PRESENT VALUE OF BOGIE CAR HAVING A

RESIDUAL VALUE OF 220 AT THE END OF LO YEARS.

It is assumed that the purchased borrows £150 at 5% interest and reduces his indebtedness by an annual payment of £17.10/-(the estimated rental value of the Bogie Car).

<u>At end jof</u>	Annual paymen by Purchase	Amount still	
	For Interest?	Reduction of Principal	due.
lst year	\$7.5	£10	140
2nd ⁴	7.	10 <u>.5</u>	129.5
3rd "	6.47	11.03	118.47
4th B	5.92	11.58	106.89
5th "	5.34	12.16	94.73
6th T	4.73	12.77	81.96
7th •	4.09	13,41	68.55
8th •	3,42	14.08	54.47
9th "	2.72	14.78	39,69
loth "	1.98	15.52	24.17
			· · ·

This would reduce the amount borrowed to about

224. 3. 4 (residual value).

He could therefore afford to pay about £150.

a. 50	Allowing which the				•		· .	
ON	THIS	BASIS	OF	A	PTVE	YEAR'S	TTOP	

he could afford to pay £90.

At end of	Annual paymer by Purchaset	Amount still due.	
	for interest.	Principal.	1
lst year.	4.5	13.	77.
2nd "	3.85	13.65	63.35
3rd P	3.16	14.34	49.01
4th ^e	2.45	15.05	33.96
5th "	1.69	15.81	18.15

This would reduce the amount borrowed to

218.3/- residual value ...

· 1159.

SECRETARY'S NOTES RE MR. R. DUNCAN'S REPORT

UPON CARS, dated 22nd August 1916.

As pointed out at Conference with Counsel, I think that the method of valuation outlined by Mr. Duncan in the paragraph commencing "Another, and I think better way" is unsound and could be upset under cross-examination.

Ne estimates the <u>present value</u> of cars to be scrapped at the end of ten years as follows:-

Bogies at £57.7/- with a residual value of £20. Standard at £43/-/- do. £15. Dummies at £28.13/- do. £10.

This method ignores the "use" value of the car during the ten years..

Mr. Duncan assumes that a probable purchaser, anticipating ten years use upon the existing cable tranways, would only pay £57 for the use of a Bogie Car during that period; the car having a residual value of £20.

I think it must be admitted that <u>as long as the cable system</u> <u>is continued</u> (say 10 years) a Bogie Car is worth the <u>interest</u> at least, upon about £350 (its present structural cost). It therefore follows that the probable purchaser would willingly <u>rent</u> the car for say £17.10/- per annum, and would in addition, as the Company has done, maintain and repair the car.

If therefore, he bought the car for 257 as valued by Mr. Duncan, he would save 270 rent in the four first years and have the use of the car rent free for the last six years, and a residual value of 220, equivalent to a profit of 2138.

If this method of reasoning is to be used, the present value would, I think, be the sum which, if borrowed by the purchaser at 5% interest and reduced by £17.10/- per annum (in lieu of rent) would reduce the amount borrowed to £20 at the end of the tenth year.

The sum he could thus afford to pay out of borrowed money would be about £150 as worked out in schedule attached.