which are named in the memorial as included in the area over which the proposed water-trust shall exercise control." It is necessary that information in this direction should be obtained to lay before the conference.

Cr. McKenzie seconded the motion, and suggested that the Secretary, in writing to the Lexton Council, should suggest that a similar statement respecting their subdivision should also be prepared.

The motion was put and carried.

TENDERS.

The following tenders were accepted on the recommendation of the Tender Committee:—

Table with columns for contract number, description, and price. Includes Contract No. 429—For repairs to the Shire Offices, Edwin Rogers, £176 12 0; Contract No. 430—Supplying 100 cubic yards quartz metal near Raglan, James Thompson, £14 15 0; Contract No. 431—Supplying 100 cubic yards quartz metal in the Main Lead, James Thompson, £16 0 10.

The council then adjourned.

LITTLE CHIPS.

[By "TOMAHAWK."]

I have discovered that my donkey and cart are called a horse and vehicle, and the information was given to me for nothing, too. It happened thusly:—Myself, my better half, and a couple of small chips, drove in from our suburban residence to see the great sports on Easter Monday. We drove up to the gates with a flourish of whips, but the gate was hermetically sealed—so to speak—and we couldn't get in. I was dumfounded, staggered, amazed; I couldn't grasp the situation. I was edged away by the other folks going in, and goodness knows how long I would have stood gazing at that unapproachable gate, had not my wife called my attention to the fact that "Septimus" (that's the donkey) was eating his harness for want of his dinner. I turned me round, not knowing what to do, when I espied several other horses and conveyances, similarly tabooed, on the rise facing the gates. I carefully collected my "horse and vehicle" and conducted them to the same place, and after seeing them safely secured, Mrs. T., little Tom, myself, and Septimus held an indignation meeting, when it was unanimously resolved that we should protest most strongly against our privileges being infringed upon in this manner. To have to pay to take a donkey in actually! Not once in past years had we to pay, and the innovation surprised a good many country folks.

I enjoyed the various events immensely, and admired the energy displayed by the bellman and the secretary—a grand young fellow by the way. I admired the publican's booth from afar off, and was just wondering whether any kind friend with a loose shilling would turn up and introduce me to the proprietor, when some one tapped me on the shoulder, and (between you and me—secret, you know,) the kind friend had come. His ways were a little crooked, and his feet were in several places at once; but still I put another nail in his coffin, and a frightful rusty one it was. I went along and sat down near the drum and fife band, and listened to the music. That band little thinks, while they were "barracking" certain young men that passed, that I, Tomahawk, was sitting at the elbow of the big drum, and quietly taking it all in. I am sorry to think that they took my previous remarks so much to heart, but I must confess that it does not sound very nice to hear a lot of bitter allusions jocularly directed against persons who know as much about Tomahawk as themselves; by men whose age would warrant them knowing better. Anyhow, let me congratulate them on the way they played throughout the day. A marked and decided improvement was noticeable, and their music was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Go on in the same way, lads; attend closely to small details, and your future prospects are good enough for any drum and fife band. You have the well wishes of an aged military bandsman.

I went to the concert in the evening, and got amongst the "boys at the back" to see if I couldn't keep them quiet; Mrs. T. had gone home long before, slightly mixed. Well, the concert was a great disappointment to me; the fame of the singers had preceded them in large letters. The audience was very quiet and orderly, and encores and applause being left home on the piano, which must have had a dampening effect on the singers. But enough said, when I say I was disappointed, I echo the sentiments of others.

I thought I would like to have a gaze at a rustic ballroom, so I peeped in through the side door, and, lo! what a scenery met my view. The hall seemed bursting with rage in its effort to hold the people, and dancing must have been anything but a glorious pastime; but this was counterbalanced by good music. When a fellow has been used to dancing to a concertina and tin whistle, music like this lifts him clean off his feet, and round he goes whether he wants to or not. Well, taking the whole affair right through—from start to finish, sports, concert, and ball—I have no doubt the club will net a profit, and they certainly deserve it.

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne. Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphodyne (Ozone O. 3750), which at once allays all irritation and excitements, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. CAUTION.—Phosphodyne is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form where solid particles of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

PICNIC AND SPORTS AT MIDDLE CREEK.

The Middle Creek annual picnic took place on Wednesday last, the day being all that could be desired. The arrangements were carried out in a very successful manner. A magnificent display of bunting, which was lent by the Beaufort fireman, assisted largely toward enlivening the appearance of the rendezvous. A large number of persons collected on the ground early, and the crowd was continually increasing up to 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when it is estimated that between 500 and 600 persons were present. A good sports programme was arranged for the day, and some splendid vaulting and jumping was done. A set of cricketing tools and a football were obtained, so that lovers of those games had a good opportunity of enjoying themselves. At half past 11 about 160 children sat down to lunch on the grass, and the manner in which they disposed of the various assortment of edibles presented to them indicated that they thoroughly enjoyed the treat. At midday a repast was prepared in the hall, which was gaily decorated with flowers and evergreens for the occasion. Two rows of tables extended the full length of the building, and indeed it may be said in favor of the ladies who prepared the spread that a more creditable display could not be wished for. Messames Pickford, McDonald, Pearson, and Russell, who superintended the tables, and the Misses Davis, Carmichael, Jess, Holdsworth, Fern, and Pickford, and a number of others who assisted, cannot be too highly praised, as they were indefatigable in attending upon the wants of the visitors. About 500 persons partook of tea during the afternoon, and everybody seemed well satisfied. The afternoon's sports commenced with boys' and girls' races, which resulted in good starts and close finishes. Special prizes were run for by the children, the same being presented by visitors from Beaufort, whose kindness will be long remembered. An apology was received from Mr. Uren, who was unfortunately indisposed. All kinds of games were indulged in. A cricket match between married and single men was played, the latter winning by one run. Excellent music was discoursed by Mr. Andrew Mitchell, and a large number of the young tripped the light fantastic, whilst a good many of the old seemed to become years younger as they squared to a sailor's hornpipe or a jig. A tug of war between married and single men caused great excitement, and after a stern resistance on both sides it was won by the single men. A ball was held in the old school-room at night, which was crowded, the room being too small for such a large gathering. The following are the result of the afternoon's sports:—

- Boys Race (12 to 15 years)—D. McPherson 1, W. Welsh 2, W. Brown 3. Girls Race (9 to 12 years)—J. McPherson 1, C. Fay 2, K. Simpson 3. Boy's Race (15 to 17 years)—J. Pearson 1, C. McPherson 2, Carmichael 3. Girls Race (12 to 15 years)—S. Jess 1, E. Jess 2, J. Mitchell 3. Girls Race (15 to 17 years)—M. Grange 1, R. Russell 2, J. Roberts 3. Men's Race—Lockett 1, Pickford 2, Gordon 3. Vaulting by boys 9 to 12 years of age—Kane 1, Reilly 2, Brown 3. For boys 12 to 15—Pickford 1, Jess 2, McPherson 3. For boys 15 to 17—McPherson 1, Forbes 2, Carmichael 3. Ladies' Race—Miss Pickford 1, Miss Townsend 2, Miss Jess 3. High Jump—R. Dell, 5 ft 4 in, 1st; S. Pickford, 5 ft 1 in, 2nd; W. Milne, 4 ft 11 in., 3rd. Vaulting for Men—W. Pickford 1, S. Pickford 2, W. Milne 3. Sack Race for Boys—J. Lockett 1. Sack Race for Men—H. Lockett 1, S. Pickford 2, W. Pickford 3. A pair of vases, the gift of Miss Hockey, were won by Miss Townsend. Six bottles of Bitters, the gift of Mr. Chapman, were run for by Old Buffers with the following result:—H. Gorton 1, G. Pearson 2, J. Jess 3.

WATERLOO SUPPLY OF WATER.

The following is the report of the reception by the Lexton Shire Council of a deputation from Waterloo re the above:—

Cr. Leadbeater introduced Messrs. Shaw, Fraser, and Flynn, who attended as a deputation from the Waterloo water supply committee, and asked the council to join with the Riponshire Council to obtain a more extensive and comprehensive supply of water to Waterloo.

Mr. Shaw presented a memorial, signed by about 200 residents of Waterloo and Clute, in which the urgency of the supply was stated. They desired the establishment of a water trust for the locality and surrounding places, the water to be obtained from Mount Cole. This scheme was considered the most comprehensive one which could be carried out, and the two councils of Ripon and Lexton shires were asked to take the matter into their serious consideration. Mr. Shaw further said that the difficulty meeting the council had been the reparian rights, but under the Act of 1886 the councils had perfect power to divert the water from any source, the Governor in Council being vested with full power for the purpose under the Act. The petitioners had much to thank the Lexton council for, for their action on a previous occasion in assisting them; in fact, more thanks were due to the Lexton than to the Riponshire council. He asked the council now that the reparian rights question was settled, to carry out its previous intention.

Cr. Schulze moved the reception of the memorial. He sympathized with the wants of the petitioners, but he thought that he had lost sight of a proclamation which vested in the Wimmera Trust all the waters mentioned with others in their stated area. He feared that this would be the stumbling block to the proposal, but if anything could be done he would willingly lend his aid. Seconded by Mr. Pinch and carried. The President said he might inform the deputation that the council would do all it could to meet their views, but feared the proclamation mentioned by Cr. Schulze would, however, prevent the scheme from being carried out. Cr. Pinch moved that the council give, in conjunction with the Riponshire Council, all assistance to meet the views of the deputation, and wish this view the members of the south riding confer with the Riponshire Council in the matter. Seconded by Cr. Hermiston. Cr. Spiers spoke in support of conference. If the Riponshire Council viewed the matter favorably, then the two councils could consider if the trust could be formed.

Cr. McKenzie said the small number of Lextonshire ratepayers at Waterloo had already received a large expenditure for water supply, and the President observed that it was for the Riponshire Council to take the initiative.

Mr. Shaw said that from a conversation he had had with the secretary of the Wimmera Trust, he believed the area they were asking for was not included in it.

Cr. Leadbeater agreed that the Riponshire Council should take the initiative in the affair, but the Lexton Council should assist in such an important matter. The scheme now proposed was a more comprehensive one than any previous before the Council, and as the conference would not involve an outlay, he supported the motion.

The motion was then put and carried, and the deputation thanked the Council and withdrew.—"Talbot Leader."

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

To the Editor of the Riponshire Advocate.

Sir—Will you kindly insert these few lines in order to explain a matter with which my father's name has been connected in public circles, and with which he has had nothing to do whatever. The rumor is that he started a commission shop with the view of "starving out" Mr. Taylor, who was here in business at that time. Now, Mr. Editor, I wish to state that Mr. Taylor had his business in the market for sale long before I started in business in Beaufort. I asked my father to ask Mr. Taylor the price of his business, and I received word stating that the price was £250, which in my opinion was far above its value. I then made Mr. Taylor an offer (through my father) of £100 for his fixtures, and the stock at valuation, and carriage paid on goods, which was not accepted. I then informed Mr. Taylor that my intention was to start a new business unless we could come to some mutual understanding. I may state that all this was done by Mr. Andrews' advice, which I can prove by his letters. Hoping that this will explain the matter, and whoever fault the public have to find will be blamed on me, I am, Yours, &c., HENRY DE BAERE.

WE SHOULD BLOT OUT DISEASE IN ITS EARLY STAGES.

The disease commences with a slight derangement of the stomach, but, if neglected, it in time involves the whole frame, embroiling the kidneys, liver, pancreas, and in fact the entire glandular system; and the afflicted drags out a miserable existence until death gives a relief from suffering. The disease's often mistaken for other complaints; but the reader will ask himself the following questions he will be able to determine whether he himself is one of the afflicted:—Have I distending pain, or difficulty in breathing after eating? Is there a dull, heavy feeling, attended by drowsiness? Does the eyes a yellow tinge? Does a thick, sticky, mucous matter about the gums and teeth in the morning, accompanied by a disagreeable taste? Is the tongue coated? Is there pain in the side and back? Is there a fullness about the right side as if the liver were enlarging? Is there costiveness? Is there vertigo or dizziness when rising suddenly from a horizontal position? Are the secretions from the kidneys highly colored, with a deposit after standing? Does the stomach soon after eating, accompanied by flatulence or belching of gas from the stomach? Is there frequent palpitation of the heart? These various symptoms may not be present at one time, but they frequent the sufferer in turns at the dread disease progresses. If the case be one of long standing, there will be a dry, hacking cough, attended after a time assumes a dirty, brown appearance, and the hands and feet are accompanied by a cold sticky perspiration. As the liver and kidneys become more and more diseased, rheumatic pains appear, and the usual treatment proving entirely unavailing against the insidious and insidious disorder. The origin of this malady is indigestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipient stage. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and even prevent the sufferer from a strong hold. The remedy should be persevered in until every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, until the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The safest and most effectual remedy for this distressing complaint is "Seigel's Curative Syrup," a vegetable preparation sold by all chemists and medicine vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, A. J. White, Limited, London, E.C. London strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch, out of the system. Ask your chemist for Seigel's Curative Syrup. 11, East-street Mills, Cambridge Heath, London, E.C., July 24th, 1882.

"Sir—It gives me great pleasure to be able to add my testimony in favor of your valuable Syrup as a curative agent. I had suffered for some length of time from a severe form of indigestion, and the long train of distressing symptoms following that disease. I had tried all possible means to get relief, by seeking the best medical advice. I had swallowed a sufficient amount of their stuff to float a man-of-war, so to speak, but all to no avail. A friend of mine, coming on the scene in the midst of my sufferings, brought with him a bottle of your Seigel Syrup; he advised me to try it, stating he felt confident it would benefit me. Being weary of trying so many drugs, I commenced it before trial, thinking it could not possibly do me any good, but I ultimately determined to take the Syrup. After doing so for a short time it worked such a change in me that I commenced taking it for nearly two months, and I then felt thoroughly cured. For I have since used it for use for five weeks, and feel in the best of health, and can partake any kind of food with ease and comfort. I am therefore thankful to you that, through the instrumentality of your valuable medicine, I am restored to the state of health I now enjoy. Yours truly, "A. H. Horton."

"To Mr. A. J. White." "Yours truly, "FOSTER." "Waterloo House, London Stile, Chiswick, February 17th, 1882. Messrs. White and Co., London. Gentlemen—It is with great pleasure that I add my testimony to the wonderful effects of Seigel's Syrup. For years I have been suffering from bilious attacks, which began with giddiness; then a mist would come before my eyes, so that I should not be able to recognize anyone or anything at the distance of a yard or two from my face. This would be followed by excessive trembling of my knees, so that I could not stand without support; after which a severe headache would occur, lasting often two or three days. I have tried various remedies for these distressing symptoms, but until I tried Seigel's Syrup I had no relief. Since then I have had excellent health in every respect, and never feel a headache coming on, I take one dose of the Syrup, which arrests it. Hoping that this testimonial may be the means of inducing others (who suffer as I used) to try the Syrup, as I feel sure they will receive speedy benefit and ultimately be cured, I beg to remain, yours faithfully, "A. H. Horton."

FREE GIFTS!—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC CHAMPNEE, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in EVERY DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, with our name upon the top label M. MOSS & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

TICKLING SENSATION.—Persons affected with tickling sensation in the throat, depriving them of rest right after night, will find certain relief by taking a dose of ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION at bedtime, and if the dose be repeated a cure will soon be effected. For coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs; ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION is the known remedy. Ask your chemist for it; do not be put off with any other. It may be obtained from A. ANDREWS, Chemist, Beaufort. Sold by all Chemists. Wholesale agents—Fellows, Grinward, and Co., and Roche Tompitt, Melbourne.

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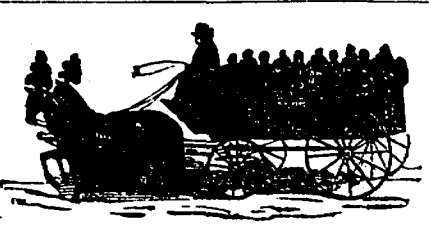
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# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 601.]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour in the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence Street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for a shilling and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, fronted or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fishery Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4.5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.

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Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

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The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY.

Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus declared for the period ending 30th September, 1886.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

AGENTS WANTED.

Double Oak-Tanned Machine Bolting.

FRANK VIAL, Traralgon, Leathery Ridge, Victoria.

Special Lists for Builders, Contractors, and Architects.

Best quality of American and English Hardware.

Hardware, Cutlery, and Stationery.

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CRAWFORD'S, STURT STREET, Nos. 93, 95, 97, 99, and 101,

ARMSTRONG STREET, Nos. 2 and 4,

No. 1 Gresham Buildings, Basinghall Street,

LONDON.

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Snow and Room,

PROPRIETORS.

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## They have many Followers, but no Equals.

### THE THURMER PIANO, £40 to £48, or 30s. monthly.

### THE SMITH ORGANS, £18 to £180, or 20s. monthly.

It is a wonder to all that such Beautiful Instruments can be obtained at these Low Prices.

17 & 19 COLLINS ST. EAST, **ALLAN & CO.** Melbourne.

## LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specially Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes.

Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

### BORAX SOAP

Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water.

CLEANSSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.

THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH,

### BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!

—AND—

### BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!

Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.

Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.

The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

SQUARE BLUE SOAP POWDER, BLACKING AND WASHING POWDER, UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Storekeepers.

WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

## THE COVENTRY MACHINE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1854

WORKS—TRAWALLA

COLONIAL BRANCH

UNDER THE CHARGE OF EXPERIENCED ENGLISH EXPERTS

62 & 64 ELIZABETH STREET MELBOURNE

LISTS FREE

### THE IMPERIAL CLUB (A FRONT STEER)

### BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

EVERY STYLE EVERY PRICE TERMS CASH OR EXTENDED PAYMENTS

By SPECIAL WARRANT TO H.M. THE PRINCE OF WALES

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

## Allopecia Baldness

THE ONLY CERTAIN AND INNOCUOUS REMEDY

### CONODIOPHOS

Dr. LURZ, Melbourne.

SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES.

128, COLLINS STREET.

## Ballarat Wool Sales.

### Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO., Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Extraordinary Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers

&c., &c., &c.,

Without Money or Security

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## TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News and 'London Punch.'" H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

### CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,

APOTHECARIER'S HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burbidges and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Barely and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMPKINS, & Co., Melbourne.

HENNINGSEN & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BEWLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Drug

Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

### RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE

MESSRS. GORDON &



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Little change has been experienced in the produce market during the past week. Farmers being busily engaged in the field preparing their ground for cropping, the quantity of produce forward has been limited. Two small lots of wheat changed hands at 3 1/2 week's rates, but the bulk of the supply is from the north. There is a good demand for flour at 18 1/2 per ton, and bran is readily taken up at 10 1/2. At Horsham, the wheat market is inactive few sales being made at 3s 3d per bushel. The Donald market is also quiet, but 2s 6d per bushel is still quoted. At St. Arnaud the market is firm at 3s 6d per bushel. Oats in this district are dull of sale at 2s 6d for feed. One lot of 50 bags of good seed changed hands at 2s 9d per bushel. Warranbool potatoes have been well supplied at 1s per ton. Hay is coming in fairly well, but the market is by no means fully supplied, both hay and straw being in unusual demand for stock feeding. Carrots are more plentiful and have eased to 3s 6d per cwt. Fresh butter is scarce, and best prints now bring 1s 9d, good printed selling at 1s 2d. Eggs are also scarce and readily command 1s 4d per dozen. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 6d per bushel, bags in; oats, to 2s 6d per bushel, bags in; pollard, 1s per bushel; bran, 10 1/2 per bushel; flour, L3 10s per ton; Cape barley, none; English barley, none in; peas, 3s 2d; potatoes, Warranbool, L3 per ton; hay, sheaves, L3 10s per ton; trussel, L3 15s per ton; straw, cut, 20s to 25s per ton; chaff, 4s 6d per cwt; onions, 6s per cwt; butter, fresh, 1s 9d per lb; butter, potato, 1s 2d per lb; hams, 1s per lb; bacon, 10d per lb; cheese, 6d to 6 1/2d per lb; eggs, 1s 4d per dozen.

The following are the Landsborough quotations:—Wheat, 3s 6d; oats, 2s 9d; peas, 3s; flour, 4s 10s; bran, 11s; pollard, 1s. Advertiser.

BALLARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business dull.—Oats, 2s 6d to 2s 8d; Cape barley, 3s; English 4s to 4s 8d; wheat, 3s 8d to 3s 10d; peas, 3s to 3s 1d; mangel hay, L4 to L4 18s; sheaves, L3 to L3 7s; straw, 3s to 4s; new potatoes, L2 10s to L2 15s.

MINING ITEMS.

Saxon Consols.—The drive started east, off main south drive, from No. 2 balance shaft, has 2 feet 6 inches of wash down in face, and a heavy stream of water coming in. The other washdrift drives have been in bolt ground during the past week. Yield of gold from four machines, 44oz 16dwts.

New Royal Saxon.—All machinery delivered on claim. Contractors busy erecting poppet-logs, brace, &c.

Waterloo.—The new tributors started work below on the 12th inst., and are pushing on as fast as possible with making necessary repairs and alterations for working portion of the ground at No. 2 rise.

New Victoria Company, Waterloo, Apr 6.—Yield of gold for five days:—No. 1 tribute, 48oz. 9dwt.; No. 2 tribute, 7oz. 5dwt.; making a total of 55 oz. 14dwts.

New Kong Mong, Major.—Works at both shafts going on as usual; nothing fresh to report. Yield—Company, No. 1 shaft, 152 oz. 2dwt.; No. 2 shaft, 258 oz. 3dwt.; total, 410 oz. 5dwt.; tributors, 22 oz. 13dwt.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant's in the colony. The name of M. Mossand Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES cure Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis. Medical testimony states that no other medicine is so effective in the cure of these dangerous maladies. The Lozenge alone gives ease one or two at bedtime ensures rest. For relieving the difficulty of breathing they are invaluable. They contain no opium or any violent drug. Sold by all Chemists, at 1s, 1s 1/2 and 2s 9d each.

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. BERN NIGSEN, Agent, Ballarat. Price, Two pence.

DENTISTRY. MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT. BEARS to inform the residents of Ballarat and the surrounding district that he may be CONSULTED at the FIRST DENTISTRY IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. A. ANDREWS', Chemist (late Taylor), 24th Street. Mr. Belling being with him all the latest improvements for the extraction of teeth; also, he can guarantee the fitting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH upon his principle NOT TO BE SURPASSED. Dressed Teeth filled with pearl enamel cement, rendering them sound and perfect. Sm. Ap. 30.87.

MISS NETTLETON

(Late of A. Crawford, Ballarat) Begs to inform the Ladies of Ballarat and surrounding district, that she has opened business as

Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker: And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage. DRESSES and MANTLES made to Order on the Shortest Notice. Good Work Guaranteed. Note the Address—Next Mr. G. H. Gough, Draper, Havelock Street, Ballarat. 3m. Jan. 18.87.

Public Notice. As the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither Coursing or shooting can be allowed on the Estate during the next two months. JOHN D. ADAMS. St. Enoch's, 15th April, 1886.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE. TENDERS ARE REQUIRED FOR EXTENSION TO THE PREMISES Known as the "Riponshire Advocate" Printing Office.

Further particulars will be given in next issue. HENNINGSEN and KLUNDER.

FOR SALE, cheap, one HOUSE and WAGON; also, two-roomed HOUSE, with garden. The owner is leaving the district. Apply to W. H. HAZLETON, Ballarat.

WANTED.—A smart, intelligent LAD, about 14 years of age, educated to State school standard, as APPRENTICE to the Printing. Apply at the office of the "Riponshire Advocate."

Tenders Wanted. TENDERS WANTED, to supply FIVE TRUCKS per week of DRY FIREWOOD at Ballarat West Station. F. BULLAS, Corner Raglan and Skipton streets, Ballarat.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1887.

IRRIGATION is threatened with a new difficulty. Not an immediate one, not perhaps, even a serious one, but one that is nevertheless worthy of being taken into account, when it is remembered with how many the matter is already surrounded. The Sludge Board has furnished the Minister of Mines with a report, and a very valuable and comprehensive report it appears to be, well worthy the careful attention of those to whom mining is the one industry of paramount importance, and who are desirous of developing it without detriment to those who are engaged in the development of other natural resources. It is clear, however, that we cannot afford to encourage even such an industry as mining if, in doing so, we inflict irreparable damage upon industries which we shall have to rely upon, long after mining has faded into comparative, if not absolute, insignificance. The possibility that we shall do this—any that we are already doing it—is not at all a speculative one. The apprehension is based upon something very much stronger than hypothesis. In the Mitta Mitta at the present time dirt is being cast into the stream at a rate calculated to fill a channel fifteen miles in length, thirty feet in width, and three feet in depth, to obtain an average of 440 ounces of gold, worth some £1400. Is such a game worth the candle from a public—from a national—point of view? There can only be one answer to such a question. It would be far cheaper for the State to give the miners so employed, the full value of their labor, on condition that they ceased to labor altogether. But if this is not done, and we do not suppose it will be done, we are required to meet this difficulty. Wherever mining sludge is permitted to find its way into a stream, it is not merely the volume of water that is lessened (that is quite a sufficiently serious matter); but the value of the water for agricultural purposes is almost completely destroyed. The conclusion arrived at by the Sludge Board, after having inspected many of the rivers and creeks of the colony is that "if the present mode of disposing of sludge is not discontinued the time is not far distant when the waters will be rendered unfit for irrigation purposes, as they will be found to deposit thin layers of slime—like a coating of cement—which, instead of being any aid to cultivation and growth of grasses and cereals, will be most prejudicial to them." It may not be easy to determine with exact accuracy to what extent this assertion points to a real danger—to a danger, that is to say, which requires to be immediately guarded against; but, that it requires to be provided for, no one who has watched the action of mining sludge upon vegetation can have any doubt. Nor is this the only difficulty which the sludge question offers to that of irrigation. The Board finds it necessary to say—"The expensive weirs which are either already made, in course of formation, or contemplated in various parts of the colony, will ultimately become mere silt traps for the retention of the debris brought down from the mines, and will become useless for the purposes for which they are intended." These, we may be told, are difficulties of the future with which we need not concern ourselves. Sufficient for our own day is the evil thereof, and we may leave the future to take care of itself or to be taken care of by those to whom it will have become the present. But even this narrow-minded and selfish standpoint is not available. The accumulation of sludge deposits is immediate, progressive, continuous. Its effects are felt now. It is not to be doubted that they will be increasingly felt with the progress of irrigation. The Board has made a series of recommendations, which, it proposes should be unobeyed

a Bill, the general purpose of which is to prevent the running of sludge into rivers and streams. The question is a difficult one. On some of the goldfields there will perhaps be no great trouble; but it will be different elsewhere, and we may be sure that any attempt to give effect to the recommendations will meet with strong opposition. But the legislature will do well to look at the question in its broadest aspect. The one great problem upon the satisfactory solution of which the colony is best and upon which so much depends is how to render increasingly available these resources which we possess. We may almost as well relinquish this if we are content to sit idly by whilst some of the most valuable streams we have are being silted up with a rapidity which threatens to render it only a comparatively brief period before they are rendered valueless. There need be no conflict between agriculture and mining if counsels prevail, but it is quite clear that if irrigation is to be made a reality, we cannot afford to permit our water courses to be choked up with sludge.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, 12oz; New Victoria, 7oz; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 9oz; Saxon Consols, 6oz.

Table with columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Rows for April 15, 16, 18, 19, 21.

A correspondent at Carnighan writes that a meeting of stewards of the local races will hold on Saturday evening last at Hall's Hotel, Snake Valley; Mr. A. M'Indoe in the chair. After a lengthy discussion on the recent unfortunate postponement of the meeting, and the cause that led up to it, it was unanimously voted a great omission to furnish a programme to the Racing Calendar, a whole community of holding folk, racing men, horse owners, and others should be so inconvenienced and put to expense when a fine could in all reason have met the case. Letters from headquarters and others having been read and considered, and the position defined, it was agreed to hold the adjourned race meeting on Friday, 6th May, so as not to interfere with the racing programme, and also to give horse owners an opportunity of locating elsewhere after their recent disappointment.

A meeting of the Proposing Board for the Ararat Mining District will be held at Waterloo on Tuesday next, when they will receive applications for aid out of the next year's vote.

The ordinary meeting of the Ballarat Branch of the Australian Natives' Association was held on Tuesday evening last, when about eighteen of the members put in an appearance. In the absence of the President, Mr. J. B. Prosser (Vice-President) occupied the chair. Correspondence from the Board of Directors was read and the quarterly meeting, asking the branch to forward suggestions by letter, was also stated; that the Quinquennial investigation of the financial position of the Association will take place at the end of the present year, and urging upon the officers and members the advisability of keeping the branch in a sound financial condition. Three new members—Messrs. W. G. Stevens (honorary) Fraser and Anderson (honorary) were accepted by ballot, and two propositions of candidates for membership handed in. Messrs. Geo. A. Eddy, W. G. Stevens, and J. W. Harris were elected trustees, and Messrs. A. J. Morris and S. W. Male auditors. The question of arranging for the Jubilee concert was brought up, and it was resolved that steps be at once taken to that end. Messrs. Geo. A. Eddy, J. B. Prosser, C. W. Tompkins, J. A. Bourke, S. W. Male, R. A. D. Sinclair, A. J. Morris, E. J. Thomas, J. T. Parkinson and P. Broadbent were appointed a committee to carry it out; five to form a quorum. The sum of £2 2s 9d was paid in as contributions. The business on the syllabus was then taken in hand, viz., debate on "Athletic Sports, &c.," the principal speakers being Messrs. Tompkins, Parkinson, Sinclair, Thomas, Broadbent and the chairman. The relative merits of various sports were warmly supported; the general opinion being in favor of rowing as the most congenial to health and strength, a few supporting bicycling, football, trapeze and bar exercises. The meeting terminated with the announcement that at next meeting, May 3, Mr. Prosser will read his promised paper on "Tanks and Barrels."

E. D. Vassell, of Pittsburg, has invented a new process of welding steel, by which steel of any content of carbon can be joined and welded together. He has demonstrated this by making a homogeneous weld of a pile made of bars containing 65 per cent of carbon. The process is not applicable to bars alone, but any of the miscellaneous steel castings may be put up in the rolling process, and the same manner by the method is that the carbon can be reduced to any part desired; that is to say, steel of 90 per cent can be reduced to 10 points in carbon while in the solid form without retreating. The process will cover the working of old rails and old steel scrap. The great usefulness of the invention consists in the fact that piles can be welded from which plates can be rolled as large as 10 by 4 feet, and thus, it is claimed, the method will cover the whole agricultural field and like branches of the steel industry.

Our Waterloo correspondent writes—The Free Library Committee held a meeting on Tuesday evening last, present, Messrs. O. Rankin (in the chair), E. Milligan, E. Martin, M. Flynn, A. Ansell, and W. K. Shaw. The minutes of the previous meeting having been confirmed, and correspondence received, it was resolved that the use of the hall be granted to the Misses Fraser and Vowles, for a ball to be held on the 24th May in aid of the Ballarat Hospital. It was also resolved that the subscribers be allowed the use of the water from the tank during the winter months free of charge. Messrs. E. Milligan, E. Martin, and C. Rankin were appointed to look after the better lighting of the hall and reading room. A long discussion took place as to getting up a concert and ball for the 21st June, in connection with the Jubilee, which was postponed for a week. Accounts were passed amounting to £6 5s 6d. A service of song entitled "General Gordon" is shortly to be given at Waterloo for the benefit of the Sunday school library. The practice is progressing very satisfactorily, and the performance will be worthy of a good house, as it is a very pretty service, and the object for which it is to be given is good.

"Melbourne Punch" comes to us this week in a tinted wrapper, which improves its appearance. It is replete with racy articles and rich burlesques upon the public events of the week. Mr. H. P. Henningesen is the local agent.

The local branch of the Bank of Victoria has now been permanently placed under the management of Mr. C. W. Hughes, from Melbourne. Mr. Wilkinson's departure was much regretted by both customers and others; but it is to be hoped that the first impressions made by the genial disposition and obliging nature of the new manager will be lasting and always as favorable as now.

A correspondent writes asking the reason why the large gate at the main entrance to the railway station is not opened at as early an hour now as formerly, and remarks that "it has remained closed and fastened until half-past 8 a.m. for several days."

The following is a copy of a circular which has been issued by the Committee appointed to raise the necessary funds for the purpose of Insituting and Equipping a Library. We specially commend the object as one worthy of general support, as the money raised in this way is to be expended for a lasting public benefit. It has been resolved that an effort should be made to supply a much needed public want in connection with the above institute, it has been thought advisable to take advantage of the opportunity that offers for placing on record some public act in commemoration of Her Majesty's Jubilee Year. To this end, it is proposed to provide a public hall or room where education, and scientific subjects may be discussed, and athletic indoor games and pastimes indulged in. In addition to the present building are contemplated to take the form of a plain but substantial front, providing accommodation for the use of subscribers to the Institute and Committees, thereby allowing the present building to be used for the public purposes aforesaid. The Committee of the Institute respectfully beg that you will give the matter your favorable consideration, and co-operate with them in an endeavor to raise the required sum of £300, to permit the same at your earliest convenience, either to the Treasurer (Mr. D. G. Stewart) or to Mr. J. W. Harris, hon. sec. to the Executive Building Committee.

At the ordinary meeting of the Victorian Rifle Association, which was held on Wednesday evening, inquiry was made by the Mayop Rifle Club as to whether the captain of a team is permitted by the rules to coach his men by standing behind and helping them to square their rifles; also, whether snailshots of any kind were permissible. The club was informed that certain rules permitted to coach his men in any manner he pleased, but no artificial shield, either against sun, wind, or rain could be used. Colonel French, the commandant of the Queensland defence force, who is now on a visit to Melbourne, attended the meeting to explain the working and merits of new canvas targets now in general use in Queensland. The target is a double canvas one of soft wood and canvas, and is a pivot. One of the targets disappeared in the trench immediately beneath when struck, leaving the second in position, so that the bullet-hole is pasted over without loss of time. It is claimed that the cost is about one-tenth of that of the iron target, that there is no danger from either bullet or splashes, that mounds are unnecessary, that the cost of fencing is in every slight, that targets are easily changed, and that although it at first seemed likely that these would be easily destroyed, it had been found in Queensland that a year's shooting did not affect them in any way. Upon the frames used for the targets, the running man or disappearing targets were easily placed in position. It was explained that one of the targets would be erected at the Williamstown ranges, so that Victorian riflemen might have an opportunity of firing at it.

The venerable Dean Macarty, on being interviewed by a reporter of the "Telegraph," said—"I am sorry, and I make the assertion knowing what I am saying, that the children of this country had much better be reared in gross intellectual apathy than to have their faculties quickened while their ideas of morality are allowed to be unawakened."

Notice is given in our advertising columns of the intention of the Shire Council of Ripon to give a reward of £2 for information that will lead to the conviction of parties writing obscene language upon the seats in the Park, plucking flowers, damaging trees, or otherwise doing injury to any of the improvements therein. It is hoped that this will have a very desirable effect in checking such evil practices.

We understand that a meeting is to be held to-night at Raglan to form a company to prospect the King's Quarry Flat. We wish the venture every success, and hope that it will be the means of giving an impetus to the mining industry in this district.

A welcome notice was found during the week by a couple of diggers who were at work on the German Hill, the value of which was £10. We are also in receipt of information to the effect that a Cornish party working at the Ding Dong, to the south of Ballarat, to try and discover the old lead, have come upon a patch of gold, and the prospects are fairly good.

The weather during the past week has been very favorable for agricultural purposes. The rains have caused the grass to come up, and the hills and valleys in this district are "with verdure clad." The nights have been cold and dewy, the days alternating with bleak winds and drizzly rain, and sunshine. There is a plentiful supply of water, and there will shortly be sufficient food for stock, which have long suffered for want of good grass.

The monthly meetings which will take place on Wednesday next, 27th inst., at 8 o'clock, will be received up to Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. The ranges will be 400, 500, and 600 yards; seven shots and a sighter at each, the limit being fixed at 88 points. Some very fair practices have taken place during the past fortnight, and it is expected there will be a keen contest.

Mr. Geo. H. Gough, of Manchester House, old steel scrap. The great usefulness of the invention consists in the fact that piles can be welded from which plates can be rolled as large as 10 by 4 feet, and thus, it is claimed, the method will cover the whole agricultural field and like branches of the steel industry.

Our Waterloo correspondent writes—The Free Library Committee held a meeting on Tuesday evening last, present, Messrs. O. Rankin (in the chair), E. Milligan, E. Martin, M. Flynn, A. Ansell, and W. K. Shaw. The minutes of the previous meeting having been confirmed, and correspondence received, it was resolved that the use of the hall be granted to the Misses Fraser and Vowles, for a ball to be held on the 24th May in aid of the Ballarat Hospital. It was also resolved that the subscribers be allowed the use of the water from the tank during the winter months free of charge. Messrs. E. Milligan, E. Martin, and C. Rankin were appointed to look after the better lighting of the hall and reading room. A long discussion took place as to getting up a concert and ball for the 21st June, in connection with the Jubilee, which was postponed for a week. Accounts were passed amounting to £6 5s 6d. A service of song entitled "General Gordon" is shortly to be given at Waterloo for the benefit of the Sunday school library. The practice is progressing very satisfactorily, and the performance will be worthy of a good house, as it is a very pretty service, and the object for which it is to be given is good.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS. Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for N. Campbell, Mr. J. Dawson, Mrs. H. Jennings, Miss Kerr, J. W. Miller, H. Ramsay.

WEATHER FORECASTS. For the next 24 hours. Friday, 22nd April, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass' Straits. Fine, misty, cloudy, with rain on coast; south and south-easterly winds.

Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 58°. Northern Districts, including Riverina. Fine, misty, cloudy, with rain on coast; south and south-easterly winds.

BEAUFORT UNITED COMMON.

A meeting of the managers of the above common was held on Thursday, when Messrs. Brown, Hamphreys, and Thomas were present.

MINUTES. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

REPORTS. The secretary reported as follows:—Balance in bank to credit, £37 11s 1d; cash in hand, £4 16s 8d; making a total credit of £42 7s 9d. Fees received to date for current half-year, £32 18s 8d; unpaid fees due on stock branded by the herdsmen, £11 16s 4d; total amount to date, £44 3s 0d; percentage due to herdsmen, £13. The Land Board which sat on the 19th ult., decided to recommend that all the unoccupied land in the township of Raglan (about 320 acres) be added to the Common.

The herdsmen reported that 12,371 sheep and 398 head of cattle passed through the common during the past month, and that he had seen 3 of the commonage bulls since the last meeting. Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Maibacker, and E. M'Millan have each applied for a special license to depasture large cattle on the Common.

CORRESPONDENCE. From R. M'Dowall, offering his services to dig out rabbit burrows on the common at per day or per week wages.—No action taken.

From N. M'Intosh, asking the Managers to allow him to take his sheep to and from his land in Eurambie with giving the notice required by the Land Act.—It was resolved that Mr. M'Intosh be informed that the Managers cannot grant the privilege asked for, but will accept a notice covering three days, provided that the days and dates for travelling the sheep are specified in such notice.

From the Shire Secretary, making application for the sum of £7 13s 1d, as being half the amount paid by the Council for extinguishing the bush fires on the common on the 11th and 12th of February last.—It was resolved that the Shire Council be informed that the Managers cannot entertain the application, being of opinion that they are under no obligation nor liability in connection with extinguishing bush fires on the common.

FINANCE. The following accounts were passed for payment:—Herdsmen, £5; secretary, £2. Total, £7.

GENERAL BUSINESS. It was resolved that special licenses to depasture large cattle on the common, for current half-year, be granted to the persons named in the herdman's report.

The meeting then adjourned.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

The claims of the Imperial Institute are being pressed with persistence, and a very free use is being made of the Prince of Wales' name and influence. A few days ago, the Prince of Wales had already been asked in Parliament as to the pressure that it is alleged to have been put upon dockyard employes and others in the service of the Crown to subscribe even the smallest sums to the funds. A few days since the Prince of Wales wrote to the Chancellor of the University of Cambridge, inviting the members of the University of Cambridge, inviting their members of the University to send their tribute of love and loyalty to the Institute Fund. Now we learn that the Hon. A. Herbert has expressed a wish that the proceeds of the football festival which was to be held on the Surrey cricket ground, should be similarly applied instead of being for charity. On that understanding H.R.H. has consented to honor the football players by his presence.

The Lords-Lieutenant of counties are actively exerting themselves to gain support for the scheme. The success attending their efforts is not at all commensurate with their energetic exertions. The £50,000 that has been raised is a mere trifle compared with what is required. Sir Frederick Abel has just emphasized the fact that a thorough realization of the objects of the Institute will necessitate the provision of extensive meeting halls and conference rooms, besides necessary accommodation of many kinds. It is generally expected that the realization of this programme will necessitate an outlay of at least half a million on buildings alone. Lord Hartington tried to convince the electors of the county of Derby the other evening that in some way or other the Institute would bring the country into more direct political communication with each other; also that intending emigrant would find there the fullest information as to the circumstances, resources and character of any colony to which he may desire to proceed. There is a very general disposition to make some pecuniary sacrifice as a mark of loyalty to the Queen, but the local Jubilee scheme, in 99 cases out of 100, entails a far greater amount of sympathy and financial support than the national movement.—"Argus."

THE AGE OF MAN.

Faraday adopts Flourens' physiological theory that the age of man is one hundred years. The duration of life he believes to be measured by the time of growth. When once the bones and epiphyses are united, the body grows no more, and it is at twenty years this union is effected in man. The natural termination of life is five removes from the several points. Man, being twenty years in growing, lives five times twenty years—that is to say 100 years; and the same is true of all other animals. The man who does not die of sickness lives anywhere from 50 to 100 years. Providence has given man a century of life, but he does not attain it because he inhorts disease, eats unwholesome food, gives license to his passions, and permits vexation to disturb his healthy equipoise. He does not die, he kills himself. The professor divides life into two equal halves—growth and decline—and these halves into infancy, youth, virility, and age. Infancy extends to the twentieth year; youth, to the fiftieth, because it is during this time that the tissues become firm; virility from fifty to seventy-five, during which the organism remains complete; and at seventy-five old age commences.

THE FRIENDLY SOCIETIES OF VICTORIA—ANNUAL REPORT.

THE QUINQUENNIAL VALUATION.

The report of Mr. M. H. Hayter, the Government Statist, on the Friendly Societies of Victoria for the year 1885 has been published. Mr. Hayter states that the number of societies whose valuation had been completed by the end of 1884 was 600, containing 42,600 members, six in number, comprising 75 branches and 470 members, were dealt with, and the first quinquennial investigation into the financial condition of the friendly societies was completed. The results of the valuation are given in an elaborate series of tables, which have been compiled by the valuing actuary, Mr. E. F. Owen. The aggregate is shown in the following balance-sheet:—Liabilities: Value of benefits, £1,000,987. Assets: Value of contributions, £877,450; capital, £441,258; deficiency, £132,270. On analyzing the reports on the individual branches it is found that out of the total of 740, 102, or more than a fifth, had a surplus. The branches having a surplus had a membership of 9240, and the total surplus was £43,002. The branches having a deficit had a membership of 37,902, and the total deficit was £330,281. This is equivalent to an aggregate net deficit of £16s for every effective and full benefit member in the whole of the societies.

The rate of interest realized by the societies on their sick and funeral funds ranged from 4 per cent by the S.M.T.A.B.S. to 9.5 per cent by the G.U.O.O.F., and the average rate for societies as a whole was 5.2 per cent. The entry age of members was as low as 22 on the average in the A.N.A. and 25 in the O.S.T., and as high as 44 in the P.M.B.S. and 37 years in the O.S.A. The valuation ages were 24 years and 31 years respectively in the A.N.A. and O.S.T., and 46 years and 48 years in the A.O.S. and P.M.B.S. respectively. The lowest rate of sickness paid for was 2 1/2 days (4 weeks of six pay days) per member per annum in the A.N.A., the next lowest was 4 1/2 days (7 weeks) in the G.U.O.O.F.; the highest rate was 15 days (2-47 weeks) in the S.M.T.A.B.S. the next highest nine days (1-51 week) in the A.O.F., which was, however, the normal rate for the age. The lowest rate of mortality was 3.9 per 1000 members in the S.M.T.A.B.S., (which society had the highest sickness rate), the next lowest was 4.1 per 1000 in the A.N.A.; the highest rate was 17.6 in the O.S.A., and next highest 15.9 in the G.S.R.S. When the expectation of sickness, mortality, and withdrawal, is made the basis of comparison, it is found that the actual sickness in the societies as a whole has been greater by 2 per cent, the mortality less by 9 per cent, and the withdrawals greater by 170 per cent than the expectation.

On the fact becoming known that in nearly every instance the contributions and accumulated funds of the societies would be grossly insufficient to provide the sick and funeral benefits it was intended that they should confer, and that to enable the obligations to be met, either the benefits would have to be reduced or the contributions increased, the necessity of taking some remedial action impressed itself on the attention of the members of a majority of the societies. A reduction in the benefits had been accepted in but few cases, the course most in favor having been to increase the contributions. The difficulty of the committee of management have to encounter is to prevail upon the existing members to increase the contributions payable by themselves, notwithstanding it has been clearly shown they are not paying sufficient to provide for the benefits they receive; they exhibit, however, no such indisposition with respect to the contributions payable by future members. This has resulted in only one society up to the present viz., the Melbourne Grand Division of the O.S.T., having adopted a graduated scale of contributions according to members' age at entry, payable by both present and future members. Thirteen societies have increased their contributions, viz., A.O.F. (Court Ararat), U.A.O.D., L.O.O.F., L.O.R., G.U.O.O.F., G.U.O.F.G., M.C.L.O.O.F., St. P.S. (Melbourne District), A.O.F. (Dendigo District), A.N.A., A.O.F. (Court Unity), O.S.T. (Melbourne Grand Division), O.S.A. These represent 500 branches and 47,100 members. The following is a list of the societies whose valuation disclosed the existence of assets insufficient to provide for future liabilities, but which have hitherto neglected to take steps to improve their financial position:—

- A.O.F., Melbourne district, 76 members; 8,619 members; ratio of assets to liabilities per cent, 14s 5d.
- Do., Portland district, 7 branches; 499 members; ratio of assets, etc., 16s 6d.
- Do., Ballarat district, 9 branches; 474 members; ratio of assets, etc., 15s.
- Do., Geelong and Western districts, 6 branches; 338 members; ratio of assets, etc., 17s 9d.
- Do., Ovens and Murray district, 6 branches; 234 members; ratio of assets, etc., 16s 5d.
- Do., Grenville district, 3 branches; 112 members; ratio of assets, etc., 13s 4d.
- Do., Warranbool district, 2 branches; 102 members; ratio of assets, etc., 19s 11d.
- Do., Court Amharst, 1 branch; 35 members; ratio of assets, etc., 12s 5d.
- H.A.C.B.S., 42 branches; 3311 members; ratio of assets, etc., 13s 7d.
- P.A.F.S., 23 branches; 1261 members; ratio of assets, etc., 13s 5d.
- O.S.T., Victoria Grand Division, 20 branches; 607 members; ratio of assets, etc., 12s 5d.
- Do., Ballarat and Sandhurst Grand division, 16 branches; 569 members; ratio of assets, etc., 17s 3d.
- U.S.A. S.C., 6 branches; 329 members; ratio of assets, etc., 12s 5d.
- S.P.S., Geelong and Western district, 1 branch; 177 members; ratio of assets, etc., 14s 5d.
- G.S.R.S., 1 branch; 155 members; ratio of assets, etc., 11s 5d.
- St. M.T.A.B.S., 1 branch; 50 members; ratio of assets, etc., 9s 8d.
- A.O.S., 1 branch; 43 members; ratio of assets, etc., 10s 8d.
- P.M.B.S., 3 branches; 64 members; ratio of assets, etc., 10s 8d.

It is abundantly evident, Mr. Hayter says, that in these societies many of the members have received from the funds much larger sums than their contributions warranted, or than they would have been entitled to claim if the benefits had been commensurate with the contributions, and this has been to the manifest injury of their fellow members, present and future, who will undoubtedly suffer sooner or later from the in-











quitable and unscientific manner in which the business has been conducted. After sufficient time has been allowed the societies, it will be a question whether means ought to be taken to compel such of them to re-adjust their contributions and benefits upon a sound and equitable basis as persistently neglect to take the necessary action.

Mr. Hayter received the usual annual returns from the friendly societies for 1885, and he states that 31 societies were in existence at the end of that year, which is the same number as the previous year. The number of branches or single societies had, however, increased from 788 to 814, and the number of members admitted was 10,346 as against 9,285 in 1884.

During the past eight years the annual receipts of the sick and funeral fund from all sources have gradually increased from £78,863 in 1878 to £122,102 in 1885. A large amount of this increase is owing to the greater number of members who are contributing, but the annual rate per member has also increased from £1 14s 8d in 1878 to £1 19s 3d in 1885, or an increase in the eight years of 4s 7d per member.

The expenditure of this fund has also increased from £50,225 to £80,451. This is entirely owing to the increase of the number of members, as the rate per member was less by 2d in 1885 than in 1878. The highest rate per member was in 1881, when it reached £1 7s 3d, and the lowest in 1884, when it amounted to £1 5s 1d; the average rate during the eight years being £1 6s 4d.

The receipts in every year exceeded the expenditure, the excess being £19,538 in 1878, which gradually rose to £41,651 in 1885. The growth of the accumulated capital has been continuous, the amount having been £372,698 at the end of 1878, and £577,603 at the end of 1885. The accumulated capital per head in 1878 was £8 2s 7d, and in 1885, £8 10s 2d. The proportion of the Sick and Funeral Fund remaining uninvested at the end of 1885 was 7.64 per cent., as against 8.36 per cent. at the end of 1884.

The rate of interest received on the investment of the Sick and Funeral Fund in 1885 was 5.80 per cent., as against 5.82 per cent. in 1884, but if the interest is calculated on the whole amount of the credit of this fund, whether invested or not, it will be found to have been no more than 5.34 per cent. in 1885 and 5.37 in 1884. The sick pay in 1885 amounted to £61,286, as against £55,196 in 1884, and £55,002 in 1883. Funeral benefits amounted to £14,976, or £834 more than in 1884, and to more than in any previous year.

The following copy of notice appearing in the "South Australian Gazette" respecting the importation of stock into South Australia by rail is gazetted.—Regulations of 11th October, 1881, relating to the introduction of stock, require notice of intention to introduce stock into South Australia to be sent to the Inspector of Sheep at Penola not less than two days previous to the intended introduction. Penalty for not complying with order, £10.

Sydney A. Heathcote is amongst those whose names appear as having satisfied the Public Service Examiners in the ordinary clerical division. The number of marks obtained was 1190.

Accounts of Carngam Public Cemetery are gazetted, showing receipts £26, expenditure £15.

Vines and M'Phee's tender has been accepted for conveyance of additional daily mails between Seacadee and Skipton, via Linton at £13 18s 3d.

Application for grant approved.—William Wilcox, Beaufort, to extent of £20. Tenders for grazing lands will be received by Board of Land and works up to Tuesday 25th April for—Lot 3, Grazing block (No. 435)—800 acres, parishes of Warrak and Colvina, being the portion of the Langi Ghirra Timber reserve excised from the Duarong Common, and lying west of James M'Kenna's leasehold: Ararat district.—(853/119).

COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF CHINA.

Consul Seymour supplies in a recent issue of the "American Mail," some items of commercial information, which embraces the two southern provinces of Quangtung and Quangsi, in the Empire of China, where no data, records, statistics or reports are to be found showing the magnitude of the commerce of nearly thirty millions of inhabitants, who are remarkable for their industry, and possess productive soil and abundant facilities for domestic and foreign commerce. The province of Quangtung has a coast of line of about one thousand miles and numerous waterways, which are navigable for hundreds of miles, and thus Canton is a favored trade centre. The only records that are kept of this important port, or of other ports in the Chinese Empire, are those of the Imperial Maritime Customs of China, which is probably the most perfectly organized and best conducted civil service in the world; but as it only looks after the imports and exports of foreign ships, and as there is no record kept anywhere that shows the imports and exports by native craft or junks, the commercial statistics of Chinese ports are incomplete, and reveal only a portion of the commerce between the various ports of China, or between China and other countries. Besides the ordinary export duty and import duty at the customhouse of both systems of collecting revenue—the Imperial Maritime system, under management of foreign officials, and the "native" system, which "farm out" the various revenue districts to Chinese contractors—there are imposed special taxes, or "likin" dues, on many commodities, which are not as easily evaded at the imperial or foreign customhouses as at the contractors' collecting offices, for the junks sought routes through creeks which could not always be carefully guarded. Merchants have verified to me the surprising statement of the Customs Trade report, which says:—"Many articles which would otherwise have been purchased at Canton and sent through this office to Hong Kong for transhipment abroad, have, during the past year, been bought, in the first instance, at Hong Kong, or, if bought here, have been sent for delivery in Hong Kong, sellers in some cases—e.g., common teas—even finding it cheaper to ship the goods by junk to Hong Kong, and to store them there for a week or ten days pending the departure of the carrying vessel, than to pay both tariff duty and likin tax. To this fact is attributable in part, the diminished export shown in our statistics of cassia, preserves, maiting and fire-crackers."

A junk strike is now in full force, and operation to resist some new demands upon the junk traffic; and without the slightest appearance of any excitement or turmoil, the fleets of junks in the Canton, Hong Kong and Macao triangle quietly suspend business and "tie up."

While this double or duplex plan of collecting revenue is in operation, viz., by employing foreigners to collect duty on merchandise imported and exported by native junks, the anti-foreign vicerey of these two provinces has adopted a policy which practically bars out foreign ships of large tonnage from approaching nearer to Canton than Whampoa and narrow junk-channel, which at the "Salt Flats," a few miles below Canton, has only anchorage, eleven miles below Canton. This is being done by destroying the southern or deep-water ship-channel between Canton and the sea, and leaving open only the shallow six feet of water at low tide, and only about eleven and a half at high tide.

In a time of peace, when other nations are expending millions of dollars to improve navigation of harbors and rivers for commerce, the Chinese authorities at Canton have recently thrown hundreds of junk-loads of stone and driven piles to hold those deposits of stone in place to obstruct and destroy the ship-channel of the river, and neither consular nor diplomatic remonstrance has yet been able to stop what is clearly forbidden by international law and comity, and prejudicial to the commercial interests of foreign nations and detrimental to the interests of the most important port of Southern China. In the midst of such conditions and influences, commerce seems to be cast away from consideration in the apparent effort to exclude foreigners from participation in its benefits at Canton.

Not only has the southern or deep-water ship-channel between Canton and the sea been closed by obstructions since the summer of 1884 (soon after hostilities commenced between France and China), and those obstructions extensively increased during July, 1886, but the northern or narrower and more shallow junk-channel has become extremely difficult to navigate by foreign steamships and vessels of lighter draught, in consequence of large fleets of salt-junks being allowed to rendezvous and anchor at the Salt Flats, a few miles below Canton, and obstruct the fair-way with chains and ropes across the channel to such an extent as to endanger foreign steamships, which are sometimes compelled to maintain considerable speed for steering when going with the wind, current, and tide.

The United States steamer Alert was thus jeopardized and seriously incommoded while entering and leaving the port of Canton, on March 20 and April 3, 1886, when in charge of Chinese licensed pilots.

If complaint is made to the Chinese authorities that the fair-way of the junk-channel is obstructed by the cables of junks crossing the channel, someone from the Salt Commissioners' Yamen is sent to investigate matters, and a few weeks later the vicerey informs the complaining consul that the salt-junks are in their proper places, and the consul is requested to notify commanders of steamships or foreign vessels to adopt less speed while passing this crowded channel.

The foreign consuls at Canton have this summer been requested to give, but have deemed it their duty to withhold, their assent to proposed new harbor regulations, which impose many restrictions upon foreign ships that are not imposed on native vessels, and which make no provision for keeping the fair-way open in the only available channel, which is strictly a junk-channel.

ment, and go into the smaller canals of the city without any hindrance.

Thus, under the pretext of protecting Canton from a great conflagration of kerosene, the transportation of that article is completely monopolized by the native junks; while by this process the entire importations of kerosene as well as in Chinese hands, and therefore subject to any special or "likin" tax the Chinese authorities see fit to impose, or authorize to be imposed, when selling or "farming out" to Chinese contractors the native collection districts for duty and "likin," or special taxes, not only between the seaboard or coast ports and Canton, but between Canton and the interior.

The importance of securing better arrangements for sending needed foreign commodities into the interior and into the two Southern provinces of Quangsi and Yunnan, from Canton and Pakhoi by well-established trade routes, cannot be fully appreciated; but if the system of transit passes for foreign articles of merchandise sent to the interior markets and places of consumption were fairly in operation, there would follow a largely increased demand for many kinds of imported merchandise; but such is not the case, as has been clearly demonstrated by negotiations during the present year between the legations and the Imperial Government at Peking, and between the consuls and the vicerey of the provinces of Quangtung and Quangsi at Canton, the measures agreed to at Peking for better facilities in regard to interior traffic having been utterly ignored by the vicerey and other Chinese officials at Canton.

The vicerey insists upon his right to locate likin stations where he deems them desirable, and to change their locations from time to time as the operations or routes of traffic may demand, and declines to designate their localities or to state their numbers or the aggregate of likin taxes between any two given points, and thus defeats the arrangements agreed upon at Peking to facilitate traffic in foreign commodities between the sea coast and the interior, notwithstanding the legations sent out to the various consulates circular notices of what seemed a very desirable improvement on the system in actual operation, which prevents anyone from finding out what will be exacted on any route as likin tax or other special tax on foreign shipments to the interior.

In some of the other provinces of the Chinese Empire where the ruling authorities are less intensely anti-foreign in feeling and policy, lists of the likin stations and amounts of likin required at stations or routes between the treaty ports and specified points in the interior have been supplied and published, but there seems to be no means by which the vicerey in their respective provinces are or can be compelled to abide by any agreement or plan adopted by the Tsung-li Yamen (foreign office) and legations at Peking.

Woman (to beggar)—You might saw a little wood for that nice dinner. Beggar (reproachfully)—Madam, you ought not to tempt me in the way of a poor man. Woman—Temptation? Beggar—Yes, madam. If I were to saw some wood, the chances are I would carry off the saw. I'm an honest man now, and I want to stay so.

Towel's Pennyroyal and Steel Pills for Females quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes, 1s. 1/3d. and 2s. 9/3d., of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors. Prepared only by The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Co., Lincoln, England. Wholesale of all the wholesale houses. Beware of Imitations.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original color, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "hair-restorers." It makes the hair clean, shining, beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 2s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot 33, Farringdon Road, London.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain and cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1/3d. per bottle.

SUFFERERS FROM WIND OF THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Constipation, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Colic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Skin Eruptions, &c., should lose no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine, "PARKER'S WIND PILLS," which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effective antidote to the above and all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels, or liver. Tonic, invigorating and purifying. Medicine Vendors, boxes at 1s., 1/2d., 2s., 9d., and 5s. 6d. each. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, "Jincoo," England.

FLORINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth, gums, and paranasals or impurities, hardens to the teeth as tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odor arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest need to try all systems, as they are the only ones that will ultimately be cured, I beg to remain, yours faithfully, "A. H. Horton."

OXYGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne.—Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Timidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphodyne (Ozonic Oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. **CAUTION.**—Phosphorus is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form of these solid particles of Phosphorus are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphorus not perfectly soluble in water.

A TERRIBLE SCENE.

A frightful accident occurred on the Elevated Railway in Third Avenue, New York, March 7, reports the correspondent of the "Daily News." It appears that a fire near the line had stopped all the trains, which stood closely packed for 5 or 6 miles. It was just before 7, and the carriages were filled with working men. As the prospects of reaching their destination at the usual time grew hopeless, several left the train, and, climbing over the gates, began walking towards the nearest station along the narrow platform 2 1/2 feet wide, which runs beside the line for the use of the employes. The platform has no railing. The men followed each other like sheep, until there was a continuous line reaching from Seventeenth-street to the nearest station at Fourteenth-street. The men were walking in line beside the carriages slowly and cautiously, when suddenly one train was started, then another, and the structure was suddenly shaken by a succession of spasmodic jerks. This so frightened the walkers in front, that they started hurriedly towards the station. Those behind, seeing the movement, became excited. The moving carriages took away the support on one side, and there was none on the other. As the platform of the moving carriages came along, several men clutched at it. There was a frenzied lurching for a moment. Then half-a-dozen men, clutching each other, fell into the street below. Cries of horror rose from the spectators who thronged the street, when man after man struck the pavement, and lay mangled and bleeding. The sight of the falling men added to the panic on the narrow walk. There was another desperate rush, and several others fell. The trains were stopped, and the rest escaped unharmcd. The silence in the street was horrible. The fallen men lay in a ghastly heap, some groaning, and others shrieking wildly. Thousands crowded about and closed in upon the scene. The police sent for the ambulances, which soon came and removed the dead and injured to the hospital. Ten had fallen. Three had their skulls fractured, and were dead. Another was so severely injured that he soon died. Six were seriously, but not dangerously injured. The officers of the railway company say that the guards tried in vain to prevent the men from leaving trains, and that the accident was caused by one man among the walkers, who caught a passing platform and lunged there, his projecting body sweeping the others from the pathway.

WE SHOULD BLOT OUT DISEASE IN ITS EARLY STAGES.

The disease commences with a slight derangement of the stomach, but, if neglected, it in time involves the whole frame, embracing the kidneys, liver, pancreas, and in fact the entire glandular system; and the afflicted drug-giver a miserable existence until death gives a relief from suffering. The disease is often mistaken for other complaints; but if the reader will ask himself the following questions he will be able to determine whether he himself is one of the afflicted.—Have I distress, pain, or difficulty in breathing in the morning? Is there a dull, heavy feeling, attended by drowsiness? Have the eyes a yellow tinge? Does a thick, sticky mucus gather about the nose and throat in the morning, accompanied by a disagreeable taste in the tongue coated? Is there pain in the sides and back? Is there a fullness about the right side as if the liver were enlarging? Is there constipation? Is there vertigo or dizziness when rising suddenly from an horizontal position? Are the secretions from the kidneys highly coloured, with a deposit after standing? Does food ferment soon after the morning meal, and the hands and feet are accompanied by a cold sticky perspiration. As the liver and kidneys become more and more diseased, rheumatic pains appear, and the usual treatment proves entirely unavailing against the increasing disorder. The origin of this malady is indigestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipient stage. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and even when it has obtained a strong hold the correct remedy should be persevered in until every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, and the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The safest and most effectual remedy for this distressing complaint is "Seigel's Curative Syrup," a vegetable preparation sold by all chemists and medicine vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, A. F. White, Limited, London, E.C. This Syrup strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch, out of the system. Ask your chemist for Seigel's Curative Syrup.

"East-street Mills, Cambridge-health, London, E.C., July 24th, 1882. "Sir.—It gives me great pleasure to be able to add my testimony in favour of your valuable Syrup as a curative agent. I had suffered for some months of time from a severe form of indigestion, and the long train of distressing symptoms following that disease. I had tried all possible means to get relief, by seeking the best medical advice. I had swallowed sufficient of their stuff to float a man-of-war, so to speak, but all to no avail. A friend of mine, coming on the scene in the midst of my sufferings, brought with him a bottle of your Syrup. I advised me to try it, stating the fact that I would benefit me. Being weary of trying so many drugs, I consumed it before trial, thinking it could not possibly do me any good, but to my astonishment I found it to be the best medicine I had so far used. I continued taking it for nearly two months, and I then felt thoroughly cured, for I have discontinued its use for five weeks, and feel in the best of health, and can partake any kind of food with ease and comfort. I am therefore thankful to you that, through the instrumentality of your valuable medicine, I am restored to the state of health I now enjoy. "Yours truly, "W. S. FORSTER." "Waterloo House, London-S.W., Chiswick, February 17th, 1882. "Messrs. White and Co., London. "Gentlemen.—It is with great pleasure that I add my testimony to the wonderful effects of Seigel's Syrup. For years I have been suffering from bilious attacks, which began with giddiness; then a mist would come before my eyes, so that I should not be able to recognize anyone or anything at the distance of a yard or two from my face. This would be followed by excessive trembling of my knees, so that I could not stand without support; after which a severe headache would occur, lasting often two or three days. I have tried various remedies for these distressing symptoms, but until I tried Seigel's Syrup I had no relief. Since then I have been in excellent health, and my appetite and sleep I feel a headache coming on, I take one dose of the Syrup, which arrests it. Hoping that this testimonial may be the means of inducing others (who suffer as I did) to try all systems, as they are the only ones that will ultimately be cured, I beg to remain, yours faithfully, "A. H. Horton."

SHIRE OF RIPON Beaufort Recreation Reserve. NOTICE is hereby given that a REWARD of £2 will be paid by the Shire Council of Ripon for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person defacing the seats or forms with writing, plucking flowers, or otherwise damaging property in the said Reserve. By Order, D. G. STEWART, Shire Secretary. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 18th April, 1887.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, BEAUFORT. The Rev. R. HOSKIN, Incumbent of All Saints, will (D.V.) preach in the above Church, on Sunday next, both morning and evening.

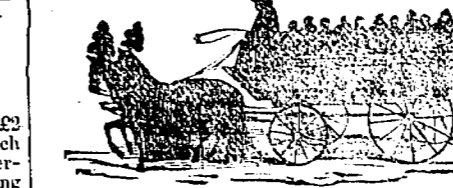
JUST ARRIVED. Wotherspoon Bros AND CO. Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. Everything Fashionable at WHOLESALE PRICES. INSPECTION INVITED. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO. IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

HAWKES BROS., Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort, Wholesale and Retail Iron Merchants, Ironmongers, Furniture Brokers, Dealers in Glassware Crockery, etc. HAWKES BROS., Being Importers of Iron, Ironmongery, Bedsteads, Furniture, Oils, Colors, etc., are enabled to offer to the public their goods at PRICES WHICH CANNOT BE BEATEN. HAWKES BROS., Are prepared to supply FURNITURE and all HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES upon the TIME-PAYMENT SYSTEM. HAWKES BROS. CHEAPEST HOUSE in the district for Ironmongery, Furniture, Crockery, Paperhangings, Canvas, House Lining, Oils, Colors, etc.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Including many new and useful lines, made specially to commemorate the QUEEN'S JUBILEE YEAR. JUBILEE { Dresses, Satins, Flashes, Velveteens, Gloves, Jersey Jackets, Corsets, Ruffings, Laces, Ribbons, } Jubilee. At Jubilee Prices. Blankets, Flannels, Calicoes, Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings, } Jubilee. At Jubilee Prices. MEN'S, YOUTHS, and BOYS' SUITS, Overcoats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, } Jubilee. Jubilee Prices. Jubilee Suits to order, at Jubilee Prices. } Jubilee. GEORGE H. COUGLE, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

THE BLUE HOUSE ALEX. M'DONALD Continues to sell off every article in Stock at PRICES that CANNOT BE BEATEN! ALEXR. M'DONALD, Proprietor. BEST CUT AROMATIC TOBACCO at H. P. Henningsen's, Havelock street, Beaufort.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort. RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort. Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to. WALTER CORNELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, (next Henley Bros. and 2 doors from East's) HAS the honor to intimate to the public a COMMENCED BUSINESS at the above address with AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF Pure Drugs and Chemicals. Also, a large and carefully selected assortment of Brushware, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, together with a choice selection of Cut Glass Bottles, Perfume Caskets, Ivory Brushes, Toilet-shell Combs, etc., suitable for presents. PRESERVATION CAREFULLY DISPENSED. And promptly forwarded per rail, or otherwise as directed. The Trade Supplied at Melbourne Prices. H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER STATIONER & NEWS AGENT. HAVELOCK-STREET BEAUFORT. Hears and other requisites supplied in town or country at stated charges.



FUNERAL ECONOMY. Established 1860. WILLIAM BAKER, UNDERTAKER, Lawrence Street, next Post Office, and Neill Street, opposite Statu School. Hears and other requisites supplied in town or country at stated charges.



A WOMAN FROM AUSTRIA.

Near the village of Zillingdorf, in Lower Austria, lives Maria Haas, an intelligent and industrious woman, whose story of physical suffering and final relief, as related by herself, is of interest to English women. "I was employed," she says, "in the work of a large manufactory, where I was obliged to stand for hours, followed by a daily fainting and sickness of the stomach, until I was unable to retain either food or drink. I was compelled to take my bed for several weeks. I tried every remedy, but all in vain. I sought to do some work, but was soon taken with a pain in my side, which in a little time seemed to spread over my whole body, and seemed to throb in my every limb. This was followed by a cough and shortness of breath, until finally I could not sit, and I took to my bed for the second, and as I thought for the last time. My friends told me that my time had nearly come, and that I could not live longer than when the cross put on their green woollen shawl. Then I happened to get one of the Seigel's pills. I read it, and my dear mother brought me a bottle of Seigel's Syrup, which I took exactly according to directions, and I had not taken the whole of it before I felt a great change for the better. My last illness began June 3rd, 1882, and continued to August 9th, when I began to take the Syrup. Very soon I could do a little light work. The cough left me, and I was no more troubled in breathing. Now I am perfectly cured. Ah, oh, how happy I now cannot express my gratitude to my dear mother. Now I must tell you that the doctors in our district distributed handbills cautioning people against the medicine, and warning them to be careful. Many were thereby influenced to destroy the Seigel's pills; but now wherever one is to be found, it is kept like a relic. The few preserved are borrowed and read, and I have had many a time around our district. People have come eighteen miles to get me to buy the medicine for them, knowing that it cured me, and to be sure to get the right kind. I know a woman who was looking like death, when she was brought to me. I hope for her, that she had consulted several doctors, but none could help her. I told her of Seigel's Syrup, and wrote the name down for her that she might make no mistake. She took it, and in a few days she was in perfect health, and the people around us are amazed. "The medicine has made such progress in our neighborhood that people say they don't want the doctor any more, but they have to buy the medicine for their neighbors who were confined to their beds and could hardly move a finger, have been cured by it. There is a girl in our district who caught a cold by going through some water, and was in bed for several days with rheumatic pains, and had to have attendant to watch by her. There was not a doctor in the surrounding district to whom the mother had not applied to, and she felt that she could not help her. Whenever the little bell rang which is rung in our place whenever a death occurs, we thought surely it was for her, but Seigel's Syrup and Pills saved her life, and now she is as healthy as anybody, goes to church, and can work even in the fields. Everybody was astonished when they saw her out, knowing how many years she had been in bed. Today she tells her gratitude to mine for God's mercies and Seigel's Syrup. MARIA HAAS. "The people of England speak confirming the above.

NOTICE.

FOR the prompt despatch of business all orders in the future to be addressed to HENNINGSEN and KLUNDEBERG or H. P. HENNINGSEN, the Publisher.

DR. NOLAN

WISHES to inform the residents of Beaufort and district that he now permanently resides in Willoughby street, Beaufort, at the rear of the Shire Hall, where he may be consulted at all hours.

To Let, A COTTAGE near the Court-house, Beaufort. Apply to H. P. HENNINGSEN.

A Safe Investment and a CHANCE OF £1000.

LAVERTON.

THE NEW Model Suburb of Melbourne.

Jubilee Distribution £1000. £500. £250.

The vendors of Laverton have decided to GIVE AWAY THREE HOUSES, of the value of £1000, £500, and £250 respectively, amongst those who purchase Allotments on and after 11th April, 1887.

The houses will be vested in trustees appointed by the purchasers, and these trustees will undertake all matters in connection with the drawing for or disposal of the properties.

The Agents undertake, if required, to find purchasers for the houses at the value set upon them. Each allotment purchased after the date named will be entitled to one share in the distribution. As a proof that the land is a good investment, it may be mentioned that in less than twelve months we have sold allotments at Laverton to over 1600 people, most of whom have inspected the property, and the total sales amounting to over £50,000, and this without any exceptional puff or pressing upon the market.

The soundness of the investment and the certainty of future increase in value have been abundantly proved to all who have seen the land.

There are already 16 or 17 houses erected. There is a Butcher, Baker, Milkman, Grocer, Timber yard, and other industries springing up every day. The State School will be opened in the course of a few weeks.

There are 15 trains daily at low fares to and from Melbourne, from 6 o'clock in the morning until late in the evening which suit the convenience of all classes.

Laverton is therefore now fairly on the highway to become one of the best healthiest, and most sought after suburbs of Melbourne.

ALLOTMENTS £15 EACH.

TERMS—£1 per Lot Deposit; balance, £1 per Lot per Month, WITHOUT ANY INTEREST WHATSOEVER.

Byres of 5 lots have free deeds and also a sixth lot given in. Remember, every purchaser obtains a Grand Block of Land rapidly rising in value, besides a chance of securing a competence for life.

Only a comparatively few lots left, and these being rapidly taken up. Each lot guaranteed fit for immediate building purposes without a shilling outlay.

Liberal assistance to build, payable as rent. Prompt application for plans and all other information must be made to the Agents—

STAPLES, WISE & CO., 111 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE.

WORTH TRYING!

CHAPMAN'S Australian Foliage Balsam.

Extracted from the Monardella Eucalyptus—an all-round remedy for every ailment.

Taken internally—An excellent cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Fog Fever, Sore Throat, Spasms, Cholera, and Bowel Complaints. Used externally—It cures Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Chills, Old Sores, Stings from Scorpions, Centipedes, and all Poisonous Insects, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Pains in Joints and Side Cramps, &c., and gives relief in all Chronic Diseases, also a Guaranteed Cure for Snake Bite, if promptly and persistently applied.

Sold in 1oz. vials, 1s 6d; and 2oz. vials, 2s 6d. Prepared only by C. Chapman & Co., Manufacturers of all kinds of Eucalyptus and Botanical Oils, Middle Creek.

Wholesale Agents—For Beaufort: Messrs. Hawkes Bros; for Ballarat East: Mr. John King, wholesale druggist, 47 Bridge street; for Ballarat West: Mr. Walter Cornell, wholesale druggist, Stracraw street; for Ararat: Messrs. Dawson & Co.; and Retail from all Chemists and respectable storekeepers.

Two Testimonials selected from One Hundred and Fifty.

Amphitheatre, Nov. 27th, 1886. Mr. C. Chapman. Sir—I have suffered from Neuralgia for the last ten years, finding no relief from anything. I tried medical advice, but it was of no use to me. I have used your Australian Foliage Balsam since, finding instant relief as soon as I apply it, and I do not now suffer any pain. I am thankful there is such a preparation for so terrible a complaint. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial. I remain, yours respectfully, Mrs. SARAH J. MILLS.

Buonoro, January 20, 1887. Mr. C. Chapman. Dear Sir—I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the value of your Australian Foliage Balsam, it being most valuable in cases of Rheumatism, from which I suffered very acutely for many months, and which I have internally cured me when all other medicines had no effect. You are at liberty to make use of this if you think proper. Yours faithfully, ROBERT HORNSBY.

FRIBEND PAUSE.—If you want to keep out of the County, drink Dr. Cristoforo's Bohemian Hop Bitters.

GRIBENDOFF'S Bohemian Bitters. These well-known German Hop Bitters are an excellent tonic, and are invaluable for Liver, Kidney, and Urinary Diseases, Constipation, Poorness of Blood, Mental Depression, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Stomach Affections, and for staving off the thousand and one ills that flesh is heir to. Sold everywhere. Chemists, Storekeepers, Hotelkeepers, Merchants, &c.

BE SURE and say Dr. Cristoforo's Bohemian Hop Bitters. All imitations are worthless. Victorian Consignee—August Anton Ludwig Setzer 90 Queen-st., Melbourne.

Plain and Ornamental Printing

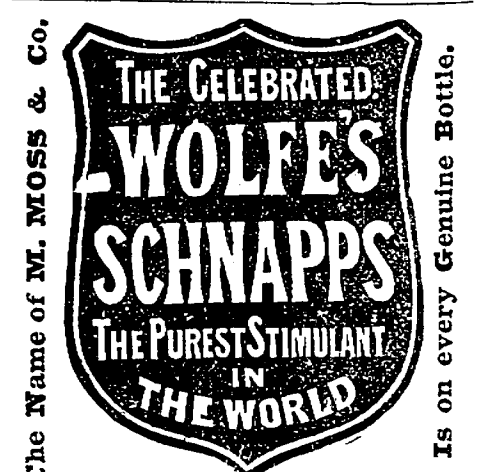
Of Every description executed at the "RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE" OFFICE, Lawrence-street, Beaufort, And "TRIBUNE" OFFICE, East Charlton.

BOOKBINDING ON REASONABLE TERMS

MINING SCRIPT, CALL, RECEIPTS, DE-LIVERY BOOKS, &c., Prepared on the shortest notice

REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c. having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, Esq., 43 Chatham Street, New York City, U.S.A.

ADVERTISEMENTS received for insertion in this Paper, in England, by CLARKE SON and PLATT, 85 Gracechurch street, London.



WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS £1 ORDERS.

Some Unprincipled Traders, to obtain a meanly increased profit, will deal in imitations, while others go so far as to Refill Wolfe's Bottles, and sell them as Genuine.

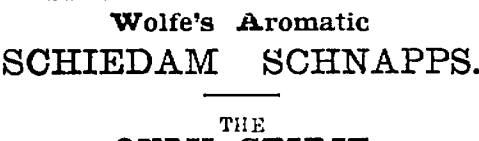
As a protection against these FRAUDS, and in order to ensure the Destruction of the Wrappers, there are Packed in the large size Bottles a number of ORDERS on the Agents, to pay the finder of them ONE POUND STERLING.

These are being Cashed daily

1000 ORDERS, Representing the sum of £1000, Have been found and Cashed.

THE PUBLIC SHOULD BE CAREFUL NOT TO HAVE IMITATIONS OR Some Cheap Inferior Article Panned off on them as the GENUINE Wolfe's Aromatic SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.

THE ONLY SPIRIT RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS.



IMPORTANT NOTICE TO HEADS OF FAMILIES AND OTHERS. Drapery, Woollens and Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths and Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding, direct from the Importers, at actual Wholesale Prices.

Craig, Williamson AND THOMAS

SUPPLY the Public with Drapery, Woollens, Clothing, Carpets, Floorcloths, Linoleums, Bedsteads and Bedding at Importers' Rates. The Terms being strictly Net Cash, purchasers at C. W. and T.'s warehouses have not to pay for losses occasioned by bad debts and they save the retail profit, fully 50 per cent.

Extensive shipments from England and the Continent are received weekly by the several steamers, thereby ensuring a continuous supply of the newest goods.

Persons residing in the country, including the adjacent colonies, can rely on their orders having careful attention. The principle of having only one price (no matter how large or how small the parcel) is a guarantee that families ordering by letter are placed on the same footing as if they selected the goods personally.

The Tailoring and Outfitting Departments having assumed such large proportions are now located at the warehouse, No. 6 Elizabeth street, close to the drapery warehouse. Cards for self-measurement and patterns forwarded on application.

The Stock in all departments is now fully assorted for winter requirements, and the firm have pleasure in inviting inspection of their

DRAPERY WAREHOUSE AT 14 and 16 ELIZABETH STREET, And their CARPET AND CLOTHING WAREHOUSE 6 ELIZABETH STREET

CRAIG, WILLIAMSON, & THOMAS, IMPORTERS AND WAREHOUSEMEN, MELBOURNE.

Wanted, TURKEYS, YOUNG FOWLS, and PIGEONS.

Highly priced by Mr. Morgan's Fish and Poultry Shop, Armstrong street, Ballarat.

ON SALE BY H. P. HENNINGSEN.

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A SPLENDID SUPPLY of GIFT BOOKS suitable for the season.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR CARDS. Full supply of all school requisites—the latest edition of the School Atlas.

The Latest Publications in Song Books, "Austrian Melodist, No. 10," &c. H. P. HENNINGSEN.

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EXPORTERS OF AMERICAN GOODS. Advances made on Consignments. Contracts for Railways and Public Works Solicited.

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BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Beaufort and district that he is prepared to execute Plans and Specifications for any description of buildings, supply Contracting and estimating, &c. Address—Messrs. Hawkes Bros., Ironmongers, etc. Beaufort.

Agent for the Imperial Fire Insurance Co. of London.

R. C. CORDUKES, Consulting Chemist, 132 Post Office Place, BALLARAT EAST.

To Mr. Cordukes, Chemist, P.O. Place, Ballarat East.—Dear Sir,—I have great pleasure in acknowledging the superior skill you have displayed in successfully treating and curing to my entire satisfaction, in the short space of THREE WEEKS, a large chronic ulcer of the leg, which had, for a period of eighteen months, defied the skill of the medical faculty, including five months' treatment as an out-patient at the District Hospital. The above need no eulogy from me, as the fact speaks for itself. You are at liberty to refer any one who has any doubt about your skill to me, and I shall be most happy to confirm the testimony, as my recovery seems little short of a miracle.—I am, &c., &c., RICHARD SHERRILL, 26 Howe street, Ballarat East.

Mr. Cordukes.—Dear Sir—Your medicines have fully answered my expectations; they have been of great service to me. I desire especially to mention your CAMOMILE CATHARTIC PILLS, which I have taken with much advantage several times. I had no idea so useful a medicine could be compounded. Before I took them I could not sleep at night, and had pains in my head and bones, and felt low and out of sorts. Ever since the first week of taking your pills I have been better, and now I sleep like a child, and awake refreshed and ready for business. All my aches and pains are gone, and although I am turned 67 years of age, I feel, thanks to you, to be the same old and young man I have been for the last 20 years. You are at liberty to use this as you please, and I hope it may increase your popularity, and likewise benefit many sufferers as well.—I am, Dear Sir, yours truly, J. H. DONALDSON, Barkly street south, Ballarat.

A SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.—I think it is my duty to Mr. Cordukes, of the Ballarat Dispensary, Post Office Place, Ballarat East, to publish the following, namely:—I have received such skillful, gentle, and successful treatment under his care in the removal of a tumor of over thirty years' duration, that I feel it my duty to use of knife or of cutting instrument, and without acute pain or the loss of one drop of blood. He has done this to my entire satisfaction, and greatly improving my general appearance as well as adding to my comfort. The style of operation was a novelty, and I have no doubt many in this city and vicinity will rejoice to know where they can, in similar cases, have the benefit of his skill and experience, which it is my duty and pleasure to speak of in the highest terms.—I am, &c., Wm. McMurphy, Nightingale street, Ballarat West.—[Adv.]

TRADE MARK. ROWLEY'S COLDS REMEDY. REGISTERED. COUGH EMULSION.

FOR ADULTS & CHILDREN.

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY FOR Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Winter Cough, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Cold in the HEAD and CHEST, Asthmatic and Bronchitic Coughs, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Soreness, Oppression, Accumulation of Phlegm, Diphtheria, Inflamed, Ulcerated, or Sore Throat. It is the best remedy for all disorders of the PULMONARY ORGANS. In difficulty of Breathing, in Asthma, and Winter Cough, ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION has never been known to fail. Sold in bottles 2s 6d and 1s 6d each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors. Wholesale Agents—FELTON, GRIMWADE & CO., ROCKE, TOMPSON & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Melbourne, and Chemist, Beaufort.

"A MIRACULOUS SALVE."—For the cure of ulcerated Bad Legs, Bolls, Abscesses, Scrofula, Swabs, Scrofulous Glands, Tumors, Ulcers, Burns, Scalds and Skin diseases of all kinds. "CLARK'S MIRACULOUS SALVE" is superlative everything. Its curative properties are wonderful. Sold everywhere in pots at 1s 1/2, 2s 6d, and 4s 6d each. Proprietors, the London and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

The best medicine known is SANDER and SON'S EUCALYPTI EXTRACT. Test its eminently powerful effects in coughs, colds, influenza, &c.—the relief is instantaneous. In its absence from the globe, it may be had at all chemists. Beware of cheap imitations. Read the official reports that accompany each bottle. Mosler, M.D., Prof. University, Greifswald, reports—"The Euc. Extra. proved magnificently successful in very severe catarrhs, bronchitis, sprains, wounds, swellings, broken ribs and limbs. (Med. Journal, Nov. 1881).—In diseases of the kidneys, either active congestion or suppression (uremia), or albuminuria, dropsy, lithiasis, &c., it is equally successful. It is also a powerful diuretic, and is used in the treatment of M'Intyre, College of Physicians and Surgeons, St. Louis—Sciurus of Breast—Excelsion, Baccalypti Extract employed. No swelling, heat or discoloration. Cured in 14 days. [Adv.]

Holloway's Ointment.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Wounds, and Ulceration of all kinds.

THERE is no medicinal preparation which may be so thoroughly relied upon in the treatment of the above ailments as Holloway's Ointment. Nothing is so salutary than its action on the body locally and constitutionally. The Ointment rubbed around the part affected enters the pores as salt permeates meat. It quickly penetrates to the source of the evil, and drives it from the system.

Relaxed and congested throats elongated uvula ulcerated or turgid tonsils whooping cough, croup, whooping from accumulated mucus, and other difficulties of respiration, also palpitation arteries and shortness of breath may with certainty be cured by rubbing this healing Ointment over the chest and back for at least half an hour twice a day assisted by appropriate doses of Holloway's Pills.

This invaluable ointment has greater power over gout and rheumatism than any other preparation. None need remain in pain if its removal be set about it in good earnest, by using this valuable remedy according to printed instructions affixed to each pot. All settled aches and pains are remediable in the same manner.

There is no preparation for salutary effects comparable to this remedy. It should be well rubbed over the affected parts after their due foundation with warm water. It acts by stimulating the absorbents to increased activity, by preventing congestion and promoting a free and opus circulation in the parts affected, thence speedily and effectually ensues a cure.

The Ointment has never proved inefficacious. In Disorders of the Kidneys, Stone, and Gravel. The Ointment's astringent remedy if it be well rubbed twice a day into the small of the back, over the region of the kidneys, into which it will gradually penetrate, and in almost every case give immediate relief. Whenever the Ointment has been used it has established a permanent cure, and has been eagerly sought for as the easiest and safest remedy in all disorders of the kidney.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following complaints:—Bad Legs, Erysipelas, Sore Throats, Gout, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Burns, Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Bruises, Sprains, Sore Heads, Chilblains, Lumbago, Tumours, Chapped Hands, Piles, Ulcers, Corns (Soft), Rheumatism, Wounds, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Scalds.

Small Pills.—This Ointment is sold at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 78 New Oxford street, London, and by nearly every respectable Vendor of Medicine through the Civilized World, in boxes and Pots. The smallest Pot of Pills contains four dozen; and the smallest Pot of Ointment one ounce.

Full printed directions are affixed to each Box and Pot and can be had in any language, even in Turkish, Arabic, Armenian, Persian, or Chinese.

"Diseased Nature often breaks forth in strange eruptions."—Act III, Scene 1.

TO THE PUBLIC.

SOME patients suffering from nervous debility and arising from sheer exhaustion and prostration, are unable to consult a medical man—other patients have not the self-possession and coolness when in the consulting room, to accurately describe their symptoms—of the nature of the disease they suffer from.

Let such persons (he or she) sit quietly down in the privacy of their own apartments, and with calm minds describe clearly each symptom of their case, a clear statement thus written, and laid before me, is far preferable in nervous diseases to a personal consultation. Where, however, a disease is of a peculiar and exceptional character, a personal consultation becomes necessary; but my success in correspondence is great, that of the thousands upon thousands whom I have treated by letter during the last 32 years, not a single mistake has ever occurred, not a case has ever been made public—in fact, the very simplicity of my system of correspondence prevents publicity.

At the same time medicines are sent to my patients in such a form as to defy detection. How many thousands have I not brought to!

How many have been enabled to enter into marriage state through consulting me? How many after marriage have privately consulted me and been blessed, and their married lives made tranquil and happy?

How many wasted and ruined youths of both sexes have also been restored to health, and thanked their manhood, for having consulted me by letter.

How many questions arise where the family physician is unable to unravel the case, and where often the patient lingers on, not daring to tell his family medical adviser the nature of his complaint, until consumption, wasting, or mental disease set in, and the sufferer goes beyond the curable stage, and is left a hopeless wreck.

A letter written in the privacy of the room and directed to the post box need not be seen by the patient, and returned as quietly and unostentatiously, and the patient, without stepping from his chamber, except to post his letter, is by return of post put in full possession of the nature of his case. His hopes are raised, his doubts removed, and he is comparatively a new man in fact, in many cases, a new being altogether.

The only addition to the ordinary written letter is the use of a pencil, which is used to mark the spots, occupation, habits and symptoms, nothing more. The usual consultation fee of £1 (one pound) must be enclosed, otherwise no answer will be sent.

There are thousands of cases in daily life where consultation with one at a distance, will remove by single letter, a great fear, a great care, and it often saves what appears as an insupportable misery. Many a sad heart has been made joyful by receipt of an explanatory letter from me.

To those who are about to marry, I would say, consult me before doing so, and prevent the family physician from being misled by a false report, and remove many unnecessary fears and prejudices, and those, more especially who have suffered in early years from disease, or who have yielded to their passions, should consult me, and prevent the family physician from being misled by a false report, and remove many unnecessary fears and prejudices, and those, more especially who have suffered in early years from disease, or who have yielded to their passions, should consult me, and prevent the family physician from being misled by a false report, and remove many unnecessary fears and prejudices, and those, more especially who have suffered in early years from disease, or who have yielded to their passions, should consult me, and prevent the family physician from being misled by a false report, and remove many unnecessary fears and prejudices, and those, more especially who have suffered in 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# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 602.]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to move officious, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions or the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, forwarded or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fifehire Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4.15 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the Finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOWLES, Proprietor.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON. ESTABLISHED 1782.

CLAIMS SETTLED AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000. Annual Income—£380,000. Accumulated Funds—£1,600,000.

## LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—

H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to

A. NEEDHAM, Neill street, Beaufort. Cheapest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.

Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY.

Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1886.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

W. BAKER, Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—

Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Millinery; Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites.

Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

GRATEFUL.—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA, BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a many healthful beverage which will save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 4lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO., HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CRAWFORDS, CORNER STURT AND ARMSTRONG STREETS.

## Snow and Room,

PROPRIETORS.

Special Lines now showing at Crawford's:—

KID GLOVES.

The Elaine (Crawford's registered brand)—4 button, 1s 11d; 6-button, 2s 11d.

Light Lincolns—4-buttons 1s, 1s 11d, 3s 11d, 5s 6d; 6-button 2s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d.

Gents' White Kid Gloves.—Big line 2-button at 1s; also at 1s 11d and 2s 11d.

New Cashmere and Fabric Gloves.—Splendid assortment ladies' and children's. Splendid line ladies' at 6d; also 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 9d, 2s 6d.

BEAUTIFUL WOOL GOODS.

Clouds, 3d, 6d, 9d, 1s, 1s 6d, and upwards.

Now lines opera cloaks and hoods, 17s 6d to 32s 6d.

Children's wool pelisses, 8s 11d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d.

SWISS WORKS.

Jobs at 1s 3d, 1s 9d, and 2s 6d per doz yds; also from 3d to 2s 11d per yd.

Red and white Swiss works, 1 1/2d, 2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4 1/2d.

Sash ribbons, 10in wide, all shades, 6d per yd.

New picot-edge ribbons, wide, 9d per yd.

Ladies' silk neck kerchiefs, 9d, 1s, 1s 3d, up to 3s 11d.

Ladies' satin umbrellas, 3s 11d (good), 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d, to 25s.

LACE.

Extraordinary value in Edelweiss, Torchon, and imitation Maltese; commencing 1d, 1 1/2d, 2 1/2d, up to 1s.

LADIES' HAND-BAGS.

Morocco, plush, &c., 1s 6d, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, up to 25s.

DRESSES.

Costume cloths, wonderful line, at 2s 11d per doz yds; also 3s 11d and 7s 11d; also at 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 6d, and 2s per yd.

New dress tweeds for tailor-made costumes, beautiful textures and colorings, 6d, 1s, 1s 3d, 2s 3d, 2s 9d, 3s 6d upwards.

Wingings, exceptional value.—2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4 1/2d, 6d; crisp very wide and heavy, 8 1/2d.

Wool Plaids, double width, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d.

Cashmeres—Colored, at 2s 11d per dress of 7 yds; also 10 1/2d to 1s. All wool French cashmeres, 44 inch wide, 2s, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, to 4s 6d.

Silks—Special line colored Merveilleux at 4s 11d.

Black Merveilleux, extra value, 3s 6d, 4s 11d, 6s 11d.

Colored saris, 2s 11d and 8s 6d.

Black and brown Ottoman mantle silks, 5s 6d and 7s 11d.

Check and stripe velveteens, 1s 11d and 2s 6d.

Black velveteens, 8 1/2d, 1s, 1s 6d, to 3s 6d.

MANCHESTER.

White sheeting, 2yds wide, 10 1/2d.

Forlans from 3 1/2d, toilet covers from 9d; Turkish towels, 6d, 9d, 1s, to 3s 6d; table damasks, 8 1/2d; table napkins, from 1s 11d per dozen.

Nice assortment of doyleys, lavettes, &c.; window holland, special value, 6 1/2d; union and linen tickings from 6d.

Heavy wet wove calicoes, 1 yard wide, 2s 11d dozen.

Cotton shirtings, 2 1/2d; good selection Union and Crimean shirtings.

Blankets—White and colored, from 4s 11d. Crawford's special blanket for this season at 17s 6d is a marvel, and worth 25s.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

10 Bales Dutch Carpeting, 36 inch 3 1/2d.

Tapestry and Brussels Carpet.—A magnificent stock, still selling at our transfer sale prices, 4s 4d checks.

Linoleums.—Large accumulation of remnants at half cost prices.

Jobs in mats and rugs of every description.—Nottingham and quipure lace.

Curtains—Stylish and cheap.

OUR NEW SHOW ROOM

Is now in full swing, and we are exhibiting many lines of interest to ladies.

Corsets.—We commence with a splendid line at 1s 11d per pair.

We have a special line of underclothing all round at 2s 6d per garment; wonderfully cheap.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary underwear for ladies we desire to specially mention; also combination in men's.

Mantles, Ulsters, and Shawls.—One of the best stocks in Australia; many lines ridiculously low.

Fur expenses very cheap.

Special lines of musquash capes at 17s 6d, worth 35s.

Furs and boas—A lovely lot.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT,

Under the new management, is a gratifying success, and our prices are incomparable.

Crawford's half-guinea hats and bonnets and Crawford's guinea bonnets are most charming in design and marvels in price.

TAILORING.

We have a cutter of exceptional merit, and our prices are very moderate.

Gent's trousers to measure, 12s 6d; suits, Special line Ballarat tweed suits to measure, 50s.

Men's Geelong tweed suits—25s, 29s 6d, 37s 6d, 45s.

Gent's and boys' hats and shirts, collars, ties, hosiery, in great variety.

The new Jubilee Hats and caps for boys are very pretty.

Snow & Room

They have many Followers, but no Equals.

THE THURMER PIANO, £40 to £48, or 30s. monthly.

THE SMITH ORGANS, £18 to £180, or 20s. monthly.

It is a wonder to all that such Beautiful Instruments can be obtained at these Low Prices.

17 & 19 COLLINS ST. EAST, **ALLAN & CO.** Melbourne.

## LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD. No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specially Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes.

Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

## BORAX SOAP

Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water. CLEANSSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.

THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH.

## BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!

Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.

Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together with the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.

The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S SQUARE BLUE SOAP POWDER BLEACHING AND WASHING POWDER STAND UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Storekeepers. WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

## THE COLONIAL BRANCH

UNDER THE CHARGE OF EXPERIENCED ENGLISH EXPERTS

## IMPERIAL CLUB

(A FRONT STEER)

## BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES

EVERY STYLE EVERY PRICE TERMS CASH EXTENDED PAYMENTS

62 & 64 ELIZABETH STREET MELBOURNE

LISTS FREE

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT TO HER MAJESTY THE PRINCESS OF WALES

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

## Allopecia Baldness

THE ONLY CERTAIN and INNOCUOUS REMEDY

## COMPTON'S

Dr. LURZ, Melbourne. SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES. 128, COLLINS STREET.

## Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.) MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gummies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO., Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Extraordinary Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, SUPPLIES FURNITURE, BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING, CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS, PIANOS, ELECTROPLATED WARE, GUNS, by all the Best English Makers &c., &c., &c.

Without Money or Security

OR

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burgoyne, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Darby and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London.

Singer and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMPKITT, & Co., Melbourne.

HENMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists, FITCH & FRANCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 4d. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BENKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Drug Merchants, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE

MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH

COLLINS STREET WEST

## FOR SALE,

HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery and Implements. Principals only. Apply to HARRIS and THOM.

For Sale,

120 ACRES of LAND at HARVEY RD, Mount Cole.

Important Notice.

Mr. W. HARTLEY,

DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT (Over Barwell's, Photographer).

Dental Registration Certificate, No. 5445.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth require more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years ruin the mouth or necessitate appearance.

ADVISE FREE. Testimonials, both English and Colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at

Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, N Street, Beaufort, from 11 to 5 p.m.

And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., where all necessary information can be given.

JAMES TYLER'S GREAT CLEARING SALE COMMENCES SATURDAY, JAN. 15

And will continue UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

THIS being the Fourth SALE in 8 years, we intend making this the premier inducement that has ever been held out to the public of Ballarat and District, by selling goods at such prices that will make an everlasting impression on all buyers. Our reputation for good and cheap stuff is well known, and our facilities for buying are so good to none. We avoid quoting a long list of prices, our object is to cut stocks of goods and to do this we intend to reduce the majority of plain material DRAPERY to COST PRICES and the remainder to ridiculous prices.

SHOWROOM.

We intend making two lines of STRAW HATS, 1 1/2 to 1s. TRIMMED MILLINERY that we have left will be Reduced below Half Cost Price. SILK MANTLES—Dolmans and Visites from 10s 6d to 25s, usual price, 25s to 45s.

DRESSES.

This Department will be subject to heavy reductions. Two cases all-wool Navy's Velling and Jersey cloths reduced to 4d, worth 1s. About 100 pieces of Millinery varying from 4d to 1s, will be shown on the front table at 1s 11d, 2s 11d, 3s 11d, and 4s 11d per dozen yards. Black and Colored Merino and Cashmere reduced to net cost.

MANCHESTER AND PRINTS.

During our business career this branch has played a very prominent part, and our advice has been taken by thousands as regards useful goods. During the coming winter all woolen goods will advance from 15s to 25s per cent. We have secured a large parcel of Linens and Blankets at very low rates, and these will be subject to the sweeping reduction. Bedsteads (Frames) 4s a yard, reduced to 2s 11d a doz. French Nainsook Goods, 1s, reduced to 6d. French Lawns and Cambrics in stripes and figures, 5d, reduced to 4d, and all other goods at reduced rates.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, & HATTERS' WARE.

In this, as in all others, our assortment is complete. A special job line of Girls' Hosiery, Navy, Seal, and Black, 3d per pair. Also, a lot of Women's Gilt fashioned, 1s, reduced to 7d. Thread and Silk gloves at ridiculous prices.

OUTFITTING AND MEN'S MERCERY.

Men's Suits, 30s, reduced to 19s 11d.

Men's Suits, 40s, reduced to 29s 11d.

Boys' and Youths' suits all reduced to cost.

Hats, Shirts, Ties, Collars.

Tweeds in endless variety.

All Orders guaranteed shrank, and MADE IN THE BEST STYLE.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

This Sale will be conducted on CASH PRINCIPLES STRICTLY

JAMES TYLER, 11 and 13 BRIDGE STREET, BALLARAT. 3rd. Ap. 23.87.

HOPPER'S MILK PUNCH GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR VILE

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufactory, Snake Valley Carriamtn.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc., Stock, Stations, and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited), Capital, £2,500,000





GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

VICTORIAN RAILWAYS.

TENDERS are invited for the ERECTION of a new station at the junction of the Riponshire Railway and the Melbourne and Ballarat Railway.

By order of the Commissioners, E. P. LABRATOUCHE, Secretary for Railways.

EXTENSION TO PREMISES.

TENDERS will be received until and not later than 12 o'clock p.m. on SATURDAY NEXT, May 7, for EXTENDING the PREMISES known as the "Riponshire Advocate" Printing Office.

By order of the Proprietor, H. P. HENNINGSEN, "Riponshire Advocate" Office, Ballarat, April 29, 1887.

SHIRE OF RIPON.

TENDERS, addressed to the President, and enclosing 5 per cent. deposit, will be received until 11 a.m. on THURSDAY, 12th May, 1887, for the following works:

- Contract No. 432.—Building a boat-house at the Recreation Reserve, Ballarat.
Contract No. 433.—Cutting 40 chains of channel for the Fyery Creek at Eurambine.
Contract No. 434.—Clearing 40 chains of road south east side of Richard's land, Mount Cole, towards the Mount.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Shire Office, Ballarat. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. H. H. JACKSON, Shire Engineer.

WANTED.—A smart, intelligent LAD, about 14 years of age, educated to State school standard, as APPRENTICE to the Printing, Apply at the office of the "Riponshire Advocate."

Tenders Wanted.

TENDERS WANTED, to supply FIVE TRUCKS per week of DRY FEEWOOD at Ballarat West Station. F. BULLAS, Corner Raglan and Skipton streets, Ballarat.

THE Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1887.

PARLIAMENT will meet in about three weeks' time, and Ministers, after taking a lengthened season of rest and recreation, are preparing the work which shall engage the attention of honorable members during the coming session.

That work does not promise to be very arduous, though it would not be fair to underestimate its importance on that account. There are a number of questions affecting the social and commercial phases of Victorian life upon which legislation is desirable, if it cannot be said to be urgently needed, and it may be anticipated that advantage will be taken of the lull in the political arena to deal with these. Several of them should have been dealt with last session. When it was opened, Ministers, through the Governor's speech, referred to some necessary amendments in the Education Act, to which they contemplated Parliamentary sanction; to an enlargement of the system of local Government, which was considered desirable; and to half a dozen matters, as to which there can hardly be said to be a difference of opinion, except it be as to details in the mode of dealing with them. As to some of these measures they were prepared, and either not submitted, and not pushed beyond the preliminary stages, and they will be proceeded with during the coming session. The new matter will not include a great deal of importance, or as to which, room will exist for much diversity of opinion. In one respect, the Premier has special cause for gratification. He will be able to meet Parliament with the assurance that the finances of the colony are in a satisfactory state. The revenue has, so far, considerably exceeded the estimate, which he submitted when making his last Budget speech. His calculations for the year, which will expire on the 30th June, put the total revenue at £6,502,970, or about £200,000 in excess of that for the previous year. Up to the end of December, the actual receipts were £3,238,774, or within a very small amount of half the estimated total for the year. But it has to be borne in mind that the last two quarters are, for various reasons, always considerably more productive than the first two, so that there is every reason to believe that Mr. Gillies' calculations will not be erroneous on the score of deficiency, while it is exceedingly probable that there will be a reasonably large surplus, the expenditure having been kept well within the limits. Contrasting our financial position with that of the senior adjacent colony, our Parliament will find special reason for congratulating itself upon the prudent counsels which have prevailed, and upon the relative degree of prosperity which has existed. We shall have the Treasurer casting about for new sources of revenue, or puzzling himself as to what new taxes would be least likely to prove obnoxious. On the other hand, it would not be reasonable to hope for any remission of taxation. If our revenue is expansive, the demands upon it do not remain at a fixed amount. The cost of Government

necessarily increases, and whilst the burden of taxation is kept within moderate limits we may be satisfied that a good balance sheet can be presented at the close of the year.

We shall, however, again find ourselves face to face with our familiar difficulty. At however early a stage the financial statement may be made, it is not all probable that the estimates will be disposed of, and the Appropriation Bill passed, much before the end of the present year. We shall, in fact, have the government carried on by periodical Supply Bills. The amounts will be expended first, and the votes will come afterwards. Year after year, we have been promised some alteration in this respect; but it is clear that we shall still have to wait for it. The incongruity is one as to which the taxpayers are indifferent, but it is none the less important on that account. The Assembly loudly asserts its rights, at irregular intervals, to exercise a strict control over the public expenditure, but is quite content with the exertion without caring about the reality. Under the present system, the greater proportion of the money is either expended, or obligations are contracted for its expenditure, before it is voted. Such may be sure will be the case during the next financial year as it has been during those which have preceded it. In other words, while the Assembly theoretically insists upon its right to exercise the power of the purse, it practically abandons it. It would not be difficult to initiate a system by which theory and practice might be brought into closer harmony, and it ought not to be unreasonable to look for such a reform as this from a staunch upholder of constitutional usage as Mr. Gillies. But if we do obtain it through him; it will clearly not be during the coming financial year.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week: Waterloo, 7oz; New Victoria, 6oz; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 16oz; Saxon Consols, 2oz.

The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Ballarat railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 28th April, 1887:

Table with columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Rows for April 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

Totals 2125, £44 18 3, 568 10 11

In our advertising columns will be found an appeal on behalf of the sufferers through the recent most lamentable colliery explosion at Bull. We need aid nothing further to that appeal. But until such time as it may be deemed desirable to make a general call to the public by means of an entertainment to augment the fund now being raised on behalf of the 200 mourners, we shall be glad to acknowledge any sums that sympathisers may feel disposed to contribute, and will remit the same in a lump sum.

The issue of the "Illustrated Australian News" for the outgoing mail is worth recommending to those who desire to send to the old colonial rivers. In addition to the usual quantity of reading matter and engravings, there are two supplements—a two-page engraving, entitled "Hobbing a Bee Tree," and an eight-page illustrated supplement of true art pictures. Mr. Henningesen is the local agent.

In connection with the Jubilee International Exhibition to be opened in Adelaide on the 21st June next, exhibitors are reminded that all exhibits are conveyed over the railways and returned to the colony free of charge, the necessary printed labels and railway certificates being obtainable from the Secretary Victorian Commission, 20 Market Building, Market street, Melbourne. There is no necessity to send exhibits through agents, as the goods can be forwarded from the nearest railway station direct to the Exhibition depot, Spencer street, Melbourne.

We direct attention to Messrs Snow and Room's drapery announcement on our front page.

Great preparations are being made by the St. John's Choral people for holding an interesting tableaux vivants entertainment on the 3rd of June, in the Societies' Hall. The proceeds are to be divided between the Sunday School and Improvement funds.

The business on the syllabus for Tuesday evening, in connection with the Ballarat branch of the A.N.S., is the reading a paper, entitled "Thanks to Barrals."

A pitiful scene was witnessed in the Ballarat Police Court on Monday. A poor woman named Harvey, wife of a miner at Waterloo, was brought up for theft. She was carrying a child about eight or ten months old in her arms, and presented the picture of starvation. It was said that the poor creature's husband is not a sober man, and on that account none of the storekeepers were inclined to trust him for a week or two until he was getting returns from his occupation. In consequence, his poor wife and children are the greatest sufferers. The plea of sheer want and starvation needed nothing further added to it than a look at the woman to induce the bench to deal leniently with her. Cases like this are truly deserving of help from the ladies' relief fund, and until her husband is able to earn money, perhaps the society will endeavor to find some employment for Mrs. Harvey, whereby she may support herself and three children honorably. She belongs to the Church of England.

A company lately purchased five acres of land at North Geelong, about a quarter of a mile from the railway station, containing splendid clay for brick-making purposes. The works have been in operation for two weeks, turning out bricks of excellent quality, but were for many months on Thursday in the presence of about 100 persons, by Mrs. Bell, mayoress of the town, who christened the engine "The Corio," and the company "The Corio Brick Company." Speeches were made by Mr. W. Bell, mayor of the town; Aldermen Meakin and Carr; Councillor Anderson, of the town council; Councillor Campbell, president of the Shire of Corio; Councillor Beales of the Borough of Brunswick; Mr. E. J. Jones, Messrs. Currie and Quinley, of Melbourne and Williamstown, and other gentlemen. These all congratulated the company on the opening of the works, and wished the numbers every prosperity and success. The bricks will be hand-made, but machinery is to be used for the purpose of drawing up the clay from the pits, and grinding and pulverising it. There are two kilns which will hold about 100,000 each at a burning, and the brick-makers will be able to turn out about 7,000 daily.

The contract for the last council meeting, for the work of renovating the Shire Hall was speedily taken in hand, and the work will not take a very long time to complete. The whole of the roof has been covered with corrugated iron, the fence surrounding the building, and the building itself, are undergoing much-needed repairs and receiving fresh coatings of paint. Mr. Edwin Rogers is the contractor.

Some three months ago a contract was let to do certain work on the road approaches to the Ballarat Cemetery. Up to the present time, however, nothing has been done. Is there no time specified for entering upon municipal contract after the tender has been accepted? It is said that the contractor has work in another part of the riding, but that is certainly no excuse for not proceeding with an urgent work.

A technical point, which put a very peculiar aspect on a serious case, was raised by Mr. Thomson in the Ballarat Police Court on Monday last. A Mrs. Bell, of Raglan, brought up two children—the offspring of Robert Welsh, who was recently sent to goal for six months as a vagrant—as "neglected." They were respectively dressed (giving anyone room to doubt the charge preferred against them) and very intelligent looking. The eldest, Grace Welsh, was said to be seven years of age; and the youngest, Robert Simon Welsh, was four years old. The chairman of the Bench informed Mrs. Bell that he could not deal with the case as presented to him, as there was no evidence in the case of the children came under the provisions of the Act referring to neglected children. He would not advise them how to act, but suggested that unless they were found wandering about the streets and were arrested for having no lawful visible means of support the Bench could not deal with them. The children were taken out of the court, and then sent down the stairs. When they were taken in hand for about 100 yards, a policeman went after them, made an arrest, and the two little ones were ordered to be sent to the Industrial school. Although this may be the legal way of getting over a technical point in law, it seems so pregnant with force as to suggest that our legislators should endeavor to frame some law providing for the proper care of children whom the "law itself makes" neglected.

The Shire Council of Ripon invite tenders for various works in the north riding.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS.

Letters, etc., are lying at the local post-offices for—Thomas Adams, J. Dawson, Wm. Outton, Jas. Dunn, T. Flowers, Wm. Yrelale, A. Kerr, Thos. Manners, Mr. H. Miller, J. McMillan, D. Nicholson, Mrs. S. E. Phillips, J. Smythe, Wm. Topp, Mrs. M. Thompson, Wm. Vorles, James Wright, Miss Annie Whitefield, John Wilson, David William, Paul Young, John Yeoman.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

For the next 24 hours. Friday, 29th April, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass' Straits. Fine, variable winds, tending to north.

Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 61.3. Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Fine, variable winds, tending to north.

RIFLE COMPETITIONS.

A members' match was fired on Wednesday last, in connection with the local club. There were seventeen entries, and the firing of the greater number was good. It will be seen from the scores given below, that Messrs J. McKeith, J. W. Harris, and E. Jackson were the prize-winners, scoring respectively 88, 87, and 85, while Mr. McRae with 82 and Mr. Russell with 80 were close up. The ranges were 400, 500 and 600 yards, seven shots being allowed at each.

Table with columns: Yds., 200, 500, 600, Hcp., Trl. Rows for W. C. Thomas, J. Chapman, S. W. Male, J. McRae, J. McKeith, E. J. Thomson, J. B. Prowse, J. A. Cathie, A. A. Tromp, J. W. Harris, J. Jackson, P. De Baere, C. Tromp, J. M. Keich, A. Russell, G. H. Cough, R. Jackson.

ALTERATION OF MAILS.

Mails per Peninsular and Oriental Contract Steamers, will in future be landed and shipped at Adelaide, but parcel mails for and from Victoria will be landed and shipped in Melbourne, as heretofore. Mails for despatch per R.M.S. Shannon will be closed at the General Post office as under—Money Orders, 4 p.m., Tuesday, May 3; registered letters, 11 a.m., Wednesday, May 4; ordinary letters, packets, and newspapers, at 1.30 p.m., Wednesday, May 4.

OXGEN IS LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphoryne. Multitudes of people are honorably suffering from Nervous and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Tumidity, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphoryne (Ozonic Oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts firmness and energy to the system, and cures every stage of these heretofore incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. CAUTION.—Phosphoryne is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges; it should be generally known that every form of Phosphoryne is equally efficacious in curing the ailments to which it is applied. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphoryne not perfectly soluble in water.

FREE GIFTS!—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC CHAMPAGNE, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have inclosed in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to inclose in EVERY DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE 21 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UDOLOPH WOLFE'S CHAMPAGNE, with our name upon the top label M. MOSS & CO., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

BEAUFORT POLICE COURT.

Monday, April 25, 1887.

Before Mr. J. C. Thomson, P.M.; and Messrs J. Wetherston, C. J. Leadbeater, and A. Andrews, J's.P.

TRUANCY. Truant Inspector Usher proceeded against William Traynor for neglecting to send his child to school the statutory number of days in the quarter ending 31st December last. Fined 5s. and 5s. costs.

A similar case against William Sutberland, which defendant said was the first and should be the last offence, resulted in a fine of 5s. and 5s. costs.

William Provis was summoned for not sending two of his children to school, but did not appear. An order was made for the payment of 5s. and 5s. costs in each case.

PETTY LARCENY. Mary Jane Harvey was arraigned on a charge of taking stolen, from the dwelling of Mrs. Catherine Smith, of Waterloo, a few articles of crockeryware and some groceries. Mrs. Smith stated the facts of the case. She was away from home at the time of the theft, but had put the articles in question in a safe inside the house before leaving. On her return she missed them, and her suspicious rested upon the accused. She informed the police, and accompanied Constable Martin to Mrs. Harvey's house, when the latter admitted the offence, but could give no explanation of her conduct further than "She didn't know; she was greatly annoyed by the devil." She was extremely sorry for the woman, and had no wish to press the charge against her. Constable Martin stated that the circumstances of the accused were very distressing. She was a married woman, and had three children, the youngest of whom she was nursing. Her appearance indicated sheer starvation. Her husband was a miner, and although he worked hard and was at present in work, he was not earning any money, and the family could not obtain credit from the tradespeople. The attention of their workships was directed towards the woman at the bar, who felt her position very keenly, and her tears were seen when she had anything to say. As a lenient punishment for the offence she was ordered to be imprisoned for three hours.

BURY THAT HORSE. Sergeant Woods, as Inspector of Nuisances for the north riding of the Shire of Ripon, proceeded against James Cuthbertson, of Raglan, for allowing the carcass of a horse to remain unburied after due notice had been served upon him to comply with the provisions of the Health Act. The sergeant required particulars of the offence, and called Mrs. Holby, who testified that the carcass was lying close to the Fyery Creek, from whence the residents draw water for domestic purposes, and that the effluvia arising from it caused people to become sickened when they were compelled to pass it. The horse was lying there a whole week before it was removed. Defendant pleaded that he was away from home, at the time the horse died, looking after some sheep which had gone astray through a quantity of the fencing to one of his paddocks having been destroyed by a bushfire. On his return he received the notice which had been served during his absence, and he complied with it as speedily as possible. His reason for not burying it was that he thought the best way to get rid of the nuisance was to burn it, for he had buried on the reserve where it died, the numerous springs which abound thereon would have been contaminated. Fined 5s. and 6s. costs.

DEBT CASES. W. Schlicht v. Richard Provis.—Claim for £3 16s 7d, goods sold and delivered. No appearance of defendant. Order for amount and costs 2s 6d.

J. Frisler v. H. Dale.—Claim for £3 7s. Defendant disputed the claim, as plaintiff had refused to give him a statement of the items. The account was rendered in duplicate with the summons, and the bench dismissed the case.

Jane Witherden sued Alexander Gray, school teacher, late of Waterloo, for the sum of £14 5s 6d, for board and lodging and cash lent, and for refreshments for himself and friends. No appearance of defendant. Plaintiff stated that defendant had admitted the debt to her in a letter, but said he was unable to pay the account. A sum of £14 5s 6d, set down for refreshments was deducted as according to the Licensing Act no claim can be made for drinks other than those supplied with meals, and an order was made for £12 11s, and costs 7s 6d, in default, distress to issue.

[Mr. Thompson here left the bench, and Mr. Wetherston took the chair.]

NEGLECTED CHILDREN. Two bright-eyed, intelligent-looking children, named Grace and Robert Simon Welsh, aged respectively 7 and 4 years, were brought up charged with being neglected children, and were ordered to be sent to the Industrial School—the former for six years, and the latter for nine years. Mrs. Bell said that until recently the children had been living with her. Their father was in goal and their mother was dead. If the bench would recommend that the children be boarded out to the witness, Mrs. Bell would be glad to have them. She had clothed and fed them during the last four years, and they would be better off with her than with strangers. The bench decided to recommend that the two children be boarded out to Mrs. Bell.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If you have thinning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your chemist for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," Sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 2s. 6d. per bottle. Wholesale depot 33, Faringdon Road London.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Moss and Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

LITTLE CHITS.

[By "Tomahawk"]

Ah, ha! They said "Tomahawk" was the name of a great many men, and sometimes which are not true, and they can be classed with them. You know how disappointed they all were last night, and they invited the "old dame" to change a few of her "wonderful" dainties, as usual, very wide of the mark. Humilis est armis.

I was picking up a few chips in my parlour Wednesday last (I now live up behind the mill lock-heaps, which are used for stoppage muds, and I fancied it rained—not moisture, but solid lumps of metal. Can't help it if I offered some of our aspiring young gentlemen, but I must humbly apologise for offering a suggestion to the effect that they must either lower the target or raise the stoppage mounds a few feet. I keep fancying some of the bullets then fired are whizzing around in search of the bull's eye.

People have told me that I should not say anything offensive of the churches. I don't intend to do so. I wish them all well; but I can't help it if I'm a bit crochety when I observe our old and well-worn usages dispensed with. When I, as an infant in arms, was named in a little village church in England, there were only five persons present—my mother, father, grandfather, the nurse and myself. I have reason to remember it well, for a drop of water got into my eye and I set up a howl. This was my poor old dad that he couldn't open his mouth to make a speech in honor of the occasion, which he had prepared in a very elaborate form, and headed—"On behalf of my dearly-beloved first-born, Thimothy Bolyvar Tomehawk." Dad's education was very far short of the standard kept up in the ragged schools, so one of which I was subsequently sent, hence his failure in speaking. So he handed it over to the minister—a single young man who had only just entered into "orders,"—and he stammered through it, blushing the whole time. They don't write these speeches nowadays, and perhaps it's a good job, especially when a crowd is assembled on the occasion—the young folk don't like to be imagined that they fully understand the high falutin and technical terms used, and besides, it takes the interest out of the ceremony when the person don't blush.

"Would man spare that tree?" He didn't say any. That favorite resting place which for a number of years has been used by our young people on moonlight nights, is no longer to exist. It has been a stumpling-block of offence to some aged old sinner's feet, and he has burnt it. It had a beautiful hollow right through it, and it is said—rumor, of course, is responsible for it, that a young man crawled into it one night carrying a lighted cigar, and that while therein he was startled to find that a pair of turtle doves had perched on the top of it. Extracting himself as speedily and silently as he could, he escaped unnoticed, but the lighted cigar was left behind. After a certain time—two hours, I was told—the dorey-woreys imagined that affairs were getting rather warm, and they daw. Next day early there was a fire, and it was in that direction, and the ashes are all that remain of that once serviceable old log.

I went to Ballarat last week to assist in taking the corner off Robbie Burns. Somebody afterwards assisted me into a public house, and then somehow or other I was conscious of submitting to a peculiar process, known only in the wonderful city as circumconvolution, through several streets, and finally banded down upon a cold stone floor. Next morning I was so terribly confused in my ideas of locality that it was some considerable time before I could comprehend my exact whereabouts. Then I was suddenly seized hold of, conducted out onto a paved yard, and pushed into a caravan, something after the fashion of a travelling washstand with ventilators—not the Tobin—in the top. A light was beginning to dawn upon my confused senses. I was taken into a crowded room, and heard my name called out. "Timothy Tomahawk, you are charged with being drunk and disorderly; what have you to say for yourself?" "Well, your worship, I came from Ballarat yesterday—" "Oh, did you? Fetch any money with you?" "Two pounds and a railway ticket." "What did you do with it?" "Spent it all in Ballarat." "All of it?" "I have sixpence left, sir." "Well, you are dismissed; but you'd better leave that sixpence somewhere, my good fellow, before returning to Ballarat." I did so.

While I was in Ballarat I was greatly taken up with the display made by the eight hours' demonstration people, and thought what a great boon the eight hours system was to the working man. I have been thinking the matter over, and have come to the conclusion that Ballarat is either mighty independent or else has been completely overlooked. Some of the folks around here don't know what eight hours mean, and never will, unless something is done to introduce it to their notice. A concession one way or another is a desirable thing, but a preference would be given to a weekly half-holiday. I think that the half holiday could be very easily managed. If the various employers would only pull together and see that their employees did not suffer by the concession, it would certainly be a great boon to all concerned. Let us be somewhat on a level with other civilised towns around us.

I have suffered considerable mental distress lately in consequence of the very erratic movements of a certain banking institution, where I deposit my money. I find it very awkward to have to explain nearly every other month to a new manager the reason why my overdraft is so big, and I don't like it. You say in your last issue that the present move is a permanent one. Well I hope so, and will breathe freely again, but there is no doubt that the continuous changes we have had lately have been a thunderation nuisance to everybody concerned.

The rainfall since last report, as registered at Beaufort, to 23rd April, is 1.68 inch.

APRIL PRODUCE MARKET.

Although farmers are generally engaged preparing their land for the coming crop a fair amount of produce has been brought in, and the price of day weather experienced during the last few days has caused a temporary cessation of field operations in many directions, and advantage is being taken of this to cart in, and thus reduce the stocks in town. Several sales of produce have been reported. One lot of 62 bags of superior quality feed meal sold at 7s 6d per bushel, bags in, and 50 bags milling brought 7s 4d; other smaller parcels changing hands at this price. Flour is in good demand and at last week's rates. At Horeham sales of wheat have been made at a slight improvement on last week's rates, 3s 9 1/2 per bushel being given. The Donald market has declined a halfpenny per bushel. At St. Armand 3s 8d is still quoted. In this district sales of oats have been made at an advance on late prices. One lot of 39 bags of feed brought 7s 7d per bushel, bags in, and 100 bags of prime wheat 2s 9d per bushel. Bran continues to be readily taken up. Potatoes have come in in fair quantities from Warramboul and have realised up to 1s 4d per ton. Hay is largely supplied, the great bulk coming from a distance. Fresh butter is very scarce, and readily fetches 1s 9d, and a lot of putted in during the week realised 1s 2d. Eggs are also scarce. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 4d per bushel, bags in; oats, 2s 6d per bushel, bags in; pollard, 1s per bushel; bran, 10s per bushel; flour, £3 10s per ton; Cape barley, 3s; English barley, none in; peas, 3s 2d; potatoes, Warramboul, 14 per ton; hay, sheaves, £3 10s per ton; tressed, £3 15s per ton; straw, oaten, 30s to 35s; chaff, 4s per cent; onions, 6s per cent; butter, fresh, 1s 9d per lb; butter, putted, 1s 2d per lb; hams, 1s per lb; bacon, 10d per lb; cheese, 6d to 6d per lb; eggs, 1s 4d per dozen.

The following are the Landholders' quotations:—Wheat, 3s 6d; oats, 2s 6d; peas, 3s 4d; flour, £2 10s; bran, 11d; pollard, 1s.—Advertiser.

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Business fair:—Oats, 2s 6d to 2s 8d; Cape barley, 3s; English 4s 6d to 5s; wheat, 3s 8d to 3s 10d; peas, 3s to 3s 1d; mangel hay, 1s 4d to 1s 10s; sheaves, 1s to 1s 7s; straw, 30s to 40s; new potatoes, £2 10s to £2 15s.

MINING ITEMS.

New Victoria Company, Waterloo, April 23.—Yield of gold for the week—No. 1 tribute, 1oz 3d; No. 2 tribute, 3oz 7d; total, making a total of 8oz 10d.

Saxon Consols Company, Waterloo.—The east drive from No. 2, balance-shaft has reefed, and a drive will be started west to follow up the deep ground. The No. 2 west main drive has been started in the reef to prove the ground further westward. Yield of gold for the week, 6oz.

Waterloo Company, Waterloo Flat.—Tributors pushing on with the opening up of ground at No. 2 rise as satisfactorily as circumstances will permit. Gold for the week, 16oz 5dwt.

New Kong Meng Company, Majorca.—No. 1 rise—No. 1 shaft is opening up good payable ground, also No. 3 rise. No. 4 cross-drive north has been started. No. 2 shaft—Driving and tunnelling being carried on as usual. West prospecting drive went in 42 feet west of bore in soft reef; next bore will be started without delay. Yield—Company, No. 1 shaft, 152 oz 6 dwt; No. 2 shaft, 268 oz 1 dwt; total, 422 oz 6 dwt.

Kong Extended Company, Majorca.—Engineers reports yesterday.—Contractor not able to get steam up to-day on account of the new piston being too large, and necessitating an alteration, but he will be ready in a few days to start.

East Kong Meng Company, Majorca. No. 6 bore bottomed on opposite reef at a depth of 130 feet being 22 feet shallower than No. 5, the width of reef-bearing wash having now been proved upwards of 450 feet. One more bore will be put down due south to prove the trend of the gutter, pending the most eligible site being selected for the shaft.

THE ARGUS may be had daily, on the arrival of the mid-day train, at the shop of Mr. H. P. HENNINGSEN, Agent, Ballarat. Price, Twopenny.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT.

BEGS to inform the residents of Beaufort and the surrounding districts that he may be CONSULTED THE FIRST THURSDAY IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. A. ANDREWS', Chemist (late Taylor), 2nd street. Mr. Belling brings with him all the latest improvements for the extraction of teeth; also, he can guarantee the fitting of ARTIFICIAL TEETH upon his special NOT TO BE SUPERSAID.

Decayed teeth filled with pearl enamel cement, rendering them sound and perfect. 8m. Ap. 30. 87.

NEXT VISIT—THURSDAY, MAY 5th, 1887.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS—

- American shelving boards
Do lumber
6 x 1 T and 6 Scotch flooring
6 x 1 do do flooring
6 x 1 do do flooring
American and Baltic deals, all sizes
4 out pine weatherboards
6 do do
American clear pine
3in., 4in., 5in., 6in., cedar, wide and narrow boards
Clear timber, all sizes
French casements, doors, sashes
Mouldings, architraves, skirtings
Brass panes and sashes
A stock of all sizes of hardwood always on hand
Also, GELONG LIME.

NEXT TO POLICE STATION

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DENHAM MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havelock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Niles, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars, Tobacco, Toys, Confectionery, Prills, Fancy Goods, &c.

Berlin Wood, Crawford St., and Beads kept in stock. HOFF PIES, with tea or coffee, always ready for family visitors.

A fair share of public patronage is requested by Mr. Mason, which he hopes to merit by supplying a good article at a reasonable price.

Mrs. MOORE begs to notify her friends that she has removed to Pratt street, next door to "Aurora" Office, and is still agent for Madame Wolfe's Patent.















