

# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 611]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1887

PRICE SIXPENCE

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,  
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove efficient, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

### WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—  
From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.  
From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4.5 p.m.  
Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.  
Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.  
Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, (one Shilling and Sixpence) single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES V. AWLES, Proprietor.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.  
ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000.  
Annual Income—£860,000. Accumulated Funds exceed, £1,000,000.

LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—  
H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to  
A. NEEDHAM, Neill street, Beaufort.  
Cheapest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.  
Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.  
Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY.

Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1888.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

AGENTS WANTED.

Large stock of the Premier Hair Dressing and well-known special Hair Dressing for Ladies and Children.

Manufactured by the Proprietor, Mr. J. W. BAKER, 10, Market Street, Melbourne.

Double Old-Brandied Whisky.

W. BAKER,  
Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—  
Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; California, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Millwork, Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites. Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

GRATEFUL—COMPARING.

EPPS'S COCOA,  
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided a breakfast cocoa, with a delicately flavoured beverage which will save us many heavy doses of pills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." See article in the "Civil Service Gazette." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in 1/2 lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,  
HOMEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.

CRAWFORD'S,  
CORNER STURT AND ARMSTRONG STREETS.

Snow and Room  
PROPRIETOR.

Special Lines now showing at Crawford's—

KID GLOVES.

The Elaine (Crawford's registered brand)—4 button, 1s 11d; 6-button, 2s 11d.

Light Fancies—4-buttons 1s, 1s 11d, 3s 11d, 5s 6d; 6-button 2s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d.

Gents' White Kid Gloves—Big line 2-button at 1s; also at 1s 11d and 2s 11d.

New Cashmere and Fabric Gloves—Splendid assortment ladies' and children's. Special line ladies' at 6d; also 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 9d, 2s 6d.

BEAUTIFUL WOOL GOODS.

Clouds, 3d, 6d, 9d, 1s, 1s 6d, and upwards.

New lines opera cloaks and hoods, 17s 6d to 32s 6d.

Children's wool pelisses, 8s 11d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d.

SWISS WORKS.

Jobs at 1s 3d, 1s 9d, and 2s 6d per doz yds; also from 3d to 2s 11d per yd.

Red and white Swiss works, 13d, 23d, 33d, 43d.

Sash ribbons, 10in wide, all shades, 6d per yd.

New picot-edge ribbons, wide, 9d per yd.

Ladies' silk neck kerchiefs, 9d, 1s, 1s 3d, up to 3s 11d.

Ladies' satin umbrellas, 3s 11d (good), 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d, to 25s.

LADIES' HAND-BAGS.

Morocco, plush, &c., 1s 6d, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, up to 25s.

DRESSES.

Costume cloths, woad-dyed, 3s 11d per doz yds; also 5s 11d and 7s 11d; also 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 6d, and 2s per yd.

New dress fabrics for tailor-made costumes, beautiful textures and colorings, 1s 6d, 1s 9d, 2s, 2s 3d, 2s 9d, 3s 6d upwards.

Winceys, exceptional value, 27d, 33d, 43d, 6d; crisp very-wide-and-heavy, 3s 11d.

Wool Plinids, double width, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d.

Cashmeres—Colored, at 3s 11d per dress of 7 yds; also 10yd to 1s. All wool French cashmeres, 44 inches wide, 2s, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, to 4s 6d.

Silks—Special line colored Merveilleux at 4s 11d.

Black Merveilleux, extra value, 3s 6d, 4s 11d, 6s 11d.

Colored sarahs, 2s 11d and 3s 6d.

Black and brown Ottoman manilo silks, 5s 6d and 7s 11d.

Checked and stripe velveteens, 1s 11d and 2s 6d.

Black velveteens, 83d, 1s, 1s 6d, to 3s 6d.

MANCHESTER.

White sheeting, 2yds wide, 103d.

Forfars from 33d, toilet covers from 9d; Turkish towels, 6d, 9d, 1s, to 3s 6d; table damasks, 83d; table napkins, from 1s 11d per dozen.

Nice assortment of doyleys, lavettes, &c.; window holland, special value, 63d; union and linen tickings from 6d.

Heavy wet wove calicoes, 1 yard wide, 2s 11d dozen.

Cotton shirtings, 23d; good selection Union and Crimean shirtings.

Blankets—White and colored, from 4s 11d.

Crawford's special blanket for this season at 17s 6d is a marvel, and worth 25s.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

10 Bales Dutch Carpeting, 36 inch 33d.

Tapestry and Brussels Carpet.—A magnificent stock, still selling at our transfer sale prices, 4s 4d checks.

Linoleums.—Large accumulation of remnants at half cost prices.

Jobs in mats and rugs of every description. Nottingham and guipure lace.

Curtains—Stylish and cheap.

OUR NEW SHOW ROOM

Is now in full swing, and we are exhibiting many lines of interest to ladies.

Goods.—We commence with a splendid line at 1s 11d per pair.

We have a special line of underclothing all round at 2s 6d per garment; wonderfully cheap.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary underwear for ladies we desire to specially mention; also combination in merino.

Mantles, Ulsters, and Shawls—One of the best stocks in Australia; many lines ridiculously low.

Fur capes very cheap.

Special lines of musquash capes at 17s 6d, worth 35s.

Furs and bonnets—A lovely lot.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT,

Under the new management, is a gratifying success, and our prices for stylish and becoming hats and bonnets are incomparable.

Crawford's half-guinea hats and bonnets and Crawford's guinea bonnets are most charming in design and marvels in price.

TAILORING.

We have a cutter of exceptional merit, and our prices are very moderate.

Gent's trousers to measure, 12s 6d; suits, Special line Ballarat tweed suits to measure, 50s.

Men's Geelong tweed suits—25s, 20s 6d, 37s 6d, 45s.

Gent's and boys' hats and shirts, collars, ties, hosiery, in great variety.

The new Jubilee Hats and caps for boys are very pretty.

Snow & Room

THE COLONIAL BRANCH  
WATCHES  
ESTABLISHED 1839  
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED  
THE COLONIAL BRANCH  
WATCHES  
ESTABLISHED 1839  
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED  
THE COLONIAL BRANCH  
WATCHES  
ESTABLISHED 1839  
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

### A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF PIANOS

BY ALL THE BEST MAKERS.  
25 per Cent. Better Value than any other House can offer.

£40 TO £48 £18 TO £180  
Or 30s. Monthly Or 20s. Monthly

A Striking Contrast in Appearance, Tone and Finish to all other Instruments of Similar Price.

BAND INSTRUMENTS BY ALL STANDARD MAKERS.

### ALLAN & Co.,

COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

TIME PAYMENT for all INSTRUMENTS.

### LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.  
No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

BRIGHTENS THE COLORS, DOES NOT BLEACH.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

### BORAX SOAP

Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water.  
CLEANSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.

THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH.

### BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!

Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.

### BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!

Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.

The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S  
SQUARE BLUE  
EGG POWDER  
BLACKING  
AND  
WASHING  
POWDER  
STARCH  
UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Household Goods Stores.  
WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,  
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS  
AND  
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)  
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auction sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our clients that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE, and daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,  
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Extraordinary  
Announcement.

S. NATHAN,  
The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,  
MELBOURNE,  
SUPPLIES  
FURNITURE,  
BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,  
CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,  
PIANOS,  
ELECTROPLATED WARE,  
GUNS, by all the Best English Makers  
de, de, de.

Without Money or Security

ON

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the World.

S. NATHAN,  
THE FURNISHING ARCADE,  
221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,  
APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND  
EXPORT AGENTS.

Burrows, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Bardley and Sons, 45 Farringdon-street, London.

Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.  
ROCKE, TOMPKINS, & Co., Melbourne.

HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists,  
FITCH & FRASER.

SYDNEY AGENTS.  
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists,  
60, Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.  
FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.  
BEKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.  
KENTHORN, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Drug  
Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS  
FOR THE  
RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE  
MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH  
COLLINS STREET WEST

FOR SALE,  
HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery  
and Premises. Principals only. Apply to  
HARRIS and TROY.

For Sale,  
120 ACRES of LAND at Graveyard Hill, Mount  
Cole. HARRIS and TROY.

Important Notice.

Mr. W. HARTLEY,  
DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT  
(Over Bardwell's, Photographer),  
Dental Registration Certificate, No. 644b.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated. Deceased Teeth stopped from further decay. Art. Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience. Cheaper than any other Dentist's. Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth require more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years ruin the mouth or mastication and appearance.

ADVISE FREE. Testimonials, both English and colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at  
Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, 2  
Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.,  
And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 8  
a.m. where all necessary information can be given.

JAMES TYLER'S  
GREAT  
CLEARING SALE

COMMENCES SATURDAY, JAN. 15  
And will continue  
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

THIS being the Fourth SALE in 8 years, we intend making this the premier inducement that has ever been held out to the public of Ballarat and District, by selling goods at such prices that will make an everlasting impression on all buyers. Our reputation for good and cheap stuff is well known, and our facilities for trying are second to none. We avoid quoting a long list of prices, our object is to clear stacks of stuff, and to do this we intend to reduce the majority of plain useful DRAPERY to COST PRICES, and the remainder to ridiculous prices.

SHOWROOM.

We intend making two HATS of STRAW HATS, 43d to 1s. TRIMMED MILLINERY that we have left will be Reduced below Half Cost. Price SALE MANTLES—Dolmans and Visites from 10s 6d to 21s, usual price, 25s to 45s.

DRESSES.

This Department will be subject to heavy reductions. Two cases all-wool Nun's Veiling and Jersey Cloths reduced to 4d. worth 1s. About 100 pieces of Children's clothing varying from 4d. to 1s. will be thrown on the front table at 1s 11d, 3s 11d, and 4s 11d per dozen yards. Black and Colored Merino and Cashmere reduced to net cost.

MANCHESTER AND PRINTS.

During our business career this branch has played a very prominent part, and our advice has been taken by thousands as regards useful goods. During the coming winter all woolen goods will advance from 15 to 25 per cent. We have secured a large parcel of Flannels and Blankets at very low rates, and these will be subject to the sweeping reduction. Drill and Prints, 9d a yard, reduced to 2s 11d a doz. French Natted Cloths, 1s, reduced to 53d. French Lawns and Cambrics in stripes and figures, 84d, reduced to 43d, and all other goods at reduced rates.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, & HABERDASHERY.

In this, as in all others, our assortment is complete. A special Job Line of Girls' Hose, Navy, Seal, and Black, 84d per pair. Also, a lot of Women's full fashioned, 1s, reduced to 74d. Thread and Silk Gloves at ridiculous prices.

OUTFITTING AND MEN'S MERCERY.

Mens' Suits, 50s, reduced to 19s 11d.  
Mens' Suits, 40s, reduced to 12s 11d.  
Boys' and Youths' Suits all reduced to cost.  
Hats, Shirts, Ties, Collars.  
Tweeds in endless variety.

All Orders guaranteed shrunken, and  
MADE IN THE BEST STYLE,  
AT  
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

This Sale will be conducted on  
CASH PRINCIPLES STRICTLY

JAMES TYLER,  
11 and 13 BRIDGE STREET, BALLARAT.  
3rd. Ap. 23.87.

HOPPER'S  
MILK PUNCH  
GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR  
VITÆ

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufacturer, Snake Valley, Carleton.

Advances on Wool, Grain, etc.,  
Stock, Stations and Station Produce  
of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE  
AGENCY COMPANY (Limited),  
Capital, £250,000,  
Reserve Fund, £205,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances  
ON  
STATION SECURITIES,  
ENSURING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, ETC.  
FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE  
OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the  
country.

Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins,  
Lard, etc., three times a week throughout the year.

Auction Sales of Grain, Flour, etc. held every  
Wednesday.

DAVID ELLER, Manager.  
I. YOUNG, Assistant Manager.  
Wool and Produce Manager,  
Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouse, 343  
Street West.



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A quiet week has been passed through in the produce market, the Jubilee celebration to some extent...

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Business quiet.—Oats, 2s 9d to 2s 10d; Cape barley, 3s; English 4s 6d to 5s; wheat, 3s 11d to 4s 1d...

GOLDSBROUGH'S MONTHLY GRAIN REPORT.

Our market for wheat during the month has been marked by extreme dullness, and owing to the fall in value...

GEELONG WEEKLY STATION PRODUCE REPORT.

Messrs George Hague and Co. report under date Wednesday, June 29.—Wool: The cable news received daily from the London sales continues to be of a satisfactory nature...

Hides.—Sold as follows:—Heavies, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 per lb; light and medium sorts, 3d to 3 1/2 per lb...

Tallow.—A slightly better demand from shippers has enabled us to clear a line of about 600 pipes good beef and mutton, for shipment to the Continent, at a satisfactory price.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT.

BEGS to inform the residents of Beaufort and the surrounding district that he may be CONSULTED the FIRST THURSDAY IN EACH MONTH...

MRS. MOORE begs to notify to her friends that she has removed to Prail street, next door to "Advocate" Office...

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

American shoving boards, Do lumber do, 6 x 1 T Scotch flooring, 6 x 4 do do, 6 x 4 do do flooring, American and Baltic deals, all sizes, 4 out pine weatherboards, 6 do do, American clear pine, 4 in., 4 1/2 in., 5 in., 6 in., 7 in., 8 in., 9 in., 10 in., 11 in., 12 in., 14 in., 16 in., 18 in., 20 in., 22 in., 24 in., 26 in., 28 in., 30 in., 32 in., 34 in., 36 in., 38 in., 40 in., 42 in., 44 in., 46 in., 48 in., 50 in., 52 in., 54 in., 56 in., 58 in., 60 in., 62 in., 64 in., 66 in., 68 in., 70 in., 72 in., 74 in., 76 in., 78 in., 80 in., 82 in., 84 in., 86 in., 88 in., 90 in., 92 in., 94 in., 96 in., 98 in., 100 in.

JUST ARRIVED. Wotherspoon Bros AND CO. Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. Everything Fashionable at WHOLESAL PRICES. INSPECTION INVITED. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO. IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE. HAWKES BROS., Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Furniture and Dealers, Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort. Beg to notify to their patrons that all CASH PURCHASERS to the amount of 5s and upwards will be presented with a handsome JUBILEE MEDAL. QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE. MANCHESTER HOUSE. NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Including many new and useful lines, made specially to commemorate the QUEEN'S JUBILEE YEAR.

JUBILEE { Dresses, Satins, Plushes, Velvetines, Gloves, Jersey Jackets, Corsets, Ruffings, Laces, Ribbons, Blankets, Flannels, Calicoes, Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings, } Jubilee. At Jubilee Prices. JUBILEE { MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS' SUITS, Overcoats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, } Jubilee Prices. Jubilee Boots and Shoes, at Jubilee Prices. Jubilee Suits to order, at Jubilee Prices. } Jubilee. G. H. COUGLE, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

THE BLUE HOUSE SPECIAL NOTICE. Having decided on leaving Beaufort early next month, I will offer the WHOLE OF MY STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. The DRAPERY portion especially will be Sold at and under Cost, to save expense of removal. Regular customers and others are invited to avail themselves of this chance of securing Unheard of Bargains. All outstanding accounts to be paid without delay, to save further trouble.

ALEXR. McDONALD, Proprietor. JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort. RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort. Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to. FUNERAL ECONOMY. Established 1860. WILLIAM BAKER, UNDERTAKER, Lawrence Street, next Post Office, and Neill Street, opposite State School. Hoarse and other requisites supplied in town or country at stated charges. H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER & NEWS AGENT, HAVELO STREET BEAUFORT.

Public Notice. AS the lambing season has commenced at St. Enoch's, neither Coupsing or Shooting can be allowed on the Estate during the next two months. JOHN D. ADAMS. St. Enoch's, 15th April, 1886. Dr. LURZ, Melbourne. SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES. 128, COLLINS STREET EAST. COTTAGE to LET, near the Court-house, Beaufort. Apply H. P. HENNINGSEN.

MONEY. To Farmers, Landowners, and Others. TO LEND—Large and small sums of trust and other MONIES, for 3 or 5 years, on leasehold and freehold land at Lowest Rates of Interest. McEVOY and CO., 21 Market Street, Melbourne.

MISS NETTLETON (Late of A. Crawford's, Ballarat). Begs to inform the Ladies of Beaufort and surrounding district, that she has opened business as Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker; And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage. DRESSES and MANTLES Made to Order on the Shortest Notice. Good Fit Guaranteed. Note the Address—Next Mr. G. H. Cougle, Draper, Havelock Street, Beaufort. Sun. Jan. 18.87.

PUBLIC NOTICE. DENHAM MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havelock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Niles, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars, Tobacco, Toys, Confectionery, Fruit, Fancy Goods, Berlin Wool, Sewing Silk, and Beads kept in stock. HOT PIES, with tea or coffee, always ready for country visitors. A fair share of public patronage is requested by Mr. Mason, which he hopes to merit by supplying a good article at a reasonable price.

CAMPBELL'S MILLINERY, COSTUME, AND Ladies' Outfitting Rooms. Supply all the requirements for Ladies' and Children's Wear. ALSO, A GENERAL STOCK OF MANCHESTER GOODS, AND FANCY GOODS. QUALITY OF EVERYTHING GUARANTEED.

SHIRE OF RIPON VOTERS' LISTS, AND SEPARATE VOTERS' LISTS. NOTICE is hereby given that LISTS for the several Ridings of this Shire are in my custody, and ready for inspection at this office. A copy of the Lists for the East Riding may be inspected at Mr. Murray's store, at Snake Valley. A copy of the Lists of the West Riding may be inspected at the Sebastopol Hill Hotel, Sebastopol Hill. All claims and objections must be lodged with me on or before the 7th day of July, 1887. D. G. STEWART, Shire Secretary.

Riponshire Office, Beaufort, 29th June, 1887. L.O.L., No. 55, "Loyal Beaufort."

A SPECIAL SERVICE in connection with the above Order will be held in the Societies' Hall, SUNDAY, 10th JULY. A Collection will be made on behalf of the Beaufort Ladies' Benevolent Society. The Service to be conducted by the Rev. H. Heathershaw.

Death. CAMERON.—On 30th June, Mary, beloved wife of Donald Cameron, of Beaufort. Funeral will leave her late residence, Beaufort, to-day (Saturday) at 2.30 p.m. Friends please accept this intimation.

THE Riponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1887.

A DEPUTATION from the Beaufort District Rifle Club waited upon the Minister of Lands Mr. J. L. Dow, yesterday, on the arrival of the special train conveying Ministers on the return journey from Adelaide, and laid before him some correspondence which has been received from his department, respecting an application made by the club for the reservation of the tallings heaps which are now used by the club as stoppage mounds. Mr. Dow appeared to know nothing whatever of the application, and taking the communications with him, promised to enter into all the particulars of the case favorably. The time of the stopping was so short that the deputation had barely time to lay full particulars before the Minister when the train started. Mr. Uren kindly introduced the deputation. The facts of the case are these: The local rifle club has been some time in existence, and they have chosen several sites which have been pronounced unsuitable, and also dangerous. Finally they selected the present site. The heaps of tallings have been and are still being removed for road-making purposes, &c.

The club considered this matter in all its aspects, and having in view also a grand competition at the end of the present year, decided to write to the Lands department to have the site reserved for the purpose of rifle shooting. It may be thought that in this matter the rifle club exhibited a little selfishness. Such is not the case, however. The club have gone to considerable expense in erecting targets, marker's huts, and firing mounds, and intend, if reservation be granted them, to go to further expense in improvements. They are extremely anxious to have this reservation question decided, as upon the result of the application they have made, hangs the future of an important club which forms part of a scheme for colonial defence purposes. The tenor of the reply from the department is that the club may have "permissible occupation," whatever that means. If the club is permitted to use the site there can certainly be no hindrance to its reservation, and nothing but the latter will prevent the removal of the stoppage mounds, which is the sole object of the application. We trust that the Minister of Lands will see the matter in its true light, and accede to the request of the club.

We are requested to acknowledge the receipt, by the secretary of the Ladies' Relief Society, of the sum of £17s from Mr. Coullier's Cushting, the amount being the unpaid balance of Jubilee money voted by the Council to the west riding of the Shire of Ripon.

The half-yearly meeting of the Progress Tent, I.O.R. was held on Wednesday evening, 29th June, on which occasion three new members were initiated and two others proposed for membership. The election of officers for the ensuing six months resulted as follows:—C.R. Bro. W. H. Elliott, jun.; D.R. Bro. R. A. D. Sinclair; Secretary, Bro. D. Mason; Treasurer, Bro. G. H. Cougle; W.S. Bro. Robert Smith; M.S., Seymour Baker; Levite, Bro. R. Kerr; Guard, Bro. H. Wilson.

The rainfall at Beaufort for the month of June as registered by Mr. W. McFarlane is given at 4.09 inches. We are requested to state that the two blue stone pieces, dressed, for the front of the new building of the Mechanics' Institute were the gift of J. F. Watkins, Esq. The non-acknowledgement of the donation was an oversight.

Mr. W. Edward Nickols had a miscellaneous sale of furniture at his rooms, Neill street, this afternoon.

The Loyal Orange Institution of Beaufort notify in our advertising columns that on Sunday, July 10th, a special service will be held in the Societies' Hall, Beaufort, at which a collection will be taken up in aid of the Ladies' Benevolent Society. The service will be conducted by the Rev. H. Heathershaw.

The first horse advertisement for the season 1887 appears in our columns to-day. Time of Day, it is notified, will not travel the district, but has been appointed to the St. Arnaud District for this season.

Mr. Belling, dentist, will visit Beaufort next Thursday, when he may be consulted at Mr. Andrews' chemist's shop.

We regret to announce a bereavement to an old Beaufort resident, Mr. Osborne, father, and Mr. D. Cameron, husband, received intelligence on Thursday morning of the death, at Ararat, of Mrs. Cameron, who, it will be remembered was sent to Ararat for medical care and treatment a short time ago. Mrs. Cameron has been suffering for a considerable time from mental derangement, and as it was impossible to give her the care and attention necessary, the peculiarities of her case at home, she was sent to Ararat, where, in a fit of abstraction she has met a sad end. In company with others she was on Sunday taken to church, and on her return picked up a rough stone and attempted to swallow it. The metal stuck in her throat, and defied all attempts to extricate it. Death was the consequence. Great sympathy is felt for the family. She leaves two or three children motherless.

Mr. James Tyler, of Manchester House, Bridge street, Ballarat announces in our advertising columns the holding of a great Jubilee sale of seasonable drapery, which begins to-day.

"Bradshaw's Guide" for July has reached us, also the "Australian Journal." The latter contains a continuation of Marcus Clarke's "His Natural Life," and a large quantity of other reading of an interesting character. Mr. Henningson is agent.

The first half-yearly meeting of the Beaufort Branch of the Australian Natives' Association was held at the Societies' hall on Tuesday evening last, when there was a good attendance of members, and Mr. G. A. Eddy, President, occupied the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and confirmed, the Secretary read a letter from Mr. G. D. Meudell, Hon. Secretary to the Deakin Reception Committee, which stated that it was desirable that the reception banquet to be tendered to the Chief Secretary should be made as thoroughly representative of the Association as possible, also stating that arrangements were being made for the issue of excursion tickets to all delegates from branches of the Association holding banquet tickets to travel on the Victorian Railways, also asking to be informed as to the number of banquet tickets that would be required. After a short discussion, it was resolved that the Secretary reply to the effect that this branch having been so short a time in existence and having no funds at its disposal for the purchase of tickets it cannot see its way clear to practically show its sympathy with the object of the reception. A letter was read from Mr. H. Currow, secretary of the Geelong branch of the association, asking patronage of this branch to the Industrial Exhibition to be held in Geelong in November; also asking that the secretary might act as agent for the Commissioners and receive exhibits. The Exhibition is to be held under the auspices of the Geelong branch, and to further the object Mr. Currow would visit Beaufort. The patronage of the branch was unanimously given to the Exhibition, and a desire was expressed that every assistance possible should be given by procuring exhibits; but further consideration of the letter was deferred until Mr. Currow arrives here. The election of officers, for which nominations were made at last meeting, was then proceeded with. The President then vacated the chair, and Mr. Ansdall presided. The following is the result of the elections:—For President—Mr. Geo. A. Eddy was returned unopposed. For Vice-President—Messrs. J. B. Frowse and S. W. Male were nominated, the former being re-elected. For Treasurer—Messrs. G. H. Cougle, R. A. D. Sinclair, and A. A. Morris were proposed, the first named being elected by a good majority. For Secretary, Mr. C. W. Toupin, and for Assistant Secretary, Mr. E. J. Thomas, were both elected unopposed. For Committee—Messrs. Nowles, Sinclair, Male, Parkinson,

Morris, and Broadbent were nominated. The voting was very close, and the result was declared elected. For the Secretary, Messrs. W. G. Stevens and A. J. Morris were nominated, the former being re-elected. The Secretary's salary for the next half-year, the Treasurer reported receipts, contributions, and the balance-sheet for the current half-year, all of which were read and approved. The Treasurer reported receipts, contributions, and the balance-sheet for the current half-year, all of which were read and approved. The Treasurer reported receipts, contributions, and the balance-sheet for the current half-year, all of which were read and approved.

The "Illustrated Australian Sketcher" and "Punch" have read the former in the Jubilee issue, and contains, in addition to its usual complement of reading and cartoons, an excellent chronicle of the jubilee, entitled "Tracking the News." Mr. H. P. Henningson is the local agent.

Messrs. R. Goldstein and Co. report that the present series of Colonial wool sales opened in London on the 7th inst., and prices, as compared with the closing rates of the April sale, showed a falling off. Crossbreds were sold per lb lower, scored about 2d per lb lower, and merino generally ruled in favor of buyers. As the sales progressed, we learn with satisfaction that competition has become keener, owing largely to the American demand, and the market has, in consequence, quite recovered the position it occupied at the close of the series. Up to date we learn that 182,000 bales have been offered, out of which 10,400 bales have been held over. Pastoral prospects are favorable. The weather has been showery of late, both in this colony and in New South Wales, but more sun is required in some of the western portions of Victoria. Judging by reports, up to the present the lambing season is most satisfactory, and on some of the Riverina stations percentages of over 90 per cent. have resulted. With continued favorable conditions, the wool clip for the ensuing season should be highly satisfactory.

One of the most curious and interesting reptiles which I met with in Borneo was a large tree-frog, which was brought me by one of the Chinese workmen. He assured me that he had seen it come down in a slanting direction from a high tree, as if it flew. On examining it, I found the toes very long and fully webbed to their very extremity, so that when expanded they offered a surface much larger than the body. The fore legs were also bordered by a membrane, and the body was capable of considerable inflation. The back and limbs were of a very deep shining green colour, the under surface and the inner toes yellow. The body was about ten inches in length, while the web of each hind foot, when fully expanded, covered a surface of four square inches, and the web of all the feet together about twelve square inches. As the extremities of the toes have dilated plates for adhesion, showing the creature to be a true tree frog, it is difficult to imagine that this immense membrane of the toes can be for the purpose of swimming only, and the account of the Chinaman that it flew down from the tree becomes more credible. "La Nature."

RAILWAY RETURNS. The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 30th June, 1887.

Table with 4 columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Totals: 1044, 237 15 9, 282 1 7.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS. Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for James Adams, Thomas Adams, Mrs. M. Daniel, William Burton, G. Glencairn, Mrs. Goveat, H. Iuchibald, Miss Lyon, Miss Lumley, A. Miller, J. B. Morgan, Angus M. Millan, Mr. Robson, Mr. H. Ramsay, Mrs. Westbrock, Hugh Young.

WEATHER FORECASTS. For the next 24 hours. Friday, 1st July, 1887, 3 p.m.—Southern Districts, including Bass Strait, unsettled and showery, but tending to clear weather with west or light and variable winds. Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 56°.

MINING ITEMS. New King Meng, Majorca—Yield for week ended 30th June, 410 oz. 8 dwr. The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week: Waterloo, 25oz; New Victoria, 25oz; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 6oz; Saxon Consols, 35oz.

The New Victoria No. 2 Tribute Company announce their intention of applying for a lease of an additional area for extended mining operations at Waterloo.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain and cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere for 1s. 1/4 per bottle.

Towel's Pennyroyal and Steel Pills to renovate quickly correct all irregularities, and relieve the distressing symptoms so prevalent with the sex. Boxes, 1s. 1/4, and 2s. 6d. of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors. Prepared only by The Lincoln and Midland Wholesale of all the wholesale houses. Beware of Imitations.

Consumers of Wolfe's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchant in the colony. The name of M. Mossad Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.



Supplement to the "Niponshire Advocate."

# GREAT JUBILEE SALE

-OF-

## SEASONABLE

# DRAPERY!!

-AT-

## JAMES TYLER'S MANCHESTER HOUSE, 11 & 13 BRIDGE STREET, BALLARAT.

In the midst of so many Drapery Sales in Ballarat, James Tyler is determined to keep up the reputation of Manchester House for

**THE CHEAPEST AND BEST GOODS IN THE DISTRICT.**

While thanking my numerous Patrons for a Winter Trade that exceeds any of my past returns, I beg to announce that I have taken advantage of the very depressed state of the wholesale market, and have secured a lot of most useful lines, which, with the remainder of my WINTER STOCK, I will offer during the next month at

**UNHEARD OF PRICES.**

I don't often announce a sale and when I do so my customers know that I mean it, and on Saturday next, July 2nd, I will FOR ONE MONTH ONLY make a JUBILEE GIFT of my Profits, and give the public the benefit of my recent cheap investments.

**THIS IS NO MISLEADING DRAPERY PUFF!**  
**THIS ANNOUNCEMENT IS A FACT.**

Why? Because my Winter's amount of business is already done. My stock is slightly heavy, and sales being the order of the day in Ballarat, my sound position in the trade has enabled me to secure a few Melbourne bargains that must impress buyers and make the Professional Puffer stand aside.

Every householder should see what I have to offer, and even if you are not in immediate want of BLANKETS, FLANNELS, or OVER-COATS, you will find that I can give you better interest for your money than the Savings Bank.

**THE SALE BEGINS ON JULY 2ND.**

Pay me a visit. Walk through my premises, and if you buy nothing, you will get civil treatment.

**JAMES TYLER,**  
**MANCHESTER HOUSE, 11 & 13 BRIDGE STREET.**

W. J. CAMPBELL, Printer, &c., 19 Lydiard-street north, Ballarat.

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# The Morning Bulletin.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY H. P. HENNINGSEN.

## Poetry.

### PALMISTRY.

CHARLES H. HILBERT.

Sweet, let me read this little palm!  
Perchance 'tis true, as ages say,  
That there is written many a charm  
To draw the future's veil away.

I press the dainty finger-tips—  
'Tis a preliminary part;  
And hold them softly to my lips—  
'Tis a requirement of the art.

Here runs the life line, long and deep:  
Few crosses on its snowy plain;  
Ah, seldom know the touch of pain!  
And hence the life of wealth I see,  
Least in a border line above;

If I know aught, that life should be  
The sign of true and perfect love!

At all, across the palm it curves,  
And side by side with life it tends;  
It never falters, never evers ends,  
And only with the life it ends.

And here another humbler line,  
'Tis that of one who loves the dear;  
See how it followeth close to mine,  
Yet darest not approach too near.

Yet, stay! they touch—they line with life—  
Look where the fateful symbols meet!  
Sure that conjunction means a life,  
Oh, haste, fulfil the omen sweet!

—Boston Transcript.

## Novelist.

### "A L M A."

AN ORIGINAL AUSTRALIAN STORY,  
BY  
HAROLD STEPHEN, ESQ., M.P.  
OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

(All Rights Reserved.)  
CHAPTER LX.—(CONTINUED.)

"In October, 1851—you were the employ of Freeman and Truelove, the solicitors?"  
"I was."  
"As confidential clerk to Mr. Freeman, I believe?"  
"Yes."  
"Now, sir, be good enough to look at that deed, and tell me the count whether the signature of Thomas Sumner, which appears as witness, was written by you or not?"  
There was breathless silence in court whilst the witness bent over the deed, carefully for the purpose of examining it, but in reality to gather force for the coup d'etat which he meditated.

At last he raised his head, and looking Mr. Curtis fairly in the face, said: "I perfectly remember that deed—it was engrossed and witnessed by me. That is my signature."

"What?" thundered the Professor, whilst Mr. Curtis fell back on his seat, as if struck by lightning, and the wildest excitement reigned throughout the building. "What! do you dare say you signed that?"  
The outbreak passed by unheeded for the general notes were not quelled for some moments, and then Thistlethwaite, pale and trembling, forced his client to hold his peace, telling him that, even yet, all was not lost.

But nevertheless all was lost. It is not necessary to tell how gallantly Mr. Bumpston fought to retrieve the day, or how his attacks were met and parried by the equally skillful Sergeant Jekyll—suffice it to say that the Chief Justice, succumbing to the cause of the plaintiff, and that the jury, after retiring for half an hour, brought in a verdict for the defendant.

Neither Thistlethwaite nor his client waited for the issue. They knew that a prosecution for conspiracy would probably follow, and ere the verdict was handed in, they were far on their way to France.

## RECEIS.

Summer goes to America and is killed in a gambling saloon.  
Professor settles in Munich on annuity allowed by Alma.  
Thistlethwaite is struck off the roll, though there is no prosecution for conspiracy.  
Dante settles at Tredegar Park, and Sir Charles lives with her in the glorious villa.  
Harry and Alma live on the station in Australia, and Harry becomes a leading legislator.  
Bill Brown becomes Harry's overseer, and Susie marries Sergeant O'More.  
Bertie joins Mr. Harvey as merchant in Melbourne.  
Seth becomes a barrister, and finally settles in Melbourne.

## CHAPTER LX.—AND LAST.

### TEN YEARS AFTER.

It is Christmas Eve. The sun still stands high in the heavens, although it is six o'clock, and the birds are preparing to retire for the night. Under the deep verandah, which encircles the homestead at Mullitorra, an assembly of merry company, amongst whom we may recognise some old friends.

First and foremost in the place of honor—the Grosvenor stuhl, as Alma loves to call the huge arm-chair—is seated Mr. Standish Lancelotti. Ten years have passed lightly over his head, though his hair is thicker and grayer than of yore, and, at times he complains of shortness of breath. But he is still the same jolly old gentleman, and the children prefer a romp with grandpa even to the grand old man himself.

They surround him now, pulling his whiskers, riding on his knee, and generally teasing him as much as they dare in the presence of mamma. There are five of them, four sturdy boys, aged eight, six, and three respectively, and one little maid of nine, staid and grave, as befits her matronly position as eldest of the family.

Close by, reclining on a Singapore chair, is mamma. A very girlish mamma indeed, is best had for a girl. Alma, for she it is, has had no care of trouble to bring wrinkles to her brow, and she looks as young as a child, and she has a child of nature, nurtured on natural food, and free from the enervating excitements of town life. She has not even lost the peach-bloom which graced her cheeks when she was met by a Grandfather, for Harry values her complexion so highly that he will not suffer her to be touched by a speck of dust.

By her side, seated on a kangaroo skin, is a small little girl, as round as a ball, surrounded by a head covered with a forest of tangled ringlets, hair, and decorated by a pair of blue-green spectacles. Dr. Baum and one little girl, named as Harry, who occupies his quarters to Bathurst, where he now enjoys an extensive practice, and, indeed, his fame has extended to the metropolis. He is now paying his annual Christmas visit to Mullitorra station. The children invariably regard his coming with terror, which is invariably subsided when they learn that he is not there on business, but for pleasure, and is thus as available for "larks" as even grandpa himself.

There are other guests present with whom we have nothing to do—general young squires from the metropolis, and a country girl, with red cheeks and burton figures—for there is to be a dance, and a young people from miles around have arrived or are expected.

Presently the doctor, who has been toying with some cherished specimen of a fern, raises his head, and utters a species of grunt, which is well understood by his friends to mean that he is willing to enter into conversation.

"What is it, doctor?" Alma asks, in response to the signal.

"See abundance?" he mutters, in a low growl—he will talk German to Alma, but she rarely replies in that language.

"The supper? You are then hungry again! Doctor, I am ashamed of you!"

"Hoongry? Xais of gorse—hair hat man immer hunger. I ton't been recollected to dine ton't been hungry in dish place."

"Well, you will have to wait another hour I am afraid, for we must wait for Harry and the carter."

"I think they are coming now, mamma," said the little girl. "Don't you hear Mr. M'Orkole talk at the stables?"

Indeed, it would have been hard to avoid hearing the worthy overseer, for he was administering a reproof to some lagging groom in the very highest tones of his voice.

"They are coming!" shouted the eldest boy, who had been to an end of the verandah from which a glance of the road might be obtained.

Then, shouting wildly, the children ran off, and were soon followed by the majority of the company.

Five minutes later, Harry Lancelotti made his appearance on the lawn accompanied by Bertie and Grace Lancelotti. Harry has grown stouter, and so has Bertie, but Grace is still the tall, graceful girl of yore. She is childless, and that is the only grief which has overshadowed her life. Bertie has been for some years established in business as a merchant and ship-owner in Sydney, and is in partnership with Mr. Harvey, who manages the Melbourne branch.

Then ensued an immense amount of kissing and handshaking, interspersed with such rapid questioning and answering, that the guests, who were only retreating, would fail to record half of what was said.

In due course, the doctor's ears are gladdened by the sound of the dinner bell, and the company is soon installed around a table, whilst the waiter, after a moment's delay, has laid out a full-dressed English barometer, and with an income large enough to render practice a secondary consideration!

"But Seth will get into practice?"  
"He must be very lucky at a needle! I should not be a bit surprised to see him leading the Melbourne bar before five years are over."  
"He is a dear, good boy, and I am sure he will prosper wherever he goes," said Alma.  
"But now tell me of yourself and Grace—you have been successful?"  
"Yes. We are making money at a tremendous rate, and I am afraid I shall die a millionaire. I have just offered a seat in the Ministry."  
"How nice! You will accept, of course?"  
"Grace wishes it, but, since I have been in Parliament, I have been so much away from home, that I scarcely care to undertake fresh duties. She must very likely at times, and Bertie glances with a half sigh at the merry little faces of the children, thinking that he would give half his fortune to be able to call one of them his own.

"With the quick instinct of a woman, Alma heard the sigh, and understood its cause. That sorrow did not admit of sympathy, so she changed the subject of their conversation by enquiring after Seth.

"Susie and her husband, the ex-regimental police, are doing remarkably well," replied Bertie. "Their hotel is actually becoming fashionable, and may meet some of the greatest swells in Sydney in their luncheon-room."  
"Her brother, Bill Brown, is, as perhaps you know, our head-stockman. He lives, with his mother, at the cattle station on the plain, and is quite contented."  
"I ever heard of it," said Bertie. "But there was great excitement for the poor fellow—I suppose he had been bred up to it from his youth. The mother must be a more difficult party to deal with."  
"At first we had our fears, but Mr. M'Orkole took her in hand, and has actually converted her to Calvinism. They are allies, and Mrs. M'Orkole tells me that her husband is sure that Mrs. Brown is one of the elect."

Bertie laughed, and the aside ended, for, by this time the desert was on the table, and old Mr. Lancelotti had risen to make a speech, being determined on as much health-drinking as the ladies would allow.

Very soon more guests arrived, and there was a general adjournment to the drawing-room, off which opened a large, empty room, which had been set apart for dancing.

Grace, after her long journey, felt too tired to indulge in this exercise, and was installed in an arm-chair and given a letter to read, which we will take the liberty of perusing over her shoulder. It began—

"MY DEAREST ALMA—  
"This should reach you at about Christmas time, so let me begin by wishing you and yours the most good luck, and happy and yours the most Christmas I ever will spend together; for, if you don't come to us, we will even go to you—though how I am going to find my way to you, I don't know. I don't give Alma to consent to risk the lives of her precious brats on the deep sea, as I am glad to hear. Everything prospers with us, as I am little changed, and sings as charmingly as ever, and the children are good and pretty, though nearly as black as their mother. Sir Charles North has blown us to the winds, and I am glad to hear of it, and we have another dance with us for good, and by wishing you and yours the most good luck, and happy and yours the most Christmas I ever will spend together; for, if you don't come to us, we will even go to you—though how I am going to find my way to you, I don't know. 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Sketches.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowsar.

By Mrs. Bowsar. "I think we'll have a few games of euchre this evening," observed Mr. Bowsar, as he laid aside his paper the other night.

Science.

Surface of the Moon.

From the comparative proximity of the moon and the extreme readiness with which we discern the visible characters of the objects presented on her disc, it is not surprising that she has always attracted a large measure of attention.

The Inner Man.

The variety of food which has proved acceptable to our appetites and doctrines is an object of some curious study. Long ago shell-fish, that reliance of the modern house-keeper, was forbidden to the Jews.

Boys' Column.

The Old School-Books. What pleasant memories cluster round these volumes old and worn. With covers smirched, and bindings creased and edges thumbed and torn.

Ladies' Column.

Her Face and Her Fortune. A young man marries a girl who has a pretty face, and thinks he has a wife and a fortune.

Miscellaneous.

The Seven Ages of Women. All the world's a wardrobe. And all the girls and women merely wearers.

The Barber's Story.

"O, Barbara, the latter shall. This season time to speak; If you won't be my bride, I'll die without a squeak."

Natural History.

THE OWL. There are forty six different species of owls known to naturalists, but the principal occupation of each species is to run the night and scare school-boys half to death by hooting.

Kiss of the Wife that's True.

There's the kiss pressed on the lips of the child. Of lovers when parting at night; The kiss of mother on sorrow beguiled;

The Bear.

There are several species of the bear—polar, grizzly, cinnamon, black, brown, etc., but each and every one of them is built on the same scientific principle.

Fancy Work.

Gather together all your scraps of old curtains, collars, caps, or any such like flowing underclothes that were fashionable in our grandmothers' time.

Peace on Earth.

He took her little hand in his, He clasped it round her neck, And roved her forehead from the wind, And from the world's cold storm.

It is stated in a French paper.

It is stated in a French paper that Professor Place, of the Caroly School of Saumur, has recently applied electricity with great success to horses which prove refractory while being shod.

Man came into a cigar store.

A man came into a cigar store, bought a cigar, and threw a bad sixpence on the counter. He was hurriedly departing when the dealer called after him: "Answered on, its bad!"



LITTLE CHIPS.

[By "TOMAHAWK."] Dear, dear! who'd 'a' thought there could ever be a split in the camp—in that happy little family that has been "bossed" so long and effectively by the biggest and yet the kindest of all the letters of the alphabet!

Our Jubilee is over. Everybody has had his piece, and I— I have had my part. This complaint has been very troublesome this time. I missed all the fun, the sight-seeing, and the opportunity of picking up some really good chips. Never mind; while there's time...

I listened attentively, very attentively to a jubilee sermon last Sunday week, in which the preacher told his "dearly beloved brethren" that he did not believe that the All-wise Dispenser of good things over intended that there should be equality in the human race.

CANNED FOOD.

From an article in the "New Evening Courier" on various ways of preserving food, and especially by the canning process, the following is taken:

The immense proportions to which the canned food industry has grown from an humble beginning would only be mystified to the reader by the multiplication of statistics. But it is well to look back to that humble beginning and to compare its modest figures with a few striking statistics of today.

It is astonishing the favour in which Wolfe's Schnapps is held, we suppose because it is a first-class article. VIGOROUS DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Restorer" for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers."

ARABAT DISTRICT PROSPECTING BOARD.

The District Prospecting Board held meetings at Stawell on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday last. Applications from the Pleasant Creek division only were dealt with. At the instigation of Mr. J. W. Brown, supported by a report from Mr. Murray, geological surveyor, the Board decided to recommend that the country towards Lillie be prospected by diamond-drill boring, without any local contribution expenditure.

QUARTZ. M. White, Malakoff Hill, Jock's Gully, Seaford, L100. E. Campiano, Surface Hill, Raglan, L150. James McDonald, Beaufort, L100. John Deming, Geelong Flat, Beaufort, L100. P. Blackmore, Surface Hill, Beaufort, L500. Duke G.M. Co., Beaufort, L200. John Cadie, Sailor's Gully, L250. Waterloo Swamp G.M. Co., manual labor and boring operations, L1000. Saxon Consols G. M. Co., Waterloo Flat, L1000. Kenneth McKinnon, L750.

Table with 3 columns: Division, Quartz, and Amount. Rows include Pleasant Creek division, Raglan division, and Barkly division.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

The monthly match between members of the Beaufort Rifle Club took place on Wednesday last. The day was a miserable one for shooting, and at the short ranges the object to fire at was not a very clear one. A dull light, mistiness, and a puffy wind three-quarters on from target to firing point militated against anything like good scoring off the rifle, and only the cracks were able to make good figures, whilst the "beginners" and "improvers" dodged the target in a most wonderful manner, and the leaders missed found softer beds than on an iron plate.

JOGGING HER HUSBAND'S MEMORY

A husband was sitting in his store at Maricopa when a letter in a familiar handwriting was handed to him. It was from his wife, whom he had left at home that morning with every assurance of affection and devotion. But the very first sentence startled him, and as he read on the most horrible suspicion seized him.

"I am forced to tell you something that I know will trouble you, but it is my duty to do so. I am determined you shall know it, let the result be what it may. I have known for a week that this trial was coming, but kept it to myself until to-day, when it has reached a crisis, and I can keep it no longer. You must not censure me too harshly, for you must reap the reward as well as myself. I do hope it won't crush you. The flour is all out. Please send some this afternoon. I thought by this method you would not forget it."

She was right. He didn't.—"Savannah News."

FREE GIFTS.—The proprietors of WOLFE'S SCHNAPP'S AROMATIC CHAMPAGNE, to induce the destruction and prevent the improper use of their wrappers and labels, and thus further protect the Public against fraud and deception, have included in the wrappers or under the label on the quart bottles, since 1st October, 1878, and continue to include in EVERY DAY'S PACKING THROUGHOUT THE YEAR, THREE £1 ORDERS, which are drawn upon the undersigned, and which will be cashed by them on presentation. To secure these Gifts, the Public must be careful to ask for, and accept nothing but the GENUINE UPRIGHT WOLFE'S SCHNAPP'S, with our name upon the top label M. Moss & Co., Wynyard Lane, Sydney.

Holloway's Pills.—In the complaints peculiar to females these Pills are unrivalled. Their use for the fair sex has become so constant for the removal of their ailments that rare is the house hold that is without them. Amongst all classes from the domestic servant to the peeress, universal favour is accorded to those renovating Pills their invigorating and purifying properties render them safe and invaluable in all cases; they may be taken by females of all ages for any disorganization or irregularity of the system, speedily removing the cause and restoring the sufferer to robust health. As a family medicine they are unapproachable for subduing the maladies of young and old.

We know that Wolfe's Schnapps is a first-class article, and can recommend it as such to our readers.

FLORINE.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Florine" sprinkled on the fair sex produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or a wet tooth-brush. Florine is made in part of honey and sweet tobaccos smoke. "The Fragrant Florine," being composed in part of honey and the greatest delicacy to the taste, and the greatest of all discoveries of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot 33, Farringdon Road, London.

Headaches, liveness of spirits, &c., show that the liver is out of order. In Wolfe's Schnapps you have the best remedy.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

A notable feature of the Jubilee celebrations in India was a final triumph over the difficulties of the Sind-Pishin Railway. An engine was sent for the first time over the four miles of tunnels and viaducts which take the line through the Chuppar rift and over the Chuppar bridge—which is 600 feet long and 300 feet high. This portion of the line has been the most difficult of the whole railway.

A St. Paul dispatch states that the Manitoba Railroad will execute the greatest feat in construction in 1887 that has ever been accomplished in this country, and it is no less than the partial building of the road by electric light. A contract has been let to build 980 miles from the Western end of the Manitoba road to Great Falls, Mont., and 90 miles from Great Falls to Helena, the work to be completed November 23 next. Three gangs of men, including 5000 graders, will work in turns of eight hours, the work being prosecuted at night by the aid of electric lights. The most improved machinery will be used. This course has been resolved upon on account of the exorbitant rates demanded by the Northern Pacific Road for transporting rails. The Northern Pacific will lose the transportation, amounting to about 100,000 dollars.

The wheat crop of the Argentine Republic is believed to be the largest ever known, yielding about 12,000,000 for export. All available sailing vessels at Buenos Ayres have been chartered to load with wheat and lumber for Europe.

Near Dolores, Argentine Republic, there was recently a shower of stones. A few moments after the plains were covered with the bodies of geese, storks and other birds and animals killed by the stones. One inhabitant in the space of half an hour. Great loss was sustained. Many animals were killed, and crops and trees were destroyed. The Chinese loan of five million marks has been recently subscribed, although at the high rate of 10 1/2%. This is considered to be the opening of an era of successful competition with England in her financial relations with China. The low rate of interest facilitated the making of the loan.

Hitherto the flour consumed in India was made of wheat grown in that country and sent to Europe to be ground, and from thence returned to the far East. But recently a native milling corporation has been formed at Bombay, which will grind large quantities of wheat into flour, effecting a saving of the freight herebefore paid; and there are indications that other large mills will be erected there. This means higher prices for the wheat producer, and lower prices to the flour consumer.

According to the report of the California State Board of Forestry, there are about 30,498,870,300 feet of redwood still uncut in that State.

The wonderful growth of Birmingham, Ala., is very strikingly illustrated in the assessed value of real estate from 5,795,000 dollars last year to twenty million dollars this year.

The loss to the Missouri Pacific Railway through last year's strike is placed, in the annual report of the company, at 500,000 dollars, while losses to the strikers are estimated by the Curtin (congressional) committee at 900,000 dollars, making a total of 1,400,000 dollars.

Four hundred varieties of grapes are grown in California. Twenty million gallons of wine are produced yearly, and grapes are shipped to almost every city and town in the Union, while Californian raisins are competing with the best European products in the markets of the world.

The discovery that bagasse, the refuse cane stalk that comes from the rollers of the sugar factory in quantities of thousands of tons annually, and which has been going to waste, can be made into a superior quality of paper, has stimulated citizens of Ottawa, Kansas, to such an extent that a paper mill which will be the first in the state, will probably be erected this summer.

A prominent junk dealer in New York recently received an order for ten thousand old tomato cans. The dealer explained that much of this kind of tin is used for corners and edge pieces on a low grade of trunks; while many people use it for bushings on roofs. The dealer is obliged to melt the solder off, straighten the cans out into flat sheets, and pack the pieces in flat bundles for shipment, and only gets about ten dollars per ton for his trouble.

An ingenious improvement in the manufacture of tin cans for preserving food is being introduced, the plan consisting in so forming the lid that it is merely pressed on and the can is hermetically sealed, so that no internal pressure can remove the lid. Water, boiled in a tin thus closed has failed to force it off, although the steam pressure has burst the can itself. A penny piece, however, used as a lever by being placed under a rim formed around the top of the cover, with the shoulder of the can as a fulcrum, raises the lid with a remarkably small expenditure of power. The principle involved in the device is that of the wedge and lever. The neck of the tin on which the lid fits is formed at a very sharp angle from the vertical, and the rim of the lid is made at a corresponding angle, so solder being used to form the joint. By means of this arrangement, the opening of cans is rendered a remarkably clean, quick, and simple operation, contrasting greatly in these respects with the inconvenient method of opening now in vogue.

We recommend Wolfe's Schnapps to our readers as an unexceptional medical beverage. OXYGEN IN LIFE.—Dr. Bright's Phosphoric. Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nerves and Liver Complaints, Depression of Spirits, Hypochondria, Tristitia, Indigestion, Failure of Hearing, Sight, and Memory, Lassitude, Want of Power, &c., whose remedy is a permanent cure by the new remedy Phosphoric (Oxyonic Oxygen), which once admits all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies, sold by all chemists and druggists throughout the globe. CAUTION.—Phosphoric is sometimes sold in the form of Pills and Lozenges, which should be generally known that every form of these solid articles of Phosphoric are in combination is dangerous. It is therefore necessary that the public should be cautioned against the use of any form of Phosphoric not perfectly soluble in water.

EVE.

In appearance Eve was exceedingly gracious and beautiful, full of reticence and dignity; people always spoke of her as a lady, and whispered to one another that she had come of good stock. To her husband she was full of wistful courtesy; it seemed as if he had made some sacrifice in marrying her, and her devotion was mingled with gratitude.

In Adam there was less that was peculiar than in his wife. He would stand often on his threshold in the evening and look out. He had forgotten that centuries had passed by, and was still yearning for the return of his fight-brother—the wanderer. It was Eve who in the springtime turned to the meadow where the lambs were playing, and she always went alone. When she came back she would put her arms round her husband's neck and kiss him. He did not understand that she was come from a grave; but he was grateful for the kiss, and drew her away to look at the young sprouting blades of corn. He had become a husbandman, and was skilled in the tilling of the ground. He never looked happier than when he came home hot and hungry from working in the fields. She loved to see his meal, lay her head on his knee, and listen to his talk of the wonderful new ways of raising crops and planting vineyards. He was busy, and contented, and there was no regret in his face. But their conversation did not always turn on commonplace matters. On winter evenings they often discussed ancient history, and showed a familiar acquaintance with the stories we now read in the early chapters of Genesis. Sometimes they would quarrel and grow sulky, or violently disagree. Then Adam's voice would be heard in reproach, or Eve's contention, and Adam would walk out and lean against the old swing gate that seemed to be the natural boundary of his domain. When Eve saw him leaning against the gate, and apparently forgetful of her, she would steal up to him softly, and they would walk home together, a new light in their eyes. All age had passed from their faces, and there was majesty in their least caressing touch, for they had no suspicion of intruders, and thought only of each other. After these hours of reconciliation they would speak of quite another time in their lives, when evidently there had been deep accord between them; then, and then only, was Eve heard to laugh—a silvery, ringing laugh, full of unmingled mirth, and Adam, drunk with the witcheery, would grow eloquent and tender.—"Contemporary Review."

"Le Journal De La Monnaie," of Paris, has commenced a series of articles on the present condition of milling and baking in various lands of the civilized world. The first article deals with Spain, and tends to show that both the miller's and baker's arts are, generally speaking, in a backward condition in that country. The Peninsula contains some 10,000 mills, of which 9000 merely do custom or gristing work, while the balance may be called merchant mills. Custom mills are termed Molinos (mills), whereas a merchant mill is designated by the somewhat title of Fabrica De Harina (flour factory). It is very common for bakers to buy their own grain and have it ground in a custom mill; but in the larger towns, and more particularly in Madrid, many bakers have their own mills and grind as much flour as they require. These mills generally form part of the bakery premises, and are sometimes driven by a gas engine, but more often the gear wheels are turned by mules. A single pair of stones—its diameter does not, as a rule, much exceed three feet—will take the services of four mules, and as a rule cannot be kept at this kind of work for more than two hours a day, a large bakery using seven to nine mules in daily work. In Spanish bakeries the primitive custom of kneading with the feet is still in full vogue, the excess alleged being the stiffness of the dough, which is attributed to the imperfect reduction of the grain. The writer of this article has, indeed, no exalted opinion of Spanish milling, and remarks that throughout the country a mill well fitted and intelligently worked is the exception, putting aside the province of Catalonia, which is the only one part of the Peninsula in which modern industry has made any progress. The custom mills are all furnished with the most primitive appliances, so primitive that it is usual for the peasants who bring their grain to do the work of grinding with their own hands. The typical merchant mill is provided with four to ten pairs of stones, usually driven by a turbine. The conduct of these mills is said to leave much to be desired, the stones being badly kept and the dressing machinery of a somewhat rude type; still, some Spanish millers manage to make admirable flour of a rather dark color. It is admitted that there are brilliant exceptions to the state of things described, and that flour mills are to be found in Spain which are on a level with the best mills of France. It is noted that these model mills have been fitted for the most part by French milling engineers.

There are indications that the Sultan of Turkey, influenced by a feeling of resentment at the threats which have been held out by Russia and France, will consent to the ratification of the convention with England in reference to the withdrawal of her troops from Egypt.

SPANISH MILLING AND BAKING.

The relations between King Milan and his wife, Queen Natalie, who is at present staying at the Gineata, are no longer so amicable, and the King has forbidden her to return to Servia.

The Crown Prince of Germany, who has been on a visit to England in connection with the Queen's Jubilee, has caught a severe cold, and his throat is actually congested. Dr. Morell McKenzie has succeeded in removing the greater portion of the growth which has formed.

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GRAND HEROISM.

A number of battle-scarred veterans were sitting round a comfortable fire in General Thomas A. Rowley's office the other day, spinning yarns of daring and heroism such as would make the blood of the coldest tingled with pleasurable excitement. During a lull in the conversation the General aroused himself from a reverie into which he had dropped, and with a sigh, began:

"Boys, you've been telling tales of battles—of men who risked their lives for their country's good—but you, one and all, have forgotten to mention the name of a man known to you all, and against whose one act of self-sacrificing bravery your stories sink into insignificance. I refer to Sergeant John Lytle, a veteran of the Mexican war, who arrived that struggle only to perish later in a nobler and more heroic manner than did over man on a battle-field.

"John was a brother of Bob Lytle, who is now in the Delinquent Tax Office. In '49 he was one of the first to get the gold fever and leave for California. He was one of the few who struck luck, and after a time he got together quite a snug little fortune. He was then the third of the Slope and decided to move into Mexico, which he did about 1867 or 1868, engaging in the cotton and coffee-raising business, and also interesting himself in silver mining. After a time his health began to fail, and he started overland to California for his health. This was in '70. For some reason or other he never completed his journey, but instead took passage on the steamer Continental with Captain St. Lucas, bound for Mexico. When the vessel was about three days out there came up one of those terrible cyclones that sometimes strike the Pacific Ocean, and against which no vessel can sail. Well, the Continental was not an overly strong ship, and it sprang a leak. Then began the lowering of the life-boats, but one by one as they reached the water the wind would dash them against the side of the vessel and smash them to smithereens. At last the storm subsided, and it was well it did, for the ill-fated Continental was rapidly sinking. It was found that there were but two life-boats left, and at least seven persons more on board than they would carry.

"What was to be done? Some one suggested casting lots to see who should remain and perish. Lytle was lucky, and drew a release ticket for the last boat. It was lowered and John was put into it. Just as it was about to push free from the vessel there was a terrible shriek heard, and there, on the fast-sinking ship, stood six men and a woman. It was the latter who had uttered the cry. In her arms was a babe scarce a year old, and on her face a look of anguish and terror that poor Lytle could not stand.

"Stop the boat, boys," he said, "and take that woman and her child on board. I'll take her place on the vessel. She's young and strong, while at the most I haven't a great while to live. I might as well die now as later, and despite all protests he took his place on the Continental, while the unknown woman and her babe entered the life-boat and were saved. The seven men on the boat built a raft, and when the ship sunk cast out to sea on it. They were never seen or heard of after. Lytle's relatives after a time wrote to the consul at Mexico and tried to recover or find out something about his estate, but to this day have received no reply. His money, if had any, and it is believed that he had; has been confiscated by somebody or other, and all that remains is the memory of his noble life and death.—"Pittsburgh Leader."

AN ASTONISHED INDIAN.

"They tell me a story about Geronimo," said a man from Arizona at the Palmer house. "While the Apaches were raiding the ranches in the foot hills of New Mexico, they captured a white man who had false teeth, a glass eye and a cork leg. The unfortunate fellow was dragged into the hills where the Indians were encamped, and strapped to a tree to die. Just before dusk Geronimo happened to pass the prisoner, who had succeeded in releasing one of his arms from the leather strap which bound him to the tree.

"Ugh!" grunted the big Apache chief, pinching the white man with the muzzle of his Winchester. "The prisoner thrust his fingers into his mouth, removed his teeth and shook them in the face of the Apache. This done, he replaced the pieces as quickly as he had removed them, and plucking out his eye, began polishing it on his knee. Geronimo had seen a good many things in his life, but the sight of a man removing his teeth and eyes at will was enough to make the savage's hair stand on end. Without waiting to strip the prisoner of his clothes, as was their custom, the Apaches released the nervous fellow, and putting him astride a horse, fairly begged him to leave the camp. The settler needed no second invitation. Seizing the animal by the mane, he rode a few yards out into the opening, when, to the horror of the savages, who had been watching his flight, he pulled off his cork leg and waved it above his head. It is said, on good authority, that this is the first instance on record where the superposition of an Apache got the better of his knife.—"Chicago Herald."

ROWLEY'S COUGH EMULSION will be found a valuable remedy for Adults and Children in all cases of cold in the Head and Chest. Asthma, Cough, Bronchial Cough, Shortness of Breath, Soreness, Inflammation and all affections of the Throat and Lungs, accumulation of Phlegm, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Indigestion, Diphtheria, Influenza, Croup, or Sore Throat. Public Speakers and Singers, and others, will find it invaluable for clearing and strengthening the voice, and restoring the natural condition of the vocal organs; it contains nothing deleterious. It never fails in giving prompt relief. Sold in bottles 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. each, and may be obtained of every respectable Chemist and Patent Medicine Vendors who if they do not stock it by them, can easily procure it from the Wholesale Agents without any extra charge. Wholesale Agents: FULTON, GRAYSON and CO., and ROBEY, TOMPKINS and CO., Melbourne.

SUFFERERS FROM WIND ON THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Cholic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Stiff Joints, &c., should use no true in eradicating themselves of such most excellent medicine—PAGE WOODCOCK'S MIND PILLS, which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effective antidote to the above and all complaints arising from a disordered state of the stomach, bowels, or liver. Tonic, invigorating and purifying, they form the best remedy extant. Sold by all Medicine Vendors in boxes at 1s., 1/6d., 2s., 3d., and 3s. 6d. each. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, Lincoln, England.



THE PURE-BRED CLYDESDALE COLT

TIME OF DAY.

Will stand this Season at BEASLEY'S BRIDGE, nine miles from ST. ARNAUD.

TIME OF DAY is a dark dapple bay, 3 years old. His sire, Darnley, bred by John Smith, of Darnley, dam Jetty by Crown Prince (Imp.), g. sired by A. Rowan's Scotchman (Imp.). TIME OF DAY is half brother to the champion mare at Stawell in 1884, bred by Mr. Davis, of Kingston, and his half-sister Ellwood's got first prize for dry mare at the Grand National Show held at Tallon in 1885, beating the hon. J. M. Miller's Princess of Wales the first. TIME OF DAY's dam Princess Maid though, was exhibited 14 times and succeeded in getting 13 first prizes. She also won the Ballarat Champion Cup two years in succession, competing against imported and colonial stallions; also champion at Geelong two years in succession against imported and colonial stallions; thus 4 years in succession the champion male or female, a feat which has as yet not been equaled by any male in Victoria. Her sire, Cox's Prince of Wales (670), out of Jess, by Clydesdale Tam (475), out of Maggie by Lethian Tam (506), thus proving, for purity of Clydesdale blood and illustrious prize-taking ancestry, Time of Day can compare most favorably with any of the favored colts of the breed. He granted first prize at Tallon as a yearling, second at Clunes, first at Geelong, second at Geelong, and first at Beaufort, as a two-year-old. Time of Day is entered for the Sires' Produce Stakes at Beaufort 1888. A foal by Time of Day won The Riponshire Advocate Cup in 1877.

TERMS.—£4, to be paid when the mares are removed, or made good by promissory note due 1st day of March, 1888. A good grass paddock for all mares sent. All care taken of mares, but no responsibility incurred. N.B.—Sundays strictly observed. For further particulars apply to KENNETH MCKINNON, Beasley's Bridge, P.O., via St. Arnaud.

Schedule A.—[Rule 2.]

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR MINING LEASE.

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, hereby give notice that, within six days from the date hereof, I will have with the Warden of the Mining Division of Ballarat an application for a Gold Mining Lease, the particulars whereof are hereunder set forth:— Name in full of each applicant: John W. Hetherington, Beaufort, New Victoria; John No. 2 Mining Company, Extended Gold Mining Company. Name and full address of each and the style under which the business shall be carried on: John W. Hetherington, Beaufort, New Victoria; John No. 2 Mining Company, Extended Gold Mining Company. Extent and situation of land applied for, and whether on, or below the surface, or both, or a hole: Twenty-five acres, lot 10, on and below the surface of the land. Name of each person (if any) who is in occupation of the land: William Kelly. Minimum number of men to be employed: For the first six months, six men; subsequently, when full work, sixteen men. Precise locality of the ground: Waterloo Flat. Term required: Fifteen years. Time of commencing operations: On the granting of the lease. Amount of money proposed to be invested, and in what manner the same is to be worked: £200; manual labor and steam machinery. Whether the boundaries of the land applied for will include any river, creek, deposit of permanent water, spring, artificial reservoir, public road, or subject to any public rights: None. General remarks: None. Date and place: Beaufort, New Victoria, 1st July, 1907. J. W. HETHERINGTON.

WARNING TO APPLICANTS.

It is hereby notified that the execution of the Lease granted on this application is a condition of the grant, and if the ground is not worked to the best advantage, the lease in either case the Lease will be forfeited.

GREAT JUBILEE SALE

Seasonable Drapery, AT JAMES TYLER'S MANCHESTER HOUSE, 11 and 13 BRIDGE ST., BALLARAT.

In the midst of so many Drapery Sales in Ballarat, James Tyler is determined to keep up the reputation of Manchester House for the Cheapest and Best Goods in the District.

UNHEARD OF PRICES.

I don't often announce a sale, and when I do so my customers know that I mean it, and on Saturday Next, I will, for one month only, make a Jubilee Gift of my profits, and give the price the benefit of my recent cheap investments.

THIS IS NO MISLEADING DRAPERY

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT IS A FACT. Why? Because my winter's amount of business is about done. My stock is slightly heavy, and so, being the order of the day in Ballarat, my sale position in the trade has enabled me to secure a few Melbourne bargains that must impress buyers and make the participant purser stand amazed.

Every householder should see what I have to offer, and even if you are not in immediate want of Blankets, Flannels, or Overcoats, you will find that I can give you better interest for your money than the Savings Bank.

THE SALE BEGINS ON JULY 2nd.

Pay me a visit. Walk through my premises, and if you buy nothing, you will get civil treatment.

JAMES TYLER, MANCHESTER HOUSE,

11 and 13 Bridge Street, Ballarat.







# The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY JULY 9, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

[No. 612.]

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,  
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence Street, Beaufort, so that we may be able to rectify any error in our list. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for us to do so unless we are enabled to do so by the measures to be taken.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

New subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office on the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An oversight of this nature will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—

From the Fishlake Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.30 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days. One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOWLES, Proprietor.

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.  
ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.—Total paid over—£15,000,000.  
Annual Income—£200,000. Accumulated Funds exceed £1,000,000.

LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, Williams Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—  
H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to  
A. NEEDHAM, Noll street, Beaufort.  
Cheapest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.  
Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.  
Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLY SECURITY.

Policies opened up before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus declared for the period ending 30th September, 1886.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

## W. BAKER,

Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W. B. has ON SALE the following lines:—  
Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architraves, and other Mouldings; Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites.

Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices.

Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

GRATEFUL.—COMFORTING.

## EPPS'S COCOA,

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal sickness by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."  
Made simply with boiling water or milk.  
Sold in 1/2 lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,  
HOMEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.

CRAWFORD'S,  
CORNER STURT AND ARMSTRONG  
STREETS.

## Snow and Room

PROPRIETOR.

Special Lines now showing at Crawford's.

KID (GLOVES).  
The Elaine (Crawford's registered brand).—4 button, 1s 11d; 6-button, 2s 11d.  
Light Fancies.—4 buttons 1s, 1s 11d, 3s 11d, 5s 6d; 6-button 2s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d.  
Gents' White Kid Gloves.—Big line 2-button at 1s; also at 1s 11d and 2s 11d.  
New Cashmere and Fabric Gloves.—Splendid assortment ladies' and children's. Special line ladies' at 6d, 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 9d, 2s 6d.

BEAUTIFUL WOOL GOODS.  
Clouds, 3d, 6d, 9d, 1s, 1s 6d, and upwards.  
New lines opera cloaks and hoods, 17s 6d to 32s 6d.  
Children's wool pelisses, 8s 11d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d.

SWISS WORKS.  
Jobs at 1s 3d, 1s 9d, and 2s 6d per doz yds; also from 3d to 2s 11d per yd.  
Red and white Swiss works, 1 1/2d, 2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4 1/2d.

Sash ribbons, 10in wide, all shades, 6d per yd. New picot-edge ribbons, wide, 9d per yd. Ladies' silk neck kerchiefs, 9d, 1s, 1s 3d, up to 3s 11d.  
Ladies' satin umbrellas, 3s 11d (good), 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d, to 25s.

LACES.  
Extraordinary value in Edelweiss, Torchon, and imitation Maltese; commencing 1d, 1 1/2d, 2 1/2d, up to 1s.

LADIES' HAND-BAGS.  
Morocco, plush, &c., 1s 6d, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, up to 25s.

DRESSES.  
Costume cloths, wonderful lines, at 3s 11d per doz yds; also 5s 11d and 7s 11d; also at 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 6d, and 2s per yd.  
New dress tweeds for tailor-made costumes, beautiful textures and colorings, 1s 6d, 1s 9d, 2s, 2s 3d, 2s 9d, 3s 6d upwards.

Winceys, exceptional value, 2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4 1/2d, 6d; crisp very wide and heavy, 8 1/2d.  
Wool Plaids, double width, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d.

Cashmeres—Colored, at 3s 11d per dress of 7 yds; also 10 1/2d to 1s. All wool French cashmeres, 44 inches wide, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, to 4s 6d.  
Silks—Special line colored Merveilleux at 4s 11d.

Black Merveilleux, extra value, 3s 6d, 4s 11d, 6s 11d.  
Colored sarahs, 2s 11d and 3s 6d.  
Black and brown Ottoman mantle silks, 5s 6d and 7s 11d.

Checked and stripe velveteens, 1s 11d and 2s 6d.  
Black velveteens, 8 1/2d, 1s, 1s 3d, to 3s 6d.

MANCHESTER.  
White sheeting, 2yds wide, 10 1/2d.  
Forfars from 3 1/2d, toilet covers from 9d; Turkish towels, 6d, 9d, 1s, to 3s 6d; table damasks, 8 1/2d; table napkins, from 1s 11d per dozen.

Nice assortment of doyleys, serviettes, &c.; window holland, special value, 6 1/2d; union and linen tickings from 6d.

Heavy wove calicoes, 1 yard wide, 2s 11d dozen.  
Cotton shirtings, 2 1/2d; good selection Union and Crimean shirtings.

Blankets—White and colored, from 4s 11d. Crawford's special blanket for this season at 17s 6d is a marvel, and worth 25s.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.  
10 Bales Dutch Carpeting, 36 inch 3 1/2d.  
Tapestry and Brussels Carpet.—A magnificent stock, still selling at our transfer sale prices, 4s 4d checks.

Linoleums.—Large accumulation of remnants at half cost prices.  
Jobs in mats and rugs of every description.  
—Nottingham and guipure lace.  
Curtains—Stylish and cheap.

OUR NEW SHOW ROOM  
Is now in full swing, and we are exhibiting many lines of interest to ladies.

Corsets.—We commence with a splendid line at 1s 11d per pair.

We have a special line of underclothing all round at 2s 6d per garment; wonderfully cheap.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary underwear for ladies we desire to specially mention; also combination in men's.

Mantles, Ulsters, and Shawls—One of the best stocks in Australia; many lines ridiculously low.

Fur capes very cheap.  
Special lines of musquash capes at 17s 6d, worth 35s.  
Furs and boas—A lovely lot.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT,  
Under the new management, is a gratifying success, and our prices for stylish and becoming hats and bonnets are incomparable.

Crawford's half-guinea hats and bonnets and Crawford's guinea bonnets are most charming in design and marvels in price.

TAILORING.  
We have a cutter of exceptional merit, and our prices are very moderate.

Gent's trousers to measure, 12s 6d; suits, Special line Ballarat tweed suits to measure, 50s.  
Men's Geelong tweed suits—25s, 29s 6d, 37s 6d, 45s.  
Gent's and boys' hats and shirts, collars, ties, hosiery, in great variety.  
The new Jubilee Hats and caps for boys are very pretty.

## Snow & Room

THE COLONIAL BRANCH  
CORRESPONDENCE ESTABLISHED 1857  
THE COVENTRY MACHINERY CO.  
UNDER THE CHARGE OF  
EXPERIENCED ENGLISH EXPERTS  
62 & 64  
ELIZABETH STREET  
MELBOURNE  
LISTS FREE  
THE IMPERIAL CLUB  
(A FRONT STEERER)  
BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES  
EVERY STYLE EVERY PRICE TERMS CASH  
Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF  
**PIANOS**  
BY ALL THE BEST MAKERS.  
25 per Cent. Better Value than any other House can offer.  
A Striking Contrast in Appearance, Tone and Finish to all other Instruments of Similar Price.  
BAND INSTRUMENTS BY ALL STANDARD MAKERS.  
**ALLAN & Co.,**  
COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.  
TIME-PAYMENT for all INSTRUMENTS.

**LEWIS & WHITTY'S**  
A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.  
No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.  
Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.  
PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.  
**BORAX SOAP**  
Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water.  
CLEANSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.  
THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH.  
**BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!**  
—AND—  
**BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!**  
Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.  
Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together with the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.  
REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.  
The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.  
**LEWIS & WHITTY'S**  
SQUARE BLUE  
EGG POWDER  
BLACKENING  
AND  
WASHING  
POWDER  
STAND  
UNRIVALLED!  
To be had from all Grocers and Storekeepers.  
WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

## Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,  
—SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS  
AND  
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)  
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auctions and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE.  
And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,  
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

## Extraordinary

Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADES AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers

&c., &c., &c.

Without Money or Security

ON

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART

OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the

World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

225 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to the Advocate of London News and other papers, by H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIEN'S HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND EXPORT AGENTS.

Hargreaves, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London Northway and Sons, 35 Newgate-street, London. Farley and Sons, 65 Farringdon-street, London. Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.  
MELBOURNE AGENTS.  
ROCKS, TOMPKINS & Co., Melbourne.  
HEWSON & Co., Wholesale Druggists.  
FRY & FAZELCH.  
SYDNEY AGENTS.  
ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.  
100, ROW & Co.

ADELPHI AGENTS.  
FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.  
BRISBANE AGENTS.  
DEPNEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.  
ALLOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.  
KAMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Drug Duodun, Auckland, and Christchurch.  
MELBOURNE AGENTS  
FOR THE  
RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE  
MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCH  
COLLINS STREET WEST

## FOR SALE,

HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery and Premises. Principals only. Apply to HARRIS and TROY.

For Sale,  
120 ACRES of LAND at Gravelly Hill, Mount HARRIS and TROY.

## Important Notice,

Mr. W. HARTLEY,

DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT

(Over Barwell's, Photographer).

Dental Registration Certificate, No. 5445.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding districts that he has opened a permanent office in the above place, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated. Decayed teeth, loosened from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience, cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth require more rubbing to the face can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Special care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years, ruin the mouth or necessitate artificial appearance. ADVISE FREE. Testimonials, both English and Colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, N Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.

At Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 9 to 11 a.m., where all necessary information can be given.

## GREAT JUBILEE SALE

OF

Scotch and English

JAMES TYLER'S

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

11 and 13 BRIDGE ST., BALLARAT.

In the midst of so many Drapery Sales in Ballarat Mr. James Tyler is determined to keep up the reputation of a Scotch and English Drapery.

Cheapest and Best Goods in the District.

What a day! My dear ones, pardon me for a while, I am so excited, and I am so glad, that I cannot find time to write you more than a few lines. I am so glad to hear that you are all well, and I am so glad to hear that you are all well, and I am so glad to hear that you are all well.

UNHEARD OF PRICES.

I don't know how to describe it, and when I do so my words will be of no use to you, and I am so glad to hear that you are all well, and I am so glad to hear that you are all well, and I am so glad to hear that you are all well.

THIS IS NO MISLEADING DRAPERY SALE!

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT IS A FACT!

Why? Because my wife's amount of business is already done. My stock is slightly heavy, and sales being the order of the day in Ballarat, my second position in the trade has enabled me to give a few more lines than I could have done in the first sale, and make the price of all goods still lower.

Every one should see it, and when I have to offer you a bargain, you will be glad to hear of it.

Blankets, Trowsers, or Overcoats, you will find that I can give you the best for your money, and I am so glad to hear that you are all well.

THE SALE BEGINS ON JULY 2ND.

Pay me a visit. Walk through my premises, and if you buy nothing, you will give me a treat.

JAMES TYLER,  
MANCHESTER HOUSE,  
11 and 13 Bridge Street, Ballarat.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

## HOPPER'S

MILK PUNCH

GENUINE OLD ENGLISH ELIXIR

VITE

Can be obtained at Smith's Golden Age Hotel, Beaufort, and the Manufactory, Snake Valley; or at all the following Agents.

A. V. JONES & Co., Warrack, etc.,  
Stock, Station and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited)  
Capital, £250,000.  
Reserve Fund, £200,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances  
ON  
STATION SECURITIES.

ENCOURAGE THE SALE OF WOOL, GRAIN, &c.  
FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE  
OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

At the Sale of Wool held every week through the Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, and other produce, the following are the principal agents of Grain, Flour, etc. held over.

DAVID ELDEN, Manager.  
J. W. HUGHES, Manager.  
Wool and Produce Manager.  
Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouse, Collins Street West.

NOTICE.  
For the prompt despatch of business all orders in future to be addressed to HENNINGSEN and KLEINER of H. P. HENNINGSEN, the Publishers.



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

Business has been somewhat inactive during the past week in the produce market, and prices show but little variation. Wheat continues at 3s 6d per bushel, but none has been offered. Flour has not seen a great deal of trade at last week's rates...

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Messrs. A. M. Greenfield and Co. report under date of July 7.—A quiet week has been passed in the produce market. Supplies are light, and prices on the whole are unchanged.

GEELONG WEEKLY STATION PRODUCE REPORT.

Messrs George Hague and Co. report under date Wednesday, July 6.—Wool.—The latest intelligence from the London Sales reports that prices are hardening. The German demand is increasing, and the Americans are assisting to keep up the rates for the best wools.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT.

BEGS to inform the residents of Beaufort and the whole of the District that he may be CONSULTED the FIRST THURSDAY IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. LOFT'S RAILWAY HOTEL, opposite station.

On Sale THURSDAY, AUGUST 4TH, 1887.

JEREMIAH SMITH'S TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS.

American shelving boards, Do lumber, 6 x 1 T and G Scotch flooring, 6 x 4 do flooring, 6 x 3 do do flooring, American and British deals, all sizes, 4 out pine weatherboards, 6 do do.

Dr. LURZ, Melbourne. SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES.

MISS NETTLETON (Late of A. Crawford's, Ballarat) Begs to inform the Ladies of Beaufort and surrounding district, that she has opened business as

Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker: And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage. DRESSES and MANTLES made to Order on the Shortest Notice. Good Fit Guaranteed.

JUST ARRIVED. Wotherspoon Bros AND CO. Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. Everything Fashionable at WHOLESAL PRICES. INSPECTION INVITED. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO. IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE. HAWKES BROS., Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Furniture and Dealers, Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort, Beg to notify to their patrons that all CASH PURCHASERS to the amount of 5s and upwards will be presented with a handsome JUBILEE MEDAL.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. New Goods! New Goods!! Including many new and useful lines, made specially to commemorate the QUEEN'S JUBILEE YEAR. Dresses, Satins, Flashes, Velveteens, Gloves, Jersey Jackets, Corsets, Ruffings, Laces, Ribbons.

G. H. COUGLE, HAVELock STREET, BEAUFORT.

THE BLUE HOUSE SPECIAL NOTICE. Having decided on leaving Beaufort early next month, I will offer the WHOLE OF MY STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. The DRAPERY portion especially will be Sold at and under Cost, to save expense of removal.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort.

WALTER CORNELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, (next Horeley Bros. and 2 doors from Lester's hotel).

AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF Pure Drugs and Chemicals. Also, a large and carefully selected assortment of Brushware, Patent Medicines, Perfumery together with a choice selection of Cut Glass Bottles, Perfume Caskets, Ivory Brushes, Tortoise-shell Combs, etc., suitable for presents.

H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER & NEWS AGENT, HAVELO STREET BEAUFORT

CAMPBELL'S MILLINERY, COSTUME, AND Ladies' Outfitting Rooms. Supply all the requirements for Ladies' and Children's Wear. ALSO, A GENERAL STOCK OF MANCHESTER GOODS, AND FANCY GOODS. QUALITY OF EVERYTHING GUARANTEED. W. F. CAMPBELL, 108, and 140, Sturt Street, Ballarat.

DEANMAN MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havelock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Niles, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars, Tobacco, Toys, Confectionery, Fruit, Fancy Goods, etc.

TO LEND—Large and small sums of trust and freehold land at Lowest Rates of Interest. McEVoy and Co., 21 Market Street, Melbourne.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENTS. VICTORIAN RAILWAY S. VICTORIA COACHING CLUB'S MEETING, AND VICTORIA RACING CLUB'S WINTER STEEPCHASE MEETING.

REVISION COURT. NOTICE is hereby given that a REVISION COURT for the purpose of Revising the Voters' Lists of the several Ridings of the Shire, will be held at this office at 2 o'clock p.m., on Thursday, the 14th day of July, 1887.

SHIRE OF RIPON. WANTED 100 box-wood PROPS, 5 feet long, and 2 inches in diameter. Apply to me before Thursday next.

SHIRE OF RIPON. TENDERS, addressed to the President, and enclosing 5 per cent deposit, will be received up till 11 a.m. on THURSDAY, 14th JULY, 1887, for the following works:—NORTH RIDING. Contract 438—For clearing and cutting a channel at the Beaufort Park, about 8 chains long and 30 feet wide.

Correspondents WANTED for this journal, in the Country. Apply HENNINGSEN and KLUNDEN.

DR. CROKER HAS RESUMED PRACTICE in Beaufort, and may be consulted daily at his residence, or at Mr. A. Andrews, Chemist.

THE Riponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1887.

A very sad accident happened at Waterloo on Wednesday forenoon. A youth named George Curran, in the employ of Mr. Jas. Frusher, a butcher, was engaged cutting wood with an axe in the yard belonging to the premises of the latter, and Robert, the only son of Mr. Frusher, a boy of about seven years of age, was playing about. He got on to the wood heap and jumped down, but in doing so fell and rolled over on to the log at the same moment that the axe was descending in Curran's hand.

It is announced that, in consideration for the disappointment of large number of persons who were debarred by the inclemency of the weather from being present at the tableaux entertainment given last month in aid of the Church of England Sunday School and improvement funds, a similar treat is in store for the evening of Friday, August 5th. We are requested to inform that a number of pictures will be shown that were not included in the last programme.

An advertisement elsewhere in to-day's issue notifies the date fixed upon for the sale of the Bangor Estate.

A meeting of the Mechanics' Institute Executive Building Committee was held on Thursday evening at the Institute, Mr. A. Andrews in the chair. A letter was read from the Secretary of the Beaufort branch A.N.A., enclosing balance sheet and net proceeds of concert on Jubilee night, and expressing regret that the Jubilee contractor was voted, and one or two minor accounts were passed for payment. It was mentioned that the Girls' Friendly Society was engaged with preparations for the bazaar and fancy fair, and that the same will be held in October.

A memorial service was conducted last Sunday evening in the Primitive Methodist Church, by the Rev. H. Heathershaw, for the late Mrs. Cameron, wife of our esteemed herdsman, Mr. Donald Cameron, and youngest daughter of our old friend and townsman, Mr. J. B. Cochran. The portion of Scripture selected as the basis of the service, the gentleman's name was Isaiah lxxv. 6—'We all do fade as a leaf'—and the discourse was a very impressive one, the preacher referring with such effectual pathos to the departed one that the congregation for the most part shed tears. He spoke of deceased's early life, her connection with the Sunday school, as a scholar and teacher, and as a church member, and briefly referred to her as an example to all for a consistent life. Mr. J. C. McDuff presided at the organ, and played as a voluntary 'The Prayer,' an andante by Graun, and during the offertory he rendered, in a masterly manner, 'The Dead March in Saul.' Another item in the service was the excellent rendering by the choir of that beautiful anthem 'Vital Spark.' Altogether the service was a very solemn one.

A ride match will be held to-day between the teams of five who will represent Beaufort at Stawell next week, and the next six members of the local club. The following are the teams:—Captain Thomas, Archard, Male, McRae and Chapman, representative team; the six will be chosen from McKeich, J. Jackson, E. Thomas, Eddy, Lord, Wetherspoon, Harris, and A. A. Tromp.

The first announcement for the coming wool season is made in our columns to-day by Messrs George Hague & Co., of Geelong. Those of our readers who are interested in the product will kindly peruse the advertisement.

Mr. Belling notifies in our advertising columns that in future he is to be consulted on the first Thursday of each month at Loft's Railway Hotel, Beaufort.

A Court for the revision of voters' lists for different ridings in the Shire of Ripon will be held at the Shire Hall, Beaufort, on Thursday next, at 2 o'clock p.m.

At the meeting of the Araratshire Council on Friday, July 1, a letter from Mr. D. McDonald, of Shirley, was read, in which he stated that he had a number of rabbits on his land, no effort was being made to keep them down on the adjoining land north and west in the Shire of Ararat. It was read, and the inspector stated that there was only one selection north of Mr. McDonald's, and that was partly in the Ripon Shire; also, that he had recently visited that locality, and found there were not many rabbits there, but the land was close to the Mount Cole State forest.

A telegram was received in Beaufort on Tuesday last, by relatives, to the effect that Mr. John Tulloch, of this place, had been attacked with a sudden and serious illness, and not many hours later a second message arrived notifying that he was no more. The suddenness of the intelligence caused a terrible shock to Mrs. Tulloch, who was in the midst of making preparations to visit her husband at Yea, at his request, so that the change might to some extent relieve her mind of the burden of sorrow occasioned the previous week by the death of her youngest sister, Mrs. Cameron. Mr. Tulloch was at Yea, engaged in his duties as constructing engineer of the line of railway—Yea to Alexandria—which is a branch of the main North Eastern line, and on the morning of his death, he was in a moment of leisure before commencing his labors, he set himself to perform a few duties in the way of putting his house in order for the reception of his wife, whom he expected to arrive during the week. Whether he over-exerted himself or not cannot be stated, but shortly afterwards he complained of pains in the chest, as if a great weight was preventing the beating of his heart. Dr. Locke was called in immediately, and left him apparently recovering; but having an urgent case elsewhere, intended to return as speedily as possible to see how his new patient was getting on. The doctor then examined him, and found he was suffering from heart disease, to which Mr. Tulloch eventually succumbed. Mr. Tulloch was an old resident of Beaufort, and in the early days was engaged in mining pursuits, and at one time held a seat upon the Ararat Mining Board, as representative of the Raglan division. He developed taste and skill for an engineer and acquired himself so well in his studies of the profession that in 1874 or thereabouts, he was employed on his first railway work, superintending the works in connection with the section of the line of railway between Burramet and Beaufort, in the employ of Messrs. J. Tompkins and Cameron, the contractors. This was Mr. Tulloch's first engineering work. He rapidly rose in his new sphere, and was not long afterwards appointed assistant to Mr. W. R. Wrixon, Constructing Engineer under Government, and was employed in the Hamilton district in connection with railways until the completion of the line. About three or four months ago he was appointed to take charge of the Yea to Alexandria line, in the north-east, where he had an assistant, Mr. Tulloch married the eldest daughter of Mr. J. B. Cochran, who is a sister to Mrs. F. Male and the late Mrs. Cameron, all of whose families are old residents of this town. The deceased was a brother to Mr. Angus Tulloch, of Beaufort, who is the only relative on his side in these parts. The remains of the deceased were brought by rail to Beaufort, and on Thursday afternoon all the storekeepers and business people were unanimous in showing their sympathy with the family, and respect to the memory of the deceased, that they closed their places of business for two hours. Where there were flag poles flying at half mast, and it may truly be said that the whole community went in mourning. The funeral cortege left the deceased's Beaufort residence at 4 o'clock, and was headed by the members of the Fire Brigade, of which body the deceased was an honorary member, and was the first cortege when the brigade was organized. Then followed members of the Progress Tent of the Rechabites, of which the deceased was also the first secretary, and at the time of his death a full benefit member; then came the hearse, which was followed by a large procession of the male residents of the district, who walked all the way to the cemetery. Fully 300 persons were present at the grave, and the Rev. H. Heathershaw conducted the service in a very touching manner, concluding with a short but excellent address to those assembled. The deceased's address was also read by Bro. J. Prentice, and the company silently dispersed. Deceased was fifty-two years of age, and he leaves a widow and nine children.

A slight accident happened at the railway station on Thursday, shortly after the arrival of the mid-day train. A horse attached to a vehicle took fright at something, and bolted, and in the process of stopping, and bolting, a similar treat is in store for the evening of Friday, August 5th. We are requested to inform that a number of pictures will be shown that were not included in the last programme.

The half-yearly meeting of the Loyal Beaufort Lodge M.U.L.O.F. was held at the lodge-room on Wednesday evening, when the report and balance-sheet for the past half-year were read and adopted, also the auditors' report. An increase of £75 in the sick and funeral funds, and the accumulated funds at interest were stated at £1575. The resignation of Bro. T. A. Archard, Permanent Secretary, was accepted, and Bro. Jackson nominated for the position. The following officers have been chosen for the ensuing six months:—W.G., Bro. J. Doyle; V.G., Bro. A. Driver; Warden, Bro. J. Laney; E.S., Bro. C. Limes. This lodge is now one of the most flourishing in the colony, and has a membership numbering eighty.

A new trial has been ordered in connection with the Jones-'Argus' libel case.

We notice that the Ararat Mining Board has embodied the suggestions made in this journal on May 21, relative to the daily issue of miners' rights and antedating renewals, in a resolution to the Minister of Mines.

The Prospecting Board sat in Beaufort all day on Thursday, but very kindly adjourned to the Beaufort Hotel on Friday, the 6th. Mr. Tulloch, a former colleague on the Ararat Mining Board, and resumed their business arrangements. The chairman, accompanied by Mr. Browne visited several localities yesterday for prospecting in which applications have been made for assistance out of the prospecting vote. The rainfall at Beaufort from the 1st to 7th July, as registered by Mr. McFarlane, is 0.51 inch.

The annual meeting of the Beaufort Fire Brigade was held on Tuesday evening, when the following officers were elected for the ensuing year—Captain, W. G. Stevens; Lieutenant, W. Humphreys; Treasurer, H. M. Stewart; Secretary, W. Driver; Hose Officer, C. Provis; Apparatus Officer, G. Heillyer; Auditor, R. Jackson and C. W. Tompkins. The various reports and balance sheet were read and adopted. The Brigade was shown to be in a good financial position.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS. Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for John Conway, J. Cerini, A. Flowers, Mrs. Govett, Miss Lyall, H. McDougall, T. A. McNamara, J. B. Morgan, Thomas Manning, D. Nicholson, T. Whitfield.

WEATHER FORECASTS. For the next 24 hours. Friday, 8th July, 1887, 8 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass' Strait.—Unsettled near coast, showery but fine weather; N. to N.W. winds.

Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 54.4. Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Unsettled near coast, showery but finer weather, N. to N.W. winds.

MINING ITEMS. New Kong Meng, Majorca—Yield for week ended 7th July, 402 oz. 18 dwr.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, 63oz; New Victoria, 60oz; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 4oz; Seven Corners, 4oz.

RAILWAY RETURNS. The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 7th July, 1887:—

Table with 5 columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Data for July 1-7, 1887.

DOMESTIC FELICITY. 'Oh, how little we foolish women know what we are doing ourselves to when we unite ourselves in wedlock,' sighed Mrs. Nagger the other day, when her husband suggested that a little more economy might not be a bad thing. 'Here I've been toiling and slaving all my life trying to skimp and save, and here you are always preaching economy. I could have married half a dozen rich men, too. It's my opinion that no man has a right to get married until he has a home to which to take a wife.'

'You think he ought to have a home first, do you?' 'Yes, I do. Before he gets the bird he ought to have the cage all ready.'

'Well, snarled Mr. N., 'I don't see it that way.'

'Of course you don't. Men never do. They think it's only a woman's place to work her life away for them.'

'No they don't,' he snarped out. 'That ain't where the troubles is. But before a man goes to blowing himself on cages and things he'll find out whether he's got a canary bird to put into it or a darned old poll parrot that ud'cher into the life out of him if he get her board and lodging in the apartments of Queen Victoria.'—Merchant Traveller.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is a perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes 'as bright as a button.' It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, which arises from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by all the dealers everywhere at 1s. 1d. per bottle.



MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, BALLARAT. NOT TO BE BEATEN BY ANY HOUSE IN VICTORIA. STURT & ARMSTRONG STS. BALLARAT.

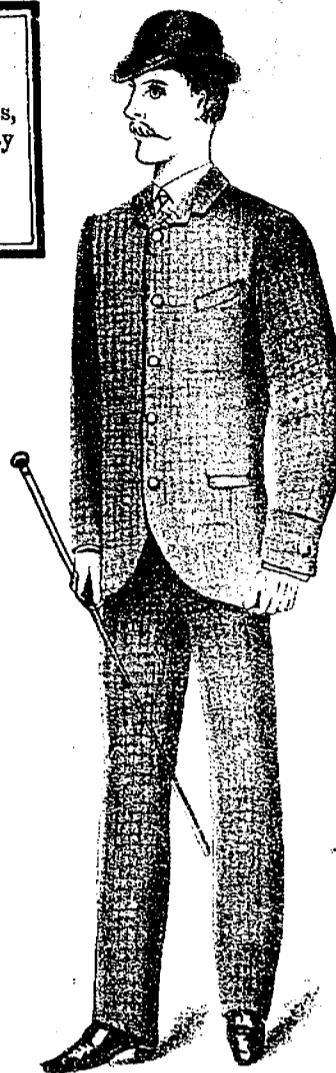
# "CRAWFORD'S" DEPARTMENT.

## OUTFITTING CLOTHING

GENTLEMEN'S & YOUTHS' Superior

At least 20 per cent. UNDER usual Melbourne PRICES!

**GENTS' MERCERY DEPARTMENT.**  
 One of the largest and most varied assortments in the colony of Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Shirts, Gloves, Braces, Belts, Hosiery, Silk Handkerchiefs, Men's and Boys' Hats, Travelling Bags, Portmanteaus, Umbrellas, Railway Rugs, and Gents' and Youths' Underclothing.  
 Direct shipments of Christy's Celebrated Silk and Felt Hats every season.



### Morning Suits

In choice patterns and elegant cut, at very low quotations.

*Superior Black & Blue*  
 DIAGONAL WORSTED

**MORNING & SAC COATS,**  
 Well made and trimmed, and cut in the latest fashion,  
 20/, 25/, 30/, 35/, 42/.

### BOYS' "JACK TAR" SUITS

In Blue Serge & Worsted.

**LITTLE BOYS' JERSEY SUITS**  
 In plain colorings, also in novel and pretty designs. Prices strictly moderate.

**LITTLE BOYS' TWEED OVERCOATS,**  
 with Capes, 8/6; also a new Coat, with Astrachan Collar and Cuffs, at 12/9.

### YOUTHS' TWEED SUITS.

The most economical, most reliable, and best fitting clothing for youths ever offered in the colony. Prices: 13/9, 18/9, 20/, 25/, up to 37/6; extra quality Diagonal Worsted, 32/6 and 37/6.

**YOUTHS' Chesterfield Overcoats**  
 Neat patterns, useful material. 14/9 to 30/.

### Knicker Suits.

Attention invited to the quality, style, finish, and price of the Knicker Suits for little boys' school and best wear.

The Ballarat	4/11	In useful Dark Tweed.
The Eureka	6/11	In Scotch and English Tweeds
The Wendouree	10/6	A special line of Wear-resisting Tweeds—neat
New & Improved Shapes	12/9 to 21/-	Superior Quality for Best Wear.

### BUSINESS AND TRAVELLING SUITS,

With all the appearance of garments made to order—the sewing and material being guaranteed; patterns of the newest; specially selected for honest, hard wear. The Suit complete: 25/, 30/, 35/; extra qualities, 42/, 50/, 55/; Diagonal Worsted, superior quality and tailor finish, 50/, 55/, 60/.

**TAILORING DEPARTMENT.**  
 An extensive stock imported direct from the Manufacturers of English and Continental Woollens to select from; also a splendid assortment of Colonial Tweeds. The Ballarat Tweed Suit, to measure, at 50/- is unequalled for value in Australia.

# "Crawford's."

**TAILORING DEPARTMENT.**  
 STYLE, comfort, and economy fully studied. All material thoroughly shrunken. First-class Cutters only employed. Suits to order at shortest notice. Gents' Tweed trousers, to measure, 12/6. Gents' Suits, to measure, from 30/. Boys' & Youths' Suits, special prices

### Men's Trousers & Vests.

Job Line—slightly damaged ... 10/6  
 Wonderful Line of Ball. Tweeds 15/6  
 Stylish Geelong Tweeds ... 18/6  
 West of England 17/6 to 25/-  
 Fancy Worsted ... 19/6 to 25/-

### MEN'S TWEED & WORSTED SAC COATS.

Tweed ... 13/9, 15/6, 18/6, 21/-, 25/-  
 Worsted ... 18/6, 22/6, 25/-, 30/-  
 A Special Line of Double-breasted Pilot Coats ... 12/9

### Winter Overcoats.

A large and well-assorted stock opened this month.

Blue and Brown Beaver Overcoats, heavy and good	19/6 and 25/-
" " " " superior qualities	30/-, 35/-, 40/-
New Tweed Overcoats	25/-, 30/-, 35/-, 42/-
Irish Frieze (genuine) Overcoats	45/-
NOTE.—Special attention is directed to a shipment of genuine Tweed Macintosh Coats, with and without Capes, imported direct from Jas. Currie & Co., of Edinburgh; these goods are thoroughly waterproof, with seams sewn throughout	
A reliable line of Black Macintosh Coats	47/6, 55/-, 60/-, 70/-, 27/6
Oilskin Coats, Trousers, and Sou.-Westers at lowest lists.	

Men's Mole-skin Trousers, strongly made and of sound material 3/11, 5/11, 6/11, 8/11

Boys' and Youths' Mole Trousers ... 4/6, 4/11, 5/11

Men's Canvass Dungaree Overalls at lowest possible prices.

Men's Cardigan Jackets ... 6/6, 8/11, 12/6

Men's Blue Overalls ... 3/11

**Men's Working Shirts.**—Extraordinary value. Lined Backs, 1/3—guaranteed to give good wear; better qualities, with Double Backs, at 1/11, 2/6, 2/11. Men's Flannel Under Shirts, full sizes, heavy all wool line, at 2/6; extra qualities, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6. Men's Flannel Pants, 3/6. Kersey Pants, 1/11, 2/11

Country Orders, with P.O. order or cheque, will receive prompt attention. Patterns forwarded on application. If goods not found suitable we guarantee to exchange or return money.

NOT TO BE BEATEN BY ANY HOUSE IN VICTORIA!

NOTE: Orders to be addressed to SNOW & ROOM, "Crawford's," Ballarat.

F. W. Niven & Co., Printers and Lithographers, 40 Sturt Street, Ballarat.











FOUND DEAD AT TRAWALLA.

NAME OF THE MAN UNKNOWN.

On Tuesday morning last information to the effect that the body of a man had been discovered lying on the ground near the creek at a short distance from the "Stranger's Hut" at the Trawalla Station. It appears that the body was found by a man named William Hughes arrived at the hut Tuesday, that on the previous night alllaborer and made preparations for stopping there for the night. Looking around he discovered several articles of clothing, &c., which led him to believe that he was to have company. Hughes, finding in the morning that he was the sole occupier of the hut, informed the manager of the station, Mr. Ellis, who proceeded to the Stranger's Hut for verification of the statement. Afterwards a search was made, and the body of a man was found lying near the bank of the creek, face downwards and embedded in the ground. By the side of the deceased lay a stout stick, which it was apparent he had used to assist him in walking. A short distance away a billycan was lying on the ground, and the supposition is that the man was going to the creek for water, and fell never to rise again. Mounted Constable Ryan, on arrival, took charge of the body, which was that of a man between fifty and sixty years of age, about 5 ft. 3 in. in height, with dark complexion, dark hair, and whiskers and mustache turning grey. He was dressed in a dark brown coat and vest and colored moleskin trousers, the latter having a big patch down the front of each leg; woollen sock and elastic side boots were on his feet. In a pocket was found one threepenny piece, but there were no papers or anything found on deceased that give any clue to his being identified. In his swag were two shirts, one pair sock, one blanket, one pair of trousers, one hat, one pannikin, and two straps. The man appears to have been very cleanly in his habits. Dr. Nolan made a post mortem examination, and found no external marks of violence on the body, which was in a well-preserved state; but on laying open the cavity of the chest, the lungs were shown to be in a very advanced state of phthisis or consumption; the heart was somewhat enlarged, and was found to contain a large quantity of black congealed blood; the other organs of the body were healthy. The doctor gave his opinion that phthisis was the cause of death, and the finding was in accordance with the medical evidence.

REMINISCENCES OF A SOJOURN IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[BY MNEUOVSNE.]

No. 1.—HOW I GOT THERE.

"Melbourne is a nice enough place, if one can get employment of a permanent character at a sufficiently remunerative rate; but, as one of the many who are now roaming the streets in a vain search, I deem it one of the most wretched places under the sun. By day and by night the streets are crowded; a stranger is jostled from one side, to the other of any footpath he trends, until he grows tired, hungry, and miserable." Thus I soliloquised, as I stood upon the Queen's wharf in November of 1876, watching the departure of two heavily laden steamers for other colonies. No need to say I envied these persons who were going—perhaps returning to their homes—visiting friends in other parts, or merely taking a journey for their health's sake. Thoughts varied and numerous, chased one another in quick succession through my mind. Suppose I made up my mind to go, and the steamer got wrecked! Suppose the boiler of the engine were to burst, where would the passengers be who came down alive from an involuntary visit to serial regions! And sundry other stupid suppositions annoyed me. I was vexed that, having spent seven years of my young life learning a profession, at the end of which period I received an excellent testimonial as to my abilities, trustworthiness, &c., out of the large number persons in business not one was able to give me a week's work. For six weeks it was the same, and at the beginning of 1877, I resolved that Melbourne should be the last of me, and that my back should be turned on my native land, perhaps for ever and ever. (Oh, that I kept my resolution!)

I left Victorian shores in one of the Adelaide Steamship Company's boats, but will suffice to say that periodical upheavals, and frustaneous emersiones over the side of the vessel, attended by severe maxillary exercises, and fugaciousness of equilibration, were of no uncommon occurrence; however (as is the case with many others), the voyage ended, leaving me the possessor of a series of unenviable sensations. It was after eight p.m. when the vessel was made fast alongside the wharf at Port Adelaide, but although it was not imperative to go ashore until the morning, some of the passengers, myself among them, preferred to do so, and got fairly distributed amongst the various hotels in the place. Next morning, after seeing about my two small portmanteaus, and finding that there was an hour to spare before breakfast would be on the table, I made a flying survey of the dirty-looking town of Port Adelaide. There were ship-docks, large stores (chiefly wheat) several buildings of note, especially the Custom House (a stone building), the post office, a copper smelting works, several fine hotels, and the railway station. These were the principal structures. Port Adelaide includes what is known as the "Sensaphore," which is the signal station for the inward bound vessels. There are also some nice buildings here, and there is a long jetty which is at times frequently crowded with pleasure seekers and disciples of Jacob Walton, and some rare sport with the rod is obtained. Several trains run daily between the Port and the Semaphore, but as the line is laid along the streets, the speed is not much faster than a horse and vehicle would make. Since the last time I was at the Semaphore (in 1857) the place has been

very much improved. Some fine batteries for defence purposes have been erected here. Train lines have been laid down from the railway station to the wharves, chiefly to facilitate the shipment of grain, &c., and trucks are drawn through the streets by confectioners' shops at Port Adelaide, but the there are numerous drapers', fruit, and only shop at the Semaphore was a baker's, which has nothing but tea-cakes in the window. One can see all that is to be seen at Port Adelaide in less than an hour, and (as was my own experience) he less so time in getting out of it. The streets were as clean, I suppose, as it was possible to keep them, but that is not saying much; the atmosphere is very close, and sometimes in summer time very unpleasantly sticky.

At the railway station there is a perpetual barrier system. It would be useless to describe the arrangements. The requirements of traffic have since necessitated extensive alterations. There was one portion of the station however, that took my fancy, and this was the position of the refreshment room. No one could miss seeing it, and the attention and civility accorded to customers was deserving of praise. The prices of tickets to Adelaide—a distance of seven or eight miles—was first-class 1s, second 9d, third 6d, single. The return excursions on Saturday were the same. There were no fourth-class carriages or I should have travelled in one; however, the third-class were very comfortable and roomy, and although they have pine seats, were far more comfortable than many of the old first-class of the Victorian railways, some of which are even now used at holiday times. There is a double road from Adelaide to the Port, and about five intermediate stations, the chief of which, of course, is Hindmarsh. This strictly was Broughton station. The old port road divided Broughton from Hindmarsh, and part of the former is the south side of the station, and the remainder on the north. A person entering Adelaide for the first time will think that a much better site could have been fixed on for the station; but as anyone can reach the heart of the city in less than five minutes' walking, all attempts—and there have been agitations for a change, I was told—to have it removed have been vain. The railway station is on North Terrace, and is next to the Parliament House. All luggage is taken from the guard's van on arrival of the train, and a passenger was not allowed to touch his until it had been sent, by means of a hydraulic lift, upstairs to the parcels office. There every box, parcel, portmanteau, or whatever it may be, is weighed, and if the owner is not present to take it away, it is ticketed and charged for, a duplicate of the ticket being given to the owner, when he afterwards calls, and he presents his ticket to the porter in charge of the room, who "fossicks" out his "traps" for him. No luggage is lost, and none can be removed without seeing the booking clerk. On one occasion I put my luggage in the guard's van, and left the station without seeing whether it had arrived. Three days afterwards I called and found it all right. A person who travelled with me on that occasion said I was a fool to trust them; he wouldn't.

"Oh," I replied, "the officers are all honest; there's no fear of it going wrong."

He laughed outright at what he called my simplicity, and enquired "Is honesty contagious?"

ELECTRICAL PROGRESS IN JAPAN.

[Paper read before the National Electric Light Association at the Philadelphia Convention, by Prof. Fujikawa.]

As my present visit to this country, with Mr. Yashima, President of the Tokio Electric Light Company, Japan, is to investigate the different systems of electric lighting and electric transmission of power, which are now in actual use here, so that we might introduce to our country the best and most reliable system, and not to make advertisements of our works, if any, I am not well prepared to give you any clear sketch of the progress of electric engineering in our country, and I think this short paper which I have the honor to read before such a remarkable body of electrical men as the National Electric Light Association, would be nothing but curiosity to you. To begin with the electric telegraph, the first line was put up in 1862, if I remember right, with Breguet's A B C instrument. Since then many improvements have been of course, introduced, and now nearly all the towns, large or small, are electrically connected, so that we can telegraph from any part of our country to any part of this country, or anywhere else, only it is rather expensive—i.e., about 2.50 dol. a word, from New York to Tokio. The instruments we use at present are mostly Siemens-Morse ink writers; and the wires are all overhead, except some wide rivers and straits, where, of course, submarine cables are used. The Japanese telegraphs are completely under government control. It was in 1872 that the Imperial Engineering College was instituted in Tokio, and Prof. W. E. Ayrton, the well known electrician, now in London, occupied the chair of the Professor of Telegraph Engineering and Mutual Philosophy, and stayed there for six years, working in the line of electrical researches with Prof. John Perry, then Professor of Mechanical Engineering in the same college. These two gentlemen's names are pretty familiar to you, I guess, from their valuable labors in relation to the electrical engineering and the ammeters and voltmeters of their invention. Mr. Thomas Gray, assistant to Sir W. Thomson, was with us in the college for about three years, and I have been connected with the college for a number of years, attempting to keep up with the electrical applications abroad. I was here in 1884, when the International Electrical Exhibition was held in this city. The telephone business is yet quite new in our country, only the government offices and residences of high authorities being connected. Petitions for permission of organizing telephone companies of exchange system are made from time to time, but this government does not permit for some reason or other, which I cannot tell. I believe, however, it will be permitted sooner or later. Now, as regards electric lighting, we have the Brush arc lights in some factories, with the Land and Clark gas, and the Edison incandescent

lights in some time, and among others may be mentioned 500 lamps in the Osaka Cotton Mill, and 330 in the Imperial Military College.

On many occasions, such as at the ball of the Minister of Foreign Affairs department, on his Majesty the Emperor's birthday—i.e., November 3—at the opening ceremony of the Banker's Meeting Place, and the like, we put up temporary plants with good success, and the result of this, together with the most satisfactory reports on the Osaka Cotton Mill and the "Official Gazette" printing office, induced the Tokio Electric Light Company, which was organized some time ago, and of which Mr. S. Yashima (now in this room) has a capital of 200,000 dol., and by the end of this year this capital will be doubled. The company has in hand the contract for lighting the new Imperial palace with 2000 incandescent lamps and 100 arc lights from the company's central station, located just outside the palace ground, and from which the current will also be supplied to the residences of the princesses and ministers and other houses around it. It is proposed to place five or more central stations in the city of Tokio, two in Osaka, one in Kyoto, two in Nagoya, and one in Kobe. Considering from the fact that the City of Tokio is ten miles square, with a population of 1,000,000, and that there is now only one gas company, charging 2.50 dol. per 1000 cubic feet of gas, and having old-fashioned gas furnaces, the Tokio Electric Light Company has a great deal to do toward the illumination of the city. In conclusion, as there are many printing offices and small factories all over the city, using at present numerous men or steam engines, ranging from one-half to twenty horse power, the electro-motors will also, without doubt, find good places there. I hope, gentlemen, I will be able to read a better paper when I see you next time.—Australasian and South American.

PARLIAMENTARY ITEMS.

In the Assembly on Tuesday July 5. Mr. Graham asked the Minister of Railways, whether a regulation had been framed whereby members of rifle clubs in country districts were prohibited from travelling free by rail to compete at rifle matches or for practice to a greater distance than 50 miles; and if so whether he would cause the distance to be extended, or revert to the old system. Mr. Gillies said it was reported to the department that some abuse had taken place under the whole system, and the regulation referred to, limiting the distance to 50 miles, was adopted at the suggestion of the Defence department. There was a proviso, however, empowering the department to issue passes in special circumstances upon application being made. Mr. Wrixon moved the second reading of the Municipalities Jubilee Expenditure Bill, the object of which was to legalize the expenditure incurred by the various municipalities in connection with the recent celebration of the Queen's Jubilee. This was a bill, he believed, about which there would be no difference of opinion. The bill was read a second time, and passed through its remaining stages. Mr. Woods moved for a return showing—(1.) The names of those electors, who, as the last general election, exercised their existing right of voting in more than one electorate at each election. (2.) The number of times each voter recorded his vote. (3.) The total number of such plural voters, and the total number of votes recorded by them. Mr. Jones seconded the motion. A short debate took place, in the course of which the mover intimated his intention to move for the abolition of plural voting. The debate was adjourned. Mr. J. J. Madden moved for leave to bring in a Bill to Amend the Police Regulation Statute 1873. Mr. Munro seconded the motion, which was agreed to, and the bill introduced and read a first time. Mr. Langdon moved for a return showing the amount of public revenue expended in the destruction of rabbits since the passing of the first Suppression Act in 1880, enumerating the amount expended in each financial year for that purpose. Mr. Jones seconded the motion, which was agreed to. Mr. Hall moved for leave to bring in a bill to authorise the issue on outflowing lands of cultivation licenses, reserving full power to mine by holders of miners' rights without paying compensation. Mr. Graham seconded the motion, and it was agreed to. Dr. Ross moved for leave to introduce a bill to legalize eight hours as a day's labour. Mr. Jones seconded, and the motion was carried. Resolutions were agreed to in committee permitting appropriations to be made out of the consolidated revenue for the purposes of (a) to further amend the laws relating to Education; (b) to amend the law relating to juvenile offenders, and for other purposes; (c) and to amend the law relating to neglected children.

On Wednesday, Mr. Barrows asked the Treasurer how much of the £80,000 voted by the House for prospecting had been spent on diamond drills and other means of boring; also what amount on alluvial mines, and how much on quartz mines, and the amount expended on 1st July. Mr. Gillies said he proposed making a full report in regard to that matter in the financial statement. Mr. Officer asked the Minister of Agriculture if there existed in New Zealand a plant fact that was known as the "Cruel Plant," or commonly known as the "Mighty Plant," or Physanthus albens, which might be of use in destroying the codlin moth, and whether he would take steps to procure seed for distribution in this colony. The natural habitat of the Physanthus albens was Buenos Ayres, in South America, and the peculiar feature of it was that each flower, when in bloom, caught the codlin moth, and killed it. Mr. Dow said he was informed by Baron von Mueller that the Physanthus albens was a South American plant, introduced into Victoria in 1839 by him as an ornamental plant and might now be purchased from nurserymen in the colony. The Baron added that the plant only killed the codlin moth when the latter came in contact with it, which seemed to mean that the plant was effective if they could get the moth to take it.

ARARAT DISTRICT PROSPECTING BOARD.

The above board sat at the shire hall, Beaufort, on Thursday, all the members being present but one, Mr. C. H. Bate presiding. James McDonald and party applied for £100 to assist in prospecting Ararat Flat. Mr. McDonald said there had been a good deal of prospecting on the Ararat Flat. There were two distinct runs of gold—one alongside the locality where the man was earning small wages. He would be prospecting in water ground to the north. The extent of ground held by his party was 450 feet along the course of the lead. They had been working the ground since October 1836. They had spent about £300, and obtained by hand labour about 20oz gold. They had sunk four shafts in all, the depth of the last one being about 50 feet. It was not evident that either of the leads is run out, because they have not been properly worked. He considered the first lead, which was worked over 20 years ago, was not held to be payable in those days. The lead they were working, he believed, would come down to about where the old Discovery mine was worked. John Dunning and three others applied for £200 for prospecting Goolong Flat, east of Beaufort. Applicants had been prospecting for two years off and on, but had discontinued on account of funds. Would supply all tools and expend £ for £ to amount recommended. Mr. White applied for himself and three others for assistance to the extent of £400 for prospecting for quartz in the Malakoff Hill, Jock's Gully. They are about five hundred yards from the Young Duke Company, and had expended about £90. At bottom of shaft, 30ft, quartz vein had been struck, but not tried, although several specimens of gold had been obtained; gold had been found on the surface. Will supply tools and spend £1 for £. Mr. White stated, in reply to questions, that the extent of ground held was 300 feet in length, and width not known. They propose to sink a new shaft to 150 feet, then crosscut in every direction. P. Blackmore applied on behalf of the New Royal Saxon Company, Beaufort Flat, to assist to extend sinking shaft, which at present is 150ft deep, 70ft. Former proprietors had obtained payable gold. There was no other mines on the same lead. Present proprietors owned no previous application, and had not yet obtained any results. Mr. Blackmore, being present, stated that the application was for alluvial prospecting; the shaft was not deep enough to get the main lead. They were sinking on the reef, and would have about 500 feet of driving. Present company had been in occupation about six months. The nearest mine was the Saxon Consols, who were working on the Waterloo lead, which was a separate lead. This was three-quarters of a mile distant; was quite certain the main lead traverses their area. Have had several borings down, and the mine would open ground to Trawalla and Beaufort. There were 100 shares in the company, but owing to the depression in mining, only 53 had been placed. It would open up about 2 miles of country. Alex. Stewart, on behalf of the Duke Gold Mining Company. Mr. Brown stated that from information received, the company had ceased operations, and it was decided to keep the application open for a time. W. K. Shaw, on behalf of the Waterloo Swamp Gold Mining Company, applied for £1000 to assist in boring operations and manual labor. 173 acres were held under miners' right, distant one mile from Waterloo mine, which was paying dividends. The company had in view the opening up of all the country from Waterloo to Clute. Application was made under last vote. All monies advanced will be returned before one penny in dividends is paid. Mr. Shaw was present, and said that his sole object in being present was to invite the board to visit the locality. He was merely acting as agent for the company, which was a limited liability one. He couldn't say of how men the company consisted, or what was their capital. In the event of the assistance being received, a defined company would be formed. The special reason for the application was that the Waterloo Company was working on the same line, and paying dividends, although small ones. Emmanuel Compiano applied for £150 to assist in prospecting Surface Hill, Ruglan, for quartz reefs. The extent of ground held was 300ft by 80ft; he had been in possession for six years, and it was close to the old lead. £210 worth of gold had been taken from the locality. Mr. Compiano, being present, stated that there would be two men working. Proposed to sink shaft to water level—probably 100 feet—and to drive east and west. He had seen specimens, and exhibited to the board some specimens of gold bearing quartz which he had obtained in leaders. Now and then he got a "pot," and has got £40 at a time; but perhaps he would get no more for twelve months. The leaders out of which he had obtained the quartz specimens were of variable thickness. Would contribute £1 for £1, and provide plant and tools. The locality was close to the old Fiery Creek, about 3 miles from where Raglan party are boring for lead. The alluvial lead was about 4 miles in length. James Gibbs, on behalf of the Saxon Consols G. M. Co., applied for £1000 to continue operations and extend reef and washdirt drives, the cost of which and the time were uncertain. £1 for £1 would be expended. Kenneth McKinnon, on behalf of several miners, sent in an application for £750, to persevere with operations at Clute, in prospecting a gully leading to Waterloo Flat. The locality was very promising, and no holes had been bottomed. No formal application was sent in. John Cadie, on behalf of a party of four, applied for £250 for alluvial and quartz prospecting on the east side of Sailor's Gully. Proposed to spend £1 for £1, and would be willing to repay any money recommended. It was a new gully, and there was no other mine on the same line. The reason for the application was the existence of the opinion of old practical mining residents that it would lead to the discovery of the main lead. The board then went into committee to consider the applications, but their recommendations are reserved for revision, and cannot be made public.

SCENES IN THE STREETS OF THE "CITY OF THE KINGS."

Passing over one of the Rimac's tributaries we enter and pass through the outskirts of Lima, and step beneath the covered station, where, alighting, I find myself amid some strange and interesting sights of the hand-somest city in all South America. The houses that lined the streets on either side, fairly teeming with life, seemed innumerable, and stood so closely that their roofs touched. There is no space around the Limeño's residence for the yard—though many have small, square courts within, and more or less unattractive—but we miss the grass plots, flower-beds and gravel walks which enhance the appearance of our American homes so much. Gardens, however, appear here and there along the streets—invariably, if not public, the property of the upper classes—surrounded by the ever present adobe wall, which detracts much from their natural beauty. Yet and is a very important factor in Lima's architecture; deprived of it, the city would be but an unshapely mass of ruins. Over one-half of the houses are built of adobe—sun-dried brick—plastered within and without with mud, and roofed mainly with red tiles. A couple of coats of whitewash, in lieu of paint, complete the dwelling. The poorer classes, who form the greater portion of the population, live in houses of bamboo, over which a net work of cane is woven, plastered on all sides with mud, and roofed with bamboo or straw. Lima possesses but two stone buildings—a flour mill and the penitentiary. A few of the fine adobe residences of the aristocracy are, however, fronted with marble and encircled with wooden balconies; and those of foreign residents are in a few instances built of kiln burnt brick—a few being composed of timber. But Lima's archways, her aqueducts, her palace, her cathedrals, her business blocks and public buildings are constructed almost entirely of mud—grivny, unsightly mud everywhere—a city of mud. The reason of this—a feature common to all these countries—is the great scarcity of timber and good stone, the climate and the frequency of earthquakes; for which latter reason, the majority of the dwellings are but one storied. And it may be in place to remark here that the lower windows of all dwellings and buildings, both public and private in Lima are iron barred—one presume because of the numerous robberies that occur here so often, with their attendant robberies and bloody street fights.

Another noticeable feature is the extreme cleanliness of the streets and alleys—there is no dirt or refuse to be seen anywhere. The Lima board of health, which evidently understands its business, has efficient aids in its labors, without which it would have a hard time in fighting those diseases that ever infect dirty tropical cities; these indispensable helpers are known in America as "buzzards," and at all hours of the day they can be seen standing on the house-tops, their glossy black feathers glistening in the sun, or strutting in the streets and by ways, searching for refuse and filth. They are very numerous and increase in number each year, as there is a strict law against harming them. Arriving at length at the entrance of the exposition grounds, I alighted, and paying a paper sole (five cents), entered through the high, iron barred gate. Following one of the many neat gravel walks, bordered with flower-beds, or a short distance beneath the heavy foliage, I found myself suddenly in the midst of perfect wilderness of sweet smelling flowers. The date, the palm, the banana, the orange, coconuts—in fact, nearly all the tropical plants—were here in abundance. Birds of gay plumage, hidden amid the thick foliage or crouching in the balmy air, were making the gardens ring with their strange notes. Monkeys, with the concentrated mischief of an American school boy, were scampering about upon all sides. Bats and statues stood in prominent spots; arbors and cosy seats were scattered in cool and shady places. Numerous fountains were flashing in the sunlight, and flowing from them in every direction, keeping everything green, were small, clear streams with mossy and flower banks, spanned here and there by rustic bridges, where one could watch the little fishes sporting themselves in the limpid waters. It seemed a little Eden, it was so lovely and fragrant, so cool and refreshing.

Leaving regretfully my shady retreat, I entered the chief building of the four—that in which the Lima exposition was held in 1872, and the one which is also used when the annual fair of Peru takes place. But the buildings have been stripped of almost all their valuables—mostly by the Chileans when in possession of Lima in 1881—and little of interest now remains save a few paintings of South American scenery, which show evidence of great care and considerable talent; some pieces of sculpture, and a great quantity of specimens taken from Peruvian mines—evidence of the wonderful mineral wealth that lies hidden in bowels of the Andes. After exploring the other buildings and finding nothing of interest, I passed out into the gardens and visited the wild beasts that were caged in a long, low shed in the southern part of the grounds. But here, as elsewhere were evidences of the destructive, thieving propensities of the Chileans. Before the capture of Lima these grounds contained a number of nearly every animal in the world; but men of nearly every animal had transported the after the valiant Chileans had transported the greater part to Valparaiso—where I saw them some months ago—and began using the erst targets, their numbers dwindled rapidly to the sorry spectacle they present to-day. These gardens, lovely as they are, bear no comparison, it is said, to the beauty and magnificence they possessed before the arrival of the Chileans, who found it the loveliest spot in all Peru, and left it a shadow of its former self.—Callao (Peru) Cor. San Francisco Argonaut.

SUFFERERS FROM WIND ON THE STOMACH, Indigestion, Costiveness, Giddiness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Disturbed Sleep, Palpitation of the Heart, Colic, Ague, Biliousness, Liver Complaints, Skin Eruptions, &c., should use no time in availing themselves of that most excellent medicine, "DR. WOODCOCK'S WIND PILLS," which for 30 years has held the first place in the world as an effective and safe remedy for all complaints arising from a disordered stomach, indigestion, heartburn, or liver trouble. Price, 25c per bottle, or 10c per box. Sold by all druggists. Dr. Woodcock's Wind Pills, 15, 140, St. 83, 226 St. John, England. Proprietor, Page D. Woodcock, Lincoln, England.

The cultivation of hemp (heniquen) is the principal agricultural industry of Yucatan, and of this the greater portion is imported into and consumed in the United States, the imports thereof during the year 1885 amounting to 36,401 tons, valued at 2,864,000 dol. We are therefore largely interested in this industry, which is carried on in a very primitive manner. The plant (says Consul Thompson, to whom we are indebted for the following facts relative to its cultivation) is a species of agave. It is best propagated by cuttings, the young plants being allowed to grow until three years old, after which they are transplanted into regular rows and fields. Eight years are given them to mature into plants able to bear the cutting, and then the result of these years of patient waiting will continue to flow uninterrupted for many years by a peculiar instrument. The leaves are cut by a sickle and a carving knife, a cross between a sickle and a carving knife, called by the natives corva, and are made into a systematic bundle of about twenty-five each, and carried by the laborers on their backs to the press or cleaning wheel, where they are passed through the process before-mentioned. This cleaning wheel is the only kind of agricultural machine, as we understand the term, in use upon the farms of Yucatan. Even the plough is practically unknown. Each meate of hemp land should produce four arrobas of merchantable hemp. An arroba is the equivalent of twenty-five pounds, therefore each acre, or ten meates, should yield at least 1000 pounds of heniquen fibre ready for shipment. To cut and pack 1500 leaves is considered to be an ordinary day's work. These 1500 leaves, when cleaned and dried, will produce about three arrobas, or seventy-five pounds of fibre. One cleaning wheel with two men to tend it is calculated to clean easily 7000 leaves per day. A 400 lb bale of fibre—its estimated cost 4 dol., or 1 cent a pound; when cleaned, bleached and baled ready for shipment, the cost is probably a small fraction over 2 cents a pound. A hemp plantation containing 10,000 meates, or 1000 acres, should produce annually one million pounds of merchantable hemp. Heniquen fibre is the principal article of export from Yucatan to the United States. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, there was exported from Progreso, Yucatan's port of entry, heniquen fibre having a value of over 2,800,000 dol., American gold. During the calendar year 1884, the amount of hemp shipped to all parts from Yucatan reached the figures of 253,311 bales, averaging 400 lbs per bale. The value of the above, expressed in Mexican money is 3,354,000 dol. In American coin the value is expressed at 3,045,804 dol. The duties and taxes of state and national Governments amount to the sum of 137,000 dol. Mexican money. Over six-sevenths of the above exportation went to the various ports of the United States, New York leading with 187,978 bales. A scourge of locusts harasses poor Yucatan, and under this ban all agriculture, save the single product hemp, droops. Fields of maize are planted and thrive for a while, only to be devoured level with the ground in one to short hour by the pests. The heniquen plant for some reason seems to be less severely alone by them. This is providential, enables the planter, by selling his fibre, to obtain from the United States the grain that the locusts deprive him of the power to raise at home.—Scientific American.

SWANGOR ESTATE. THURSDAY, 21st JULY, At 1 o'clock. Agricultural Farms, From 27 acres to 724 acres each. GRAZING BLOCK, 1314 acres. Total, 4655 acres. YOUNG LASCHELLES, AUSTIN, and CO., Est. 21, Bond Street, by Messrs. Young Bros., will sell by public auction on the grounds of the above well-known ESTATE, formerly the property of Colin Campbell, Esq. The property abuts upon the Bangor Railway Station Reserve on one side, and the Chesham Estate of G. W. Thomson, Esq., on the other; and consists of good Agricultural Land, all well watered and improved. For full particulars of lots, &c., see bills. Lithographic plans of the property and other information forwarded on application to the auctioneers, Lydiard Street, Bathurst.

Geelong Wool Sales. SEASON 1887-88. Geo. Hague & Co. BEG to intimate to Wool-growers and others interested that they will hold Sales of Wool every Tuesday during the coming season. Their well-known Warehouses and large NEW SHOW ROOMS are untrival for extent and suitability for the trade, combining, as they do, all the latest modern improvements for the EFFICIENT DISPLAY OF WOOL. The Stores now run in one unbroken flat from street to street, giving ample space for a catalogue of 10,000 BALES to be exhibited at one time. The Wool when stacked being easily accessible, the fullest facilities are available for inspection, not only in sample but also in bulk, thus ensuring more confidence in purchasing. CAREFUL VALUATIONS made prior to sale, and every lot protected up to full market value. FARMERS' CLIPS receive special attention, and no effort is spared to secure utmost value for even the smallest clips. English, Continental, American, and Colonial buyers attend all the sales in full strength. Account Sales and Cheques for proceeds rendered invariably THREE DAYS after sale. Charges are the lowest ruling in the colony, and shippers will find that they save about Seven Shillings per bale by selling in Geelong instead of Melbourne. Separate Warehouses are provided for the disposal of Sheepskins, Hides, and Tallow, and sales of which are held weekly throughout the year. GEORGE HAGUE and CO., Wool Brokers, Geelong, 1st July, 1887. Geo. Hague & Co., Melbourne.







# The Riponshire Advocate.

[No. 613.]

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY JULY 16, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.  
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of the paper, Laurence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove effectual unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An oversight of this kind will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, &c., if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 6 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, if ordered or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—  
From the Fishery Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.  
From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4 p.m.  
Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.  
Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.  
Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOYLES, Proprietor.

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ESTABLISHED 1782.

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## FOR PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of

Every Description go to

A. NEEDHAM, Noll street, Beaufort.

Cheapest and Best.

## THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.

Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY. Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1886.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

MELBOURNE BRANCH

## W. BAKER,

Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Bedding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—  
Pine Shelving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; Californian, Kauri, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architrave and other Mouldings, Window Glass, White Lead, Oil, Turps, and all other Building Requisites. Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices. Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard Prices.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

## EPPS'S COCOA,

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong. Hundreds of subtle poisons which have their way into our system, and which are doing us to death by stealth, are expelled by this beverage. It keeps our system pure, and gives us a fresh start each morning. It is a most valuable and healthful article. See article in the "Civil Service" Gazette."

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in 4lb. packets by Grocers labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,

HOMEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

## CRAWFORD'S,

CORNER, STURT AND ARMSTRONG

T REETS.

## Snow and Room

PROPRIETOR.

## Special Lines now showing at Crawford's.

### KID GLOVES.

The Elaine (Crawford's registered brand).—4 button, 1s 11d; 6-button, 2s 11d.

Light Fancies.—4-button 1s, 1s 11d, 3s 11d, 5s 6d; 6-button 2s 11d, 4s 11d, 5s 11d.

Gents' White Kid Gloves.—Big line, 2-button at 1s; also at 1s 11d and 2s 11d.

New Cashmere and Fabric Gloves.—Splendid assortment ladies' and children's. Special line ladies' at 6d, 7s, 1s 3d, 1s 9d, 2s 9d.

### BEAUTIFUL WOOL GOODS.

Clouds, 3d, 6d, 9d, 1s, 1s 6d, and upwards.

New lines open cloaks and hoods, 17s 6d to 32s 6d.

Children's wool pelisses, 8s 11d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d.

### SWISS WORKS.

Jobs at 1s 3d, 1s 9d, and 2s 6d per doz yds; also from 3d to 2s 11d per yd.

Red and white Swiss works, 1 1/2d, 2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4 1/2d.

Sash ribbons, 10in wide, all shades, 6d per yd.

New picot-edge ribbons, wide, 9d per yd.

Ladies' silk neck kerchiefs, 9d, 1s, 1s 3d, up to 3s 11d.

Ladies' satin umbrellas, 3s 11d (good), 4s 11d, 5s 11d, 6s 11d, to 25s.

### LACE.

Extraordinary value in Edelweiss, Torchon, and imitation Maltese; commencing 1d, 1 1/2d, 2 1/2d, up to 1s.

### LADIES' HAND-BAGS.

Morocco, plush, &c., 1s 6d, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, up to 25s.

### DRESSES.

Costume cloths, wonderful value, at 3s 11d per doz yds; also 5s 11d and 7s 11d; a 2 at 1s, 1s 3d, 1s 6d, and 2s per yd.

New dress trunks for tailor-made costumes, beautiful textures and colorings, 1s 6d, 1s 9d, 2s, 2s 3d, 2s 9d, 3s 6d upwards.

Wineys, exceptional value, 2 1/2d, 3 1/2d, 4 1/2d, 6d; crisp very wide and heavy, 8 1/2d.

Wool Plaids, double width, 1s 11d, 2s 6d, 2s 11d.

Cashmeres—Colored, at 3s 11d per dress of 7 yds; also 10 1/2d to 1s. All wool French cashmeres, 4 1/2 inch wide, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, to 4s 6d.

Silks—Special line colored Merveilles at 4s 11d.

Black Merveilles, extra value, 3s 6d, 4s 11d, 6s 11d.

Colored saris, 2s 11d and 3s 6d.

Black and brown Ottoman mado silks, 5s 6d and 7s 11d.

Check and stripe velveteens, 1s 11d and 2s 6d.

Black velveteens, 3 1/2d, 1s 11d, to 3s 6d.

### MANCHESTER.

White sheeting, 2yds wide, 10 1/2d.

Turkish towels, 6d, 9d, 1s, to 3s 6d; table damask, 3 1/2d; table napkins, from 1s 11d per dozen.

Nice assortment of doyleys, lavettes, &c.; window holland, special value, 10 1/2d; union and linen tickings from 6d.

Heavy wet wove calicoes, 1 yard wide, 2s 11d dozen.

Cotton shirtings, 2 1/2d; good selection Union and Crimean shirtings.

Blankets—White and colored, from 4s 11d. Crawford's special blanket for this season at 17s 6d is a marvel, and worth 25s.

### CARPET DEPARTMENT.

10 Bales Dutch Carpeting, 36 inch 3 1/2d.

Tapestry and Brussels Carpet.—A magnificent stock, still selling at our transfer sale prices, 4s 4d checks.

Linooleums.—Large accumulation of remnants at half cost prices.

Jobs in mats and rugs of every description.

Nottingham and guipure lace.

Curtains—Stylish and cheap.

### OUR NEW SHOW ROOM

Is now in full swing, and we are exhibiting many lines of interest to ladies.

Corsets.—We commence with a splendid line at 1s 11d per pair.

We have a special line of underclothing all round at 2s 6d per garment; wonderfully cheap.

Dr. Jaeger's sanitary underwear for ladies we desire to specially mention; also combination in merino.

Mantles, Ulsters, and Shawls—One of the best stocks in Australia; many lines ridiculously low.

Fur capes very cheap.

Special lines of musquash capes at 17s 6d, worth 35s.

Furs and bears—A lovely lot.

### OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT,

Under the new management, is a gratifying success, and our prices for stylish and becoming hats and bonnets are incomparable.

Crawford's half-guinea hats and bonnets and Crawford's guinea bonnets are most charming in design and marvellous in price.

### TAILORING.

We have a cutter of exceptional merit, and our prices are very moderate.

Gent's trousers to measure, 12s 6d; suits, Special line Ballarat tweed suits to measure, 50s.

Men's Geelong tweed suits—25s, 26s 6d, 37s, 63s, 45s.

Gent's and boys' hats and shirts, collars, ties, hosiery, in great variety.

The new Jubilee Hats and caps for boys are very pretty.

Special line Ballarat tweed suits to measure, 50s.

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THE CONTINENTAL CYCLE AND TRICYCLE CLUB  
COLONIAL BRANCH  
EVERY STYLE EVERY PRICE  
CASH  
EXTENDED PAYMENTS  
PRINCIPAL WALE

Agent for Beaufort: F. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF PIANOS  
BY ALL THE BEST MAKERS.  
25 per Cent. Better Value than any other House can offer.  
ALLAN & Co.  
COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S  
BORAX SOAP  
CLEANSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.  
THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH.  
BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP  
BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP

## Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auctions of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, FALLOW and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberated advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE.

And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,

Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

## Extraordinary

Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers

&c., &c., &c.

Without Money or Security

or

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART

OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the

World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch," H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort.

ONE BOX OF

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE,

APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS.

Burroughs, Burdidge and Co., Coleman-street, London

Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London.

Barder and Sons, Oxford-street, London.

And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS.

ROCKE, TOMPKINS, & Co., Melbourne.

HENNINGSEN & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

FRICH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS.

FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS.

BURKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS.

KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Drug

Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

MELBOURNE AGENTS

FOR THE

RIPONSHIRE ADVOCATE

MESSRS. GORDON & GOTCU

COLLINS STREET WEST

MELBOURNE

## FOR SALE,

HAY, Corn, and Produce Business, Machinery

and Premises. Principals only. Apply to

HARRIS and TROY.

For Sale,

120 ACRES of LAND at Graywood Hill, Mount

Cole. HARRIS and TROY.

Important Notice.

Mr. W. HARTLEY,

DENTIST SURGEON, Sturt Street, BALLARAT

(Over Barwell's, Photographer).

Dental Registration Certificate, No. 545.

WISHES to intimate to the citizens of Beaufort and Waterloo and surrounding district that he has opened a permanent branch in the above places, where every operation in Dentistry may be treated.

Decayed Teeth stopped from further decay. Artificial Teeth inserted, without pain or inconvenience cheaper than any other Dentist.

Persons having badly fitting artificial teeth require more adding to the base can have them made perfect by applying at once.

Essential care and attention given to the regulation of Children's Teeth, which, if neglected, in after years ruin the mouth or necessitate the use of false teeth.

ADVICE FREE. Testimonials both English and colonial.

ATTENDANCE EVERY FRIDAY at

Mr. ANDREWS, Pharmaceutical Chemist, N

Street, Beaufort, from 1 to 5 p.m.

And at Mr. E. MILLIGAN'S, Waterloo, from 6 to 8 a.m., where all necessary information can be given.

## GREAT JUBILEE SALE

Seasonable Drapery,

AT

JAMES TYLER'S

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

11 and 13 BRIDGE ST., BALLARAT.

IN the midst of so many Drapery Sales in Ballarat James Tyler is determined to keep up the reputation of Manchester House for the

Cheapest and Best Goods in the District.

While thanking my numerous patrons for a winter trade that exceeds any of my past returns, I beg to announce that I take the advantage of the very depressed state of the wholesale markets and have secured a lot of most useful lines, which, with the remainder of my Winter's Stock, I will offer during the next month at

UNHEARD OF PRICES.

I don't often announce a sale, and when I do so my customers know that I mean it, and on Saturday Next, I will, for one month only, make a Jubilee Gift of my profits, and give the



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

The wet weather during the past week has, to some extent, had a depressing effect upon the market, the delivery being light even for this season of the year.

Wheat, 3s 6d per bushel bags in Oats, to 2s 7d per bushel, bags in Pollard, 1s per bushel

MELBOURNE WEEKLY GRAIN REPORT.

The New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company report:—

The grain markets continue quiet whilst the drop of wheat prices in the London market has tended to restrict all export business in this line to the intercolonial trade.

GEELONG WEEKLY STATION PRODUCE REPORT.

Messrs George Hague and Co. report under date Wednesday, July 13:—

Wool—We held a small catalogue sale on Monday, when we had a full attendance of buyers and keen competition.

Dr Jaeger's Sanitary Woollen System.

Mr. George Schutze, 28 Sturt street, Ballarat, agent for Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woollen Clothing, delivered a very interesting address on "First Wealth is Health," at the German Club, Ballarat, last evening.

JUST ARRIVED.

Wotherspoon Bros AND CO.

Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

Everything Fashionable at WHOLESALE PRICES.

INSPECTION INVITED. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO.

IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE.

HAWKES BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Furniture and Dealers, Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort, Beg to notify to their patrons that all CASH PURCHASERS to the amount of 5s and upwards will be presented with a handsome JUBILEE MEDAL.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE.

MANCHESTER HOUSE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Including many new and useful lines, made specially to commemorate the QUEEN'S JUBILEE

JUBILEE Dresses, Satins, Plushes, Velvetines, Gloves, Jersey Jackets, Corsets, Ruffings, Laces, Ribbons.

JUBILEE Blankets, Flannels, Calicoes, Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings, Jubilee. At Jubilee Prices.

JUBILEE MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS' SUITS, Overcoats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, Jubilee Prices.

Jubilee Boots and Shoes, at Jubilee Prices Jubilee Suits to order, at Jubilee Prices. Jubilee.

G. H. COUGLE,

HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

THE BLUE HOUSE

SPECIAL NOTICE. Having decided on leaving Beaufort early next month, I will offer the WHOLE OF MY STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ALEXR. McDONALD, Proprietor.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort.

RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C. Beaufort.

FUNERAL ECONOMY. Established 1860. WILLIAM BAKER, UNDERTAKER, Lawrence Street, next Post Office, and Neill Street, opposite State School.

WALTER CORNELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, (next Hawley Bros. and 2 doors from Lester's hotel.)

H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER & NEWS AGENT, HA VELD STREET BEAUFORT.

On Sale AT JEREMIAH SMITH'S

TIMBER YARD, CORNER OF LIVINGSTONE & WILLOBY STREETS—

American shelving boards Do Lumber 6 1/2 x 1 T and O Scotch flooring 6 x 4 do do flooring 6 x 4 do do flooring American and Baltic deals, all sizes 4 out pine weatherboards 6 do do American clear pine 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

CAMPBELL'S MILLINERY, COSTUME, AND Ladies' Outfitting Rooms

Supply all the requirements for Ladies' and Children's Wear.

ALSO, A GENERAL STOCK OF MANCHESTER GOODS, AND FANCY GOODS QUALITY OF EVERYTHING GUARANTEED.

W. F. CAMPBELL, 108, and 140, Sturt Street, Ballarat.

DENTISTRY.

MR. BELLING, Surgeon-Dentist, LYDIARD STREET, BALLARAT, BEAUFORT. BELLING to inform the residents of Beaufort and the surrounding district that he may be CONSULTED THE FIRST THURSDAY IN EACH MONTH, at Mr. LOFT'S RAILWAY HOTEL.

Dr. LURZ, Melbourne.

SPECIALTY: NERVOUS, RHEUMATIC, AND JOINT DISEASES. 128, COLLINS STREET EAST.

MISS NETTLETON (Late of A. Crawford's, Ballarat) Eggs to inform the Ladies of Beaufort and surrounding district, that she has opened business as

Milliner, Dress and Mantle Maker: And trusts by efficient work and moderate charges, to merit a share of their patronage.

DEMAN MASON has pleasure in announcing that he has taken the premises in Havelock Street, Beaufort, lately occupied by Mr. William Scott, where he keeps a First-class Supply of Cigars, Toys, Confectionery, Fruit, Fancy Goods, &c.

WANTED for this journal, in the Country. Apply HENNINGSEN and KLUNDER.

SHIRE OF RIPON UNPAID RATES. NOTICE is hereby given that PROCEEDINGS will be taken for the RECOVERY OF RATES in arrears, unless the same are forthwith paid.

BEAUFORT JUBILEE HALL. A BAZAAR, in aid of the above BUILDING FUND, will be held on the completion of the building early in OCTOBER NEXT.

DR. CROKER HAS RESUMED PRACTICE in Beaufort, and will be consulted daily at his residence, or at Mr. A. Andrews, Chemist.

THE Riponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning. SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1887.

"Ratepayer's" and "Lynx's" letters were compelled to hold over for want of space in this issue.

A Reversion Court was held on Thursday, when their being no amendments to the lists, they were signed and authorized when printed.

The Mechanics' Bazaar is advertised to be held in October. Ladies willing to assist are requested to communicate with Mrs. D. G. Stewart, secretary of the committee.

Information has reached us that the lambing in this district is not so favorable this year as in previous years, the cold weather and insufficient grass militating against a large percentage.

At the police court on Monday last, before Mr. J. C. Thompson, P.M., Dr. Croker, Jas. Prentice and A. Andrews, J.P., Hugo Wertheim, by his manager, James Ballenger for the sum of £7 19s 6d, being the balance of amount owing for hire of a Sewing Machine.

The local branch of the Australian Natives' Association held its usual fortnightly meeting on Tuesday evening, when there was only a moderate attendance, the president occupying the chair. Two new members were proposed.

The oldest son of Mr. George Topper, of Beaufort, met with a peculiar accident on Monday afternoon last. He was out shooting, and as he approached the Duke Company's mill, he was hailed by an acquaintance.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Coughs, Influenza.—The soothing properties of these medicaments render them worthy of trial in all diseases of the respiratory organs.

ACCIDENTS have been very numerous in this district recently, and we regret that even another is to be added to the list.

THE sum of £20 was voted as a special grant to the Mechanics' Institutes, Beaufort, at the common meeting on Thursday, the same to be divided as follows:—£15 from the North Riding account, and £5 from the West Riding.

ACCIDENTS have been very numerous in this district recently, and we regret that even another is to be added to the list.

"Punch" has come to hand. Its cartoon this week represents Mr. Gillies and the cat, with a descriptive rhyme, a parody on Pussy cat, pussy cat, where have you been?

A service in connection with the Beaufort L.O.L. was conducted in the Societies' Hall on Sunday last by the Rev. H. Heathershaw.

THE following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, 42oz; New Victoria, 36oz; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 5oz; Saxon Consols, 6oz.

THE following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 14th July, 1887:—

Table with columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, value. Rows for July 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, and Totals.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

DOYLE'S COUGH EMULSION will be found a valuable remedy for Adults and Children in all cases of cold in the Head and Chest. Asthma, Soreness, Oppression, and all affections of the Chest and Lungs; accumulation of Phlegm, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Indigestion, Piphritis, Ulcerated, or Sore Throat.

THE secretary of the Beaufort Fire Brigade publicly acknowledges the receipt of a donation of £1 1s from Mr. H. P. Henningsen, and is "ever ready" to do the same for others who may be likewise benefited.

A meeting of the managers of the above common was held on Wednesday, when Messrs. Brown, Thomas and Wotherspoon were present.

are losing no time to so improve the site that unequalled advantages will be derived in the firing of matches. The ground has been inspected and will be resurveyed; and arrangements will be at once taken in hand for holding a grand rifle competition in Beaufort in October next.

We are requested to acknowledge on behalf of the Mechanics' Building Committee, the following further donations:—Mr. A. Wilson, £3; W. Johnston and family, 10s 6d; C. W. Tompkins, 6s.

The secretary of the Beaufort Fire Brigade publicly acknowledges the receipt of a donation of £1 1s from Mr. H. P. Henningsen, and is "ever ready" to do the same for others who may be likewise benefited.

The tenor of recent telegrams from London respecting the attitude of France and Germany, bespeak an outbreak as the outcome of the celebration of the anniversary of the establishment of the Republic.

The rainfall at Beaufort from July 8th to 14th as registered by Mr. M'Farlane, is 0.28in.

A meeting of the managers of the above common was held on Wednesday, when Messrs. Brown, Thomas and Wotherspoon were present.

The secretary reported as follows:—Balance in bank to credit, £38 0s 5d; cash in hand, £7 12s 6d; making a total credit of £45 12s 11d.

From the Secretary for Lands, intimating that the extension of the common over the old township of Raglan (about 4000 acres) is duly notified in the "Government Gazette" of the 3rd June, 1887.

From the Secretary for Lands forwarding lithographic plan showing the situation of the land applied for by J. K. Conway.—It was resolved that the Lands Department be informed that the managers have no objection to J. B. Conway occupying the land shown on plan.

The following accounts were passed for payment:—Herdsmen, £S; yarding goats, £7 4d; Secretary, £2; Petty Cash, 15s; Beaufort Relief fund, £2; Beaufort Hospital, £2; Benevolent Asylum, £1; Eye and Ear Hospital, £1; Beaufort Fire Brigade, £1; Beaufort Mechanics' Institute Building Fund, £2.

LETTERS, &c., are lying at the local Law Office for A. Bennett, George Ball, John Denning, Thomas Flowers, Mrs. Govert, Miss Lyan, J. B. Morgan, Mrs. H. Miller, H. M'Dougall, W. C. Pimblett, Mr. Robson, Mrs. M. Smith.

WEATHER FORECASTS For the next 24 hours. Friday, 14th July, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass Straits.—Unsettled, cloudy, and in parts showery; east and north-west winds.

Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 52.3. Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Unsettled, cloudy, and in parts showery; east and north-west winds.

MINING ITEMS. New Kong Meng, Malacca—Yield for week ended 14th July, 412 oz. S. dwt.

The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, 42oz; New Victoria, 36oz; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 5oz; Saxon Consols, 6oz.

RAILWAY RETURNS. The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 14th July, 1887:—

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Good Stories.

General Winfield Scott, while he was still at the head of the army, was coming out of his office one day to enter his carriage, when a man...

Once a deputation of wholesale dealers in coffee waited on Mr. Gladstone, presented their humble petition, showing how the impugned the British Constitution, and the advantages which would accrue to the revenue...

Sir Walter Scott and Pringle, of Wyrthbank, were in Paris together soon after Waterloo. Both were very gay and cheerful...

Abby Folsom was a zealous Abolitionist, and as it was the boast of the Abolitionists that they had a free platform, they found it impossible to keep her out of their meetings...

When Polk was President, the chair of the Senate was occupied by George M. Dallas, of Pennsylvania, the Vice-President. He was urbane and courtly; his abundant hair, white as wool...

The story has just leaked out—perhaps not for the first time—of how the estrangement between the late A. T. Stewart and Mr. Travers was given by the merchants at a large banquet given by the merchants at the farther end of the table...

One day a merchant, who had done some missionary work in the slums of London, was talking to Mr. Elder, late publisher of the "Lancet" on the subject of success in life...

There's another specimen of your financial recklessness! How easy for a burglar to have sneaked in here and taken every cent of it! Mrs. Bowser, you seem determined to ruin me!

Sketcher.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowser.

By Mrs. BOWSER.

One evening just before our marriage Mr. Bowser said to me: "I shall make you a weekly allowance of cash, and the money will be so convenient for you..."

The first four weeks after marriage we were off on our bridal tour, and I was too happy to think of such base stuff as cash. It was all of seven weeks before I made out and playfully presented to Mrs. Bowser the following little bill:

Received payment. "What's this?" demanded Mr. Bowser, as he received it. It was a very formal manner. "My dear, but you were to allow me \$25 per week, you know."

"Or, if that is too much, we'll say eight shillings. Yes, that is about the figure. You'll want a portion of it to buy pins, needles, gloves, handkerchiefs, thread, buttons, lace, and so on, and the rest you can spend for candy and street car tickets. Don't be reckless, Mrs. Bowser. While I haven't a stinky hair in my head, I don't like to see money wasted."

"Well, you—them—I may and if you don't care about it, I'll keep it. I suppose you have a pound or so laid by anyhow."

"That was the last of my spend. In the course of two or three weeks I wanted a few little knick-knacks, and Mr. Bowser seemed in unusually good spirits I asked him for \$2."

"Two pounds!" he fairly shouted, while the color fled from his face in an instant. "Two pounds, my dear!"

"Mrs. Bowser, have you gone crazy? I am now talking in your sleep? Do you really mean to ask me for \$2?"

"Well, you've got it! Your very demand is the best proof in the world that you don't know the value of money."

"I think it was, and two or three weeks longer. Half of what Mr. Bowser has been doing to me, but only in theory. He carries the cash, and I carry the theory. The first time I was ever laid out of this Theory of Cash system, we had some company in the evening, and all of a sudden Mr. Bowser turned to me with:

"Say, dear, I promised Blank you would be down to the opening tomorrow. Perhaps you'll want to plan to go down with these ladies, and so excuse time and place and take this."

With that he threw me a roll of notes amounting to \$20, but the last one of our company had not cleared the front steps when he held out his hand and said:

"That money, Mrs. Bowser?" "What about that money?" "Why, I want it!" "But you gave it to me." "You hand me back that money!" "Then I can't go to the opening."

"Opening be hanged! You don't suppose I'm fool enough to encourage you to throw away a small fortune on senseless gawgaws, do you?"

I had to give it up, but I think his conscience troubled him. I think so, because next morning he said to me an average \$4 per week to set our table. Suppose you take \$5 pay the girl, do the buying, and have what you can save?"

I agreed to it, and when Saturday came I made my start. On the first week I saved twenty shillings, and the next sixteen, but when the third Saturday came Mr. Bowser handed me only \$1.

"How's this?" I queried. "Mrs. Bowser, we are living altogether too high, and the doctor has warned me that you're not far off. You must take \$1 per week for this, and you ought to lay away at least ten shillings per week out of that towards buying the winter's coal."

"I won't touch it!" "Oh! you won't? Very well, Mrs. Bowser—very well! If that's the kind of help-meet you are in, I'm glad to have discovered it thus early in our career, and I shall take measures to prevent your reckless extravagance from bringing us to ruin."

And one day when I found a penny which had shaken out of his trousers in the bedroom, and he found it on the bureau where I had laid it, he grabbed for it with the exclamation:

Odds and Ends.

Dollie.

She sports a witching gown With a ruffle up and down On the skirt. She is gentle, she is shy, But there's mischief in her eye; She's a flirt.

She displays a tiny glove And a dainty little shoe Of a shoe. And she wears her hat a-tit Over lings that never will lie in the shoe.

'Tis rumored chocolate creams Are the fabric of her dreams— But enough! I know beyond a doubt That she carries them about In her hand.

With her dimples and her curls She experiments the girls Past belief; They think that she's a cat, And delightful things like that In their grief.

It is shocking, I declare! But what does Dollie care! When the boys Come knocking to her feet Like the bees over a sweet Little rose?

An Inventory—with Comments. Item: some hair—soft, golden brown. She wears it as it were a crown.

Item: two eyes. They look at me, although there's little there to see. Item: two lips. They sing, speak, kiss, in none of these they are amiss.

Item: a smile. It flits away Ere its beauties can portray. Item: two hands—so fair and fine. They fair, I fear, to mate with mine.

Item: two feet. To kick, in play, The follies of the world away. Item: her dress. Alas! we men Cannot describe beyond our ken.

Item: a voice. Its music stirs The heart-strings of her worshippers. Each note those flower-like lips set free A roselike perfume across to me.

Item: four words. My heart's consoled—"I love you, too"—and all is told.

Fortune, after so many knock-down blows, has withdrawn all pretensions of fickleness by presenting Sir Charles Dilke with a legacy of £170,000. The fortune comes from the remnants of the Snooko family, of which John Snooko married Dilke's great aunt.

John Chinaman, with his usual shrewdness, has laid upon an article of export from Germany, which has thus far escaped the attention of the enterprising Teutons. It is neither more nor less than cast-off horse-shoes, which some Berlin firms are about to ship some 9000 to 4000 tons.

An interesting lawsuit will shortly come before the Paris Courts. The plaintiff, Mlle. Baudry Lacantieric, is a lady of good family and was for some years a nun belonging to the order of "Bon Secours." It is alleged that her superiors, finding her in a chronic state of bad health, gave her notice to leave.

The Duke of Edinburgh, her Majesty's second son, is a sweet a card named Lyons for taking stone off his Eastwell Park estate. His Royal Highness wanted £21,188. An obliging court allowed him £18. He is the gentleman who is credited with having sold in London the presents heaped upon him in Austria.

Dr. Hainswald, the African traveller, says that the Zulu king met the savage who killed the French Prince Imperial, and told him that if he had only taken the young man prisoner he might have got a large ransom, whereupon the Zulu wept with regret and

Evidence of Insanity.—The Lord Chancellor of England, in a case of insanity, said: "I have seen many cases of insanity, but I have never seen one so stupid as this."

The Inner Man.

Club Cooks and Kitchens.

The chef of a club is seldom or never seen by the members. He presides in the regions of the kitchen never frequented except by those whose duties call them there. Very few members know who the chef is, or indeed anything about him excepting that he is a good cook or a bad one. If his cooking is unsatisfactory to the members, it is needless to say his *regime* in the club is soon ended.

The chef, however, is a very important figure in the life of a club. He usually drinks all that is allowed him, yet it is rarely reported that the chef is any worse for his liberal potations. He always has one or more assistants. Then there is a second, or deputy chef, who officiates between times, as the chef never allows himself to be over-worked.

While unseen except by those whose duties call them there, the chef is probably the most influential person in the club. He is the one who is in touch with the members, and he is the one who is in touch with the kitchen staff.

The chef is a man of many talents. He is a cook, a manager, a diplomat, and a politician. He is the one who is in touch with the members, and he is the one who is in touch with the kitchen staff.

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Boys' Column.

The All-Round Boy.

There are many ways of learning a thing. You want to know many things, there may be in a quart. There are the tables of weights and measures in the arithmetic, and you can read and remember that "two pints make one quart."

There are many young folks who think going to school a dull business. It is all right if you go to the wrong kind of school. Committing lessons to memory and repeating the right answers in the class is often a dull business.

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Miscellaneous.

The Heart's Kingdom.

Who that hath seen the face of suffering With joy illumed, The patient life of heartless offering By care consumed, Yet wrapped in holiest atmosphere of peace—

Who that hath felt The sweet religion of young, smiling lips, And humbly knelt Before the sacred shrine of love lit eyes—

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Humor.

Bill Nye's Budget.

I am just having a highly humorous experience with bills. To others this announcement will come with no element of sadness, perhaps, but to me it brings a thrill of the keenest and most poignant anguish. A man might go all over a whole country and not find anything more poignant than these bills seem to me.

There are seven of these little blossoms, and they hang in a ripe cluster on the back of my neck, about two inches below what the physiologists call love of home.

I had never brought out a bill until last week, though I have had a very chequered life, but one morning I awoke to find myself the parent of seven cunning little red-headed bills about the size of a pumpkin-seed.

They are small, but, oh, how restless they are, and how they struggle with each other for supremacy!

People who live here say that these bills are a result of the climate. The air here is especially calculated to bring out anything that grows in the direct line of vision, being the back of my neck. So I get a friend—one I can trust—and I let him come and tell me how they are doing from time to time.

This little bill at first did not bid fair to hold out more than a day or two, but I was so anxious to throw aside its lethargy and to realize that life is real. It is fully abreast of the others now, and has a large and very active career on it.

For three days I put various things on these bills: among them soap, sugar, the white of an egg, basswood, bread and milk, bread and molasses, etc., etc. There were other things recommended, but as the bills were all in a cluster I had to try one thing at a time. With seven bills several remedies at once, but I did the best I could. In three days I have rendered four pounds' worth of groceries entirely useless to the consumer.

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RIPONSHIRE COUNCIL

Thursday, July 14th.

Present—Mrs. Oddie (president, in the chair), Lewis, McKenzie, Murray, Wotherspoon, Cushing, Beggs, Adams, and Thomas.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

CORRESPONDENCE.

From T. C. Russell, Exchange, Melbourne, re alteration in charges for membership to the Exchange, with a view of making the municipal board room of the institution more popular.

From Secretary Department of Mines and Water Supply, acknowledging receipt of letter from Council, asking for grant of £500 to assist in providing a supply of water for the inhabitants of Waterloo, stating the hon. the Minister of Water Supply regrets that he does not feel justified in recommending any grant to be made for the purpose mentioned.

From Shire of Hampden, forwarding cost of weighbridge and its erection at Skipton in connection with that Council. The price for a bridge capable of weighing up to six tons, £80; estimate cost of carriage and erection, £20; total, £100. Half cost to each shire, £50.—Resolved that application be made to Government for permission to vote £75 to be spent outside the shire in this work.

From same, replying to letter of Council re cost of lamps and lighting.—Street lantern, with brackets and lamp complete, £2 15s; post struts, 30s; total, £4 5s per lamp. The contract for lighting (including supply of best oil, wicks, and maintenance, i.e. replacing broken glasses and lamp glasses) is £12 6d for 3 lanterns for three months. Two nights before, full moon, and two nights after, the lamps are not lighted.—Referred to east riding members.

From J. R. Cathcart, Water Supply office, Ballarat, forwarding report of Christopher Mudd on "Forest Reserves"—Received.

From 12 ratepayers at Raglan, calling attention to impassable state of the land past Gibbons, and to the fact that the Council have promised work in this lane before.—Referred to north riding members.

From Taylor, Buckland, and Gates, re omission in transfer of land to Alexander Anderson in exchange for road.—Received, and left to west riding members to consult with Mr. Anderson and report.

From G. Russell, Cavingham, stating that as foxes are reported to be in Mount Emu, he thinks it advisable that the Council should have the caves and holes where they lodge stopped up.—Received.

From A. Braid, engineer, Melbourne, forwarding circular, re street sweepers and scrapers.—Received.

From Anstahire, stating that some years ago that Council passed a resolution offering a reward of £2 per head for foxes destroyed.—Received.

From Alex. Wilson, Mount Emu, stating, in reply to notice received from rabbit inspector to destroy rabbits, that he had been all over the mount reserve and failed to see any rabbits. He had during the past six weeks killed over 100, which had come from the west, and during the summer the reserve was practically clear from the pest. Regarding Trawalla, Mr. Ellis had complained to him some time ago that the Council's reserves were in a neglected state, and that he had killed over 500 rabbits that had come from the cover of hollow logs and brushwood on those reserves.—Received.

From Lands department, stating that steps are now being taken to reserve the site applied for as a rifle range at Beaufort, asking if any objection.—This letter was considered in connection with another re reservation of land running through part of the area. No objection was offered provided the 1 1/2 chain road be eliminated and reserved as a road.

From Shire of Bacchus Marsh, forwarding resolutions of a conference held there re the rabbit nuisance.—Received; no action.

From William Cobden, protesting against the rise in his water rate, and asking that the extra 5s charged should be refunded.—Received.

From Annis Longridge, Snake Valley, a widow, applying for remission of rates, as she was not able to pay them.—Received.

From H. Stephens, Portland, stating that a cottage was rented to the Government for police purposes, for which he was rated, and he asked if it was customary to rate owners when premises were rented by Government.—It was stated that subsequent to receipt of Mr. Stevens' letter the amendment had been made with respect to Waterloo cottage, but an application for remission of water rates on two cottages in Neill street, Beaufort, was refused.

From Cuthbert and Wynne, stating that the transfer of certain land to the Council had been signed by all parties, and applying for the purchase money.—The purchase money having been voted at a previous meeting it was decided that it should be handed over on receipt of deeds.

From secretary Beaufort Fire Brigade, asking that all fire plugs be marked and numbered; also calling attention to the number of chimneys taking fire in the township of Beaufort.—Resolved that attention be given to the request that the plugs be marked and numbered.

The following accounts were passed for payment on the recommendation of the Finance Committee:—

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes Salaries—Engineer £30 6 8, Secretary 20 0 0, Mrs. Taylor 1 15 0, Public Expenditure 6 0 0, Petty Cash 7 17 0, J. Tompkins, com. on weighbridge 2 1 0, D. Cameron, commission on dog registration 1 8 0, President and Secretary—deput. to Governor's levee 10 10 0, Charles Tompkins, engraving address to Queen 1 1 0, John Humphreys, clerical work 1 0 0, E. Whiting 19 0 0.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes F. Male, rye grass seed 2 5 6, R. Humphreys, firewood 1 0 0, M. Flynn, goods 2 0 0, Jas. Whitla 2 0 0, Burdett, fencing 4 10 7, Rabbit Suppression 25 16 8, John Whitfield, surface man 16 18 4, M. Carrigan, do. 16 15 0, Isaac Storey, do. 10 0 0, M. Muir, do. 10 0 0, M. Meehan, do. 12 15 0, Joe Whitfield, do. 9 0 0, W. McFarlane, do. 10 0 0, R. Gibson, do. 10 0 0, Jas. Tait 15 0 0, W. Osborne 15 0 0, Cornelius Daly 15 0 0, John Owen, blacksmith's work 4 16 4, F. Hull 1 6 8, Pat. Lennon 2 0 0, John Yoesan 3 12 0, Jas. Thompson 2 6 0, J. F. Watkin 35 10 0, Band of Hope and Albion Co. 2 0 0, James Yates 8 10 0, W. Andas 3 0 0, A. Kerr 7 8 0, H. Ailon 13 4 0, Jeremiah Smith 3 3 1, Hawkes Bros. 4 12 1, H. Stuart 4 6 9, J. Dank and Son 38 18 4, G.C. Tucker 21 11 4, E.C. Earles 2 12 3, C. Broadbent 12 0 0.

CONTRACT ACCOUNTS.

North Riding—Pimblett L40; Morris Brothers L35 5s; T. Vanderstoel L49 14s 6d; Gerald Halpin L27.

East Riding—A. R. Slater, L29 5s 3d.

REPORTS.

Mr. Jackson, the engineer, reported—I have the honor to report that I visited Skipton for the purpose of ascertaining what alteration Mr. McFadzean wishes to have made to the roads in Skipton. Mr. McFadzean states that he considers that the present metalled road from the bridge to the Ripon hotel is too crooked and too steep, and consequently people find it difficult to make their way at night from the lower part of the town to the hotel, and he wishes a new road to be made from a point opposite the hotel through the corner of Sydney Rowe's township allotment, and straight on to the bottom of the hill, and close past the telegraph post at the blacksmith's shop; the top of the hill to be cut down, the low ground filled up, and the culvert lengthened or a new one made. The long continuation of wet weather has made the roads all over the shire in a comparatively soft state, and difficult to maintain, especially where metal and gravel are scarce. If it is the intention of the Council to have a valuation made this year the work should be commenced at once.—The report was received.

A discussion arose on the subject of having a valuation, which assumed a very mixed complexion, so much so that councillors were asked to vote upon an amendment and a motion in one and the same act. The motion was to the effect that the valuation be made as usual. The amendment was that no valuation be made this year. The amendment was declared carried.

Cr. Thomas—I rise to a point of order.—The President—Cr. Thomas, I would like to inform you that it is the custom of this Council that when a resolution is carried there is an end to it. I rule you out of order.

Cr. Thomas—I was only going to say, Mr. President.—The President—You cannot say anything now.

Cr. Wotherspoon—Was that the motion or the amendment that was carried? The President—The motion.

Cr. Wotherspoon—Then there is to be a valuation made? The President—No, the motion is that there be no valuation.

Several councillors suggested that the amendment was to that effect, and not the motion.

The President—Allow me. Just take down the names of those who voted, Mr. Secretary.

The Secretary—For the amendment—Mrs. Lewis, Wotherspoon—

Cr. Wotherspoon—No; I voted for the motion to have a valuation.

The Secretary—Mrs. Lewis, Oddie, Adams, Cushing—

Cr. Cushing—I voted for the valuation to be made.

The Secretary—Mrs. Oddie, Lewis, Adams, McKenzie, and Murray. Is that right? The President and a councillor—Yes, that's right.

The Secretary—Now, is that for the motion or the amendment? Voices—"For the motion." "No; for the amendment."

The Secretary—Now for the motion—Mrs. Beggs, Thomas, Cushing, and Wotherspoon. The President—The amendment is carried.

Cr. McKenzie—Does that mean that? The President—The matter is done with, Cr. McKenzie. We'll proceed to the next business.

DEPUTATION.

On the motion of Cr. Wotherspoon, the standing orders were suspended to admit a deputation from the Mechanics' Institute. Mr. Andrews stated that himself and Mr. Harris, as chairman and secretary of the building committee of the Beaufort Mechanics' Institute and Free Library, were present to ask the Council to make a special grant to the building fund of that Institute. He stated that the committee had accepted a tender for £270 for erecting two additional rooms for the use of the library and the public, and together with the furniture and fittings it was estimated that the expenditure would eventually rise to upwards of £300. He would also mention that this new building was going up as a memorial of the Jubilee of Her Majesty, as well as being a provision for the convenience of the public. As showing the benefit of the institute to the public, he would point out that while there was an attendance of 10,000 persons during the year to the reading room, the actual number of subscribers was only 50. This would indicate that there was a very large number of persons who availed themselves of the advantages and advantages of the Free Library, but contributed nothing to its support and maintenance. Their object in waiting upon the Council for a special grant was to reach the pockets of those who would not support the institute in a direct manner. He would also state that a demonstration was held on Jubilee Day, but

the weather so much interfered with the financial success of the arrangements that the income did not reach their anticipations, or they would not be there to-day. Mr. Harris said he could not add much, if anything, to what Mr. Andrews had said; but he would urge the claims of the institute upon them, as it was a public affair for a public good.

Cr. Wotherspoon asked if the west riding would join. He believed from certain information given him that the institute was largely used by the west riding people.

Cr. Lewis—Certainly. Cr. Cushing objected. He would not deny that the object was deserving of support. In many instances the west riding had contributed to public works in the north riding. He was not one who usually objected in such matters, but he really thought it too bad to look to the west riding to keep the north in everything. The other members for the west riding could vote as they liked, but he was not disposed to assist such united action.

Cr. Beggs objected to any money being voted. It was an institution that should be supported by private subscriptions.

Cr. Lewis would always support movements of this kind. They were valuable in more ways than one, and he knew well enough that people in the west riding valued the Beaufort Mechanics' Institute.

A motion was made that the matter lie on the table.

Cr. Thomas objected to that, and moved as an amendment that £20 be voted to the committee; £10 from the west and £10 from the north ridings.

Cr. Lewis seconded. After some discussion, the motion was withdrawn, and

Cr. Cushing intimated that if the amendment was altered, making it £15 from north riding and £5 from west, he would withdraw his opposition. This was done, and the amendment was carried.

Cr. Beggs asked that his name might be recorded as dissenting from the resolution.

RABBIT SUPPRESSION.

The rabbit inspector, Mr. McRae, reported—Fair attention is paid to the destruction of rabbits throughout the shire, with the exception of the Crown lands at Mount Cole, where very little has been done since the Government party were withdrawn. The whole of the State forest is now held by the licensees, viz., Messrs. Neil, O'Halloran, and Parliament. At present rabbits are not very plentiful on any part of the State forest, but as the breeding season is now on they will soon increase if not properly attended to. A man was engaged at Eaks-Goldsmith, Salt Lake, and Emu Creek reserves for a month digging out burrows, which are continually reopened. There are a few rabbits at Lake Wogan, which will be attended to as soon as possible. Referring to Mr. Geo. Russell's letter, complaining of the Mount Emu reserve as a harbor for foxes, I have the honor to inform you that I have carefully examined the mount, and found several holes and caves which are a harbor, but saw no signs of foxes having been there recently. Four of the worse cases are already blocked up, and the remainder could be made proof against foxes. It is difficult to estimate the cost of the work, the mount being so rough.—The report was received.

With reference to the foxes, Cr. Lewis said that in the Leigh shire no less than 287 head had been killed and paid for at the rate of 10s per head. He believed that the Shire of Grenville had taken no action yet in reply to this Council's request, and suggested that the secretary write again.

Cr. Murray said that a member of the Grenville shire had informed him that that body did not intend to take any action until it was made legal and compulsory by Act of Parliament. As the matter stood, the foxes were driven over the boundaries into this shire and killed here, the reward being obtained. He suggested that the representative of this Council at the Municipal Group Meeting bring the matter forward, with a view to having legislative action taken in the matter. It was necessary that steps should be enforced for general destructive measures being taken. The members of Parliament should be asked to use their influence in this direction.

The Secretary reported that the amount of rates collected for the current year to date is as follows:—General, £298 2s; water, £169 4s 6d—£117 is due on the former and £33 on the latter. The Council's overdraft is £623 14s 4d, but with the payments of the half-year's subsidy in the month of September and the absence of any unforeseen expenditure, the Council will have a credit balance of about £100 at the conclusion of the financial year.

The report was received.

TENDERS.

The following tenders were recommended for acceptance by the Tender Committee:—

NORTH RIDING. Contract 438—For clearing and cutting a channel at the Beaufort Park, about 8 chains long and 30 feet wide. R. Humphreys £39.

SOUTH RIDING.

Contract 438—For clearing and cutting a channel at the Beaufort Park, about 8 chains long and 30 feet wide. R. Humphreys £39.

ANOTHER DEPUTATION.

Mr. P. Male was introduced by Cr. Thomas, and stated that he had been compelled to do certain work in the street, which the engineer had promised to see about, but he had delayed the matter too long, so that he deemed it imperative to make the approach to his yard in a fit state. He had made a charge of 10s 6d, but had been informed that the same had not been allowed. The Council would have had to do the work if he had not done so, and as the charge was less than they could have done the work at, he thought it only fair that the Council should allow the claim.

After some discussion Cr. Cushing moved, and Cr. Lewis seconded that the claim be allowed, but in no way would this be considered a precedent.—Carried.

A return was laid on the table showing the names of those who had neglected or refused to pay their rates. The Secretary was authorized to take proceedings in all cases.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Cr. Thomas gave notice that he would move that "notice be given of the Council's intention to pass a bye-law respecting foul chimneys."

NEXT MEETING.

It was resolved that the Council at its riding adjourn to Thursday, August 4th inst. The Council then adjourned.

REMINISCENCES OF A SOJOURN IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[BY MNEMONSYNE.]

No. II.—A HUNT FOR LODGINGS.

I often recall this incident of my sojourn in a strange land. The experience of hunting for lodgings was a new one to me. To say that I felt queer about the matter would only half convey the actual state of mind from which I suffered throughout the whole of the first day spent in the model city, as the Adelaideans call it.

Having made arrangements for the security of my luggage, the next important step was to make sure of a place, which, for a time at least, would serve as a home.

Opposite the station was a "Temperance Hotel." That might be good enough, but—no, I shan't go there; too much cold water; too much tea—and nothing to take away the taste of either.

"Want a cab, sir?" said a partly shaven, clean-faced man, looking anxiously into my face, (he divined that my standing on the steps indicated that I was waiting something).

"No, thank you, I've no need for a cab until I know where I'm going," was my reply. "But could you tell me where there is a likelihood of obtaining respectable lodgings?"

"Oh, I see. Just arrived. Well, sir, tell you the truth, it just depends upon what part of the city you would like to live in."

It matters very little at first. If I get one place it will be an easy matter to look out for another, if it does not suit.

Yes, sir. Excuse me a moment, I'm the last vehicle, and approaching a gentleman and two ladies, who were attended by three little children, and a host of baggage, hand-boxes, &c., he was fortunate enough to get a lead. Then approaching me hurriedly he whispered:

"Will you jump up in front, sir?"

Thankfully declining the offer, I stood for a few minutes watching the progress of the vehicle. Proceeding up the hill to the left, it turned to the right. Immediately afterwards, the "sweet chiming bells" and the melancholy tolling of a single bell informed me that 11 o'clock is the hour of the day. It was useless to waste any more time, so following the course that other people took, I soon found myself in the centre of the city.

There did not appear to be many people in the streets the result of not having anything to do. A few new arrivals, like myself, only differing in the circumstance that they had come from the "old" country in an immigrant vessel, which has just arrived, and they were now awaiting engagement. The majority of them were men, but there were a few young women "whose faces were evidently not their sole fortune."

It was only a stranger like myself who would notice them, as they stood in two's and three's at short distances apart; but even I, having a specific object in view, could not afford the time to obtain more than a hurried description of their attitudes and conduct.

Here, at the corner of Rundle and King William streets, under the verandah, a couple stood; they were not brother and sister, I divined, for they stood hand in hand, although it was broad daylight; they had undoubtedly struck up a friendship on board ship, and the attachment had arrived at that stage when it might be said:

"Each looked into the other's eyes, And rapturous in silence grew; No questions asked, and no replies; The secrets of the heart both knew."

There, along King William street, was a group of three—apparently father, mother, and son. They were standing opposite a labor mart, and, if I judged rightly, there was employment for one of the men and the question had arisen—"who shall go?"

And so on along the street each group being a picture in itself worth studying.

The streets were not so crowded as those of Melbourne, although there were evidences of a great deal of business being done, yet almost everyone seemed in no hurry. Things were taken as they came.

Building was going on in several parts of the city. A new bank was progressing towards completion—and a handsome piece of architecture it finally turned out to be.

Cabs were running at regular intervals, the minimum charge being sixpence, to the various suburbs. But in fine weather, people saved their sixpences and walked the distance. Upon the tramway cars beginning to run during the following year, the cab fare was reduced to 3d all round, and, although several cabbies were jealous of the innovation, and showed their ill-feeling in various ways, such as stopping their vehicles into the cars, and cutting in before them on route to pick up passengers, stopping the progress of the trams, they subsequently found that they made more than double the money per day at the cheap fare than when the minimum charge was 6d.

But I am digressing. Wandering through the streets I could not help stopping to look in some of the windows and shops, and in several instances it led me inside to shopping about "board and residence for single gentlemen," notice of which was displayed, but not very conspicuously, in the windows. Some places were too far out of the city for a person not knowing the run of the place; others were objectionable because of the high charges; but in each case I was struck with the civility and attention paid in this matter to enquirers, which I subsequently discovered was equal to that paid to customers who were making purchases.

There was plenty of time during the afternoon, I thought, to see the sights; already too much had been wasted since morning; so I walked on, and crossed to the other side of the road, where I entered a "chophouse."

I didn't want to be thought a stranger, so I followed others and imitated their examples in calling for refreshments. This didn't work, however, with the damsels who were dancing attendance. Their keen perception discovered at once that I was a new chum, and for some

reason or other not apparent, I was kept waiting until almost everyone had gone out. There were plenty of newspapers about, and taking up one, I became absorbed in the board and residence advertisements. The time sped swiftly onwards. For a while it was laughter, chatter, and the clashing of crockery. "Cheps for one," "coffee for two," "coeca one," "Tea four," "battered buns, Emily," "sandwiches," and such like calls. I thought to myself this is a prosperous business.

At last there was a lull, and everyone cleared out but myself.

The damsel who had taken my order on first entering, re-appeared, and apologising for having "quite forgotten you, sir," requested me to kindly repeat my order.

"Oh, there's no necessity for an apology. I am rather pleased that otherwise, for it gives me an opportunity of plying you with a question or two which it would be to my advantage to obtain satisfactory answers."

"Any information I can give you, sir, I shall be most happy to do so," said she with a twinkle in her eye, and a hasty glance over her shoulder to see that none of the other girls were watching.

"Well, then, I'm a stranger here in Adelaide, and anxious to obtain respectable lodgings—board and residence in the polite name, perhaps—could you tell me of a place?"

"Yes," she said slowly. "At least I think so. Wait a moment, please. Tea or coffee?"

"Coffee, please."

And the girl flit, leaving me to wonder what next. In a couple of minutes she returned with a small tray laden with my requirements, and while displaying them neatly before me she whispered, "Excuse me, sir, the 'boss' has just come in, and he doesn't like to see us talking to customers. I'll come back in a moment or two."

The moment or two spun themselves out into half an hour, and then I heard some rustling of dresses, and the girl came forward with another attention—a short, neat little figure with a pretty girlish face; she was dressed in mourning.

"This is the gentleman, Alice," and then addressing me, she explained that Alice's mother, recently left a widow with a young family, took a few gentlemen in as boarders.

I must admit that they both treated me with confidence; both were nice spoken girls, civil and polite, and altogether of a different stamp to many I had seen in restaurants in Melbourne.

We had a long conversation together, for the "boss" didn't come in a second time, and it ended by Alice writing out directions whereby I might find her mother's residence.

I was to take a "bus."

"At the corner of Grenfell street. They start every ten minutes."

"And where's Grenfell street?"

"Come to the door and I'll show you," said the girl I had first spoken to.

I was directed to the corner of a street I had previously stood at.

"You are lucky, sir, there's a bus standing at the corner now."

"I cannot see one," I replied.

"Not at the far corner, in front of the hotel?"

"I do not see one."

"Are you short-sighted, sir?" They began to laugh at me.

"I assure you I am in earnest, I do not see a bus."

"Then what do you see, sir?"

"I see a vehicle with a man standing up in the front of it."

"Look at that, Alice; he's toying with us. I knew he wasn't so green as he is cabbage looking."

"Thank you. But you don't mean to say that is the bus you pointed out?"

"Of course; what did you think it was?"

"We call them hackney cabs in Melbourne. Well, good day, I'll follow my instructions closely. Get out at the brewery, walk about two hundred yards to the left, &c., I shan't forget."

I didn't forget. Alice's mother's terms per week suited me, and I engaged, returned to town, got my portmanteaus, and it was getting dark when I returned to my first lodgings.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

The first of the Union series of five matches for a trophy value £10, and a second prize of £2 10s was fired at Stawell on Wednesday. The final issue will be decided by points. It will be seen by the scores that Stawell has one horse in, having beaten Beaufort by 1 point. Jackson's Creek were not able to compete in this match. The next will be fired at Beaufort.

The following are the scores:—

Table with 4 columns: Name, Yards, Score, and Total. Includes Beaufort: T. A. Archard 400 500 600 1500, J. M. Hine 30 30 37 97, S. W. Male 25 24 24 73, W. C. Thomas 29 28 17 74, J. Clapman 33 28 26 87, Grand Total 418.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Yards, Score, and Total. Includes Ararat: Longford 24 20 21 65, George 25 21 17 63, Hamilton 17 18 23 58, Asche 23 23 23 69, Blease 32 31 25 88, Grand Total 312.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Yards, Score, and Total. Includes Great Western: Best 400 500 600 1500, Mason 30 28 4 62, Conroy 26 23 21 70, Butterfield 20 12 3 35, Young 32 29 21 82, Grand Total 330.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Yards, Score, and Total. Includes Stawell: Whitehead 400 500 600 1500, Aitken 33 24 24 81, Plyford 32 27 29 88, Cahill 33 24 17 74, Parker 32 31 28 91, Grand Total 419.

MONKEY.

To Farmers, Landowners, and Others. I'VE LEND—Large and small sums of trust and other MONIES, 3 or 5 years, on leasehold and freehold land at lowest rates of interest. McEVROY and CO., 21 Market Street, Melbourne.

BUNGOR ESTATE.

THURSDAY, 21st JULY, At 1 o'clock.

Agricultural Farms, From 27 acres to 724 acres each.

GRAZING BLOCK, 1314 acres. Total, 4655 acres.

YOUNG, LASCELLES, AUSTIN, and CO., Ballarat, instructed by Messrs. Young Bros., will sell by public auction on the ground, the whole of the above well-known ESTATE, formerly the property of Colin Campbell, Esq. The property abuts upon the Bunjor Railway Station Reserve on one side, and the Chalmers Estate of G. W. Thomson, Esq., on the other; and consists of good Agricultural Land, all well watered and improved.

For full particulars of lots, &c., see bills. Lithographed plans of the property and other information forwarded on application to the auctioneers, Lydiard street, Ballarat.

Schedule A.—[Rule 4.]

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR GOLD MINING LEASE.

I, THE UNDERSIGNED, hereby give notice that, within six days from the date hereof, I will leave with the Warden of the Mining Division of Raglan, an application for a Gold Mining Lease, the particulars whereof are hereunder set forth:—

Name in full of each applicant, with the full address of each, and style under which it is intended that the business shall be carried on. Name of each applicant, and whether he or she is below surface; or both, or a lease. Name of each person (if any) who is in occupation of the land. Minimum number of men to be employed. Freehold locality of the ground. Terms required. Amount of mining operations to be carried on. Amount of money proposed to be expended, and in what manner the land is to be worked. Whether the boundaries of the land applied for will include any rivers, creeks, deposit of petroleum, water, spring, artesian reservoir, public roads, or subject to any public rights. General remarks.—The above mentioned area is at present being worked by myself and party, under the mining lease of the late Alphonse Ansaldo, District. Date and place—Warrack, July 1







# The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY JULY 23, 1887.

PRICE SIXPENCE.

[No. 614.]

## The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,  
CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of the paper, Lawton street, in order that such arrears may be provided. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our messengers to prove efficient, unless they are warned by them when such notices take place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will in all cases be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 4 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of entering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 3 shillings and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, forwarded or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

## WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA start as under:—  
From the Fisherie Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4.15 p.m.  
Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.  
Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days, One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOWLES, Proprietor.

## PHOENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT and PAYMENT of CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000. Annual Income—£200,000. Accumulated Funds exceed, £1,000,000.

## LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.  
R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—  
H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of Every Description go to  
A. NEEDHAM, Noll street, Beaufort.  
Cheapest and Best.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.  
Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.  
Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY. Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus declared for the period ending 30th September, 1887.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.  
ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

## W. BAKER,

Cabinet Maker, Upholsterer, Window Blind and Binding Manufacturer.

W.B. has ON SALE the following lines:—  
Fine Shalving, Flooring, and Lining Boards; California, Rustic, and Clear Pine, up to 36 inches; Cedar, all thicknesses and widths; Table Legs, Sashes, Doors, Architraves and other Mouldings, Window Glass, White Lead, Oils, Turps, and all other Building Requisites.

Sashes, Doors, and all kinds of Joiner's Work made to order at the Lowest Possible Prices.  
Hardwood supplied at Timber Yard prices.

## GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.  
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of the best Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a deliciously flavoured beverage which will save us many heavy doses of medicine. It is by the judicious use of such a beverage that a constitution may be built up, and strength enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of delicate persons are being around us ready to attest the fact that there is a weak point. We may even receive a fatal blow by keeping ourselves out of bed with pure blood and a properly regulated frame."—See article in the "Civil Service Gazette."  
Made simply with boiling water or milk.  
Sold in 4lb. packets by Grocers, labelled thus:—  
JAMES EPPS & CO.,  
HOMOEOPATHIC CHEMISTS,  
LONDON, ENGLAND.

## Extraordinary Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE.

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers  
&c., &c., &c.

Without Money or Security

OR

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART

OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the

World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,  
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND  
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)  
MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients that we shall continue to hold regular Auctions every Tuesday during the coming season. Their well-known Wool Sales and Produce, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our friends that we hold regular sales of Grain and Produce every TUESDAY, at the  
CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,  
And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags, Gunnies, and General Station Supplies, at Current Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,  
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Geelong Wool Sales.

Since 1857-58.

Geo. Hague & Co.

BEG to intimate to Wool growers and others interested that they will hold Sales of Wool every Tuesday during the coming season. Their well-known Wool Sales and Produce, every alternate THURSDAY during the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

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EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,  
Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange, Melbourne.

Geelong Wool Sales.

THE CORRESPONDENCE ESTABLISHED 1832  
INVITED  
THE COVENTRY MACHINISTS COMPANY  
COLONIAL BRANCH  
UNDER THE CHARGE OF  
EXPERIENCED WORKMEN  
62-64  
ELIZABETH STREET  
MELBOURNE.

NEW WATCHES  
GENTS' WATCHES  
LADIES' WATCHES  
EVERY STYLE EVERY PRICE TERMS CASH OR PAYMENT

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF  
**PIANOS**  
BY ALL THE BEST MAKERS.  
25 per Cent. Better Value than any other House can offer.

THOMPSON'S  
PIANOS  
ORGANS  
£40 TO £48 £18 TO £180  
Or 30s. Monthly Or 20s. Monthly

A Striking Contrast in Appearance, Tone and Finish to all other Instruments of Similar Price.

BAND INSTRUMENTS BY ALL STANDARD MAKERS.  
**ALLAN & Co.**  
COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.  
TIME-PAYMENT for all INSTRUMENTS.

**LEWIS & WHITTYS**  
A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.  
No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specialty Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes.

BRIGHTENS the Colors, does not Bleach.

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

**BORAX SOAP**  
Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water.  
CLEANSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.  
THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH.

**BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!**  
AND  
**BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!**  
Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.  
Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.  
The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

LEWIS & WHITTYS  
SQUARE BLUE  
EGG POWDER  
BLACK AND  
WASHING  
POWDER  
STAND  
UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Stock-keepers.  
WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

## GRAND OPENING DAY

OF  
CRAWFORDS,  
IMMENSE CLEARING SALE.

ON  
SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1887.

A Cablegram from our London Buyer advises us that our SUMMER SHIPMENTS Are now on the water, and will probably ARRIVE IN BALLARAT In about six weeks hence.

In the Interval it is imperative that our HEAVY STOCKS OF USEFUL, FASHIONABLE, AND SEASONABLE DRAPERY Amounting in value to THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS!

**£37,500!**

Should be Reduced One-half to provide Room for NEW SEASON'S GOODS.

THE CLEARANCE MUST AND WILL BE MADE AT ANY SACRIFICE.

We may briefly point out that this Magnificent Stock is of the most comprehensive nature, and as the bulk of it is

IMPORTED DIRECT, No middle profit comes between our customers and ourselves.

STERLING VALUE OFFERED AT "CRAWFORDS" at all times is not beaten by any firm in Australia, and in proof of public appreciation of this fact "Crawford's" have the proud distinction of doing the LARGEST DRAPERY BUSINESS in the Colony outside the Metropolis.

The system to be adopted at this sale will be similar to that carried out during CRAWFORD'S GREAT TRANSFER SALE, in February last, universally acknowledged as a phenomenal success, viz:—

NO ISSUE OF PRICE LISTS AND NO MISLEADING QUOTATIONS (Necessarily unless without a comparison of value) but every line in the Magnificent Stock re-marked honestly at HEAVILY REDUCED SALE PRICES!

"CRAWFORDS" again rely on the solid advantages and genuine character of the long list of Successful Sales (now extending over 16 years) held at Mitchell's Buildings, and simply request a visit to the Establishment during Sale Month.

In order to convey to buyers in Country towns an idea of our extensive resources, we roughly outline the various departments and their positions:—

STURT STREET.  
No. 101—Entrance to Boot and Shoe Department.  
89 " Hosiery and Haberdashery.  
97 " Manchester, Flannels, and Blankets.  
85 " Carpets and Linoleums.  
83 " Clothing and Gent's Mercery.

ARMSTRONG STREET.  
No. 2—Entrance to Tailoring Woollens.  
4 " Furnishing Department.

STURT STREET also SUPPLIES THE MAIN ENTRANCE to the following DEPARTMENTS

All embraced in our NEW SHOW ROOMS, Which are admittedly the finest in Victoria:—  
Dresses and Cashmeres  
Fancy and Ribbon Departments,  
Gloves, Underclothing,  
Military and Mantles.

DESPERATE BARGAINS AND UNIVERSAL REDUCTIONS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

CRAWFORD'S DRESSMAKING and MANTLEMAKING ROOMS ARE UNDER HIGH-CLASS MANAGEMENT AND THE PRICES CHARGED ARE ECONOMIC TO A DEGREE

"CRAWFORDS" Snow and Room, PROPRIETOR.

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS, STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

## Advances on Wool, Grain, etc.,

Stock, Stations and Station Produce of all kinds.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited)  
Capital, £3,000,000,  
Reserve Fund, £255,000.

Make Liberal Cash Advances on STATION SECURITIES, ENSUING CLIPS OF WOOL, GRAIN, &c. FOR SALE IN MELBOURNE OR SHIPMENT TO LONDON.

Auction Sales of Wool held every week through the season. Auction Sales of Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, Leather, &c., three times a week throughout the year. Auction Sales of Grain, Flour, &c. held over Wednesday.

DAVID REIDER, Manager. I. YOUNG, Assistant. Melbourne Wool and Grain Warehouse, Collins Street west.

DALGETY and COMPANY, LIMITED.

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OF Seasonable Drapery, AT

**JAMES TYLER'S**

MANCHESTER HOUSE,  
11 and 13 BRIDGE ST., BALLARAT.

IN the midst of so many Drapery Sales in Ballarat James Tyler is determined to keep up the reputation of Manchester House for the

Cheapest and Best Goods in the District.

While thanking my numerous patrons for a winter trade that exceeds any of my past returns, I beg to announce that I taken the advantage of the very depressed state of the wholesale markets and have secured a lot of most useful lines, which, with the remainder of my Winter's Stock, I will offer during the next month at

UNHEARD OF PRICES.

I don't often announce a sale, and when I do so my customers know that I mean it, and on Saturday Next, I will, for one month only, make a Jubilee Gift of my profits, and give the public the benefit of my recent cheap investments.

THIS IS NO MISLEADING DRAPERY TRICK! THIS ANNOUNCEMENT IS A FACT!

Why? Because my winter's amount of business is already done. My stock is slightly heavy, and sales being the order of the day by Ballarat, my sound position in the trade has enabled me to secure a few Melbourne bargains that must, because buyers and make it a professional matter almost to take.

Every household should see what I have to offer, and even if you cannot in immediate want of Blankets, Flannels, or Overcoats, you will find that I can give you better interest for your money than the Savings Bank.

THE SALE BEGINS ON JULY 2nd

Pay me a visit. Walk through my premises, and if you buy nothing, you will get civil treatment.

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Can be obtained at Messrs. Collins and Co. Beaufort, and the Manufacturing, Station, and Cornham.

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For Sale, 120 ACRES of LAND at Chatterton, 100 Miles from Melbourne. HARRIS and PROY.



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A fair amount of off season business was done in the produce market during the past week. Wheat is, if anything, firmer, and one lot (600 bags) was taken up at 3s 6d, bags in, whilst 3s 6d was given for a small parcel. Flour has had a fair trade at 1s 10s per ton. The wheat market at Horsham remains unaltered at 3s 5d per bushel. At Donald, the market is weak, 3s 5d to 3s 6d is being given. In this district oats show no change. One 50 bag parcel was disposed of during the week at 2s 7d per bag. There is now nothing doing in barley, the season being too far advanced. Peas continue in fair demand, and bran and pollard maintain their value. Potatoes are well supplied from Warrambrook at 1s 15s per ton. Hay is a trifle weaker, one large lot being purchased this week from Crowlands at 1s 3d per ton. Little change is noted in dairy produce. Fresh butter, notwithstanding an improved supply, realises 1s 4d. Eggs are easier and can be bought at 1s 4d per dozen. We quote:—

Wheat, 3s 6d per bushel bags in Oats, 2s 7d to 2s 7 1/2 per bushel, bags in Pollard, 1s per bushel Bran, 10 1/2d per bushel Flour, 1s 10s per ton Cape barley, 3s 3d per bushel English barley, none Peas, 3s 4d per bushel Potatoes, Warrambrook, 1s 15s per ton Potatoes, Ballarat, 1s 3s per ton Hay, sheaves, 1s 3d per ton Hay, trussed, 1s 10s per ton Straw, oatens, to 30s per ton Straw, wheatens, to 30s per ton Chaff, 4s per cwt Carrots, 3s 7d per cwt Onions, 7s per cwt Butter, fresh, 1s 4d per lb Butter, potted, 1s per lb Hams, 10d per lb Bacon, 9d per lb Cheese, to 7d per lb Eggs, 1s 6d per dozen.—"Advertiser."

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Messrs. A. M. Greenfield and Co. report under date of July 21:— The markets this week have been quiet, and supplies only on a very moderate scale. Prices are well maintained. Wheat, 3s 10d to 3s 10 1/2d for prime milling; oats, Danish 2s 9d to 2s 10d; stout, up to 2s 11d for prime; peas firm, 3s 2 1/2d to 3s 3d; Cape barley, 3s 3d to 3s 6d; English barley, 5s to 5s 6d; mangolds, 30s; carrots, 1s 2 to 1s 2 1/2d; potatoes farmer, for best samples 1s 3 to 1s 3 1/2d; hay continues brisk, best chaffing 1s 10s to 1s 12s; medium 1s 5s to 1s 7s 6d; oatens straw, 1s 10s to 1s 12s 6d; wheatens, 1s 2; mangor hay, 1s to 1s 5s. These quotations are all bags in.

MELBOURNE WEEKLY GRAIN REPORT.

The New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company report:— A limited business only has been done in the market for breadstuffs since our last weekly report, their being little inducement for operators to purchase. Still as the market has not been pressed with supplies, prices are fairly sustained. Our most recent telegrams from Europe report hopefully of the London market. Prices are still depressed, 33s 3d being quoted as the value of off-coast cargoes of Australian wheat per 480lbs. c.f. & l., for f.a.q. Some little local demand for wheat for the adjoining colonies has been experienced, and one or two shipments of wheat are being made to Sydney. The Queensland demand for flour is fair, but confined to roller-made. Our advices from the country districts speak very hopefully of crop prospects, and should favorable spring weather be experienced, our harvest this year should be large. Under these conditions the advisability of holders reducing their stocks of wheat seems clear.

GEELONG WEEKLY STATION PRODUCE REPORT.

Messrs George Hague and Co. report under date Wednesday, July 20:— Wool.—The third series of the London-Colonial wool sales closed last Tuesday. Prices for most descriptions were on a par with those ruling during last series. The total catalogue was about 357,000 bales, out of which about 30,000 bales were withdrawn, and held over for future disposal. The fourth series will commence on the 6th September, and all arrivals up to the opening day will be admitted. We offered a few odd bales and oddments of greasy-to-day, and sold all at satisfactory prices. Sheepskins.—Butchers' fresh-killed, 24d to 38d each; good to superior, 40d to 54d each; country and station skins, 18d to 36d each, superior to 48d each, and 3d to 5d per lb; pelts and short-wooled skins, 10d to 2d per lb, and 3d to 9d each; lambskins, 2d to 3 1/2d per lb, and 9d to 26d each. Hides.—Sold as follows:—Heavy and superior, in good condition, from 3 1/2d per lb upwards; average to good, salted, 3 1/2d to 3 3/4d per lb; light and medium sorts, 3d to 3 1/2d per lb; kip, 3 1/2d to 3 3/4d per lb; calf, 4d to 4 1/2d per lb. Tallow.—We sold our usual weekly supply of oddments and country lots at current rates.

NOTICE.

FOR the prompt despatch of business all orders in future to be addressed to HENNINGSEN and KLUNDER or H. P. HENNINGSEN, the Publisher. SUBSCRIBERS to the "Illustrated London News" and "London Punch." H. P. HENNINGSEN, News Agent, Beaufort. ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the Back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors. Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND. EXPORT AGENTS. Burgoyne, Burbridge and Co., Coleman-street, London Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London. Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London. Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London. And all the London Wholesale Houses. MELBOURNE AGENTS. ROBEY, TOMPKINS & Co., Melbourne. HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists. FITCH & FRANCHI. SYDNEY AGENTS. ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists. Ed. Row & Co. ADELAIDE AGENTS. PAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists. BRISBANE AGENTS. BRKLEY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists. ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists. NEW ZEALAND AGENTS. KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Druggists. Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

JUST ARRIVED. Wotherspoon Bros AND CO. Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes. Everything Fashionable at WHOLESALE PRICES. INSPECTION INVITED. WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO. IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE. HAWKES BROS., Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Furniture and Dealers, Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort, Beg to notify to their patrons that all CASH PURCHASERS to the amount of 5s and upwards will be presented with a handsome JUBILEE MEDAL. QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE.

JUBILEE MANCHESTER HOUSE. NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Including many new and useful lines, made specially to commemorate the QUEEN'S JUBILEE YEAR. Dresses, Satins, Plushes, Velveteens, Gloves, Jersey Jackets, Corsets, Ruffings, Laces, Ribbons. 1 Jubilee Prices. Blankets, Flannels, Calicoes, Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings, Jubilee. At Jubilee Prices.

JUBILEE MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS' SUITS, Overcoats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, Jubilee Prices. Jubilee Boots and Shoes, at Jubilee Prices. Jubilee Suits to order, at Jubilee Prices. G. H. COUGLE, HAVELOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

THE BLUE HOUSE SPECIAL NOTICE. Having decided on leaving Beaufort early next month, I will offer the WHOLE OF MY STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. The DRAPERY portion especially will be Sold at and under Cost, to save expense of removal. Regular customers and others are invited to avail themselves of this chance of securing Unheard of Bargains. All outstanding accounts to be paid without delay, to save further trouble. ALEXR. McDONALD, Proprietor.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort. RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort. Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to. WALTER CORNELL, WHOLESALÉ AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, (next Horsley Bys. and 2 doors from Lester's hotel.) HAS the honor to intimate to the public of Beaufort and the surrounding district that he has COMMENCED BUSINESS at the above address, with AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF Pure Drugs and Chemicals. Also, a large and carefully selected assortment of Brushware, Patent Medicines, Perfumery together with a choice selection of Cut Glass Bottles, Perfume Caskets, Ivory Brushes, Toilet-shell Combs, etc., suitable for presents. PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY DISPENSED, And promptly forwarded per rail, or otherwise as directed. The Trade Supplied at Melbourne Prices. H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER, STATIONER & NEWS AGENT, HA VELO STREET BEAUFORT

Correspondents WANTED for this journal, in the Country. Apply HENNINGSEN and KLUNDER. SHIRE OF RIPON. UNPAID RATES. NOTICE is hereby given that PROCEEDINGS will be taken for the RECOVERY of RATES in arrears, unless the same are forthwith paid. By order, D. G. STEWART, Shire Secretary. Riponshire Office, Beaufort, 18th July, 1887. DR. CROKER HAS RESUMED PRACTICE in Beaufort, and may be consulted daily at his residence, or at Mr. A. Andrews, Chemist.

when England was the only market for Australian wool. The demand for it on the Continent has been steadily increasing. The importance of establishing a direct trade with America has been acknowledged. And wherever the channels of commerce run they carry with them influences far over-reaching those of trade. They help to increase our population. They tend to stimulate our enterprise. It is not by the one means alone that they add to our wealth. The addition comes in a score of ways. And the more ready we shall be to find reasons for rejoicing that, in all the colonies, the outlook of the pastoralist is an encouraging one, and that the prospects, in this direction, are assuring. THE Hon. Alfred Deakin, in moving the second reading of the "Neglected Children's Act," made an excellent speech in the House on Tuesday. The bill is one of these pieces of domestic legislation promised in His Excellency's speech at the opening of Parliament. The proposal of the Government intends not only to deal with neglected children, who are such by the circumstance of the loss of one or both parents, or who are living in a state of sheer neglect on account of the habits of debased parents, but is joined to a bill dealing with juveniles having criminal tendencies. The bills aim at the complete abandonment of what is known as the "barack system," and the extension of boarding-out not only of neglected children but also of juvenile offenders. The sending of children to gaol as a preliminary to being drafted into reformatories is to be discontinued, and first offenders under 21 years of age may be released on their own recognisances with the understanding that if they offend again they are to receive double punishment. Solitary confinement is to be provided for "Larrikin" offences and assaults on women. Everyone will admit that this sort of legislation has been long required; it is at the same time open to doubt whether or not it is intended to improve the present boarding-out system, which, although stated and shown in figures by the Chief Secretary to be a great success, the extent of which can scarcely be fully realised, and it will be well if the hon. members, before finally consenting to the passing of the measure—and we have no doubt that it will pass—should, with a view to improve the present system, post themselves up in respect to a few of these extreme cases, which there is reason to believe really exist, in which the children boarded out are not one whit better off than they would be if kept in the reformatories and industrial schools. It is presumably the aim of the Government, in resorting to the boarding-out system extensively, to secure for the children so relegated to foster parents similar advantages to those enjoyed by the natural children of those parents. The State, of course, will still be at the expense of at least part of their keep for a term, and there are, we regret to say, numbers of persons who would jump at the chance of getting a couple or three "neglecteds" at one and the same time, for no other purpose than to make drudges of them. There have been cases of desertion on the part of lads who have been boarded out, and the excuse in most instances has been that of cruelty, and probably the plea was justified. The boarding-out system in the past has been successful in so far as the Government has been relieved of a burden of expenditure, but something more effectual than the regulations at present enforced is needed if "family life is to save the children from corruption and fit them for an unspoiled life when they become men and women." THE alterations proposed in the Amending Education Act are simple and yet important. Some of them were in the bill presented to the House last session, and some are new. Therein is a provision to allow teachers to give religious instruction. It is not stated whether this is optional or compulsory; neither does it indicate, as it should, whether the teacher must be qualified through his or her examinations to impart such instruction. It is proposed that the statutory age of 13 child attending school shall be fixed at 10 years; it being left optional with parents to desire a longer period of schooling for their children. At present the law allows a child to be absent about four days out of seven, thirty days in a quarter. The proviso in the new bill makes the minimum attendance forty days. In his speech on Tuesday, the Minister of Education referred to the law as it at present stands with reference to children educated at home or in private schools. Under the present system "the parent officer might report a child who was being educated at home or at a private school for not being properly educated. The board of advice might hale the child before a magistrate, who had power to fine the parent because the child was not sent to a state school. A such ulterior procedure was substituted in the new bill. The parent officer would make representations to the magistrates, who would order the child to an examination, and if the inspector found that it was getting an education suitable to its years he would give a certificate which would secure the child from further molestation for a time." This (as Mr. Graves remarked) is a great improvement. It is also proposed to establish what are known in England as day industrial schools. At Liverpool three of these schools had been established with the utmost success. "We would not," said the Minister, "want many of these schools—one in each town would be sufficient—but if some such establishments were not provided the state would have to proceed against people who were hardly responsible for the non-attendance of the children at the schools, or would have to allow the children to roam about the streets." Several other references were made by Mr. Pearson, and he wound up an excellent speech

with a hope that the bill would pass into law as soon as possible, "so that the department, which was very justly exposed to constant and incessant even though kindly criticism, might not be thwarted in its attempt to make the system more efficient."

We offer an apology to our subscribers for non-appearance to-day of our usual supplement, which is due to a mis-understanding. In next week's supplement, however, will be given the first two or three chapters of one of the most thrilling and yet interesting autobiographies ever yet published, which is entitled "Days of Crime and Years of Suffering." The weather during the past week has been very variable, alternating from pleasant breezes and fine sunny days to cold rains and strong winds. On Wednesday and Thursday evening the force of the wind was great, and resistance at times believed that the roofs of the houses were being blown off. However, no damage has been reported, and we may be content to know that "it's an ill wind that blows nobody good."

We have not heard that farmers are complaining of too much rain. Business people naturally feel it the keenest just now, for very little has been done, and everything is dull. It is unwise to learn, however, that they as well as the farmers and graziers will reap the benefit of a little patient waiting. The crops in the neighborhood of Beaufort are healthy and promising, and grass is becoming plentiful. The treasurer of the Beaufort Mechanics' Institute, Mr. D. G. Stewart, desires to acknowledge with thanks, the receipt of the following further donations to the building of the Institute:—Theodore Beggs, Esq., £20; Miss Beggs, £1; Miss M. Beggs, £1; total £22. We have it upon good authority that it is probable there will be a contest in the next riding at the forthcoming municipal election. Next Thursday evening the Beaufort Fire Brigade Social will take place, in the Soldiers' Hall, and is likely to be a great success. The M.U.L.O.F., Loyal Beaufort Lodge, have made arrangements for holding their annual ball in the Societies' Hall next month. We have received for publication the following communication, addressed from the Post and Telegraph department to Mr. W. H. M.P., who has moved in the direction of a suitable place at the post office, Beaufort, for the proper care and conveyance of the public:—"Sir,—With reference to the proposed additions to the post office building at Beaufort, I have the honor, by direction of the Postmaster General, to inform that due enquiries have been made on the subject, and it is considered that the interior accommodation is, at present, sufficient for all requirements. For the convenience however and shelter of the residents, and hence as far as the corner of the Telegraph lobby and to enclose portion of the verandah from the corner of the main building with a glass. I have the honor to be, Sir, obedient servt., &c. To W. H. M.P., Esq. We might mention that while these alterations are being made, provision should be made for a suitable light to be kept burning in the lobby."

The sale of the Bauneger Estate took place on Thursday, Mr. Young (Young, Lascells, Adams and Co.) acting as auctioneer. There was a fair attendance, and the prices realized were considered fair. Blocks 1 and 2 (consisting of 70a. 3r. 16p.) were purchased by Mr. Pease at £2 13s. per acre; blocks 3 (125a. 0r. 11p.) and 4 (191a. 3r. 8p.) fell to Mr. H. Dunn at £3 17s. 6d. per acre; block 5 (94a. 3r. 16p.) to Mr. Fahey, at £3 13s. 6d. (24 1/2) was purchased by Mr. H. Dunn, at £3 6d. per acre; block 6 (148a.) Mr. Fahey, at £4 1s. per acre; block 7 (136a. 2r. 10p.) at £4 1s. per acre; blocks 9, 10, 12, 13, and 14 (aggregate of 1242a.) were sold privately to Messrs. Pickford Bros., at a price not mentioned; and block 11 (122a. 2r. 6p.) realised £7s. an acre. Mr. Fahey being the purchaser blocks 14 and 15 (60a. 6r. 2p.) were purchased by Mr. J. McLean privately; whilst blocks 16 and 18 were withdrawn.

We would direct attention to the alterations of Messrs. Snow and Room's advertisements of our first page. It is reported by cablegram that Stanley, explorer, has been shot dead in an engagement between his party and the natives of the African. The rainfall from the 14th to 21st July, 24 days included, as registered in Beaufort by Mr. McFarlane, is 0.62 in. Mr. W. E. Nickols advertises a sale for Saturday, in his mart, Neill street. On Thursday afternoon, a magisterial court was held at the Golden Age hotel, concerning the death of Charles Thomas Lionel Pease, aged 8 weeks, the child of William and Elizabeth Pease, of Beaufort, when evidence was elicited to show that on Monday the infant, seized with an attack of diarrhoea which terminated on Thursday morning, when a fatal condition immediately preceded the death of the child. The finding of the magistrate was to the effect that the baby died from natural causes. The following constitute the team to represent the Beaufort Rifle Club in their shooting competition with a Company of the Ballarat Battalion, and will leave by the 9 a.m. train:—Mr. W. C. Thomas (captain), J. Chapman, Mr. Howard, J. McLean, J. W. Jackson, J. Jackson, J. Tompkins, E. Thomas, J. A. Lord, and J. W. Ersperson. Mr. Exell, a representative of the West Riding in the Gordon Shire Council, is a member of the Stockyard Hill. Of his recent visit from municipal life, a contemporary writes:—"We feel that we only express the feelings of those whom the retiring Council has faithfully represented, when we say that their retirement will be regarded with very great regret. Mr. Exell has worked effectively for the good of the ratepayers, and his fellow-ratepayers have always recognised in him, one of our opinions upon Shire matters generally, entitled to attention and respect. It will be easy to find a successor who will so worthily fill the seat which Mr. Exell has occupied as local representative of the Shire." In future the 26th of January is to be a public holiday throughout Australia. It was upon the evening of that day in 1788 that the expedition under the command of Captain Arthur Phillip, landed at Point Sutherland, near which a few days afterwards a portable canvas house was had brought over for the Government by the first fleet, which consisted of 11 ships, 2000 bushels of wheat, and 81 cattle. It is a curious circumstance that men to have discovered gold in Australia, pretended to have discovered it. He admitted afterwards that after a fashion imposture, but he was a prophet to observe that all the colonies have celebrated the 26th January as a public holiday. A settlement has been arrived at by the Anglo-Russian Commission for the delimitation of the Afghan Frontier between the British and the Russian Empire. Russia has proposed the accession of territory in return for the Murghab River, and in return agrees to accept the frontier on the Oxus River, claimed by the English Commissioner. Russia also proposes all claim to those districts lying within the boundaries awarded to Afghanistan in the settlement arrived at with the Ameer Shah in 1873.—Argus.



BEAUFORT POLICE COURT

Thursday, July 21, 1887

(Before Dr. Croker and Mr. A. Andrews, J.P.s.)

LARCENY. William Thompson was charged with the larceny of a watch, value £1 15s, from the person of Donald McKenzie, on the 18th July, at Beaufort. Defendant pleaded not guilty. Donald McKenzie deposed on oath—I know William Thompson very well. He was in my room at the Commercial Hotel, when he was some drinks; was not sober at the time, but I "shickered up" a little. Don't know how long I stayed at the Commercial Hotel, but afterwards I went to the George Hotel. As I had a bed, and they told me to take it, I did so. I had been staying there for some days previous. I wanted to go to the room where I was used to sleep, and got into a row with the landlord, but don't remember anything about it. Was arrested and locked up. Missed my watch next morning, but could not say whether I had lost it or had it taken from me. It was not returned to me until my other goods taken by the police from me. It was a large watch, which he asked him if he had not taken it. He said he did not. He did not take it until 11.30 p.m., he said he didn't remember it or anything that occurred that night. Prisoner—Did you not ask me to buy the watch? Witness—I don't remember anything about it. The Bench—Do you recollect the prisoner taking your watch? Witness—No. The Bench—Do you recollect what time it was when you lost the watch? Witness—Could not say. Thought I had it when I was locked up. The Bench—Do you recollect the constable taking you to the lock-up? Witness—Yes. I thought I lost the watch when I was being arrested. Dennis Maher, publican, gave evidence—Know both prosecutor and prisoner. The former was staying at my hotel for some days previous to the instant. Remember that on that night the two came to my house about half-past 10. Prosecutor wanted to take prisoner into the bedroom with him, but I would not allow him, and a row was thus occasioned. The prosecutor got obstreperous and noisy, and I had to call in the police to put him out. Prisoner was there, but was quiet. Prisoner took prosecutor in the direction of the state school, having told the direction of the state school. Prisoner came back about 11 o'clock, and I asked what he had done with McKenzie. Prisoner said McKenzie and he had had a row, and the former had gone for a bed to his (prisoner's) brother's place. Prisoner went home, and prosecutor came back to the hotel about half-past 11—shut-up time. I never let him in on account of the previous row. He threatened to kick in the door, and he was arrested in my yard. McKenzie had left his bag in the dining-room. Prisoner came to my house next morning, and had a pint of beer, but asked no questions. Prisoner—Did not ask Mr. Maher, who served me with the beer, whether McKenzie was there. Witness—I did not hear you ask the question about McKenzie. The Bench—When prosecutor came to your place on Monday did you notice that he had a watch? Witness—No. The Bench—Witness—Was prosecutor too sure that you think he did not know what he was doing? Witness—I think he knew what he was doing. Prosecutor seemed all right until the row commenced. When drunk prosecutor was in the habit of accusing people of robbing him. He had accused me, but laid no charge. Thomas Hebe, constable, gave evidence—Arrested at Beaufort. On Monday night, 18th instant, about half-past 10, I was on duty in Maher's hotel, and went over to see what was the matter. Saw McKenzie and prisoner Thompson. McKenzie was offering to fight the landlord, who requested me to put him out. Prisoner and McKenzie were both put out, and they both went down the street again. About a quarter to 11, I was in the street, and was attracted by a row made by McKenzie and Thompson. I went round to the police station to get the assistance of Constable Ryan to arrest them. Got Constable Ryan and went round the street and heard McKenzie making a noise in Maher's yard. As they approached, the prisoner was going over the bridge away from the hotel. I went into the yard, and found McKenzie trying to get in at the door. I arrested him and locked him up. When I first went to Maher's yard, McKenzie was a minute; when I searched him in the lock-up he had nothing on him. Next morning when I gave him his empty purse and pipe, he asked if he had a watch when arrested. On being told he had none, he replied that he should have one. In consequence of this I went in search of Thompson. Suspected Thompson because he was the last man I saw in McKenzie's company. Found prisoner at De Baere's corner, and asked him if he knew anything about McKenzie's watch, stating that he (prisoner) was the last man seen in his company. He said, "I got the watch; I picked it up near the show-ground. (Watch produced and named.) I then arrested and searched him, and found the watch in his possession. Cautioned him, and he then stated that he had been to Maher's and asked for McKenzie to give him his watch. This closed the case for the prosecution, and for the defence prisoner called his brother, Thomas Thompson, publican, who gave evidence—McKenzie came to my hotel on Monday night at 20 minutes past 11. He told me that he thought he had lost his watch in a scuffle with the police near Maher's hotel. He said he must have dropped it in the gutter; he had lost his hat also. Prisoner was with him. He came to the conclusion that he had lost his watch because he wanted to look at it to prove my assertion that it was time to shut up. He said to prisoner, "Willie, you must go and look for the watch. If I go down the street I will be locked up. I'm too drunk." Willie asked me, if I would give McKenzie a bed, and I told him I was full up. The Bench then said to the prisoner—You are charged with larceny from the person. Have you anything to say? Prisoner made a statement to the effect that he was with the prosecutor on Monday night, and they were drinking together. He was with him at Maher's, when the scuffle took place. He left prosecutor about 11 o'clock, and went home. When coming to town in the morning he found the watch given to him by McKenzie, but he was not there. He then went to his brother's place, where he heard that McKenzie had been locked up all night. As he was going down to the police station, Constable Hebe met him and asked him about the watch, and he replied that he had found it and was going to the police station to hand it over. That was the truth. The Bench said that they did not consider there was any evidence to support the charge preferred against Thompson, and even the prosecutor's evidence said he was too drunk to know whether he had lost his watch or had it stolen from him. If there was any doubt, the prisoner should have the benefit of it, but they were of opinion that no larceny was committed, and therefore discharged the accused. The court then adjourned.

CORRESPONDENCE

We do not necessarily identify ourselves with the opinions expressed by our correspondents. It is desired that letters to the editor shall be accompanied by the real name and address of the writer, not for absolute publication, but as a bona fide guarantee.

THE SHIRE VALUATION.

To the Editor of The Riponshire Advocate.

SIR—I would suggest that a public meeting be called to consider the action of the Council re the Valuation this year. As there is a salary paid the engineer by the Government for statistics he collects when making his valuation, and as there is no valuation to be made this year, but last year's valuation taken in lieu, it would be interesting to know if the valuator will do the same with the statistics as the Council has done with the valuation, and pocket this salary also. Yours, etc.,

Beaufort, July 16, 1887.

To the Editor of The Riponshire Advocate

SIR—Permit me through the medium of your columns to draw the attention of the ratepayers to the peculiar action of the Riponshire Council in reference to shire valuation this year. Most of your readers will recollect that a few years ago the then valuator and collector's services were dispensed with, and the duties of the valuator and collector of the shire were then divided between the secretary and engineer, the latter receiving a considerable increase in his salary. At a meeting of the Council held yesterday it was decided that no valuation be made this year, but the engineer retain his salary as valuator. Is this another economical step on the part of the Council? From the engineer's view of the matter it may be, but I am inclined to think that the ratepayers will consider it more like voting a bonus to the engineer, in addition to paying him a much higher salary than his duties justify. Perhaps the engineer's modesty will not permit him to take this unearned salary, but I fear that our past experience of this officer will not lead the ratepayers to think so. Are the ratepayers going to submit to the officer being overpaid for what little duties he has to do, also paid for duties from which he is relieved, and in addition he is allowed time for private practice, which latterly, I am informed, has been in selling coal in conjunction with local producers. Perhaps the retiring councillors who seek re-election may explain the action of the Council in this matter, as it is at present the engineer receives a salary as valuator after the Council has decided to relieve him of these duties.

Yours truly, A RATEPAYER.

Beaufort, 15th July.

FOOTBALL NOTES.

By "THE UMPIRE."

On Wednesday last a team from Ararat came to Beaufort to try conclusions with the local team. Unfortunately the recent rains had soddened the ground, and on the southern wing water was lying some eight inches deep, while several pools of water were in other parts of the ground. Some difficulty was experienced by the local players in getting a team together. Eventually they had to commence play with sixteen men, and it was not until the last quarter of time that the number was made up to eighteen. This deficiency was greatly felt when the team had to play against the strong wind that was blowing. A fair concourse of spectators was present to witness the game, amongst them being a few ladies. "Play" was very fast all through, and the game would have been very enjoyable had not some of the Ararat players made a point of disputing almost every decision given by the umpire. Not succeeding in these endeavors, a more serious practice of striking the Beaufort players was resorted to. Towards the conclusion of the game a fight was only averted by the interference of the umpire, and members of the Beaufort team. An Ararat player, failing to outdo G. Caldwell in obtaining possession of the ball, deliberately used his fist and struck him. The same aggressor had previously threatened Ison, the captain of the local men. Play, of course, was temporarily stopped. Shortly after resuming time was called, the game resulting in 1 goal 2 behinds to Ararat, and 4 behinds to Beaufort. Quiney captained the visitors, and he, Brown and Little were conspicuous for good work; while for Beaufort, if any should be singled out for special mention, J. Harris, Cathie (2), and Caldwell are deserving of it.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS AND NEWS PAPERS.

Letters, &c., are lying at the local post-office for J. B. Conway, Miss. Govett, R. Gowland, Miss J. Jones, Miss Lyon, Mrs. M. Malbacher, L. Meyer, J. McKinnon, J. B. Morgan, David Ramsay, Mr. Robson, Mrs. James Summers, Mary Smith, E. J. White, James Wright.

WEATHER FORECASTS.

For the next 24 hours.

Friday, 22nd July, 1887, 3 p.m. Southern Districts, including Bass' Straits.—Unsettled, showery and squally, south-west and west winds.

Highest temperature observed at Melbourne observatory during the day, 54.9.

Northern Districts, including Riverina.—Unsettled, showery and squally, south-west and west winds.

MINING ITEMS.

New Kong Meng, Majorca.—Yield for week ended 21st July, 412 oz. 12 dw. The following are the reported yields from the mines at Waterloo for the past week:—Waterloo, 46oz.; New Victoria, 32oz.; New Victoria, No. 2 Tribute, 6oz.; Saxon Consols, 60oz.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain and cutting tooth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1d. per bottle.

REMINISCENCES OF A SOJOURN IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[By MEMORANDUM.]

No. III.—QUEER CUSTOMERS.

I had been some months a resident in Adelaide when the incidents which shall be narrated in this article unfolded themselves. My readers may consider the statements worthy of credence or not, as they like; nevertheless the substance of them is truth, and will serve as a warning to those who, should they implicitly trust in the bona fides (?) of "catch advertisements," think that a fortune is to be made by the investment of a paltry £1 note.

The lady of the house whom I had taken up my abode, (whom we shall know as Mrs. Bowerdon), was a kindly and motherly person. The circumstances in which her departed husband had left her, after a protracted illness, which was attended with the usual heavy doctor's bill, were next to that of poverty. His life was assured for a couple of hundred pounds, and the balance of this, after paying all "just debts, costs of mourning, &c.," only enabled her to keep moving for three or four months. She was to all appearances a good manager of a household; but, as she often experienced it some people found little or no difficulty in imposing upon her goodness and simplicity of her nature. Thus she had severely suffered financially, because, not having the heart to press her claims upon "gentlemen" who had boarded at her table and resided within the walls of her house, they had escaped without paying a single penny.

About August or September, '78, I am not quite sure which, two aristocratic looking fellows were sitting in the dining room one evening with the only other lodger—a lawyer's clerk—and myself entered together. Having indulged in a mutual stare at each other, wholly outweighing the rules of etiquette, we retired comfortably to our apartment (we occupied the same room) to discuss the meaning of this strange vision.

We had been closeted together only a few minutes when there was a knock at the door.

It was Minnie, who was known by all in the house as "mamma's help."

"Please, Alfred, mamma wishes to speak to you for a minute."

"Very well, Minnie, I'll come," and in a few seconds I was alone.

He was so long absent that I stopped outside on to the verandah, lit a cigar, and mused.

"Don't like the look of those men, something queer about them, inexplicable to me. Come over for the races, I suppose, yet they don't look to be 'turky' individuals. More of the aristocratic noddle about them than that, and the way they met our looks of astonishment seemed as if they were hatching some plot, and suspected that we had overheard their conversation."

"Mamma wishes to see you too, sir," said Minnie who came out on the verandah to look for me.

Conducting me to the little parlour which was only used on Sundays, Minnie ushered me into the presence of Mrs. Bowerdon, Alice and Alfred. The latter spoke first.

"Here's a queer go, old fellow, give us the benefit of your advice."

"I don't know why I should offer any. What is it about?"

"Well, it's this way," commenced Mrs. Bowerdon—

"Now, mamma," (Alfred always called her "mamma" when speaking to her, however, Mrs. Bowerdon did not bear that relationship to him) "just let me state the case. The fact of the matter is, the parties saw in the dining room desired to be booked for a week or two as our fellow lodgers, and Mrs. B. has accepted them. She is now in this predicament: She is doubtful about them, and would prefer them to depart. How to bring this about is the puzzle, they having agreed to terms."

"Well, I don't think I can advise. If it is only for a week or two, it can do no harm; but Bowerdon should certainly demand payment in advance to protect herself. If they do not agree to that, there is only one other thing for them to do—travel."

"There you are, mamma, that's the point we couldn't find," said Alfred.

This suggestion was acted upon. The new comers demurred to any such terms at first, but when quietly informed of the alternative, ultimately bowed submission and produced the first week's charges in advance.

The advance payments were continued for some six weeks.

Notwithstanding outward appearances, they did not prove undesirable fellow lodgers. If they were not altogether strangers, they played their parts very well indeed. Their constant questioning about certain localities found satisfactory replies, and for a time they were regularly and punctually "at home" by 6 p.m. Gradually, one would get a few minutes behind dinner time, which was fixed for half-past six. Then the other would do the same. The morning papers were delivered regularly, and eagerly perused by the strangers.

At first no remarks were made. But one morning at breakfast, one said to the other in a tone that could be heard by all, and presumably it was intended that everyone should hear,

"It would be worth having. I have a good mind to answer it."

To which reply was given—

"It ought to be a capital thing for any continental resident, but for you or I to think of the affair it's absurd, because we do not stay here long enough."

"That's true; but it's hard to say how long we may remain in Adelaide."

That night one of the new lodgers did not turn up until nine o'clock. Next morning similar remarks were made, and every morning for a week the conversation between them was earnest and apparently on the same subject, and neither turned up till late at night.

At last, the whole household were made acquainted with the secret, which was to the effect that an advertisement had appeared repeatedly

in the morning papers to this effect:—

ADVERTISEMENT will guarantee to provide employment for Yearlings to enable them to obtain from £3 to £5 per week. Address, enclosing £1, to W.G., Post Office, Port Adelaide.

Subsequent to this, the strangers' conduct was very untidy; they returned late every night, and one of them never came in sober. They had each neglected one week's payment in advance; but having been very regular up to this time, nothing was said; and indeed Mrs. Bowerdon was too much afraid to mention the subject to either of them. The poor lady worried herself into a feeble state through anxiety. Before the end of the week one of them disappeared. On next Monday morning, Alfred told his "mamma" that he was going to Port Adelaide, to attend the Court.

When he returned in the evening, he imparted to us all that one of our "mutual friends" had been summarily despatched to goal for 6 months for obtaining money on false pretences; and that it was he who had inserted the advertisement before mentioned in the papers; and that several young fellows who had been duped, had given the necessary evidence in support of the charge.

"And, on the whole, ma, you must be congratulated on having lost no more than last week's payment for his board and residence."

"Good gracious," exclaimed everybody at once, and Mrs. Bowerdon said—

"That accounts for it all. The other man left just before you came home, and he paid us up to date for both of them; so I am pleased, at any rate, that I have lost nothing by these two queer customers."

But Mrs. Bowerdon took no more boarders without a personal recommendation.

CARRNGHAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

July 21.

A meeting of the Carrngam Widows and Orphans Committee was held on the 15th instant, when there were present Messrs. O'Shaughnessy (in the chair), Douglas, Storey, and McKinnon. The minutes having been read and confirmed, the chairman reported having sent Dr. Stewart to see E. Whaling, who recommended his removal to the Hospital, which was done at the Committee's expense. Mr. Douglas reported that Mrs. Weir was getting better, and Mr. Storey reported that the sub-committee recommended the sum of £1 to Miss Swinton for June. The secretary reported having seen Mr. Foster, that he was keeping well, and did not want to proceed to hospital. The reports were received and adopted. Relief for June, £4 15s was passed. It was resolved that the balance sheet for the year ending 30th June be struck, and the accounts audited, and that Messrs. J. Robertson and Joseph Davis be requested to audit the same. Mr. W. R. Baker, who was an energetic member of the Committee, having left the district, it was resolved that the secretary tender the kind and hearty thanks of the Committee for the valuable services rendered by him during his connection with some. On Saturday, 18th instant, the Carrngam Football Club played a combined 20 of the Snythehead's and Scarsdale clubs, on the former's ground, and gave the visitors a great kicking to the tune of 4 goals and 9 behinds to none. The defeated team was entertained by the Carrngam Club, Mr. Christie's Man of Kent Hotel, where all seemed to enjoy themselves to their hearts' content. Mr. L. Wilson, who acted as umpire, and among those worthy of special mention for the winter were Gray, Reddie, Howarth and Murray. I would like to see the Beaufort Club, if you have one, invite the Carrngam Club to try conclusions with them.

I understand that a squad of the Carrngam Rifle Club is to try its luck at the Ballarat Range on Saturday, when they will be able to compare notes with Beaufort cracks.

CHILDREN PLAYING "SOLDIER."

The health of the clever writer of vandevilles, Labiche, has not been such recently as his friends could wish. He has, however, passed safely through the winter, and I saw him driving the other day in the Bois de Boulogne accompanied by several of his grandchildren. It is of the latter that a very good story is told.

These young relatives of the dramatist live with him, and are not only numerous but very noisy. When they played "soldier" they were wont to "let themselves out" as the phrase is, and made such a clamor that the nerves of the invalid were nearly shattered. But the author of so many ingenious stage tricks was not to be routed by a parcel of children, and he soon thought of a way of securing the silence that "like a pounce comes to heal the blows of sound."

"What are you doing there?" he asked one day when the riot was at its height.

"Playing soldier, grandpapa."

"Playing soldier! Why, children, that isn't the right way at all. Not at all. That's the old fashioned way in which they used to play when I was a boy; but now everything is changed. War isn't carried on like that."

"How then, grandpapa?"

And they opened their eyes very wide in astonishment.

"Without moving a muscle Labiche went on: "Of course not. Nowadays the great object in war is to surprise the enemy, to lay ambushes and to advance on tip toe—gently, gently."

The children listened, more and more interested.

"That's the way to make war now, and you must learn it; for you boys will have to fight, perhaps, some day. Do you understand no?"

"Oh yes, grandpapa."

And with a little added instruction, a pin can now be heard to drop in the Labiche household. The children still "play soldier," but none of your old fashioned evolutions for them. All day long they go on noiseless patrols. They hide behind heavy pieces of furniture to watch a sniposition's foe. A new delight has been added to their lives, and these noisy infants are ready to hug their aged grandparent for having taught them so interesting a game.

If the remedy only proves permanent, Labiche should apply for a patent.—Paris Cor. New York Graphic.

Consumers of Wolff's Schnapps especially those taking it medicinally, should purchase it only by the bottle, and thus ensure the genuine article, as there is a fraudulent imitation in the market. Large and small bottles are obtainable at every respectable hotel and Wine and Spirit Merchants in the colony. The name of M. Moss and Co. is on the top label of the yellow wrapper.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

The following is a statement of the passenger traffic, as far as the tickets issued at the Beaufort railway station are concerned, and the value of goods, for the week ended Thursday, 21st July, 1887.—

Table with 4 columns: Date, Passengers, Revenue, Goods, Value. Rows for July 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, and Totals.

Dr Jaeger's Sanitary Woolen System.

Mr. George Schutze, 29 Sturt street, Ballarat, agent for Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woolen Clothing, delivered a very interesting address on "First Wealth is Health," at the German Club, Ballarat East, on 20th May. The speaker was listened to by a large audience, and all seemed to grasp the ideas and principles expounded by Mr. Schutze, who was attired from head to foot in Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Woolen Clothing. The speaker showed that by wearing Dr. Jaeger's Clothing, the body is always kept in a healthy state and protected from colds. Mr. Schutze read several testimonials from clergymen, doctors, and other prominent gentlemen of Ballarat District who have worn the Sanitary Clothing for several years, and who cannot speak too highly of it as it has effected several cures. The gent's and ladies' underclothing shown by Mr. Schutze consisted of shirts, drawers, neckties, night shirts, socks with five to six shirtings, pillowcases, foots, hats, collars, cuffs, &c., were made of the very best pure, natural and undyed wool, and woven in a peculiar way so as to allow a moderate supply of air to reach the body. But the suit most admired as the greatest novelty was the suit he wore. It consisted of a coat, trousers, and vest, made of stockinette, and hardly any years in it, no washing or ironing whatever, and fitted him most beautifully. It was made by a tailor, but woven in Germany to his measure, and is particularly adapted for the Australian climate, and will, as the London Times and Melbourne Argus remark, revolutionise our entire mode of clothing, and there never has been such a comfortable and healthy clothing manufactured before, any one wishing to give their trials should give an early call, as it will take about four months before they will arrive. Mr. Schutze pointed out that Dr. Jaeger's Woolen Clothing was manufactured for fabric and texture, and the most delicate skin would not be subjected to that irritating effect which is caused by flannel garments, and that nature has told us to wear wool, not only on the feet, but even on the face, and drive the perspiration back to the skin, fills the pores up, causing colds and unpleasantness, and the perspiration, which is not reasonable to think that if the pores, which are the safety valves of our bodies, are choked up any poison which is in our blood cannot be thrown out of the body. But the most striking feature in some kind of disease. Newspapers teem with complaints of imperfect drainage of our cities, but they speak very rarely of the proper drainage of our bodies, and it is high time that we began to wear wool, not only on the feet, but on the face, and drive the perspiration back to the skin, fills the pores up, causing colds and unpleasantness, and the perspiration, which is not reasonable to think that if the pores, which are the safety valves of our bodies, are choked up any poison which is in our blood cannot be thrown out of the body. But the most striking feature in some kind of disease. 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### The "Riponshire Advocate,"

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

CONTAINS a complete summary of local and general news for the week.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers regularly or at an early hour of the morning would much oblige us by immediately forwarding their names to the office of this paper, Lawrence street, in order that such errors may be rectified. We are most desirous of securing for our subscribers a regular and early delivery, but it will be impossible for our measures to prove effectual, unless we are warned by them when neglect takes place.

Advertisements sent in without a written order as to number of insertions, will not be continued until countermanded, and no advertisement can be withdrawn without an order in writing, delivered at the office by 10 a.m. on the day previous to publication.

Advertisements for this paper cannot be received after 7 o'clock on the evening previous to publication.

Our subscribers are only charged from the time of ordering the paper.

Orders to discontinue subscriptions to the paper must be in writing, delivered at the office and for the current quarter.

Communications of a literary nature must be addressed to the Editor, and must bear the signature and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a pledge of good faith. An observance of this rule will be the means of preventing disappointment to contributors.

All advertisements coming under the heads of Wanted, Missing Friends, For Sale, Rewards, if not exceeding twenty-four words, will be inserted for 1 shilling and sixpence.

Notices of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, will be charged 2s. 6d. for each insertion.

Displayed advertisements, and advertisements above one inch, four shillings per inch, for the first two insertions, and two shillings per inch for all subsequent insertions.

Business and double column advertisements, forwarded or extended periods, will be charged on a reduced scale, in proportion to the number of insertions.

### WATERLOO COACHES.

COACHES from WATERLOO to BEAUFORT and TRAWALLA at under—

From the Fishing Hotel at 7.30 a.m., 10.30 a.m., and 3 p.m., calling at intermediate places and leaving the Waterloo Hotel at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., and 3.30 p.m.

From the Railway Hotel, Beaufort, to Waterloo at 9 a.m., 12 noon, and 4.5 p.m.

Saturday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 7.3 a.m.

Monday, from Waterloo to Trawalla at 11.30 a.m.

Return fares to and from Beaufort, available for three days. One Shilling and Sixpence; single fares, One Shilling. From the finger post to Waterloo or Beaufort, Sixpence.

CHARLES VOWLES, Proprietor.

### PHENIX FIRE OFFICE OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1782.

PROMPT SETTLEMENT AND PAYMENT OF CLAIMS. Losses paid over—£15,000,000. Annual Income—£200,000. Accumulated Funds exceed, £1,000,000.

### LOWEST RATES OF PREMIUM.

Melbourne Agency—9 Market Buildings, William Street.

R. MANFIELD TAYLOR, Agent.

Beaufort District Agency—

H. P. HENNINGSEN, Beaufort.

### For PAINTING and PAPERHANGING of

Every Description go to

A. NEEDHAM, Neill street, Beaufort.

Cheapest and Best.

### THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Head Office: Melbourne, 1 Market Buildings.

Established 1869.

The chief features are MODERATE RATES, LARGE BONUSES, and AMPLE SECURITY.

Policies opened before 31st October have a special advantage—they will participate in the Bonus to be declared for the period ending 30th September, 1886.

Forms of Proposal to be had from any of the Agents throughout the colonies.

ALEX. H. YOUNG, Manager.

### WELLS'S PATENT

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### Extraordinary Announcement.

S. NATHAN,

The Furnishing Arcade,

225 ELIZABETH STREET,

MELBOURNE,

SUPPLIES

FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING,

CARPETS, FLOORCLOTHS,

PIANOS,

ELECTROPLATED WARE

GUNS, by all the Best English Makers

&c., &c., &c.,

Without Money or Security

OR

TIME PAYMENT

GOODS FORWARDED TO ANY PART

OF THE COLONY.

Most Liberal Terms in the

World.

S. NATHAN,

THE FURNISHING ARCADE,

221 Elizabeth Street.

Ballarat Wool Sales.

Everingham, Greenfield, & Co

WOOL, GRAIN AND TIMBER BROKERS,

SHIPPING AND COMMISSION AGENTS

AND

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

(Established 1864.)

MELBOURNE AND BALLARAT.

WE beg most respectfully to inform our clients

that we shall continue to hold regular Auction

sales of WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, HIDES, TALLOW

and PRODUCE, every alternate THURSDAY during

the ensuing Wool Season, at BALLARAT.

Liberal advances made on Wool, Grain, and all

kinds of Colonial Produce consigned to us for sale in

Melbourne and Ballarat, or for shipment.

In connection with the above, we beg to notify our

friends that we hold public sales of Grain and Produce

every TUESDAY, at the

CORN EXCHANGE, MELBOURNE,

And daily (privately) both in Melbourne and Ballarat.

FOR SALE—Wool Packs, Corn Sacks, Bran Bags,

Gummies, and General Station Supplies, at Current

Rates.

EVERINGHAM GREENFIELD & CO.,

Market Square, Ballarat, and Corn Exchange,

Melbourne.

Geelong Wool Sales.

SEASON 1887-88.

Geo. Hague & Co.

BEG to intimate to Wool-growers and others

interested that they will hold Sales of Wool

every Tuesday during the coming season. Their

well-known Warehouses and large

NEW SHOW ROOMS

are unrivalled for extent and suitability for the

trade, combining, as they do, all the latest modern

improvements for the

EFFICIENT DISPLAY OF WOOL.

The Stores now run in one unbroken tract from

street to street, giving ample space for a catalogue

of 10,000 BALES

to be exhibited at one time.

The Wool when stacked being easily accessible,

the fullest facilities are available for inspection,

not only in sample but also in bulk, thus ensuring

more confidence in purchasing.

CAREFUL VALUATIONS

made prior to sale, and every lot is protected up to

full market value.

FARMERS' CLIPS

receive special attention, and no effort is spared to

secure utmost value for even the smallest clips.

English, Continental, American, and Colonial

buyers attend all the sales in full strength.

Account Sales and Cheques for proceeds rendered

invariably within three days after sale.

Charges are the lowest in the colony, and

growers will find that they save about Seven Shillings

per bale by selling in Geelong instead of

Melbourne.

Separate Warehouses are provided for the disposal

of Sheepskins, Hides, and Tallow, auction

sales of which are held weekly throughout the

year.

GEORGE HAGUE & CO.,

Wool Brokers.

Geelong, 1st July, 1887.

5m.D.31.87

THE CORRESPONDENCE ESTABLISHED 1859

THE COVENTRY MAGNISTS CO. LTD

COLONIAL BRANCH

UNDER THE CHARGE OF EXPERIENCED ENGINEERS

62 & 64 ELIZABETH STREET MELBOURNE.

NEW ZEALAND CLUB

CHEYLSMORE

THE IMPERIAL CLUB (A FRONT STEERER)

FREE

WHEELS

TRICYCLES

EVERY

Agent for Beaufort: P. DE BAERE, Watchmaker, etc.

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

PIANOS

BY ALL THE BEST MAKERS.

25 per Cent. Better Value than any other House can offer.

PIANOS

ORGANS

£40 TO £48

£18 TO £180

Or 30s. Monthly

Or 20s. Monthly

A Striking Contrast in Appearance, Tone and Finish to all other Instruments of Similar Price.

DAND INSTRUMENTS BY ALL STANDARD MAKERS.

ALLAN & Co.,

COLLINS STREET EAST, MELBOURNE.

TIME-PAYMENT for all INSTRUMENTS.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S

A TREASURE IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

No Waste or Loss in Weight by Keeping. Save Two-thirds in Freight.

Specially Prepared for Household and Domestic Purposes.

Brightens the Colors, does not Bleach.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S

TRADE MARK

BORAX SOAP

PRESERVES THE FABRIC. SOFTENS THE SKIN.

BORAX SOAP

Can be used in Hot, Cold, Hard or Brackish Water.

CLEANSSES, HEALS, AND PURIFIES THE SKIN.

THE SAFEGUARDS FOR HEALTH,

BORAX EUCALYPTUS SOAP!

AND

BORAX CARBOLIC SOAP!

Prevents Decay, Infection, and is Cheaper than the Ordinary Household.

Combining all the qualities of the Borax Soap, together the Medicinal and Disinfecting Properties of the Eucalyptus and Carbolic.

REFRESHING AND AGREEABLE.

The Only Makers of Eucalyptus Soap in Australia.

LEWIS & WHITTY'S

SQUARE BLUE

EGG POWDER

BLACKING

AND

WASHING

POWDER

STAND

UNRIVALLED!

To be had from all Grocers and Storekeepers.

WORKS—FITZROY AND RICHMOND, MELBOURNE.

### GRAND OPENING DAY

OF

CRAWFORD'S,

IMMENSE CLEARING SALE.

ON

SATURDAY, JULY 16, 1887.

A Cablegram from our London Buyer advises

us that our

SUMMER SHIPMENTS

Are now on the water, and will probably

ARRIVE IN BALLARAT

In about six weeks hence.

In the Interval it is imperative that our

HEAVY STOCKS OF

USEFUL, FASHIONABLE, AND SEASONABLE

DRAPERY

Amounting in value to

THIRTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED

POUNDS!

£37,500!

Should be Reduced One-half to provide Room for

NEW SEASON'S GOODS.

THE CLEARANCE MUST AND WILL BE MADE

AT ANY SACRIFICE.

We may briefly point out that this Magnificent

Stock is of the most comprehensive nature, and as the

bulk of it is

IMPORTED DIRECT.

No middle profit comes between our customers and

ourselves.

THE

STERLING VALUE OFFERED AT "CRAWFORD'S"

at all times is not beaten by any firm in Australia, and

in proof of public appreciation of this fact "Craw-

ford's" have the proud distinction of being the

LARGEST DRAPERY BUSINESS in the Colony

outside the Metropolis.

The system to be adopted at this sale will be similar

to that carried out during

CRAWFORD'S GREAT TRANSFER SALE,

In February last, universally acknowledged as a

phenomenal success, viz.:

NO ISSUE OF PRICE LISTS

AND

NO MISLEADING QUOTATIONS

(Necessarily unless without a comparison of value)

But every line in the Magnificent Stock re-marked

honestly at

HEAVILY REDUCED SALE PRICES!

"CRAWFORD'S" again rely on the solid advan-

tages and genuine character of the long list of Successful

Sales (now extending over 16 years) held at

Mitchell's Buildings, and simply request a visit to the

Establishment during Sale Month.

In order to convey to buyers in Country towns an

idea of our exhaustive resources, we respectfully outline

the various departments and their positions:—

STURT STREET.

No. 101—Entrance to Boot and Shoe Department.

99 " Hosiery and Haberdashery.

97 " Manchester, Flannels, and Blank-

ets.

95 " Carpets and Linoleums

93 " Clothing and Gent's Mercery

ARMSTRONG STREET.

No. 2—Entrance to Tailoring, Woollens,

Furnishing Department.

STURT STREET also SUPPLIES THE MAIN

ENTRANCE TO THE FOLLOWING

DEPARTMENTS

All embraced in our

NEW SHOW ROOMS,

Which are admittedly the finest in Victoria:—

Dresses and Cashmeres

Fancy and Ribbon Departments,

Gloves, Underclothing,

Millinery and Mantles.

DESPERATE BARGAINS

AND

UNIVERSAL REDUCTIONS

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

CRAWFORD'S

DRESSMAKING and MANTLEMAKING ROOMS

AND

UNDER HIGH-CLASS MANAGEMENT

AND THE

PRICES CHARGED ARE ECONOMIC

TO A DEGREE

"CRAWFORD'S"

Snow and Room,

PROPRIETOR.

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS

STURT STREET, BALLARAT.

## &lt;



COMMERCIAL.

ARARAT PRODUCE MARKET.

A quiet week has been passed through in the produce market, the only movement in wheat which we have heard of being an unimportant small parcel at 3s 7d, bags in. Flour continues in good demand at late rates. The quotation for wheat at Rossburn remains unchanged, 3s 3d per bushel, and there is no alteration at Donald, where 3s 5d is given. At St. Arnaud the figure has declined to 3s 5d per bushel. There is nothing doing in oats in this district, and our quotation can only be regarded as a nominal one. Hay has been well supplied at 13s 6d per ton. Potatoes have come in pretty well from Warranambool, and a limited quantity has arrived from Ballarat, meeting business at 13s 4d per ton. Fresh butter is now well supplied at 1s 4d per pound. Eggs are more abundant, and have declined 1d per dozen. We quote:—

BALLARAT WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

Messrs. A. M. Greenfield and Co. report under date of July 28:—

MELBOURNE WEEKLY GRAIN REPORT.

The New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company report:—

The easier tone reported in our wheat market last month has continued throughout the past month, the only variation being a temporary advance on one or two occasions of a penny per bushel. These changes, however, were only momentary, induced by some urgent call on the market for immediate supplies. The latter throughout the month has been limited, the state of the country roads rendering the carriage of grain to the railways almost impracticable. On the whole our present season promises well, though in some low-lying localities the early-sown crops have suffered some damage from flood-water. The outlook is regarded, nevertheless, as encouraging, and with anything like reasonable weather in the spring, our wheat yield should be large at next harvest. Our export business during the month has been mainly confined to meeting the demand from the adjoining colonies for flour. Two cargoes of wheat, namely those of the Thornhill and Beech Holme have cleared for ports outside the colonies. Our stocks are still very large, and when finer weather has made transit practicable, we may look for increased deliveries on the market and lower prices. The Argus for the Cape is the only vessel loading. No new engagements are mentioned, and freights are quite nominal.

GEELONG WEEKLY STATION PRODUCE REPORT.

Messrs George Hague and Co. report under date Wednesday, July 27:—

DALGETY AND COMPANY'S WEEKLY WOOL REPORT.

Melbourne, July 25. There is little to report respecting this article. Small consignments come forward regularly, which we are disposing of promptly at full current value. In the course of the approach of the wool season buyers are daily becoming more frequent. We have advices to several of our constituents in the early districts of New South Wales of the commencement of shearing, and early next month we expect to have our first consignments of Riverrina wools in store. Buyers are fast securing their seats in our new sale-rooms, applications reaching us even from the season opens. There are no fresh advices respecting the London market, which continues unchanged.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

It is warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional. Gravel, and Pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, APOTHECARIES' HALL, LINCOLN, ENGLAND

EXPORT AGENTS. Burrybone, Burleighs and Co., Coleman-street, London Newbery and Sons, 37 Newgate-street, London. Barclay and Sons, 95 Farringdon-street, London. Sanger and Sons, Oxford-street, London. And all the London Wholesale Houses.

MELBOURNE AGENTS. ROCKE, TOMPKINS, & Co., Melbourne. HEMMONS & Co., Wholesale Druggists. FITCH & FRENCH.

SYDNEY AGENTS. ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists. Ed. Row & Co.

ADELAIDE AGENTS. FAULDING & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

BRISBANE AGENTS. BEVELLY & TAYLOR, Wholesale Druggists.

ELLIOTT BROTHERS & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

NEW ZEALAND AGENTS. KEMPSON, PROSSER & Co., Wholesale Druggists

Dunedin, Auckland, and Christchurch.

JUST ARRIVED.

Wotherspoon Bros AND CO.

Extensive Shipments of AUTUMN AND WINTER Novelties, Drapery, Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

Everything Fashionable at WHOLESALE PRICES.

INSPECTION INVITED.

WOTHERSPOON BROS. & CO.

IMPORTERS, NEILL STREET, BEAUFORT.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE.

HAWKES BROS.,

Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Furniture and Dealers,

Next Bank of Victoria Beaufort,

Beg to notify to their patrons that all CASH PURCHASERS to the amount of 5s and upwards will be presented with a handsome

JUBILEE MEDAL.

QUEEN'S V.R. JUBILEE.

MANCHESTER HOUSE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

Including many new and useful lines, made specially to commemorate the

QUEEN'S JUBILEE YEAR

JUBILEE { Dresses, Satins, Plushes, Velveteens, Gloves, Jersey Jackets, Corsets, Ruffings, Laces, Ribbons, } Jubilee.

Blankets, Flannels, Calicoes, Sheetings, Shirtings, Tickings, } Jubilee.

JUBILEE { MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS' SUITS. Overcoats, Hats, Shirts, Ties, } Jubilee.

Jubilee Boots and Shoes, at Jubilee Prices } Jubilee.

G. H. COUGLE,

HAYLOCK STREET, BEAUFORT.

THE BLUE HOUSE

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Having decided on leaving Beaufort early next month, I will offer the WHOLE OF MY STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

The DRAPERY portion especially will be Sold at and under Cost, to save expense of removal.

Regular customers and others are invited to avail themselves of this chance of securing Unheard of Bargains.

All outstanding accounts to be paid without delay, to save further trouble.

ALEXR. M'DONALD, Proprietor.

JOHN HUMPHREYS, COMMISSION & INSURANCE AGENT, ACCOUNTANT, ETC., Neill Street, Beaufort.

RENTS AND DEBTS COLLECTED. Secretary and Manager of the Kingfisher G.M.C., Beaufort. Agent for the South British Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Agency Business of all kinds attended to.



FUNERAL ECONOMY. Established 1860.

WILLIAM BAKER, UNDERTAKER, Lawrence Street, next Post Office, and Neill Street, opposite State School.

Horns and other requisites supplied in town or country at stated charges.

WALTER CORNELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST, AND DISPENSING CHEMIST, (next Horsley Bros, and 2 doors from Lester's hotel.) HAS the honor to intimate to the public of Ballarat and the surrounding district that he has COMMENCED BUSINESS at the above address, with

AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF Pure Drugs and Chemicals. Also, a large and carefully selected assortment of Brushware, Patent Medicines, Perfumery together with a choice selection of Cut Glass Bottles, Perfumery Caskets, Ivory Brushes, Tortoise-shell Combs, etc., suitable for presents.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY DISPENSED, And promptly forwarded per rail, or otherwise as directed.

The Trade Supplied at Melbourne Prices.

H. P. HENNINGSEN, BOOKSELLER,

STATIONER & NEWS AGENT,

HAYLOCK STREET BEAUFORT

Correspondents

WANTED for this journal, in the Country. Apply HENNINGSEN and KLUXDER.

SHIRE OF RIPON NORTH RIDING.

Annual Election of One Councillor.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ELECTION of ONE COUNCILLOR will be held on Thursday, the 11th day of August next.

Nomination Day: 3rd day of August. I require Candidates to be Nominated at the Offices of the Shire of Ripon, at Beaufort, before the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 2nd day of August.

I have appointed Mr. D. G. Stewart, Shire Secretary, my Deputy, who will receive Nomination Papers and the required cash deposit.

JOHN WOTHERSPOON, Returning Officer. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 26th July, 1887.

SHIRE OF RIPON EAST RIDING.

Annual Election of One Councillor.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ELECTION of ONE COUNCILLOR will be held on Thursday, the 11th day of August next.

Nomination Day: 3rd day of August. I require Candidates to be Nominated at the Offices of the Shire of Ripon, at Beaufort, before the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 2nd day of August.

I have appointed Mr. D. G. Stewart, Shire Secretary, my Deputy, who will receive Nomination Papers and the required cash deposit.

WILLIAM MURRAY, Returning Officer. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 26th July, 1887.

SHIRE OF RIPON WEST RIDING.

Annual Election of One Councillor.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ELECTION of ONE COUNCILLOR will be held on Thursday, the 11th day of August.

Nomination Day: 3rd day of August. I require Candidates to be Nominated at the Offices of the Shire of Ripon, at Beaufort, before the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 2nd day of August.

I have appointed Mr. D. G. Stewart, Shire Secretary, my Deputy, who will receive Nomination Papers and the required cash deposit.

HUGH CUSHING, Returning Officer. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 26th July, 1887.

SHIRE OF RIPON Annual Election of One Auditor.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ELECTION of ONE AUDITOR will be held on Thursday, the 11th day of August next.

Nomination Day: 3rd day of August. I require Candidates to be Nominated at the Offices of the Shire of Ripon, at Beaufort, before the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 2nd day of August.

I have appointed Mr. D. G. Stewart, Shire Secretary, my Deputy, to assist me in this election, who will receive Nomination Papers and the required cash deposit.

THOMAS R. ODDIE, Returning Officer. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 26th July, 1887.

SHIRE OF RIPON NOTICE is hereby given that the next Council MEETING of the Shire is appointed to be held on the first Thursday in August, in lieu of the second Thursday.

D. G. STEWART, Shire Secretary. Riponshire Offices, Beaufort, 26th July, 1887.

WANTED—A smart, strong LAD, to drive cart and make himself generally useful; good wages. Apply JAS. COWANS, Baker, Neill street, Beaufort.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BEAUFORT. A SALE OF GIFTS AND CAKE FAIR Will commence in the SOCIETIES' HALL On the 11th OCTOBER NEXT.

DR. CROKER HAS RESUMED PRACTICE in Beaufort, and may be consulted daily at his residence, or at Mr. A. Andrews, Chemist.

Birth. HUGHES.—On the 20th inst., at the Bank of Victoria, Beaufort, the wife of E. W. Hughes of a son—still-born.

THE Riponshire Advocate. Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1887.

The usual notices respecting a municipal election appear in our advertising columns to-day. A vacancy occurs in each riding for a councillor which the ratepayers are asked to take steps to fill. We cannot say whether it is the intention of the ratepayers in the east and west ridings to have a contest; but in the north riding it is doubtful whether there will be a walkover. It has been rumored that Mr. Flynn, of Waterloo will be induced to stand; but no definite information concerning the probability of that gentleman contesting the election has been known.

Mr. Albert Andrews has been sounded as to his intentions, but we believe that he has expressed himself not willing to oppose the retiring member, Cr. Thomas. Mr. T. G. Archard, it is regretted by many, has definitely announced that he will not come forward on this occasion, as other matters are, and will be, engaging his fullest attention. But the certainty of a contest in the north riding will probably be nearer than it is at present on Tuesday, when nominations are to be sent in. The position of an auditor for the shire is also vacant and the ratepayers are asked to fill this also.

We are informed that several publicans have received orders to comply with Sec. 36 of the Licensing Act 1885, and that notices have been served not only in Beaufort, but in Water-

loo, Erambeen, &c., by the inspector. The section referred to says that houses in cities and towns, for which licenses are sought, shall "be provided with baths," &c. The inspector for this district has told hotel proprietors that they must comply with this section of the Act, and unless they do so, it is inferred that the renewal of the licenses will be opposed. Having perused the Act, a general opinion is held that neither Erambeen nor Waterloo come within the meaning of the Act, and therefore the proviso at the end of the section 36 entitles them to be exempted from compliance. The question is one which it will be necessary to obtain a legal opinion about; but it seems to be carrying the provision too far in compelling Waterloo publicans, who have not water sufficient for domestic purposes during summer, to expend money on what will only prove to them an uncalled for and useless provision.

Two items of great interest have been laid before the Assembly this week, the first of which was the Budget. We are pleased to note that the financial position of Victoria is sound—instead of there being a falling off in the revenue, the receipts have shown a large surplus on the Estimate. The receipts for the past year have been £7,550,000; whilst Mr. Gillies estimates the income of the year ensuing at £7,500,000. This is allowing a good margin for another excess of the estimate if the present generally prosperous state of the colony is to be taken as a criterion for the future. In ten years the revenue for Victoria has increased from £4,723,000 to £7,550,000, being an average increase per year of over a quarter of a million. But as in 1880, the receipts dropped £100,000, the revenue for that year being £4,621,000, the rapid increase in our funds may be taken as having commenced from that year. In 1857 the figures were £2,973,000; in 1867, £3,216,000; giving an increase in the decade of £2,433,000. In the next ten years the revenue gave an increase of £1,507,000. As Mr. Gillies justly remarked, on Tuesday, the Treasurer who could make an announcement to the House that the estimate for the year had been exceeded, should be a happy man; and under the favorable conditions in which the colony stands at the present time, it is not too much to anticipate a similar overplus of receipts on the Estimate for 1887-1888 to that obtained last year.

When Mr. Wixson, in the Assembly on Wednesday, moved for leave to bring in a bill to make better provision for the holding of a public International Exhibition in Melbourne in the year 1888, and for other purposes, a lengthy and very interesting debate took place. Oppositionists took strong objection to the Government statement to the House last session, in respect to the probable cost to the colony of such an Exhibition, that the expenditure would not exceed £200,000, whereas it was now estimated that at least £130,000 were required to carry out this gigantic show, which would aggrandize the metropolis at an expense of at least £200,000 to the tradespeople of country towns, in addition to the sum to be expended out of the public exchequer. Of course it was admitted that having assented to the holding of the Exhibition, hon. members were bound to see it through, but as Mr. Shiels put it—"If the country had known that the Government contemplated a mammoth Exhibition that would entail an expenditure of £125,000 or £130,000—a scheme from which the already overgrown metropolis was to reap all the benefit, while the country districts would receive no gain—(hear, hear)—if the project had been put before the public in all its naked truth, it would certainly have been rejected." The debate was lively and to the point, and we are glad to see that on the whole country members of the House are determined to watch vigilantly over the expenditure on all centralisation points. It is certainly doubtful whether or not the ultimate issue of the Exhibition will be beneficial to the colony. It is to be hoped that it will. At all events it appears that we shall have it but it cannot be held to be an advertisement for the colony or for Australia, rather it would mean advertising the products of industry and skill and ingenuity of other countries to the injury of our own artisans, manufacturers, and producers. It is a well known fact that colonial woolen manufacturers have been the sufferers since the Exhibition of 1880; and it is unreasonable to suppose that they will be further sufferers; the same may be said of colonial engineers and agricultural implement manufacturers. We do not dispute the fact that our workmen are able to compete the world in the quality of their manufactures, but that they suffer financially through circumstances over which they at present have no control, and under which the foreign competitor feels little or no effect, there cannot be room for doubt.

We are glad to note improvements going on in our midst. It denotes progress, and gives a tinge of prosperity to everything generally. The country trustees have lately extended their regard, and having fenced the additions in have had the enclosure nicely laid out and planted. The first plantation, however, was left unprotected, and the rabbits, we are informed, had done havoc. A second planting has taken place, and wire netting has been used as a protection to the young trees and plants. At the Recreation Reserve, Mr. Humphrey's contract having fallen through, the same was re-let to Mr. J. F. Watkin, and he is making great headway with the cutting in order to improve the lake, although the work is so heavy for the horses that one has already knocked up. The new bathsheds have been completed, and Mr. Vanderstoep and

purry are now rapidly proceeding with the work of erecting a platform along portions of the shore of the lake. This will be found a great convenience. While upon this subject it would be as well to mention the fact that the young trees are not likely to be improved if the gates are left open for all cattle to enter when browsing about that way.

In reply to Mr. A. Young in the Assembly on Wednesday, Mr. Gillies said, on information received from the Railway department, that the traffic at Symthesdale station was not so large as had been expected, but the full accommodation there would be provided.

The Beaufort branch of the A.N.A. met on Tuesday, when there was a fair attendance. Amongst the numerous items of correspondence received, was one from the Board of Directors, forwarding a communication from the Education branch stating that one of its members, a married man, had died in a comparatively sudden manner, leaving a widow and four young children. The branch had not yet been twelve months in existence, and therefore the deceased member's family were not entitled to funeral allowance. The deceased Mr. Hudson was an early member of the branch, and much respected. The board desired all branches to consider this case. It was decided that the matter be not dealt with hurriedly, and the letter was referred to the committee for report on the best way of assisting. Two branches—Lance sheets—Neangar and Ballarat City—were received, and the remainder of the evening was taken up in the discussion of an anonymous paper on "Should Chinamen be poll-taxed?"

On Tuesday evening Mr. Chas. Vowles suffered the loss of a good mare. He was driving home to Waterloo after attending a meeting in Beaufort, and having just passed the railway gates in Laurence street, and got fairly on to the main road, his conveyance collided in the dark with another vehicle occupied by a contingent of the Salvation Army returning from a "blood and fire" meeting at Waterloo. The shaft of the Salvationists' cart entered the chest of Mr. Vowles' animal, which after a brief struggle died. Mr. Vowles secured another horse and drove home, whilst the hallooing lads and lasses carried the marks of the "blood" meeting to their "fire" sides.

"Punch" proprietors having acted upon suggestions thrown out from time to time, and being determined that their paper shall command patronage and influence, have no stone unturned to secure a place on every table, and are succeeding wonderfully. In political or social matters its "Stories without words," as well as with them, are fast making the ladies to love "Punch," and the gents to look upon him with appreciation.

It is notified in our advertising columns that a sale of gifts and cake fair will be opened by the Presbyterian Church, in the Societies' Hall, on 11th October. For some time past the ladies of the church have been making assiduously with this end in view. It is not often this church comes before the public, but when they do no effort is spared to make everything taken in hand a thorough success, and we feel justified in anticipating for them on this occasion the hearty and individual patronage of the public.

Next Friday night the Church of England will give another tableau entertainment in the Societies' Hall. From the programme before us we anticipate that a greater treat than the previous entertainment is provided for. Amongst the items to be shown are pictures from Esther, the May Pole, Wives' Tale, and the Old Woman that lived in a Shoe. The items of music will comprise songs from Mr. McNeill, Miss Greenwood, and Miss Ison, Mr. Elliott and Mr. D. G. Stewart, and Mr. J. Miller is set down for a recitation. The programme is so full of appearances a great improvement upon the last one, which is saying a great deal.

Mr. Belling, of Ballarat, dentist, will visit Beaufort on Thursday next, when he may be consulted at Loft's Railway shop.

The return football match between St. John's Sunday school and the State school, Beaufort, will take place to-day, when the following will represent the former—E. Welsh (capt.), J. Harris, M. Grant, G. Johnston, A. Wilson, J. Nolan, P. Smith, E. Baker, S. Stuart, W. Stuart and C. Troy.

There is no cordial or elixir of which alcohol is a constituent element, and which is sold, at a price sufficient to gratify any excess, however, is pernicious. One may partake of the healthiest food and eat to nauseating surfeit; one may even surcharge the stomach by imbibing too freely of water, and suffer ill effects; but it is claimed that Wolfe's Schnapps is not intoxicating, on the ground that an ordinary draught will produce such a grateful exhilaration that only one who is bent on bestowment would crave excessive indulgence in it.

The Beaufort Football Club send a team to Skipton to-day to play the return match. They have not yet decided what team they will take, but it is looked upon as impossible to get all their best men to go. They expect, however, to give a good account of themselves.

The Social re-union of the Ararat branch of the A.N.A. was held on Thursday, and so usual complimentary tickets were sent to neighboring branches. Mr. R. A. D. Sinclair represented the Beaufort branch, and on his return next morning he could scarcely find words to express himself as to the excellent manner in which the visiting members of the Association were received. He, with two other Beaufort members, arrived late and all the ladies' programmes were filled up; but this was found to be an actual obstacle to their enjoyment, as many of the local gentlemen only too willingly offered to resign their partners to the visitors. Alas! they had a good time of it, and it will be a long while before they forget the kindness shown to them by members of the Ararat branch.

Mr. John Humphreys, the retiring auditor for the Shire in Ripon, announces his willingness to again officiate if the ratepayers elect him to the position.

Mr. W. C. Thomas announces that it is his intention to seek re-election as member, for the north riding, of Riponshire Council.

Frequent complaints have been made from time to time respecting the solicitations of tramps and beggars and other wandering creatures, the effect that they are not over civil when waiting upon residents who have no wish to deal with them. The latest that has reached us is that of a man who on Thursday last made a circuit of the town, pretending to have something to sell. Meeting with no success, the man became exasperated. About dinner time he called at a certain hotel and asked the price of a meal. Receiving a reply that did not appear to him to be with his idea of what the charge should be, he almost raised a row with the proprietor. The coming abuse, resulting in his ejection from the premises. Afterwards he went to another house, and offered for sale something which he had in a parcel, but did not show. The lady of the house attended to him, but she being a foreigner, he took occasion to use the most disgusting and insulting language to her—"I'm going her nationality, winding up with—"I'm going mean—German; I'm a true Englishman." The lady was equal to the occasion, and as her son entered the bar to see his mother say about, it pleased him to hear his mother say, "You may be an Englishman, but you can't come and insult me." The man, however, would not leave the premises, and he threatened to give him in charge. It is hoped the police will catch one of these fellows now and then, so that there will be a likelihood of his getting "what for."















