

WARM FOOT-WEAR FOR COLD WEATHER!

Cogle's Drapery & Boot Warehouse, HAVELOCK STREET.

We are now showing Footwear in great variety. Our selection is made from the best manufacturers in the State, and we guarantee the wear of every pair.

Ladies' Boxhide Bals, strong and neat, for winter wear, self caps, sewn soles; price, 8/6.

Ladies' Hide Bals, strong, and AI value; price, 6/11.

Try a pair of our famous Glace Ada Shoes, plain toes, warranted to give good service; price, lace 8/9, button 8/11.

Ladies' Split Ox Shoes, self caps, "The Wonder," specially built for yard wear; price, 4/11.

Ladies' Nurse Shoes, a splendid house shoe, and so easy, "Our Special"; price, 3/6.

Ladies' Glace Kid Shoes, patent facings and caps, sewn soles, "Special Value"; price, 7/6.

Our Felt Slippers are warm and snug-fitting for the winter evenings. We have a great variety in all colors, at lowest prices.

Men's Watertights, H.N., guaranteed solid throughout; "Noxall," 8/11.

Men's Glace Kid Bals, sewn soles, worth 10/6; our price is 8/11.

Men's Derby Bluchers, in Boxhide and Kip, pegged and sprung; good honest stuff; we guarantee them for their wearing qualities; price, 9/9 and 12/6.

Men's Box Calf Bals, toe-caps, welted soles; an ideal boot for winter; 13/6.

Our Children's School Boots are doing good service this season; they are made of the best material; for boys and girls, at rock-bottom prices.

The Store of Good Values,

G. H. COUGLE, BEAUFORT.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

W. H. HALPIN

Desires to inform the Public that he is prepared to Sell Hay, Oats, Chaff, Bran, Pollard, &c., At Lowest Current Rates.

Highest Cash Prices for all kinds of Produce.

W. H. H. respectfully solicits a fair share of public patronage.

Fencing and Barb Wire always on hand; also Galvanised Iron and other Hardware.

CORN SACKS, new and secondhand, from 5s 6d.

Hay Forks, Water Bags, and Corn Sacks, at Lowest Prices.

SWEETS! SWEETS!

Husband—Always ask for the best Confectionery, dear; such as Chocolate Walnuts, Chocolate Ginger, Cream Caramels, No. 1 Gum Jubes, &c.

Wife—Where are they to be found in this town? Can you tell me?

Husband—Yes, certainly; you try the "Sweet" Grocer in Neill Street, and you will get them. They are all of the Best.

GEO. PRINGLE, THE "SWEET" GROCER, SEEDSMAN, &c., NEILL ST.

Plants of all kinds always on hand.

CAMP HOTEL, BEAUFORT.

The above Hotel has changed hands, the present Proprietor wishes to notify the residents of Beaufort and district that the house has been thoroughly renovated, and no effort will be spared to make customers comfortable.

Only Best Brands of Wines, Spirits and Ales Kept.

FIRST-CLASS BEDS, 1/- Meals a Specialty, at any hour, 1/-

First-class Green always in attendance. Stabling Free. Horses and Vehicles on hire.

The Proprietor trusts that with every attention, combined with civility, they will receive a fair share of patronage.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.

W. H. HALPIN, Proprietor.

Mr. SAMUEL YOUNG, Barrister and Solicitor, Proctor and Conveyancer, BEAUFORT.

A Commissioner of the Supreme Court of the State of Victoria and the High Court of the Commonwealth of Australia for taking Affidavits.

LOANS on Mortgage at Liberal Terms.

J. W. HARRIS, SURGEON DENTIST.

The personal health cannot be maintained in its highest degree without good teeth.

Teeth saved, wherever possible, with Gold, Porcelain, Amalgam, and Cement.

Artificial Plates avoided, wherever possible.

Up-to-date Bridge-work, Gold Crowns, Pivots, Gold Inlays, Porcelain Inlays, are Specialties.

Artificial Dentures in Vulcanite, Gold, Aluminium, and other bases.

Every Set is a work of art in appearance, and for Fit and Accuracy cannot be excelled.

Teeth carefully Extracted, under Chloroform, Somniform, Nitrous Oxide, and Local Anæsthetics.

Consultation Free.

Teach your children to eat slowly. A little food, well masticated, is more beneficial than a hearty meal swallowed hastily.

HOURS: 9 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

J. W. HARRIS, Surgical & Mechanical Dentist, Havelock & Neill Sts., Beaufort.

Australian Natives' Association

The fortnightly meeting of the Beaufort Branch, A.N.A., will be held in the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE on TUESDAY Evening next, at 7 1/2 o'clock sharp. J. FULLERTON, Secretary.

Religious Services.

SUNDAY, JUNE 6, 1909.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Beaufort, 11 a.m., and 7 p.m.; Middle Creek, 3 p.m.—Rev. Chas. Reed.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Linton, 11 a.m.; Raglan, 3 p.m.; Beaufort, 1 p.m. (Young Men's Service).—Rev. C. Neville, Beaufort, 11 a.m.; Waterloo, 3 p.m. and 7 p.m.—Mr. W. J. Thomson.

METHODIST CHURCH.—Beaufort, 11 a.m.; Chute, 3 p.m., and 7 p.m.—Rev. J. T. Keane, Raglan, 3 p.m. and 7 p.m.—Mr. J. Stringer, Beaufort, 7 p.m.—Mr. G. Boyd.

The Riponshire Advocate.

Published every Saturday Morning.

SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1909.

In future any letters posted at the Beaufort Post Office after 4.50 p.m. up to 7.50 p.m. will be despatched by the express next morning.

Thomas Kelly, an old age pensioner of the Beaufort district, was sent to the Ballarat Benevolent Asylum by Sergeant A. Nicholson on Tuesday last.

No fewer than 813 electors' rights were issued at Beaufort by the registrar, Mr. C. W. Minchin, since the franchise has been extended to women. Of this number, however, 49 rights were taken out.

A fall of earth occurred at the Travalla Leads mine on Friday, 28th ult., and partly covered a miner named William Lawson. Fortunately, he was quickly dug out by one of his mates. Lawson was injured about the chest, but not seriously. Dr. G. A. Eadie, of Beaufort, attended to the sufferer.

For Children's Hacking Cough at 1s. 6d. Mr. W. M. Atkinson, of Beaufort, has engaged in clearing a paddock, which is used in chopping a hollow log slipped and cut deeply into the instep of his right foot to the bone, inflicting a severe and painful wound.

The Beaufort Assembly have become very popular, judging by the attendance at the Societies' Hall on Thursday evening. This was the committee's second dance, and it was very successful.

At the morning, to the strains of excellent music, and the tables were set for a grand dinner for non-dancers. Light refreshments (provided by the ladies) were handed out at midnight. During an interval of moonlight on the silver Rio Grande, the arrangements were complete and well carried out, so the ladies' committee deserve every congratulation on their good management.

Wood's Great Peppermint Cure, for Coughs and Colds, never fails. 1s. 6d. Miss Madeline, in opening classes for dancing at the Societies' Hall, Beaufort, has advertised for the Societies' Hall District. Course (Club) Lang-Willi State will take place at the Beaufort Mechanics' Institute on Monday night.

A grand concert will be given in the Societies' Hall, Beaufort, on Wednesday, July 7th, by Miss Gertrude Keane, assisted by Miss J. E. and A. L. Wetherston, and other artists. Tickets are 1s. 6d. and 1s. 3d. The concert will be a grand success.

LINSEED COMPOUND for Coughs and Colds. The following district sales are reported:—By Crawford, Dowing & Seymour—3 cows for Mr. G. Smith, Carnham, 24. By Macleod & Booth—112 complete ewes for the executors of the late Mr. Alex. Bain, St. Enoch's, Stockyard Hill, to 3; two-horn 9/1; 62 merino wethers for Mr. J. A. Lewis, Ballyroan, 11/9 to 15/5, topping the market; and lambs for same owner, 10/6.

Mr. E. W. Hughes, J.P., presided over the Beaufort Police Court on Thursday. One of two cases listed was stated by Mr. S. Young, solicitor, to have been settled out of court, and was accordingly withdrawn. E. Schlicht obtained an order for £19/11/2, with 26 cents, against Cecilia McPhee, for goods sold and delivered. Mr. Young, who appeared for plaintiff, stating that 22 had been paid on account. Defendant offered to pay 2/6 per week, and she then applied for a stay of execution for 14 days. Mr. Young, however, obtained an order as stated, intimating that defendant could arrange terms with plaintiff. Defendant's mother was present in court and indulged in personal remarks, and was warned by Mr. Young to be careful or she might be committed for contempt of court.

LINSEED COMPOUND for Coughs and Colds. Relieves Asthma and difficult breathing. For Bronchial Coughs take Wood's Great Peppermint Cure. 1s. 6d.

AGRICULTURAL CLASSES AT MIDDLE CREEK.

Despite the wet weather there was a large gathering of district farmers, who have enrolled themselves as students, at Tuesday's operations for the opening lecture on Monday night. All were delighted with the lecturer's lecture by Mr. Kenneally on Shoes and their Uses," delivered in the public hall. Mr. Kenneally has had 25 years' experience in Melbourne, besides travelling the country with the Agricultural Department staff, and has made a fine art of shoeing horses crippled by any injury to or malformation of the feet. His long experience, combined with a thorough knowledge of his work, makes up an interesting and instructive lecture. He illustrated his points with over 100 different shoes, and exhibits many diseased bones, hoofs, and photographs of cases that have come under his hands.

Mr Temple A. Smith held a farm demonstration at Mr Dunn's at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, located any injurious weeds that came under his notice, clearly pointing out the localities, and the capabilities of district soils, and described the best methods for their treatment. The attendance of students was large.

On the evening Mr. C. D. Strong, C.M.V.C., delivered a lucid lecture on "Structure and Care of the Horse's Foot." His remarks on the various diseases afflicting horses' feet were made all the more interesting by the use of portions of diseased "nags" affected with ringbone, sidebone, etc. The plentifulness of specimens can easily be referred to the locality, and he pointed out "When I get old and feeble and have to give up the vet business, I'm going to start a bone-mill." Many photographs were also handed round.

Mr G. Pickford introduced the lecturer. Mr Strong, at the outset, said they did not want to come here and bring to people they wanted them to bring to him. He said that many of them had bad feet, and they would do practical work. The vast majority of people had not the slightest idea as to the structure of horses' feet, or the amount of harm done by neglect in their treatment. He pointed out that the remotest idea as to the importance of the foot in relation to the general health and soundness of horses. When the anatomist talked of horses' feet, he referred to the pastern bone, the long pastern bone, the short pastern bone, and the coffin-bone or pedal bone. When the layman talked on that subject, he referred to the hoof, which covered the inner hoof, and the structures that lie within it. The structure of the foot depended a great deal on the structure of certain bones, and these bones in turn depended on the structure of the foot. Two diseases of the foot they must notice were ringbone and sidebone. In regard to ringbone (Mr Strong referred to it as "the frog"), Mr Strong pointed out that it was a growth of new bone on or about the pastern bones. It did not matter whether it was as small as a button or as big as the advanced specimen he had shown. It was not this bone that was ringbone. It was the frog, which lay across the pastern bones. It did not necessarily mean a ring of bone, but only needed to be a knob. Ringbone in various stages was then pointed out by Mr Strong. One of the specimens had been taken from an animal at the Zoological Gardens destroyed for lameness. Ringbone might be high, low, or what is termed false ringbone. It was a growth of new bone on the long pastern bone. High ringbone was a case between the long and short pastern. The low ringbone grew between the two pastern bones. It was a growth of new bone. Here was a specimen of false ringbone. It was a little excruciating, and they did not get many like it. But the smallest ringbone might come in the form of a rubber cushion. They never knew what it might develop to. The smaller specimen he was holding up was probably far worse in effect than the larger one, for it was a growth of new bone on the horse's foot. The worst class of ringbone was low ringbone. This was practically incurable, and a horse was almost sure to develop a chronic form of the disease. In regard to sidebone, ringbone is thought by many and one well known to be a growth of new bone on the side of the hoof. It was a generally accepted one, to be the result of continued jarring on hard roads. This was not so. Ringbone was a growth of new bone on the side of the hoof, and it was not the slow moving horses, but the fast moving ones, that were most likely to get it. The good old cab-horse that ran about the streets of Melbourne. But 90 per cent. of the cases were found in draught horses, the heavier and slower moving animal. Two-fifths of the foot of the foot did the actual clouting when the horse was moving. If the concussion they must remember that the internal growth was not the cause. He needed hardly say of stallions with ringbone that they were disqualified from holding a Government certificate of soundness. Some horses got this disease as the result of an extra blow on the side of the hoof, but it was more prevalent in the fore limbs, and ringbone more prevalent in the hind limbs. Very often it was said that ringbone was curable, and could be relieved, and men talked of removing it and spavin in the same way as removing spiders' webs (laughter). They often removed the external evidence of the disease, but the internal growth was not the cause. He needed hardly say of stallions with ringbone that they were disqualified from holding a Government certificate of soundness. 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ALLITERATIVE ABSURDITIES.

If you caught a capricious curate killing lippets for the cook...

Would you say he was as wily as a cunning crocodile...

If you held a battle-bombard from Biscay Bay...

Would you say it was as funny as a bouncing blue-backed bunny...

If you saw a driving dromedary drowning ducklings in a ditch...

Would you say that this d'ath-dealer was of ducks and drakes a stealer...

Of Darwin's dead ideas a devotee...

AN AIRSHIP TO CARRY HUNDREDS ANY DISTANCE.

In a few weeks the greatest airship the world has ever seen will be sailing over the earth...

Mr. J. Edward J. Pennington, an American, is its inventor...

The great advantage of our ship, says Mr. Pennington, is that we shall never need to bring her to the ground to renew her gas...

To say that this great steel airship is to be 1,000 feet long over all and that her clear-shaped buoyancy chamber measures 700 feet from tip to tip...

The ship which will cost £400,000 will be equipped with eleven propellers, five on each side and a larger one in front...

Two or more of all of these propellers may be used at any time. Eight propellers will drive the ship at an average speed of thirty miles an hour...

Perhaps, says Mr. Pennington, I am proudest of the automatic rudders which I have devised for our airship...

By means of these two, one horizontal and one vertical, the airship will maintain her altitude and direction automatically...

For example, should the vessel be travelling west and the wind blowing from the north, she would automatically be pointed north-west...

The Pennington airship will be equipped in much about the same manner as a first-class passenger ship...

The Board of Health of Memphis, U.S.A., is to enlist the phonograph to aid in the fight against consumption...

They were sipping coffee after dinner in a West-end flat. The wife: "Why don't you like to see me smoke?"

LATEST PARROT STORY.

A woman went to nurse a sick relation who had a parrot. For a while (writes a correspondent) the bird amused the newcomer...

But here unlooked-for results took place. Neither the man nor the wife in the bird's temporary home felt annoyed by the incessant jabbering...

Not so their dog. Directly Polly began her weird utterances, Rover sat up and looked towards the cage...

MOTTOES.

SOME CLEVER SAYINGS.

An authority in Heraldry states that the College of Arms disclaims all jurisdiction over mottoes...

There is a very clear historical connection between mottoes and varieties, the former being a comparatively modern variant of the latter...

Again, the earldom of Manservants, the family name of which is Pierrepont, has the motto "Pie rapone te" (Response with pious confidence)...

Probably the shortest punning motto in existence is that of the States-General, consisting of the one word "Teneo" (I lay open locked hearts)...

It is noticeable that the great majority of punning mottoes have been adopted by the bearers of comparatively recent creations...

AT THE LAND'S END.

Twilight comes on most exquisitely I think, over the cliffs towards Parnick (the headland that Turner painted), looking down on Enys Dodman...

The sky, where the sun has gone down is barred with dark lines and half-obscured outlines, like the outlines of trees seen in some shadowy mirror...

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SHEPHERDING IN NAVY-JO.

A MEXICAN EXPERIENCE.

I managed to stagger along for an hour more, with the herd well in the lead; the sun had disappeared behind a deep purple horizon...

Twenty minutes of weary anxious plodding brought me to the summit; the light was growing dim...

COFFEE DRINKERS.

FRESH SOURCE OF SUPPLY.

"Coffee and cigars"—the very words are fragrant. A curious piece of information is vouchsafed for an analyst—that there is something in tobacco leaf and something in coffee berry that are nearly related...

The late Sir Henry Thompson, in a work on diet, noted the point. Speaking of tobacco as an unquestionable ally of temperance, he said—"A relationship of the most perfect order is that which subsists between coffee and tobacco..."

We drink less coffee than any other civilised nation. Our per head consumption is 1 lb. per year. In the United States they consume 10 lb. per head per year...

The extraordinary fact is that practically not a single berry of the excellent sort of coffee that is chiefly drunk in America and on the Continent has come, hitherto, to our shores...

Needless to say, the inhabitants of San Paulo know how to make the coffee that goes so well with cigars. They make it by the best method, that of percolation...

Another good method is to put two table-spoonfuls (about one ounce) of ground coffee into an earthenware jug, pour on a pint of boiling water, stand for four minutes, then pour carefully or strain off into another jug or coffee-pot...

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THE TAGLESS ADMIRAL.

Mr. Archibald Colquhoun has some good stories to tell in his new book, "From Dan to Beersheba."

"If we did have a brush with your ships," he began, "what then?" He laughed, "I should be towing that tub, pointing to the English flag, 'into one of our ports!'"

"Indeed," said Lady Broome, "you compliment neither yourself nor us. I should have expected you to reply that both ships would be sunk or disabled."

"ILE ST. LOUIS."

FASCINATING PART OF OLD PARIS.

If you wish to find the Paris of olden times, the Paris of Balzac, the Paris of Revolution, the Paris of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries, you must frequent the populous quarters, at present abandoned by the gentry, and seek out the glorious mansions of the past, now transformed into work-houses and factories...

When we decided on Paris as a permanent place of residence, we chose our home on St. Louis Isle. As time went on, we became fonder and fonder of its history, more and more interested in the past...

There were eight of us travelling in a close third-class carriage from the City to the suburbs. When the train stopped at a certain station, a large, heavy woman entered. She was gaily dressed, her fat, dirty hands were gloved, and her nails were in deep morning. She drew my attention, and the attention of everybody else in the carriage...

"I don't know about that," rejoined the artisan. "Wot I do know is that if my mistress were 'em they'd soon go to the pawnshop."

As a circumstantial ghost story, and one that stood the cold scrutiny of a court of law, Booty's case is without a parallel. The date given is 1688, when Mrs. Booty brought an action for slander against one Captain Barnaby...

According to an extract from a journal produced in court, dated Friday, May 15, 1687, the captain on that day went ashore with a large party of friends to shoot rabbits on Stromboli, the island of Italy, which from its ever-burning crater, is called "the lighthouse of the Mediterranean."

At about 3.30 in the afternoon two men were seen running towards the volcano, which was emitting flames. Captain Barnaby then exclaimed, "Lord bless me, the foremost is old Booty, my next-door neighbour."

For the defence, in addition to the testimony of Captain Barnaby and his friends, Old Booty's clothes were brought into court and identified by several witnesses as being similar to those worn by the foremost man who ran into the crater—even to the peculiar buttons on the coat.

The judge was so impressed by this evidence that he said, "Lord have mercy upon me and grant that I may never see what you have seen. One, two, or three may be mistaken, but not thirty."

A gentleman in the West Indies was agreeably surprised the other day to find a plump turkey served up at dinner. He inquired of the black servant how it was obtained.

"Why, sir," said Bambo, "da turkey has been roosting on our fence three nights, so this morning I seize him for de rent of de fence."

Caretaker (to prospective tenant): "Yes, this 'ouse is most convenient; 'ere, this 'ere is a music-hall situated. There's a music-hall close and 'andy, and there's a pub just over the way—and a pawnbroker's round the corner."

"RULE, BRITANNIA."

Light has been shed on the disputed authorship of "Rule, Britannia," by a shabby-looking volume, partly in MS. and partly printed, which has come into the possession of Mr. Quartich, the bookseller. The MS. portion (says the "Times") consists of fair copies of certain plays sent to the Lord Chamberlain's Office...

"Well," said Lady Broome, "what then?" He laughed, "I should be towing that tub, pointing to the English flag, 'into one of our ports!'"

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A BRAND-NEW SCHEME FOR RAISING THE "REPUBLIC."

The White Star liner "Republic," sunk as the result of a collision a few weeks ago, lies forty fathoms under the Atlantic. Divers cannot descend within 100 feet of her, and she is too heavy to be grappled and lifted in any ordinary way...

Divers cannot descend to attach chains or apply compressed air to the ship's water-tight compartments. Even if the air could be applied, the compartments are too weak to stand the pressure, for they are not built for such strain. How, then, can they hope to get a grip on the great dead weight so far beneath the surface?

A brand new invention as far as salvaging sunken ships is concerned, will be put in use. No device ever used before would so much as make the "Republic" turn in her grave.

But the electro magnet which is strong enough to pick up steel freight cars or huge safes as if they were feathers will probably have its greatest test of strength on the sunken liner. No one magnet would have the power to lift the wreck, and if it had, the result would be to tear out the plates of the ship wherever the magnet had its grip...

Now, however, the fashionable dress-makers have frankly cast conventionality aside, and dress the more daring of their mondaine customers in combination frocks, which are divided in front so as to form trouser legs, but still concede so much to propriety as to trail off in one piece at the back.

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The sensation caused by the appearance recently of pretty Parisiennes in "jupes pantalons" was equal to that which heralded the slit-up-the-side Directoire skirt of last spring.

THE MAJORITY OF FASHION-ABLE WOMEN prefer to array themselves in what might be termed the one-leg trouser skirts, so narrow are they. But the disadvantage of this form of skirt is exactly that of the two-legged garment of masculine cut—it will bag at the knees.

With all her coquetry, her love of frills and furbelows, one would expect the Frenchwoman to be ill adapted in trousers, but she is not. When she does wear trousers she does it well. She eschews CORSETS AND OTHER FEMININE ADORNMENT.

Just her masts and funnel and upper works will appear, and the tops of the pontoons. It will take a fleet of tugs to tow that submerged wreck and the pontoons, barges and all, but that's just a matter of doing it.

The Scotsman keeps the Sabbath and everything else he lays his hands on; the Welshman prays on his knees on Sunday and on his neighbours on week days.—Bishop Chavasse, of Liverpool.

HIS NEW LINES IN THE REGION OF ROMANCE.

No man has struck out so many new lines in the region of romance as Edgar Allan Poe. And he was not merely fruitful himself, he rendered others fruitful.

He was the inventor of the detective story, and Wilkie Collins, Gaboriau, Du Boisgoyon, Sir A. Conan Doyle, and others like these are all his literary descendants.

Yet again, "The Gold Bug," with its memories of Kidd and its buried treasure, and its map and its cryptic directions, no doubt suggested the machinery of "Treasure Island," though R. L. Stevenson, of course, elaborated the method.

One might go on for a long time giving examples of Poe's originating genius, but we will only add two more, "William Wilson," that singular study of dual personality, was the prototype of Stevenson's "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde."

And in developing the realistic method Poe was before Flaubert and Zola. His parades of minute detail gave an intense reality to the scenes into which he introduced his bizarre and spectral figures.

Another kind of story in which Poe is supreme is the story in which modern men move in a dim world of crumbling castles and demonaic ladies, and hear, through magic casements opening on misty lakes, the thunders of the storm and the cries of the dying, while even above the tempest is heard the matter of ancestral voices bewailing the ruin of an ancient line.

Paris Fashion Freaks. WOMEN IN TROUSERS. One of the latest crazes of the Parisienne, says a Paris correspondent of the London "Mail," is to wear trousers, or as nearly such as she dates. The day when a Rosa Bonheur or a Mme. Dieulafoy in masculine dress was a subject of remark and pleasantry among the boulevardiers has passed, and actually women whose skirts, are quite as replaced by trousers, which attract attention just now more than those who cling to the "demode" style, which made some show of concealing the lower lines of the feminine figure.

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QUITE BOYISH

In them. The poetess, Mme. Lucie Delarue Mardrus, in her Algerian expeditions with her husband, and Mme. Paul Frazz-Namur in her Alaskan climbs, wear knee breeches, Norfolk jackets, puttees, with perfect grace and masculinity.

Jones (very cross): "Throw that bag away, do!" Brown (very happy): "Look here; I don't often give sixpence for a cigar, but when I do—"

Jones: "You get revenge change!"

BALLARAT SUPREME COURT.

ALLEGED FALSE PRETEXTS.

Thursday, 3rd June, 1909.

(Before His Honor Judge Cussen.)

The June sittings of the Supreme Court commenced and concluded on Thursday.

Frank Joseph Chinney was charged with having on the 3rd April attempted to obtain money by means of false pretences from Constable Dawtry, at Beaufort.

Mr. Gurner prosecuted, and Mr. F. Ham appeared for the accused, who pleaded not guilty.

Walter Harrison, carpenter, of Geelong, said that on the 2nd April, while driving from Dimboola to Beaufort, he saw the accused, who was walking. He then drove up to him and asked him to get into the cart at witness's house, and while driving along the road, he saw the accused looking for Constable Dawtry, and he would like to work for him, and he would like to take the horse and cart to Geelong. It was arranged that Chinney should take the horse and cart to an address at Geelong. In the cart were two lamps, a whip, an overcoat and a pair of spectacles. Witness left the hotel at Beaufort on Saturday morning, and accused was to commence his journey on Sunday. The cost of Chinney's lodging at the hotel was paid by witness, and in addition to buying a horse and cart, he gave witness £3 as a retainer for his services, taking the money for him and promising to deliver it at Geelong.

Mr. Ham—Accused was a stranger to him.

You said you were not well and would return to Geelong by train, and that you gave accused £3. Was anyone present when the money was paid?—Yes; Mr. Jones.

What did you value the property at?—About £40.

But you sold it to a Mr. Halpin for less than that?—Yes, for £20.

William Jones, hotel proprietor, of Beaufort, said he remembered Harrison giving accused instructions regarding the delivery of the mare. Accused was to leave on Sunday morning, and a bag of chattel was to be given him. Soon after Harrison left, Chinney said he was going to start, but as witness considered that the mare was already overworked, he refused to allow it to be taken out of the stable.

William Henry Halpin, auctioneer, said he met the accused in a hotel, and he was then offering spectacles for sale. Other articles he said he would like to sell, and for the lot would take £70. Witness was rather suspicious, and sent for the police.

Constable Dawtry deposed that accused offered him the turnout for £70. That price he considered too high.

Sergeant Nicholson said the accused visited the police station and asked for assistance. When a week later he found the accused possessors of the cart, horse, etc., he asked him for an explanation, which was not given to his satisfaction. When told that he had made contrary statements, accused said he could look "big," and that he wanted to "skite." Witness did not think accused was eccentric; he was pretending to be a fool.

William John Fay, farmer, corroborated the statement that accused endeavored to dispose of the property.

In a statement to the jury Chinney said he had no intention to defraud.

After ten minutes' deliberation the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and Chinney was discharged.—"Star."

GOLF.

A singles tournament was played on the Beaufort Golf Club's links on Saturday; ladies playing over 9 holes and gentlemen over 18. The result was a win for Miss Melrose, with a score of 65 gross, handicap 6, net 59. Rev. C. Neville won the gentlemen's competition from scratch, his scores being—First round, 42; second round, 47; total, 89. The following cards were handed in:—

LADIES.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Gross, Hicap, Net. Includes Miss Melrose (65, 6, 59), Miss Cochran (70, 7, 63), Mrs. Wetherpoon (70, 7, 63), Mrs. McKelch (73, 9, 63), Mrs. Schlicht (78, 9, 67), Mrs. McDonald (77, 10, 67), Mrs. Halpin (80, 7, 73), Mrs. Eastwood (83, 10, 73), Mrs. Hughes (87, 8, 81), Mrs. Eastwood (90, 10, 80), Mrs. Exlie (97, 14, 83), Mrs. Harris (100, 14, 86), Mrs. McNaughton (114, 14, 100).

GENTLEMEN.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Gross, Hicap, Net. Includes Rev. C. Neville (42), Mr. Eastwood (47), Mr. Brown (50), Mr. McDonald (52), Mr. J. Collins (55), Mr. Wetherpoon (55), Mr. Carroll (65), Mr. Eastwood (67).

TENNIS.

The ladies' handicap tournament for the trophy presented by Mr. Sinclair was concluded on Wednesday, with the following results:—

Miss Wetherpoon beat Miss B. McDonald 10-3.

Miss McRae beat Mrs. McKelch 10-6.

Miss Fairlane beat Miss Cullinan 10-2.

Miss Halpin beat Miss Flynn 10-9.

Third round: Miss Wetherpoon beat Miss McRae 10-4.

Miss Cochran beat Miss Halpin 10-3.

A mixed doubles match will take place on Monday between Mr. Paul's Tennis Club, Ballarat, and the Beaufort Tennis Club on the Beaufort court. The pairs selected to play for Beaufort are as follows:—Miss and Mr. J. McDonald, Miss Cochran and Mr. Flynn, Miss B. McDonald and Mr. Young.

In the House of Representatives on Wednesday, Mr. Deakin announced the names of the new Ministry as follows:—Prime Minister (without portfolio), Mr. Cook; Treasurer, Sir John Forrest; Attorney-General, Mr. Giblin; Postmaster-General, Sir John Giblin; Minister of Home Affairs, Mr. Fuller (N.S.W.); Minister of Executive Council, Mr. Milgram; Honorary Minister, Mr. Foxton.

Mr. Deakin asked for an adjournment to June 16. Mr. Fisher opposed the adjournment. He objected to the Government including seven lawyers, and said the Minister of the principles, and said Minister without a portfolio a salary payment. Mr. Hughes supported the adjournment, as did Sir William Lyne and Mr. Chamberlain. Mr. Deakin then moved and carried he should be branded on the back, and chest and other parts of the body as dishonour. The amendment was proposed by 25 to 22, and the House adjourned to June 22.

Beaufort Town Brass Band.

The half-yearly meeting of the Beaufort Town Brass Band was held at the Mechanics' Institute on Friday evening, 28th May; Mr. W. C. Jones (president) in the chair, and 16 members present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The secretary of the Band Association of Victoria wrote, asking for a revised list of members and dates on which the band's subscriptions were paid in 1907 and 1908.—To be attended to.

The following accounts were passed for payment:—A. M. Nicholson, 18/6; A. E. Collins, 15/2; W. C. Jones, 21/4; Treasurer, E. Collins reported. My 6th half-yearly report herewith. In numbers the band has slightly fallen away during the half-year, but progress generally has been good. I have been to express my regret at the prolonged illness of Excuse Secretary E. Buchanan, also P. Crowwell. The latter has re-joined the band, and I shall be pleased when the former does likewise. During the above period music has been presented, viz.:—McCracken's 2 marches, 4/6; T. Haxton, 2 marches, value 4/; as also Scotch music by the Thistle Club, 2/11. An exchange of a set of music has been made with the Waterloo band to our mutual benefit. Three church parades and eight concerts recitals have been held, in addition to Boxing Day sports and races, engagements, and Empire Day parade. Re trophy presented by a Melbourne tailor, after running competition for same, I was informed, in response to a letter to that effect, that as they had not authorized their traveller to offer such things could not comply, said traveller having been dismissed from their employ. However, the difficulty was overcome, and was enabled to send 50/- on Bb bass account as arranged. I should be pleased if something could be done to further reduce said account, which now stands with a Dr. balance of £8 Cr. 25. One very important matter requiring consideration is the purchase of a new bass drum. The old one, which has been in a very bad way for the last 12 months, has completely collapsed, the second head having burst on Monday last at Empire parade. The cost of bass drums vary very much, ranging from £24 up to £30; but I can procure a good toned, reliable drum for £26. Side drum and an Fb bass also need replenishing, but if we get the bass drum we will try and manage for the same. I would suggest that preliminary arrangements be made towards the annual concert, concert, &c. The purchase of music, I have noted committee's remarks with reference to reporting on requirements, which I am satisfied is quite right in most cases; but I think I am justified in asking for discretionary powers in respect to former past accounts. With reference to C grade contest to be held at South Street this year, so far it is the desire of bandmen to compete, and I should be pleased if you would sanction purchase of necessary music, which will cost 6s or 7s. Again referring to bass drum matter, some 18 months ago a bass drum was bought and paid for by a number of members, but some outside the band, and some 10 or 12 months ago the drum was made up, and I have no doubt that the same could be managed now. The drum to be procured by a deposit of £1, the balance at 10s per month.—Drum to be purchased for cash and 21 voted towards helping the bandmaster pay of the Bb bass, on motion of Mr. Sinclair, seconded by the president.

The balance-sheet showed the receipts to have amounted to £387/10/9 and the expenditure to £255/16/6, thus leaving a Cr. balance of £229/14/3. The assets (not including property) were estimated at £29/14/3, and the liabilities at £17/7/6, leaving a balance of £221/6/3.

Messrs. J. Kimlin and D. F. Troy reported that they had examined the books and accounts and found everything correct, the books being well and neatly kept, and reflecting the greatest credit on the secretary, Mr. A. M. Nicholson.—Received.

In moving the adoption of the balance-sheet, the president considered that great credit was due to the secretary, but for whose energy they would not have had this handsome balance. Seconded by Mr. T. Tyrrell, and carried: Messrs Eastwood, Sinclair, and H. J. Buchanan also speaking in congratulatory terms of the efficient work done by both the secretary and bandmaster, and of the highly satisfactory muster and excellent playing of the band in connection with the Empire Day services.

The president, prior to vacating the chair, referred to his pleasant term of office, congratulated the band upon the rapid strides made, thanked members for their assistance and courtesy, and moved a hearty vote of thanks to the secretary and bandmaster for the efficient manner in which they had discharged their duties. Mr. Eastwood, in eulogistic terms, seconded the motion, which was then carried by acclamation. The secretary returned thanks.

The election of office-bearers for the ensuing half-year resulted as follows:—President, Mr. L. Jaensch; vice-president, Mr. H. J. Buchanan; secretary and treasurer, Mr. A. M. Nicholson; committee, Messrs E. H. Welsh, W. C. Jones, and Jas. Eastwood (representing the public), R. O. Welsh and T. Tyrrell (representing the bandmen); assistant secretary, Mr. G. Cuthbertson; auditors, Messrs Troy and Kimlin. Messrs Jaensch, Buchanan, and Nicholson returned thanks; the president, who was a foundation member, remarking that he would like to see more church parades, which did good and were a benefit to the band, and also hoped to see the public (who had given £14/4) to the bandmen's £13/2) double their subscriptions. The secretary stated he had obtained three new ton subscribers and several promised donations.

The secretary was instructed to notify the bank manager of the change of officers; also to procure music for C grade contest at South Street; also to attend special meeting later on to arrange for concert and sports.

The usual bonus of £3/3 was, on the motion of Messrs Eastwood and Glover, voted to the secretary, who returned thanks.

Messrs Haxton (who promised to give the band a rubber stamp), Young and Stewart (each of whom donated 10/-) were accorded a vote of thanks.

A similar compliment was paid to the retiring president for the good work he had carried out his duties, and the hope was expressed by Mr. Sinclair that Mrs. Jones would soon be restored to health and be able to return to Beaufort from Echuca. Mr. Jones suitably responded, and stated it was his intention to give the band the music selected for the test piece at South Street.

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chair.

BURNS-JOHNSON PICTURES.

To-night the famous Burns-Johnson light pictures will be exhibited in the Societies' Hall, Beaufort, and it is expected that a large and an enormous audience will be present. These pictures are of a sensational character, having been the topic of conversation and created general excitement and unprecedented interest. Those who did not see the contest in Sydney will have the opportunity of seeing the contest in every detail. Each and every single movement, from hand shake to the final blow in the 14th round, when it was stopped by the referee, will be faithfully reproduced by the latest and most up-to-date biograph machine and the pictures will be shown in the most dramatic and interesting manner. The pictures will pass away never-to-be-forgotten two hours of pleasing and instructive amusement.

EVERY MOTHER'S DUTY.

So much prominence has been given to the danger lurking in a bottle of medicine containing opium or other narcotics, that it is the duty of every mother to know something about the medicine she is giving her child.

We want every mother to know that she can give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to her youngest child with as much confidence as to the oldest member of the family, for it contains no opium or other narcotics.

This is not merely an assertion of our own, but each bottle bears the Government analysis showing that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been officially declared free from all narcotics. Sold by J. R. WOTHERSPON & CO., Merchants, Beaufort.

The rainfall at Beaufort this week, as registered by Mr. J. McKelch, totalled 104 points.

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY! FROM SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1909. OUR ANNUAL DRESS GOODS SALE! An opportunity which we give every year, which enables these highly fashionable and exclusive goods to be bought at the height of the season, at very low prices. IT'S SALE TIME! BARGAIN PRICES ARE RULING! Here are bargains that will do store-crowding duty. You can't resist the temptations of bargains like these. Every item is the biggest we could muster for your attention. At former prices these goods were good values—at these prices they simply upset all past standards of value giving. Dress Sale. Black Cashmeres, 1/6, 1/11, 2/3, 2/6. Striped Black Cord D'Chines, 1/3. Plain Black Cord D'Chines, 1/6. Black Serges, 10/4d. Navy, Cream, and Cardinal Serges, 1/3, 1/6, 1/9. Striped Dress Tweeds, 8/4d. Navy, Grey, and Wine Amazonians, 1/3. Best All-wool Cheviot Serges, in Navy and Cream, 2/4. Heavy Dress Tweeds, 1/1/8. Chamois Cloths, all shades, 1/11. Best All-wool Amazon Cloths, 2/4. Compose Robes (exclusive designs, very new), 30/. Blousing Flannels, 5/11 the Blouse. Fancy Striped Tweeds, Amazons, Tartan Tweeds, Barathea, Fancy Blacks, all in Dress Lengths (not two alike), will be sold at Wonderfully Reduced Prices during this Dress Sale. Velvetens, all shades, 10/4d, 1/3, 1/6. All Dress Linings and Trimmings will be Reduced during this Sale. These Prices are for Two Weeks Only. DRESSMAKING.—Any of these Dresses will be made up at Reduced Prices during this Sale. J. R. WOTHERSPON & CO., The Store that Serves You Well, BEAUFORT AND BUANGOR.

MINING NEWS.

At the Beaufort Deep Leads mine, at Trawalla, on Thursday, the first machine was cleaned up for a return of 3500z. from 23 fathoms.

The following are the reported yields for the week ending Friday, June 4th, 1909:—Trawalla Leads, 450z. 7dwt. 10gr.; McCracken and party, 40z. 9dwt. 19gr.; Morris and party, 130z. 5dwt. 9gr.; sundries, 40z.

Trawalla Leads.—A yield of 660z. was obtained for the fortnight. It is intended to start boring the western lead on Monday to endeavour to locate the Unity run. The directors visited the mine on Wednesday and went below. They are very pleased with the whole property, having inspected the lower workings and also the old ground. They have confidence that they have located a wide field of wash, with room for two or three claims. It is intended at a later date to put a whim on the old shaft and work that, as it is considered that good gold has been left there.

"Brothers" Reward (McNish & party). Claims.—The party have obtained good prospects. Nice wash has been found to be coming in about four feet above the present workings, and the party are going up to work it, as they consider it is in the run they were really looking for. Their present workings are too deep, hence the reason for going into the shallow ground.

Dreadnought Co.—Finished sinking and opening set completed. A very singular thing to note is that the water in the very light, there being only 10 feet in the well after it has stood eight hours. Old miners always believed this ground to be frightfully wet, and laughed at the very idea of its being worked with a whim.

MISS MARKS, Ballarat, TEACHER of Ballroom and Fancy DANCING, intends Opening a CLASS for Adults and Juveniles in SOCIETIES' HALL, Beaufort, on WEDNESDAY, June 9, 1909. Juveniles, 4 p.m. to 6 p.m.; Adults, 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. New Leads (Two-Step) a Specialty. For Terms, apply Miss COCHRAN, News Agent, or 22 Barkly-street, Ballarat E.

BEAUFORT SOCIETIES' HALL GRAND CONCERT BY MISS GERTIE KEARNS, JACKSON'S STRING BAND, Messrs. J. R. and A. L. WOTHERSPON, and other Artists. WEDNESDAY, JULY 7th, 1909. AT 8 P.M. Tickets, 2/- and 1/- C. WALLING, J. STEWART, J. R. BUGHES, J. GORDON.

TRAWALLA AND WATERLOO TRAMWAY PROPRIETARY LIMITED.

Proprietary Limited hereby gives notice, in accordance with the Companies Act 1900, Part 1, that the Registered Office of the Company is situated at Neill Street, Beaufort, in the State of Victoria.

Dated this 27th day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

GEORGE TOPPER, JUNR., Director.

MARK LAZARUS, 42 Lydiard-street, Ballarat, Solicitor for the above Company.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership of WILLIAM HERMAN and EDWARD ALFRED WANKEY, in the Business of Bakers, Caterers and Pastry-cooks at Beaufort, under the Firm Name of "Herman & Wankey," was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on the thirty-first day of May, 1909, and that all accounts due by or to the said Firm of "Herman & Wankey" will be adjusted by SAMUEL YOUNG, Esq., Solicitor, Beaufort.

Dated this 3rd day of June, 1909.

W. HERMAN, E. A. WANKEY.

Witness—SAMUEL YOUNG, Solicitor, Beaufort.

BEAUFORT BAKERY.

WILLIAM HERMAN has pleasure in notifying the Public of Beaufort and District that he will continue the Business of Baker, Caterer, and Pastrycook at Law-rence-street, Beaufort, and trusts that the same liberal support will be given to him as to the old firm.

W. HERMAN.

SOCIETIES' HALL, BEAUFORT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 5th, 1909.

G. D. RADCLIFFE'S GREAT BIOGRAPH PICTURES!

—ONLY AUTHORISED FILMS— OF THE

Burns-Johnson Fight!

The Men Training, &c., and various other Pictures.

A Night's Excitement and Amusement!

Popular Prices. Commence at 8.15 p.m. The Eight Pictures start at 9.15 p.m., to give the Shop People a chance to see them.

ALF. J. BULLEN, Touring Manager.

DO you want a Good Evening's Enjoyment?

Then Patronise the ANNIVERSARY SOCIAL

Of the Beaufort Lodge, U.A.O.D., which takes place in the SOCIETIES' HALL on TUESDAY Night. First-class Music. Efficient M.C. Specially Prepared Floor. SUPPER Provided.

DOUBLE TICKETS, 3/-; Obtainable from J. E. Lorr and A. SAPH, Secretaries, or Members of the Order. Extra Lady, 1/-.

LAND SALE AT BEAUFORT!

ON JUNE 12th, 1909.

MR. WILLIAM PETER SCHLICHT, M.E. of Beaufort, offers for Sale by PUBLIC TENDER Choice FARMING LAND, well watered, situated within easy distance of main railway line—

Lot L.—All that piece of land containing 197 acres 2 roods 7 perches, being Crown Allotments 1A and 1B, Parish of Exambreen.—Situated thereon are two Weatherboard Dwellings of 4 and 3 rooms respectively, 5-stalled Stable, Dairy, Out-buildings, two Corrugated Iron Tanks. The Land is subdivided into 5 Paddock; with Post and Wire Fencing, sheep and cattle proof. There are 3 Dams on the Land, and 100 acres are ready for cultivation. Situate 4 miles from Beaufort on Stockyard Hill road. Freehold Land. Title Perfect.

Lot 2.—All those pieces of Land, containing 60 acres and 38 perches, or thereabouts, being Allotments 8 and 9 of Section C, Parish of Langi-Kal-Kal. Enclosed in one block by 6-wire Fence. There are 2 Dams on Land. 45 acres ready for cultivation. 40 acres Freehold, balance under 6th Section Land Act 1890. Situate on Waterloo road.

POSSESSION on acceptance of Tender. Highest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

TERMS.—One-third Cash, balance extending over 5 years at 5 per cent.; or whole sum in Cash will be accepted.

Deposit of 10 per cent. of purchase money to accompany Tender, and if same accepted, will form part of first instalment.

ALL TENDERS to be addressed to SAMUEL YOUNG, Esq., SOLICITOR, BEAUFORT (at whose Office Titles may be inspected), on or before 1 p.m., SATURDAY, JUNE 12th.

NOTICE.

ANY Person found TRIPPING on MONDAY, NOT or WONGAN Estates with Dog Gun, without Permission, during the Lambing Season, will be PROSECUTED.

8/40. DONALD STEWART.

BEAUFORT PHARMACY. IN thanking the Public of Beaufort and district for the splendid measure of support accorded me during my residence in the town, I beg to announce that Mr. JOHN FARR DENTRY (late of Geelong) has now acquired the whole of my interest in Beaufort. As Mr. Dentry is a first-class Chemist of high standing, I have every confidence in asking for him a continuance of your generous support hitherto enjoyed by me. All Accounts with the business will be adjusted by Mr. Dentry on my behalf. Yours faithfully, THOMAS BECKINGSALE. In connection with the above, I have pleasure in stating that all old Customers (and I trust many new ones) will find me at the Corner of Neill & Lawrence Sts., Beaufort, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 9 p.m., when it will be my constant endeavour to justify any confidence reposed in me. My Motto is— "To Stock only the Best; to give Courtesy, and to merit Confidence." Faithfully yours, J. FARR DENTRY.

Economical PAINTS. "Sherwin Williams" American Ready-Mixed Paints (S.W.P.) are economical paints. Don't forget that it is not the price of paint but its durability that determines whether it is cheap or not. The cost of putting on paint (the largest item in paint expense) is the same whether the paint lasts two years or ten. "SHERWIN WILLIAMS" READY-MIXED PAINTS outlast any other brand you can put on—will outlast some paints several times over. By that much they are more economical than others. They also have greater covering capacity, and for this reason are really cheaper in first cost than paints that will not last as long as they do. We are exclusive agents for Beaufort for "SHERWIN WILLIAMS" PAINTS (S.W.P.) We have them in over forty different colours. Quart Tins, 3/3; Half-gallons, 6/-; Gallons, 11 6. HAWKES BROS., "Headquarters for Everything in the Paint Line." BEAUFORT. ANY Person found TRIPPING on MONDAY, NOT or WONGAN Estates with Dog Gun, without Permission, during the Lambing Season, will be PROSECUTED. 8/40. DONALD STEWART.

The Riponshire Advocate.

No. 1648.

Registered at General Post Office, Melbourne for transmission by post as a newspaper.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1909.

PRICE THREEPENCE

COAGULINE, KILIN, TEMASITINE, Croup, those tation, insump- in this implete

POST AND TELEGRAPH RATES. For the information of our Readers we Herewith Publish the New Rates.

RATES FOR PLACES IN VICTORIA s. d.

Letters—Half ounce or under . . . 0 1 For every ounce . . . 0 2

Urgent Letters—For each letter in addition to ordinary postage . . . 0 6

Late fee—Commercial and printed papers, maximum weight 2lb., dimensions not to exceed 24 in. length, 11 in. depth or width, for every 2oz. or fraction thereof . . . 0 1

Packets and samples, packages of merchandise, etc., maximum weight 11b., dimension not to exceed 24 in. length, 11 in. depth or width, for every 2oz. or fraction thereof . . . 0 1

Books—For every 4oz. or under, up to 5lb. 0 1

Newspapers—For each newspaper 0 0 1/2

Newspapers, magazines and publications not published in the Commonwealth, 2oz. 0 0 1/2

Post Cards—each 0 1

Reply Post Cards—each 0 2 1/2

Carriage for 2 for 0 3

Carriage for 4 or under 0 6

Carriage extra lb. or under 0 3

PACKETS, Etc. Preparation for Post. Packets may be sent through the post without a cover (but not fastened with anything adhesive, such as wax, postage stamps, sealing-wax, etc.) in a cover or wrapper at one end or side of the cover be slit, the opening must be of the full extent of the end or side, and the contents must be easily withdrawable. The cover may bear the sender's name and address, and the words "packet," "parcel," "return," etc., as the case may be. Packets may be directed to any of the offices of the district, but officers of the district may not receive the packets. The contents must be the packets, which cannot be sent as parcels unless enclosed in bags or boxes, and must be easily opened and resealed. If addressed to a place in the United Kingdom only, the packets may be sent in closed, transparent envelopes.

Notes of the above conditions be printed on the packets, and the packets must be sealed accordingly.

TO ALL THE AUSTRALIAN STATES s. d.

Letters—For every 4oz. or under . . . 0 2

Post Cards—Stamped on cards 0 1

Post Cards to New South Wales, South Australia, Tasmania, Queensland, West Australia, New Zealand and Fiji . . . 0 2

Post Cards, Reply Post Cards, Telegrams, Duplicates, Newspapers, and other papers for same as for letters within Victoria 0 3

Books—For every parcel of 4oz. or under 0 1

Each additional lb. or under 0 3

Up to 11lb. 0 6

ATES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES. s. d.

Letters to United Kingdom—For every 4oz. or under 0 2

Letters to Foreign Countries—For every 4oz. or under 0 2 1/2

Post Cards—each 0 1

Post Cards to New South Wales, South Australia, Tasmania, Queensland, West Australia, New Zealand and Fiji . . . 0 2

Post Cards, Reply Post Cards, Telegrams, Duplicates, Newspapers, and other papers for same as for letters within Victoria 0 3

Books—For every parcel of 4oz. or under 0 1

Each additional lb. or under 0 3

Up to 11lb. 0 6

ATES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES. s. d.

Letters to United Kingdom—For every 4oz. or under 0 2

Letters to Foreign Countries—For every 4oz. or under 0 2 1/2

Post Cards—each 0 1

Post Cards to New South Wales, South Australia, Tasmania, Queensland, West Australia, New Zealand and Fiji . . . 0 2

Post Cards, Reply Post Cards, Telegrams, Duplicates, Newspapers, and other papers for same as for letters within Victoria 0 3

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Letters to United Kingdom—For every 4oz. or under 0 2

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Post Cards, Reply Post Cards, Telegrams, Duplicates, Newspapers, and other papers for same as for letters within Victoria 0 3

Books—For every parcel of 4oz. or under 0 1

ORDINARY TELEGRAMS Town and suburban, within prescribed limits, or within fifteen miles from the sending station, including address and signature (not exceeding sixteen words), 6d. Each additional word, 1d.

Other places within the State, except town and suburban, including address and signature (not exceeding sixteen words), 9d. Each additional word, 1d.

Inter-State, i.e. from any one State to any other State, including address and signature (not exceeding sixteen words), 1s. Each additional word, 1d.

On telegrams to and from Tasmania the charges to be those mentioned above, with cable charge added, which at the present time is 1/4d. per word.

Double the foregoing rates to be charged for the transmission of telegrams on Sunday, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and for "Urgent" telegrams.

The foregoing rates are exclusive of postage charges.

Make your District Known.

Concerning some parts of the district news comes but seldom. This is not entirely our fault; we have no miraculous power of knowing what is happening at all the places within our area of circulation. It is the fault of residents in the silent places.

Will some man or woman take the matter in hand and cause the silence to cease.

If no one else is doing it for your district, will you try on these lines?

Send accounts of public and social events in your township and neighbourhood, such as weddings, deaths, accidents, concerts, matters touching district industries, etc.

Write the names of persons very distinctly.

Don't bother about grammar or spelling; it's the editor's work to look after those trifles. The barest skeleton is enough.

Write only on one side of the paper. Give information; but let criticism alone.

Write your name and address on some corner—not for publication, but to prove good faith.

Too Well Known to Need an "Ad."

This idea that you have lived so long in town that everybody knows you and you don't need to advertise is a mistake. This very indifference to advertising, indifference to doing business as it is done in this day and age, is what has enabled the catalogue or mail order houses to grow from mere nothing to great concerns. The merchant who can convince the people of his section, and keep them convinced that his store is the best place to buy this and that article, will not lose trade to the mail order house. Of course, he cannot afford to get out a catalogue as thick as a Bible, but he can keep an advertisement in his local paper, and see that it is changed every week, thus keeping new bargains continually before the public. He should also have a mailing list, and send out a circular letter at least once a month. Don't look upon your country newspaper as an object of charity. There is not a single country newspaper in the State, with a general local circulation, which is not able to give full value for money received. The country papers can help you solve this question if you give them a chance.—Ed. K. Slater, in "Merchants' Record and Show Window."

Talk to the local editor, and between you try to raise the general tone of advertising, and make people think well of their own town and their own shop.

"KEATING'S POWDER" destroys Bugs, Fleas, Moths, Beetles, and all other insects, whilst quite harmless to domestic animals. It exterminates the success of this powder is extraordinary. It is perfectly clean in application. The article you purchase is "KEATING'S," i.e., with the signature THOMAS KEATING, on each tin, as imitations are so common and injurious. Sold in Tins, 3d. and 1s. each, by all chemists.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brook's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country. People troubled with "hoarse cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as similar troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic Affections. See that the signature of JOHN L. BROWN & SONS is on every wrapper. Prepared by JOHN L. BROWN & SONS, Boston, U.S.A. European Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

A Warranted Cure for all Acquired or Constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Eczema, and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Every party interested. Sold by all Chemists and Dispensaries throughout the world.

CLARKE'S B. 41 PILLS.

J. B. COCHRAN, NEWS AGENT, BOOK SELLER, and STATIONER, begs to announce that he is Sole Agent for the Argus, Age, Herald, Star, Courier, Melbourne Punch, Sydney Bulletin, Riponshire Advocate, London Weekly Times, Australasian, Australian Journal, Sportman, and all other Periodicals. All School Requisites kept in stock. Advertisements received for all the above-named papers. While thanking his numerous customers for past favors, he trusts, by strict attention to the delivery of all papers, to merit a fair share of their support. Advertisements received for all Melbourne and Beaufort papers. By sending through local agent advertisers save postage. Note the address—Next door to Wotterston and Co.

Are you broken in body by a skin disease? Do you suffer from itching, redness, and soreness? Do you have aching joints, and a general feeling of weakness? Do you have a dry, cracked, and scaly skin? Do you have a general feeling of uneasiness, and a loss of appetite? Do you have a general feeling of depression, and a loss of energy? Do you have a general feeling of irritability, and a loss of patience? Do you have a general feeling of nervousness, and a loss of sleep? Do you have a general feeling of anxiety, and a loss of peace of mind? Do you have a general feeling of despair, and a loss of hope? Do you have a general feeling of hopelessness, and a loss of faith? Do you have a general feeling of helplessness, and a loss of strength? Do you have a general feeling of weakness, and a loss of power? Do you have a general feeling of poverty, and a loss of wealth? Do you have a general feeling of misery, and a loss of happiness? Do you have a general feeling of sorrow, and a loss of joy? Do you have a general feeling of grief, and a loss of love? Do you have a general feeling of pain, and a loss of pleasure? Do you have a general feeling of suffering, and a loss of comfort? Do you have a general feeling of distress, and a loss of ease? Do you have a general feeling of trouble, and a loss of rest? Do you have a general feeling of worry, and a loss of calmness? Do you have a general feeling of confusion, and a loss of clarity? Do you have a general feeling of uncertainty, and a loss of confidence? Do you have a general feeling of doubt, and a loss of conviction? Do you have a general feeling of fear, and a loss of courage? Do you have a general feeling of shame, and a loss of honor? Do you have a general feeling of disgrace, and a loss of respect? Do you have a general feeling of contempt, and a loss of esteem? Do you have a general feeling of hatred, and a loss of friendship? Do you have a general feeling of enmity, and a loss of goodwill? Do you have a general feeling of malice, and a loss of kindness? Do you have a general feeling of spite, and a loss of generosity? Do you have a general feeling of envy, and a loss of contentment? Do you have a general feeling of jealousy, and a loss of peace of mind? Do you have a general feeling of rivalry, and a loss of harmony? Do you have a general feeling of competition, and a loss of cooperation? Do you have a general feeling of antagonism, and a loss of understanding? Do you have a general feeling of hostility, and a loss of goodwill? Do you have a general feeling of opposition, and a loss of agreement? Do you have a general feeling of conflict, and a loss of peace? Do you have a general feeling of war, and a loss of love? Do you have a general feeling of strife, and a loss of unity? Do you have a general feeling of discord, and a loss of harmony? Do you have a general feeling of dissension, and a loss of concord? Do you have a general feeling of quarrel, and a loss of peace? 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LIFE.

A little work—a little play— To keep us going— Good-day— A little warmth, a little light Of love's bestowing—and so— Good-night. A little fun to match the sorrow Of each day's growing—and so— Good-morrow. A little trust that when we die We reap our sowing— And so— Good-bye!

THE TINY WANDERER.

Where did you find it? asked Sergeant Foyle, as he stood in front of the blazing fire in the mezzanine of Snicker-street police-station, awaiting the arrival of the matron, the latter of the two men holding a great, fluffy white bundle in his arms.

"I didn't. It found me. I suppose it's mummy was a-shoppin', and it must have walked out some shop. It trotted up to me in the street, and took hold of my hand. I waited about with it a long time, hopin' it's mummy would come for it, and then I brought it here."

"Hanc me if it ain't the prettiest youngster I ever clapped eyes on!" said the sergeant, taking the child in his arms, and holding it up to its arms' length and gazing into its eyes. "Seems to be well looked-out, too. Ain't no ordinary, every-day kid, judgin' by its clothes."

The object of their conversation now wrinkled up its face, and the tiny lips began to quiver. "Da-da, da-da-da, da-da-da-da-da." "The little arms, closed around the neck, fat neck, and the little feet, which it held up to the shoulder of the man in blue."

"The child passed from one officer to another until each one had had the honour of seeing the chubby fingers dabble and play with the bright buttons. Old Markham was the last one to give his care. Its babyship was given to him. He put it up and down the room, while the "zoo-zoo-zoo" continued, as if the babe were anxious to have its entire audience completely aware that while the tongue was not educated, the small feet were accomplished."

"I'll bet my hat," ventured the sergeant—"I'll bet my hat that it will be a mighty scared woman that comes for this kid."

"I'd give a month's salary," said Markham, who was as Irish as they make them, "be jabbers, if Oi had its loike."

Then brushing his grey head against the pink check, he took up the bundle of white stuff and carried it to the window, where the sapphire eyes looked out and blinked merrily at the passers-by. The sergeant sniffed and turned away. He had suddenly remembered that, many years ago, Markham had lost his three children in a frightful fire accident.

MORE THAN SKIN DEEP.

But if the muscles of the arm are well developed, it is so far covered up as not to make itself conspicuous. This concealment is further helped by a layer of fatty tissues beneath the skin, which lends plumpness and which incidentally may furnish at a point where two muscles join—"Popular Science Sitings."

THE DRAGON.

The dragon appears to be nothing more nor less in its origin than one of the great snakes (pythons) often 25ft. in length, which inhabit tropical India and Africa. Its dangerous character and terrible appearance and movement impressed primitive man, and traditions of it have passed on with migrating races both to the East and to the West, so that we find the mythical dragon in ancient China (1200 B.C.) and in Japan, no less than in Egypt and in Greece. It retains its snake-like body and tail, especially in the Chinese and Japanese representations; but, in both East and West, owing to it, for both being great eaters of man, it has become associated with more terrible and expressing some of its direful qualities.

ENGLAND'S FIRST REGATTA.

The word "regatta"—now incorporated in our language—is purely Italian. It was first used in the sixteenth century, and was brought to England in 1775, when a Venetian ambassador, at the request of the British Government, exhibited that name in an exhibition in the Thames off Ranelagh Gardens.

THE SCHOOL-DAYS OF DARWIN.

Darwin, who was born on February 12, 1809—just 100 years ago—receives a sympathetic memoir in the "Lady's Realm," at the hands of Mrs. Spencer Thomas. The author of "The Origin of Species," we are reminded, had a love of nature after a youthful fashion, and that date the racing was confined to the professional watermen, and rowing was regarded more as an arduous task than an athletic exercise.

A SLEEP OF THIRTY-TWO YEARS.

A remarkable case of a woman who has slept thirty-two years is reported from Olbrus, Montenegro, near Stockholm. Karoline Karlsdatter was a school-girl of thirteen when she suddenly fell asleep over her books in the schoolroom. After fruitless efforts on the teacher's part to rouse her, the girl was carried home, and, according to "Der Tag," she slept, according to her mother, until the other day, when she awoke to find that her childhood and girlhood were long past, and that she is now forty-five years of age.

THE EARLY CHRISTIANS.

is shown by the words in Revelations xxi. 1, 2, "the dragon, that old serpent, which is the Devil and Satan, he whose tail he caught under his feet retained the dragon's tail with its curious triangular termination. To the Greeks and Romans snakes were not such very terrible creatures, since the kinds found in South Europe are small and harmless—only the viper being poisonous—and regarded the serpent as a beneficent creature, the familiar of Esculapius, the god of medicine, companion of the household gods (the Lares), and the guardian of sacred places, tombs, and concealed treasure. The snake was the special earth-god, subterranean in habit, cunning, subtle, and gifted with powers of divination.

RIVER OF LAVA.

A very remarkable lava flow has taken place from the volcano in the island of Savaili, one of the Samoan group. The outbreak carried down a rushing, fiery stream, varying from six inches to as many feet deep, at the rate of two or three thousand tons a minute, while it stretched, at its worst, into an almost unbroken sheet eight miles in width. Upon reaching the coast the lava river flowed over the cliffs, and, sending up a huge and long-lasting cloud of steam. Many native houses were destroyed.

HELD UP BY BRIGANDS.

Perhaps the most thrilling entertainment on record was one witnessed in the Romagna, which was as unexpected as it was unauthorized. It was the last day of the carnival, and the theatre of Formilipoli, packed with a crowd of spectators awaiting the rise of the curtain. After a long delay the curtain went up, only to disclose a stage occupied by one hundred brigands facing the audience with pointed rifles. The leader of the strange cast, Il Passatore, one of the most ruthless robbers of any age, bowed profoundly to the horror-stricken audience and explained that the first surrounded by the brigands, and that he had been obliged to escape through a hole in the wall. He then explained that he and his merry men would proceed to collect any money and valuables they had with them.

WELCOME AND VALUED GUESTS.

In Egypt we find representations of small winged snakes without legs, and the ancient "globe-trotter," Herodotus, believed that they represented real creatures, as did the Roman naturalist, Pliny, who was very probably the belief in winged snakes is due to the similarity of the snake and the eel in general form, since the paired fins of the eel close to the head shown in the Egyptian drawings of winged serpents.—Sir E. Ray Lankester, in the "Telegraph."

ON A OLD MORNING.

On a cold morning in early spring, a little old man stood at the corner of a London street selling newspapers. He was thin, clad, and kept trotting up and down, and kept warm. But his voice was hoarse from cold, that passers-by could hardly hear him. Some boys jeered and laughed at him. But one, about 13 years old, after looking at him for a few moments, walked up to him and said, "I will shout for you."

TRY THIS.

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A CURIOUS CHINESE INDUSTRY.

A curious Chinese industry is wax farming, or the cultivation of a wax-producing insect, the Euciterus pelin.

THE LATEST VIEW OF BEAUTY.

"Beauty is but skin deep," says the proverb. "Vivensens" now answers science. "Like most old sayings that is based on a misunderstanding and is utterly wrong. Beauty begins with the skull and the other bones of the skeleton. If these are "pretty" or "handsome" or "beautiful," use whatever terms you are sure to be a pretty woman or a handsome man, unless disease or accident has marred your exterior. But if your skeleton is un-beautiful you have no chance of good looks. If the skeleton is wrong, then the coat of muscles which cover it as a suit of clothes does the organs fit exactly in their do the figures fit exactly in the various muscles and pockets which nature has planned for them. If the nature has planned for them, the muscles and organs are misfits the unfortunate owner sticks out in places where he or she ought not to, and there are hollows and long gaunt flat places where curves and swells should be.

THE GOLDEN APPLES OF THE HESPERIDES.

As nothing more than a gigantic snake (without legs or wings), coiled round the trunk of the tree on which the apples are growing (like the apple-tree in the Garden of Eden), whilst the lady-like Hesperides are politely welcoming the robust Hercules to their garden. The worship and propitiation of the serpent is an immensely old form of religion (antedeed of Judaism), and exists, or has existed, in both the old world and the new. The Egyptians revered a great serpent-god called "Haher," or "great Lord of fear and terror," to him the wicked were handed over after death to be bitten and tortured. The evil Spirit in the Scandinavian mythology was a huge snake—and the connection, not to say confusion, of the terrible snake with the dragon on the part of the early Christians.

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WORLD-WIDE NOTES.

A LIGHTNING CALCULATION. One Professor Truman Henry Sadford is said to be a most remarkable lightning calculator. A gentleman who had heard of his powers and wished to test them said to him, "I have a problem for you, Professor Sadford. It was born on August 15th, 1852, at three o'clock in the afternoon; this is June 20th, 1883, and it is just three o'clock. Now can you tell me my age in seconds?" The professor began to walk rapidly up and down, twisting his moustache and clasping and unclasping his hands. After a moment or so he returned, the answer, which was somewhere in the billions. The gentleman produced a paper containing the problem worked out. "Well, Professor," you're several thousands out." The Professor held out his hand for the paper and, running over the calculation, said contemptuously, "Bah—you've left out the leap years!"

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GENERAL INFORMATION.

Half the zinc of the world comes from Prussia.

There are over sixty known varieties of bananas.

Sixty inches is the annual average rainfall all over the world.

A cubic foot of solid gold weighs 1,210lb.; of silver, only 655lb.

Every cat in Berlin must wear a metal plate containing its jecence-number.

Nine-tenths of Germany's population can be fed by products of her own soil.

On an average 6,000 letters are posted without addresses in England every year.

Tuberculosis germs can sustain the greatest cold, and succumb only at 25deg. below zero.

Before it is completed, a champagne-bottle passes through the hands of forty-five workmen.

Of all the birds, the "frigate bird" can travel the fastest. It flies at the rate of 300 miles an hour.

Nearly 80,000,000 gallons of water are used annually to cleanse the streets of the City of London.

It was so cold in Denmark in 1403 that the wolves could not stay there and crossed to Jutland on the ice.

Plants with white blossoms have a larger proportion of fragrant matter than any other; next come red, yellow, and blue.

Roumania is the most illiterate country in Europe. Out of a population of 6,000,000, nearly 4,000,000 neither read nor write.

In East India the natives find amusement in pitting fighting-fish against each other in the water, as Cubans and others fight gamecocks.

Conditions of the Arctic atmosphere are so favourable for the transmission of sound that it is possible for two persons a mile apart to carry on a conversation.

Statistics of life insurance companies show that in the last 25 years the average length of a man's life has increased two whole years—from 41.9 to 43.9 years.

The Emperor of China, King Menelik of Abyssinia, the Amer of Afghanistan, the Sultans of Morocco and Zanzibar, and the Khedive of Egypt all maintain astrologers.

If you fall into the sea you are billycocked but as a lifebuoy. It is not generally known that a common felt hat can be made use of in this way. By placing the hat upon the water, rim down, with the arm round it pressing it slightly to the breast, it will bear a man up for hours.

It is a peculiar fact that with most men the growth of hair is greater on one side of the face than the other. It is said that hair always grows more quickly on that side on which we are stronger.

Greek and Roman doors invariably open outwards. A person passing out of a house is, therefore, obliged to knock on the door before opening it, to avoid a collision with a passer-by.

Expert dyers can secure more than sixty shades of red from the root of the Persian madder plant; indigo furnishes nearly fifty varieties of blue; while the shell of the pomgranate yields nearly forty shades of yellow.

A Grimby woman, aged seventy-five, who, when a girl, injured her spine by falling from a swing, has not left her bed for sixty-five years.

Renting wedding outfits is a common practice in France. It frequently happens that the clothes worn by all the participants at a wedding are hired for the occasion.

Statistics of Atlantic passenger traffic collected in New York show a decrease of 940,000 passengers last year, and a fall in revenue calculated at about £6,000,000.

The advantages of powdered milk have suggested to a German chemist that eggs, in a similar state, might also prove very convenient and useful. The process of making egg powder seems, however, to have been developed very largely in Australia. In a dark-room the eggs are carried on a perforated rolling table over a bright light, when the dirty and defective ones can be picked out and the sound ones pass to a centrifugal separator, where the shells are broken and the liquid is led to a tank. A chamber below the tank—heated to about 125deg. F.—has a series of large cylinders revolving once in one to three minutes. The egg liquid flows from the tank into troughs below the cylinders, and as each cylinder revolves it takes up this layer of the liquid, which quickly dries, so that another layer is added at the next revolution. After reaching suitable thickness, the coating is removed and ground. Only the water of the original egg is lost, and it is claimed that the powder will keep for years.

Out of a population in Great Britain 43,000,000, of whom about 30,000,000 may be counted as adults, a round 1,000,000 persons pay £31,000,000 yearly as income tax, of whom three-fourths, or 750,000, pay £2,000,000, and the remaining fourth pay the balance of £22,000,000, or two-thirds of the tax. The aggregate income of these million income-tax payers is estimated at £330,000,000, about half the total national income, which is put at £1,700,000,000. The other half of the national income is earned by those who pay no direct taxes, but indirect taxes on commodities, and who may be said to number 29,000,000 or 30,000,000 adults. A point, however, too often forgotten is that the million persons who pay direct taxes also pay indirect taxes on commodities, consumed not only by themselves but by the four or five other persons who may be dependent on or employed by them.—"Saturday Review," 1670.

REPORTS.

The engineer (Mr. E. J. Muntz, B.C.E.) reports as follows: "I have inspected road leading to Mr. The... It is a bad... I have made good... for a few temporary repairs, which

PETTICOAT PHILOSOPHY.

A sick man... assumes that he is an object of interest to the alibi...

A man's power depends on the strength of his conviction... not on the number of his followers...

THE ORIGIN OF NURSERY RHYMES.

A little while ago some clever man tried to bring all the well-known nursery rhymes up to date...

For instance, the well-known lines: "Mother, may I go out to swim?"

MIXED PROVERBS.

Here are six well-known proverbs. They are set down in order of the letters of the words have got mixed.

WHY HIS MARRIAGE WAS A FAILURE.

He regarded children as a nuisance. He did all his courting before marriage.

THAT'S ANOTHER MATTER.

"But I don't love you," objected the young woman. "Then why did you marry me?"

Small Boy (in a sweet tone): Pa, do you know I looked into a parrot's jaw...

Magistrate: How comes it that you dared to break into the gentleman's prison?

Prisoner: Why, your worship, the other fellow you reproached me for stealing in broad daylight. Ain't I to be allowed to work at all?

RHEUMATISM FOLLOWS INFLUENZA.

Influenza has been unusually prevalent during the last few weeks...

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

"For some time I had been gradually declining in health... I felt better and improved daily...

"For a number of years I was in very poor health, suffering from a complication of ailments, including kidney trouble, chronic indigestion, and kidney trouble...

AGRICULTURAL CLASSES AT MIDDLE CREEK.

"MANURES AND MANURING."

At the Middle Creek Public Hall, on Wednesday afternoon, 2nd inst., Mr Temple A. Smith gave an interesting lecture on the above subject.

BEAUFORT POLICE COURT.

TUESDAY, 8TH JUNE, 1909. (Before Messrs F. Beggs, J. R. Wothrop, E. W. Hughes, and Rear-Admiral W. B. Bridges, J.P.)

FURIOUS MOTORING.

Harold Treloar was summoned for furiously driving a motor-car through the public streets of Beaufort on 30th inst.

TRAVELLING ON AN OLD TICKET.

George Wootton, an engine-driver of Waterloo, was charged with travelling in a railway carriage after Ballarat had been closed on 5th April without having a free pass or taking a ticket.

more easily in the soil, as it was more soluble. A mixture of fine and coarse was best, as the latter would remain till the rainy season.

added to get the best results. In cleaning out stables, &c., the manure should be carted to a cement pit, or if taken to a solid piece of ground and a pit, so that the liquid thus drained should be returned to the manure.

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The Famous Remedy for Coughs, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy, Asthma & Consumption

Those who have taken this medicine are amazed at its splendid healing power. Sufferers from Bronchitis, Cough, Croup, Asthma, Difficulty of Breathing, Hoarseness, Pain or Soreness in the Chest, experience delightful and rapid relief...

Small Size, 2/6; Large Size, 4/6. Sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors, and by the Proprietor, W. G. HEARNE, Chemist, Geelong, Victoria.

SOLE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY J. W. HARRIS, CHEMIST, BEAUFORT.

Defendant said he did not remember making such a remark about not thinking they would be further...

Joseph White, stationmaster at Trawalla, sworn, stated that on 5th April he was on duty on the arrival of the 7.40 a.m. train from Melbourne...

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COAGULINE, KLINX, TENASIT. Cements for broken and other articles.

POST AND TELEGRAPH RATES. For the Information of our Readers Herewith Publish the New Rates for PLACES IN VICTORIA.

Letters—Half ounce or under... For every ounce or letter in addition to ordinary postage...

Packets, Etc. Preparation for Post. Packets may be sent through post without a cover...

Letters—For every 1/2oz or under... For every 1/2oz or under... For every 1/2oz or under...

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GENERAL DEBILITY NERVOUSNESS. A COMPLETE CURE.

An event that will give general satisfaction to all in need of little sound advice is here recorded for our readers benefit.

Headache, Indigestion, Constipation and Biliousness.

The immense number of orders for Frodoles, sent by post direct to the Proprietor, is convincing proof that the Public appreciate their splendid curing power over the above-named complaints.

INGHAM'S INFLUENZA CURE.

INGHAM'S INFLUENZA CURE is prepared especially for the treatment of influenza and feverish colds so common here.

STATUTORY DECLARATION.

I, JOSEPH GAYLER, of 44 Duff-street, Coleridge, and sincerely declare that I have read and signed the aforesaid document, and that it contains a true and faithful account of my illness and cure by INGHAM'S TONIC.

LLOYD BROS. "HERCULES" CYCLE AGENTS AND REPAIRERS.

More commodious Premises in NEILL-STREET (Next Door to Mrs. John Davy).

Printed and published by the Proprietor ARTHUR PARKER, at the office of The Riponshire Advocate newspaper, Lawrence Street, Beaufort, Victoria.

NOTHING NEW.

Where'er a merry quip is sped, In hope that it may score A smile, you're sure to hear it said, "I've heard all that before."

BUILDING A DREADNOUGHT.

THE WONDERFUL STORY OF THE CREATION OF A MODERN BATTLE SHIP. Lone before a Dreadnought is actually laid down at least one hundred great firms in all parts of the country have been spurred into unusual activity.

LAYING THE KEEL.

If you could get a glimpse into one of the great model lots of a Royal dockyard you would see the floor of the building marked out with full-sized sections of the new ship for the builders to work on.

A BAS BEDS?

If you want to sleep well and wisely, do not go to bed. This is the latest dictum. The "dowry couch" has been condemned. It is, we are told, the very cradle of insomnia, an unhygienic invention, and as Mark Twain has already reminded us, it is the unsafe place in the world, since more people die there than anywhere else.

BORN AMID THUNDER.

They are put on in strakes (i.e., tiers) by one set of men, while others are busy fitting the engines and boilers.

THE PROFESSOR AND HIS MOTOR.

HE ESCAPED UNTOUCHED. Among the articles in the April number of the "New Magazine" is an account of how one Professor Meigs, who is quite innocent of motors, goes alone for a journey on one, and becomes hopelessly "mixed" in his use of taps and levers.

A WINTER BATH IN FINLAND.

In the course of an article on "Life in Northernmost Finland" which contributes to the current number of "Travel and Exploration," Mr. Knud Rasmussen, the Danish explorer, describes the way in which the Finnish peasants take a bath in winter.

PAT'S STORY.

"IT WAS AT DELHI WE HAD THE RAAL HARD FIGHTIN'." "Well," with a shake of his shoulders, "I soldiered in Ireland, and I soldiered in Colchester, where a nice, tight, clean-skinned girl was terribly fond of me. Then we went out to the Indies, and got up to our necks in fighting. I was at Meerruz; we fought at the bridge and the turnpike, and oh! but the weather was cruel hot! What with the powder and the dust, and the shootin' and skirmishin', I was near beat!

THE BRONTOSAURUS.

IT MUST HAVE WEIGHED TWENTY-FIVE TONS. A party of fossil-seekers were travelling through what was known as the Bad Lands, in Wyoming, when they chanced upon a little hut, once the home of a shepherd, but long since abandoned.

SIR HIRAM MAXIM ON AEROPLANES.

Writing in "Travel and Exploration" on "The Evolution of the Modern Aeroplane," Sir Hiram Maxim points out that, so long ago as 1840, inventors were engaged in trying to solve the problem of producing an aeroplane flying machine.

THE BEAUTY CUP.

WEAK TEA INVITES SLEEP AND IMPROVES THE COMPLEXION. I advise those who consult me upon the tired complexion to indulge in what is called the English beauty cup. Mr. Gladstone took it each night of his life, so long as he had health, and it is the cup which keeps many an English beauty going.

THE RENAISSANCE.

ITS MEN AND WOMEN. In the middle of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries great things were happening in Europe. In these centuries each country was undergoing some change or revolution which was to transform its history for years.

OPERA SINGERS OF NEW YORK.

There is a lot of grumbling in New York about the amount of money wasted in the payment of foreign singers. The rule is usually to make a contract for forty performances, two a week for twenty weeks.

AN ARAB ROBBER.

The Arab robber hunts alone, and follows a method peculiarly his own, as Mr. Fraser—as he tells us in his newly-published "Short Cut to India"—learned to his cost.

A STORY OF SADOWA.

The Archduke Joseph, a distant relative of the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, belonged to a branch of the Hapsburgs which had been settled in Hungary for more than a century. He was the great protector of the local gipsies; hence his name, "The Gipsy Archduke," and had popularised the Tzigane music by arranging many of his tunes in scores for orchestras.

KINGLAKE.

A PAIR OF ANECDOTES. Mr. Sted's newly-published life of Madame Novikoff contains some stories of Kinglake. When Kinglake was writing his history of the Crimean War, he received letters from all sorts of people concerned in the war.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

The terrible picture of a father left to see his child die upon a sinking ship revives the point, which the doctors frequently raise, as to whether it be right to inflict death upon a fellow-creature to save him from lingering torture. The question must have arisen a thousand times at Messina, as it does in the face of every great catastrophe.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All German soldiers must learn to swim. Japan exports 11,000,000 tons of fans annually. Muscles to the number of 4,061 have been counted in the body of a moth.

SPONTANEOUS!

The late Sir John Millais was a graceful speaker, but his speeches cost him a great deal of time and labour. When a dinner was given at the Arts Club on Leighton's appointment as president, Millais was in the chair. He made an admirable speech—so sympathetic, so eloquent, so undisturbed.

THE LAW IN GERMANY.

The law in Germany compels all workmen, servants, and clerks above sixteen earning less than £100 a year to insure against old age.

THE TURKISH.

It is believed by the Turks that geraniums were originally swallows, and that their existence was changed by their touching the robe of Mahomet.

THE ARMY.

There are now several lady gondo-liers in Venice, and the men of the trade are organising an agitation against them.

THE EARS.

The ears of a child seldom change as it develops into an adult; but, after middle age, they sometimes grow larger.

THE MONSTERS.

but naturalists believe that in life the one described must have weighed not far from twenty-five tons. The largest animals that now exist on land are the African elephants.

THE MONSTERS.

Suppose we were to place three of them in line, one directly in front of the other, the ancient lizard would be no longer than the three, while it would actually weigh about thirty tons more than the herd of them.

THE MONSTERS.

Kinglake was all for war. "He used to say," says Madame Novikoff, "that peace would emasculate the world. Besides," he continued, "population, when too dense, is not at its best."

THE MONSTERS.

The average age attained by wild horses is thirty-six years, and at that period they are comparatively fresh and vigorous.

THE MONSTERS.

Turkey has more aged people, in proportion to her population, than any other European country.

THE MONSTERS.

What would a dog want with a pair of braces? To keep up his pants.

The Mine Master's Heir

THE REAL JOHN SMITH.

By HEDLEY RICHARDS, Author of "Out of Darkness," "A Day of Reckoning," Etc.

INTRODUCTORY.

John Thompson, of Witton House, in the heart of the northern colliery country, is a hard, un sentimental mine-owner, whose one ambition has been "getting on his feet."

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she said he would like us to be friends. "Well, he friends; but don't let your father and mother know."

CHAPTER X. BETTY SAVES THE SITUATION.

John Thompson laid down his pen, folded the letter, and addressed it. He had been writing to his lawyer to know if the detective had discovered anything.

At that moment the door opened, and the man of whom he was thinking entered. "I have something that I want to say to you, uncle, and I didn't know whether to ask Giles to announce me or to hear you in your den, and I chose the latter," he said.

"It wouldn't do for people to feel they could come here with impunity. It is in this room that I think over my affairs. My best investments of late years have been the result of weighing matters here, where I am liable to interruption."

"Have you an office at the quarry as well as at the mine?" asked Jack. "I haven't one at either place. The combined offices are in the town. The overseer at each place has his office, and I often go both to the quarry and the mine."

"I don't think I should want to remain here. I should choose a place where I had a chance of making my way in the world. But when I go I want to take Betty with me."

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"If you take the law into your own hands, and become engaged to Betty in defiance of me, I will turn you adrift at once, and whether John Smith be my nephew or a distant relation, he shall be my heir. Now you understand," said the older man grimly.

CHAPTER XI. BROUGHT TO BOOK.

Jack was coming along the cart-track he had been exploring, and as he came to where the road forked off the pated, then glancing round he saw a girl standing under a thorn tree, with a big basket at her feet.

"I'm not going to be either engaged or married, at present, to any one," she said. "I shall do my best to make you change your mind," he said.

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CHAPTER XII. THE WOMAN CONQUERS.

His face grew pale, and his eyes flashed with anger as he said: "You are dreaming. You never knew my father. He wasn't a Witton man."

"You are dreaming. You never knew my father. He wasn't a Witton man." "No; he was born at Epsom eight years after me. He was my brother."

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CHAPTER XIII. MARY AND HER LITTLE LAMB.

The immortal Mary that "had a little lamb" was a Massachusetts girl—Mary was a stocky, sturdy, and equally immortal little lamb was one of two who had been deserted by their mother.

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He looked as though he would like to kill her, and she saw it. "You've a worse temper than your father. Don't think you'd hesitate to kill me just now if you could, my letters; but you cannot. I took them to my lawyer's last week. They're in a sealed envelope, with instructions for him to open it in case of my death. I'd make up my mind to tell you you'd have to marry Jessie, and I thought I'd put the papers in a safe, and I thought I cannot marry Betty, and that may mean losing all," he said, in a voice that was hoarse with passion.

CHAPTER XIV. FOOTBALL.

The district football competition for the Riponshire was held on Wednesday afternoon at the Recreation Ground. The match was between the Drednoughts and the Footlights. The Drednoughts were victorious by a score of 4 goals to 1.

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They were in church, seated near the radiator. He was listening to the choir singing the anthem. She was listening to the crickets chirping behind the radiator. He said: "Isn't it beautiful to hear them—singing like this?" She said: "Yes, and I believe they do it with their hind legs."

CHAPTER XV. HIGH PRICE FOR LAND.

For half an acre of land, formerly the property of a gentleman, Mr. T. R. the highest price paid for land in the district.

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CHAPTER XVI. LIST OF FIXTURES.

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CHAPTER XVII. GOLF.

A foursome match was played on the golf course on Wednesday afternoon. The match was between Mr. T. R. and Mr. J. K. The score was 18 to 17 in favor of Mr. T. R.

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LIGHTNING'S EXTRAORDINARY FREAS.

The wondrous action of the electric fluid is so rapid that horsemen who have been struck have long ago been carried to a safe place...

Many years ago lightning penetrated a house at Campbelltown, and the copper nails in the chairs were pulled out very precisely without the stuff being spoiled...

At another time, close to Marseilles, lightning entered a drawing-room and plucked all the nails of a couch covered with satin...

Sometimes pictures have been printed on human skin by lightning. On the body of Joseph Blisson of Peruis, France, was made the picture of a pine-tree, of a poplar, and of the stem of his watch...

The most remarkable thing about lightning is that it is contained in a single bolt. Sometimes lightning flashes are five miles long...

German scientist has estimated that a stroke contains enough power to run the entire service of the London Tube system during the busiest hours for a period of 45 minutes.

Latest researches indicate that the speed of lightning is greater than that of light, which is 186,280 miles a second...

What is Justice? Justice is commonly believed to consist only in the performance of those duties to which the laws of society can oblige us...

In this extended sense of the word, it comprehends the practice of every virtue which reason prescribes, or society should expect.

Our duty to each other, and to our selves, is fully answered if we give them what we owe them.

This, properly speaking, is the only virtue; and all the rest have their origin in it.

The qualities of candor, fortitude, charity and generosity, for instance, are not in their own nature virtues; and if ever they deserve the title, it is owing only to justice, which impels and directs them.

Without such a moderator, candor might become indiscretion, fortitude obstinacy, charity imprudence, and generosity mistaken profusion.

DIGGING UP GOOD HEALTH. Gardening is, according to a well-known medical man, the best mode of recreation for ladies...

One lady declares that she would prefer going without her breakfast to being deprived of her hour in the garden, for since she made it a habit to give at least one hour of the day to this employment she has never had a headache.

HOUSEWIVES SHOULD REST. Every housewife should cultivate a habit of five-minute naps. It is well known that a woman is apt to feel tired and fagged out, and imagines this is mere laziness.

Women of limited means do a surprising amount of their own work in this way, and the effective costumes they produce for themselves are evidence of the intelligence with which they catch and develop a pretty idea.

THE WIFE WITH FINGERS. The woman who by her own clever fingers and tasteful ideas succeeds in supplementing her wardrobe enjoys a pleasure and satisfaction unknown to those who rely only upon their dressmaker...

THE LIVER'S WORK. By "Regulator."

The liver may be described as an exceedingly complicated chemical laboratory. The blood which enters the liver through the portal vein is loaded with the products of the digestion of food...

The liver makes and extracts from the blood two or three pounds of bile every day. The bile is delivered into the intestines, and acts as a natural cathartic, besides assisting in the digestion of fatty food...

Now, if the liver fails to do its work thoroughly, it follows that the blood, instead of having its substance dealt with and cleansed in the manner described, is carried by the veins to every part of the body...

A wonderful remedy in cases of disease or inactivity of the liver is found in Warner's Safe Cure, which for thirty years has proved its efficacy by continuously curing when other means had failed.

In addition to the regular 5s. and 2s. 6d. bottles of Warner's Safe Cure, a concentrated form of the medicine is now issued at 2s. 6d. per bottle.

AGRICULTURAL CLASSES AT MIDDLE CREEK. Mr. T. R. Archer, dairy expert, delivered the above interesting lecture in the Middle Creek Public Hall on Tuesday evening, June 8th...

"SOME TYPES OF DAIRY COWS." Mr. T. R. Archer, dairy expert, delivered the above interesting lecture in the Middle Creek Public Hall on Tuesday evening, June 8th...

Mr. H. Dunn introduced the lecturer, and apologised for the absence of Mr. W. G. Pickford, president of the Farmers' League.

Mr. Archer opened his address by using statistics to show the high position dairying held among the other primary industries of the State as a source of revenue.

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THE LIVER'S WORK. By "Regulator."

then moved on to the next. It was bad to allow cows to run over the whole place at once. When moved into a fresh paddock every week it was far better for the cows. Another important thing was to provide clean drinking water for the cows...

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The Riponshire Advocate.

BEAUFORT, SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1909.

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ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it loosens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery, and colic, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup sold by Medicine Vendors everywhere.

A Safe Remedy for all Skin and Blood Diseases.

If you suffer from any disease due to an impure state of the blood, from whatever cause arising, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is today more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—cures skin and blood diseases permanently.

Clarke's Blood Mixture
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It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ELOCHES, ECZEMA, SPOTS, PIMPLES, ULCERS, SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES, OF ALL KINDS, IT IS A SAFE AND PERMANENT REMEDY.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pain, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE.—This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value. Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL I TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48 Bridge Street, Row, Chester, writes:—"I had a sore in my throat for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'—June 13, 1903.

ECZEMA AND IRRITATING SKIN TROUBLE CURED.

Mr. W. G. Weston, care of Messrs. Knott, of 49, Essex-street, Kingsland-road, N.E., writes:—"Gentlemen,—"I feel it my duty to inform you of the great benefit in health I have received through taking your famous 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I have been suffering from eczema and an irritating skin trouble for the space of seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'—June 13, 1903.

ANOTHER PERMANENT CURE OF BAD LEGS AND ABSCESSSES.

Mr. James Waring, of Clay Colton Lodge, near Rugby, writes:—"I feel it my duty to inform you of the great benefit in health I have received through taking 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' For a long time I suffered with bad legs and abscesses. I was unable to get on my feet, and I was in the local hospital for nine weeks. The doctor then told me I should have to go on my crutches for thirteen weeks, and after undergoing two operations I got a little better. Before I had been out of hospital a week I received a bottle of your 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I did so, and after taking five bottles and using four pots of your ointment I was completely cured. I have not had a return of the trouble for five months. I feel it my duty to inform you of this, and to say that I can give you a testimonial in the form of a letter from the 'Riponshire Advocate,' the popular medical journal, which says:—"It is certainly the finest blood purifier that I have ever used, and it will bring the patient back to health and confidence, and it is a safe and permanent remedy."—Oct. 15, 1903.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which is a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores its normal condition. This is a great boon to the sufferer, which goes further to say—"It is certainly the finest blood purifier that I have ever used, and it will bring the patient back to health and confidence, and it is a safe and permanent remedy."—Oct. 15, 1903.

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LOCAL ARRANGEMENTS.

MAIL TIME TABLE.

Daily. Closing Time.

Melbourne 8 a.m. 4.50 p.m.

Ballarat 8 a.m. 4.50 p.m.

Geelong 8 a.m. 4.50 p.m.

Trawalla 8 a.m. 4.50 p.m.

Registered mail and parcels post close 20 minutes prior.

Ararat, 11.50 a.m., and 8 p.m.

Ararat 11.50 a.m. 8 p.m.

Stawell 11.50 a.m. 8 p.m.

Middle Creek, 11.50 a.m. 8 p.m.

Murtoa 11.50 a.m. 8 p.m.

Bungarong 11.50 a.m. 8 p.m.

Reg. mail and p.p., 20 minutes prior. English mail notice by telegraph.

COUNTRY.

Daily. Closing Time.

Raglan 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Waterloo 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Waterloo S. 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Main Land 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Chute 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Reg. mail and p.p., 9 a.m. Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Stockyard Hill 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Reg. mail and p.p., 9 a.m. 9 p.m.

Eurumben 12.45 p.m. 12.45 p.m.

Shirley 12.45 p.m. 12.45 p.m.

Reg. mail and p.p., 20 minutes prior.

MAILS INWARD.

Arrive Daily.

WONDERS OF ENGINEERING.

THE LONGEST RAILWAY TUNNEL IN THE WORLD.

(By H. G. Archer, in "Boys' Own Paper.")

On June 1, 1906, the Simplon Railway was opened for passenger traffic. Seated in the sumptuously appointed corridor carriages of the "Simplon Express," powerful electric locomotives, which have superseded the steam variety at the mouth of the tunnel, haul travellers through the vitals of the Lepontine Alps. The matter-of-fact individual dismisses the transit of the longest tunnel in the world as twenty minutes of rock-girt night. The imaginative person, on the other hand, is moved to some enthusiasm on making his first journey through this splendid monument of the triumph of human skill and genius. But to realise fully the inwardness of the tunnel, one must have visited the tunnel in the making, when all was gloom, interruptions of water, smothering heat, muffled explosions, and the haunting expression of danger on every side.

The construction of the Simplon Tunnel was only brought to a successful issue after a titanic conflict with the elements, and on many occasions it seemed not improbable that that science would have to abandon in despair the solution of the gigantic problems that presented themselves. Nature marshalled her forces under three heads. There was terrific heat. The temperature rose to such a degree near the middle of the tunnel that it was almost impossible for the miners to carry on operations. This difficulty was eventually overcome by copious sprays of glacier water. In places the awful weight of the superincumbent mountain was such that it threatened to fall and pulverise the galleries. The strongest wooden beams first used as supports for the latter were splintered to matchwood, and the iron constructions next crumpled up like paper. Ultimately the danger was averted by using tremendous blocks of cement and rectangular steel frames, placed from one to three feet apart. The worst and most dreaded foe were the tumultuous intrusions of hot and cold springs which poured out of the inmost recesses of the mountain, and annihilated everything which stood in their way. To carry off the water, artificial channels had to be cut through the solid rock.

The number of workmen employed in the construction of the tunnel averaged 3,000, and attained a maximum of 4,000. Nearly 2,000,000 cubic yards of debris were removed in driving the perforation. About 1,350 tons of dynamite were used in the blasting operations, and to these must be added 4,000,000 detonators and 2,250 miles of fuses. The number of drill holes, measuring 6 feet in depth by four inches in diameter, amounted in round numbers to 4,000,000.

The Simplon Tunnel is fashioned on a different principle from all that went before. It comprises a pair of single-line tunnels, placed 56 feet apart, and connected with one another at intervals of 660 feet by means of transverse shafts. The idea is for each bore to act as a ventilating shaft to the other. The shafts were advanced by the use of the present only the eastern one is used by trains. The dimensions of this, the main tunnel, are from 14 to 163 feet in width by 18 feet in height, while the auxiliary tunnel measures 10 feet by 8 feet. However, owing to the growth of traffic along the route, the enlargement of the latter to take another set of rails has begun, and it will be one foot wider than the first.

The Swiss or northern portal of the tunnel lies 11 miles east from the town of Brig, and the southern portal about half a mile below the Italian village of Iselle. Proceeding from north to south, the tunnel ascends 2 per cent to the summit level. It next runs horizontally for a distance of 600 yards, beyond which it descends on an incline of 7 per cent, for 11,000 yards. There is a short and gentle curve at each extremity, otherwise the mammoth bore is as straight as a die. The Italian frontier is crossed at 5.65 miles from the northern entrance, and, as the express trains pass over the boundary, a polite Swiss or Italian Customs officer, as the case may be, enters your compartment and asks if you have anything to declare. In the constructional operations the motive power required at each end of the tunnel was about 6,000 horse-power, and this was forthcoming by harnessing the rivers Rhone and Diveria to mighty turbines. Long before the work was completed, however, the rapid progress of the science of electric traction pointed to the feasibility of utilising this same hydraulic power for the generation of current for working the electric trains through the tunnel. Electric traction is less costly than steam, and it has the additional advantage of minimising the vibration of air and the corrosion of metal.

The arrangements for the ventilation of the tunnel, the air in which is more free from gases than that of any other Alpine tunnels, and sweeter to boot than is experienced in most English tunnels, are very ingenious and interesting. Directly a train has entered, both the entrance to the running tunnel and the opposite end of the auxiliary tunnel are closed by flexible screens, which descend like the drop scene of a theatre. Immediately afterwards, the powerful fans installed at the extremities begin delivering fresh air into the bores, and exhausting the foul. The air driven in at the point of train entrance is, near mid-tunnel, reinforced and cooled by that which arrives from along the opposite end of the auxiliary tunnel, this second current being then directed backwards towards the point of its entry through one of the transverse shafts left open for the purpose, all of the others being blocked up, and so is made to flow in a parallel with the current in

FLYING MACHINES AND INTERNATIONAL FRONTIERS.

(By Major F. S. Baden Powell in "National Review.")

Hitherto international frontiers have been fixed by natural divisions of land and water, such as the sea coast or river bank, or else, when such do not exist, by artificial fences or clearly-defined strips of ground. Such lines of demarcation are not easily crossed by those who wish to do so unseen and without interruption. But in the air it is different. Here no natural boundaries exist, nor can artificial obstructions be erected so as to be insurmountable by airships.

TREPANG COLLECTING ON THE QUEENSLAND COAST.

The trepang, or sea cucumber, is an edible tropical species of sea slug, and its collecting and curing is one of the industries of North-East Australia. As its name implies, it bears a close resemblance to a cucumber, and there are as many as 35 varieties enumerated by traders, though only five or six have any commercial value. The French name for them is beches-de-mer (sea spades). They are used to prepare a thick soup which is greatly liked by epicures all over the world.

Great quantities of them are now bought by the best London and Paris hotels and restaurants, but they are chiefly exported to China and the Philippine Islands, where they are a favourite article of diet. They are not fish but marine animals, varying in length from six inches to two feet, and are divided for the same as pearls or sponges. At present they are chiefly sought in depths that the naked Malay or Japanese diver can reach; but a few boats employ divers in diving dresses to collect them, and as the shallower parts of the ocean are exhausted, these will become more numerous.

They are found in great numbers upon the sand at the bottom of the sea, and an expert diver will easily gather a ton or two of them in a day. All along the Great Barrier Reef they abound the same as the pearl-oyster, and so great is the industry that the Australian Government have put it under certain regulations the same as the pearl-fishing.

The slugs belong to the family holothuridae, and the kind most esteemed is known as the holothuria edulis or argus. A small rose-like head, the same width as the body, distinguishes this variety, and of the body is worm-like with innumerable tiny spikes all over it. This variety is sold at about thirteen shillings a bushel, and a ton is worth something over £100. The black smooth variety will fetch £70 a ton, and the cheapest of all at eight shillings a bushel.

The variety most nearly approaching the cucumber in appearance is the holothuria elegans. It is exactly like a cucumber except that the head is in the shape of a starfish with about a dozen rays or points, each as long as the thickness of the body. When they are brought ashore, trepangs are cleaned and boiled for about twenty minutes, then they are soaked in fresh water and put over a slow fire to dry. If any are not dried they will go bad and turn all the others. The utmost care has to be exercised in drying them, for they readily absorb moisture from the atmosphere. Finally, they are smoked.

A DASH FOR THE POLE WITH BALLOON AND AEROPLANE.

Mr. Geo. E. Nitzche, undeterred by the fate of Messrs Andre and Wellman, is making preparations for a dash to the North Pole by means of balloons and an aeroplane. Mr. Nitzche thinks that one balloon will carry two men and an operator. Another will be used to carry a large quantity of gasoline for fuel, and still another for provisions and apparatus. The aeroplane will be used as a scout. The Island of Spitzbergen will be used as the starting point, and there the steamship will await the return of the expedition.

A rather good story is going the rounds with reference to an Anglican spiritualist who had been alling for some months and therefore decided to consult Sir X. Z. (the celebrated Harley Street specialist). After a careful examination the medical baronet pronounced his verdict and added, "Your lordship must go to Cannes or some winter resort in Algeria."

"Impossible!" replied the bishop; "quite impossible! I have too much work to get through."

"Well," said the doctor, "you must make your choice. It is either Cannes or Heaven."

"Dear me," exclaimed the bishop with a sigh, "then I suppose it must be Cannes." "Tatler."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

CHOCOLATE PIE.

Stir together one pint of milk, the beaten yolks of two eggs, one cupful of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate. Mix thoroughly, and pour into an open crust. Bake until this mixture is set, then cover the pie with a meringue made of the whites of the eggs beaten to a stiff froth, with a tablespoonful of powdered sugar. Return to the oven just long enough to colour to a light brown.

REGARDING TEA AND COFFEE.

Always have coffee canisters and tea caddies with tightly fitting lids. When exposed to the air coffee loses its flavour and tea will mould if not sealed up.

TO WASH SILK GARMENTS.

Wash carefully in lukewarm water with a bland soap. Rinse in several waters until all the soap has entirely disappeared, and into the last rinsing water pour a cupful of sweet milk. Iron on the wrong side when partly dry.

TO KILL WORMS IN FLOWER POTS.

To kill worms that lurk in flower pots or among plants in a greenhouse, dissolve half a teaspoonful of crushed saltpetre in a quart of water and soak the earth around the plants.

CEMENT FOR BROKEN CROCKERY AND GLASS.

Stir into a pint of sweet milk a pint of vinegar and drain the whey from the curds. Mix the whey with the whites of four eggs. After beating well, stir into the mixture enough unslacked lime to make a paste.

TO POLISH TAN SHOES.

The skin of a banana will make a good, bright polish on tan shoes. Use the inside of the skin and polish off afterwards with a woollen cloth.

A CAKE FOR DIABETIC PATIENTS.

Take one ounce of German yeast; 4 tablespoonfuls of lukewarm water; 16 ounces of desiccated cocoanut powder. Mix into a paste, adding a little more lukewarm water if necessary. Leave in a warm place for thirty minutes. Then add two eggs (beaten up in 3 or 4 tablespoonfuls of milk) and a little salt. Mix well. Place in a moderate oven twenty or thirty minutes. (Almond cakes may be made in a similar manner, using almond flour in place of cocoanut powder.)

KITCHEN SAND.

There are a great many kitchen cleaners on the market, and most of them are excellent, but nothing really ever quite takes the place of the old-fashioned kitchen sand, of whose every sink should possess a jarful. Pots, pans, steel knives, etc., may be kept bright and free from tarnish by being rubbed with a wet rag dipped into the kitchen sand. This saves no end of labour and the kitchen utensils will always look bright without either of vigorous scouring at stated intervals.

TO CLEANSE SLIMY SPONGES.

Table salt, 3 ozs., ammonium carbonate 4 ozs., water, hot, 1 gal. Directions: Dissolve the salts in the water and soak the sponge in the solution for an hour or two; rinse it in clean water, squeeze it out, and let it dry.

A WORCESTER SAUCE.

The following gives a sauce noted for its piquant flavour:—Garlic 6 ozs., shallots 14 ozs., tamarinds 14 ozs., cloves 2 ozs., powdered capsicum 2 ozs., anchovies, 1 1/2 lbs., oil of lemon 1/2 oz., sugar 2 lbs. 2 ozs., soy 3 1/2 lbs., vinegar 2 1/2 gals. The mixture should be macerated for seven weeks, with frequent stirring, and finally strained.

ORANGE AND WALNUT SALAD.

Select small, finely flavoured oranges, pare with a sharp knife, removing every particle of white, and cut into thin slices. Add half the quantity of broken walnut meats, dress with oil, lemon juice, and a very little salt, and serve on heart leaves of lettuce.

OATMEAL SCONES.

Put a piece of butter size of a walnut into a cup; add quarter of a teaspoonful baking soda. Pour over this a gill of hot water; stir until the soda is melted; then quickly turn it over any cold porridge left over from breakfast. Mix well; turn it on to a board knead it into a round, flat mass just as you would bread. Roll out the dough to about a quarter of an inch thickness. Divide it into three and bake it on a hot grid. This must be baked exceedingly slowly. When baked, carefully on both sides, remove the cakes from the fire, and when ready for use toast them slowly for 10 minutes.

CHEESE STRAWS.

Chop 1 tablespoonful of butter into 1 cup of flour, and 1 saltspoonful of paprika and 1 cup of grated cheese. Wet with very cold water to a stiff paste. Roll out very thin and cut into strips 6 inches long and 1/2 an inch wide. Lay on a wet pan, and bake in quick oven. Sprinkle with salt.

I plead for the abolition of the intensely foolish, and, I believe, essentially British, custom of using M. or Mons. as a term of address for foreigners. The M. is particularly objectionable because it cannot be distinguished from an initial of the person's name.

Why, in the name of sense, can we not use Mr. for every man, whatever his nationality?

A foreigner never addresses nor alludes to a Briton, or anyone else, as Mr. So-and-so, but as Monsieur, Herr, Signor, or whatever the equivalent word in that foreigner's own language may be.—"T.P.'s Weekly."

A boatman named Giovanni Bruno, who recently died at Leghorn, in Italy, has been awarded no fewer than fifty medals for life-saving.

OLD AGE SYMPTOMS AND HOW TO COUNTERACT THEM.

NORMAL MAN OMNIVOROUS ARGUMENTS FOR THE MIXED DIET.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, one of the most eminent dietetic authorities in the world, has just given utterance to some views on specialised dieting, that are well worthy of digestion by those who fancy that man should live alone on one or the other food departments. He says:—"If a man wants to live on nuts I make no objection; if he prefers to eat raw foods alone he has my permission; if he eschews meat, never object; if he uses some alcoholic beverage with his food I do not abuse him; if he eats five times a day I consider him fortunate; if he has only one meal I hope it is a good one; if he eats late at night my prayer is that he sleep well; if he takes a drink before breakfast I think he might be engaged in something better; if he prefers breakfast foods he has to a certain extent my commiseration; if he eats only meat he probably will not have tuberculosis unless he becomes infected. I do not believe in any form of food to nourish any particular tissue. There is no such thing as muscle food or flesh food or skin food. I believe that man is an omnivorous animal, and that his normal diet is composed of all kinds of foods, vegetable and animal. All vegetables fit to eat are food for man. For this reason I think it is not wise to confine one's self to any one kind of food or class of food.

"The human animal has a wonderful faculty of adaptation to circumstances. Man can live in the tropics and perhaps at the pole. He can undergo the greatest extremes of moisture and drought. He can eat the most diversified forms of diet. He can engage in the most diversified forms of work and pleasure. He becomes acclimated in every zone and country and fits into every kind of society and occupation. But in spite of all this a normally balanced diet, consisting of proper proportions of vegetable and meat diet solid and liquid food, it seems to me is best suited to man's use."

Professor Chittenden's conception of the true food requirements of the body has been expressed in the statement that "man needs of proteins, fats and carbohydrates (the chief source of protein is meat, a secondary source is vegetables; that of fat, animals, and vegetables; and carbohydrates are derived from the vegetable kingdom) sufficient to establish and maintain physiological and nitrogen equilibrium; sufficient to keep up that strength of body and mind that is essential to good health to maintain the highest degree of physical and mental activity with the smallest amount of friction and the least expenditure of energy, and to preserve and heighten, if possible, the ordinary resistance of the body to disease germs. The smallest amount of food that will accomplish these ends is, I think, the ideal diet."

"What is needed, to-day is not so much an acceptance of the view that man requires daily 0.85 gram of protein (i.e., the nitrogenous material found in meat) per kilogram (about 2.2 pounds) of body weight, but a full appreciation of the general principle, which our definite figures have helped to work out, that the requirements of the body for protein food are far below the customary habits of mankind, and that there is both economy and gain in various directions to be derived by following the general precepts which this view leads to. In other words, there is no advantage, but, on the contrary, much bother and worry in attempting to follow out in practice the details of our more or less exact physiological experiments.

"A high-protein animal food, like lean meat, eggs, fish, etc., obviously cannot alone serve as an advantageous food for man. We see at once the philosophy of a mixed diet. Let us assume that our average man of 70 kilograms (154 pounds) body weight needs daily 2,800 calories (fuel value). On this assumption, if he were to depend entirely upon lean beef for his sustenance he would require daily 4 1/2 pounds of such meat, which amount would furnish nine times the quantity of protein needed by his system. The same would be more or less true of other kindred animal products.

"On the other hand certain vegetable foods contain protein, with carbohydrate and fat in such proportion that the energy requirement would be met essentially by the same quantity as served to furnish the necessary protein. Passing to the other extreme among the vegetable products, as in potatoes and value predominating largely over protein content. The ideal diet, however, is found in the judicious admixture of foodstuffs of both animal and vegetable origin. Wheat bread, reinforced by a little butter or fat bacon to add to its caloric (heat and energy) value, shredded wheat with rich cream, biscuits with cheese, bread and milk, eggs with bacon, meat with potatoes, etc., the common every-day household admixtures, provide combinations which can easily be made to accord with true physiological requirements. The same may be equally true of the more complicated dishes evolved by the high art of modern cookery."—"Popular Science Sittings."

Milliner is a corruption of "Milaner," from Milan, which city at one time gave the fashion to Europe in all matters of taste in woman's dress.

A Hastings man, suffering from a stubborn attack of insomnia, was advised by a well-meaning friend to try a number of leg and toe exercises after retiring.

A few days afterwards he was approached by his friend with inquiries as to the result of his suggestions.

"The Royal crown of Roumania is made of bronze the metal having once seen service in war when in the shape of cannon. The crown is composed of pieces of sixty-two different cannon, each of which was captured from some enemy.

STORY OF THE BRACELET.

"SHE GOT THREE POUNDS BY IT."

"I heard such a nice story the other day," said Angela Stretton. "My dressmaker told it me. She went to the theatre, the dress circle, with a girl, a friend of hers. It was a very exciting piece, and just towards the end someone in the front row of the upper boxes, or whatever you call it, leaning over, dropped a bracelet—I suppose it was too large. It slipped over her hand and fell quite neatly into the lap of the girl below; she hardly knew what it was at first."

"And what did she do? Put it into her pocket?" he asked.

"She looked up, but the theatre was dark, so she couldn't see precisely who had dropped it—only a dim figure, craning over, and it was impossible to move at the moment. As soon as the play was over she got up; my dressmaker thought she was going to find the girl and give her back the bracelet. I believe she did go and look for her, but there was a crowd, and she was in a hurry, so she slipped it into her pocket and went away."

Mrs. Edwins sat up very straight. "Do you mean that she didn't take it to the Lost Property Office in the theatre, or explain to someone—?"

"I expect she was in a hurry. I can't see what she could have done unless she had held it up and called out: 'Did anyone lose this?' She didn't know what the girl looked like who had dropped it. She couldn't wait and stand about on the chance of an anxious owner turning up."

"So she kept it?"

"Yes—that is, she didn't keep it long, because she was very hard up; and sold it for three pounds. Now there's a true story for you."

"It's quite remarkable," said Mr. Edwins, "how many criminals there are not yet in prison."

Miss Stretton turned round and flashed at him. "What nonsense! That sort of thing is done every day—with variations. And a good thing, too; it teaches people to be careful."

"Rather a cruel method, isn't it?"

"Oh, I don't know. How is it cruel? I dare say she'll get other bracelets given to her, and take more care of them."

Mrs. Edwins answered quickly. "The girl who lost the bracelet will be apt to suspect people of being dishonest in future. It spoils her outlook. The woman who carried it off will never be able to trust her own instincts again; she has done an immoral thing that will set a little mark on her life. Don't you think it's a pity?"

"Recollect she got three pounds by it," he said, and poked the fire.

"It would have been dear at three hundred. Money may be spent, but a meaning thing is done for ever. No matter how well you clothe it with reparation or apology, it can't be undone—that's the tragedy of human action."—"L. C. in the Westminster Gazette."

GENERAL INFORMATION.

During the winter of 1343 the whole of the Italian rivers were frozen over.

The average amount of sickness in one human life is thirteen days per annum.

A man's hair, as a general rule, turns grey five years earlier than a woman's.

Black and white ostrich-plumes come from the male bird, grey from the female.

When a vessel is about to be launched in Japan, a large cage, filled with birds, is usually hung over the bow. As the ship glides into the water the birds are released. It is believed that the birds bring good luck to the ship when she begins her life on the sea.

Wooden shoes, it is computed, are worn by 70,000,000 people in Europe. For the style of wooden shoes called sabots (stylewood is mostly used, and willow is preferred. Poplar, birch, walnut, and beech are also used to some extent in their manufacture.

The longest bridge in the world crosses the Yellow Sea, near Sangang, China. It is called the Lion Bridge, and its length is five and a quarter miles. It is supported by three hundred huge arches, is 70 feet above the water, and is enclosed in an iron network.

Canada has rejected the shallow canal idea, and its canal from Georgian Bay to the St. Lawrence, by way of the Ottawa and Mattawa Rivers, will be twenty-one feet deep, making Chicago and Milwaukee and Duluth open ports, subject only to sail of several hundred miles through exclusively British soil.

The most wonderful collection of dolls in the world belongs to Princess Clementine of Belgium, youngest daughter of King Leopold. Among these are dolls from the ruins of Babylon, bone dolls from Greenland, a wooden one from Peru, a paper doll from India, and Greek dolls, with wardrobes and doll's houses that have furniture and dishes in them.

SHOCKING FATALITY.

A terrible fatality is reported from Snake Valley. A girl named Martha Nunn, aged 19, and residing in that district, was riding on the top of a dray-truck, when the horse stumbled, and on Tuesday, when the girl was thrown the jolt caused her to fall from the dray heavily under one of the wheels, which passed over her head, killing her instantaneously.

An enquiry concerning the death of Miss Martha Nunn, of Chepstow, was held at her father's residence on Wednesday, before Mr. J. S. Douglas, J.P. The evidence showed that deceased was engaged in carting gravel on Tuesday last, the dray returning with a heavy load, the horse galloped, and the dray, which was sitting on the front of the dray, was thrown to the ground, the wheel passing over her head. A verdict that the death was caused by accident, and that no blame was attached to anyone, was returned.

The funeral of Miss Martha Louisa Nunn, daughter of Mr. James E. Nunn, of Chepstow, took place on Thursday at the Carrington Cemetery, and was largely attended. Messrs William Nunn, Walter Nunn, G. Nunn, T. Nunn, A. Walker, T. R. Oddie, A. McIntosh, and the W. Brown were pall-bearers; and the coffin-bearers were four cousins of deceased—Messrs A. C. L. and W. Nunn. Rev. R. Robertson conducted service at house and grave.—Courier.

HOUSE SOLD FOR FIVE SHILLINGS.

The property of the late Charles Martin, an old-age pensioner, who was recently found dead, was sold by auction by Constable Brown. The house, which was the small sum of 5s, a wheelbarrow, and a sum of £2 in silver was discovered. The constable took charge of the money.—Courier.

COURSING.

A meeting of the Stockyard Hill District Coursing Club was held at the Skipton Mechanics Institute on Wednesday evening. Mr. D. Stewart (vice-president) was in the chair, and 11 members present.

From T. Lewis, Italian Gully, stating he had not received the wire that his dog had been nominated for the coming season, he had been told that the committee would expect him to pay for the previous season, and asking him to also forward £3 for the Chirside Trophy and 10/- for the coming season, and asking him to also forward £3 for the Chirside Trophy and 10/- for the coming season, and asking him to also forward £3 for the Chirside Trophy and 10/- for the coming season.

From W. H. Halpin, Beaufort, appealing against the decision of the committee in fining him 5/- for driving over unbroken ground, on the grounds that he had no intention of doing so, and that he was of opinion that a man in a motor car should be treated as a motorist, and not as a driver of a dog.

The secretary stated that the money was not coming in very quickly, only about 25 members having paid up. There would be sufficient to pay the dog stake.

The secretary thought it would be a good thing for the stewards to exercise their authority and tell the crowd they must be obeyed.

The following nominations have been received: J. L. Carr's Vixen, St. George's, and St. George's; J. Caldwell's Colic and Clarissa; J. L. Carr's Vixen, St. George's, and St. George's; J. Caldwell's Colic and Clarissa; J. L. Carr's Vixen, St. George's, and St. George's; J. Caldwell's Colic and Clarissa.

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Owners of live stock are notified that Mr. Bodey, veterinary surgeon, will be at the Skipton Hotel, Beaufort, next Tuesday afternoon.

Important Announcement!

Our Great WINTER FAIR!

Is Now On!

COMMENCES SATURDAY, JUNE 26, And Continues For 4 Weeks!

Never before have we been able to offer such Genuine Bargains as will be seen at this Sale. Every Article in our Splendidly Assorted Stock of Drapery, Clothing, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c., will be Reduced in Price—Big Reductions in order to reduce Stocks—and this at the very height of the Season.

If you have not received one of our fine Circulars giving Prices, ask for one. They are Money-Savers.

J. R. WOTHERSPOON & CO.,

The Store that Serves You Well, BEAUFORT AND BUANGOR.

ALLEGED SHEEP-STEALING.

At the Ararat Police Court on Friday, Mr. A. Barlow, P.M., sat until 10 o'clock in the evening, considering charges of sheep-stealing against Kenneth Joseph Simpson, a well-known resident. Eight charges were made against him, and Superintendent Steele prosecuted the evidence for the prosecution.

The first shot took place at the 300yds. range on Monday, 7th inst., 18 members competing. J. H. Collins (5 points handicap), won the match with a score of 47. The next highest scores were L. Jaensch (5), 46; J. McKeich (8), 46; E. Coughle (15), 46; E. Buchanan (2), 43; P. Buchanan (5), 43; Geo. Collins (5), 43; P. Dunn (3), 43; A. Saph (8), 42; G. Wilson (9), 42.

LEXTON.

At the Lexton Court of Petty Sessions, before Mr. A. Barlow, P.M., Oliver Lockhart was charged with maliciously wounding one Thomas Mann with intent.

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LAND & FURNITURE SALE!

LAND—20 acres, or thereabouts, under 65th section Land Act 1890, on which is erected 5-roomed house, iron roof, Dairy and detached kitchen; the home being surrounded by a beautiful Orchard in full bearing.

SKIPTON.

Frederick Whelan, a groom employed at the Langi-Willi Station, Skipton, has reported to the police that on 21st inst. he retired to his bed in his room adjoining the stable at about midnight.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

Messrs Hawkes Bros. having kindly presented a handsome silver cup for competition among members of the Beaufort Rifle Club, an aggregate competition is in progress.

HAWKES BROS. TROPHY COMPETITION.

Messrs Hawkes Bros. having kindly presented a handsome silver cup for competition among members of the Beaufort Rifle Club, an aggregate competition is in progress.

NOTICE.

ANY Person found TRESPASSING on MON- TON or BUNGAN Estates with Dog or Gun, without permission, during the Lambing Season, will be PROSECUTED.

WANTED, AGENT, to introduce new business. A.M.P. Society. Apply A. GLUTTER, BUCK, District Agent, BALLARAT.

WANTED, 50 tons of 5-foot FIREWOOD (White Gum or Peppermint), close to Beaufort. Apply T. A. ODDIE, "Pretty Town," Skipton.

TENDERS wanted by MONDAY, 28th June, for Splitting POSTS and Erecting a mill and three-quarters of WIRE-NETTING FENCING at LANGI-KAL-KAL. Labor only. Apply, M. FLYNN, Waterloo. Specifications to be seen at Shop.

TO OWNERS OF LIVE STOCK. MR. BODEY, Veterinary Surgeon, &c. (Regd.), will be at the residence at HALPIN'S CAMP HOTEL, Beaufort, TUESDAY afternoon, 22nd June, and BUTTS STABLES, Ararat, WEDNESDAY Forenoon.

BEAUFORT BRANCH, A.N.A. ANNIVERSARY A SMOKE NIGHT Will be held in the GOLDEN AGE HALL on TUESDAY Evening next, commencing at 8.30 p.m. Tickets, J. FULLERTON, Secretary.

ANNUAL CATHOLIC PLAIN & FANCY DRESS BALL! AND SUPPER (POULTRY). SOCIETIES' HALL, BEAUFORT. WEDNESDAY, JULY 28th, 1909. JACKSON'S FULL STRING BAND. An Excellent M.C. Cards, Dances at 8.30 p.m. Double Ticket, 7/6; extra Lady, 2/6. W. O'SULLIVAN, Hon. Secy.

BEAUFORT DEEP LEADS LTD., TRAWALLA. TENDERS invited till MONDAY, 28th inst., for supply of 8in., 7in., and 6in. Props; also Panning Props. Particulars at Mine. D. R. ADAM, Manager.

BEAUFORT SOCIETIES' HALL. GRAND CONCERT by MISS GERTIE KEARNS, JACKSON'S STRING BAND, Messrs J. R. WOTHERSPOON and H. RATCLIFFE, and other Artists. WEDNESDAY, JULY 7th, 1909. AT 8 P.M. Tickets, 2/- and 1/- C. WALDRON, J. Stewart, J. R. HUGHES, J. Stewart.

DANCING CLASSES. MISS MARKS, Ballroom, TEACHER of Ballroom and Fancy DANCING, Intends Opening a CLASS for Adults and Juveniles in SOCIETIES' HALL, Beaufort, on WEDNESDAY, June 2, 1909. Juveniles, 4 p.m. to 6 p.m.; Adults, 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. New Walk (TWO-STEP) a Specialty. For Terms, apply Miss COCHRAN, News Agent, or 25 Barkly-street, Ballarat E.

In the Estate of WILLIAM BAKER, late of Beaufort, Carpenter, deceased.

FOR SALE by PUBLIC TENDER—All that piece of LAND, containing one acre on road, or thereabouts, being Lot 3, Section 2, Parish of Beaufort, County of Ripon. Situate on Camp Hill. Highest Tender accepted, as the lot is for Absolute Sale, in order to wind up the Estate. Freehold. Title, Perfect. Further particulars may be obtained from SAMUEL YOUNG, Esq., Solicitor, Beaufort, to whom Tenders are returnable in writing before 1 p.m., 26th June.

IMPORTANT SUBDIVISIONAL LAND SALE! PART OF THE WELL-KNOWN CHALLICUM ESTATE. 1161 ACRES—FREEHOLD—1161 ACRES. To be Offered by Public Auction in Four Blocks.

Situated Three Miles from Buangor Railway Station, and Four Miles from Middle Creek Railway Station.

Magnificent Agricultural and Grazing Country; all maiden soil. The pick land of the district. Permanently watered by the Flery Creek, to which each block has a good frontage, and is substantially fenced.

DATE OF SALE—THURSDAY, 1st JULY, 1909, at 2.30 p.m. In the TOWN HALL, ARARAT. Immediate Possession. Liberal Terms.

YOUNG BROS., under instructions from Mr. I. J. HUGHES, of Challicum Estate, Buangor, will offer by Public Auction, as above, portion of this well-known Estate, containing—

1161 acres, or thereabouts, and being Crown allotment 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, and 54, of the parish of Woodnaggar, county of Ripon, and known as Warren's Paddock.

The auctioneers draw buyers' special attention to this property, which is undoubtedly the pick of this estate, and of the well-known Middle Creek district. It is all maiden soil, rich red and chocolate loam, slightly buckshot, with a good clay subsoil, and is in a most fertile condition for following.

There is an abundant and permanent supply of running water in the Flery Creek, to which each of the four lots being offered has a good frontage. The roads leading from the property to the Buangor railway station, three miles distant, and Middle Creek railway station, four miles distant, are good, and at the latter place there is a good trucking yard and weighbridge, while at the former is a store, post office, telephone, school, and a most excellent opportunity to secure magnificent agricultural country in an ideal situation for farming, and on good terms.

Nominations for the extraordinary vacancy in the Shire of Lexton, caused by the retirement of Mr. John G. Robertson, closed on Friday, at 4 o'clock. Only one was lodged, namely, that of Mr. Thos. Robertson, and he was declared duly elected a member for the north riding of the shire.

A very wet week has been experienced here, the register showing 102 points had fallen.—Star, Wednesday.

LAND & FURNITURE SALE! WATERLOO. SATURDAY, 10th JULY, 1909. At 1 p.m. sharp.

DIXON BROS. & HALPIN have been favored with instructions from the Ballarat Trustees, Executors and Agency Co. Ltd., Ballarat, as Executors in the Estate of the late John Smith, of Waterloo, to sell, on above date, as under—

LAND—20 acres, or thereabouts, under 65th section Land Act 1890, on which is erected 5-roomed house, iron roof, Dairy and detached kitchen; the home being surrounded by a beautiful Orchard in full bearing.

FURNITURE, &c.—Tables, Chairs, Sofa, Kitchener Dressers, Bedsteads (single and double), Linoleum, Large Chest Drawers, Washstands, 3 Cheffonières, Glassware, Crockery, Clocks, Lamps, and other Kitchen Utensils.

Good Spring Cart, Tip Dray, Hay Harness, Feed Bin, quantity Blacksmith's and other Tools, Blacksmith's Bellows and Anvil, Good Delivery Mare, 4 3-year-old Heifers, 3 300-gal. Tanks, 1 250-gal. Tank, and other sundries.

Note Date—SATURDAY, 10th July, at 1 p.m., on the Premises, about 1/2-mile Chitwood side of Waterloo.

The Land is first-class quality, and would make an ideal Orchard. To persons desirous of obtaining a nice home, this is a good opportunity.

W. H. HALPIN, Auctioneer.

SOMETHING NEW IN BEAUFORT!

A RESIDENT CONSULTING OPTICIAN!

Put your hats and jackets on! Come along! Come along!

And Get Your Eyes Tested Free of Charge

60 per cent. of all Headaches are caused by Defective Eyes.

Come and Get Cured!

RIMLESS SPECTACLES

Interchangeable Lenses, Bifocal Convex and Concave Glasses, Scientifically Adjusted to Each Eye. Remember, there are no two eyes alike.

FRAMES.

Riding, Folding, or Straight, in Gold, Gold-filled, or Steel, accurately fitted to the wearer.

J. E. DENRY, OPTICIAN & CHEMIST

(Late Beckingsale), BEAUFORT.

Horse and Cattle Medicines.



THE TINKER, THE TAILOR, The CANDLESTICK MAKER.

The Carpenter—the Blacksmith—all can find complete Tool Outfits at HAWKES BROS.

We stock standard makes only, the kind you have no trouble with. The steels used are the best—they won't crumble or go "soft," but will keep their edges and "temper" first, last, and all the time.

We are never out of just the sort that's wanted—we see that our stocks are always complete. We invite all tradesmen's criticism on the tools we stock—and the low prices we charge.

HOUSEHOLD CUTLERY.

Our reputation for keeping the best in this line is well known. At no time in the history of this business have we held greater or more desirable patterns in Knives, Forks, and Spoons than now.

We feel sure that we can please your taste as well as your pocket if you will oblige us by calling to inspect.

HAWKES BROS., THE IRONMONGERS, BEAUFORT.

EYESIGHT

S. T. MARCHANT & SON, CONSULTING OPTICIANS & EYESIGHT SPECIALISTS "Kent House," Geelong.

